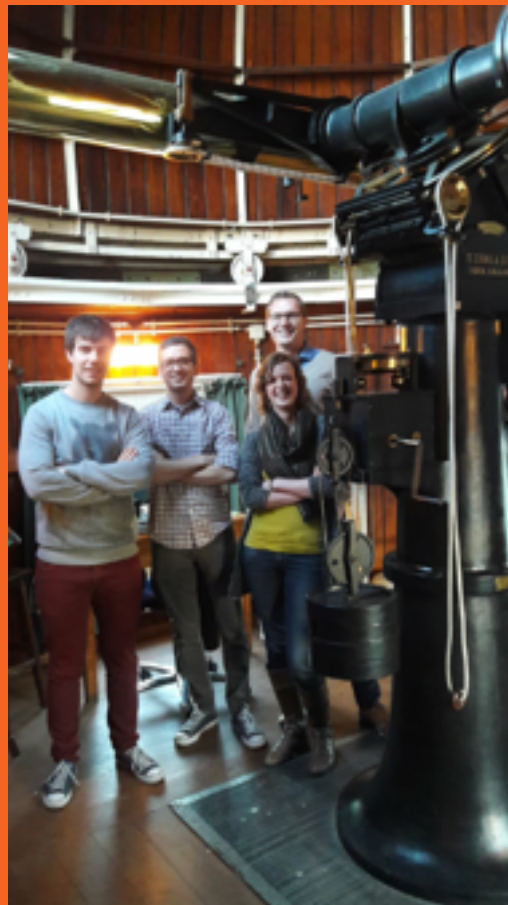
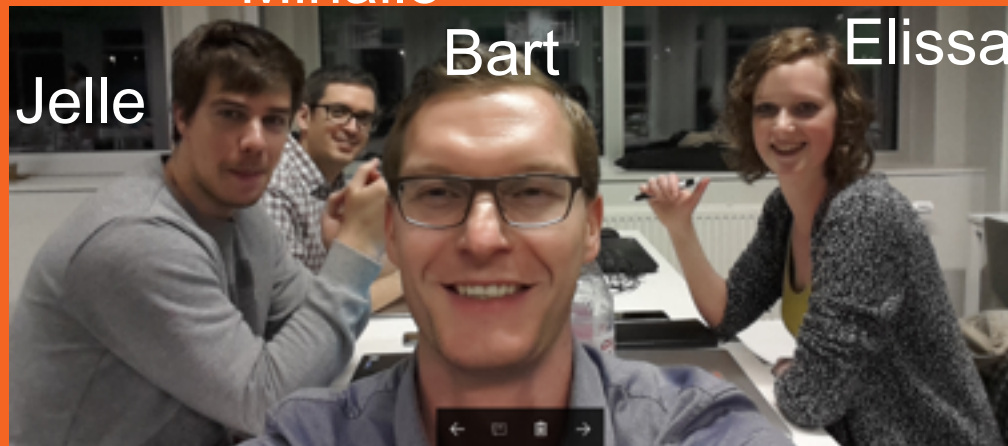

