

# Package ‘fitDTVARMxID’

January 2, 2026

**Title** Fit the Discrete-Time Vector Autoregressive Model for Multiple Individuals

**Version** 0.0.0.9003

**Description** Fit the discrete-time vector autoregressive model for multiple individuals using the 'OpenMx' package (Hunter, 2017 <doi:10.1080/10705511.2017.1369354>).

**URL** <https://github.com/jeksterslab/fitDTVARMxID>,  
<https://jeksterslab.github.io/fitDTVARMxID/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/jeksterslab/fitDTVARMxID/issues>

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**Encoding** UTF-8

**Roxygen** list(markdown = TRUE)

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**Depends** R (>= 4.5.0), OpenMx (>= 2.22.10)

**Imports** stats, methods, Matrix

**Suggests** knitr, rmarkdown, testthat, simStateSpace

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.3.9000

**NeedsCompilation** no

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|                |                            |
|----------------|----------------------------|
| coef.dtvarmxid | <i>Parameter Estimates</i> |
|----------------|----------------------------|

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## Description

Parameter Estimates

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'dtvarmxid'
coef(
  object,
  alpha = TRUE,
  beta = TRUE,
  nu = TRUE,
  psi = TRUE,
  theta = TRUE,
  converged = TRUE,
  grad_tol = 0.01,
  hess_tol = 1e-08,
  vanishing_theta = TRUE,
  theta_tol = 0.001,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| <b>object</b>    | Object of class dtvarmxid.  |
| <b>alpha</b>     | Logical. If <code>alpha = TRUE</code> , include estimates of the alpha vector, if available. If <code>alpha = FALSE</code> , exclude estimates of the alpha vector. |
| <b>beta</b>      | Logical. If <code>beta = TRUE</code> , include estimates of the beta matrix, if available. If <code>beta = FALSE</code> , exclude estimates of the beta matrix.     |
| <b>nu</b>        | Logical. If <code>nu = TRUE</code> , include estimates of the nu vector, if available. If <code>nu = FALSE</code> , exclude estimates of the nu vector.             |
| <b>psi</b>       | Logical. If <code>psi = TRUE</code> , include estimates of the psi matrix, if available. If <code>psi = FALSE</code> , exclude estimates of the psi matrix.         |
| <b>theta</b>     | Logical. If <code>theta = TRUE</code> , include estimates of the theta matrix, if available. If <code>theta = FALSE</code> , exclude estimates of the theta matrix. |
| <b>converged</b> | Logical. Only include converged cases.  |
| <b>grad_tol</b>  | Numeric scalar. Tolerance for the maximum absolute gradient if <code>converged = TRUE</code> .  |
| <b>hess_tol</b>  | Numeric scalar. Tolerance for Hessian eigenvalues; eigenvalues must be strictly greater than this value if <code>converged = TRUE</code> .                          |

```

vanishing_theta
  Logical. Test for measurement error variance going to zero if converged =
  TRUE.

theta_tol    Numeric. Tolerance for vanishing theta test if converged and theta_tol are
  TRUE.

...
  additional arguments.

```

**Value**

Returns a list of vectors of parameter estimates.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

converged

*Check Model Convergence*

**Description**

Evaluate whether OpenMx fit has converged successfully.

**Usage**

```

converged(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'dtvarmxid'
converged(
  object,
  grad_tol = 0.01,
  hess_tol = 1e-08,
  vanishing_theta = TRUE,
  theta_tol = 0.001,
  prop = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

**Arguments**

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| object          | An object of class <code>dtvarmxid</code> .  |
| ...             | Passed to and/or used by methods.  |
| grad_tol        | Numeric scalar. Tolerance for the maximum absolute gradient.   |
| hess_tol        | Numeric scalar. Tolerance for Hessian eigenvalues; eigenvalues must be strictly greater than this value. |
| vanishing_theta | Logical. Test for measurement error variance going to zero.  |

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| theta_tol | Numeric. Tolerance for vanishing theta test.  |
| prop      | Logical. If prop = FALSE, a named logical vector indicating, for each individual fit, whether the convergence criteria are met. If prop = TRUE, the proportion of cases that converged. |

## Details

Convergence is defined by three criteria:

1. Status code equals 0L.
2. The maximum absolute gradient is below grad\_tol.
3. The Hessian is positive definite with all eigenvalues greater than hess\_tol.
4. If vanishing\_theta = TRUE, the model additionally checks that the diagonal elements of the measurement error covariance matrix ( $\Theta$ ) are not vanishingly small, where “small” is defined by theta\_tol.

## Value

For the dtvarmxid method: If prop = FALSE, a named logical vector indicating, for each individual fit, whether the convergence criteria are met. If prop = TRUE, the proportion of cases that converged.

## Author(s)

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

## Description

The function fits the first-order discrete-time vector autoregressive model for each unit ID.

## Usage

