

Package ‘fitDTVARMxID’

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Title Fit the Discrete-Time Vector Autoregressive Model for Multiple Individuals

Version 0.0.0.9002

Description Fit the discrete-time vector autoregressive model for multiple individuals using the 'OpenMx' package (Hunter, 2017 <doi:10.1080/10705511.2017.1369354>).

URL <https://github.com/jeksterslab/fitDTVARMxID>,
<https://jeksterslab.github.io/fitDTVARMxID/>

BugReports <https://github.com/jeksterslab/fitDTVARMxID/issues>

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Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE)

VignetteBuilder knitr

Depends R (>= 4.5.0), OpenMx (>= 2.22.9)

Imports stats, methods, Matrix

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, testthat, simStateSpace

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Contents

coef.dtvarmxid	2
converged	3
FitDTVARMxID	4
LDL	11
print.dtvarmxid	13
Softplus	14
summary.dtvarmxid	15
vcov.dtvarmxid	16

coef.dtvarmxid	<i>Parameter Estimates</i>
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Description

Parameter Estimates

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'dtvarmxid'
coef(
  object,
  alpha = TRUE,
  beta = TRUE,
  nu = TRUE,
  psi = TRUE,
  theta = TRUE,
  converged = TRUE,
  grad_tol = 0.01,
  hess_tol = 1e-08,
  vanishing_theta = TRUE,
  theta_tol = 0.001,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

object	Object of class dtvarmxid.
alpha	Logical. If <code>alpha = TRUE</code> , include estimates of the alpha vector, if available. If <code>alpha = FALSE</code> , exclude estimates of the alpha vector.
beta	Logical. If <code>beta = TRUE</code> , include estimates of the beta matrix, if available. If <code>beta = FALSE</code> , exclude estimates of the beta matrix.
nu	Logical. If <code>nu = TRUE</code> , include estimates of the nu vector, if available. If <code>nu = FALSE</code> , exclude estimates of the nu vector.
psi	Logical. If <code>psi = TRUE</code> , include estimates of the psi matrix, if available. If <code>psi = FALSE</code> , exclude estimates of the psi matrix.
theta	Logical. If <code>theta = TRUE</code> , include estimates of the theta matrix, if available. If <code>theta = FALSE</code> , exclude estimates of the theta matrix.
converged	Logical. Only include converged cases.
grad_tol	Numeric scalar. Tolerance for the maximum absolute gradient if <code>converged = TRUE</code> .
hess_tol	Numeric scalar. Tolerance for Hessian eigenvalues; eigenvalues must be strictly greater than this value if <code>converged = TRUE</code> .

```

vanishing_theta
  Logical. Test for measurement error variance going to zero if converged =
  TRUE.

theta_tol    Numeric. Tolerance for vanishing theta test if converged and theta_tol are
  TRUE.

...
  additional arguments.

```

Value

Returns a list of vectors of parameter estimates.

Author(s)

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

converged	<i>Check Model Convergence</i>
-----------	--------------------------------

Description

Evaluate whether OpenMx fit has converged successfully.

Usage

```

converged(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'dtvarmxid'
converged(
  object,
  grad_tol = 0.01,
  hess_tol = 1e-08,
  vanishing_theta = TRUE,
  theta_tol = 0.001,
  prop = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

Arguments

object	An object of class dtvarmxid.
...	Passed to and/or used by methods.
grad_tol	Numeric scalar. Tolerance for the maximum absolute gradient.
hess_tol	Numeric scalar. Tolerance for Hessian eigenvalues; eigenvalues must be strictly greater than this value.
vanishing_theta	Logical. Test for measurement error variance going to zero.

theta_tol	Numeric. Tolerance for vanishing theta test.
prop	Logical. If prop = FALSE, a named logical vector indicating, for each individual fit, whether the convergence criteria are met. If prop = TRUE, the proportion of cases that converged.

Details

Convergence is defined by three criteria:

1. Status code equals 0L.
2. The maximum absolute gradient is below grad_tol.
3. The Hessian is positive definite with all eigenvalues greater than hess_tol.
4. If vanishing_theta = TRUE, the model additionally checks that the diagonal elements of the measurement error covariance matrix (Θ) are not vanishingly small, where “small” is defined by theta_tol.

Value

For the dtvarmxid method: If prop = FALSE, a named logical vector indicating, for each individual fit, whether the convergence criteria are met. If prop = TRUE, the proportion of cases that converged.

Author(s)

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

Description

The function fits the first-order discrete-time vector autoregressive model for each unit ID.

Usage