Astrohack April 2017



Mihailo



Jelle

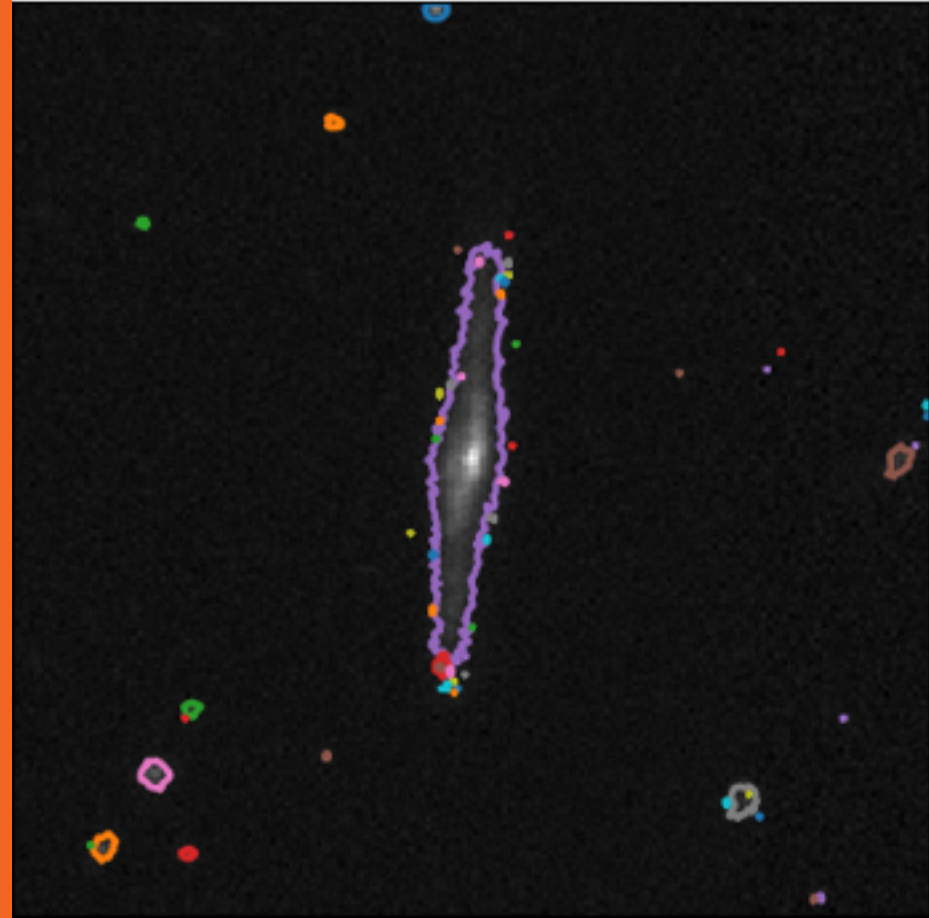
Bart

Elissa

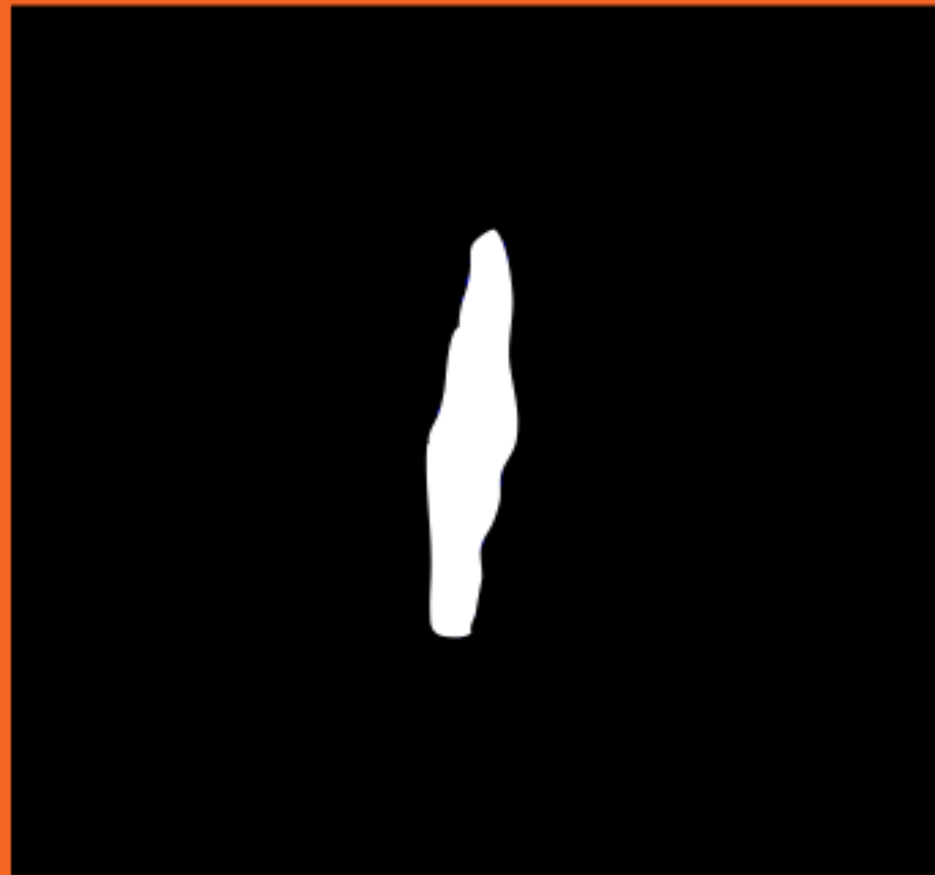
A guide by **GUARDIANS OF THE GALAXY**

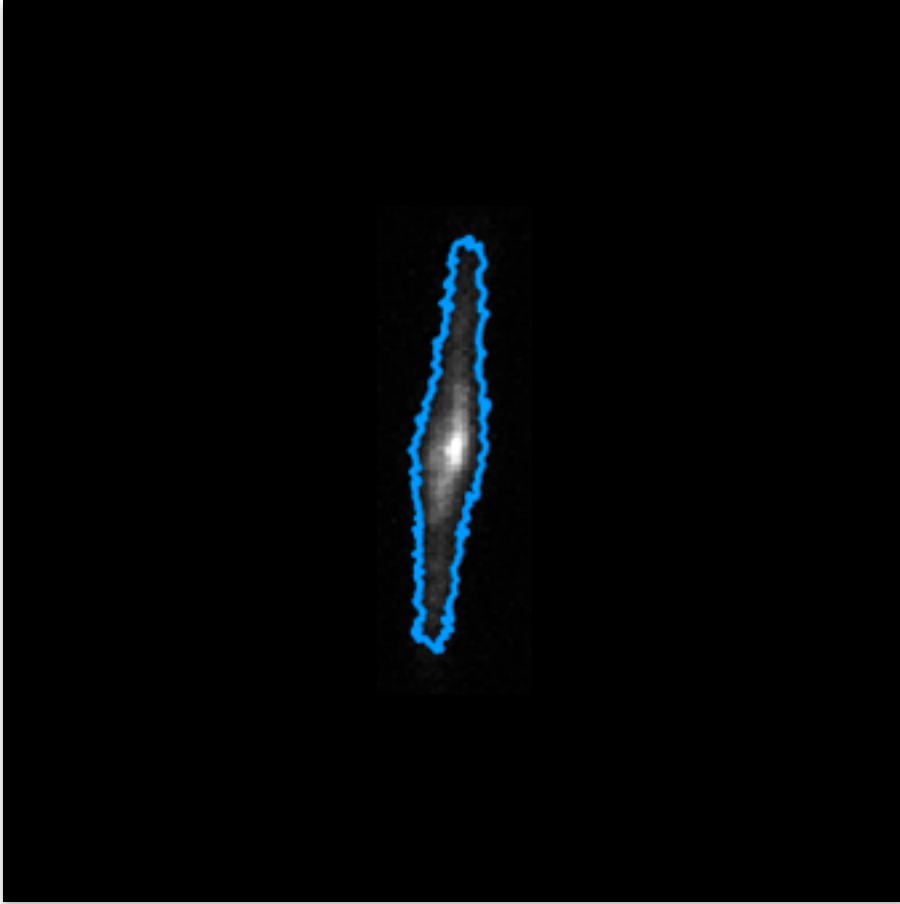
Pre-processing

Find **edge contours**
around all the features in an
image of a galaxy



