

Datasets and Demos

Prof. Jacob M. Montgomery

Statistical Computing

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squaresPack

- DESCRIPTION

- NAMESPACE

- R

 - addSquares.R

 - subtractSquares.R

 - exampleDataset.R

 - squaresPack-package.R

- man

 - squaresPack.Rd

 - addSquares.Rd

 - subtractSquares.Rd

 - exampleDataset.Rd

- data

 - exampleDataset.rda

- demo

 - 00Index

 - addSquares.R

 - subtractSquares.R

Datasets

- Make a dataset of some kind
- `save(obj, file='DataFrame.rda')`
- Save it/move it into the data subdirectory

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Demos: 00Index file

<code>addSquares</code>	Demo file for <code>addSquares</code>
<code>subtractSquares</code>	Demo file for <code>subtractSquares</code>

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<code>subtractSquares</code>	Demo file for <code>subtractSquares</code>

Demos: R file

The following R script will be run when the user types `demo(addSquares)`. This script is stored in the `demo` directory as `addSquares.R`

```
dx <- 2  
dy <- 3:4  
addSquares(dx, dy)
```

A new checklist

- 1 Edit R code and/or data files
- 2 Run `as.package()`, `load_all()`, and `document()`
- 3 Check the code: `check(current.code)`
- 4 Make a Windows build: `build_win(current.code)`
- 5 Double-check the DESCRIPTION file
- 6 Submit the package to CRAN:
`release(current.code, check=FALSE)`

In class activity

- Last time you added new functionality to the S4 package
- Now, add in a new dataset.
- Add a demo for your function that:
 - ▶ calls in your new dataset
 - ▶ uses your new function

Midterm

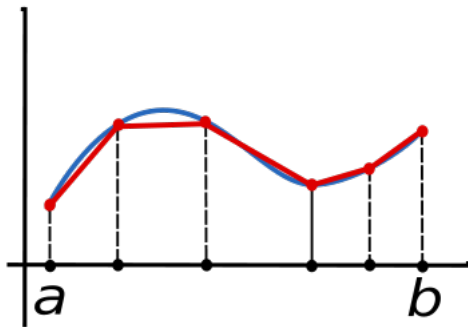
- S4 Package named: `integrateIt`
- Two classes: `Trapezoid`, `Simpson`
- One generic: `integrateIt`
- Three methods: `integrateIt`, `plot`, `print`
- Graduate students will make an extra generic/method: `tolTest`
- A development file for putting it together using `devtools`

Background: Trapezoidal rule

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx \approx T$$

$$T = \frac{h}{2} (f(x_0) + 2f(x_1) + \dots + 2f(x_{n-1}) + f(x_n))$$

where $h = \frac{b-a}{n}$.



Background: Simpsons rule

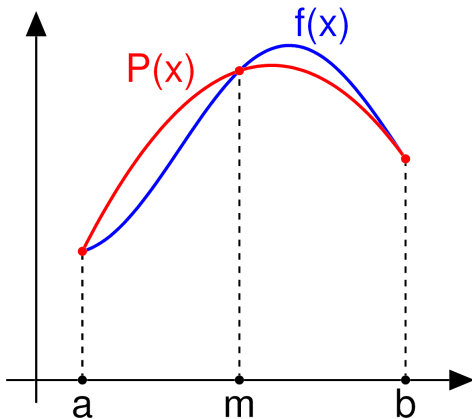
$$\int_a^b f(x) dx \approx S$$

$$S = \frac{h}{3} (f(x_0) + 4f(x_1) + 2f(x_2) + 4f(x_3) \dots + 4f(x_{n-1}) + f(x_n))$$

where $h = \frac{b-a}{n}$.

Background: Simpsons rule

We are going to draw a parabola from the points $(a, f(a))$ to $(b, f(b))$ that also goes through the $(m, f(m))$. We approximate the area under that parabola as being equal to $\int_a^b f(x) dx$.



Background: Simpsons rule

The parabola between any two points, $(u, f(u))$ and $(w, f(w))$ is drawn according to the formula (let $v = \frac{w+u}{2}$):

$$p(x) = f(u) \frac{(x-v)(x-w)}{(u-v)(u-w)} + f(v) \frac{(x-u)(x-w)}{(v-u)(v-w)} + f(w) \frac{(x-u)(x-v)}{(w-u)(w-v)}$$

The integral under that parabola is:

$$\int_u^w p(x) dx = \frac{h}{3} (f(u) + 4(f(v)) + f(w))$$

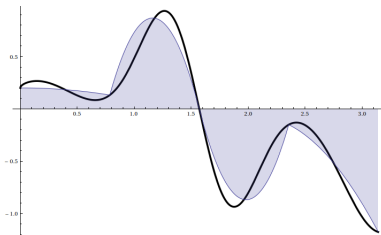
Background: Simpsons rule

If we imagine carrying on that calculation many times between different points along the curve, we get:

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx \approx S$$

$$S = \frac{h}{3} (f(x_0) + 4f(x_1) + 2f(x_2) + 4f(x_3) \dots + 4f(x_{n-1}) + f(x_n))$$

where $h = \frac{b-a}{n}$.



NOTE: This requires that there be an even number of points being evaluated (HINT, HINT)

integrateIt method

Input:

- A vector of values (x)
- A vector of evaluated values ($f(x) = y$)
- Starting/ending values (a, b)
- A “Rule” argument that can be either “Trap” or “Simpson”

Output:

- An object of class Trapezoid or class Simpson
- Should contain the values of x and y .
- Should also include the result.
- Both classes should have validation methods that include a few appropriate tests.
- Note: you will need to create an `initialize` function for each class, which will be used internally by `integrateIt`

print method

- A very simple print method for each class, which prints out just the integrated value (rather than all of the results)
- Extra credit if you accomplish this using a subclass scheme rather than writing separate functions for each class.

plot methods

- A plot method for the Trapezoid class that will draw the trapezoids used to approximate the curve. (HINT: `segments()`, and/or `polygon()`)
- A plot method for the Simpson class that will draw the parabolas used to approximate the curve. (HINT: `segments()` and/or `lines()`. `curve()` could work, but will take some thought.)
- In both cases, the plots should have good defaults for things like plot limits, labels, title, etc. Feel free to add in additional arguments if that is helpful.

tolTest method

For graduate students only.

The tolTest method should take in

- A fun (function)
- A tolerance argument.
- A rule argument that indicates whether the Trapezoidal or Simpson's
- A start argument for the number of intervals it should start with
- A correct argument that provides the correct answer for the integral

The tolTest operations

- It should take in a function and increase the number of intervals n until the answer it provides using the specified approximation is within tolerance of the correct answer. (HINT: `integrate()`)

The tolTest output

- All of the inputs.
- The final n
- The absolute error of the estimate

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- Email the Homola with your gitHub repository. Include a start/end time in that email.