Machine Learning 1 - Exercise 9

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1 The Dual SVM

1.a

$$\Lambda(w, \theta, \alpha) = \frac{\|w\|^2}{2} - \alpha \sum_{i=1}^{n} (y_i(w^T x_i + \theta) - 1)$$
 (1)

$$\Lambda(w, \theta, \alpha) = \frac{\|w\|^2}{2} - \sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i \left(y_i(w^T x_i + \theta) - 1 \right)$$
 (2)

1.b

Derivate Λ by w, θ , α :

$$\frac{\partial \Lambda(w, \theta, \alpha)}{\partial w} = 0 \tag{3}$$

$$\frac{2w}{2} - \sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i y_i x_i = 0 \implies w = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i y_i x_i \tag{4}$$

$$\frac{\partial \Lambda(w, \theta, \alpha)}{\partial \theta} = -\sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i y_i = 0 \tag{5}$$

4) in 2)

$$\Lambda(\theta, \alpha) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i y_i x_i \right)^T \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i y_i x_i \right) - \sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i \left(y_i \left(\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i y_i x_i \right)^T x_i + \theta \right) - 1 \right)$$

$$(6)$$

$$\Lambda(\theta, \alpha) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i y_i x_i \right)^T \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i y_i x_i \right) - \sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i y_i \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i y_i x_i \right)^T x_i - \sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i y_i \theta + \sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i y_i x_i \right)$$
(7)

5) in 7)

$$\Lambda(\alpha) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j - \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j + \sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i$$
 (8)

$$\Lambda(\alpha) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j$$
(9)

$$\max_{\alpha} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j \right)$$
 (10)

with $\alpha \geq 0$ and $\sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i y_i = 0$

1.c

Kernelized versions of the primal program:

$$\min_{w \mid \theta} \|w\|^2 \tag{11}$$

with $y_i(w^T\Phi(x_i) + \theta) - 1 \ge 0$

Kernelized versions of the dual program:

$$\max_{\alpha} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j k(x_i, x_j) \right)$$
 (12)

with $\alpha \geq 0$ and $\sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i y_i = 0$

2 SVMs and Quadratic Programming

2.a