Take the contour fixed at the center of the image and turn it into a **filter**





Convolve the filter with the galaxy image to

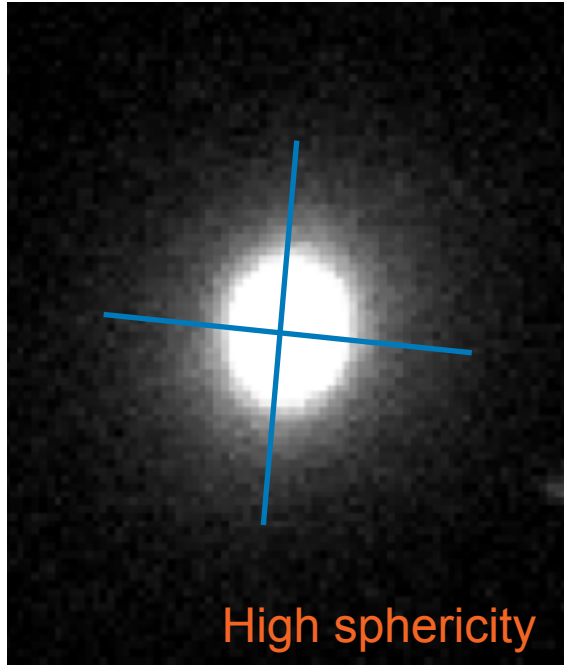
Isolate

the part of the image which is in the

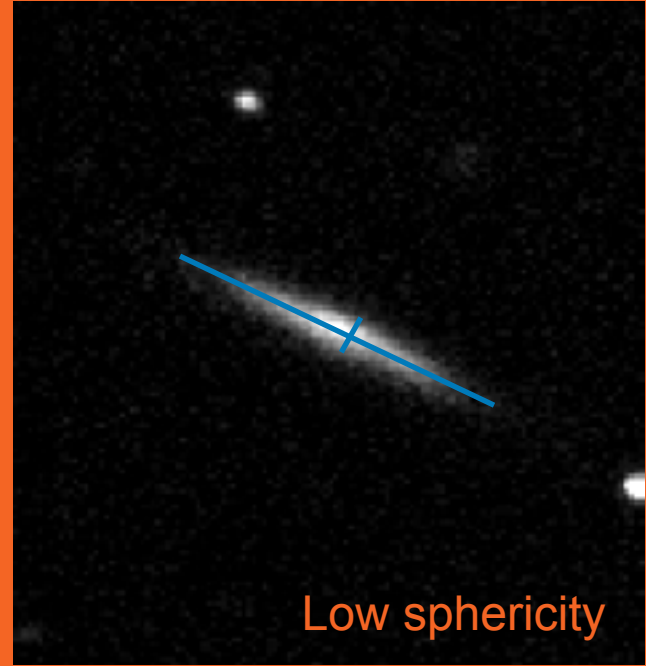
center

Eliminates noise, and reduces foreground

How to distinguish Spiral from Spherical?