```
FitDTVARMxID(
  data,
  observed,
  id,
  alpha_fixed = TRUE,
  alpha_free = NULL,
  alpha_values = NULL,
  alpha_lbound = NULL,
  alpha_ubound = NULL,
  beta_fixed = FALSE,
  beta_free = NULL,
  beta_values = NULL,
  beta_lbound = NULL,
```

```
beta_ubound = NULL,
psi_diag = FALSE,
psi_d_free = NULL,
psi_d_values = NULL,
psi_d_lbound = NULL,
psi_d_ubound = NULL,
psi_l_free = NULL,
psi_l_values = NULL,
psi_l_lbound = NULL,
psi_l_ubound = NULL,
nu_fixed = FALSE,
nu_free = NULL,
nu_values = NULL,
nu_lbound = NULL,
nu_ubound = NULL,
theta_diag = TRUE,
theta_fixed = FALSE,
theta_d_free = NULL,
theta_d_values = NULL,
theta_d_lbound = NULL,
theta_d_ubound = NULL,
theta_d_equal = FALSE,
theta_l_free = NULL,
theta_l_values = NULL,
theta_l_lbound = NULL,
theta_l_ubound = NULL,
mu0_fixed = TRUE,
mu0_func = FALSE,
mu0_free = NULL,
mu0_values = NULL,
mu0_lbound = NULL,
mu0_ubound = NULL,
sigma0_fixed = TRUE,
sigma0_func = FALSE,
sigma0_diag = FALSE,
sigma0_d_free = NULL,
sigma0_d_values = NULL,
sigma0_d_lbound = NULL,
sigma0_d_ubound = NULL,
sigma0_l_free = NULL,
sigma0_l_values = NULL,
sigma0_l_lbound = NULL,
sigma0_l_ubound = NULL,
robust = FALSE,
tries_explore = 100,
tries_local = 10,
max_attempts = 10,
grad_tol = 0.01,
```

