HowToDoInJava

Boxed Streams in Java

🛗 Last Updated: March 3, 2022 🛛 By: Lokesh Gupta 🖿 Java 8 🗬 Java 8, Java Stream Basics

In Java, a boxed stream is a stream of the wrapper class instances to simulate a stream of primitives.

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1. What is a Boxed Stream?

Java Stream API has been designed to work with objects, similar to Collections API. Streams do not treat the primitive types the same as objects.

In Stream API, a stream of primitives can be represented by the following 3 classes:

- IntStream
- LongStream
- DoubleStream

To convert from a stream of primitives to a stream of objects, these classes provide boxed() method that returns a *Stream* consisting of the elements of the given stream, each boxed to an object of the corresponding wrapper class.

```
Stream<Integer> stream = IntStream.of(1, 2, 3, 4, 5).boxed();
Stream<Long> stream1 = LongStream.of(1, 2, 3, 4, 5).boxed();
Stream<Double> stream2 = DoubleStream.of(1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0).boxed
```

2. Need of Boxed Streams

Without boxing the stream items, we cannot perform the regular stream operations on them. For example, we cannot collect the **int** values to a list, directly.

```
//Compilation issue
/*List<Integer> list = IntStream.of(1,2,3,4,5)
    .collect(Collectors.toList());*/
```

To make the above collecting process work, we must box the stream items first.

```
//Works fine
List<Integer> list = IntStream.of(1,2,3,4,5)
.boxed()
.collect(Collectors.toList());
```

Happy Learning!!

Sourcecode on Github

Was this post helpful?

Let us know if you liked the post. That's the only way we can improve.

Yes

No

Recommended Reading:

- 1. Using 'if-else' Conditions with Java Streams
- 2. Creating Infinite Streams in Java
- 3. Sorting Streams in Java
- 4. Applying Multiple Conditions on Java Streams
- 5. Finding Max and Min from List using Streams
- 6. Java Streams API
- 7. Creating Streams in Java
- 8. Primitive Type Streams in Java
- 9. Java Stream sorted()
- O. Java Stream findFirst()

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3 thoughts on "Boxed Streams in Java"

Tim

May 3, 2019 at 1:10 am

```
int[] answer = new int[] { 3, 2 }
List<Integer> expected = Arrays.stream(answer).boxed().collect(Collectors.t
```

```
Object[] objArrayOfIntArrays = new Object[] {
    new int[] { 1, 2 }, // add 2
    new int[] { 1, 2 }, // add 2
    new int[] { 3, 2 }, // query freq 2
    new int[] { 2, 2 }, // delete 2
    new int[] { 3, 2 }, // query freq 2
}
```

My question is, is there a way to turn objArrayOfIntArrays to List<List<Integer>>?

Reply

Praveen

May 22, 2019 at 8:45 am

Hi Tim.

Hope it Helps,

Praveen

Reply

Praveen

May 22, 2019 at 7:49 pm

```
Object[] objArrayOfIntArrays1 = new Object[] {
    new int[] { 1, 2 }, // add 2
    new int[] { 1, 2 }, // add 2
    new int[] { 3, 2 }, // query freq 2
    new int[] { 2, 2 }, // delete 2
    new int[] { 3, 2 }, // query freq 2
};

List<List<Integer>> primitiveList=Arrays.stream(objArrayOfIntArrays1)
    .map(q->{return Arrays.stream((int[]) q).boxed().collect(Collect
Reply
```

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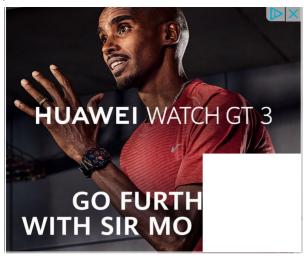
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