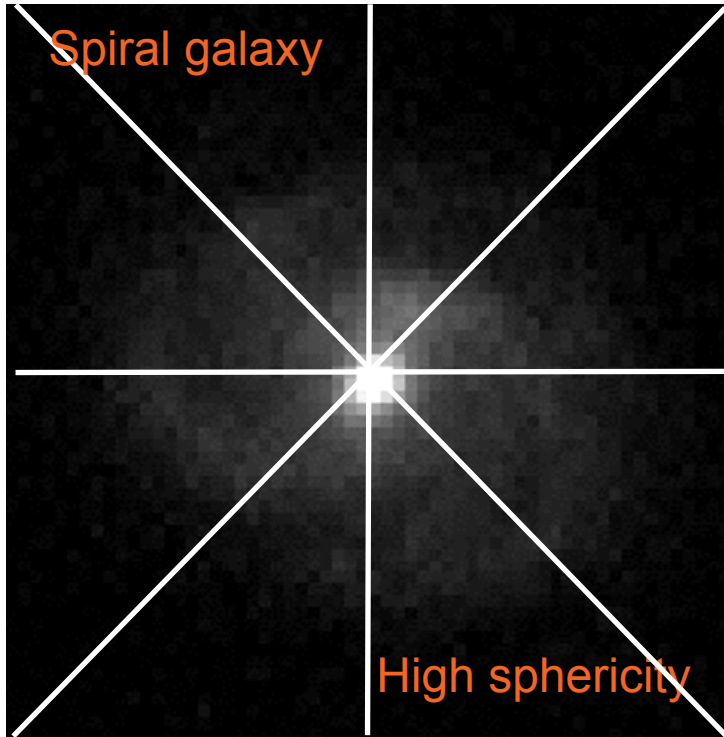


1. Sphericity



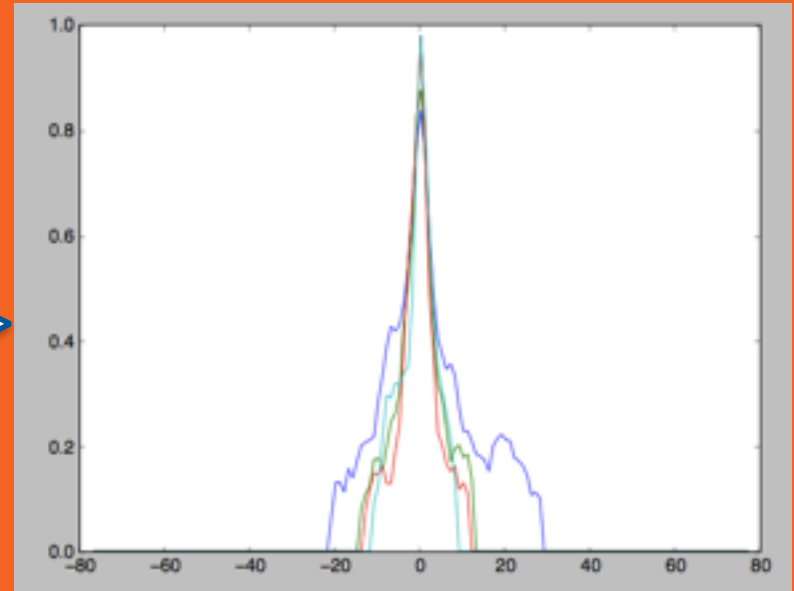
*** equivalent to finding moments
of inertia in mechanics.