```
FitDTVARMxID(
  data,
  observed,
  id,
  alpha_fixed = TRUE,
  alpha_free = NULL,
  alpha_values = NULL,
  alpha_lbound = NULL,
  alpha_ubound = NULL,
  beta_fixed = FALSE,
  beta_free = NULL,
  beta_values = NULL,
  beta_lbound = NULL,
```

```
beta_ubound = NULL,
psi_diag = FALSE,
psi_d_free = NULL,
psi_d_values = NULL,
psi_d_lbound = NULL,
psi_d_ubound = NULL,
psi_l_free = NULL,
psi_l_values = NULL,
psi_l_lbound = NULL,
psi_l_ubound = NULL,
nu_fixed = FALSE,
nu_free = NULL,
nu_values = NULL,
nu_lbound = NULL,
nu_ubound = NULL,
theta_diag = TRUE,
theta_fixed = FALSE,
theta_d_free = NULL,
theta_d_values = NULL,
theta_d_lbound = NULL,
theta_d_ubound = NULL,
theta_d_equal = FALSE,
theta_l_free = NULL,
theta_l_values = NULL,
theta_l_lbound = NULL,
theta_l_ubound = NULL,
mu0_fixed = TRUE,
mu0_func = FALSE,
mu0_free = NULL,
mu0_values = NULL,
mu0_lbound = NULL,
mu0_ubound = NULL,
sigma0_fixed = TRUE,
sigma0_func = FALSE,
sigma0_diag = FALSE,
sigma0_d_free = NULL,
sigma0_d_values = NULL,
sigma0_d_lbound = NULL,
sigma0_d_ubound = NULL,
sigma0_l_free = NULL,
sigma0_l_values = NULL,
sigma0_l_lbound = NULL,
sigma0_l_ubound = NULL,
robust = FALSE,
tries_explore = 100,
tries_local = 10,
max_attempts = 10,
grad_tol = 0.01,
```

