

# Package ‘manCULTA’

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---

AIC.fitcult

*Akaike's Information Criterion*


---

## Description

Akaike's Information Criterion

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'fitcultu'  
AIC(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	Object of class fitcultu.
...	additional arguments.

**Value**

Returns Akaike's information criterion (AIC).

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
# complete list of R function arguments -----  
  
# random seed for reproducibility  
set.seed(42)  
  
# dimensions  
n <- 1000 # number of individuals  
m <- 6 # measurement occasions  
p <- 4 # number of items  
q <- 1 # common trait dimension  
  
# covariate parameters  
mu_x <- 11.4009  
sigma_x <- 24.67566  
  
# profile membership and transition parameters  
nu_0 <- -3.563  
kappa_0 <- 0.122  
alpha_0 <- -3.586  
beta_00 <- 2.250  
gamma_00 <- 0.063  
gamma_10 <- 0.094  
  
# trait parameters  
psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)  
mu_t <- 0  
psi_p <- diag(p)  
psi_p_1 <- 0.10  
psi_p_2 <- 0.10  
psi_p_3 <- 0.50  
psi_p_4 <- 0.50
```

```

diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
)

# state parameters
common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)

phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 1.00
psi_s <- 0.25
theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
  c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
)

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,
  psi_t = psi_t,
  mu_p = mu_p,
  psi_p = psi_p,
  common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
  common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
  phi_0 = phi_0,
  phi_1 = phi_1,
  psi_s0 = psi_s0,
  psi_s = psi_s,

```

```

    theta = theta,
    mu_profile = mu_profile
  )

  # model fitting -----
  # NOTE: Model fitting takes time
  fit <- FitCULTA2Profiles(data = data)
  AIC(fit)

  ## End(Not run)

```

---

anova.fitcultu	<i>Compare Two Nested fitcultu Models Using Scaled Chi-Square Difference Test</i>
----------------	---

---

## Description

This function compares two fitcultu models using the Satorra-Bentler scaled chi-square difference test based on log-likelihoods, number of free parameters, and scaling correction factors. It also returns model fit indices for both models, including AIC, BIC, adjusted BIC, and entropy.

## Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'fitcultu'
anova(object, other, ...)

```

## Arguments

object	Model object of class fitcultu.
other	Another model object of class fitcultu.
...	additional arguments.

## Value

A list with two elements:

fit	A matrix summarizing model fit indices for both models, including: logLik, df (number of free parameters), correction (scaling factor), AIC, BIC, aBIC (adjusted BIC), and entropy.
diff	A named numeric vector with scaled chi-square difference, degrees of freedom difference, and p-value.

## Examples

```
## Not run:
# complete list of R function arguments -----

# random seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)

# dimensions
n <- 1000 # number of individuals
m <- 6 # measurement occasions
p <- 4 # number of items
q <- 1 # common trait dimension

# covariate parameters
mu_x <- 11.4009
sigma_x <- 24.67566

# profile membership and transition parameters
nu_0 <- -3.563
kappa_0 <- 0.122
alpha_0 <- -3.586
beta_00 <- 2.250
gamma_00 <- 0.063
gamma_10 <- 0.094

# trait parameters
psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)
mu_t <- 0
psi_p <- diag(p)
psi_p_1 <- 0.10
psi_p_2 <- 0.10
psi_p_3 <- 0.50
psi_p_4 <- 0.50
diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
)

# state parameters
common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)
```

```

phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 1.00
psi_s <- 0.25
theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
  c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
)

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,
  psi_t = psi_t,
  mu_p = mu_p,
  psi_p = psi_p,
  common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
  common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
  phi_0 = phi_0,
  phi_1 = phi_1,
  psi_s0 = psi_s0,
  psi_s = psi_s,
  theta = theta,
  mu_profile = mu_profile
)

# model fitting -----
# NOTE: Model fitting takes time
one_profile <- FitCULTA1Profile(data = data)
two_profiles <- FitCULTA2Profiles(data = data)
anova(one_profile, two_profiles)

## End(Not run)

```

---

as.data.frame.simcult

*Coerce an Object of Class simcult to a Data Frame*


---

**Description**

Coerce an Object of Class `simculata` to a Data Frame

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'simculata'  
as.data.frame(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	Object of class <code>simculata</code> .
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**Examples**

```
x <- GenCULTA2Profiles(  
  n = 10,  
  m = 6,  
  common_trait_loading = matrix(  
    data = c(1, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75),  
    ncol = 1  
  ),  
  common_state_loading = matrix(  
    data = c(1, 1.5, 1.75, 2.00),  
    ncol = 1  
  ),  
  mu_t = NULL,  
  psi_t = NULL,  
  mu_p = NULL,  
  psi_p = NULL,  
  theta = diag(4),  
  mu_profile = cbind(  
    c(-3, -3, -3, -3),  
    c(3, 3, 3, 3)  
  ),  
  mu_x = 0,  
  sigma_x = 1,  
  nu_0 = -3.563,  
  kappa_0 = 0.122,  
  alpha_0 = -3.586,  
  beta_00 = 2.250,  
  gamma_00 = 0.063,  
  gamma_10 = 0.094,  
  phi_0 = 0.311,  
  phi_1 = 0,  
  psi_s0 = 0.151,  
  psi_s = 0.290
```



```
)  
as.data.frame(x)
```

---

as.matrix.simulta	<i>Coerce an Object of Class simulta to a Matrix</i>
-------------------	--

---

## Description

Coerce an Object of Class simulta to a Matrix

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'simulta'  
as.matrix(x, ...)
```

## Arguments

x	Object of class simulta.
...	Additional arguments.

## Author(s)

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

## Examples

```
x <- GenCULTA2Profiles(  
  n = 10,  
  m = 6,  
  common_trait_loading = matrix(  
    data = c(1, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75),  
    ncol = 1  
  ),  
  common_state_loading = matrix(  
    data = c(1, 1.5, 1.75, 2.00),  
    ncol = 1  
  ),  
  mu_t = NULL,  
  psi_t = NULL,  
  mu_p = NULL,  
  psi_p = NULL,  
  theta = diag(4),  
  mu_profile = cbind(  
    c(-3, -3, -3, -3),  
    c(3, 3, 3, 3)  
  ),  
  mu_x = 0,  
  sigma_x = 1,
```

```

    nu_0 = -3.563,
    kappa_0 = 0.122,
    alpha_0 = -3.586,
    beta_00 = 2.250,
    gamma_00 = 0.063,
    gamma_10 = 0.094,
    phi_0 = 0.311,
    phi_1 = 0,
    psi_s0 = 0.151,
    psi_s = 0.290
  )
  as.matrix(x)

```

BIC.fitcult

*Bayesian Information Criterion***Description**

Bayesian Information Criterion

**Usage**

```

## S3 method for class 'fitcult'
BIC(object, adjust = FALSE, ...)

```

**Arguments**

object	Object of class fitcult.
adjust	Logical. If adjust = TRUE, return the sample size adjusted BIC.
...	additional arguments.

**Value**

Returns Bayesian information criterion (BIC).

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**Examples**

```

## Not run:
# complete list of R function arguments -----

# random seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)

# dimensions

```

```

n <- 1000 # number of individuals
m <- 6 # measurement occasions
p <- 4 # number of items
q <- 1 # common trait dimension

# covariate parameters
mu_x <- 11.4009
sigma_x <- 24.67566

# profile membership and transition parameters
nu_0 <- -3.563
kappa_0 <- 0.122
alpha_0 <- -3.586
beta_00 <- 2.250
gamma_00 <- 0.063
gamma_10 <- 0.094

# trait parameters
psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)
mu_t <- 0
psi_p <- diag(p)
psi_p_1 <- 0.10
psi_p_2 <- 0.10
psi_p_3 <- 0.50
psi_p_4 <- 0.50
diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
)

# state parameters
common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)
phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 1.00
psi_s <- 0.25
theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),

```

```

      c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
    )

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,
  psi_t = psi_t,
  mu_p = mu_p,
  psi_p = psi_p,
  common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
  common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
  phi_0 = phi_0,
  phi_1 = phi_1,
  psi_s0 = psi_s0,
  psi_s = psi_s,
  theta = theta,
  mu_profile = mu_profile
)

# model fitting -----
# NOTE: Model fitting takes time
fit <- FitCULTA2Profiles(data = data)
BIC(fit)
BIC(fit, adjust = TRUE)

## End(Not run)

```

---

coef.fitcult

---

*Parameter Estimates*


---

## Description

Parameter Estimates

## Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'fitcult'
coef(object, ...)