How to distinguish Spiral from Spherical?



2. Volatility

Look at the profiles along 6 directions

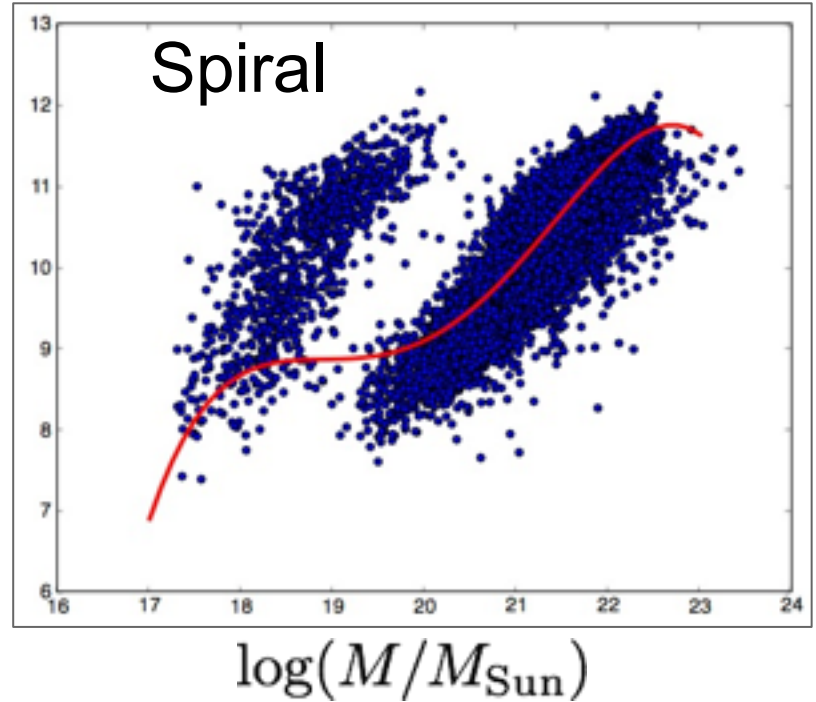
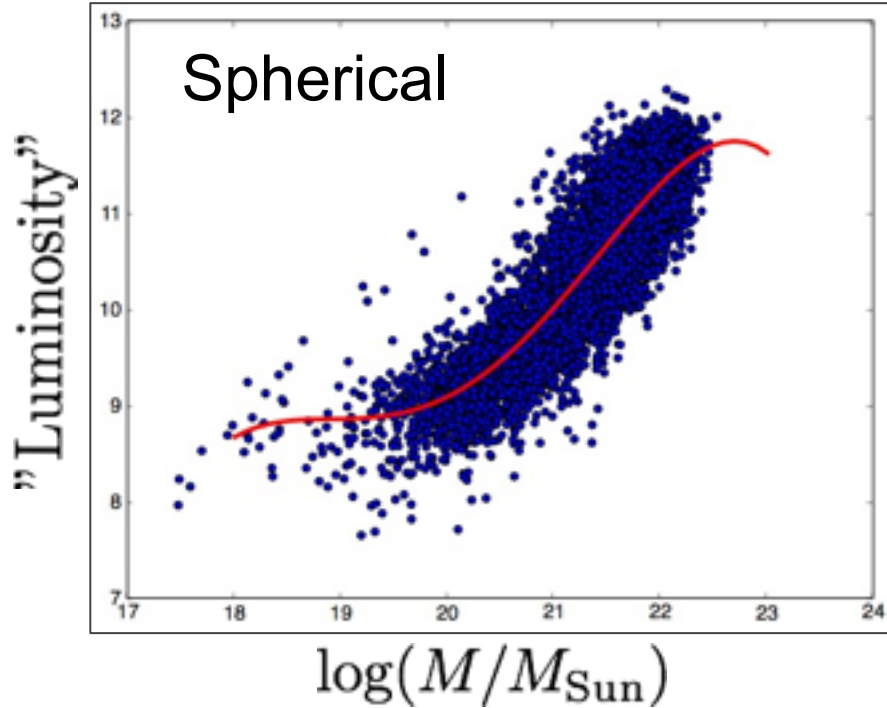


