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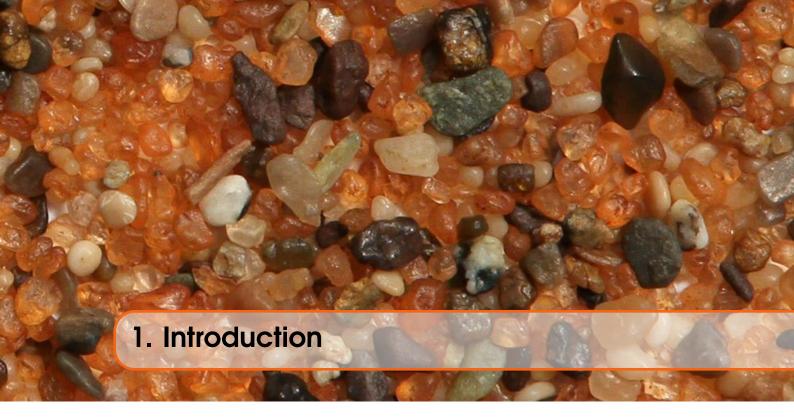
First printing, September 2015



1	Introduction	. 7
1	Design	
2	Functional Design	11
2.1	Global Input-Proces-Output	11
2.2	Specifications	12
2.2.1 2.2.2	Functional requirements	
3	User Interface	13
3.1	Graphical User Interface	13
3.2	Hardware User Interface	13
4	Manuals	15
4.1	User manual	15
4.2	Administrator manual	15
5	Technical Design	17
5.1	Hierarchical structure	17
5.2	Architecture	17
5.3	Detailed Input-Process-Output schematics	17
5.3.1	Led driver	17
5.3.2	Global position unit	17

5.3.3	Controller	17
6	Vision design	19
Ш	Realization	
7 7.0.1 7.0.2	Technical Realization Electrical design	23
8.1 8.2 8.3 8.3.1 8.3.2 8.3.3 8.4 8.4.1 8.4.2	Vision realization Image acquisition Image enhancement Feature extraction CIE La*b* extraction Fast Fourier Descriptors SI equivalent diameter Classification Roundness using Hu-moments Angularity using a Neural Network	28 28 28 28
Ш	Verification	
9 9.1 9.2	Presenting Information Table Figure	31 31 31
IV	Addenda	
	Bibliography Books Reports Articles	35 35 35 35
	Index	37
A	RDM campus: Student project	39
В	Literature review	41
C.0.1 C.0.2 C.0.3	SoilMath Library Genetic Algorithm Class Fast Fourier Transform Class Neural Network Class	43 54

C.0.4 C.0.5	Statistical Class	
D.0.1 D.0.2 D.0.3 D.0.4 D.0.5 D.0.6 D.0.7 D.0.8 D.0.9 D.0.10	Hardware Library Microscope Class Beaglebone Black Class GPIO Class PWM Class ADC Class EC 12P Class eQep Class SoilCape Class USB Class General project files	
E.O.1 E.O.2 E.O.3 E.O.4 E.O.5 E.O.6	Vision Library Image processing Class Conversion Class Enhance Class Morphological filter Class Segment Class General project files	149 157 164 172 177 198
F.0.1 F.0.2 F.0.3 F.0.4 F.0.5	Analyzer Library Analyzer Class Sample Class Particle Class Settings Class General project files	216 221 227
G	QOpenCVQT Library	235
Н	QParticleDisplay Library	239
l	QParticleSelector Library	245
J	QReportGenerator Library	251
K.0.1 K.0.2 K.0.3 K.0.4	Vision Soil Analyzer Program General project files	265 269 285



This project finds its roots in the minor Embedded Vision Design @ HAN, hereafter named EVD. During this minor an embedded device was developed which analyses soil samples using a microscope. This Vision Soil Analyzer hereafter refereed to as VSA, analyzes samples using the optical properties. It gives an user information on color, texture and structure.

This is developed in collaboration with Royal IHC and MTI Holland. Royal IHC is one of Holland major shipyard companies and specializes in dredging and offshore. MTI Holland BV is royal IHC dredging knowledge center. They're worldwide leading centre of expertise in the area of translating knowledge of dredging, mining and deep-sea mining processes into the specification, design and application of equipment.

Both companies have an interests in knowing the properties of soil, be it to advise their customers or to further facilitate their own research and services. Current methods, like the Particle Size Analysis using a sieve and hydrometer are time consuming and non portable. To facilitate quick, accurate and on location soil research an embedded device has been developed. This VSA analyzes soil samples using a microscope and gives the user acceptable and quick results on the soil visual properties.

Quick and reliable results are a welcome addition into any laboratory, this combined with a device that is light and portable gives it's users an added benefit of shortened logistical operations for their soil samples. This results in some serious time benefits.

During the first period of the minor a basic prototype has been developed. This prototype ran in Matlab on a X64 desktop computer and was a first test case for the algorithms and idea's. In the second period this prototype is developed on an ARMv7 embedded Linux device and is compiled in C++. The goal of the software is to analyze soil samples and presenting the user with information regarding it's color, texture and structure.

Information regarding the color of a sample is presented to the user in the CIE Lab and Redness Index color-models. These color models show correlation between different soil properties, such as iron content and fertility. Conversion between different color-models

are CPU intensive, because each pixel will be transformed using multiple algorithms. It's therefore paramount that calculations are done with an minimum of machine instructions and with acceptable errors.

Texture information is presented to a user via a Particle Size Distribution, hereafter named PSD. This is a cumulative function representing the ratio of different particle sizes in the soil sample. Due to the nature of a two dimensional digital image numerous problems arise. These are overlap of smaller particles by bigger particles, this gives a distortion in the PSD results, because the smaller particle is registered as part of the bigger particle. And another problem is the fact that soil particles are three dimensional. but the image is two dimensional.

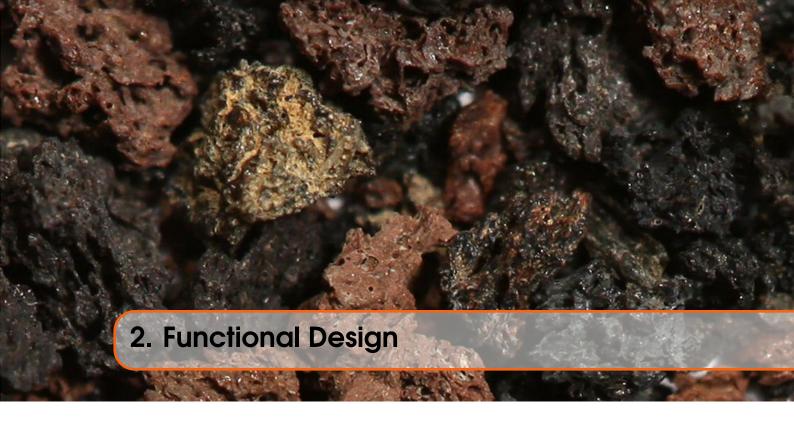
Information about the structure of the soil is extrapolated from the individual particles shapes. These shapes are describes in the frequency domain, using a Fast Fourier Transform and fed into a Neural Network which classifies these shapes into standard soil categories. These are time consuming operations and therefore should be done with a minimum of machine instructions and efficient programming.

This wiki / product documentation gives the developer(s) and customers, namely MTI and IHC a tool to further the development of the VSA in to a full fledge market ready product. The development environment and the used protocols are described in order to guard the quality of the work. The product itself is designed by determining a global IPO Input-Process-Output diagram. This leads to the functional specifications. To illustrate the working of the device further the User Interface will be designed which will be supplemented with a short manual. All the above design tools will come together in a detailed IPO. Correct working of the device is guaranteed with various testing protocols. The current working principles follows a set global workflow. The vision related algorithms are describe in order to determine the most efficient working order. This results in the complete image processing steps

The following project setup is proposed for the release candidate. Future release will follow the roadmap

Design

2 2.1 2.2	Functional Design Global Input-Proces-Output Specifications	11
3 3.1 3.2	User Interface Graphical User Interface Hardware User Interface	13
4 4.1 4.2	Manuals User manual Administrator manual	15
5 5.1 5.2 5.3	Technical Design Hierarchical structure Architecture Detailed Input-Process-Output schematics	17
6	Vision design	19



2.1 Global Input-Proces-Output

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Sed commodo posuere pede. Mauris ut est. Ut quis purus. Sed ac odio. Sed vehicula hendrerit sem. Duis non odio. Morbi ut dui. Sed accumsan risus eget odio. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Pellentesque non elit. Fusce sed justo eu urna porta tincidunt. Mauris felis odio, sollicitudin sed, volutpat a, ornare ac, erat. Morbi quis dolor. Donec pellentesque, erat ac sagittis semper, nunc dui lobortis purus, quis congue purus metus ultricies tellus. Proin et quam. Class aptent taciti sociosqu ad litora torquent per conubia nostra, per inceptos hymenaeos. Praesent sapien turpis, fermentum vel, eleifend faucibus, vehicula eu, lacus.

2.2 Specifications

2.2.1 Functional requirements

Name Description
Word Definition
Comment Elaboration

2.2.2 Technical requirements

Name Description Word Definition Comment Elaboration



- 3.1 Graphical User Interface
- 3.2 Hardware User Interface



- 4.1 User manual
- 4.2 Administrator manual



5.1 Hierarchical structure

This is an example of theorems.

5.2 Architecture

This is a theorem consisting of several equations.

5.3 Detailed Input-Process-Output schematics

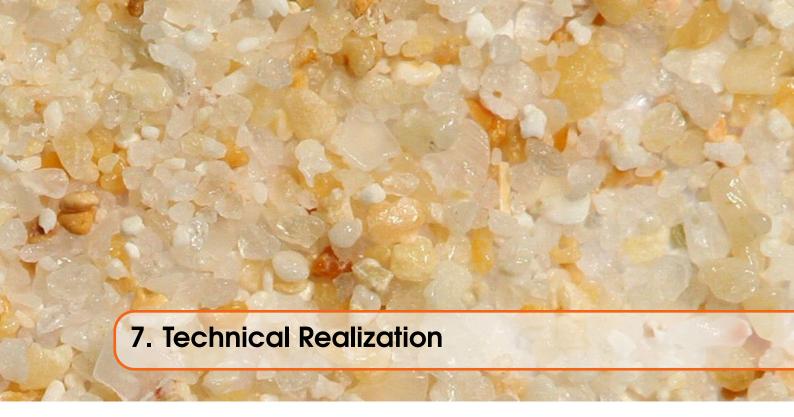
This is a theorem consisting of just one line.

- 5.3.1 Led driver
- 5.3.2 Global position unit
- 5.3.3 Controller



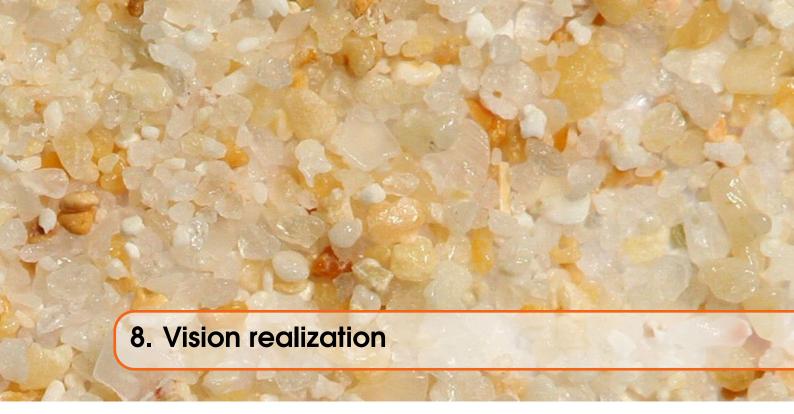
Realization

7	Technical Realization	23
8	Vision realization	25
8.1	Image acquisition	
8.2	Image enhancement	
8.3	Feature extraction	
8.4	Classification	



7.0.1 Electrical design

7.0.2 Design



This chapter describes the used vision processing techniques. The current prototype and work flow is developed to allow for different routines. The user has multiple options and strategies available to achieve optimum results. Each of these are explained in the sequential subsection below. It begins with the acquisition of image(s), which are then enhanced to allow for optimal segmentation of pixels related to sand particles. These pixels are used to determine the features of each particle, which serve as input for the classification algorithms.

8.1 Image acquisition

A thorough review of the current literature [1] identified three properties that can be used in vision based analyzing. These properties are structure (shape), color and texture (size). When looking closely at sand sample, you notice a multitude of shapes, colors and sizes, each particle is unique and differs from its neighbor. This diversity brings it own challenges. The shape of a particle determines how it will rest on the sample plate. The color and the translucency of the particle, determines how easily it can be segmented or identified from the background. Whilst the size determines the needed focus depth of the microscope.



In samples, where the particles show a huge spread in size, compared to the mean size, there will be a noticeable difference in focus, between big and small particles.

Acquisition strategies

The first prototype is developed in such a way that multiple acquisition strategies can be implemented. Each of these tackle different challenges. The quality of the acquired image is the biggest factor in the successful extraction of a particle, but in order to make any valid claim about the sample, a certain amount of particles have to examined. To determine the minimum sample size, the following equation can be derived:

Let the reliability be 95% $\therefore z = 1.96$, the probability be P = 50% and the accuracy be $\alpha = 5\%$; consider the function:

$$z\sqrt{\frac{p\times(1-P)}{n}} \le \alpha \to n \ge \frac{-p\times(P-1)\times z^2}{\alpha^2}$$
 (8.1)

This brings the minimum amount of particles to 384. With the predefined range of particle sizes $(0.2[mm] \le P_s ize \le 2[mm]$ where P defines a particle) and the limited work area under the microscope, multiple shots have to be taken. Where the sample is rearranged. Between fifteen and twenty shots are usually enough.



The process of rearranging the particles, will be automated in the future. Student of the minor Offshore & Construction taught at the University of Applied Sciences Rotterdam will work on this challenge. This is done on the RDM Campus. This minor starts in September 2015. Their product will serve as input for the second prototype. Their assignment is described in appendix A and will be executed under the auspice of MTI Holland and the author.

Acquisition

Each sample is placed in a light condition room, and laid out on a semitransparent white acrylate plate. The sample can be illuminated with a bright field light source, where the light is aimed directly at an object or the particle can be lit with back lighting. See the course notes [3] for a more in-depth description. The choice for back lighting can be made because translucent particle are harder to segment in a bright field light. The trade off is extra processing time.

After the sample is placed in the light condition room, the microscope takes a image with bright field illumination and, if the option is selected, another one with back lighting. Hereafter the sample is rearranged, this is a manual procedure. Once the sample is rearranged a new set of shots is taken. Each image that is acquired from the microscope is defined by a matrix were the values are triples for the RGB (red, green and blue) values and these are defined by an unsigned byte.

Each image is stored in a vector using a custom container. This container consists of a bright field image, back light image and a SI-conversion factor. Each time the height is changed, the microscope has to be calibrated so that the relation between pixel and [mm] can be determined. This is done by taking a shot of a disc with known dimensions. A single euro cent can serve for this purpose.



The image is stored in the OpenCV matrix (cv::Mat) container. This container is designed to handle image processing data and routines. It makes use of memory management and smart pointers to handle the data effectively.

8.2 Image enhancement

Image enhancement prepares the RGB image for conversion to a binary image. It eliminates noise and brings out wanted features, by using filters.

Intensity image

The first step in this process step is the conversion from the RGB color space to an scalar valued image which represent the luminosity, also known as a intensity image. This luminosity is calculated using a weighted average and is done for bright field and back lit images.