```

**Arguments**

object            Object of class fitcultu.  
 ...              additional arguments.

**Value**

Returns a vector of parameter estimates.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# complete list of R function arguments -----

# random seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)

# dimensions
n <- 1000 # number of individuals
m <- 6 # measurement occasions
p <- 4 # number of items
q <- 1 # common trait dimension

# covariate parameters
mu_x <- 11.4009
sigma_x <- 24.67566

# profile membership and transition parameters
nu_0 <- -3.563
kappa_0 <- 0.122
alpha_0 <- -3.586
beta_00 <- 2.250
gamma_00 <- 0.063
gamma_10 <- 0.094

# trait parameters
psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)
mu_t <- 0
psi_p <- diag(p)
psi_p_1 <- 0.10
psi_p_2 <- 0.10
psi_p_3 <- 0.50
psi_p_4 <- 0.50
diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
```

```

)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
)

# state parameters
common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)
phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 1.00
psi_s <- 0.25
theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
  c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
)

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,
  psi_t = psi_t,
  mu_p = mu_p,
  psi_p = psi_p,
  common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
  common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
  phi_0 = phi_0,
  phi_1 = phi_1,
  psi_s0 = psi_s0,
  psi_s = psi_s,
  theta = theta,
  mu_profile = mu_profile
)

# model fitting -----

```

```
# NOTE: Model fitting takes time
fit <- FitCULTA2Profiles(data = data)
coef(fit)

## End(Not run)
```

---

confint.fitcultu	<i>Confidence Intervals for Parameter Estimates</i>
------------------	---

---

### Description

Confidence Intervals for Parameter Estimates

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'fitcultu'
confint(object, parm = NULL, level = 0.95, ...)
```

### Arguments

object	Object of class fitcultu.
parm	a specification of which parameters are to be given confidence intervals, either a vector of numbers or a vector of names. If missing, all parameters are considered.
level	the confidence level required.
...	additional arguments.

### Value

Returns a matrix of confidence intervals.

### Author(s)

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

### Examples

```
## Not run:
# complete list of R function arguments -----

# random seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)

# dimensions
n <- 1000 # number of individuals
m <- 6 # measurement occasions
p <- 4 # number of items
```

```

q <- 1 # common trait dimension

# covariate parameters
mu_x <- 11.4009
sigma_x <- 24.67566

# profile membership and transition parameters
nu_0 <- -3.563
kappa_0 <- 0.122
alpha_0 <- -3.586
beta_00 <- 2.250
gamma_00 <- 0.063
gamma_10 <- 0.094

# trait parameters
psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)
mu_t <- 0
psi_p <- diag(p)
psi_p_1 <- 0.10
psi_p_2 <- 0.10
psi_p_3 <- 0.50
psi_p_4 <- 0.50
diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
)

# state parameters
common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)
phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 1.00
psi_s <- 0.25
theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
  c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
)

```



```

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,
  psi_t = psi_t,
  mu_p = mu_p,
  psi_p = psi_p,
  common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
  common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
  phi_0 = phi_0,
  phi_1 = phi_1,
  psi_s0 = psi_s0,
  psi_s = psi_s,
  theta = theta,
  mu_profile = mu_profile
)

# model fitting -----
# NOTE: Model fitting takes time
fit <- FitCULTA2Profiles(data = data)
confint(fit, level = 0.95)

## End(Not run)

```

---

converged

---

*Convergence Status of a Model Fit*


---

## Description

Checks whether the model fitting procedure for an object of class `fitculta` has successfully converged based on the presence of the string "THE BEST LOGLIKELIHOOD VALUE HAS BEEN REPLICATED." in the Mplus output.

## Usage

```
converged(object, ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>object</code>	Object of class <code>fitculta</code> .
<code>...</code>	additional arguments.

**Value**

Logical. TRUE if the model has converged, FALSE otherwise.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# complete list of R function arguments -----

# random seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)

# dimensions
n <- 1000 # number of individuals
m <- 6 # measurement occasions
p <- 4 # number of items
q <- 1 # common trait dimension

# covariate parameters
mu_x <- 11.4009
sigma_x <- 24.67566

# profile membership and transition parameters
nu_0 <- -3.563
kappa_0 <- 0.122
alpha_0 <- -3.586
beta_00 <- 2.250
gamma_00 <- 0.063
gamma_10 <- 0.094

# trait parameters
psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)
mu_t <- 0
psi_p <- diag(p)
psi_p_1 <- 0.10
psi_p_2 <- 0.10
psi_p_3 <- 0.50
psi_p_4 <- 0.50
diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
```

```

)

# state parameters
common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)

phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 1.00
psi_s <- 0.25
theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
  c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
)

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,
  psi_t = psi_t,
  mu_p = mu_p,
  psi_p = psi_p,
  common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
  common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
  phi_0 = phi_0,
  phi_1 = phi_1,
  psi_s0 = psi_s0,
  psi_s = psi_s,
  theta = theta,
  mu_profile = mu_profile
)

# model fitting -----
# NOTE: Model fitting takes time
fit <- FitCULTA2Profiles(data = data)
converged(fit)

## End(Not run)

```

---

entropy	<i>Entropy</i>
---------	----------------

---

**Description**

Entropy

**Usage**

entropy(object, ...)

**Arguments**

object	Object of class fitcultu.
...	additional arguments.

**Value**

Returns Akaike's information criterion (AIC).

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# complete list of R function arguments -----

# random seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)

# dimensions
n <- 1000 # number of individuals
m <- 6 # measurement occasions
p <- 4 # number of items
q <- 1 # common trait dimension

# covariate parameters
mu_x <- 11.4009
sigma_x <- 24.67566

# profile membership and transition parameters
nu_0 <- -3.563
kappa_0 <- 0.122
alpha_0 <- -3.586
beta_00 <- 2.250
gamma_00 <- 0.063
gamma_10 <- 0.094
```

```

# trait parameters
psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)
mu_t <- 0
psi_p <- diag(p)
psi_p_1 <- 0.10
psi_p_2 <- 0.10
psi_p_3 <- 0.50
psi_p_4 <- 0.50
diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
)

# state parameters
common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)
phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 1.00
psi_s <- 0.25
theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
  c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
)

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,

```

```

psi_t = psi_t,
mu_p = mu_p,
psi_p = psi_p,
common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
phi_0 = phi_0,
phi_1 = phi_1,
psi_s0 = psi_s0,
psi_s = psi_s,
theta = theta,
mu_profile = mu_profile
)

# model fitting -----
# NOTE: Model fitting takes time
fit <- FitCULTA2Profiles(data = data)
entropy(fit)

## End(Not run)

```

---

FitCULTA1Profile

*Fit the One-Profile CULTA Model (CUTS Model with AR)*


---

## Description

Fits the one-profile CULTA model using Mplus.

## Usage