```

hess_tol = 1e-08,
eps = 1e-06,
factor = 10,
overwrite = FALSE,
path = getwd(),
prefix = "FitDTVARMxID",
seed = NULL,
silent = FALSE,
ncores = NULL,
clean = TRUE
)

```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	Data frame. A data frame object of data for potentially multiple subjects that contain a column of subject ID numbers (i.e., an ID variable), and at least one column of observed values.
<code>observed</code>	Character vector. A vector of character strings of the names of the observed variables in the data.
<code>id</code>	Character string. A character string of the name of the ID variable in the data.
<code>alpha_fixed</code>	Logical. If TRUE, the dynamic model intercept vector <code>alpha</code> is fixed. If FALSE, <code>alpha</code> is estimated.
<code>alpha_free</code>	Logical vector indicating which elements of <code>alpha</code> are freely estimated. If NULL, all elements are free. Ignored if <code>alpha_fixed</code> = TRUE.
<code>alpha_values</code>	Numeric vector of values for <code>alpha</code> . If <code>alpha_fixed</code> = TRUE, these are fixed values. If <code>alpha_fixed</code> = FALSE, these are starting values. If NULL, defaults to a vector of zeros.
<code>alpha_lbound</code>	Numeric vector of lower bounds for <code>alpha</code> . If NULL, no lower bounds are set. Ignored if <code>alpha_fixed</code> = TRUE.
<code>alpha_ubound</code>	Numeric vector of upper bounds for <code>alpha</code> . If NULL, no upper bounds are set. Ignored if <code>alpha_fixed</code> = TRUE.
<code>beta_fixed</code>	Logical. If TRUE, the dynamic model coefficient matrix <code>beta</code> is fixed. If FALSE, <code>beta</code> is estimated.
<code>beta_free</code>	Logical matrix indicating which elements of <code>beta</code> are freely estimated. If NULL, all elements are free. Ignored if <code>beta_fixed</code> = TRUE.
<code>beta_values</code>	Numeric matrix of values for <code>beta</code> . If <code>beta_fixed</code> = TRUE, these are fixed values. If <code>beta_fixed</code> = FALSE, these are starting values. If NULL, defaults to a zero matrix.
<code>beta_lbound</code>	Numeric matrix of lower bounds for <code>beta</code> . If NULL, defaults to -1.5. Ignored if <code>beta_fixed</code> = TRUE.
<code>beta_ubound</code>	Numeric matrix of upper bounds for <code>beta</code> . If NULL, defaults to +1.5. Ignored if <code>beta_fixed</code> = TRUE.
<code>psi_diag</code>	Logical. If TRUE, <code>psi</code> is diagonal. If FALSE, <code>psi</code> is symmetric.
<code>psi_d_free</code>	Logical vector indicating free/fixed status of the elements of <code>psi_d</code> . If NULL, all element of <code>psi_d</code> are free.

<code>psi_d_values</code>	Numeric vector with starting values for <code>psi_d</code> . If NULL, defaults to a vector of ones.
<code>psi_d_lbound</code>	Numeric vector with lower bounds for <code>psi_d</code> . If NULL, no lower bounds are set.
<code>psi_d_ubound</code>	Numeric vector with upper bounds for <code>psi_d</code> . If NULL, no upper bounds are set.
<code>psi_l_free</code>	Logical matrix indicating which strictly-lower-triangular elements of <code>psi_l</code> are free. Ignored if <code>psi_diag = TRUE</code> .
<code>psi_l_values</code>	Numeric matrix of starting values for the strictly-lower-triangular elements of <code>psi_l</code> . If NULL, defaults to a null matrix.
<code>psi_l_lbound</code>	Numeric matrix with lower bounds for <code>psi_l</code> . If NULL, no lower bounds are set.
<code>psi_l_ubound</code>	Numeric matrix with upper bounds for <code>psi_l</code> . If NULL, no upper bounds are set.
<code>nu_fixed</code>	Logical. If TRUE, the measurement model intercept vector <code>nu</code> is fixed. If FALSE, <code>nu</code> is estimated.
<code>nu_free</code>	Logical vector indicating which elements of <code>nu</code> are freely estimated. If NULL, all elements are free. Ignored if <code>nu_fixed = TRUE</code> .
<code>nu_values</code>	Numeric vector of values for <code>nu</code> . If <code>nu_fixed = TRUE</code> , these are fixed values. If <code>nu_fixed = FALSE</code> , these are starting values. If NULL, defaults to a vector of zeros.
<code>nu_lbound</code>	Numeric vector of lower bounds for <code>nu</code> . If NULL, no lower bounds are set. Ignored if <code>nu_fixed = TRUE</code> .
<code>nu_ubound</code>	Numeric vector of upper bounds for <code>nu</code> . If NULL, no upper bounds are set. Ignored if <code>nu_fixed = TRUE</code> .
<code>theta_diag</code>	Logical. If TRUE, <code>theta</code> is diagonal. If FALSE, <code>theta</code> is symmetric.
<code>theta_fixed</code>	Logical. If TRUE, the measurement error matrix <code>theta</code> is fixed to <code>SoftPlus(theta_d_values)</code> . If FALSE, only diagonal elements are estimated (off-diagonals fixed to zero).