If the profile curves show a lot of
“**substructure**” then it’s likely a spiral

If it’s a smooth curve along all
directions, it’s likely a spherical galaxy.

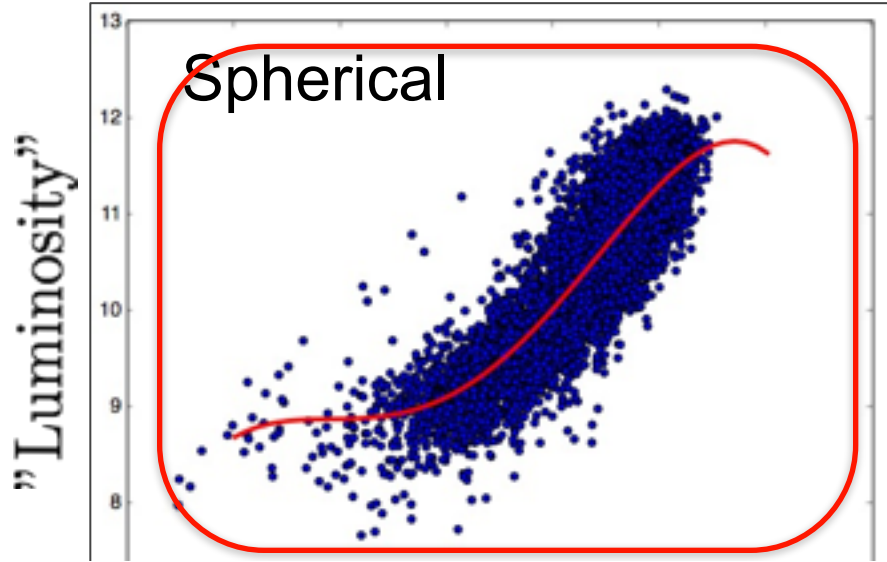
Polynomial regression

(done in the last 3.5 min of the AstroHack)