```
FitCULTA1Profile(data, wd = ".", mplus_bin = NULL, starts = 10)
```

## Arguments

data	R object. Object of class simcult.
wd	Character string. Working directory.
mplus_bin	Character string. Path to Mplus binary. If mplus_bin = NULL, the function will try to find the appropriate binary.
starts	Positive integer. Number of initial stage starting values.

## Value

Returns an object of class `fitcult`. which is a list with the following elements:

- call: Function call.
- fun: Function used ("FitCULTA1Profile").
- args: Function arguments.
- output: Mplus output files.
- elapsed: Elapsed time.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**See Also**

Other Model Fitting Functions: [FitCULTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [FitLTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [FitRILTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputCULTA1Profile\(\)](#), [InputCULTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputLTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputRILTA2Profiles\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# complete list of R function arguments -----

# random seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)

# dimensions
n <- 1000 # number of individuals
m <- 6 # measurement occasions
p <- 4 # number of items
q <- 1 # common trait dimension

# covariate parameters
mu_x <- 11.4009
sigma_x <- 24.67566

# profile membership and transition parameters
nu_0 <- -3.563
kappa_0 <- 0.122
alpha_0 <- -3.586
beta_00 <- 2.250
gamma_00 <- 0.063
gamma_10 <- 0.094

# trait parameters
psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)
mu_t <- 0
psi_p <- diag(p)
psi_p_1 <- 0.10
psi_p_2 <- 0.10
psi_p_3 <- 0.50
psi_p_4 <- 0.50
diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
```

```

    ncol = q
  )

  # state parameters
  common_state_loading <- matrix(
    data = 1,
    nrow = p,
    ncol = 1
  )
  phi_0 <- 0.000
  phi_1 <- 0.311
  psi_s0 <- 1.00
  psi_s <- 0.25
  theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

  # profile-specific means
  mu_profile <- cbind(
    c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
    c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
  )

  # data generation -----
  data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
    n = n,
    m = m,
    mu_x = mu_x,
    sigma_x = sigma_x,
    nu_0 = nu_0,
    kappa_0 = kappa_0,
    alpha_0 = alpha_0,
    beta_00 = beta_00,
    gamma_00 = gamma_00,
    gamma_10 = gamma_10,
    mu_t = mu_t,
    psi_t = psi_t,
    mu_p = mu_p,
    psi_p = psi_p,
    common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
    common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
    phi_0 = phi_0,
    phi_1 = phi_1,
    psi_s0 = psi_s0,
    psi_s = psi_s,
    theta = theta,
    mu_profile = mu_profile
  )

  # model fitting -----
  # NOTE: Model fitting takes time
  FitCULTA1Profile(data = data)

  ## End(Not run)

```



---

FitCULTA2Profiles	<i>Fit the Two-Profile CULTA Model</i>
-------------------	--

---

**Description**

Fits the two-profile CULTA model using Mplus.

**Usage**

```
FitCULTA2Profiles(  
  data,  
  wd = ".",  
  ncores = 1L,  
  mplus_bin = NULL,  
  starts = c(20, 4),  
  stiterations = 10,  
  stscale = 5  
)
```

**Arguments**

data	R object. Object of class simculta.
wd	Character string. Working directory.
ncores	Positive integer. Number of cores to use.
mplus_bin	Character string. Path to Mplus binary. If mplus_bin = NULL, the function will try to find the appropriate binary.
starts	Vector of positive integer of length two. Number of initial stage starts and number of final stage optimizations.
stiterations	Positive integer. Number of initial stage iterations.
stscale	Positive integer. Random start scale.

**Value**

Returns an object of class `fitculta`. which is a list with the following elements:

- `call`: Function call.
- `fun`: Function used ("FitCULTA2Profiles").
- `args`: Function arguments.
- `output`: Mplus output files.
- `elapsed`: Elapsed time.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**See Also**

Other Model Fitting Functions: [FitCULTA1Profile\(\)](#), [FitLTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [FitRILTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputCULTA1Profile\(\)](#), [InputCULTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputLTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputRILTA2Profiles\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# complete list of R function arguments -----

# random seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)

# dimensions
n <- 1000 # number of individuals
m <- 6 # measurement occasions
p <- 4 # number of items
q <- 1 # common trait dimension

# covariate parameters
mu_x <- 11.4009
sigma_x <- 24.67566

# profile membership and transition parameters
nu_0 <- -3.563
kappa_0 <- 0.122
alpha_0 <- -3.586
beta_00 <- 2.250
gamma_00 <- 0.063
gamma_10 <- 0.094

# trait parameters
psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)
mu_t <- 0
psi_p <- diag(p)
psi_p_1 <- 0.10
psi_p_2 <- 0.10
psi_p_3 <- 0.50
psi_p_4 <- 0.50
diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
)

# state parameters
```

```
common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)
phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 1.00
psi_s <- 0.25
theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
  c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
)

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,
  psi_t = psi_t,
  mu_p = mu_p,
  psi_p = psi_p,
  common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
  common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
  phi_0 = phi_0,
  phi_1 = phi_1,
  psi_s0 = psi_s0,
  psi_s = psi_s,
  theta = theta,
  mu_profile = mu_profile
)

# model fitting -----
# NOTE: Model fitting takes time
FitCULTA2Profiles(data = data)

## End(Not run)
```

---

**Description**

Fits the two-profile LTA model using Mplus.

**Usage**

```
FitLTA2Profiles(
  data,
  wd = ".",
  ncores = 1L,
  mplus_bin = NULL,
  starts = c(20, 4),
  stiterations = 10,
  stscales = 5
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>data</code>	R object. Object of class <code>simcult</code> .
<code>wd</code>	Character string. Working directory.
<code>ncores</code>	Positive integer. Number of cores to use.
<code>mplus_bin</code>	Character string. Path to Mplus binary. If <code>mplus_bin = NULL</code> , the function will try to find the appropriate binary.
<code>starts</code>	Vector of positive integer of length two. Number of initial stage starts and number of final stage optimizations.
<code>stiterations</code>	Positive integer. Number of initial stage iterations.
<code>stscales</code>	Positive integer. Random start scale.

**Value**

Returns an object of class `fitcult`. which is a list with the following elements:

- `call`: Function call.
- `fun`: Function used ("FitLTA2Profiles").
- `args`: Function arguments.
- `output`: Mplus output files.
- `elapsed`: Elapsed time.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**See Also**

Other Model Fitting Functions: [FitCULTA1Profile\(\)](#), [FitCULTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [FitRILTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputCULTA1Profile\(\)](#), [InputCULTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputLTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputRILTA2Profiles\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# complete list of R function arguments -----

# random seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)

# dimensions
n <- 1000 # number of individuals
m <- 6 # measurement occasions
p <- 4 # number of items
q <- 1 # common trait dimension

# covariate parameters
mu_x <- 11.4009
sigma_x <- 24.67566

# profile membership and transition parameters
nu_0 <- -3.563
kappa_0 <- 0.122
alpha_0 <- -3.586
beta_00 <- 2.250
gamma_00 <- 0.063
gamma_10 <- 0.094

# trait parameters
psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)
mu_t <- 0
psi_p <- diag(p)
psi_p_1 <- 0.10
psi_p_2 <- 0.10
psi_p_3 <- 0.50
psi_p_4 <- 0.50
diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
)

# state parameters
```

```

common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)
phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 1.00
psi_s <- 0.25
theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
  c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
)

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,
  psi_t = psi_t,
  mu_p = mu_p,
  psi_p = psi_p,
  common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
  common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
  phi_0 = phi_0,
  phi_1 = phi_1,
  psi_s0 = psi_s0,
  psi_s = psi_s,
  theta = theta,
  mu_profile = mu_profile
)