```

hess_tol = 1e-08,
eps = 1e-06,
factor = 10,
overwrite = FALSE,
path = getwd(),
prefix = "FitDTVARMxID",
seed = NULL,
silent = FALSE,
ncores = NULL,
clean = TRUE
)

```

## Arguments

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <code>data</code>         | Data frame. A data frame object of data for potentially multiple subjects that contain a column of subject ID numbers (i.e., an ID variable), and at least one column of observed values.                             |
| <code>observed</code>     | Character vector. A vector of character strings of the names of the observed variables in the data.   |
| <code>id</code>           | Character string. A character string of the name of the ID variable in the data.  |
| <code>alpha_fixed</code>  | Logical. If TRUE, the dynamic model intercept vector <code>alpha</code> is fixed. If FALSE, <code>alpha</code> is estimated.  |
| <code>alpha_free</code>   | Logical vector indicating which elements of <code>alpha</code> are freely estimated. If NULL, all elements are free. Ignored if <code>alpha_fixed</code> = TRUE.  |
| <code>alpha_values</code> | Numeric vector of values for <code>alpha</code> . If <code>alpha_fixed</code> = TRUE, these are fixed values. If <code>alpha_fixed</code> = FALSE, these are starting values. If NULL, defaults to a vector of zeros. |
| <code>alpha_lbound</code> | Numeric vector of lower bounds for <code>alpha</code> . If NULL, no lower bounds are set. Ignored if <code>alpha_fixed</code> = TRUE.   |
| <code>alpha_ubound</code> | Numeric vector of upper bounds for <code>alpha</code> . If NULL, no upper bounds are set. Ignored if <code>alpha_fixed</code> = TRUE.   |
| <code>beta_fixed</code>   | Logical. If TRUE, the dynamic model coefficient matrix <code>beta</code> is fixed. If FALSE, <code>beta</code> is estimated.  |
| <code>beta_free</code>    | Logical matrix indicating which elements of <code>beta</code> are freely estimated. If NULL, all elements are free. Ignored if <code>beta_fixed</code> = TRUE.  |
| <code>beta_values</code>  | Numeric matrix of values for <code>beta</code> . If <code>beta_fixed</code> = TRUE, these are fixed values. If <code>beta_fixed</code> = FALSE, these are starting values. If NULL, defaults to a zero matrix.        |
| <code>beta_lbound</code>  | Numeric matrix of lower bounds for <code>beta</code> . If NULL, defaults to -1.5. Ignored if <code>beta_fixed</code> = TRUE.  |
| <code>beta_ubound</code>  | Numeric matrix of upper bounds for <code>beta</code> . If NULL, defaults to +1.5. Ignored if <code>beta_fixed</code> = TRUE.  |
| <code>psi_diag</code>     | Logical. If TRUE, <code>psi</code> is diagonal. If FALSE, <code>psi</code> is symmetric.  |
| <code>psi_d_free</code>   | Logical vector indicating free/fixed status of the elements of <code>psi_d</code> . If NULL, all element of <code>psi_d</code> are free.  |

|                             |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| <code>psi_d_values</code>   | Numeric vector with starting values for <code>psi_d</code> . If NULL, defaults to a vector of ones.   |
| <code>psi_d_lbound</code>   | Numeric vector with lower bounds for <code>psi_d</code> . If NULL, no lower bounds are set.   |
| <code>psi_d_ubound</code>   | Numeric vector with upper bounds for <code>psi_d</code> . If NULL, no upper bounds are set.   |
| <code>psi_l_free</code>     | Logical matrix indicating which strictly-lower-triangular elements of <code>psi_l</code> are free. Ignored if <code>psi_diag = TRUE</code> .  |
| <code>psi_l_values</code>   | Numeric matrix of starting values for the strictly-lower-triangular elements of <code>psi_l</code> . If NULL, defaults to a null matrix.  |
| <code>psi_l_lbound</code>   | Numeric matrix with lower bounds for <code>psi_l</code> . If NULL, no lower bounds are set.   |
| <code>psi_l_ubound</code>   | Numeric matrix with upper bounds for <code>psi_l</code> . If NULL, no upper bounds are set.   |
| <code>nu_fixed</code>       | Logical. If TRUE, the measurement model intercept vector <code>nu</code> is fixed. If FALSE, <code>nu</code> is estimated.  |
| <code>nu_free</code>        | Logical vector indicating which elements of <code>nu</code> are freely estimated. If NULL, all elements are free. Ignored if <code>nu_fixed = TRUE</code> .   |
| <code>nu_values</code>      | Numeric vector of values for <code>nu</code> . If <code>nu_fixed = TRUE</code> , these are fixed values. If <code>nu_fixed = FALSE</code> , these are starting values. If NULL, defaults to a vector of zeros.                        |
| <code>nu_lbound</code>      | Numeric vector of lower bounds for <code>nu</code> . If NULL, no lower bounds are set. Ignored if <code>nu_fixed = TRUE</code> .  |