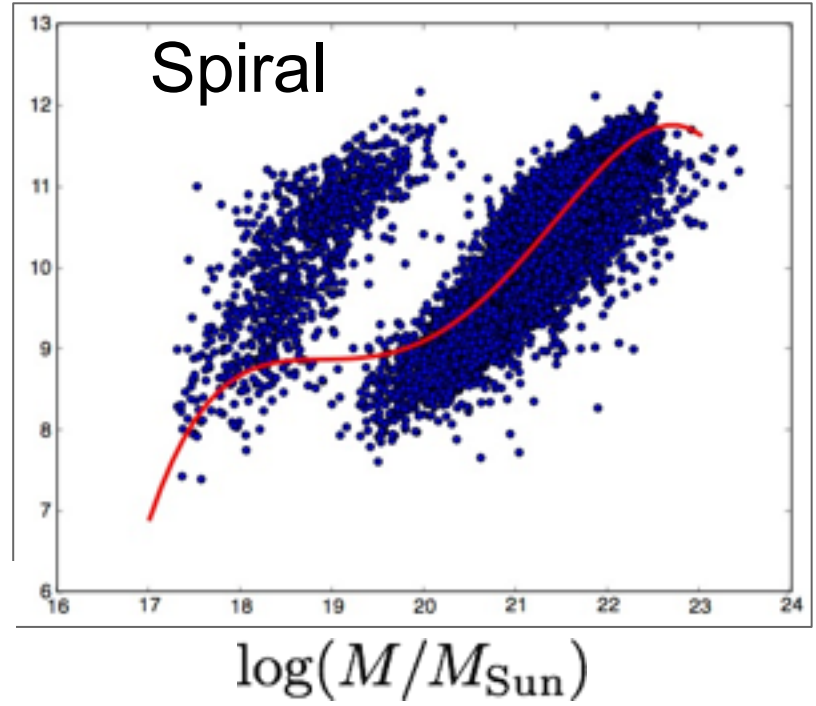


Polynomial regression

(done in the last 3.5 min of the AstroHack)

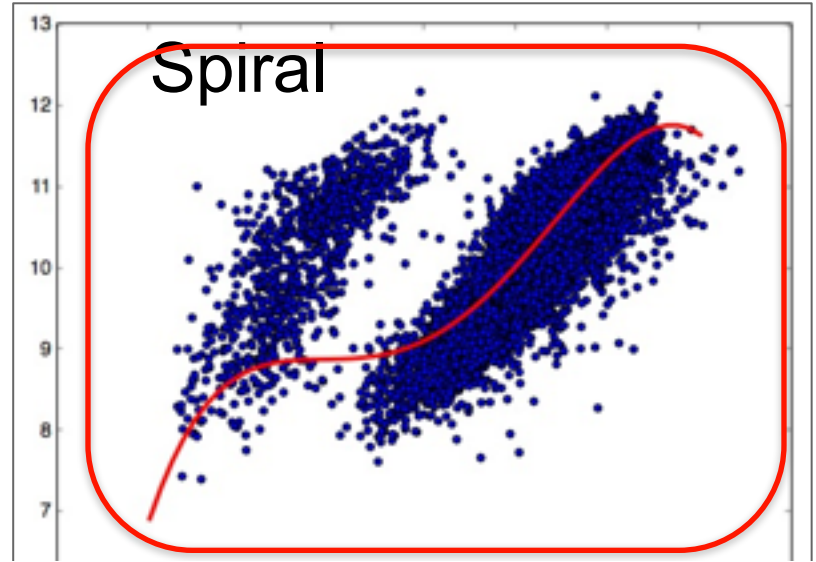
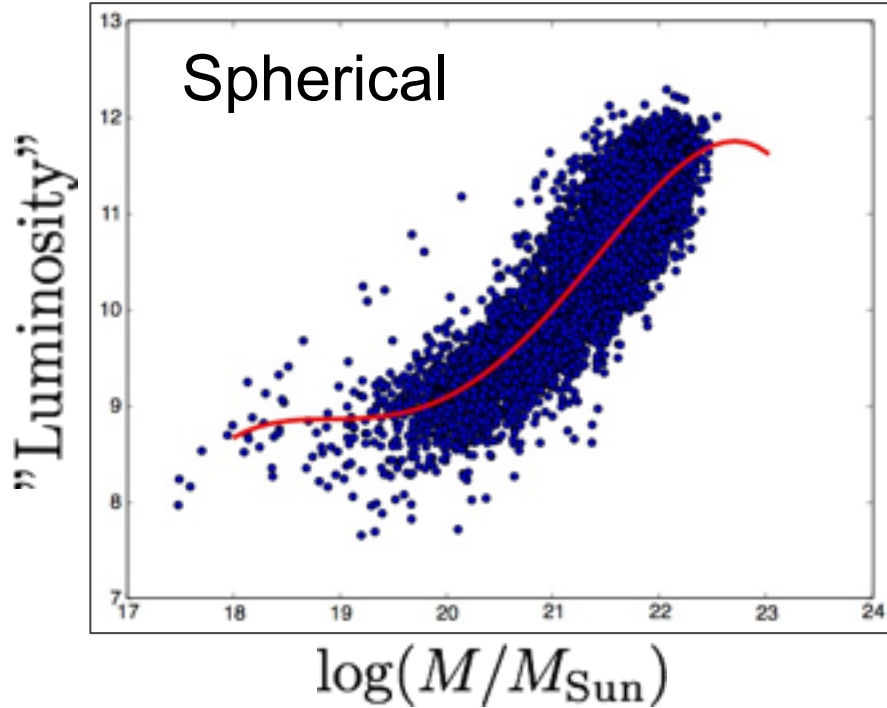