# model fitting -----
# NOTE: Model fitting takes time
FitLTA2Profiles(data = data)

## End(Not run)

```

---

**Description**

Fits the two-profile RILTA model using Mplus.

**Usage**

```
FitRILTA2Profiles(  
  data,  
  wd = ".",  
  ncores = 1L,  
  mplus_bin = NULL,  
  starts = c(20, 4),  
  stiterations = 10,  
  stscales = 5  
)
```

**Arguments**

data	R object. Object of class <code>simcult</code> .
wd	Character string. Working directory.
ncores	Positive integer. Number of cores to use.
mplus_bin	Character string. Path to Mplus binary. If <code>mplus_bin = NULL</code> , the function will try to find the appropriate binary.
starts	Vector of positive integer of length two. Number of initial stage starts and number of final stage optimizations.
stiterations	Positive integer. Number of initial stage iterations.
stscales	Positive integer. Random start scale.

**Value**

Returns an object of class `fitcult`. which is a list with the following elements:

- `call`: Function call.
- `fun`: Function used ("FitRILTA2Profiles").
- `args`: Function arguments.
- `output`: Mplus output files.
- `elapsed`: Elapsed time.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**See Also**

Other Model Fitting Functions: [FitCULTA1Profile\(\)](#), [FitCULTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [FitLTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputCULTA1Profile\(\)](#), [InputCULTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputLTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputRILTA2Profiles\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# complete list of R function arguments -----

# random seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)

# dimensions
n <- 1000 # number of individuals
m <- 6 # measurement occasions
p <- 4 # number of items
q <- 1 # common trait dimension

# covariate parameters
mu_x <- 11.4009
sigma_x <- 24.67566

# profile membership and transition parameters
nu_0 <- -3.563
kappa_0 <- 0.122
alpha_0 <- -3.586
beta_00 <- 2.250
gamma_00 <- 0.063
gamma_10 <- 0.094

# trait parameters
psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)
mu_t <- 0
psi_p <- diag(p)
psi_p_1 <- 0.10
psi_p_2 <- 0.10
psi_p_3 <- 0.50
psi_p_4 <- 0.50
diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
)

# state parameters
```



```

common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)
phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 1.00
psi_s <- 0.25
theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
  c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
)

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,
  psi_t = psi_t,
  mu_p = mu_p,
  psi_p = psi_p,
  common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
  common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
  phi_0 = phi_0,
  phi_1 = phi_1,
  psi_s0 = psi_s0,
  psi_s = psi_s,
  theta = theta,
  mu_profile = mu_profile
)

# model fitting -----
# NOTE: Model fitting takes time
FitRILTA2Profiles(data = data)

## End(Not run)

```

---

**Description**

Generates data from a two-profile longitudinal CULTA model where profile membership, trait components, and state dynamics are influenced by an observed covariate. The function produces simulated responses incorporating covariate effects, individual differences, and time-varying fluctuations.

**Usage**

```
GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n,
  m,
  mu_x,
  sigma_x,
  nu_0,
  kappa_0,
  alpha_0,
  beta_00,
  gamma_00,
  gamma_10,
  mu_t,
  psi_t,
  mu_p,
  psi_p,
  common_trait_loading,
  common_state_loading,
  phi_0,
  phi_1,
  psi_s0,
  psi_s,
  theta,
  mu_profile
)
```

**Arguments**

n	Positive integer. Number of individuals.
m	Positive integer. Number of measurement occasions.
mu_x	Numeric. Mean of the covariate $\mu_X$ .
sigma_x	Numeric. Variance of the covariate $\sigma_X$ .
nu_0	Numeric. Intercept $\nu_0$ for the logistic model of initial profile membership.
kappa_0	Numeric. Covariate effect $\kappa_0$ on initial profile membership.
alpha_0	Numeric. Intercept $\alpha_0$ for the logistic model of profile transitions across time.

beta_00	Numeric. Effect $\beta_{00}$ for self-persistence in profile 0 transitions.
gamma_00	Numeric. Covariate effect $\gamma_{00}$ on remaining in profile 0.
gamma_10	Numeric. Covariate effect $\gamma_{10}$ on transitioning from profile 1 to profile 0.
mu_t	Numeric or vector of length $q$ . Mean $\mu_t$ of the common trait factor. If mu_t = NULL, defaults to zero.
psi_t	Numeric matrix of size $q \times q$ . Positive definite covariance matrix $\Psi_t$ for the common trait factor.
mu_p	Numeric vector of length $p$ . Mean vector $\mu_p$ for unique trait components. If mu_p = NULL, defaults to zero.
psi_p	Numeric matrix of size $p \times p$ . Positive definite covariance matrix $\Psi_p$ for unique trait components.
common_trait_loading	Numeric matrix of size $p \times q$ . Factor loading matrix specifying the influence of the common trait on each observed item.
common_state_loading	Numeric matrix of size $p \times 1$ . Factor loading matrix specifying the influence of the common state on each observed item.
phi_0	Numeric. Autoregressive coefficient $\phi_0$ for the common state process in profile 0.
phi_1	Numeric. Autoregressive coefficient $\phi_1$ for the common state process in profile 0.
psi_s0	Numeric. Variance $\psi_{s0}$ of the initial common state.
psi_s	Numeric. Innovation variance $\psi_s$ for the common state process.
theta	Numeric matrix of size $p \times p$ . Positive definite covariance matrix $\Theta$ for unique state components.
mu_profile	Numeric matrix of size $p \times 2$ . Profile-specific means for each observed item across two latent profiles.

## Details

The [GenCULTA2Profiles\(\)](#) function generates data for a two-profile CULTA model with a covariate. The CULTA model incorporates a covariate, latent categorical variables, trait components, state components, and profile-specific means to simulate longitudinal data with latent profile transitions.

Let  $i \in \{1, \dots, n\}$  denote the index for individuals, let  $t \in \{0, \dots, m-1\}$  denote the index measurement occasions, let  $k \in \{1, \dots, p\}$  denote the index items, and let  $c \in \{0, 1\}$  be the index of the two latent profiles (profile 0 and profile 1). Let  $q$  be the trait dimension,  $q = 1$  in this context.

### Covariate

The covariate is generated from a normal distribution with mean  $\mu_X$  and variance  $\sigma_X$ .

### Latent Categorical Variables

Latent categorical variables represent profile membership for each individual at each measurement occasion. In a two-profile model, profile membership is influenced by a covariate and previous profile status, following a logistic formulation. We distinguish between:

- Initial profile membership (baseline time point)

- Profile transitions across subsequent time points

We describe both components below.

### Initial Profile Membership

For the first measurement occasion ( $t = 0$ ), profile membership is determined by the following log-odds for belonging to profile 0 (with profile 1 as the reference category):

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu_0 + \kappa_0 \times \text{Covariate} & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

The corresponding probability of belonging to each profile is given by:

$$\left( \frac{\exp(\nu_0 + \kappa_0 \times \text{Covariate})}{\exp(\nu_0 + \kappa_0 \times \text{Covariate}) + 1} \quad \frac{1}{\exp(\nu_0 + \kappa_0 \times \text{Covariate}) + 1} \right).$$

Profile membership at the first occasion is sampled based on these probabilities.

### Profile Transitions

For subsequent occasions ( $t = 1, \dots, m-1$ ), profile transitions depend on the profile at the previous occasion and the covariate. The log-odds for transitioning to profile 0 at time  $t$  are given by:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha_0 + \beta_{00} + \gamma_{00} \times \text{Covariate} & 0 \\ \alpha_0 + \gamma_{10} \times \text{Covariate} & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

The probability of transitioning to each profile is computed as:

$$\left( \frac{\frac{\exp(\alpha_0 + \beta_{00} + \gamma_{00} \times \text{Covariate})}{\exp(\alpha_0 + \beta_{00} + \gamma_{00} \times \text{Covariate}) + 1}}{\frac{\exp(\alpha_0 + \gamma_{10} \times \text{Covariate})}{\exp(\alpha_0 + \gamma_{10} \times \text{Covariate}) + 1}} \quad \frac{\frac{1}{\exp(\alpha_0 + \beta_{00} + \gamma_{00} \times \text{Covariate}) + 1}}{\frac{1}{\exp(\alpha_0 + \gamma_{10} \times \text{Covariate}) + 1}} \right).$$

Profile membership for each subsequent time point is sampled using these transition probabilities, based on the individual's covariate value and previous profile.

### Trait Components

The trait variate captures between-person differences and is composed of a shared (common) component and item-specific (unique) components. The full decomposition is given by:

$$\text{Trait}_i = \text{Common Trait Loading} \times \text{Common Trait}_i + \text{Unique Trait}_i.$$

We describe each component below.

### Common Trait

The common trait  $\text{Common Trait}_i$  represents shared individual differences that influence all items uniformly. It is drawn from a normal distribution with mean  $\mu_t$  and variance  $\psi_t$ :

$$\text{Common Trait}_i \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_t, \psi_t)$$

The influence of the common trait on each item is determined by the  $p \times q$  common trait loading,

### Unique Traits

The unique trait component  $\text{Unique Trait}_{k,i}$  captures item-specific stable differences and is drawn from a multivariate normal distribution:

$$\text{Unique Trait}_i \sim \mathcal{N}(\boldsymbol{\mu}_p, \boldsymbol{\Psi}_{p \times p})$$

### Combined Trait Variate

The trait variate for item  $k$  and individual  $i$  is obtained by combining the common and unique trait components:

$$\text{Trait}_{k,i} = \text{Common Trait Loading}_k \times \text{Common Trait}_i + \text{Unique Trait}_{k,i}.$$

The common trait component introduces shared variance across items, while the unique trait component allows for item-specific differences not explained by the common trait.