| <code>nu_ubound</code>      | Numeric vector of upper bounds for <code>nu</code> . If NULL, no upper bounds are set. Ignored if <code>nu_fixed = TRUE</code> .  |
| <code>theta_diag</code>     | Logical. If TRUE, <code>theta</code> is diagonal. If FALSE, <code>theta</code> is symmetric.  |
| <code>theta_fixed</code>    | Logical. If TRUE, the measurement error matrix <code>theta</code> is fixed to <code>SoftPlus(theta_d_values)</code> . If FALSE, only diagonal elements are estimated (off-diagonals fixed to zero).                                   |
| <code>theta_d_free</code>   | Logical vector indicating free/fixed status of the diagonal parameters <code>theta_d</code> . If NULL, all element of <code>theta_d</code> are free.  |
| <code>theta_d_values</code> | Numeric vector with starting values for <code>theta_d</code> . If <code>theta_fixed = TRUE</code> , these are fixed values. If <code>theta_fixed = FALSE</code> , these are starting values. If NULL, defaults to an identity matrix. |
| <code>theta_d_lbound</code> | Numeric vector with lower bounds for <code>theta_d</code> . If NULL, no lower bounds are set.   |
| <code>theta_d_ubound</code> | Numeric vector with upper bounds for <code>theta_d</code> . If NULL, no upper bounds are set.   |
| <code>theta_d_equal</code>  | Logical. When TRUE, all free diagonal elements of <code>theta_d</code> are constrained to be equal and estimated as a single shared parameter ( <code>theta_eq</code> ). Ignored if no diagonal elements are free.                    |
| <code>theta_l_free</code>   | Logical matrix indicating which strictly-lower-triangular elements of <code>theta_l</code> are free. Ignored if <code>theta_diag = TRUE</code> .  |
| <code>theta_l_values</code> | Numeric matrix of starting values for the strictly-lower-triangular elements of <code>theta_l</code> . If NULL, defaults to a null matrix.  |
| <code>theta_l_lbound</code> | Numeric matrix with lower bounds for <code>theta_l</code> . If NULL, no lower bounds are set.   |

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| theta_l_ubound  | Numeric matrix with upper bounds for theta_l. If NULL, no upper bounds are set.   |
| mu0_fixed       | Logical. If TRUE, the initial mean vector mu0 is fixed. If FALSE, mu0 is estimated.   |
| mu0_func        | Logical. If TRUE and mu0_fixed = TRUE, mu0 is fixed to $(I - \beta)^{-1}\alpha$ .   |
| mu0_free        | Logical vector indicating which elements of mu0 are freely estimated.   |
| mu0_values      | Numeric vector of values for mu0. If mu0_fixed = TRUE, these are fixed values. If mu0_fixed = FALSE, these are starting values. If NULL, defaults to a vector of zeros. |
| mu0_lbound      | Numeric vector of lower bounds for mu0. If NULL, no lower bounds are set. Ignored if mu0_fixed = TRUE.  |
| mu0_ubound      | Numeric vector of upper bounds for mu0. If NULL, no upper bounds are set. Ignored if mu0_fixed = TRUE.  |
| sigma0_fixed    | Logical. If TRUE, the initial covariance matrix sigma0 is fixed. If FALSE, sigma0 is estimated.   |
| sigma0_func     | Logical. If TRUE and sigma0_fixed = TRUE, sigma0 is fixed to $(I - \beta \otimes \beta)^{-1} \text{Vec}(\Psi)$ .  |
| sigma0_diag     | Logical. If TRUE, sigma0 is diagonal. If FALSE, sigma0 is symmetric.  |
| sigma0_d_free   | Logical vector indicating free/fixed status of the elements of sigma0_d. If NULL, all element of sigma0_d are free.   |
| sigma0_d_values | Numeric vector with starting values for sigma0_d. If NULL, defaults to a vector of ones.  |
| sigma0_d_lbound | Numeric vector with lower bounds for sigma0_d. If NULL, no lower bounds are set.  |
| sigma0_d_ubound | Numeric vector with upper bounds for sigma0_d. If NULL, no upper bounds are set.  |
| sigma0_l_free   | Logical matrix indicating which strictly-lower-triangular elements of sigma0_l are free. Ignored if sigma0_diag = TRUE.   |
| sigma0_l_values | Numeric matrix of starting values for the strictly-lower-triangular elements of sigma0_l. If NULL, defaults to a null matrix.   |
| sigma0_l_lbound | Numeric matrix with lower bounds for sigma0_l. If NULL, no lower bounds are set.  |
| sigma0_l_ubound | Numeric matrix with upper bounds for sigma0_l. If NULL, no upper bounds are set.  |
| robust          | Logical. If TRUE, calculate robust (sandwich) sampling variance-covariance matrix.  |
| tries_explore   | Integer. Number of extra tries for the wide exploration phase using OpenMx::mxTryHardWideSearch() with checkHess = FALSE.   |
| tries_local     | Integer. Number of extra tries for local polishing via OpenMx::mxTryHard() when gradients remain above tolerance.   |