Let **I** and **R**, **G**, **B** be a matrices with dimensions $n \times m$ derived from the color matrix **RGB** with dimensions $n \times m \times 3$; The weighted average can be calculated with the following equation:

$$\mathbf{I} = 0.2126 \times \mathbf{R} + 0.7152 \times \mathbf{G} + 0.0722 \times \mathbf{B}$$
(8.2)

Adaptive contrast stretch

After the conversion from RGB to an intensity image, the user has the choice to apply an adaptive contrast stretch to the bright field images. This process is used to enhance the contrast of the intensity image. For every pixel and its surrounding area the mean and standard deviation are calculated. If the value of the pixel is above or below the mean than the following rule is used to determine the new value: $\mathbf{I}_{n,m} = \mathbf{I}_{n,m} \times \alpha \pm \sigma$, where α is a scaling factor and σ is the standard deviation of the old pixel value with it's neighboring kernel pixels.

Blur

As a second enhancement the user can apply a blurring operation to the bright field images, in essence the opposite of the contrast stretch. The blur operation also determines the mean for every pixels within a given area: the kernel. The mean value of the kernel is assigned to the pixel.

Cropping

The above operations described in the paragraph 8.2 and 8.2, leave the border pixels unaffected in their calculations. This offset is determined by half of the biggest kernel size. These pixels are discarded for the next step. The enhanced intensity matrix is used for particle segmentation, see section 8.3. Whilst the intensity matrix of the bright field image is used for the conversion to the CIE La*b* colorspace, as explained in section 8.3.1.

8.3 Feature extraction

In order to tell something about the individual particles, they first have to be identified and separated from the background. This is done with the enhanced intensity matrix. Which is taken from the bright field matrix or if available the back lit intensity matrix.

Segmentation

The images are segmented by calculating a threshold value. This value is determined by using the Otsu threshold. Xu et al. [2] describe that the Otsu threshold is equal to the average of the mean levels of two classes partitioned by this threshold. This threshold can be iteratively determined.

Let \vec{h} be a vector of dimension 256 which represent a count of values in the enhanced intensity matrix **I** with dimensions $m \times n$

$$\frac{1}{t} \sum_{i=1}^{t} \vec{h}_i = t - \frac{1}{256 - t} \sum_{i=t}^{256} \vec{h}_i$$
(8.3)

- 8.3.1 CIE La*b* extraction
- **8.3.2** Fast Fourier Descriptors
- 8.3.3 SI equivalent diameter
 - 8.4 Classification
- **8.4.1** Roundness using Hu-moments
- 8.4.2 Angularity using a Neural Network

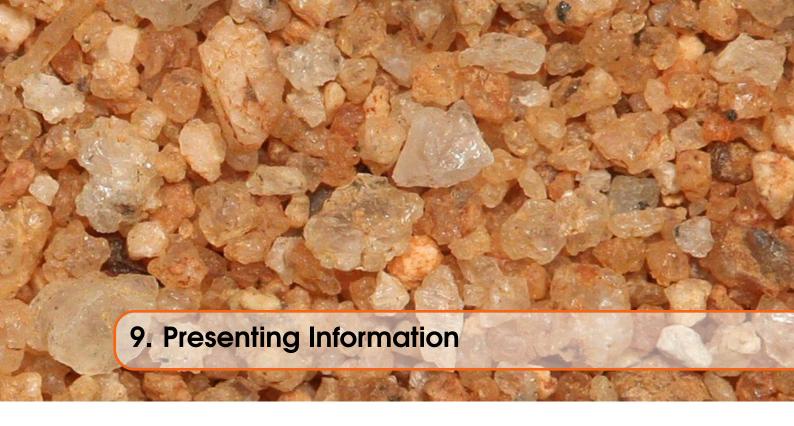
Angularity of particle can be described as
Input layer Hidden layer Output layer

FFT₁
Class₁
FFT₃
Class₂
FFT₄

This is an example of examples.

Verification

9	Presenting Information	31
9.1		
9.2	Figure	



9.1 Table

Treatments	Response 1	Response 2
Treatment 1	0.0003262	0.562
Treatment 2	0.0015681	0.910
Treatment 3	0.0009271	0.296

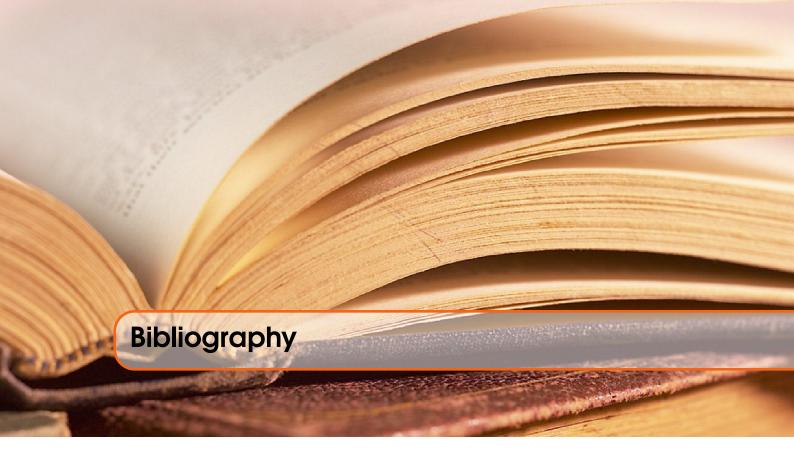
Table 9.1: Table caption

9.2 Figure

Figure 9.1: Figure caption

Addenda

	Bibliography 35 Books Reports Articles
	Index 37
A	RDM campus: Student project 39
В	Literature review 41
С	SoilMath Library 43
D	Hardware Library 97
E	Vision Library
F	Analyzer Library 205
G	QOpenCVQT Library 235
н	QParticleDisplay Library 239
L.	QParticleSelector Library 245
J	QReportGenerator Library 251
K	Vision Soil Analyzer Program 265



Books

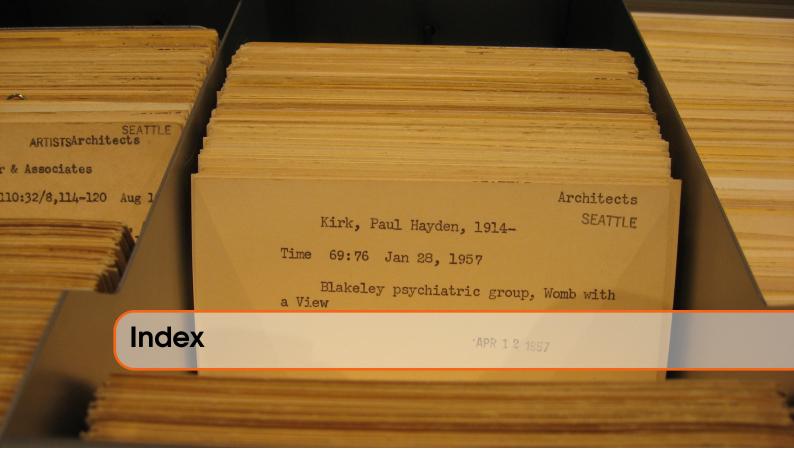
[3] ir. P.A.C. Ypma. *Course Notes EVD2*. University of applied sciences, Sept. 2, 2014. 71 pages (cited on page 26).

Reports

[1] Jelle Spijker. *Optische kenmerken van grond gebruikt bij computer vision*. Literatuurstudie. HAN University of applied sciences, 2014 (cited on page 25).

Articles

[2] Xiangyang Xu et al. "Characteristic analysis of Otsu threshold and its applications". In: Pattern Recognition Letters 32.7 (2011), pages 956—961. ISSN: 0167-8655. DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.patrec.2011.01.021. URL: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0167865511000365 (cited on page 27).



Acquisition, 25, 26 acquisition strategies, 25 Angularity Neural Network, 27 Architecture, 17

Back lighting, 26 Bright field illumination, 26

Citation, 12 Classification, 27

Enhancement, 26

Feature extraction, 27 Figure, 31

Global Input-Proces-Output, 11

Hierachical structure, 17

Intensity image, 26 IPO, 17

Minimum sample size, 25

RGB, 26 Roundness

Hu-moments, 27

SI-conversion factor, 26 structure, 25

Table, 31 Texture, 25



Subject: RDM Student project

Author: Jelle Spijker

Introduction

This project finds its roots in the minor Embedded Vision Design (EVD) taught at the university of applied sciences HAN. During this minor a portable embedded device was developed which analyses soil samples using a microscope. This Vision Soil Analyser hereafter referred to as VSA, analyses soil samples using the optical properties. It's main function is: Presenting quantifiable information to a user on the properties of soil: such as colour, texture and structure.

The VSA takes a snapshot from a soil sample, which is placed under a microscope in an closed environment. This digital image is analysed using a multitude of computer vision algorithms. Statistical data is presented to the user in the form a Particle Size Distribution (PSD) and a histogram of the shape classification. The PSD is obtained by calculating the number of pixels for each individual particle, whilst shape classification is determined by describing the contour of each individual particle as mathematical function which undergoes a transformation to the frequency domain. This complex vector then serves as input for an Artificial Neural Network (ANN) where the output classifies each particle in a certain category.

The prototype developed during the minor EVD will serve as a basis for a graduation project of that same student, which initialized the project. This is done for his main course mechanical engineering at the HAN. This graduation project is done under the auspices of MTI Holland. The goal during this second stage is to develop a field ready prototype. In conjunction with the necessary documentation (Technical Dossier). Due to the scale of the project, several key problems are identified and separated from the main project. These problems can be tackled by separated student groups.

Problem description

Due to the transformation from 3D particles to a discrete 2D image certain data is lost. This degradation of data introduces errors in the statistical data. One of the forms of degradations is the overlap of bigger particle onto smaller particles. These particles are identified as an particle with at least the size and the contour of the biggest particles. Thus giving false negatives for the smaller particles and often false positives for the bigger particle.

A solution that will be explored during this stage is the execution of multiple analysis of the same discrete particle population. This will result in an accurate statistical representation of the soil sample placed under the microscope.

The project that the RDM students can tackle can be described as follow:

Design and build a prototype with which the placement of particles, relative to each other and ranging in sizes from 0.02 - 2 [mm] are randomly changed in a time span of 1 [sec], which is tightly integrated with the main prototype.

The prototype is to be CE compliant and should be build according to technical specifications. It should be described in a Technical Dossier, containing all necessary documents such as: technical drawings (according to mono system), bill of materials, calculation, analysis and design reports.



Literatuurstudie

Optische kenmerken van grond gebruikt bij computer vision

Opdrachtgever:

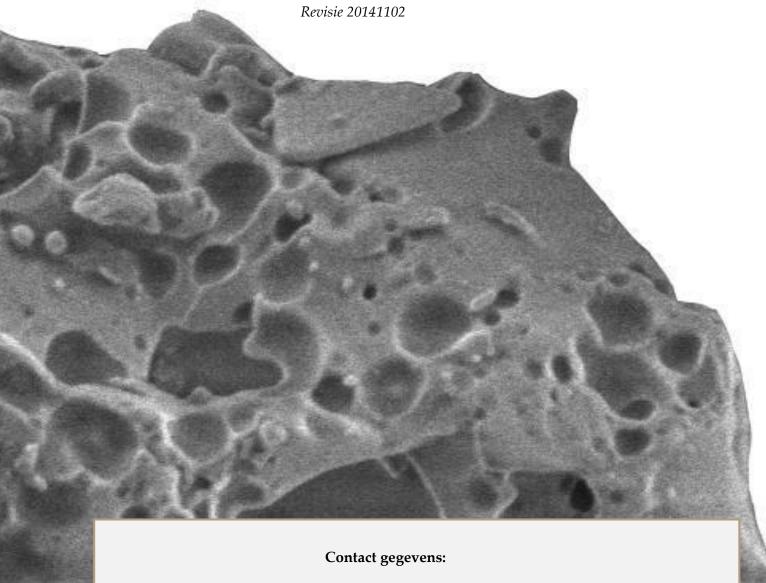
Royal IHC

Opleverdatum:

3 november 2014

Jelle Spijker

Datum 2 november 2014

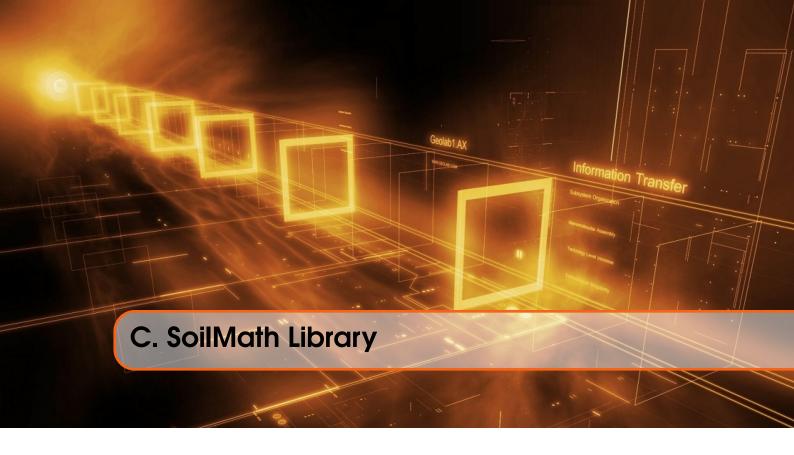


Jelle Spijker (495653) – 06-43272644 – Spijker.Jelle@gmail.com

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In delen van het product, die letterlijk of bijna letterlijk zijn geciteerd uit externe bronnen (zoals internet, boeken, vakbladen enz.) is dit door ons via een verwijzing conform APA-norm (b.v. voetnoot) expliciet kenbaar gemaakt in het geciteerde tekstdeel (cursief gedrukt).



