```
1 /*! \class Conversion
 2 class which converts a cv::Mat image from one colorspace to the next colorspace
 4 #include "Conversion.h"
 5 namespace Vision
 6 {
       /*! Constructor of the class
                                       */
 7
 8
       Conversion::Conversion()
 9
           OriginalColorSpace = None;
10
           ProcessedColorSpace = None;
11
12
13
14
       /*! Constructor of the class
15
       \param src a cv::Mat object which is the source image
16
       Conversion::Conversion(const Mat &src)
17
18
19
           OriginalColorSpace = None;
           ProcessedColorSpace = None;
20
21
           OriginalImg = src;
22
23
24
       /*! De-constructor of the class*/
25
       Conversion::~Conversion() { }
26
27
       /*! Convert the source image from one colorspace to a destination colorspace
       - RGB 2 Intensity
28
29
       - RGB 2 XYZ
30
       - RGB 2 Lab
31
       - RGB 2 Redness Index
32
       - XYZ 2 Lab
       - XYZ 2 Redness Index
33
       - Lab 2 Redness Index
34
       \param src a cv::Mat object which is the source image
35
       \param dst a cv::Mat object which is the destination image
36
37
       \param convertFrom the starting colorspace
38
       \param convertTo the destination colorspace
39
       \param chain use the results from the previous operation default value = false;
40
       void Conversion::Convert(const Mat &src, Mat &dst, ColorSpace convertFrom, ColorSpace convertTo, bool chain)
41
```

```
42
43
            OriginalImg = src;
            Convert(convertFrom, convertTo, chain);
44
            dst = ProcessedImg;
45
       ì
46
47
       /*! Convert the source image from one colorspace to a destination colorspace posibilities are:
48
49
        - RGB 2 Intensity
50
       - RGB 2 XYZ
       - RGB 2 Lab
51
52
       - RGB 2 Redness Index
       - XYZ 2 Lab
53
54
       - XYZ 2 Redness Index
55
        - Lab 2 Redness Index
       \param convertFrom the starting colorspace
56
       \param convertTo the destination colorspace
57
       \param chain use the results from the previous operation default value = false;
58
59
60
       void Conversion::Convert(ColorSpace convertFrom, ColorSpace convertTo, bool chain)
61
62
            OriginalColorSpace = convertFrom;
            ProcessedColorSpace = convertTo;
63
64
            // Exception handling
65
66
            EMPTY CHECK(OriginalImg);
67
            int nData = OriginalImg.rows * OriginalImg.cols;
68
69
            uint32 t i, j;
70
           if (convertFrom == RGB && convertTo == Intensity) // RGB 2 Intensity
71
72
                ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV 8UC1);
73
               uchar *P = ProcessedImg.data;
74
75
                uchar *0:
               CHAIN PROCESS(chain, 0, uchar);
76
77
78
                RGB2Intensity(0, P, nData);
79
           else if (convertFrom == RGB && convertTo == CIE XYZ) // RGB 2 XYZ
80
81
                ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV 32FC3);
82
```

```
float *P = (float *)ProcessedImg.data;
83
84
                uchar *0;
                CHAIN PROCESS(chain, 0, uchar);
85
 86
 87
                RGB2XYZ(O, P, nData);
 88
             else if (convertFrom == RGB && convertTo == CIE lab) // RGB 2 Lab
 89
 90
                ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV 32FC3);
91
                float *P = (float *)ProcessedImg.data;
 92
93
                uchar *0;
 94
                CHAIN PROCESS(chain, 0, uchar);
95
 96
                RGB2XYZ(O, P, nData);
                Convert(CIE XYZ, CIE lab, true);
97
98
            else if (convertFrom == RGB && convertTo == RI) // RGB 2 RI
99
100
                ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV 32FC3);
101
102
                float *P = (float *)ProcessedImg.data;
103
                uchar *0;
                CHAIN PROCESS(chain, 0, uchar);
104
105
106
                RGB2XYZ(O, P, nData);
                Convert(CIE XYZ, CIE lab, true);
107
                Convert(CIE lab, RI, true);
108
109
             else if (convertFrom == CIE XYZ && convertTo == CIE lab) // XYZ 2 Lab
110
111
                ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_32FC3);
112
                float *P = (float *)ProcessedImg.data;
113
114
                float *0;
                CHAIN PROCESS(chain, 0, float);
115
116
                XYZ2Lab(0, P, nData);
117
118
             else if (convertFrom == CIE XYZ && convertTo == RI) // XYZ 2 RI
119
120
                ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV 32FC3);
121
                float *P = (float *)ProcessedImg.data;
122
                float *0;
123
```

```
CHAIN PROCESS(chain, O, float);
124
125
                XYZ2Lab(0, P, nData);
126
                Convert(CIE lab, RI, true);
127
128
             else if (convertFrom == CIE lab && convertTo == RI) // Lab 2 RI
129
130
                 ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV 32FC1);
131
                float *P = (float *)ProcessedImg.data;
132
                float *0;
133
134
                CHAIN PROCESS(chain, 0, float);
135
136
                 Lab2RI(O, P, nData);
137
            else { throw Exception::ConversionNotSupportedException(); }
138
139
140
141
        /*! Conversion from RGB to Intensity
142
        \param O a uchar pointer to the source image
        \param P a uchar pointer to the destination image
143
        \param nData an int indicating the total number of pixels
144
         */
145
        void Conversion::RGB2Intensity(uchar *0, uchar *P, int nData)
146
147
148
             uint32 t i;
149
             uint32 t j;
150
             i = 0;
151
             i = 0;
152
             while (j < nData)</pre>
153
154
                 P[j++] = (*(0 + i + 2) * 0.2126 + *(0 + i + 1) * 0.7152 + *(0 + i) * 0.0722); // Grey value
155
                i += 3;
156
157
158
159
        /*! Conversion from RGB to CIE XYZ
        \param O a uchar pointer to the source image
160
        \param P a uchar pointer to the destination image
161
        \param nData an int indicating the total number of pixels
162
        */
163
        void Conversion::RGB2XYZ(uchar *0, float *P, int nData)
164
165
```

```
166
             uint32 t i = 0;
167
             uint32 t endData = nData * OriginalImg.step.buf[1];
168
             float R. G. B:
169
             for (uint32 t i = 0; i < endData; i += OriginalImg.step.buf[1])</pre>
170
171
                 R = \text{static cast} < \text{float} > (*(0 + i + 2) / 255.0f);
                 B = \text{static cast} < \text{float} > (*(0 + i + 1) / 255.0f);
172
                 G = static cast<float>(*(0 + i)
173
                                                     / 255.0f);
174
                 P[i] =
                             (XYZmat[0][0] * R) + (XYZmat[0][1] * B) + (XYZmat[0][2] * G); //X
175
                 P[i + 1] = (XYZmat[1][0] * R) + (XYZmat[1][1] * B) + (XYZmat[1][2] * G); //Y
                 P[i + 2] = (XYZmat[2][0] * R) + (XYZmat[2][1] * B) + (XYZmat[2][2] * G);
176
177
178
179
         /*! Conversion from CIE XYZ to CIE La*b*
180
         \param O a uchar pointer to the source image
181
         \param P a uchar pointer to the destination image
182
         \param nData an int indicating the total number of pixels
183
184
185
         void Conversion::XYZ2Lab(float *0, float *P, int nData)
186
187
             uint32 t i = 0;
             uint32 t endData = nData * 3;
188
189
             float yy0, xx0, zz0;
190
             for (size t i = 0; i < endData; i += 3)
191
192
                 xx0 = *(0 + i) / whitePoint[0];
193
                 yy0 = *(0 + i + 1) / whitePoint[1];
194
                 zz0 = *(0 + i + 2) / whitePoint[2];
195
196
                 if (yy0 > 0.008856)
197
198
                     P[i] = (116 * pow(yy0, 0.333f)) - 116; // L
199
                 else
200
201
                     P[i] = 903.3 * yy0; // L
202
203
204
205
                 P[i + 1] = 500 * (f xyz2lab(xx0) - f xyz2lab(yy0));
206
                 P[i + 2] = 200 * (f xyz2lab(yy0) - f xyz2lab(zz0));
207
```

```
208
209
        inline float Conversion::f xyz2lab(float t)
210
211
            if (t > 0.008856) { return pow(t, 0.3333333333); }
212
            return 7.787 * t + 0.137931034482759f;
213
214
215
216
        /*! Conversion from CIE La*b* to Redness Index
        \param O a uchar pointer to the source image
217
        \param P a uchar pointer to the destination image
218
        \param nData an int indicating the total number of pixels
219
220
        void Conversion::Lab2RI(float *0, float *P, int nData)
221
222
223
            uint32 t i = 0;
            uint32 t j = 0;
224
            float L, a, b;
225
            while (j < nData)</pre>
226
227
228
                L = *(0 + i);
229
                a = *(0 + i + 1);
                b = *(0 + i + 2);
230
                P[j++] = (L * (pow((pow(a, 2.0f) + pow(b, 2.0f)), 0.5f) * (pow(10, 8.2f)))) / (b * pow(L, 6.0f));
231
                i += 3;
232
233
234
235
```