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| max_attempts | Integer. Maximum number of remediation attempts after the first Hessian computation fails the criteria. Each attempt may nudge off bounds, refit locally without the Hessian, and, on the last attempt, relax bounds. |
| grad_tol     | Numeric. Tolerance for the maximum absolute gradient. Smaller values are stricter.  |
| hess_tol     | Numeric. Minimum allowable Hessian eigenvalue. Smaller values are less strict.  |
| eps          | Numeric. Proximity threshold to detect parameters on their bounds and to nudge them inward by $10 * \text{eps}$ .   |
| factor       | Numeric. Multiplicative factor to relax parameter bounds on the final remediation attempt. Lower bounds are divided by factor and upper bounds are multiplied by factor.  |
| overwrite    | Logical. If TRUE, existing intermediate files are overwritten. Defaults to FALSE.   |
| path         | Character string. Directory in which to save intermediate files.  |
| prefix       | Alphanumeric character string. Prefix to use when naming intermediate files.  |
| seed         | Random seed for reproducibility.  |
| silent       | Logical. If TRUE, suppresses messages during the model fitting stage.   |
| ncores       | Positive integer. Number of cores to use.   |
| clean        | Logical. If TRUE, clean intermediate files saved in path.   |

## Details

The measurement model is given by

$$\mathbf{y}_{i,t} = \boldsymbol{\nu} + \boldsymbol{\Lambda} \boldsymbol{\eta}_{i,t} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_{i,t}, \quad \text{with } \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_{i,t} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{0}, \boldsymbol{\Theta})$$

where  $\mathbf{y}_{i,t}$ ,  $\boldsymbol{\eta}_{i,t}$ , and  $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_{i,t}$  are random variables and  $\boldsymbol{\nu}$ ,  $\boldsymbol{\Lambda}$ , and  $\boldsymbol{\Theta}$  are model parameters.  $\mathbf{y}_{i,t}$  represents a vector of observed random variables,  $\boldsymbol{\eta}_{i,t}$  a vector of latent random variables, and  $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_{i,t}$  a vector of random measurement errors, at time  $t$  and individual  $i$ .  $\boldsymbol{\Lambda}$  denotes a matrix of factor loadings, and  $\boldsymbol{\Theta}$  the covariance matrix of  $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$ . In this model,  $\boldsymbol{\Lambda}$  is an identity matrix and  $\boldsymbol{\Theta}$  is a diagonal matrix.

The dynamic structure is given by

$$\boldsymbol{\eta}_{i,t} = \boldsymbol{\alpha} + \boldsymbol{\beta} \boldsymbol{\eta}_{i,t-1} + \boldsymbol{\zeta}_{i,t}, \quad \text{with } \boldsymbol{\zeta}_{i,t} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{0}, \boldsymbol{\Psi})$$

where  $\boldsymbol{\eta}_{i,t}$ ,  $\boldsymbol{\eta}_{i,t-1}$ , and  $\boldsymbol{\zeta}_{i,t}$  are random variables, and  $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$ ,  $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ , and  $\boldsymbol{\Psi}$  are model parameters. Here,  $\boldsymbol{\eta}_{i,t}$  is a vector of latent variables at time  $t$  and individual  $i$ ,  $\boldsymbol{\eta}_{i,t-1}$  represents a vector of latent variables at time  $t - 1$  and individual  $i$ , and  $\boldsymbol{\zeta}_{i,t}$  represents a vector of dynamic noise at time  $t$  and individual  $i$ .  $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$  denotes a vector of intercepts,  $\boldsymbol{\beta}$  a matrix of autoregression and cross regression coefficients, and  $\boldsymbol{\Psi}$  the covariance matrix of  $\boldsymbol{\zeta}_{i,t}$ .

## Value

Returns an object of class `dtvarmxid` which is a list with the following elements:

**call** Function call.

**args** List of function arguments.

**fun** Function used ("FitDTVARMxID").

**output** A list of fitted OpenMx models.

**robust** A list of output from `OpenMx::imxRobustSE()` with argument `details = TRUE` if `random = TRUE` for each id.

### Author(s)

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

### References

Hunter, M. D. (2017). State space modeling in an open source, modular, structural equation modeling environment. *Structural Equation Modeling: A Multidisciplinary Journal*, 25(2), 307–324. doi:[10.1080/10705511.2017.1369354](https://doi.org/10.1080/10705511.2017.1369354)

Neale, M. C., Hunter, M. D., Pritikin, J. N., Zahery, M., Brick, T. R., Kirkpatrick, R. M., Estabrook, R., Bates, T. C., Maes, H. H., & Boker, S. M. (2015). OpenMx 2.0: Extended structural equation and statistical modeling. *Psychometrika*, 81(2), 535–549. doi:[10.1007/s1133601494358](https://doi.org/10.1007/s1133601494358)

### See Also

Other DTVAR Functions: `LDL()`, `Softplus()`

### Examples

