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From Co-Simulation to Scalable FCO Detection in SUMO

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Abstract. Floating Car Observers (FCOs) are perception-equipped, connected vehicles that share object-level detections of surrounding traffic participants via V2X communication. By extending classical Floating Car Data (FCD) with onboard sensor outputs, FCOs enable mobile, infrastructure-independent traffic state estimation with broad spatial coverage. FCO-derived observations are therefore highly relevant for ITS applications where a complete and accurate picture of the current traffic state is essential.

A key challenge in FCO research is the simulation-based development and evaluation of algorithms that rely on realistic detection inputs. Microscopic traffic simulators like SUMO operate at a high level of abstraction and do not natively model sensor physics or the stochastic behavior of modern learning-based perception systems. Existing approaches approximate FCO detectability via simple distance or 2D raytracing based detections, which produce simplified detections not grounding in real-world detection capabilities. Further they assigns binary detected/undetected labels but fails to capture the uncertainty, position error, and sensor-dependent characteristics of real 3D object detectors.

To address this gap, we present a scalable neural network-based observation model that emulates the outputs of state-of-the-art 3D object detectors directly within SUMO. xxx the models are trained with data from SUMO – CARLA Co-simulation xxx Training data is generated through a synchronized SUMO–CARLA co-simulation, in which observer vehicles are equipped with virtual camera and LiDAR sensors following the Nuscenes sensor setup. Detections are produced by fine-tuned 3D detection models for lidar, camera and multimodal based detectors and capture realistic imperfections including localization error, missed detections. A lightweight neural network trained on abstract scene representation all available in sumo simulations capturing traffic participants and infrastructure scene representations then reproduces these detection outcomes at runtime without requiring high-fidelity rendering or costly detector inference, enabling large-scale SUMO simulations with realistic FCO perception. xxx the result is that FCO detections can be evaluation ;10ms per FCO detection evalauation beeing almost in par with 2D raytracing methods but achieving ;93

We will demonstrate the framework live in SUMO, showing how FCO detections behave across varying penetration rates and sensor configurations, and how they differ from idealized ray-tracing baselines.

Keywords: Floating Car Observers, Traffic State Estimation, SUMO, Co-Simulation, Neural Network, Extended Floating Car Data

1. First section

1.1 Subsection

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1.1.1 Three levels of headlines may be used

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Hazard Class	A 1 to A III
Flash point	< 21°C / > 55°C
Density at 15°C	720 kg/m³ to 860 kg/m³
Kinematic Viscosity	0,65 to 4,0 · 10⁻⁶ m²/s

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$$x + y = z \tag{1}$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2 \tag{2}$$

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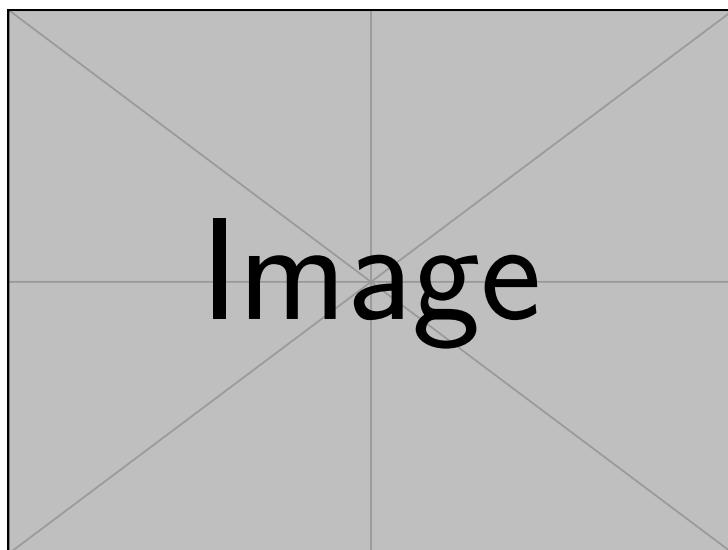


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