<code>theta_d_free</code>	Logical vector indicating free/fixed status of the diagonal parameters <code>theta_d</code> . If NULL, all element of <code>theta_d</code> are free.
<code>theta_d_values</code>	Numeric vector with starting values for <code>theta_d</code> . If <code>theta_fixed = TRUE</code> , these are fixed values. If <code>theta_fixed = FALSE</code> , these are starting values. If NULL, defaults to an identity matrix.
<code>theta_d_lbound</code>	Numeric vector with lower bounds for <code>theta_d</code> . If NULL, no lower bounds are set.
<code>theta_d_ubound</code>	Numeric vector with upper bounds for <code>theta_d</code> . If NULL, no upper bounds are set.
<code>theta_d_equal</code>	Logical. When TRUE, all free diagonal elements of <code>theta_d</code> are constrained to be equal and estimated as a single shared parameter (<code>theta_eq</code>). Ignored if no diagonal elements are free.
<code>theta_l_free</code>	Logical matrix indicating which strictly-lower-triangular elements of <code>theta_l</code> are free. Ignored if <code>theta_diag = TRUE</code> .
<code>theta_l_values</code>	Numeric matrix of starting values for the strictly-lower-triangular elements of <code>theta_l</code> . If NULL, defaults to a null matrix.
<code>theta_l_lbound</code>	Numeric matrix with lower bounds for <code>theta_l</code> . If NULL, no lower bounds are set.

theta_l_ubound	Numeric matrix with upper bounds for theta_l. If NULL, no upper bounds are set.
mu0_fixed	Logical. If TRUE, the initial mean vector mu0 is fixed. If FALSE, mu0 is estimated.
mu0_func	Logical. If TRUE and mu0_fixed = TRUE, mu0 is fixed to $(I - \beta)^{-1}\alpha$.
mu0_free	Logical vector indicating which elements of mu0 are freely estimated.
mu0_values	Numeric vector of values for mu0. If mu0_fixed = TRUE, these are fixed values. If mu0_fixed = FALSE, these are starting values. If NULL, defaults to a vector of zeros.
mu0_lbound	Numeric vector of lower bounds for mu0. If NULL, no lower bounds are set. Ignored if mu0_fixed = TRUE.
mu0_ubound	Numeric vector of upper bounds for mu0. If NULL, no upper bounds are set. Ignored if mu0_fixed = TRUE.
sigma0_fixed	Logical. If TRUE, the initial covariance matrix sigma0 is fixed. If FALSE, sigma0 is estimated.
sigma0_func	Logical. If TRUE and sigma0_fixed = TRUE, sigma0 is fixed to $(I - \beta \otimes \beta)^{-1} \text{Vec}(\Psi)$.
sigma0_diag	Logical. If TRUE, sigma0 is diagonal. If FALSE, sigma0 is symmetric.
sigma0_d_free	Logical vector indicating free/fixed status of the elements of sigma0_d. If NULL, all element of sigma0_d are free.
sigma0_d_values	Numeric vector with starting values for sigma0_d. If NULL, defaults to a vector of ones.
sigma0_d_lbound	Numeric vector with lower bounds for sigma0_d. If NULL, no lower bounds are set.
sigma0_d_ubound	Numeric vector with upper bounds for sigma0_d. If NULL, no upper bounds are set.
sigma0_l_free	Logical matrix indicating which strictly-lower-triangular elements of sigma0_l are free. Ignored if sigma0_diag = TRUE.
sigma0_l_values	Numeric matrix of starting values for the strictly-lower-triangular elements of sigma0_l. If NULL, defaults to a null matrix.
sigma0_l_lbound	Numeric matrix with lower bounds for sigma0_l. If NULL, no lower bounds are set.
sigma0_l_ubound	Numeric matrix with upper bounds for sigma0_l. If NULL, no upper bounds are set.
robust	Logical. If TRUE, calculate robust (sandwich) sampling variance-covariance matrix.
tries_explore	Integer. Number of extra tries for the wide exploration phase using OpenMx::mxTryHardWideSearch() with checkHess = FALSE.
tries_local	Integer. Number of extra tries for local polishing via OpenMx::mxTryHard() when gradients remain above tolerance.

max_attempts	Integer. Maximum number of remediation attempts after the first Hessian computation fails the criteria. Each attempt may nudge off bounds, refit locally without the Hessian, and, on the last attempt, relax bounds.
grad_tol	Numeric. Tolerance for the maximum absolute gradient. Smaller values are stricter.
hess_tol	Numeric. Minimum allowable Hessian eigenvalue. Smaller values are less strict.
eps	Numeric. Proximity threshold to detect parameters on their bounds and to nudge them inward by $10 * \text{eps}$.
factor	Numeric. Multiplicative factor to relax parameter bounds on the final remediation attempt. Lower bounds are divided by factor and upper bounds are multiplied by factor.
overwrite	Logical. If TRUE, existing intermediate files are overwritten. Defaults to FALSE.
path	Character string. Directory in which to save intermediate files.
prefix	Alphanumeric character string. Prefix to use when naming intermediate files.
seed	Random seed for reproducibility.