```
## Not run:
# Generate data using the simStateSpace package-----
set.seed(42)
k <- 2
n <- 5
time <- 100
alpha <- rep(x = 0, times = k)
beta <- matrix(
  data = c(.5, .0, .2, .5),
  nrow = k,
  ncol = k
)
psi <- matrix(
  data = c(exp(-4.1), exp(-3.9), exp(-3.9), exp(-3.2)),
  nrow = k,
  ncol = k
)
psi_1 <- t(chol(psi))
nu <- rep(x = 5, times = k)
lambda <- diag(k)
theta <- matrix(
  data = c(exp(-2), 0, 0, exp(-2.8)),
  nrow = k,
  ncol = k
)
```

```

theta_l <- t(chol(theta))
mu0 <- c(solve(diag(k) - beta) %*% alpha)
sigma0 <- matrix(
  data = c(
    solve(diag(k * k) - beta %x% beta) %*% c(psi)
  ),
  nrow = k,
  ncol = k
)
sigma0_l <- t(chol(sigma0))
sim <- simStateSpace::SimSSMIVary(
  n = n,
  time,
  mu0 = list(mu0),
  sigma0_l = list(sigma0_l),
  alpha = list(alpha),
  beta = simStateSpace::SimBetaN(
    n = n,
    beta = beta,
    vcov_beta_vec_l = t(chol(0.1 * diag(k * k)))
  ),
  psi_l = list(psi_l),
  nu = list(nu),
  lambda = list(lambda),
  theta_l = list(theta_l)
)
data <- as.data.frame(sim)

# Fit the model-----
library(fitDTVARMxID)
fit <- FitDTVARMxID(
  data = data,
  observed = paste0("y", seq_len(k)),
  id = "id"
)
print(fit)
summary(fit)
coef(fit)
vcov(fit)
converged(fit)

## End(Not run)

```

### Description

Performs an LDL' factorization of a symmetric positive-definite matrix  $X$ , such that

$$X = LDL^\top,$$

where  $L$  is unit lower-triangular (ones on the diagonal) and  $D$  is diagonal.

## Usage

```
LDL(x)
```

## Arguments

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| <code>x</code> | Numeric matrix. Must be symmetric positive-definite. |
|----------------|--|

## Details

This function returns both the unit lower-triangular factor  $L$  and the diagonal factor  $D$ . The strictly lower-triangular part of  $L$  is also provided for convenience. The function additionally computes an unconstrained vector  $d_{uc}$  such that  $\text{softplus}(d_{uc}) = d_{vec}$ , using  $\text{softplus}^{-1}(y) = \log(\exp(y) - 1)$  for stable back-transformation.

## Value

A list with components:

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <code>l_mat_unit</code>   | Unit lower-triangular matrix $L$ .                              |
| <code>l_mat_strict</code> | Strictly lower-triangular part of $L$ .                         |
| <code>d_mat</code>        | Diagonal matrix $D$ .   |
| <code>d_vec</code>        | Vector of diagonal entries of $D$ .                             |
| <code>d_uc</code>         | Unconstrained vector with $\text{softplus}(d_{uc}) = d_{vec}$ . |
| <code>x</code>            | Original input matrix.  |
| <code>y</code>            | Reconstructed matrix $LDL^\top$ .                               |
| <code>diff</code>         | Difference $x - y$ .  |

## See Also

Other DTVAR Functions: [FitDTVARMxID\(\)](#), [Softplus\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
set.seed(123)
A <- matrix(rnorm(16), 4, 4)
S <- crossprod(A) + diag(1e-6, 4) # SPD
out <- LDL(S)
max(abs(out$diff))
```