### State Components

The state variate is composed of two parts: a common state shared across items, and unique states specific to each item. The full decomposition is given by:

$$\text{State}_{k,i,t} = \text{Common State Loading}_k \times \text{Common State}_{i,t} + \text{Unique State}_{k,i,t}.$$

We describe each component below.

#### Common State

The common state  $\text{Common State}_{i,t}$  evolves over time following a first-order autoregressive process:

$$\text{Common State}_{i,t} = \phi_c \times \text{Common State}_{i,t-1} + \zeta_{i,t}.$$

The initial common state is drawn from a normal distribution:

$$\text{Common State}_{i,0} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \psi_{s_0}).$$

The innovation term  $\zeta_{i,t}$  is normally distributed:

$$\zeta_{i,t} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \psi_s).$$

The autoregressive parameter  $\phi_c$  depends on latent profile membership  $c$ :

$$\phi_c = \phi_0 + (\phi_1 - \phi_0) c.$$

Here,  $\phi_0$  and  $\phi_1$  represent the autoregressive coefficients for profiles coded as 0 and 1, respectively.

#### Unique State

The unique state  $\text{Unique State}_{k,i,t}$  captures item-specific deviations and is drawn from a multivariate normal distribution:

$$\text{Unique State}_{i,t} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \boldsymbol{\theta})$$

where  $\boldsymbol{\theta}$  is the item-level covariance matrix for the unique state component.

### Combined State Variate

The state variate for item  $k$ , individual  $i$ , and time  $t$  combines the common and unique state components:

$$\text{State}_{k,i,t} = \text{Common State Loading}_k \times \text{Common State}_{i,t} + \text{Unique State}_{k,i,t}$$

The common state loading parameter  $\text{Common State Loading}_k$  controls the influence of the shared state on each item.

### Observed Variables

The observed variable is given by

$$Y_{k,i,t} = \mu_{k,c} + \text{Trait}_{k,i} + \text{State}_{k,i,t}$$

where  $\mu_{k,c}$  is the profile specific mean, while  $\text{Trait}_{k,i}$  and  $\text{State}_{k,i,t}$  correspond to the trait and state components of the model.

**Value**

Returns an object of class `simcult`, which is a list with the following elements:

- `call`: Function call.
- `fun`: Function used ("GenCULTA2Profiles").
- `args`: Function arguments.
- `id`: Vector of ID numbers.
- `covariate`: Vector of covariate values.
- `categorical`: Latent profiles.
- `common_trait`: Common trait.
- `unique_trait`: Unique trait.
- `common_state`: Common state.
- `trait`: Common trait + unique trait.
- `state`: Common state + unique state.
- `data`: Generated data which is a matrix of observed variables generated from the CULTA model with two-profiles.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**See Also**

Other Data Generation Functions: [GenData\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
# complete list of R function arguments -----

# random seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)

# dimensions
n <- 10 # number of individuals
m <- 6 # measurement occasions
p <- 4 # number of items
q <- 1 # common trait dimension

# covariate parameters
mu_x <- 11.4009
sigma_x <- 24.67566

# profile membership and transition parameters
nu_0 <- -3.563
kappa_0 <- 0.122
alpha_0 <- -3.586
beta_00 <- 2.250
```

```

gamma_00 <- 0.063
gamma_10 <- 0.094

# trait parameters
psi_t <- diag(1)
mu_t <- 0
psi_p <- diag(p)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
)

# state parameters
common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)

phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 0.151
psi_s <- 0.290
theta <- diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
  c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
)

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,
  psi_t = psi_t,
  mu_p = mu_p,
  psi_p = psi_p,
  common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
  common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
  phi_0 = phi_0,
  phi_1 = phi_1,
  psi_s0 = psi_s0,

```

```
psi_s = psi_s,  
theta = theta,  
mu_profile = mu_profile  
)
```

---

GenData	<i>Simulate Data</i>
---------	----------------------

---

**Description**

The function simulates data using the [GenCULTA2Profiles\(\)](#) function.

**Usage**

```
GenData(taskid)
```

**Arguments**

taskid                      Positive integer. Task ID.

**See Also**

Other Data Generation Functions: [GenCULTA2Profiles\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
set.seed(42)  
sim <- GenData(taskid = 1)  
as.matrix(sim)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

InputCULTA1Profile	<i>Generate Mplus Inout file for the One-Profile CULTA Model (CUTS Model with AR)</i>
--------------------	---

---

**Description**

Generates Mplus input file for the one-profile CULTA model.

**Usage**

```
InputCULTA1Profile(data, wd = ".", starts = 10)
```



**Arguments**

data	R object. Object of class <code>simcult</code> .
wd	Character string. Working directory.
starts	Positive integer. Number of initial stage starting values.

**Value**

Writes data and input files in `wd`.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**See Also**

Other Model Fitting Functions: [FitCULTA1Profile\(\)](#), [FitCULTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [FitLTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [FitRILTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputCULTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputLTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputRILTA2Profiles\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# complete list of R function arguments -----

# random seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)

# dimensions
n <- 1000 # number of individuals
m <- 6 # measurement occasions
p <- 4 # number of items
q <- 1 # common trait dimension

# covariate parameters
mu_x <- 11.4009
sigma_x <- 24.67566

# profile membership and transition parameters
nu_0 <- -3.563
kappa_0 <- 0.122
alpha_0 <- -3.586
beta_00 <- 2.250
gamma_00 <- 0.063
gamma_10 <- 0.094

# trait parameters
psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)
mu_t <- 0
psi_p <- diag(p)
psi_p_1 <- 0.10
psi_p_2 <- 0.10
psi_p_3 <- 0.50
```

```

psi_p_4 <- 0.50
diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
)

# state parameters
common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)
phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 1.00
psi_s <- 0.25
theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
  c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
)

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,
  psi_t = psi_t,
  mu_p = mu_p,
  psi_p = psi_p,
  common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
  common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
  phi_0 = phi_0,
  phi_1 = phi_1,
  psi_s0 = psi_s0,

```

```

    psi_s = psi_s,
    theta = theta,
    mu_profile = mu_profile
  )

  # generate data and Mplus input files fitting -----
  InputCULTA1Profile(data = data)

## End(Not run)

```

---

InputCULTA2Profiles      *Generate Mplus Input file for the Two-Profile CULTA Model*

---

### Description

Generates Mplus input file for the two-profile CULTA model.

### Usage

```

InputCULTA2Profiles(
  data,
  wd = ".",
  ncores = 1L,
  starts = c(20, 4),
  stiterations = 10,
  stscale = 5
)

```

### Arguments

data	R object. Object of class simcult.
wd	Character string. Working directory.
ncores	Positive integer. Number of cores to use.
starts	Vector of positive integer of length two. Number of initial stage starts and number of final stage optimizations.
stiterations	Positive integer. Number of initial stage iterations.
stscale	Positive integer. Random start scale.

### Value

Writes data and input files in wd.