silent	Logical. If TRUE, suppresses messages during the model fitting stage.
ncores	Positive integer. Number of cores to use.
clean	Logical. If TRUE, clean intermediate files saved in path.

Details

The measurement model is given by

$$\mathbf{y}_{i,t} = \boldsymbol{\nu} + \boldsymbol{\Lambda} \boldsymbol{\eta}_{i,t} + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_{i,t}, \quad \text{with } \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_{i,t} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{0}, \boldsymbol{\Theta})$$

where $\mathbf{y}_{i,t}$, $\boldsymbol{\eta}_{i,t}$, and $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_{i,t}$ are random variables and $\boldsymbol{\nu}$, $\boldsymbol{\Lambda}$, and $\boldsymbol{\Theta}$ are model parameters. $\mathbf{y}_{i,t}$ represents a vector of observed random variables, $\boldsymbol{\eta}_{i,t}$ a vector of latent random variables, and $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_{i,t}$ a vector of random measurement errors, at time t and individual i . $\boldsymbol{\Lambda}$ denotes a matrix of factor loadings, and $\boldsymbol{\Theta}$ the covariance matrix of $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$. In this model, $\boldsymbol{\Lambda}$ is an identity matrix and $\boldsymbol{\Theta}$ is a diagonal matrix.

The dynamic structure is given by

$$\boldsymbol{\eta}_{i,t} = \boldsymbol{\alpha} + \boldsymbol{\beta} \boldsymbol{\eta}_{i,t-1} + \boldsymbol{\zeta}_{i,t}, \quad \text{with } \boldsymbol{\zeta}_{i,t} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{0}, \boldsymbol{\Psi})$$

where $\boldsymbol{\eta}_{i,t}$, $\boldsymbol{\eta}_{i,t-1}$, and $\boldsymbol{\zeta}_{i,t}$ are random variables, and $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$, $\boldsymbol{\beta}$, and $\boldsymbol{\Psi}$ are model parameters. Here, $\boldsymbol{\eta}_{i,t}$ is a vector of latent variables at time t and individual i , $\boldsymbol{\eta}_{i,t-1}$ represents a vector of latent variables at time $t - 1$ and individual i , and $\boldsymbol{\zeta}_{i,t}$ represents a vector of dynamic noise at time t and individual i . $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$ denotes a vector of intercepts, $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ a matrix of autoregression and cross regression coefficients, and $\boldsymbol{\Psi}$ the covariance matrix of $\boldsymbol{\zeta}_{i,t}$.

Value

Returns an object of class `dtvarmxid` which is a list with the following elements:

call Function call.

args List of function arguments.

fun Function used ("FitDTVARMxID").

output A list of fitted OpenMx models.

robust A list of output from `OpenMx::imxRobustSE()` with argument `details = TRUE` if `random = TRUE` for each id.

Author(s)

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

References

Hunter, M. D. (2017). State space modeling in an open source, modular, structural equation modeling environment. *Structural Equation Modeling: A Multidisciplinary Journal*, 25(2), 307–324. doi:[10.1080/10705511.2017.1369354](https://doi.org/10.1080/10705511.2017.1369354)

Neale, M. C., Hunter, M. D., Pritikin, J. N., Zahery, M., Brick, T. R., Kirkpatrick, R. M., Estabrook, R., Bates, T. C., Maes, H. H., & Boker, S. M. (2015). OpenMx 2.0: Extended structural equation and statistical modeling. *Psychometrika*, 81(2), 535–549. doi:[10.1007/s1133601494358](https://doi.org/10.1007/s1133601494358)

See Also

Other DTVAR Functions: `LDL()`, `Softplus()`

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Generate data using the simStateSpace package-----
set.seed(42)
k <- 2
n <- 5
time <- 100
alpha <- rep(x = 0, times = k)
beta <- matrix(
  data = c(.5, .0, .2, .5),
  nrow = k,
  ncol = k
)
psi <- matrix(
  data = c(exp(-4.1), exp(-3.9), exp(-3.9), exp(-3.2)),
  nrow = k,
  ncol = k
)
psi_1 <- t(chol(psi))
nu <- rep(x = 5, times = k)
lambda <- diag(k)
theta <- matrix(
  data = c(exp(-2), 0, 0, exp(-2.8)),
  nrow = k,
  ncol = k
)
```

```

theta_l <- t(chol(theta))
mu0 <- c(solve(diag(k) - beta) %*% alpha)
sigma0 <- matrix(
  data = c(
    solve(diag(k * k) - beta %x% beta) %*% c(psi)
  ),
  nrow = k,
  ncol = k
)
sigma0_l <- t(chol(sigma0))
sim <- simStateSpace::SimSSMIVary(
  n = n,
  time,
  mu0 = list(mu0),
  sigma0_l = list(sigma0_l),
  alpha = list(alpha),
  beta = simStateSpace::SimBetaN(
    n = n,
    beta = beta,
    vcov_beta_vec_l = t(chol(0.1 * diag(k * k)))
  ),
  psi_l = list(psi_l),
  nu = list(nu),
  lambda = list(lambda),
  theta_l = list(theta_l)
)
data <- as.data.frame(sim)

# Fit the model-----
library(fitDTVARMxID)
fit <- FitDTVARMxID(
  data = data,
  observed = paste0("y", seq_len(k)),
  id = "id"
)
print(fit)
summary(fit)
coef(fit)
vcov(fit)
converged(fit)

## End(Not run)