---

**print.dtvarmxid** *Print Method for Object of Class dtvarmxid*

---

**Description**

Print Method for Object of Class dtvarmxid

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'dtvarmxid'
print(
  x,
  means = FALSE,
  alpha = TRUE,
  beta = TRUE,
  nu = TRUE,
  psi = TRUE,
  theta = TRUE,
  converged = TRUE,
  grad_tol = 0.01,
  hess_tol = 1e-08,
  vanishing_theta = TRUE,
  theta_tol = 0.001,
  digits = 4,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| <b>x</b>         | an object of class <code>dtvarmxid</code> .   |
| <b>means</b>     | Logical. If <code>means</code> = TRUE, return means. Otherwise, the function returns raw estimates.   |
| <b>alpha</b>     | Logical. If <code>alpha</code> = TRUE, include estimates of the alpha vector, if available. If <code>alpha</code> = FALSE, exclude estimates of the alpha vector. |
| <b>beta</b>      | Logical. If <code>beta</code> = TRUE, include estimates of the beta matrix, if available. If <code>beta</code> = FALSE, exclude estimates of the beta matrix.     |
| <b>nu</b>        | Logical. If <code>nu</code> = TRUE, include estimates of the nu vector, if available. If <code>nu</code> = FALSE, exclude estimates of the nu vector.             |
| <b>psi</b>       | Logical. If <code>psi</code> = TRUE, include estimates of the psi matrix, if available. If <code>psi</code> = FALSE, exclude estimates of the psi matrix.         |
| <b>theta</b>     | Logical. If <code>theta</code> = TRUE, include estimates of the theta matrix, if available. If <code>theta</code> = FALSE, exclude estimates of the theta matrix. |
| <b>converged</b> | Logical. Only include converged cases.  |
| <b>grad_tol</b>  | Numeric scalar. Tolerance for the maximum absolute gradient if <code>converged</code> = TRUE.   |

|                              |  |
|------------------------------|--|
| <code>hess_tol</code>        | Numeric scalar. Tolerance for Hessian eigenvalues; eigenvalues must be strictly greater than this value if <code>converged = TRUE</code> . |
| <code>vanishing_theta</code> | Logical. Test for measurement error variance going to zero if <code>converged = TRUE</code> .  |
| <code>theta_tol</code>       | Numeric. Tolerance for vanishing theta test if <code>converged</code> and <code>theta_tol</code> are <code>TRUE</code> .                   |
| <code>digits</code>          | Integer indicating the number of decimal places to display.  |
| ...                          | further arguments.   |

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**Softplus**

*Softplus and Inverse Softplus Transformations*

**Description**

The softplus transformation maps unconstrained real values to the positive real line. This is useful when parameters (e.g., variances) must be strictly positive. The inverse softplus transformation recovers the unconstrained value from a positive input.

**Usage**

`Softplus(x)`

`InvSoftplus(x)`

**Arguments**

`x` Numeric vector or matrix. Input values to be transformed.

**Details**

- $\text{Softplus}(x) = \log(1 + \exp(x))$
- $\text{InvSoftplus}(x) = \log(\exp(x) - 1)$

For numerical stability, these functions use `log1p()` and `expm1()` internally.