### Author(s)

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**See Also**

Other Model Fitting Functions: [FitCULTA1Profile\(\)](#), [FitCULTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [FitLTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [FitRILTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputCULTA1Profile\(\)](#), [InputLTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputRILTA2Profiles\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# complete list of R function arguments -----

# random seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)

# dimensions
n <- 1000 # number of individuals
m <- 6 # measurement occasions
p <- 4 # number of items
q <- 1 # common trait dimension

# covariate parameters
mu_x <- 11.4009
sigma_x <- 24.67566

# profile membership and transition parameters
nu_0 <- -3.563
kappa_0 <- 0.122
alpha_0 <- -3.586
beta_00 <- 2.250
gamma_00 <- 0.063
gamma_10 <- 0.094

# trait parameters
psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)
mu_t <- 0
psi_p <- diag(p)
psi_p_1 <- 0.10
psi_p_2 <- 0.10
psi_p_3 <- 0.50
psi_p_4 <- 0.50
diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
)

# state parameters
```

```

common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)
phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 1.00
psi_s <- 0.25
theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
  c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
)

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,
  psi_t = psi_t,
  mu_p = mu_p,
  psi_p = psi_p,
  common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
  common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
  phi_0 = phi_0,
  phi_1 = phi_1,
  psi_s0 = psi_s0,
  psi_s = psi_s,
  theta = theta,
  mu_profile = mu_profile
)

# generate data and Mplus input files fitting -----
InputCULTA2Profiles(data = data)

## End(Not run)

```

**Description**

Generates Mplus input file for the two-profile LTA model.

**Usage**

```
InputLTA2Profiles(
  data,
  wd = ".",
  ncores = 1L,
  starts = c(20, 4),
  stiterations = 10,
  stscales = 5
)
```

**Arguments**

data	R object. Object of class <code>simulta</code> .
wd	Character string. Working directory.
ncores	Positive integer. Number of cores to use.
starts	Vector of positive integer of length two. Number of initial stage starts and number of final stage optimizations.
stiterations	Positive integer. Number of initial stage iterations.
stscales	Positive integer. Random start scale.

**Value**

Writes data and input files in `wd`.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**See Also**

Other Model Fitting Functions: [FitCULTA1Profile\(\)](#), [FitCULTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [FitLTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [FitRLTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputCULTA1Profile\(\)](#), [InputCULTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputRLTA2Profiles\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# complete list of R function arguments -----

# random seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)

# dimensions
n <- 1000 # number of individuals
m <- 6 # measurement occasions
```

```

p <- 4 # number of items
q <- 1 # common trait dimension

# covariate parameters
mu_x <- 11.4009
sigma_x <- 24.67566

# profile membership and transition parameters
nu_0 <- -3.563
kappa_0 <- 0.122
alpha_0 <- -3.586
beta_00 <- 2.250
gamma_00 <- 0.063
gamma_10 <- 0.094

# trait parameters
psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)
mu_t <- 0
psi_p <- diag(p)
psi_p_1 <- 0.10
psi_p_2 <- 0.10
psi_p_3 <- 0.50
psi_p_4 <- 0.50
diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
)

# state parameters
common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)
phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 1.00
psi_s <- 0.25
theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
  c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
)

```

```

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,
  psi_t = psi_t,
  mu_p = mu_p,
  psi_p = psi_p,
  common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
  common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
  phi_0 = phi_0,
  phi_1 = phi_1,
  psi_s0 = psi_s0,
  psi_s = psi_s,
  theta = theta,
  mu_profile = mu_profile
)

# generate data and Mplus input files fitting -----
InputLTA2Profiles(data = data)

## End(Not run)

```

---

InputRILTA2Profiles     *Generate Mplus Input file for the Two-Profile RILTA Model*

---

## Description

Generates Mplus input file for the two-profile RILTA model.

## Usage

```

InputRILTA2Profiles(
  data,
  wd = ".",
  ncores = 1L,
  starts = c(20, 4),
  stiterations = 10,
  stscales = 5
)

```



**Arguments**

data	R object. Object of class <code>simcult</code> .
wd	Character string. Working directory.
ncores	Positive integer. Number of cores to use.
starts	Vector of positive integer of length two. Number of initial stage starts and number of final stage optimizations.
stiterations	Positive integer. Number of initial stage iterations.
stscale	Positive integer. Random start scale.

**Value**

Writes data and input files in `wd`.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**See Also**

Other Model Fitting Functions: [FitCULTA1Profile\(\)](#), [FitCULTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [FitLTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [FitRILTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputCULTA1Profile\(\)](#), [InputCULTA2Profiles\(\)](#), [InputLTA2Profiles\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# complete list of R function arguments -----

# random seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)

# dimensions
n <- 1000 # number of individuals
m <- 6 # measurement occasions
p <- 4 # number of items
q <- 1 # common trait dimension

# covariate parameters
mu_x <- 11.4009
sigma_x <- 24.67566

# profile membership and transition parameters
nu_0 <- -3.563
kappa_0 <- 0.122
alpha_0 <- -3.586
beta_00 <- 2.250
gamma_00 <- 0.063
gamma_10 <- 0.094

# trait parameters
```

```

psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)
mu_t <- 0
psi_p <- diag(p)
psi_p_1 <- 0.10
psi_p_2 <- 0.10
psi_p_3 <- 0.50
psi_p_4 <- 0.50
diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
)

# state parameters
common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)
phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 1.00
psi_s <- 0.25
theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
  c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
)

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,
  psi_t = psi_t,
  mu_p = mu_p,

```

```

    psi_p = psi_p,
    common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
    common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
    phi_0 = phi_0,
    phi_1 = phi_1,
    psi_s0 = psi_s0,
    psi_s = psi_s,
    theta = theta,
    mu_profile = mu_profile
  )

# generate data and Mplus input files fitting -----
InputRILTA2Profiles(data = data)

## End(Not run)

```

---

logLik.fitcultu	<i>Extract Log-Likelihood</i>
-----------------	-------------------------------

---

## Description

Extract Log-Likelihood

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'fitcultu'
logLik(object, ...)
```

## Arguments

object	Object of class fitcultu.
...	additional arguments.

## Value

Returns an object of class logLik. This is a number with at the attribute, "df" (degrees of freedom), giving the number of (estimated) parameters in the model, and "correction" which is the scaling correction factor for MLR.

## Author(s)

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# complete list of R function arguments -----

# random seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)

# dimensions
n <- 1000 # number of individuals
m <- 6 # measurement occasions
p <- 4 # number of items
q <- 1 # common trait dimension

# covariate parameters
mu_x <- 11.4009
sigma_x <- 24.67566

# profile membership and transition parameters
nu_0 <- -3.563
kappa_0 <- 0.122
alpha_0 <- -3.586
beta_00 <- 2.250
gamma_00 <- 0.063
gamma_10 <- 0.094

# trait parameters
psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)
mu_t <- 0
psi_p <- diag(p)
psi_p_1 <- 0.10
psi_p_2 <- 0.10
psi_p_3 <- 0.50
psi_p_4 <- 0.50
diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
)

# state parameters
common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)
```

```

phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 1.00
psi_s <- 0.25
theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
  c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
)

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,
  psi_t = psi_t,
  mu_p = mu_p,
  psi_p = psi_p,
  common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
  common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
  phi_0 = phi_0,
  phi_1 = phi_1,
  psi_s0 = psi_s0,
  psi_s = psi_s,
  theta = theta,
  mu_profile = mu_profile
)