```

Description

Performs an LDL' factorization of a symmetric positive-definite matrix X , such that

$$X = LDL^\top,$$

where L is unit lower-triangular (ones on the diagonal) and D is diagonal.

Usage

```
LDL(x)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	Numeric matrix. Must be symmetric positive-definite.
----------------	--

Details

This function returns both the unit lower-triangular factor L and the diagonal factor D . The strictly lower-triangular part of L is also provided for convenience. The function additionally computes an unconstrained vector d_{uc} such that $\text{softplus}(d_{uc}) = d_{vec}$, using $\text{softplus}^{-1}(y) = \log(\exp(y) - 1)$ for stable back-transformation.

Value

A list with components:

<code>l_mat_unit</code>	Unit lower-triangular matrix L .
<code>l_mat_strict</code>	Strictly lower-triangular part of L .
<code>d_mat</code>	Diagonal matrix D .
<code>d_vec</code>	Vector of diagonal entries of D .
<code>d_uc</code>	Unconstrained vector with $\text{softplus}(d_{uc}) = d_{vec}$.
<code>x</code>	Original input matrix.
<code>y</code>	Reconstructed matrix LDL^\top .
<code>diff</code>	Difference $x - y$.

See Also

Other DTVAR Functions: [FitDTVARMxID\(\)](#), [Softplus\(\)](#)

Examples