**Value**

- `Softplus()`: numeric vector or matrix of strictly positive values.
- `InvSoftplus()`: numeric vector or matrix of unconstrained values.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**See Also**

Other DTVAR Functions: [FitDTVARMxID\(\)](#), [LDL\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
# Apply softplus to unconstrained values
x <- c(-5, 0, 5)
y <- Softplus(x)

# Recover unconstrained values
x_recovered <- InvSoftplus(y)

y
x_recovered
```

**summary.dtvarmxid**      *Summary Method for Object of Class dtvarmxid*

**Description**

Summary Method for Object of Class `dtvarmxid`

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'dtvarmxid'
summary(
  object,
  means = FALSE,
  alpha = TRUE,
  beta = TRUE,
  nu = TRUE,
  psi = TRUE,
  theta = TRUE,
  converged = TRUE,
  grad_tol = 0.01,
  hess_tol = 1e-08,
  vanishing_theta = TRUE,
  theta_tol = 0.001,
  digits = 4,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

- |                     |  |
|---------------------|--|
| <code>object</code> | an object of class <code>dtvarmxid</code> .  |
| <code>means</code>  | Logical. If <code>means = TRUE</code> , return means. Otherwise, the function returns raw estimates. |

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| alpha           | Logical. If alpha = TRUE, include estimates of the alpha vector, if available. If alpha = FALSE, exclude estimates of the alpha vector. |
| beta            | Logical. If beta = TRUE, include estimates of the beta matrix, if available. If beta = FALSE, exclude estimates of the beta matrix.     |
| nu              | Logical. If nu = TRUE, include estimates of the nu vector, if available. If nu = FALSE, exclude estimates of the nu vector.             |
| psi             | Logical. If psi = TRUE, include estimates of the psi matrix, if available. If psi = FALSE, exclude estimates of the psi matrix.         |
| theta           | Logical. If theta = TRUE, include estimates of the theta matrix, if available. If theta = FALSE, exclude estimates of the theta matrix. |
| converged       | Logical. Only include converged cases.  |
| grad_tol        | Numeric scalar. Tolerance for the maximum absolute gradient if converged = TRUE.  |
| hess_tol        | Numeric scalar. Tolerance for Hessian eigenvalues; eigenvalues must be strictly greater than this value if converged = TRUE.            |
| vanishing_theta | Logical. Test for measurement error variance going to zero if converged = TRUE.   |
| theta_tol       | Numeric. Tolerance for vanishing theta test if converged and theta_tol are TRUE.  |
| digits          | Integer indicating the number of decimal places to display.   |
| ...             | further arguments.  |

### Author(s)

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

vcov.dtvarmxid

*Sampling Covariance Matrix of the Parameter Estimates*

### Description

Sampling Covariance Matrix of the Parameter Estimates

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'dtvarmxid'
vcov(
  object,
  alpha = TRUE,
  beta = TRUE,
  nu = TRUE,
  psi = TRUE,
  theta = TRUE,
```

```

converged = TRUE,
grad_tol = 0.01,
hess_tol = 1e-08,
vanishing_theta = TRUE,
theta_tol = 0.001,
robust = FALSE,
...
)

```

## Arguments

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| object          | Object of class dtvarmxid.  |
| alpha           | Logical. If alpha = TRUE, include estimates of the alpha vector, if available. If alpha = FALSE, exclude estimates of the alpha vector.       |
| beta            | Logical. If beta = TRUE, include estimates of the beta matrix, if available. If beta = FALSE, exclude estimates of the beta matrix.           |
| nu              | Logical. If nu = TRUE, include estimates of the nu vector, if available. If nu = FALSE, exclude estimates of the nu vector.                   |
| psi             | Logical. If psi = TRUE, include estimates of the psi matrix, if available. If psi = FALSE, exclude estimates of the psi matrix.               |
| theta           | Logical. If theta = TRUE, include estimates of the theta matrix, if available. If theta = FALSE, exclude estimates of the theta matrix.       |
| converged       | Logical. Only include converged cases.  |
| grad_tol        | Numeric scalar. Tolerance for the maximum absolute gradient if converged = TRUE.  |
| hess_tol        | Numeric scalar. Tolerance for Hessian eigenvalues; eigenvalues must be strictly greater than this value if converged = TRUE.                  |
| vanishing_theta | Logical. Test for measurement error variance going to zero if converged = TRUE.   |
| theta_tol       | Numeric. Tolerance for vanishing theta test if converged and theta_tol are TRUE.  |
| robust          | Logical. If TRUE, use robust (sandwich) sampling variance-covariance matrix. If FALSE, use normal theory sampling variance-covariance matrix. |
| ...             | additional arguments.   |

## Value

Returns a list of sampling variance-covariance matrices.

## Author(s)

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

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