# model fitting -----
# NOTE: Model fitting takes time
fit <- FitCULTA2Profiles(data = data)
logLik(fit, level = 0.95)

## End(Not run)

```

---

params

*Simulation Parameters*


---

## Description

Simulation Parameters

**Usage**

```
data(params)
```

**Format**

A dataframe with 9 rows and 39 columns:

**taskid** Simulation Task ID.

**n** Sample size.

**separation** Level of separation. 0 for moderate, -1 for low, and 1 for strong.

**m** Measurement occasions.

**mu\_x**  $\mu_x$  parameter. Mean of the covariate.

**sigma\_x**  $\sigma_x$  parameter. Variance of the covariate.

**mu\_10**  $\mu_{10}$  parameter. Profile specific mean for profile 0 and item 1.

**mu\_20**  $\mu_{20}$  parameter. Profile specific mean for profile 0 and item 2.

**mu\_30**  $\mu_{30}$  parameter. Profile specific mean for profile 0 and item 3.

**mu\_40**  $\mu_{40}$  parameter. Profile specific mean for profile 0 and item 4.

**lambda\_t2**  $\lambda_{t2}$  parameter. Factor loading for the common trait and item 2.

**lambda\_s2**  $\lambda_{s2}$  parameter. Factor loading for the common state and item 2.

**lambda\_t3**  $\lambda_{t3}$  parameter. Factor loading for the common trait and item 3.

**lambda\_s3**  $\lambda_{s3}$  parameter. Factor loading for the common state and item 3.

**lambda\_t4**  $\lambda_{t4}$  parameter. Factor loading for the common trait and item 4.

**lambda\_s4**  $\lambda_{s4}$  parameter. Factor loading for the common state and item 4.

**theta\_11**  $\theta_{11}$  parameter. Unique state variance for item 1.

**theta\_22**  $\theta_{22}$  parameter. Unique state variance for item 2.

**theta\_33**  $\theta_{33}$  parameter. Unique state variance for item 3.

**theta\_44**  $\theta_{44}$  parameter. Unique state variance for item 4.

**phi\_0**  $\phi_0$  parameter. Autoregressive coefficient for profile 0.

**psi\_t**  $\psi_t$  parameter. Variance in the common trait; reflects stable between-person differences.

**psi\_p\_11**  $\psi_{p11}$  parameter. Trait-specific item 1 variance.

**psi\_p\_22**  $\psi_{p22}$  parameter. Trait-specific item 2 variance.

**psi\_p\_33**  $\psi_{p33}$  parameter. Trait-specific item 3 variance.

**psi\_p\_44**  $\psi_{p44}$  parameter. Trait-specific item 4 variance.

**psi\_s0**  $\psi_{s0}$  parameter. Initial-day variance of the common state; reflects variability in intoxication levels at observation start.

**psi\_s**  $\psi_s$  parameter. Residual state variance over days; captures within-person daily fluctuations not explained by trait or AR effects.

**mu\_11**  $\mu_{11}$  parameter. Profile specific mean for profile 1 and item 1.

**mu\_21**  $\mu_{21}$  parameter. Profile specific mean for profile 1 and item 2.

- mu\_31**  $\mu_{31}$  parameter. Profile specific mean for profile 1 and item 3.
- mu\_41**  $\mu_{41}$  parameter. Profile specific mean for profile 1 and item 4.
- phi\_1**  $\phi_1$  parameter. Autoregressive coefficient for profile 1.
- nu\_0**  $\nu_0$  parameter. Intercept for initial log-odds of profile 0 (vs. profile 1) when  $X = 0$ .
- alpha\_0**  $\alpha_0$  parameter. Baseline log-odds of being in profile 0 across days.
- kappa\_0**  $\kappa_0$  parameter. Covariate effect on initial profile membership; higher  $X$  increases odds of profile 0.
- beta\_00**  $\beta_{00}$  parameter. Increased odds of staying in profile 0 if previously in that profile; reflects persistence.
- gamma\_00**  $\gamma_{00}$  parameter. Covariate effect on staying in profile 0; higher  $X$  increases persistence.
- gamma\_10**  $\gamma_{10}$  parameter. Covariate effect on switching from state to profile 0; higher  $X$  increases transition odds.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

---

print.fitcult

---

Print Method for an Object of Class fitcult

---

**Description**

Print Method for an Object of Class fitcult

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'fitcult'
print(x, alpha = NULL, digits = 4, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	Object of class fitcult.
<code>alpha</code>	Numeric vector. Significance level $\alpha$ . If <code>alpha = NULL</code> , use <code>alpha = 0.05</code> .
<code>digits</code>	Digits to print.
<code>...</code>	additional arguments.

**Value**

Prints a matrix of standardized regression slopes, standard errors, test statistics, p-values, and confidence intervals.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# complete list of R function arguments -----

# random seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)

# dimensions
n <- 1000 # number of individuals
m <- 6 # measurement occasions
p <- 4 # number of items
q <- 1 # common trait dimension

# covariate parameters
mu_x <- 11.4009
sigma_x <- 24.67566

# profile membership and transition parameters
nu_0 <- -3.563
kappa_0 <- 0.122
alpha_0 <- -3.586
beta_00 <- 2.250
gamma_00 <- 0.063
gamma_10 <- 0.094

# trait parameters
psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)
mu_t <- 0
psi_p <- diag(p)
psi_p_1 <- 0.10
psi_p_2 <- 0.10
psi_p_3 <- 0.50
psi_p_4 <- 0.50
diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
)

# state parameters
common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)
```



```

phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 1.00
psi_s <- 0.25
theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
  c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
)

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,
  psi_t = psi_t,
  mu_p = mu_p,
  psi_p = psi_p,
  common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
  common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
  phi_0 = phi_0,
  phi_1 = phi_1,
  psi_s0 = psi_s0,
  psi_s = psi_s,
  theta = theta,
  mu_profile = mu_profile
)

# model fitting -----
# NOTE: Model fitting takes time
fit <- FitCULTA2Profiles(data = data)
print(fit)

## End(Not run)

```

---

print.simculta

---

*Print Method for an Object of Class simculta*


---

## Description

Print Method for an Object of Class simculta

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'simculta'  
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	Object of class simculta.
...	Additional arguments.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**Examples**

```
x <- GenCULTA2Profiles(  
  n = 10,  
  m = 6,  
  common_trait_loading = matrix(  
    data = c(1, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75),  
    ncol = 1  
  ),  
  common_state_loading = matrix(  
    data = c(1, 1.5, 1.75, 2.00),  
    ncol = 1  
  ),  
  mu_t = NULL,  
  psi_t = NULL,  
  mu_p = NULL,  
  psi_p = NULL,  
  theta = diag(4),  
  mu_profile = cbind(  
    c(-3, -3, -3, -3),  
    c(3, 3, 3, 3)  
  ),  
  mu_x = 0,  
  sigma_x = 1,  
  nu_0 = -3.563,  
  kappa_0 = 0.122,  
  alpha_0 = -3.586,  
  beta_00 = 2.250,  
  gamma_00 = 0.063,  
  gamma_10 = 0.094,  
  phi_0 = 0.311,  
  phi_1 = 0,  
  psi_s0 = 0.151,  
  psi_s = 0.290  
)  
print(x)
```

---

Sim	<i>Simulation Replication</i>
-----	-------------------------------

---

**Description**

Simulation Replication

**Usage**

Sim(taskid, repid, output\_folder, overwrite, integrity, seed)

**Arguments**

taskid	Positive integer. Task ID.
repid	Positive integer. Replication ID.
output_folder	Character string. Output folder.
overwrite	Logical. Overwrite existing output in output_folder.
integrity	Logical. If integrity = TRUE, check for the output file integrity when overwrite = FALSE.
seed	Integer. Random seed.

**Value**

The output is saved as an external file in output\_folder.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

---

SimFitCULTA1Profile	<i>Simulation Replication - FitCULTA1Profile</i>
---------------------	--

---

**Description**

Simulation Replication - FitCULTA1Profile

**Usage**

```
SimFitCULTA1Profile(  
  taskid,  
  repid,  
  output_folder,  
  seed,  
  suffix,  
  overwrite,  
  integrity  
)
```

**Arguments**

taskid	Positive integer. Task ID.
repid	Positive integer. Replication ID.
output_folder	Character string. Output folder.
seed	Integer. Random seed.
suffix	Character string. Output of <code>manCULTA:::SimSuffix()</code> .
overwrite	Logical. Overwrite existing output in <code>output_folder</code> .
integrity	Logical. If <code>integrity = TRUE</code> , check for the output file integrity when <code>overwrite = FALSE</code> .

**Details**

This function is executed via the `Sim` function.

**Value**

The output is saved as an external file in `output_folder`.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

---

SimFitCULTA2Profiles    *Simulation Replication - FitCULTA2Profiles*

---

**Description**

Simulation Replication - FitCULTA2Profiles

**Usage**

```
SimFitCULTA2Profiles(
  taskid,
  repid,
  output_folder,
  seed,
  suffix,
  overwrite,
  integrity
)
```

**Arguments**

taskid	Positive integer. Task ID.
repid	Positive integer. Replication ID.
output_folder	Character string. Output folder.
seed	Integer. Random seed.
suffix	Character string. Output of <code>manCULTA:::SimSuffix()</code> .
overwrite	Logical. Overwrite existing output in <code>output_folder</code> .
integrity	Logical. If <code>integrity = TRUE</code> , check for the output file integrity when <code>overwrite = FALSE</code> .

**Details**

This function is executed via the `Sim` function.