C.0.1 Genetic Algorithm Class

```
1 /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
   * Unauthorized copying of this file, via any medium is
       strictly prohibited
3
    * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
    * This software is proprietary and confidential
   * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
  //! Genetic Algorithmes used for optimization problems
   /*!
10
   * Use this class for optimization problems. It's currently
         optimized for
    * Neural Network optimzation
12
     */
13 #pragma once
14
15 #include <bitset>
16 #include <random>
17 #include <string>
18 #include <algorithm>
19 #include <chrono>
20 #include <math.h>
21 #include <list>
22
  //#include "NN.h"
24 #include "SoilMathTypes.h"
25 #include "MathException.h"
27 #include <QtCore/QObject>
28 #include <QDebug>
```

```
29 #include <QThread>
30 #include <QtConcurrent>
31
32 #include <boost/bind.hpp>
33
34 namespace SoilMath {
35
36 class GA: public QObject {
37
     Q_OBJECT
38
39 public:
    float MutationRate = 0.075f; /**< mutation rate*/</pre>
40
     uint32_t Elitisme = 4;
                                   /**< total number of the
41
        elite bastard*/
42
     float EndError = 0.001f;
                                 /**< acceptable error between
         last itteration*/
     bool Revolution = true;
43
44
45
     /*!
46
    * \brief GA Standard constructor
47
    */
48
     GA();
49
50
     /*!
51
      * \brief GA Construction with a Neural Network
         initializers
52
      * \param nnfunction the Neural Network prediction
         function which results will
53
      * be optimized
54
      * \param inputneurons the number of input neurons in the
         Neural Network don't
55
      * count the bias
56
      * \param hiddenneurons the number of hidden neurons in
         the Neural Network
57
      * don't count the bias
      * \param outputneurons the number of output neurons in
58
         the Neural Network
59
     GA(NNfunctionType nnfunction, uint32_t inputneurons,
60
        uint32_t hiddenneurons,
61
        uint32_t outputneurons);
62
63
      * \brief GA standard de constructor
64
65
      */
66
     ~GA();
67
68
     /*!
      * \brief Evolve Darwin would be proud!!! This function
69
         creates a population
70
      * and itterates
71
      * through the generation till the maximum number off
         itterations has been
72
      * reached of the
73
      * error is acceptable
```

```
74
       * \param inputValues complex vector with a reference to
          the inputvalues
75
       * \param weights reference to the vector of weights which
           will be optimized
76
       * \param rangeweights reference to the range of weights,
          currently it doesn't
77
       * support indivudal ranges
78
       * this is because of the crossing
79
       * \param goal target value towards the Neural Network
          prediction function
80
       * will be optimized
81
       * \param maxGenerations maximum number of itterations
          default value is 200
82
       * \param popSize maximum number of population, this
          should be an even number
83
84
      void Evolve(const InputLearnVector_t &inputValues,
         Weight_t &weights,
85
                  MinMaxWeight_t rangeweights,
                      OutputLearnVector_t &goal,
86
                   uint32_t maxGenerations = 200, uint32_t
                      popSize = 30);
87
    signals:
      void learnErrorUpdate(double newError);
89
90
    private:
91
      NNfunctionType NNfuction; /**< The Neural Net work
         function*/
92
      uint32_t inputneurons;
                                 /**< the total number of input
         neurons*/
      uint32_t hiddenneurons;
                                 /**< the total number of hidden
93
         neurons*/
94
      uint32_t outputneurons;
                                 /**< the total number of output
         neurons*/
95
96
      MinMaxWeight_t rangeweights;
97
      InputLearnVector_t inputValues;
98
      OutputLearnVector_t goal;
99
100
      float minOptim = 0;
101
      float maxOptim = 0;
102
      uint32_t oldElit = 0;
103
      float oldMutation = 0.;
      std::list<double> last10Gen;
104
105
      uint32_t currentGeneration = 0;
106
      bool revolutionOngoing = false;
107
108
      /*!
109
       * \brief Genesis private function which is the spark of
          live, using a random
110
111
       * \param weights a reference to the used Weight_t vector
112
       * \param rangeweights pointer to the range of weights,
          currently it doesn't
113
       * support indivudal ranges
```

```
* \param popSize maximum number of population, this
114
          should be an even number
115
       * \return
116
       */
117
      Population_t Genesis(const Weight_t &weights, uint32_t
         popSize);
118
119
      /*!
120
       * \brief CrossOver a private function where the partners
          mate with each other
       * The values or PopMember_t are expressed as bits or ar
121
          cut at the point
122
       * CROSSOVER
123
       * the population members are paired with the nearest
          neighbor and new members
124
       * are
125
       * created pairing the Genome_t of each other at the
          CROSSOVER point.
126
       * Afterwards all
127
       * the top tiers partners are allowed to mate again.
128
       * \param pop reference to the population
129
       */
130
      void CrossOver(Population_t &pop);
131
132
      /*!
133
       * \brief Mutate a private function where individual bits
          from the Genome_t
134
       * are mutated
135
       * at a random uniform distribution event defined by the
          MUTATIONRATE
136
       * \param pop reference to the population
137
138
      void Mutate(Population_t &pop);
139
140
      /*!
141
       * \brief GrowToAdulthood a private function where the new
           population members
142
       * serve as the
143
       * the input for the Neural Network prediction function.
          The results are
144
       * weight against
145
       * the goal and this weight determine the fitness of the
          population member
146
       * \param pop reference to the population
147
       * \param inputValues a InputLearnVector_t with a
          reference to the inputvalues
148
       * \param rangeweights pointer to the range of weights,
          currently it doesn't
149
       * support indivudal ranges
150
       * \param goal a Predict_t type with the expected value
151
       * \param totalFitness a reference to the total population
           fitness
152
153
      void GrowToAdulthood(Population_t &pop, float &
         totalFitness);
154
```

```
155
      /*!
156
       * \brief SurvivalOfTheFittest a private function where a
          battle to the death
157
       * commences
158
       * The fittest population members have the best chance of
          survival. Death is
159
       * instigated
160
       * with a random uniform distibution. The elite members
          don't partake in this
161
       * desctruction
162
       * The ELITISME rate indicate how many top tier members
          survive this
163
       * catastrophic event.
164
       * \param inputValues a InputLearnVector_t with a
          reference to the inputvalues
165
       * \param totalFitness a reference to the total population
           fitness
166
       * \return
167
       */
168
      bool SurvivalOfTheFittest(Population_t &pop, float &
         totalFitness);
169
170
171
       * \brief PopMemberSort a private function where the
          members are sorted
172
       * according to
173
       * there fitness ranking
174
       * \param i left hand population member
175
       * \param j right hand population member
176
       * \return true if the left member is closser to the goal
          as the right member.
177
178
      static bool PopMemberSort(PopMember_t i, PopMember_t j) {
179
        return (i.Fitness < j.Fitness);</pre>
180
181
182
      /*!
183
       * \brief Conversion of the value of type T to Genome_t
184
       * \details Usage: Use <tt>ConvertToGenome <Type > (type,
          range) </tt>
185
       * \param value The current value wich should be converted
           to a Genome_t
186
       * \param range the range in which the value should fall,
          this is to have a
187
       * Genome_t
188
       * which utilizes the complete range 0000...n till 1111...
          n
189
       */
190
      template <typename T>
191
      inline Genome_t ConvertToGenome(T value, std::pair<T, T>
         range) {
192
        uint32_t intVal = static_cast < uint32_t > (
193
            (UINT32_MAX * (range.first + value)) / (range.second
                 - range.first));
194
        Genome_t retVal(intVal);
195
        return retVal;
```

```
196
      }
197
198
      /*!
199
       * \brief Conversion of the Genome to a value
200
       * \details Usage: use <tt>ConvertToValue <Type > (genome,
          range)
201
       * \param gen is the Genome which is to be converted
202
       * \param range is the range in which the value should
203
       */
204
      template <typename T>
205
      inline T ConvertToValue(Genome_t gen, std::pair<T, T>
         range) {
206
        T retVal =
207
            range.first +
208
             ((((range.second - range.first) * static_cast<T>(gen.
                to_ulong())) /
209
             UINT32_MAX);
210
        return retVal;
211
      }
212
   };
213 }
   /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
     * Unauthorized copying of this file, via any medium is
        strictly prohibited
 3
     * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
        Jelle Spijker)
 4
     * This software is proprietary and confidential
 5
     * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
 6
     */
 7
 8
   #include "GA.h"
 10 namespace SoilMath {
 11 GA::GA() {}
 12
   GA::GA(NNfunctionType nnfunction, uint32_t inputneurons,
       uint32_t hiddenneurons,
 14
           uint32_t outputneurons) {
 15
      this -> NNfuction = nnfunction;
 16
      this->inputneurons = inputneurons;
 17
      this->hiddenneurons = hiddenneurons;
 18
      this->outputneurons = outputneurons;
   }
 19
20
21 GA::~GA() {}
22
    void GA::Evolve(const InputLearnVector_t &inputValues,
23
       Weight_t &weights,
24
                     MinMaxWeight_t rangeweights,
                        OutputLearnVector_t &goal,
25
                     uint32_t maxGenerations, uint32_t popSize) {
26
      minOptim = goal[0].OutputNeurons.size();
27
      minOptim = -minOptim;
28
      maxOptim = 2 * goal[0].OutputNeurons.size();
```

```
29
     oldElit = Elitisme;
30
     oldMutation = MutationRate;
31
     this->inputValues = inputValues;
32
     this->rangeweights = rangeweights;
33
     this->goal = goal;
34
35
     // Create the population
36
     Population_t pop = Genesis(weights, popSize);
37
     float totalFitness = 0.0;
38
     for (uint32_t i = 0; i < maxGenerations; i++) {</pre>
39
        CrossOver(pop);
40
        Mutate(pop);
41
        totalFitness = 0.0;
42
        GrowToAdulthood(pop, totalFitness);
43
        if (SurvivalOfTheFittest(pop, totalFitness)) {
44
          break;
45
46
47
     weights = pop[0].weights;
48
49
50
   Population_t GA::Genesis(const Weight_t &weights, uint32_t
       popSize) {
51
     if (popSize < 1)</pre>
52
       return Population_t();
53
54
     Population_t pop;
55
     unsigned seed = std::chrono::system_clock::now().
         time_since_epoch().count();
56
     std::default_random_engine gen(seed);
57
      std::uniform_real_distribution < float > dis(rangeweights.
         first,
58
                                                    rangeweights.
                                                       second);
59
60
     for (uint32_t i = 0; i < popSize; i++) {</pre>
61
        PopMember_t I;
        for (uint32_t j = 0; j < weights.size(); <math>j++) {
62
63
          I.weights.push_back(dis(gen));
64
          {\tt I.weightsGen.push\_back(}
65
              ConvertToGenome < float > (I.weights[j], rangeweights)
                  );
66
        }
67
        pop.push_back(I);
     }
68
69
     return pop;
70 }
71
72
   void GA::CrossOver(Population_t &pop) {
73
     Population_t newPop; // create a new population
74
     PopMember_t newPopMembers[2];
75
     SplitGenome_t Split[2];
76
77
     for (uint32_t i = 0; i < pop.size(); i += 2) {</pre>
78
79
        for (uint32_t j = 0; j < pop[i].weights.size(); j++) {</pre>
```

```
80
          // Split A
81
          Split[0].first = std::bitset < CROSSOVER > (
 82
               pop[i].weightsGen[j].to_string().substr(0,
                  CROSSOVER));
83
          Split[0].second = std::bitset<GENE_MAX - CROSSOVER>(
84
               pop[i].weightsGen[j].to_string().substr(CROSSOVER,
85
                                                          GENE_MAX -
                                                             CROSSOVER
                                                             ));
86
87
          // Split B
 88
          Split[1].first = std::bitset<CROSSOVER>(
 89
               pop[i + 1].weightsGen[j].to_string().substr(0,
                  CROSSOVER));
          Split[1].second = std::bitset < GENE_MAX - CROSSOVER > (
90
               pop[i + 1].weightsGen[j].to_string().substr(
91
                  CROSSOVER,
92
                                                              GENE_MAX
                                                                  CROSSOVER
                                                                  ));
93
94
          // Mate A and B to AB and BA
95
          newPopMembers[0].weightsGen.push_back(
96
               Genome_t(Split[0].first.to_string() + Split[1].
                  second.to_string()));
97
          newPopMembers[1].weightsGen.push_back(
98
               Genome_t(Split[1].first.to_string() + Split[0].
                  second.to_string()));
99
100
        newPop.push_back(newPopMembers[0]);
101
        newPop.push_back(newPopMembers[1]);
        newPopMembers[0].weightsGen.clear();
102
103
        newPopMembers[1].weightsGen.clear();
104
      }
105
106
      // Allow the top tiers population partners to mate again
107
      uint32_t halfN = pop.size() / 2;
108
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < halfN; i++) {</pre>
109
        for (uint32_t j = 0; j < pop[i].weights.size(); j++) {</pre>
110
          Split[0].first = std::bitset < CROSSOVER > (
111
               pop[i].weightsGen[j].to_string().substr(0,
                  CROSSOVER));
112
          Split[0].second = std::bitset<GENE_MAX - CROSSOVER>(
113
               pop[i].weightsGen[j].to_string().substr(CROSSOVER,
114
                                                          GENE_MAX -
                                                             CROSSOVER
                                                             ));
115
116
          Split[1].first = std::bitset < CROSSOVER > (
117
               pop[i + 2].weightsGen[j].to_string().substr(0,
                  CROSSOVER));
118
          Split[1].second = std::bitset<GENE_MAX - CROSSOVER>(
119
               pop[i + 2].weightsGen[j].to_string().substr(
```

```
CROSSOVER,
120
                                                              GENE_MAX
                                                                  CROSSOVER
                                                                  ));
121
122
          newPopMembers[0].weightsGen.push_back(
123
               Genome_t(Split[0].first.to_string() + Split[1].
                  second.to_string()));
124
          newPopMembers[1].weightsGen.push_back(
125
               Genome_t(Split[1].first.to_string() + Split[0].
                  second.to_string()));
126
        }
127
        newPop.push_back(newPopMembers[0]);
128
        newPop.push_back(newPopMembers[1]);
129
        newPopMembers[0].weightsGen.clear();
130
        newPopMembers[1].weightsGen.clear();
131
132
      pop = newPop;
133 }
134
135
    void GA::Mutate(Population_t &pop) {
136
      unsigned seed = std::chrono::system_clock::now().
         time_since_epoch().count();
137
      std::default_random_engine gen(seed);
138
      std::uniform_real_distribution < float > dis(0, 1);
139
      std::default_random_engine genGen(seed);
140
141
      std::uniform_int_distribution < int > disGen(0, (GENE_MAX -
         1));
142
143
      QtConcurrent::blockingMap < Population_t > (pop, [&]()
         PopMember_t &P) {
144
        for (uint32_t j = 0; j < P.weightsGen.size(); j++) {</pre>
145
          if (dis(gen) < MutationRate) {</pre>
146
            P.weightsGen[j][disGen(genGen)].flip();
147
148
        }
149
      });
150
151
152
    void GA::GrowToAdulthood(Population_t &pop, float &
       totalFitness) {
153
154
      QtConcurrent::blockingMap < Population_t > (pop, [&](
         PopMember_t &P) {
155
        // std::for_each(pop.begin(), pop.end(), [&](PopMember_t
             &P) {
        for (uint32_t j = 0; j < P.weightsGen.size(); j++) {
156
157
          P.weights.push_back(ConvertToValue < float > (P.weightsGen
              [j], rangeweights));
158
        }
159
        Weight_t iWeight(P.weights.begin(),
160
                          P.weights.begin() + ((inputneurons + 1)
                               * hiddenneurons));
161
        Weight_t hWeight(P.weights.begin() + ((inputneurons + 1)
```

```
* hiddenneurons),
162
                           P.weights.end());
163
164
        for (uint32_t j = 0; j < inputValues.size(); j++) {</pre>
           Predict_t results = NNfuction(inputValues[j], iWeight,
165
               hWeight,
166
                                           inputneurons,
                                              hiddenneurons,
                                              outputneurons);
167
           // See issue #85
168
          bool allGood = true;
169
           float fitness = 0.0;
170
           for (uint32_t k = 0; k < results.OutputNeurons.size();</pre>
               k++) {
171
             bool resultSign = std::signbit(results.OutputNeurons
                [k]);
             bool goalSign = std::signbit(goal[j].OutputNeurons[k
172
                ]);
173
             fitness += results.OutputNeurons[k] / goal[j].
                OutputNeurons[k];
174
             if (resultSign != goalSign) {
175
               allGood = false;
176
             }
177
178
           fitness += (allGood) ? results.OutputNeurons.size() :
179
          P.Fitness += fitness;
180
        }
181
      });
182
      for_each(pop.begin(), pop.end(), [&](PopMember_t &P) {
183
184
        P.Fitness /= inputValues.size();
        totalFitness += P.Fitness;
185
186
      });
187
    }
188
    bool GA::SurvivalOfTheFittest(Population_t &pop, float &
189
       totalFitness) {
190
      bool retVal = false;
191
      uint32_t decimationCount = pop.size() / 2;
192
193
      unsigned seed = std::chrono::system_clock::now().
          time_since_epoch().count();
194
      std::default_random_engine gen(seed);
195
196
      std::sort(pop.begin(), pop.end(),
197
                 [](const PopMember_t &L, const PopMember_t &R) {
198
                   return L.Fitness < R.Fitness;</pre>
199
                 });
200
201
      float maxFitness = pop[pop.size() - 1].Fitness * pop.size
202
      uint32_t i = Elitisme;
203
      while (pop.size() > decimationCount) {
204
        if (i == pop.size()) {
205
          i = Elitisme;
```

```
206
207
         std::uniform_real_distribution < float > dis(0, maxFitness)
208
         if (dis(gen) > pop[i].Fitness) {
209
           totalFitness -= pop[i].Fitness;
210
           pop.erase(pop.begin() + i);
        }
211
212
        i++;
213
214
215
      std::sort(pop.begin(), pop.end(),
216
                 [](const PopMember_t &L, const PopMember_t &R) {
217
                   return L.Fitness > R.Fitness;
218
                 });
219
220
      float learnError = 1 - ((pop[0].Fitness - minOptim) / (
          maxOptim - minOptim));
221
222
      // Viva la Revolution
223
      if (currentGeneration > 9) {
224
         double avg = 0;
225
         for_each(last10Gen.begin(), last10Gen.end(), [&](double
            &G) { avg += G; });
226
         avg \neq 10;
227
         double minMax[2] = {avg * 0.98, avg * 1.02};
228
         if (learnError > minMax[0] && learnError < minMax[1]) {</pre>
229
           if (!revolutionOngoing) {
230
             qDebug() << "Viva la revolution!";</pre>
231
             oldElit = Elitisme;
232
             Elitisme = 0;
233
             oldMutation = MutationRate;
234
             MutationRate = 0.25;
235
             revolutionOngoing = true;
236
           }
237
         } else if (revolutionOngoing) {
238
           qDebug() << "Peace has been restort";</pre>
239
           Elitisme = oldElit;
240
           MutationRate = oldMutation;
241
           revolutionOngoing = false;
242
        }
243
         last10Gen.pop_front();
244
         last10Gen.push_back(learnError);
245
246
         last10Gen.push_back(learnError);
247
248
      currentGeneration++;
249
      emit learnErrorUpdate(static_cast < double > (learnError));
250
      if (learnError < EndError) {</pre>
251
         retVal = true;
252
      }
253
      return retVal;
254 }
255 }
```

