## Depth First Search

- DFS fundamental graph search algorithm with complexity of  $\mathcal{O}(\mathcal{V}+\mathcal{E})$
- By itself it's not that useful can be augmented to perform other tasks such as count connected components, determine connectivity or find bridges/articulation points

## **Basic DFS**

• We pick a start node, mark the start node as visited and recursively visit nodes that have not been visited yet

```
# n = number of nodes in the graph
# g = adjaceny list representing graph
visited = [False * n]

function dfs(node):
   if visited[node]:
     visited[node] = True
   neighbors = g[node]
   for next in neighbors:
     dfs(next)

# start dfs at node 0
start_node = 0
dfs(start_node)
```