```
set.seed(123)
A <- matrix(rnorm(16), 4, 4)
S <- crossprod(A) + diag(1e-6, 4) # SPD
out <- LDL(S)
max(abs(out$diff))
```

print.dtvarmxid *Print Method for Object of Class dtvarmxid*

Description

Print Method for Object of Class dtvarmxid

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'dtvarmxid'
print(
  x,
  means = FALSE,
  alpha = TRUE,
  beta = TRUE,
  nu = TRUE,
  psi = TRUE,
  theta = TRUE,
  converged = TRUE,
  grad_tol = 0.01,
  hess_tol = 1e-08,
  vanishing_theta = TRUE,
  theta_tol = 0.001,
  digits = 4,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x	an object of class <code>dtvarmxid</code> .
means	Logical. If <code>means</code> = TRUE, return means. Otherwise, the function returns raw estimates.
alpha	Logical. If <code>alpha</code> = TRUE, include estimates of the alpha vector, if available. If <code>alpha</code> = FALSE, exclude estimates of the alpha vector.
beta	Logical. If <code>beta</code> = TRUE, include estimates of the beta matrix, if available. If <code>beta</code> = FALSE, exclude estimates of the beta matrix.
nu	Logical. If <code>nu</code> = TRUE, include estimates of the nu vector, if available. If <code>nu</code> = FALSE, exclude estimates of the nu vector.
psi	Logical. If <code>psi</code> = TRUE, include estimates of the psi matrix, if available. If <code>psi</code> = FALSE, exclude estimates of the psi matrix.
theta	Logical. If <code>theta</code> = TRUE, include estimates of the theta matrix, if available. If <code>theta</code> = FALSE, exclude estimates of the theta matrix.
converged	Logical. Only include converged cases.
grad_tol	Numeric scalar. Tolerance for the maximum absolute gradient if <code>converged</code> = TRUE.

<code>hess_tol</code>	Numeric scalar. Tolerance for Hessian eigenvalues; eigenvalues must be strictly greater than this value if <code>converged = TRUE</code> .
<code>vanishing_theta</code>	Logical. Test for measurement error variance going to zero if <code>converged = TRUE</code> .
<code>theta_tol</code>	Numeric. Tolerance for vanishing theta test if <code>converged</code> and <code>theta_tol</code> are <code>TRUE</code> .
<code>digits</code>	Integer indicating the number of decimal places to display.
...	further arguments.

Author(s)

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

Softplus

Softplus and Inverse Softplus Transformations

Description

The softplus transformation maps unconstrained real values to the positive real line. This is useful when parameters (e.g., variances) must be strictly positive. The inverse softplus transformation recovers the unconstrained value from a positive input.

Usage

`Softplus(x)`

`InvSoftplus(x)`

Arguments

`x` Numeric vector or matrix. Input values to be transformed.

Details

- $\text{Softplus}(x) = \log(1 + \exp(x))$
- $\text{InvSoftplus}(x) = \log(\exp(x) - 1)$

For numerical stability, these functions use `log1p()` and `expm1()` internally.

Value

- `Softplus()`: numeric vector or matrix of strictly positive values.
- `InvSoftplus()`: numeric vector or matrix of unconstrained values.

Author(s)

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

See Also

Other DTVAR Functions: [FitDTVARMxID\(\)](#), [LDL\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# Apply softplus to unconstrained values
x <- c(-5, 0, 5)
y <- Softplus(x)

# Recover unconstrained values
x_recovered <- InvSoftplus(y)

y
x_recovered
```

summary.dtvarmxid *Summary Method for Object of Class dtvarmxid*

Description

Summary Method for Object of Class `dtvarmxid`

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'dtvarmxid'
summary(
  object,
  means = FALSE,
  alpha = TRUE,
  beta = TRUE,
  nu = TRUE,
  psi = TRUE,
  theta = TRUE,
  converged = TRUE,
  grad_tol = 0.01,
  hess_tol = 1e-08,
  vanishing_theta = TRUE,
  theta_tol = 0.001,
  digits = 4,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|---------------------|--|
| <code>object</code> | an object of class <code>dtvarmxid</code> . |
| <code>means</code> | Logical. If <code>means = TRUE</code> , return means. Otherwise, the function returns raw estimates. |