C.0.2 Fast Fourier Transform Class

```
/* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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       strictly prohibited
3
   * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
    * This software is proprietary and confidential
5
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
    */
7
  #pragma once
10 #include <vector>
11 #include <complex>
12 #include <cmath>
13 #include <valarray>
14 #include <array>
15 #include <deque>
16 #include <queue>
17 #include <iterator>
18 #include <algorithm>
19 #include <stdint.h>
20 #include <opencv2/core.hpp>
21 #include "SoilMathTypes.h"
22 #include "MathException.h"
23
24 namespace SoilMath {
25 /*!
26
   * \brief Fast Fourier Transform class
27
    * \details Use this class to transform a black and white
       blob presented as a
28
    * cv::Mat with values 0 or 1 to a vector of complex values
       representing the Fourier
29
   * Descriptors.
30
    */
31 class FFT {
32 public:
34
    * \brief Standard constructor
35
   */
36
     FFT();
37
38
     /*!
39
     * \brief Standard deconstructor
40
41
     ~FFT();
42
43
      * \brief Transforming the img to the frequency domain and
44
          returning the
45
      * Fourier Descriptors
      * \param img contour in the form of a cv::Mat type
46
         CV_8UC1. Which should
      * consist of a continous contour. \f$ \{ img \in \mathbb{}
         Z} | 0 \leq img \leq
```

```
48
      * 1 \} \f$
      * \return a vector with complex values, represing the
          contour in the
50
      * frequency domain, expressed as Fourier Descriptors
51
      */
52
     ComplexVect_t GetDescriptors(const cv::Mat &img);
53
54
   private:
55
     ComplexVect_t
56
         fftDescriptors; /**< Vector with complex values which
             represent the
57
                             descriptors*/
58
     ComplexVect_t
59
         complexcontour; /**< Vector with complex values which</pre>
             represent the
60
                             contour*/
61
     cv::Mat Img;
                          /**< Img which will be analysed*/
62
63
      * \brief Contour2Complex a private function which
64
         translates a continous
65
      * contour image
      * to a vector of complex values. The contour is found
66
         using a depth first
67
      * search with
68
      * extension list. The alghorithm is based upon <a
69
      * href="http://ocw.mit.edu/courses/electrical-engineering
          -and-computer-science/6-034-artificial-intelligence-
         fall -2010/lecture - videos/lecture -4 - search - depth - first -
         hill-climbing-beam/">MIT
70
      * opencourseware
71
      * 6-034-artificial-intelligence lecture 4</a>
      * \param img contour in the form of a cv::Mat type
         CV_8UC1. Which should
73
      * consist of a continous contour. \f$ \{ img \in \mathbb{}
         Z} | 0 \leq img \leq
74
      * 1 \} \f$
75
      * \param centerCol centre of the contour X value
76
      * \param centerRow centre of the contour Y value
      * \return a vector with complex values, represing the
         contour as a function
78
      */
79
     ComplexVect_t Contour2Complex(const cv::Mat &img, float
        centerCol,
80
                                     float centerRow);
81
     /*!
82
      * \brief Neighbors a private function returning the
         neighboring pixels which
83
      * belong to a contour
84
      * \param O uchar pointer to the data
85
      * \param pixel current counter
86
      * \param columns total number of columns
      * \param rows total number of rows
87
      * \return
88
89
      */
```

```
90
      iContour_t Neighbors(uchar *0, int pixel, uint32_t columns
          , uint32_t rows);
91
92
      /*!
93
       * \brief fft a private function calculating the Fast
          Fourier Transform
94
       * let \f$ m \f$ be an integer and let \f$ N=2^m \f$ also
95
       * \f$ CA=[x_0,\ldots,x_{N-1}] \f$ is an \f$ N \f$
          dimensional complex vector
96
       * let \f$ \omega=\exp({-2\pi i\over N}) \f$
       * then \f$ c_k={\frac{1}{N}}\sum_{j=0}^{j=N-1}CA_j \omega
97
          ^{ik} \f
98
       * \param CA a \f$ CA=[x_0,\ldots,x_{N-1}] \f$ is an \f$ N
           \f$ dimensional
99
       * complex vector
100
       */
101
      void fft(ComplexArray_t &CA);
102
103
      /*!
104
       * \brief ifft
105
       * \param CA
106
       */
107
      void ifft(ComplexArray_t &CA);
108
   };
109
    }
    /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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        strictly prohibited
 3
     * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
        Jelle Spijker)
 4
     * This software is proprietary and confidential
 5
     * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
 6
     */
 7
 8
   #include "FFT.h"
 9
 10 namespace SoilMath {
 11 FFT::FFT() {}
 12
 13 FFT::~FFT() {}
 14
    ComplexVect_t FFT::GetDescriptors(const cv::Mat &img) {
15
16
      if (!fftDescriptors.empty()) {
 17
        return fftDescriptors;
 18
 19
20
      complexcontour = Contour2Complex(img, img.cols / 2, img.
         rows / 2);
21
22
      // Supplement the vector of complex numbers so that N = 2^{\circ}
23
      uint32_t N = complexcontour.size();
24
      double logN = log(static_cast < double > (N)) / log(2.0);
25
      if (floor(logN) != logN) {
26
        // Get the next power of 2
```

```
27
       double nextLogN = floor(logN + 1.0);
28
       N = static_cast < uint32_t > (pow(2, nextLogN));
29
30
       uint32_t i = complexcontour.size();
31
       // Append the vector with zeros
32
       while (i++ < N) {
33
          complexcontour.push_back(Complex_t(0.0, 0.0));
34
35
     }
36
37
     ComplexArray_t ca(complexcontour.data(), complexcontour.
         size());
     fft(ca);
     fftDescriptors.assign(std::begin(ca), std::end(ca));
40
     return fftDescriptors;
41
  }
42
   iContour_t FFT::Neighbors(uchar *0, int pixel, uint32_t
      columns,
44
                               uint32_t rows) {
45
     long int LUT_nBore[8] = {-columns + 1, -columns, -columns
         - 1, -1,
46
                                columns - 1, columns,
                                   columns,
                                              1};
47
     iContour_t neighbors;
48
     uint32_t pEnd = rows * columns;
49
     uint32_t count = 0;
50
     for (uint32_t i = 0; i < 8; i++) {</pre>
51
       count = pixel + LUT_nBore[i];
52
       while (count >= pEnd && i < 8) {</pre>
53
          count = pixel + LUT_nBore[++i];
54
55
       if (i >= 8) {
56
         break;
57
       }
58
       if (0[count] == 1)
59
         neighbors.push_back(count);
60
61
     return neighbors;
62 }
63
   ComplexVect_t FFT::Contour2Complex(const cv::Mat &img, float
        centerCol,
65
                                         float centerRow) {
66
     uchar *0 = img.data;
67
     uint32_t pEnd = img.cols * img.rows;
68
69
     std::deque<std::deque<uint32_t>> sCont;
70
     std::deque<uint32_t> eList;
71
72
     // Initialize the queue
73
     for (uint32_t i = 0; i < pEnd; i++) {</pre>
74
       if (0[i] == 1) {
75
          std::deque<uint32_t> tmpQ;
76
          tmpQ.push_back(i);
77
          sCont.push_back(tmpQ);
```

```
78
          break;
79
        }
80
      }
81
82
      if (sCont.front().size() < 1) {</pre>
83
        throw Exception::MathException(
            EXCEPTION_NO_CONTOUR_FOUND,
84
                                          EXCEPTION_NO_CONTOUR_FOUND_NR
                                             );
85
      } // Exception handling
86
87
      uint32_t prev = -1;
 88
 89
      // Extend path on queue
90
      for (uint32_t i = sCont.front().front(); i < pEnd;) {</pre>
91
        iContour_t nBors =
92
             Neighbors(0, i, img.cols, img.rows); // find
                neighboring pixels
93
        std::deque<uint32_t> cQ = sCont.front(); // store first
            queue;
94
        sCont.erase(sCont.begin());
                                                    // erase first
            queue from beginning
95
        if (cQ.size() > 1) {
96
          prev = cQ.size() - 2;
97
        } else {
98
          prev = 0;
99
        }
100
        // Loop through each neighbor
101
        for (uint32_t j = 0; j < nBors.size(); j++) {</pre>
102
          if (nBors[j] != cQ[prev]) // No backtracking
103
104
             if (nBors[j] == cQ.front() && cQ.size() > 8) {
105
               i = pEnd;
             } // Back at first node
106
107
             if (std::find(eList.begin(), eList.end(), nBors[j])
108
                 eList.end()) // Check if this current route is
                    extended elsewhere
109
110
               std::deque<uint32_t> nQ = cQ;
111
               nQ.push_back(nBors[j]); // Add the neighbor to the
                   queue
112
               sCont.push_front(nQ);
                                      // add the sequence to the
                   front of the queue
113
            }
114
          }
115
116
        if (nBors.size() > 2) {
117
          eList.push_back(i);
118
        } // if there are multiple choices put current node in
            extension List
119
        if (i != pEnd) {
120
          i = sCont.front().back();
121
        } // If it isn't the end set i to the last node of the
            first queue
122
        if (sCont.size() == 0) {
```

```
123
          throw Exception::MathException(
              EXCEPTION_NO_CONTOUR_FOUND,
                                             EXCEPTION_NO_CONTOUR_FOUND_NR
124
                                                );
125
        }
      }
126
127
128
      // convert the first queue to a complex normalized vector
129
      Complex_t cPoint;
130
      ComplexVect_t contour;
131
      float col = 0.0;
132
      // Normalize and convert the complex function
133
      for_each(
134
           sCont.front().begin(), sCont.front().end(),
135
           [&img, &cPoint, &contour, &centerCol, &centerRow, &col
              ](uint32_t &e) {
136
             col = (float)((e % img.cols) - centerCol);
137
             if (col == 0.0) {
138
               cPoint.real(1.0);
139
             } else {
140
               cPoint.real((float)(col / centerCol));
             }
141
142
             cPoint.imag((float)((floorf(e / img.cols) -
                centerRow) / centerRow));
143
             contour.push_back(cPoint);
144
          });
145
146
      return contour;
147 }
148
149
    void FFT::fft(ComplexArray_t &CA) {
150
      const size_t N = CA.size();
      if (N <= 1) {</pre>
151
152
        return;
153
      }
154
155
      //!< Divide and conquor</pre>
156
      ComplexArray_t even = CA[std::slice(0, N / 2, 2)];
      ComplexArray_t odd = CA[std::slice(1, N / 2, 2)];
157
158
159
      fft(even);
160
      fft(odd);
161
      for (size_t k = 0; k < N / 2; ++k) {</pre>
162
163
        Complex_t ct = std::polar(1.0, -2 * M_PI * k / N) * odd[
            k];
164
        CA[k] = even[k] + ct;
        CA[k + N / 2] = even[k] - ct;
165
166
      }
167 }
168
169
    void FFT::ifft(ComplexArray_t &CA) {
170
      CA = CA.apply(std::conj);
171
      fft(CA);
172
      CA = CA.apply(std::conj);
173
      CA /= CA.size();
```

