

Java Stream – Find, Count and Remove Duplicates

📅 Last Updated: March 10, 2022 👤 By: Lokesh Gupta 📁 Java 8 💎 Java Stream Basics

Few simple examples to find and count the duplicates in a *Stream* and remove those duplicates since [Java 8](#). We will use [ArrayList](#) to provide a *Stream* of elements including duplicates.

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1. Stream.distinct() – To Remove Duplicates

1.1. Remove Duplicate Strings

The `distinct()` method returns a *Stream* consisting of the distinct elements of the given stream. The **object** equality is checked according to the object's `equals()` method.

Find all distinct strings

```
List<String> list = Arrays.asList("A", "B", "C", "D", "A", "B", "C");

// Get list without duplicates
List<String> distinctItems = list.stream()
                                .distinct()
                                .collect(Collectors.toList());

// Let's verify distinct elements
System.out.println(distinctItems);
```

Program output:

Output

```
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
```

1.2. Remove Duplicate Custom Objects

The same syntax can be used to remove the duplicate objects from *List*. To do so, we need to be very careful about the object's *equals()* method, because it will decide if an object is duplicate or unique.

Consider the below example where two *Person* instances are considered equal if both have the same *id* value.

```
public class Person
{
    private Integer id;
    private String fname;
    private String lname;
}
```

Let us see an example of how we can remove duplicate *Person* objects from a *List*.

Get Distinct Objects using Default Equality

```
//Add some random persons
Collection<Person> list = Arrays.asList(p1, p2, p3, p4, p5, p6);

// Get distinct people by id
List<Person> distinctElements = list.stream()
    .distinct()
    .collect( Collectors.toList() );
```

To find all unique objects using a different equality condition, we can take the help of the following *distinctByKey()* method. For example, we are finding all unique objects by Person's full name.

Get Distinct Objects using Custom Equality

```
//Add some random persons
List<Person> list = Arrays.asList(p1, p2, p3, p4, p5, p6);

// Get distinct people by full name
List<Person> distinctPeople = list.stream()
    .filter( distinctByKey(p -> p.getFname() + " " + p.getLname()) )
    .collect( Collectors.toList() );

//*****The distinctByKey() method need to be created*****

public static <T> Predicate<T> distinctByKey(Function<? super T, Object> keyExtractor)
{
    Map<Object, Boolean> map = new ConcurrentHashMap<>();
    return t -> map.putIfAbsent(keyExtractor.apply(t), Boolean.TRUE) == null;
}
```

2. Collectors.toSet() – To Remove Duplicates

Another simple and very useful way is to store all the elements in a **Set**. **Sets, by definition, store only distinct elements**. Note that a *Set* stores distinct items by comparing the objects with *equals()* method.

Here, *we cannot compare the objects using a custom equality condition*.

```
ArrayList<Integer> numbersList
= new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(1, 1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6, 6, 7, 8));

Set<Integer> setWithoutDuplicates = numbersList.stream()
.collect(Collectors.toSet());

System.out.println(setWithoutDuplicates);
```

Program output:

```
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
```

3. Collectors.toMap() – To Count Duplicates

Sometimes, we are interested in finding out which elements are duplicates and how many times they appeared in the original list. We can use a **Map** to store this information.

We have to iterate over the list, [put the element as the Map key](#), and all its occurrences in the Map value.

```
// ArrayList with duplicate elements
ArrayList<Integer> numbersList
= new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(1, 1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6, 6, 7, 8));

Map<Integer, Long> elementCountMap = numbersList.stream()
.collect(Collectors.toMap(Function.identity(), v -> 1L, Long::sum));

System.out.println(elementCountMap);
```

Program output:

```
{1=2, 2=1, 3=3, 4=1, 5=1, 6=3, 7=1, 8=1}
```

Happy Learning !!

[Sourcecode on Github](#)

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Recommended Reading:

1. [Java – Remove Duplicates from Array](#)
2. [Java Stream count\(\) Matches with filter\(\)](#)
3. [Java Stream reuse – traverse stream multiple times?](#)
4. [String indent\(count\) – Left indent lines in Java](#)
5. [Java program to count vowels and consonants in a String](#)
6. [Count Number of Lines in a File in Java](#)
7. [Spring Batch Count of Processed Records Example](#)
8. [Python String count\(\)](#)
9. [Hibernate count, min, max, sum, avg Functions](#)
0. [Java remove trailing whitespaces from String](#)