Worked quite well on
spherical galaxy class



Polynomial regression

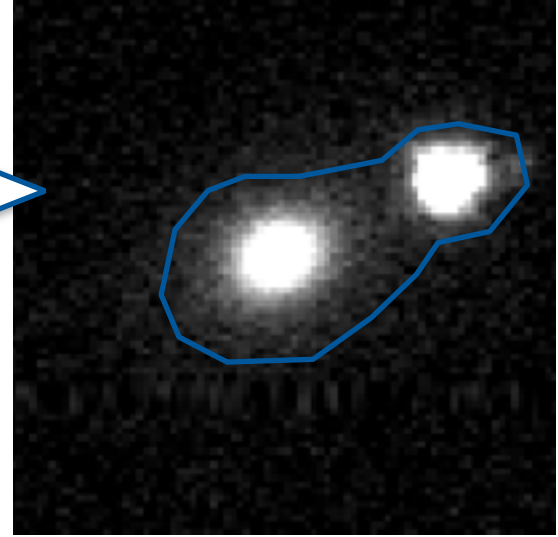
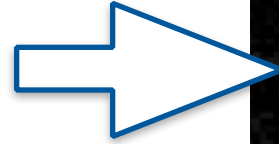
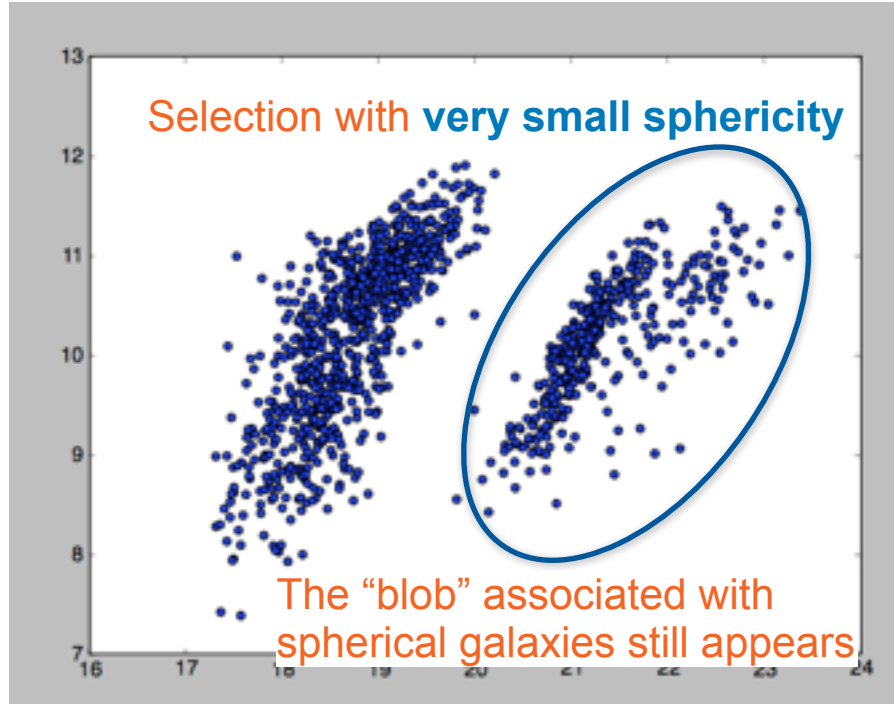
(done in the last 3.5 min of the AstroHack)



Not so well on the spiral galaxy class! Why?

Polynomial regression

(done in the last 3.5 min of the AstroHack)



This occurs if you have a spherical galaxy with a **foreground star** nearby
(The contouring algorithm groups them together)

Make galaxies
great again!



GitHub: <https://github.com/emnot/astrohack>

Advantages:

- Simplicity
- Ease of implementation
- Easy to parallelize and scale!
- **Control of the systematics!**

Disadvantages:

- Requires significant pre-processing.
- Sensitive to foreground/noise.
(but can be improved)

It's just great,
believe me!"