C.0.3 Neural Network Class

```
/* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
    */
6
   #pragma once
10 #include <stdint.h>
11 #include <vector>
12 #include <string>
13 #include <fstream>
14
15 #include <boost/archive/xml_iarchive.hpp>
16 #include <boost/archive/xml_oarchive.hpp>
17 #include <boost/serialization/vector.hpp>
18 #include <boost/serialization/version.hpp>
19
20 #include "GA.h"
21 #include "MathException.h"
22 #include "SoilMathTypes.h"
23 #include "FFT.h"
24
25 #include <QtCore/QObject>
26
27 namespace SoilMath {
28 /*!
29
   * \brief The Neural Network class
30
   * \details This class is used to make prediction on large
       data set. Using self
   * learning algoritmes
31
32
   */
  class NN : public QObject {
     Q_OBJECT
35
36
  public:
37
    /*!
38
    * \brief NN constructor for the Neural Net
    * \param inputneurons number of input neurons
40
    * \param hiddenneurons number of hidden neurons
41
    * \param outputneurons number of output neurons
42
43
     \mbox{NN(uint32\_t inputneurons, uint32\_t hiddenneurons, uint32\_t}
         outputneurons);
44
45
46
     * \brief NN constructor for the Neural Net
47
      */
48
     NN();
49
50
     /*!
```

```
* \ `NN virtual deconstructor for the Neural Net
51
52
      */
53
     virtual ~NN();
54
55
     /*!
56
      * \brief Predict The prediction function.
      * \details In this function the neural net is setup and
57
         the input which are
58
      * the complex values descriping the contour in the
         frequency domein serve as
      st input. The absolute value of these im. number because I
59
         'm not interrested
      * in the orrientation of the particle but more in the
60
         degree of variations.
      * \param input vector of complex input values, these're
61
         the Fourier
62
      * descriptors
63
      * \return a real valued vector of the output neurons
64
65
     Predict_t Predict(ComplexVect_t input);
66
     /*!
67
      * \brief PredictLearn a static function used in learning
68
         of the weights
69
      * \details It starts a new Neural Network object and
         passes all the
70
      * paramaters in to this newly created object. After this
         the predict function
71
      * is called and the value is returned. This work around
         was needed to pass
72
      * the neural network to the Genetic Algorithm class.
73
      * \param input a complex vector of input values
74
      * \param inputweights the input weights
75
      * \param hiddenweights the hidden weights
76
      * \param inputneurons the input neurons
77
      * \param hiddenneurons the hidden neurons
78
      * \param outputneurons the output neurons
79
      * \return
80
      */
81
     static Predict_t PredictLearn(ComplexVect_t input,
        Weight_t inputweights,
82
                                    Weight_t hiddenweights,
                                       uint32_t inputneurons,
83
                                    uint32_t hiddenneurons,
                                       uint32_t outputneurons);
84
85
86
      * \brief SetInputWeights a function to set the input
         weights
87
      * \param value the real valued vector with the values
88
89
     void SetInputWeights(Weight_t value) { iWeights = value; }
90
91
92
      * \brief SetHiddenWeights a function to set the hidden
         weights
```

```
93
       * \param value the real valued vector with the values
94
       */
95
      void SetHiddenWeights(Weight_t value) { hWeights = value;
96
97
      /*!
98
       * \brief SetBeta a function to set the beta value
99
       * \param value a floating value ussualy between 0.5 and
100
       */
101
      void SetBeta(float value) { beta = value; }
102
      float GetBeta() { return beta; }
103
104
      /*!
105
       * \brief Learn the learning function
106
       * \param input a vector of vectors with complex input
          values
107
       * \param cat a vector of vectors with the know output
          values
108
       * \param noOfDescriptorsUsed the total number of
          descriptos which should be
109
       * used
110
111
      void Learn(InputLearnVector_t input, OutputLearnVector_t
         cat,
112
                 uint32_t noOfDescriptorsUsed);
113
114
115
       * \brief SaveState Serialize and save the values of the
          Neural Net to disk
       * \details Save the Neural Net in XML valued text file to
116
           disk so that a
       * object can
117
118
       * be reconstructed on a latter stadia.
119
       * \param filename a string indicating the file location
          and name
120
       */
121
      void SaveState(std::string filename);
122
123
      /*!
124
       * \brief LoadState Loads the previouse saved Neural Net
          from disk
125
       * \param filename a string indicating the file location
          and name
126
127
      void LoadState(std::string filename);
128
129
      Weight_t iWeights; /**< a vector of real valued floating</pre>
         point input weights*/
130
      Weight_t hWeights; /**< a vector of real valued floating
         point hidden weight */
131
132
      uint32_t MaxGenUsedByGA = 200;
133
      uint32_t PopulationSizeUsedByGA = 30;
134
      float MutationrateUsedByGA = 0.075f;
135
      uint32_t ElitismeUsedByGA = 4;
```

```
136
      float EndErrorUsedByGA = 0.001;
      float MaxWeightUsedByGA = 50;
137
138
      float MinWeightUSedByGa = -50;
139
140
      uint32_t GetInputNeurons() { return inputNeurons; }
141
      void SetInputNeurons(uint32_t value);
142
143
      uint32_t GetHiddenNeurons() { return hiddenNeurons; }
144
      void SetHiddenNeurons(uint32_t value);
145
146
      uint32_t GetOutputNeurons() { return outputNeurons; }
147
      void SetOutputNeurons(uint32_t value);
148
149
      bool studied =
150
          false; /**< a value indicating if the weights are a</pre>
              results of a
151
                     learning curve*/
152
153
   signals:
154
      void learnErrorUpdate(double newError);
155
156
   private:
157
      GA *optim = nullptr;
      std::vector<float> iNeurons; /**< a vector of input values
158
          , the bias is
159
                                         included, the bias is
                                            included and
160
                                           is the first value */
161
      std::vector<float>
162
          hNeurons; /**< a vector of hidden values, the bias is
              included and
163
                           is the first value*/
164
      std::vector<float> oNeurons; /**< a vector of output</pre>
         values*/
165
166
      uint32_t hiddenNeurons = 50; /**< number of hidden neurons</pre>
           minus bias*/
      uint32_t inputNeurons = 20; /**< number of input neurons</pre>
167
         minus bias*/
168
      uint32_t outputNeurons = 18; /**< number of output neurons</pre>
169
      float beta; /**< the beta value, this indicates the
          steepness of the sigmoid
170
                      function*/
171
172
      friend class boost::serialization::access; /**< a private</pre>
         friend class so the
173
                                                        serialization
                                                             can
                                                            access
                                                           all
174
                                                        the needed
                                                           functions
175
176
       * \brief serialization function
```

```
177
       * \param ar the object
       * \param version the version of the class
178
179
       */
180
      template <class Archive>
181
      void serialize(Archive &ar, const unsigned int version) {
182
        if (version == 0) {
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(inputNeurons);
183
184
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(hiddenNeurons);
185
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(outputNeurons);
186
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(iWeights);
187
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(hWeights);
188
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(beta);
189
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(studied);
190
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(MaxGenUsedByGA);
191
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(PopulationSizeUsedByGA);
192
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(MutationrateUsedByGA);
193
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(ElitismeUsedByGA);
194
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(EndErrorUsedByGA);
195
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(MaxWeightUsedByGA);
196
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(MinWeightUSedByGa);
197
        }
      }
198
199
    };
200
201
   BOOST_CLASS_VERSION(SoilMath::NN, 0)
   /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
 2
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        strictly prohibited
 3
     * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
        Jelle Spijker)
     * This software is proprietary and confidential
     * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
     */
 6
 8 #include "NN.h"
   using namespace std;
10
11
   namespace SoilMath {
12 NN::NN() { beta = 0.666; }
13
14
   NN::NN(uint32_t inputneurons, uint32_t hiddenneurons,
       uint32_t outputneurons) {
15
      // Set the number of neurons in the network
16
      inputNeurons = inputneurons;
17
      hiddenNeurons = hiddenneurons;
18
      outputNeurons = outputneurons;
19
      // Reserve the vector space
20
      iNeurons.reserve(inputNeurons + 1); // input neurons +
         bias
      hNeurons.reserve(hiddenNeurons + 1); // hidden neurons +
21
         bias
22
      oNeurons.reserve(outputNeurons); // output neurons
23
24
      beta = 0.666;
25 }
```

```
26
27
  NN::~NN()
28
29
     if (optim != nullptr) {
30
         delete optim;
31
32 }
33
34 void NN::LoadState(string filename) {
     std::ifstream ifs(filename.c_str());
     boost::archive::xml_iarchive ia(ifs);
     ia >> boost::serialization::make_nvp("NeuralNet", *this);
37
38 }
39
40 void NN::SaveState(string filename) {
41
     std::ofstream ofs(filename.c_str());
     boost::archive::xml_oarchive oa(ofs);
42
43
     oa << boost::serialization::make_nvp("NeuralNet", *this);</pre>
44 }
45
46 Predict_t NN::PredictLearn(ComplexVect_t input, Weight_t
      inputweights,
47
                                Weight_t hiddenweights, uint32_t
                                   inputneurons,
48
                                uint32_t hiddenneurons, uint32_t
                                   outputneurons) {
49
     NN neural(inputneurons, hiddenneurons, outputneurons);
     neural.studied = true;
51
     neural.SetInputWeights(inputweights);
52.
     neural.SetHiddenWeights(hiddenweights);
53
     return neural.Predict(input);
54 }
55
56 Predict_t NN::Predict(ComplexVect_t input) {
57
     if (input.size() != inputNeurons) {
58
       throw Exception::MathException(
           EXCEPTION_SIZE_OF_INPUT_NEURONS,
59
                                        EXCEPTION_SIZE_OF_INPUT_NEURONS_NR
                                           );
60
61
     if (!studied) {
62
       throw Exception::MathException(
           EXCEPTION_NEURAL_NET_NOT_STUDIED,
                                        EXCEPTION_NEURAL_NET_NOT_STUDIED_NR
63
                                           );
64
     }
65
66
     iNeurons.clear();
     hNeurons.clear();
67
68
     oNeurons.clear();
69
70
     // Set the bias in the input and hidden vector to 1 (real
        number)
71
     iNeurons.push_back(1.0f);
72
     hNeurons.push_back(1.0f);
73
```

```
74
      Predict_t retVal;
75
      uint32_t wCount = 0;
76
77
      // Init the network
78
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < inputNeurons; i++) {</pre>
79
        iNeurons.push_back(static_cast < float > (abs(input[i])));
80
81
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < hiddenNeurons; i++) {</pre>
82
        hNeurons.push_back(0.0f);
83
84
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < outputNeurons; i++) {</pre>
85
        oNeurons.push_back(0.0f);
86
87
88
      for (uint32_t i = 1; i < hNeurons.size(); i++) {</pre>
89
        wCount = i - 1;
90
        for (uint32_t j = 0; j < iNeurons.size(); j++) {
91
          hNeurons[i] += iNeurons[j] * iWeights[wCount];
92
          wCount += hNeurons.size() - 1;
93
        }
94
        hNeurons[i] = 1 / (1 + pow(2.71828f, (-hNeurons[i] *
            beta)));
95
      }
96
97
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < oNeurons.size(); i++) {</pre>
98
        wCount = i;
99
        for (uint32_t j = 0; j < hNeurons.size(); j++) {</pre>
100
          oNeurons[i] += hNeurons[j] * hWeights[wCount];
101
          wCount += oNeurons.size();
102
        }
103
        oNeurons[i] =
104
             (2 / (1.0f + pow(2.71828f, (-oNeurons[i] * beta))))
105
             1; // Shift plus scale so the learning function can
                be calculated
106
107
108
      retVal.OutputNeurons = oNeurons;
109
      retVal.ManualSet = false;
110
      return retVal;
111
112
113
   void NN::Learn(InputLearnVector_t input, OutputLearnVector_t
        cat,
114
                    uint32_t noOfDescriptorsUsed __attribute__((
                        unused))) {
115
      if (optim == nullptr) {
116
           optim = new SoilMath::GA(PredictLearn, inputNeurons,
              hiddenNeurons, outputNeurons);
117
118
      connect(optim, SIGNAL(learnErrorUpdate(double)), this,
          SIGNAL(learnErrorUpdate(double)));
119
120
      optim -> Elitisme = ElitismeUsedByGA;
121
      optim -> EndError = EndErrorUsedByGA;
122
      optim -> MutationRate = MutationrateUsedByGA;
```

```
123
124
      ComplexVect_t inputTest;
125
      std::vector<Weight_t> weights;
126
      Weight_t weight(((inputNeurons + 1) * hiddenNeurons) +
127
                            ((hiddenNeurons + 1) * outputNeurons),
128
                       0);
129
      // loop through each case and adjust the weights
130
      optim -> Evolve (input, weight,
131
                    MinMaxWeight_t(MinWeightUSedByGa,
                       MaxWeightUsedByGA), cat,
132
                    MaxGenUsedByGA, PopulationSizeUsedByGA);
133
134
      this->iWeights = Weight_t(
135
          weight.begin(), weight.begin() + ((inputNeurons + 1) *
               hiddenNeurons));
136
      this->hWeights = Weight_t(
137
          weight.begin() + ((inputNeurons + 1) * hiddenNeurons),
               weight.end());
138
      studied = true;
139
   }
140
141
   void NN::SetInputNeurons(uint32_t value) {
      if (value != inputNeurons) {
142
143
        inputNeurons = value;
144
        iNeurons.clear();
145
        iNeurons.reserve(inputNeurons + 1);
146
        studied = false;
147
      }
148 }
149
150 void NN::SetHiddenNeurons(uint32_t value) {
151
      if (value != hiddenNeurons) {
        hiddenNeurons = value;
152
153
        hNeurons.clear();
154
        hNeurons.reserve(hiddenNeurons + 1);
155
        studied = false;
156
      }
    }
157
158
159
   void NN::SetOutputNeurons(uint32_t value) {
160
      if (value != outputNeurons) {
161
        outputNeurons = value;
162
        oNeurons.clear();
163
        oNeurons.reserve(outputNeurons);
164
        studied = false;
165
      }
166
    }
167
    }
```