alpha	Logical. If alpha = TRUE, include estimates of the alpha vector, if available. If alpha = FALSE, exclude estimates of the alpha vector.
beta	Logical. If beta = TRUE, include estimates of the beta matrix, if available. If beta = FALSE, exclude estimates of the beta matrix.
nu	Logical. If nu = TRUE, include estimates of the nu vector, if available. If nu = FALSE, exclude estimates of the nu vector.
psi	Logical. If psi = TRUE, include estimates of the psi matrix, if available. If psi = FALSE, exclude estimates of the psi matrix.
theta	Logical. If theta = TRUE, include estimates of the theta matrix, if available. If theta = FALSE, exclude estimates of the theta matrix.
converged	Logical. Only include converged cases.
grad_tol	Numeric scalar. Tolerance for the maximum absolute gradient if converged = TRUE.
hess_tol	Numeric scalar. Tolerance for Hessian eigenvalues; eigenvalues must be strictly greater than this value if converged = TRUE.
vanishing_theta	Logical. Test for measurement error variance going to zero if converged = TRUE.
theta_tol	Numeric. Tolerance for vanishing theta test if converged and theta_tol are TRUE.
digits	Integer indicating the number of decimal places to display.
...	further arguments.

Author(s)

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

vcov.dtvarmxid

Sampling Covariance Matrix of the Parameter Estimates

Description

Sampling Covariance Matrix of the Parameter Estimates

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'dtvarmxid'
vcov(
  object,
  alpha = TRUE,
  beta = TRUE,
  nu = TRUE,
  psi = TRUE,
  theta = TRUE,
```

```

converged = TRUE,
grad_tol = 0.01,
hess_tol = 1e-08,
vanishing_theta = TRUE,
theta_tol = 0.001,
robust = FALSE,
...
)

```

Arguments

object	Object of class dtvarmxid.
alpha	Logical. If alpha = TRUE, include estimates of the alpha vector, if available. If alpha = FALSE, exclude estimates of the alpha vector.
beta	Logical. If beta = TRUE, include estimates of the beta matrix, if available. If beta = FALSE, exclude estimates of the beta matrix.
nu	Logical. If nu = TRUE, include estimates of the nu vector, if available. If nu = FALSE, exclude estimates of the nu vector.
psi	Logical. If psi = TRUE, include estimates of the psi matrix, if available. If psi = FALSE, exclude estimates of the psi matrix.
theta	Logical. If theta = TRUE, include estimates of the theta matrix, if available. If theta = FALSE, exclude estimates of the theta matrix.
converged	Logical. Only include converged cases.
grad_tol	Numeric scalar. Tolerance for the maximum absolute gradient if converged = TRUE.
hess_tol	Numeric scalar. Tolerance for Hessian eigenvalues; eigenvalues must be strictly greater than this value if converged = TRUE.
vanishing_theta	Logical. Test for measurement error variance going to zero if converged = TRUE.
theta_tol	Numeric. Tolerance for vanishing theta test if converged and theta_tol are TRUE.
robust	Logical. If TRUE, use robust (sandwich) sampling variance-covariance matrix. If FALSE, use normal theory sampling variance-covariance matrix.
...	additional arguments.

Value

Returns a list of sampling variance-covariance matrices.

Author(s)

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

Index

- * **DTVAR Functions**
 - FitDTVARMxID, [4](#)
 - LDL, [11](#)
 - Softplus, [14](#)
- * **fitDTVARMxID**
 - FitDTVARMxID, [4](#)
 - LDL, [11](#)
 - Softplus, [14](#)
- * **fit**
 - FitDTVARMxID, [4](#)
- * **methods**
 - coef.dtvarmxid, [2](#)
 - converged, [3](#)
 - print.dtvarmxid, [13](#)
 - summary.dtvarmxid, [15](#)
 - vcov.dtvarmxid, [16](#)
- * **misc**
 - LDL, [11](#)
 - Softplus, [14](#)

coef.dtvarmxid, [2](#)
converged, [3](#)

FitDTVARMxID, [4](#), [12](#), [15](#)

InvSoftplus (Softplus), [14](#)

LDL, [10](#), [11](#), [15](#)

OpenMx::imxRobustSE(), [10](#)

print.dtvarmxid, [13](#)

Softplus, [10](#), [12](#), [14](#)

summary.dtvarmxid, [15](#)

vcov.dtvarmxid, [16](#)