**Value**

The output is saved as an external file in `output_folder`.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

---

SimFitLTA2Profiles	<i>Simulation Replication - FitLTA2Profiles</i>
--------------------	---

---

**Description**

Simulation Replication - FitLTA2Profiles

**Usage**

```
SimFitLTA2Profiles(  
  taskid,  
  repid,  
  output_folder,  
  seed,  
  suffix,  
  overwrite,  
  integrity  
)
```

**Arguments**

taskid	Positive integer. Task ID.
repid	Positive integer. Replication ID.
output_folder	Character string. Output folder.
seed	Integer. Random seed.
suffix	Character string. Output of <code>manCULTA:::SimSuffix()</code> .
overwrite	Logical. Overwrite existing output in <code>output_folder</code> .
integrity	Logical. If <code>integrity = TRUE</code> , check for the output file integrity when <code>overwrite = FALSE</code> .

**Details**

This function is executed via the `Sim` function.

**Value**

The output is saved as an external file in `output_folder`.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

---

SimFitRILTA2Profiles    *Simulation Replication - FitRILTA2Profiles*

---

**Description**

Simulation Replication - FitRILTA2Profiles

**Usage**

```
SimFitRILTA2Profiles(
  taskid,
  repid,
  output_folder,
  seed,
  suffix,
  overwrite,
  integrity
)
```

**Arguments**

taskid	Positive integer. Task ID.
repid	Positive integer. Replication ID.
output_folder	Character string. Output folder.
seed	Integer. Random seed.
suffix	Character string. Output of <code>manCULTA:::SimSuffix()</code> .
overwrite	Logical. Overwrite existing output in <code>output_folder</code> .
integrity	Logical. If <code>integrity = TRUE</code> , check for the output file integrity when <code>overwrite = FALSE</code> .

**Details**

This function is executed via the `Sim` function.

**Value**

The output is saved as an external file in `output_folder`.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

---

SimFN	<i>Simulation File Name</i>
-------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

Simulation File Name

**Usage**

```
SimFN(output_type, output_folder, suffix)
```

**Arguments**

output_type	Character string. Output type.
output_folder	Character string. Output folder.
suffix	Character string. Output of <code>manCULTA:::SimSuffix()</code> .

**Value**

Returns a character string file name with the `output_folder` in the OS-specific format.

---

SimGenData

*Simulation Replication - GenData*

---

## Description

Simulation Replication - GenData

## Usage

```
SimGenData(taskid, repid, output_folder, seed, suffix, overwrite, integrity)
```

## Arguments

taskid	Positive integer. Task ID.
repid	Positive integer. Replication ID.
output_folder	Character string. Output folder.
seed	Integer. Random seed.
suffix	Character string. Output of <code>manCULTA:::SimSuffix()</code> .
overwrite	Logical. Overwrite existing output in <code>output_folder</code> .
integrity	Logical. If <code>integrity = TRUE</code> , check for the output file integrity when <code>overwrite = FALSE</code> .

## Details

This function is executed via the `Sim` function.

## Value

The output is saved as an external file in `output_folder`.

## Author(s)

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan



---

SimProj	<i>Simulation Project Name</i>
---------	--------------------------------

---

**Description**

Simulation Project Name

**Usage**

SimProj()

**Value**

Returns the project name as a character string.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

---

summary.fitculta	<i>Summary Method for an Object of Class fitculta</i>
------------------	---

---

**Description**

Summary Method for an Object of Class fitculta

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'fitculta'  
summary(object, alpha = NULL, digits = 4, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	Object of class fitculta.
alpha	Numeric vector. Significance level $\alpha$ . If alpha = NULL, use alpha = 0.05.
digits	Digits to print.
...	additional arguments.

**Value**

Returns a matrix of standardized regression slopes, standard errors, test statistics, p-values, and confidence intervals.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# complete list of R function arguments -----

# random seed for reproducibility
set.seed(42)

# dimensions
n <- 1000 # number of individuals
m <- 6 # measurement occasions
p <- 4 # number of items
q <- 1 # common trait dimension

# covariate parameters
mu_x <- 11.4009
sigma_x <- 24.67566

# profile membership and transition parameters
nu_0 <- -3.563
kappa_0 <- 0.122
alpha_0 <- -3.586
beta_00 <- 2.250
gamma_00 <- 0.063
gamma_10 <- 0.094

# trait parameters
psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)
mu_t <- 0
psi_p <- diag(p)
psi_p_1 <- 0.10
psi_p_2 <- 0.10
psi_p_3 <- 0.50
psi_p_4 <- 0.50
diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
)

# state parameters
common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)
```

```

phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 1.00
psi_s <- 0.25
theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
  c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
)

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,
  psi_t = psi_t,
  mu_p = mu_p,
  psi_p = psi_p,
  common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
  common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
  phi_0 = phi_0,
  phi_1 = phi_1,
  psi_s0 = psi_s0,
  psi_s = psi_s,
  theta = theta,
  mu_profile = mu_profile
)

# model fitting -----
# NOTE: Model fitting takes time
fit <- FitCULTA2Profiles(data = data)
summary(fit)

## End(Not run)

```

vcov.fitcultla

*Sampling Covariance Matrix***Description**

Sampling Covariance Matrix

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'fitcultu'  
vcov(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	Object of class fitcultu.
...	additional arguments.

**Value**

Returns a matrix of the variance-covariance matrix of parameter estimates.

**Author(s)**

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
# complete list of R function arguments -----  
  
# random seed for reproducibility  
set.seed(42)  
  
# dimensions  
n <- 1000 # number of individuals  
m <- 6 # measurement occasions  
p <- 4 # number of items  
q <- 1 # common trait dimension  
  
# covariate parameters  
mu_x <- 11.4009  
sigma_x <- 24.67566  
  
# profile membership and transition parameters  
nu_0 <- -3.563  
kappa_0 <- 0.122  
alpha_0 <- -3.586  
beta_00 <- 2.250  
gamma_00 <- 0.063  
gamma_10 <- 0.094  
  
# trait parameters  
psi_t <- 0.10 * diag(1)  
mu_t <- 0  
psi_p <- diag(p)  
psi_p_1 <- 0.10  
psi_p_2 <- 0.10  
psi_p_3 <- 0.50  
psi_p_4 <- 0.50
```

```

diag(psi_p) <- c(
  psi_p_1,
  psi_p_2,
  psi_p_3,
  psi_p_4
)
mu_p <- rep(x = 0, times = p)
common_trait_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = q
)

# state parameters
common_state_loading <- matrix(
  data = 1,
  nrow = p,
  ncol = 1
)

phi_0 <- 0.000
phi_1 <- 0.311
psi_s0 <- 1.00
psi_s <- 0.25
theta <- 0.15 * diag(p)

# profile-specific means
mu_profile <- cbind(
  c(2.253, 1.493, 1.574, 1.117),
  c(-0.278, -0.165, -0.199, -0.148)
)

# data generation -----
data <- GenCULTA2Profiles(
  n = n,
  m = m,
  mu_x = mu_x,
  sigma_x = sigma_x,
  nu_0 = nu_0,
  kappa_0 = kappa_0,
  alpha_0 = alpha_0,
  beta_00 = beta_00,
  gamma_00 = gamma_00,
  gamma_10 = gamma_10,
  mu_t = mu_t,
  psi_t = psi_t,
  mu_p = mu_p,
  psi_p = psi_p,
  common_trait_loading = common_trait_loading,
  common_state_loading = common_state_loading,
  phi_0 = phi_0,
  phi_1 = phi_1,
  psi_s0 = psi_s0,
  psi_s = psi_s,

```

```

    theta = theta,
    mu_profile = mu_profile
  )

  # model fitting -----
  # NOTE: Model fitting takes time
  fit <- FitCULTA2Profiles(data = data)
  vcov(fit)

  ## End(Not run)

```

---

WriteData

*Write Data to File*


---

### Description

Generic function to write data to file.

### Usage

```

WriteData(x, file, ...)

## S3 method for class 'simcult'
WriteData(x, file, ...)

```

### Arguments

x	Object of class simcult.
file	Character string. File name.
...	Additional arguments.

### Value

Invisibly returns NULL. Writes data to file as a side effect.

### Methods (by class)

- WriteData(simcult): Method for objects of class simcult.

### Author(s)

Ivan Jacob Agaloos Pesigan

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