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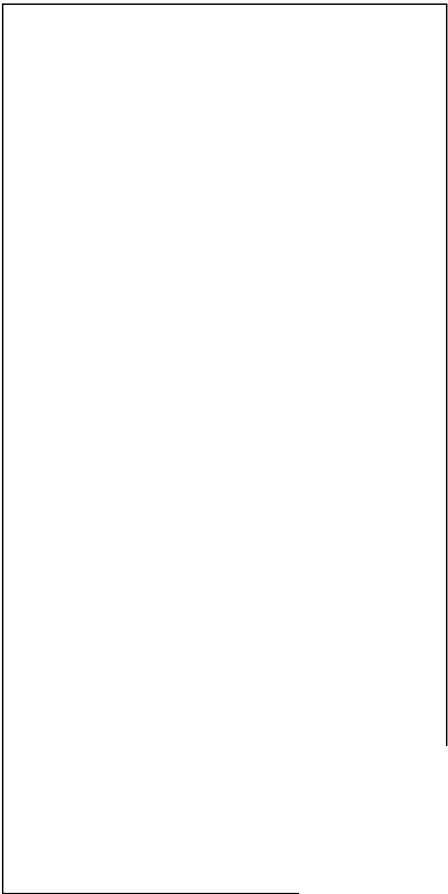
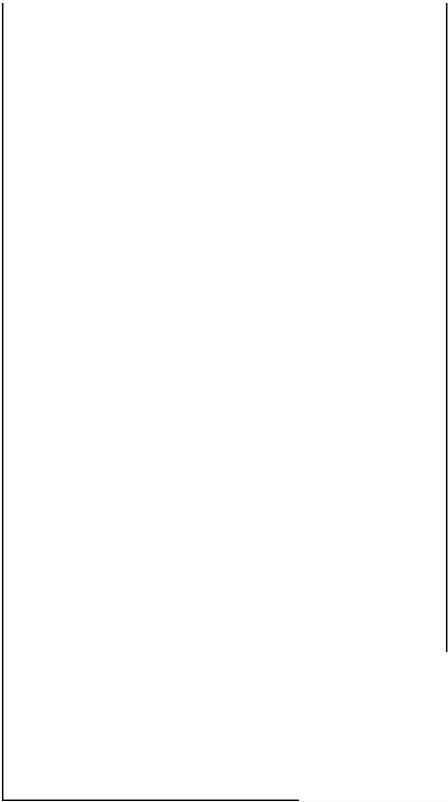


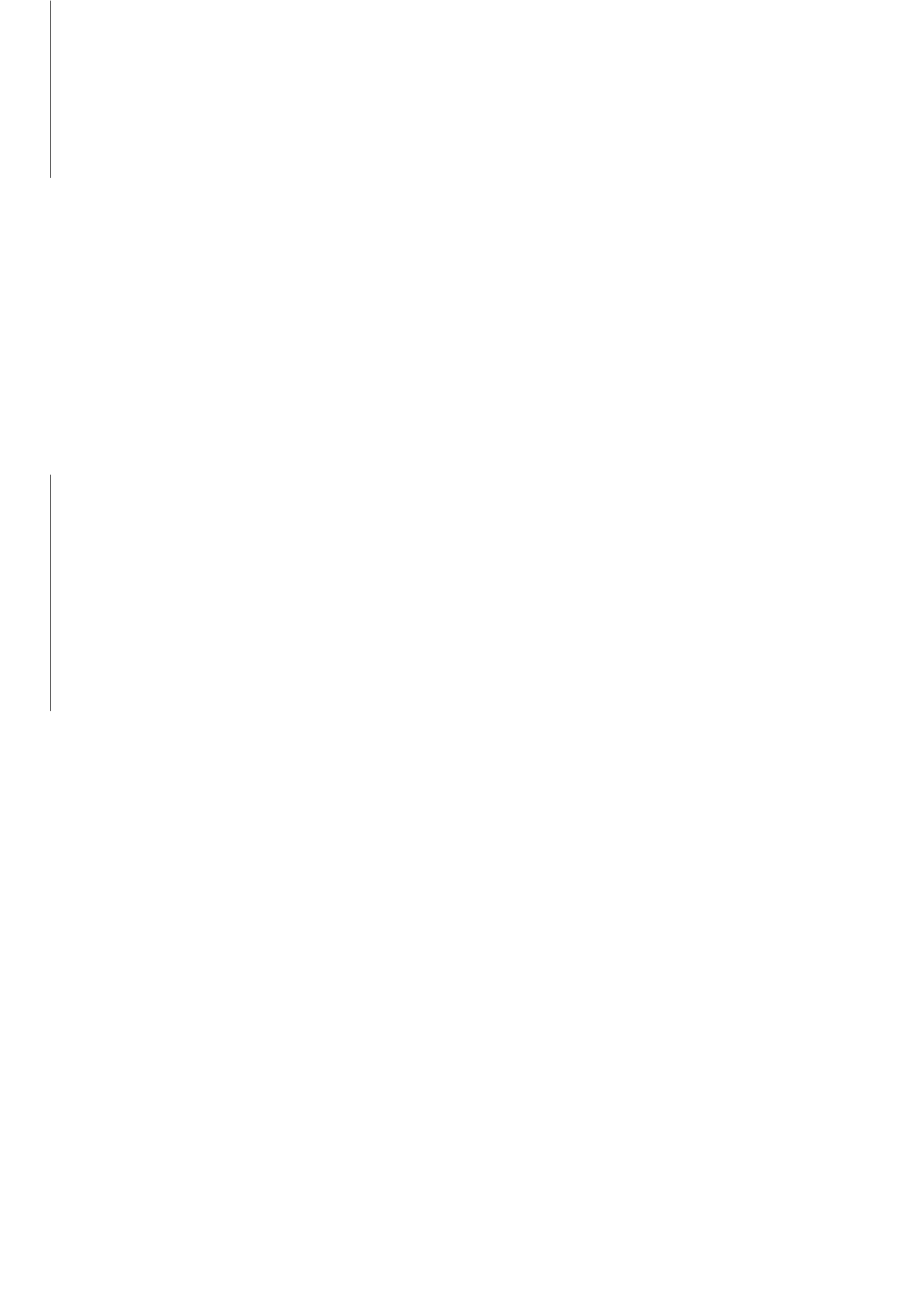
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