C.0.4 Statistical Class

```
/* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
   * Unauthorized copying of this file, via any medium is
       strictly prohibited
   * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
    * This software is proprietary and confidential
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
    */
  #pragma once
   #define MAX_UINT8_VALUE 256
10 #define VECTOR_CALC 1
11
12 #include <stdint.h>
13 #include <utility>
14 #include <vector>
15 #include <cstdlib>
16 #include <cmath>
17 #include <limits>
18 #include <typeinfo>
  #include <string>
21
  #include <fstream>
22
23 #include <boost/archive/binary_iarchive.hpp>
24 #include <boost/archive/binary_oarchive.hpp>
25 #include <boost/serialization/version.hpp>
26 #include <boost/math/distributions/students_t.hpp>
27
28 #include "MathException.h"
29 #include "SoilMathTypes.h"
30 #include "CommonOperations.h"
32 namespace SoilMath {
33
34
  /*!
35
   * \brief Stats class
    * \details Usage Stats<type1, type2, type3>Stats() type 1,
       2 and 3 shoudl be of
37
    * the same value and concecuative in size
    */
   template <typename T1, typename T2, typename T3> class Stats
       {
40
   public:
41
     bool isDiscrete = true; /**< indicates if the data is
        discrete or real*/
42
43
     T1 *Data = nullptr;
                                /**< Pointer the data*/
44
     uint32_t *bins = nullptr; /**< the histogram*/</pre>
45
     double *CFD = nullptr;
                                /**< the CFD*/
                               /**< indication if the data has
46
     bool Calculated = false;
        been calculated*/
47
     float Mean = 0.0;
                                /**< the mean value of the data
        */
```

```
48
     uint32_t n = 0;
                                /**< number of data points*/</pre>
49
     uint32_t noBins = 0;
                                /**< number of bins*/
50
     T1 Range = 0;
                                /**< range of the data*/
51
     T1 min = 0;
                                /**< minimum value*/</pre>
52
     T1 max = 0;
                                /**< maximum value*/
53
     T1 Startbin = 0;
                                /**< First bin value*/
     T1 EndBin = 0;
                                /**< End bin value*/
54
55
     T1 binRange = 0;
                                /**< the range of a single bin*/
     float Std = 0.0;
56
                                /**< standard deviation*/
57
     T3 Sum = 0;
                                /**< total sum of all the data
        values*/
58
     uint16_t Rows = 0;
                                /**< number of rows from the
        data matrix*/
59
     uint16_t Cols = 0;
                                /**< number of cols from the
        data matrix*/
     bool StartAtZero = true; /**< indication of the minimum</pre>
60
        value starts at zero
                                    or could be less*/
61
62
     double *BinRanges = nullptr;
63
     double HighestPDF = 0.;
64
     uint32_t *begin() { return &bins[0]; } /**< pointer to</pre>
65
        the first bin*/
     uint32_t *end() { return &bins[noBins]; } /**< pointer to
66
        the last + 1 bin*/
67
68
     /*!
69
      * \brief WelchTest Compare the sample using the Welch's
         Test
70
      * \details (source:
      * http://www.boost.org/doc/libs/1_57_0/libs/math/doc/html
71
          /math_toolkit/stat_tut/weg/st_eg/two_sample_students_t
         .html)
72
      * \param statComp Statiscs Results of which it should be
         tested against
73
      * \return
74
      */
75
     bool WelchTest(SoilMath::Stats<T1, T2, T3> &statComp) {
76
       double alpha = 0.05;
77
       // Degrees of freedom:
78
       double v = statComp.Std * statComp.Std / statComp.n +
79
                   this->Std * this->Std / this->n;
       v *= v;
80
       double t1 = statComp.Std * statComp.Std / statComp.n;
81
82
       t1 *= t1;
83
       t1 /= (statComp.n - 1);
84
       double t2 = this->Std * this->Std / this->n;
85
       t2 *= t2;
86
       t2 /= (this -> n - 1);
87
       v /= (t1 + t2);
88
       // t-statistic:
89
       double t_stat = (statComp.Mean - this->Mean) /
90
                        sqrt(statComp.Std * statComp.Std /
                           statComp.n +
91
                             this->Std * this->Std / this->n);
92
       11
```

```
93
        // Define our distribution, and get the probability:
 94
 95
        boost::math::students_t dist(v);
 96
        double q = cdf(complement(dist, fabs(t_stat)));
 97
        bool rejected = false;
 98
 99
        // Sample 1 Mean == Sample 2 Mean test the NULL
            hypothesis, the two means
        // are the same
100
101
        if (q < alpha / 2)</pre>
102
          rejected = false;
103
104
          rejected = true;
105
        return rejected;
106
      }
107
108
      /*!
109
       * \brief Stats Constructor
110
       * \param rhs Right hand side
111
       */
112
      Stats(const Stats &rhs)
           : bins{new uint32_t[rhs.noBins]{0}}, CFD{new double[
113
              rhs.noBins]{}},
114
             BinRanges{new double[rhs.noBins]{}} {
115
        this->binRange = rhs.binRange;
116
        this->Calculated = rhs.Calculated;
117
        this->Cols = rhs.Cols;
118
        this->EndBin = rhs.EndBin;
119
        this->isDiscrete = rhs.isDiscrete;
120
        this->max = rhs.max;
121
        this->Mean = rhs.Mean;
122
        this->min = rhs.min;
123
        this->n = rhs.n;
124
        this->noBins = rhs.noBins;
125
        this->n_end = rhs.n_end;
126
        this->Range = rhs.Range;
        this->Rows = rhs.Rows;
127
128
        this->Startbin = rhs.Startbin;
129
        this->Std = rhs.Std;
130
        this->Sum = rhs.Sum;
131
        std::copy(rhs.bins, rhs.bins + rhs.noBins, this->bins);
132
        std::copy(rhs.CFD, rhs.CFD + rhs.noBins, this->CFD);
133
        std::copy(rhs.BinRanges, rhs.BinRanges + rhs.noBins,
            this ->BinRanges);
134
        this->Data = rhs.Data;
135
        this->StartAtZero = rhs.StartAtZero;
136
        this->HighestPDF = rhs.HighestPDF;
137
      }
138
139
      /*!
140
       * \brief operator = Assigmnet operator
141
       * \param rhs right hand side
142
       * \return returns the right hand side
143
144
      Stats &operator=(Stats const &rhs) {
145
        if (&rhs != this) {
```

```
146
          Data = rhs.Data;
147
148
          if (bins != nullptr) {
149
             delete[] bins;
150
             bins = nullptr;
          }
151
152
          if (CFD != nullptr) {
153
             delete[] CFD;
154
            CFD = nullptr;
155
          }
          if (BinRanges != nullptr) {
156
157
             delete[] BinRanges;
             BinRanges = nullptr;
158
          }
159
160
161
          bins = new uint32_t[rhs.noBins];
                                                 // leak
                                                 // leak
162
          CFD = new double[rhs.noBins];
163
          BinRanges = new double[rhs.noBins]; // leak
164
          this->binRange = rhs.binRange;
165
          this->Calculated = rhs.Calculated;
166
          this->Cols = rhs.Cols;
167
          this->EndBin = rhs.EndBin;
          this->isDiscrete = rhs.isDiscrete;
168
169
          this->max = rhs.max;
170
          this->Mean = rhs.Mean;
171
          this->min = rhs.min;
172
          this->n = rhs.n;
          this->noBins = rhs.noBins;
173
174
          this->n_end = rhs.n_end;
175
          this->Range = rhs.Range;
          this->Rows = rhs.Rows;
176
177
          this->Startbin = rhs.Startbin;
178
          this->Std = rhs.Std;
179
          this->Sum = rhs.Sum;
180
          this->Data = &rhs.Data[0];
181
          std::copy(rhs.bins, rhs.bins + rhs.noBins, this->bins)
          std::copy(rhs.CFD, rhs.CFD + rhs.noBins, this->CFD);
182
183
          std::copy(rhs.BinRanges, rhs.BinRanges + rhs.noBins,
              this ->BinRanges);
184
          this->StartAtZero = rhs.StartAtZero;
          this->HighestPDF = rhs.HighestPDF;
185
        }
186
187
        return *this;
188
      }
189
190
191
       * \brief Stats Constructor
192
       * \param noBins number of bins with which to build the
          histogram
193
       * \param startBin starting value of the first bin
194
       * \param endBin end value of the second bin
195
       */
196
      Stats(int noBins = 256, T1 startBin = 0, T1 endBin = 255)
197
        min = std::numeric_limits <T1>::max();
```

```
198
        max = std::numeric_limits<T1>::min();
199
        Range = std::numeric_limits <T1>::max();
200
        Startbin = startBin;
201
        EndBin = endBin;
202
        this->noBins = noBins;
203
        bins = new uint32_t[noBins]{0};
                                            // leak
                                            // leak
204
        CFD = new double[noBins]{};
205
        BinRanges = new double[noBins]{}; // leak
206
207
        if (typeid(T1) == typeid(float) || typeid(T1) == typeid(
            double) ||
208
             typeid(T1) == typeid(long double)) {
209
          isDiscrete = false;
210
          binRange = static_cast<T1>((EndBin - Startbin) /
              noBins);
211
        } else {
212
          isDiscrete = true;
213
          binRange = static_cast<T1>(round((EndBin - Startbin) /
               noBins));
214
        }
      }
215
216
217
      /*!
218
       * \brief Stats constructor
219
       * \param data Pointer to the data
220
       * \param rows Number of rows
221
       * \param cols Number of Columns
222
       * \param noBins Number of bins
223
       * \param startBin Value of the start bin
224
       * \param startatzero bool indicating if the bins should
          be shifted from zero
225
226
      Stats(T1 *data, uint16_t rows, uint16_t cols, int noBins =
227
            T1 startBin = 0, bool startatzero = true) {
228
        min = std::numeric_limits < T1 >::max();
229
        max = std::numeric_limits<T1>::min();
230
        Range = max - min;
231
232
        Startbin = startBin;
233
        EndBin = startBin + noBins;
234
        StartAtZero = startatzero;
235
        if (typeid(T1) == typeid(float) || typeid(T1) == typeid(
236
            double) ||
237
             typeid(T1) == typeid(long double)) {
238
          isDiscrete = false;
239
        } else {
240
          isDiscrete = true;
241
        }
242
243
        Data = data;
244
        Rows = rows;
245
        Cols = cols;
246
        bins = new uint32_t[noBins]{0};
247
        CFD = new double[noBins]{};
```

```
248
        BinRanges = new double[noBins]{};
249
        this -> noBins = noBins;
250
        if (isDiscrete) {
251
          BasicCalculate();
252
        } else {
253
          BasicCalculateFloat();
254
255
      }
256
257
      /*!
258
       * \brief Stats Constructor
259
       * \param data Pointer the data
260
       * \param rows Number of rows
261
       * \param cols Number of Columns
262
       * \param mask the mask should have the same size as the
           data a value of zero
263
       * indicates that the data pointer doesn't exist. A 1
           indicates that the data
264
       * pointer is to be used
265
       * \param noBins Number of bins
266
       * \param startBin Value of the start bin
267
       * \param startatzero indicating if the bins should be
           shifted from zero
268
269
      Stats(T1 *data, uint16_t rows, uint16_t cols, uchar *mask,
           int noBins = 256,
270
            T1 startBin = 0, bool startatzero = true) {
271
        min = std::numeric_limits <T1>::max();
272
        max = std::numeric_limits <T1>::min();
273
        Range = max - min;
274
275
        Startbin = startBin;
276
        EndBin = startBin + noBins;
277
        StartAtZero = startatzero;
278
279
        if (typeid(T1) == typeid(float) || typeid(T1) == typeid(
            double) ||
280
             typeid(T1) == typeid(long double)) {
281
          isDiscrete = false;
282
        } else {
283
          isDiscrete = true;
        }
284
285
286
        Data = data;
287
        Rows = rows;
288
        Cols = cols;
289
        bins = new uint32_t[noBins]{0};
290
        CFD = new double[noBins]{};
291
        BinRanges = new double[noBins]{};
292
        this->noBins = noBins;
293
        if (isDiscrete) {
294
          BasicCalculate(mask);
295
        } else {
296
          BasicCalculateFloat(mask);
297
      }
298
```

```
299
300
      /*!
301
       * \brief Stats Constructor
302
       * \param binData The histogram data
303
       * \param startC start counter
304
       * \param endC end counter
305
       */
      Stats(T2 *binData, uint16_t startC, uint16_t endC) {
306
        noBins = endC - startC;
307
308
        Startbin = startC;
309
        EndBin = endC;
310
        uint32_t i = noBins;
311
312
        if (typeid(T1) == typeid(float) || typeid(T1) == typeid(
            double) ||
313
             typeid(T1) == typeid(long double)) {
314
           isDiscrete = false;
315
           throw Exception::MathException(
              EXCEPTION_TYPE_NOT_SUPPORTED,
316
                                            EXCEPTION_TYPE_NOT_SUPPORTED_NR
                                               );
317
        } else {
318
           isDiscrete = true;
319
320
321
        bins = new uint32_t[noBins]{0};
322
        CFD = new double[noBins]{};
323
        BinRanges = new double[noBins]{};
        while (i-- > 0) {
324
325
           bins[i] = binData[i];
326
          n += binData[i];
327
328
        BinCalculations(startC, endC);
329
      }
330
331
      ~Stats() {
332
        Data == nullptr;
333
        if (bins != nullptr) {
334
           delete[] bins;
335
          bins = nullptr;
336
        }
337
        if (CFD != nullptr) {
338
           delete[] CFD;
339
           CFD = nullptr;
340
        }
341
        if (BinRanges != nullptr) {
342
           delete[] BinRanges;
343
           BinRanges = nullptr;
344
        }
345
      }
346
347
      /*!
348
       * \brief BasicCalculateFloat execute the basic float data
            calculations
349
350
      void BasicCalculateFloat() {
```

```
351
         float sum_dev = 0.0;
352
        n = Rows * Cols;
353
         for (uint32_t i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
354
           if (Data[i] > max) {
355
             max = Data[i];
356
357
           if (Data[i] < min) {</pre>
358
             min = Data[i];
359
360
           Sum += Data[i];
        }
361
362
         binRange = (max - min) / noBins;
363
         uint32_t index = 0;
364
        Mean = Sum / (float)n;
365
         Range = max - min;
366
367
         if (StartAtZero) {
368
           for (uint32_t i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
369
             index = static_cast < uint32_t > (Data[i] / binRange);
370
             if (index == noBins) {
371
               index -= 1;
372
             }
373
             bins[index]++;
374
             sum_dev += pow((Data[i] - Mean), 2);
375
           }
376
        } else {
           for (uint32_t i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
377
378
             index = static_cast < uint32_t > ((Data[i] - min) /
                 binRange);
379
             if (index == noBins) {
380
               index -= 1;
381
382
             bins[index]++;
383
             sum_dev += pow((Data[i] - Mean), 2);
384
           }
385
386
        Std = sqrt((float)(sum_dev / n));
387
         getCFD();
388
         Calculated = true;
389
      }
390
391
      /*!
392
       * \brief BasicCalculateFloat execute the basic float data
            calculations with a
393
394
        * \param mask uchar mask type 0 don't calculate, 1
           calculate
395
396
      void BasicCalculateFloat(uchar *mask) {
397
        float sum_dev = 0.0;
398
        n = Rows * Cols;
399
        uint32_t nmask = 0;
        for (uint32_t i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
400
           if (mask[i] != 0) {
401
402
             if (Data[i] > max) {
403
               max = Data[i];
```

```
404
             }
405
             if (Data[i] < min) {</pre>
406
               min = Data[i];
407
408
             Sum += Data[i];
409
             nmask++;
410
           }
411
         }
412
         binRange = (max - min) / noBins;
413
         uint32_t index = 0;
414
         Mean = Sum / (float)nmask;
415
         Range = max - min;
416
         if (StartAtZero) {
417
           for (uint32_t i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
418
             if (mask[i] != 0) {
419
               index = static_cast < uint32_t > (Data[i] / binRange);
               if (index == noBins) {
420
421
                  index -= 1;
422
               }
423
               bins[index]++;
424
               sum_dev += pow((Data[i] - Mean), 2);
425
             }
           }
426
427
         } else {
           for (uint32_t i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
428
429
             if (mask[i] != 0) {
               index = static_cast < uint32_t > ((Data[i] - min) /
430
                   binRange);
431
               if (index == noBins) {
432
                  index -= 1;
433
               }
434
               bins[index]++;
435
               sum_dev += pow((Data[i] - Mean), 2);
436
             }
437
           }
438
         }
439
         Std = sqrt((float)(sum_dev / nmask));
440
         getCFD();
441
         Calculated = true;
442
443
444
      /*!
445
       * \brief BasicCalculate execute the basic discrete data
           calculations
446
        */
447
      void BasicCalculate() {
448
         double sum_dev = 0.0;
449
         n = Rows * Cols;
         for (uint32_t i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
450
451
           if (Data[i] > max) {
452
             max = Data[i];
453
           if (Data[i] < min) {</pre>
454
455
             min = Data[i];
456
457
           Sum += Data[i];
```

```
458
         binRange = static_cast <T1>(ceil((max - min) /
459
            static_cast < float > (noBins)));
460
         if (binRange == 0) {
461
           binRange = 1;
462
463
        Mean = Sum / (float)n;
464
        Range = max - min;
465
466
        uint32_t index;
467
         if (StartAtZero) {
468
           std::for_each(Data, Data + n, [&](T1 &d) {
469
             index = static_cast < uint32_t > (d / binRange);
470
             if (index == noBins) {
471
               index -= 1;
             }
472
473
             bins[index]++;
             sum_dev += pow((d - Mean), 2);
474
475
           });
476
        } else {
477
           std::for_each(Data, Data + n, [&](T1 &d) {
478
             index = static_cast < uint32_t > ((d - min) / binRange);
             if (index == noBins) {
479
480
               index -= 1;
481
             }
482
             bins[index]++;
483
             sum_dev += pow((d - Mean), 2);
484
           });
        }
485
486
        Std = sqrt((float)(sum_dev / n));
487
         getCFD();
488
        Calculated = true;
489
490
491
      /*!
492
       * \brief BasicCalculate execute the basic discrete data
           calculations with
493
       * mask
494
       * \param mask uchar mask type 0 don't calculate, 1
           calculate
495
       */
      void BasicCalculate(uchar *mask) {
496
497
        double sum_dev = 0.0;
498
        n = Rows * Cols;
499
        uint32_t nmask = 0;
500
        uint32_t i = 0;
501
         std::for_each(Data, Data + n, [&](T1 &d) {
502
           if (mask[i++] != 0) {
503
             if (d > max) {
504
               max = d;
505
             }
506
             if (d < min) {</pre>
507
               min = d;
             }
508
509
             Sum += d;
510
             nmask++;
```

```
511
           }
512
         });
513
         binRange = static_cast<T1>(ceil((max - min) /
            static_cast <float > (noBins)));
514
        Mean = Sum / (float)nmask;
515
        Range = max - min;
516
517
         uint32_t index;
518
         if (StartAtZero) {
519
           i = 0;
520
           std::for_each(Data, Data + n, [&](T1 &d) {
521
             if (mask[i++] != 0) {
522
               index = static_cast < uint32_t > (d / binRange);
523
               if (index == noBins) {
524
                 index -= 1;
525
               }
526
               bins[index]++;
527
               sum_dev += pow((d - Mean), 2);
528
             }
529
           });
530
        } else {
          i = 0;
531
           std::for_each(Data, Data + n, [&](T1 &d) {
532
533
             if (mask[i++] != 0) {
534
               index = static_cast < uint32_t > ((d - min) / binRange
                  );
535
               if (index == noBins) {
536
                 index -= 1;
537
               }
538
               bins[index]++;
539
               sum_dev += pow((d - Mean), 2);
540
541
           });
542
         }
543
         Std = sqrt((float)(sum_dev / nmask));
544
        getCFD();
545
        Calculated = true;
546
547
548
      /*!
549
       st \brief BinCalculations excute the cacluations with the
           histogram
550
       * \param startC start counter
       * \param endC end counter
551
552
       */
553
      void BinCalculations(uint16_t startC, uint16_t endC
          __attribute__((unused))) {
554
         float sum_dev = 0.0;
555
        // Get the Sum
556
        uint32_t i = 0;
557
         for_each(begin(), end(), [\&](uint32_t &b) { Sum += b * (
            startC + i++); });
558
559
         // Get Mean
560
        Mean = Sum / (float)n;
561
```

```
562
        // Get max
563
        for (int i = noBins - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
564
           if (bins[i] != 0) {
565
             max = i + startC;
566
             break;
           }
567
        }
568
569
570
        // Get min
571
        for (uint32_t i = 0; i < noBins; i++) {</pre>
           if (bins[i] != 0) {
572
573
             min = i + startC;
574
             break:
575
           }
576
        }
577
578
        // Get Range;
579
        Range = max - min;
580
581
        // Calculate Standard Deviation
582
        i = 0;
        for_each(begin(), end(), [&](uint32_t &b) {
583
584
           sum_dev += b * pow(((i++ + startC) - Mean), 2);
585
586
        Std = sqrt((float)(sum_dev / n));
587
        getCFD();
588
        Calculated = true;
589
      }
590
591
      uint32_t HighestFrequency() {
592
        uint32_t freq = 0;
        std::for_each(begin(), end(), [&](uint32_t &B) {
593
594
           if (B > freq) {
595
             freq = B;
596
           }
597
        });
598
        return freq;
599
      }
600
601
      void GetPDFfunction(std::vector<double> &xAxis, std::
          vector < double > &yAxis,
602
                            double Step, double start = 0, double
                                stop = 7) {
603
        uint32_t resolution;
604
        resolution = static_cast < uint32_t > (((stop - start) /
            Step) + 0.5);
605
606
        xAxis.push_back(start);
607
        double yVal0 = (1 / (Std * 2.506628274631)) *
608
                         exp(-(pow((start - Mean), 2) / (2 * pow(
                            Std, 2))));
609
        yAxis.push_back(yVal0);
        HighestPDF = yVal0;
610
611
        for (uint32_t i = 1; i < resolution; i++) {</pre>
612
           double xVal = xAxis[xAxis.size() - 1] + Step;
613
           xAxis.push_back(xVal);
```

```
614
           double yVal = (1 / (Std * 2.506628274631)) *
615
                           exp(-(pow((xVal - Mean), 2) / (2 * pow(
                              Std, 2))));
616
           yAxis.push_back(yVal);
617
           if (yVal > HighestPDF) {
618
             HighestPDF = yVal;
619
620
         }
621
      }
622
623
    protected:
624
      uint32_t n_end = 0; /**< data end counter used with mask*/</pre>
625
626
      /*!
       * \brief getCFD get the CFD matrix;
627
628
        */
629
      void getCFD() {
630
         uint32_t *sumBin = new uint32_t[noBins];
631
         sumBin[0] = bins[0];
632
         CFD[0] = (static_cast < double > (sumBin[0]) / static_cast <</pre>
            double > (n)) * 100.;
         for (uint32_t i = 1; i < noBins; i++) {</pre>
633
           sumBin[i] = (sumBin[i - 1] + bins[i]);
634
635
           CFD[i] = (static_cast < double > (sumBin[i]) / static_cast
              <double>(n)) * 100.;
636
           if (CFD[i] > HighestPDF) {
             HighestPDF = CFD[i];
637
638
639
         }
640
         delete[] sumBin;
641
642
643
      friend class boost::serialization::access; /**<</pre>
          Serialization class*/
644
645
646
        * \brief serialize the object
        * \param ar argument
647
648
        * \param version
649
       */
650
      template <class Archive>
      void serialize(Archive &ar, const unsigned int version) {
651
652
         if (version == 0) {
           ar &isDiscrete;
653
           ar &n;
654
655
           ar &noBins;
656
           for (size_t dc = 0; dc < noBins; dc++) {</pre>
657
             ar &bins[dc];
           }
658
659
           for (size_t dc = 0; dc < noBins; dc++) {</pre>
660
             ar &CFD[dc];
661
           for (size_t dc = 0; dc < noBins; dc++) {</pre>
662
663
             ar &BinRanges[dc];
664
665
           ar &Calculated;
```

```
666
          ar &Mean;
667
          ar &Range;
668
          ar &min;
669
          ar &max;
670
          ar &Startbin;
          ar &EndBin;
671
672
          ar &binRange;
673
          ar &Std;
674
          ar ∑
675
          ar &Rows;
676
          ar &Cols;
677
          ar &StartAtZero;
678
          ar & HighestPDF;
679
        }
680
      }
681
   };
682 }
683
684 typedef SoilMath::Stats<float, double, long double>
        floatStat_t; /**< floating Stat type*/</pre>
686 typedef SoilMath::Stats<uchar, uint32_t, uint64_t>
687
        ucharStat_t; /**< uchar Stat type*/
688
   typedef SoilMath::Stats<uint16_t, uint32_t, uint64_t>
689
        uint16Stat_t; /**< uint16 Stat type*/</pre>
690 typedef SoilMath::Stats<uint32_t, uint32_t, uint64_t>
691
        uint32Stat_t; /**< uint32 Stat type*/</pre>
692 BOOST_CLASS_VERSION(floatStat_t, 0)
693 BOOST_CLASS_VERSION(ucharStat_t, 0)
694 BOOST_CLASS_VERSION(uint16Stat_t, 0)
695 BOOST_CLASS_VERSION(uint32Stat_t, 0)
   /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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     * This software is proprietary and confidential
 4
 5
     * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
 6
     */
 7
 8
   #pragma once
 10 #include "Stats.h"
 11 #include <boost/serialization/base_object.hpp>
12
 13 namespace SoilMath {
   class PSD : public SoilMath::Stats<double, double, long</pre>
       double > {
15 private:
 16
     uint32_t DetBin(float value) {
        uint32_t i = noBins - 1;
17
 18
        while (i > 0) {
 19
          if (value > BinRanges[i]) {
20
            return i;
          }
21
22
          i--;
```

```
}
24
       return 0;
25
26
27
     void BasicCalculatePSD() {
28
       float sum_dev = 0.0;
29
       n = Rows * Cols;
30
        for (uint32_t i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
31
          if (Data[i] > max) {
32
            max = Data[i];
33
          }
34
          if (Data[i] < min) {</pre>
35
            min = Data[i];
36
          }
37
          Sum += Data[i];
        }
38
39
        uint32_t index = 0;
40
        Mean = Sum / (float)n;
41
        Range = max - min;
42
        for (uint32_t i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
43
          index = DetBin(Data[i]);
44
          bins[index]++;
45
          sum_dev += pow((Data[i] - Mean), 2);
        }
46
47
        Std = sqrt((float)(sum_dev / n));
48
        getCFD();
49
        Calculated = true;
50
51
     friend class boost::serialization::access;
52
53
     template <class Archive>
54
     void serialize(Archive &ar, const unsigned int version) {
55
        if (version == 0) {
56
          ar &boost::serialization::base_object <
57
              SoilMath::Stats < double, double, long double >> (*
                  this);
58
        }
     }
59
60
61
   public:
62
     PSD() : SoilMath::Stats<double, double, long double>() {}
63
64
     PSD(double *data, uint32_t nodata, double *binranges,
         uint32_t nobins,
65
          uint32_t endbin)
          : SoilMath::Stats < double, double, long double > (nobins,
66
              0, endbin) {
67
        std::copy(binranges, binranges + nobins, BinRanges);
68
        Data = data;
69
        Rows = nodata;
70
        Cols = 1;
71
72
       BasicCalculatePSD();
     }
73
74 };
75 }
```

76 BOOST_CLASS_VERSION(SoilMath::PSD, 0)

C.0.5 General project files

```
1
2
3 # Project created by QtCreator 2015-06-06T11:59:21
4 #
5 #-----
7 QT
           += core gui concurrent
  greaterThan(QT_MAJOR_VERSION, 4): QT += widgets
10 TARGET = SoilMath
11 TEMPLATE = lib
12 \quad VERSION = 0.9.8
13
14 DEFINES += SOILMATH_LIBRARY
15 QMAKE_CXXFLAGS += -std=c++11
16 unix:!macx: QMAKE_RPATHDIR += $$PWD/../../build/install/
17
18 @
19 CONFIG(release, debug|release): DEFINES += QT_NO_DEBUG_OUTPUT
20 @
21
22 SOURCES += \
23
      NN.cpp \
24
       GA.cpp \
25
       FFT.cpp
26
27
  HEADERS += \
28
      Stats.h \
29
       Sort.h \
30
      SoilMathTypes.h \
31
      SoilMath.h \
32
      NN.h \
33
      MathException.h \
34
      GA.h \
35
      FFT.h \
36
     CommonOperations.h \
37
      predict_t_archive.h \
38
      Mat_archive.h \
       psd.h
39
40
41 #opencv
42 LIBS += -L/usr/local/lib -lopencv_core -lopencv_highgui
43 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/local/include/opencv
44 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/local/include
45
46 #boost
47 DEFINES += BOOST_ALL_DYN_LINK
48 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/include/boost
49 LIBS += -L/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ -lboost_serialization -
      lboost_iostreams
50
51 #Zlib
52 LIBS += -L/usr/local/lib -lz
53 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/local/include
```

```
54
55 unix {
56
       target.path = $PWD/../../build/install
57
       INSTALLS += target
58 }
   /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
1
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       strictly prohibited
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5
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6
    */
  /*! \brief Collection of the public SoilMath headers
   * Commonpractice is to include this header when you want to
        add Soilmath
10
   * routines
    */
11
12 #pragma once
13
14 #include "Stats.h"
15 #include "Sort.h"
16 #include "FFT.h"
17 #include "NN.h"
18 #include "GA.h"
19 #include "CommonOperations.h"
20 #include "SoilMathTypes.h"
21 #include "psd.h"
22 #include "Mat_archive.h"
23 #include "predict_t_archive.h"
  /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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       strictly prohibited
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    * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
    * This software is proprietary and confidential
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6
    */
7
8 #pragma once
9 #define COMMONOPERATIONS_VERSION 1
10
11 #include <algorithm>
12 #include <stdint.h>
13 #include <math.h>
14 #include <vector>
15
16 namespace SoilMath {
17 inline uint16_t MinNotZero(uint16_t a, uint16_t b) {
18
    if (a != 0 && b != 0) {
19
      return (a < b) ? a : b;
20
     } else {
21
       return (a > b) ? a : b;
```

```
22
     }
23
  }
24
25
   inline uint16_t Max(uint16_t a, uint16_t b) { return (a > b)
       ? a : b; }
26
   inline uint16_t Max(uint16_t a, uint16_t b, uint16_t c,
27
      uint16_t d) {
28
     return (Max(a, b) > Max(c, d))? Max(a, b): Max(c, d);
29
   }
30
31
   inline uint16_t Min(uint16_t a, uint16_t b) { return (a < b)</pre>
       ? a : b; }
32
   inline uint16_t Min(uint16_t a, uint16_t b, uint16_t c,
33
       uint16_t d) {
34
     return (Min(a, b) > Min(c, d))? Min(a, b): Min(c, d);
35
   }
36
37
   static inline double quick_pow10(int n) {
38
     static double pow10[19] = {1, 10, 100, 1000, 10000,
         100000, 1000000, 10000000,
                                  100000000, 1000000000,
39
                                     1000000000, 10000000000,
40
                                  100000000000, 1000000000000,
                                     100000000000000,
41
                                  10000000000000000,
                                      100000000000000000000,
42
                                  1000000000000000000000,
                                      43
     return pow10[(n >= 0) ? n : -n];
44
   }
45
46
47
   // Source:
   // http://martin.ankerl.com/2012/01/25/optimized-
      approximative-pow-in-c-and-cpp/
49
   static inline double fastPow(double a, double b) {
50
     union {
51
       double d;
52
       int x[2];
53
     u = \{a\};
54
     u.x[1] = (int)(b * (u.x[1] - 1072632447) + 1072632447);
     u.x[0] = 0;
55
56
     return u.d;
57 }
58
59
   static inline double quick_pow2(int n) {
     static double pow2[256] = {
60
61
         Ο,
                 1,
                        4,
                                9,
                                       16,
                                               25,
                                                      36,
                                                              49,
                64,
                       81,
62
         100,
                 121,
                        144,
                                169,
                                       196,
                                               225,
                                                      256,
                                                              289,
                      361,
               324,
63
         400,
                 441,
                        484,
                                529,
                                       576,
                                               625,
                                                      676,
                                                              729,
               784,
                      841,
64
         900,
                 961,
                        1024,
                                1089,
                                       1156,
                                              1225,
                                                      1296,
                                                              1369,
```

```
1444, 1521,
65
         1600, 1681,
                        1764,
                                1849,
                                       1936,
                                              2025,
                                                      2116,
                                                             2209,
               2304, 2401,
         2500,
                                2809,
                                              3025,
66
               2601, 2704,
                                       2916,
                                                     3136,
                                                             3249,
               3364, 3481,
         3600,
67
                3721, 3844,
                                3969,
                                       4096,
                                              4225,
                                                     4356,
                                                             4489,
               4624, 4761,
                5041, 5184,
68
         4900,
                                5329,
                                       5476,
                                              5625,
                                                     5776,
                                                             5929,
               6084, 6241,
69
         6400,
                6561, 6724,
                                       7056,
                                              7225,
                                                     7396,
                                                             7569,
                                6889,
               7744, 7921,
70
         8100, 8281, 8464,
                                8649,
                                       8836,
                                              9025,
                                                     9216,
                                                             9409.
               9604, 9801,
         10000, 10201, 10404, 10609, 10816, 11025, 11236,
71
             11449, 11664, 11881,
72
         12100, 12321, 12544, 12769, 12996, 13225, 13456,
             13689, 13924, 14161,
73
         14400, 14641, 14884, 15129, 15376, 15625, 15876,
             16129, 16384, 16641,
74
         16900, 17161, 17424, 17689, 17956, 18225, 18496,
             18769, 19044, 19321,
75
         19600, 19881, 20164, 20449, 20736, 21025, 21316,
             21609, 21904, 22201,
         22500, 22801, 23104, 23409, 23716, 24025, 24336,
76
             24649, 24964, 25281,
         25600, 25921, 26244, 26569, 26896, 27225, 27556,
77
             27889, 28224, 28561,
78
         28900, 29241, 29584, 29929, 30276, 30625, 30976,
             31329, 31684, 32041,
79
         32400, 32761, 33124, 33489, 33856, 34225, 34596,
             34969, 35344, 35721,
80
         36100, 36481, 36864, 37249, 37636, 38025, 38416,
             38809, 39204, 39601,
81
         40000, 40401, 40804, 41209, 41616, 42025, 42436,
             42849, 43264, 43681,
82
         44100, 44521, 44944, 45369, 45796, 46225, 46656,
             47089, 47524, 47961,
         48400, 48841, 49284, 49729, 50176, 50625, 51076,
83
             51529, 51984, 52441,
84
         52900, 53361, 53824, 54289, 54756, 55225, 55696,
             56169, 56644, 57121,
         57600, 58081, 58564, 59049, 59536, 60025, 60516,
85
             61009, 61504, 62001,
86
         62500, 63001, 63504, 64009, 64516, 65025};
     return pow2[(n >= 0) ? n : -n];
87
   }
88
89
90 static inline long float2intRound(double d) {
91
     d += 6755399441055744.0;
92
     return reinterpret_cast < int & > (d);
93
   }
94
95 /*!
   * \brief calcVolume according to ISO 9276-6
96
97
    * \param A
98
    * \return
```

```
99
100
   static inline float calcVolume(float A) {
101
     return (pow(A, 1.5)) / 10.6347f;
102 }
103
104 static inline std::vector<float> makeOutput(uint8_t value,
       uint32_t noNeurons) {
105
      std::vector<float> retVal(noNeurons, -1);
106
     retVal[value - 1] = 1;
107
     return retVal;
108 }
109
110
    * \brief calcDiameter according to ISO 9276-6
    * \param A
112
113
    * \return
114
    */
115 static inline float calcDiameter(float A) {
116
     //return sqrt((4 * A) / M_PI);
     return 1.1283791670955 * sqrt(A);
118 }
119 }
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    */
 7
   #pragma once
 8
   #define GENE_MAX 32 /**< maximum number of genes*/</pre>
10 #define CROSSOVER 16 /**< crossover location*/
11
12 #include <stdint.h>
13 #include <bitset>
14 #include <vector>
15 #include <complex>
16 #include <valarray>
17
   #include <array>
18
19
   typedef unsigned char uchar; /**< unsigned char*/</pre>
20
   typedef unsigned short ushort; /**< unsigned short*/</pre>
   typedef unsigned int uint32_t;
22
23 typedef std::complex<double> Complex_t;
                                                   /**< complex
       vector of doubles*/
   typedef std::vector<Complex_t> ComplexVect_t; /**< vector of</pre>
        Complex_t*/
25 typedef std::valarray<Complex_t> ComplexArray_t; /**
       valarray of Complex_t*/
26 typedef std::vector<uint32_t> iContour_t;
        of uint32_t*/
27 typedef std::bitset<GENE_MAX> Genome_t; /**< Bitset
```

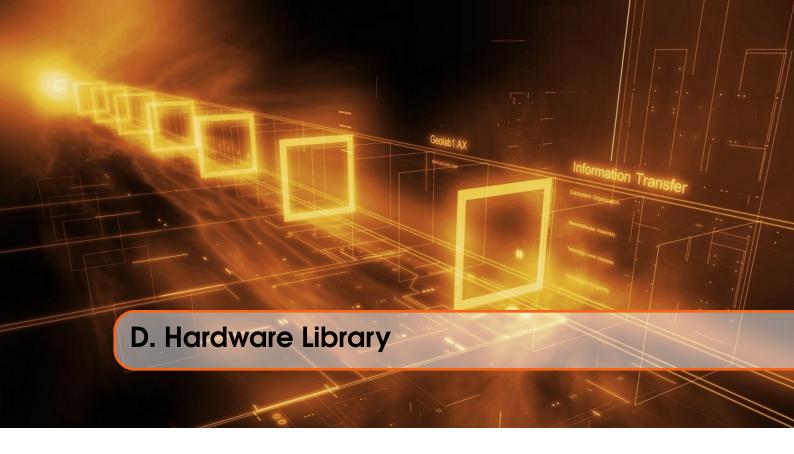
```
repressenting a genome */
  typedef std::pair<std::bitset<CROSSOVER>, std::bitset<</pre>
      GENE_MAX - CROSSOVER>>
29
       SplitGenome_t; /**< a matted genome*/
30
31 typedef std::vector<float> Weight_t;
                                            /**< a float vector
  typedef std::vector<Genome_t> GenVect_t; /**< a vector of</pre>
      genomes*/
33 typedef struct PopMemberStruct {
34
     Weight_t weights;
                              /**< the weights the core of a
        population member*/
35
                              /**< the weights as genomes*/
     GenVect_t weightsGen;
     float Calculated = 0.0; /**< the calculated value*/</pre>
36
     float Fitness = 0.0;
                              /**< the fitness of the population
37
          member*/
38 } PopMember_t;
                              /**< a population member*/</pre>
39 typedef std::vector<PopMember_t> Population_t; /**< Vector</pre>
      with PopMember_t*/
40
  typedef std::pair<float, float>
41
       MinMaxWeight_t; /**< floating pair weight range*/
42
43 typedef struct Predict_struct {
44
     uint8_t Category = 1; /**< the category number */</pre>
45
     float RealValue = 1.;
                            /**< category number as float in
        order to estimate how
46
                           precise to outcome is*/
47
     float Accuracy = 1.; /**< the accuracy of the category*/</pre>
48
     std::vector<float> OutputNeurons; /**< the output Neurons</pre>
49
     bool ManualSet = true;
50 } Predict_t;
                                         /**< The prediction
      results*/
51 typedef Predict_t (*NNfunctionType)(
52
       ComplexVect_t, Weight_t, Weight_t, uint32_t, uint32_t,
53
       uint32_t); /**< The prediction function from the Neural</pre>
          Net*/
54
55 typedef std::vector < Complex Vect_t >
56
       InputLearnVector_t; /**< Vector of a vector with complex</pre>
           values*/
57 typedef std::vector<Predict_t> OutputLearnVector_t; /**<
      vector with results*/
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4
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
5
6
    */
7
  // Source:
  // http://stackoverflow.com/questions/16125574/how-to-
      serialize-opency-mat-with-boost-xml-archive
```

```
10 #pragma once
11
12 #include <boost/archive/binary_iarchive.hpp>
13 #include <boost/archive/binary_oarchive.hpp>
14 #include <boost/serialization/access.hpp>
15 #include <opencv/cv.h>
16 #include <opencv2/core.hpp>
17
18 namespace boost {
19
  namespace serialization {
20
  /*!
21
   * \brief serialize Serialize the openCV mat to disk
22
   */
  template <class Archive>
  inline void serialize(Archive &ar, cv::Mat &m, const
      unsigned int version __attribute__((unused))) {
25
     int cols = m.cols;
26
     int rows = m.rows;
27
     int elemSize = m.elemSize();
     int elemType = m.type();
29
30
     ar &cols;
31
     ar &rows;
32
     ar &elemSize;
33
     ar &elemType; // element type.
34
35
     if (m.type() != elemType || m.rows != rows || m.cols !=
36
       m = cv::Mat(rows, cols, elemType, cv::Scalar(0));
37
38
39
     size_t dataSize = cols * rows * elemSize;
40
     for (size_t dc = 0; dc < dataSize; dc++) {</pre>
41
42
       ar &m.data[dc];
43
44 }
45
  }
46
  }
1
  /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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       strictly prohibited
3
    * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
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6
   */
  // Source:
   // http://stackoverflow.com/questions/16125574/how-to-
      serialize-opency-mat-with-boost-xml-archive
10
  #pragma once
12 #include <boost/archive/binary_iarchive.hpp>
13 #include <boost/archive/binary_oarchive.hpp>
```

```
14 #include <boost/serialization/access.hpp>
15 #include <boost/serialization/vector.hpp>
16 #include <boost/serialization/complex.hpp>
17 #include "SoilMathTypes.h"
18
19 namespace boost {
20 namespace serialization {
21 /*!
22
   * \brief serialize Serialize the openCV mat to disk
23
    */
24 template <class Archive>
25 inline void serialize(Archive &ar, Predict_t &P, const
      unsigned int version __attribute__((unused))) {
26
     ar &P.Accuracy;
27
    ar &P.Category;
28
     ar &P.OutputNeurons;
29
   ar &P.RealValue;
30 }
31 }
32 }
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    st and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
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5
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    */
6
8 #define EXCEPTION_MATH "Math Exception!"
9 #define EXCEPTION_MATH_NR 0
10 #define EXCEPTION_NO_CONTOUR_FOUND
     "No continuous contour found, or less then 8 pixels long!"
12 #define EXCEPTION_NO_CONTOUR_FOUND_NR 1
13 #define EXCEPTION_SIZE_OF_INPUT_NEURONS
     "Size of input unequal to input neurons exception!"
15 #define EXCEPTION_SIZE_OF_INPUT_NEURONS_NR 2
16 #define EXCEPTION_NEURAL_NET_NOT_STUDIED "Neural net didn't
      study exception!"
17 #define EXCEPTION_NEURAL_NET_NOT_STUDIED_NR 3
18 #define EXCEPTION_TYPE_NOT_SUPPORTED
19
     "Type not supported for operation exception!"
20 #define EXCEPTION_TYPE_NOT_SUPPORTED_NR 4
21
22 #pragma once
23 #include <exception>
24 #include <string>
25
26 namespace SoilMath {
27 namespace Exception {
28 class MathException : public std::exception {
29 public:
```

```
30
     MathException(std::string m = EXCEPTION_MATH, int n =
         EXCEPTION_MATH_NR)
31
         : msg(m), nr(n){};
32
     ~MathException() _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT{};
33
     const char *what() const _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT { return
        msg.c_str(); };
     const int *id() const _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT { return &nr;
34
        }
35
36
  private:
37
     std::string msg;
     int nr;
39 };
40 }
41
  }
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7
8
  #pragma once
9
   #include <stdint.h>
10
11
  namespace SoilMath {
12 /*!
13
   * \brief The Sort template class
    */
14
15 class Sort {
16
   public:
     Sort() {}
17
18
     ~Sort() {}
19
20
     /*!
21
      * \brief QuickSort a static sort a Type T array with i
         values
22
      * \details Usage: QuickSort < type > (*type , i)
23
      * \param arr an array of Type T
24
      * \param i the number of elements
25
      */
26
     template <typename T> static void QuickSort(T *arr, int i)
27
       if (i < 2)
28
         return;
29
30
       T p = arr[i / 2];
31
       T *1 = arr;
       T *r = arr + i - 1;
32
       while (1 <= r) {
33
         if (*1 < p) {</pre>
34
35
           1++;
36
         } else if (*r > p) {
```

```
37
            r--;
38
          } else {
            T t = *1;
39
40
            *1 = *r;
41
            *r = t;
42
            1++;
43
            r--;
          }
44
       }
45
46
       Sort::QuickSort<T>(arr, r - arr + 1);
47
       Sort::QuickSort<T>(1, arr + i - 1);
48
     }
49
50
     /*!
51
      * \brief QuickSort a static sort a Type T array with i
          values where the key
52
      * are also changed accordingly
53
      * \details Usage: QuickSort < type > (*type *type , i)
54
      * \param arr an array of Type T
55
      * \param key an array of 0..i-1 representing the index
56
      * \param i the number of elements
57
      */
     template <typename T> static void QuickSort(T *arr, T *key
58
         , int i) {
59
        if (i < 2)</pre>
60
         return;
61
62
       T p = arr[i / 2];
63
64
       T *1 = arr;
       T *r = arr + i - 1;
65
66
67
       T * lkey = key;
68
       T * rkey = key + i - 1;
69
70
        while (1 <= r) {
          if (*1 < p) {</pre>
71
72
            1++;
73
            lkey++;
74
          } else if (*r > p) {
75
            r--;
76
            rkey --;
77
          } else {
78
           if (*1 != *r) {
79
              T t = *1;
              *1 = *r;
80
81
              *r = t;
82
83
              T tkey = *lkey;
84
              *lkey = *rkey;
85
              *rkey = tkey;
86
87
88
            1++;
89
            r--;
90
```



D.0.1 Microscope Class

```
1 /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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8 /*! \class Microscope
9 Interaction with the USB 5 MP microscope
10 */
11
12 #pragma once
13
14 #include <stdint.h>
15 #include <vector>
16 #include <string>
17 #include <utility>
18 #include <algorithm>
19
20 #include <sys/stat.h>
21 #include <sys/utsname.h>
22 #include <sys/ioctl.h>
23 #include <fstream>
24 #include <fcntl.h>
26 #include ux/videodev2.h>
27 #include ux/v412-controls.h>
28 #include ux/v412-common.h>
29
```

```
30 #include <boost/filesystem.hpp>
31 #include <boost/regex.hpp>
32
33 #include <opencv2/photo.hpp>
34 #include <opencv2/imgcodecs.hpp>
35 #include <opencv2/opencv.hpp>
36 #include <opencv2/core.hpp>
38 #include "MicroscopeNotFoundException.h"
39 #include "CouldNotGrabImageException.h"
40
41 namespace Hardware {
42 class Microscope {
43 public:
44
     enum Arch { ARM, X64 };
45
46
     enum PixelFormat { YUYV, MJPG };
47
48
     struct Resolution_t {
49
       uint16_t Width = 2048;
50
       uint16_t Height = 1536;
51
       PixelFormat format = PixelFormat::MJPG;
       std::string to_string() {
52.
53
         std::string retVal = std::to_string(Width);
54
         retVal.append(" x ");
55
         retVal.append(std::to_string(Height));
56
         if (format == PixelFormat::MJPG) {
57
              retVal.append(" - MJPG");
           }
58
59
          else {
              retVal.append(" - YUYV");
60
61
62
         return retVal;
63
64
       uint32_t ID;
65
     };
66
     struct Control_t {
67
68
       std::string name;
69
       int minimum;
70
       int maximum;
71
       int step;
72
       int default_value;
73
       int current_value;
74
       uint32_t ID = V4L2_CID_BASE;
75
       bool operator == (Control_t &rhs) {
76
         if (this->name.compare(rhs.name) == 0) {
77
           return true;
78
         } else {
79
            return false;
80
         }
81
       }
82
       bool operator!=(Control_t &rhs) {
83
         if (this->name.compare(rhs.name) != 0) {
84
           return true;
85
         } else {
```

```
86
             return false;
 87
          }
 88
        }
 89
      };
 90
 91
      typedef std::vector<Control_t> Controls_t;
 92
 93
      struct Cam_t {
 94
        std::string Name;
 95
        std::string devString;
 96
        uint32_t ID;
97
         std::vector < Resolution_t > Resolutions;
 98
        uint32_t delaytrigger = 1;
99
         Resolution_t *SelectedResolution = nullptr;
100
        Controls_t Controls;
101
        int fd;
102
         bool operator == (Cam_t const &rhs) {
103
           if (this->ID == rhs.ID || this->Name == rhs.Name) {
104
             return true;
105
           } else {
106
             return false;
           }
107
        }
108
109
        bool operator!=(Cam_t const &rhs) {
110
           if (this->ID != rhs.ID && this->Name != rhs.Name) {
111
             return true;
112
           } else {
113
             return false;
114
          }
115
        }
116
      };
117
118
      std::vector < Cam_t > Available Cams;
119
      Cam_t *SelectedCam = nullptr;
120
      Arch RunEnv;
121
122
      Microscope();
123
      Microscope(const Microscope &rhs);
124
125
      ~Microscope();
126
127
      Microscope operator=(Microscope const &rhs);
128
129
      bool IsOpened();
130
      bool openCam(Cam_t *cam);
131
      bool openCam(int &cam);
132
      bool openCam(std::string &cam);
133
134
      bool closeCam(Cam_t *cam);
135
136
      void GetFrame(cv::Mat &dst);
137
      void GetHDRFrame(cv::Mat &dst, uint32_t noframes = 3);
138
139
      Control_t *GetControl(const std::string name);
140
      void SetControl(Control_t *control);
141
```

```
142
      Cam_t *FindCam(std::string cam);
143
      Cam_t *FindCam(int cam);
144
145 private:
      cv::VideoCapture *cap = nullptr;
147
148
      std::vector<cv::Mat> HDRframes;
149
150
      std::vector < Cam_t > GetAvailableCams();
151
      Arch GetCurrentArchitecture();
152
      int fd;
153 };
154 }
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        strictly prohibited
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 3
        Jelle Spijker)
     * This software is proprietary and confidential
 4
 5
     * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
 6
 7
   #include "Microscope.h"
 10 namespace Hardware {
 11
 12 Microscope::Microscope() {
 13
      RunEnv = GetCurrentArchitecture();
 14
      AvailableCams = GetAvailableCams();
 15
      for_each(AvailableCams.begin(), AvailableCams.end(), [](
         Cam_t &C) {
        C.SelectedResolution = &C.Resolutions[C.Resolutions.size
 16
            () - 1];
 17
      });
 18 }
 19
20 Microscope::Microscope(const Microscope &rhs) {
      std::copy(rhs.AvailableCams.begin(), rhs.AvailableCams.end
         (),
22
                 this -> AvailableCams.begin());
23
      this -> RunEnv = rhs.RunEnv;
      this -> SelectedCam = rhs.SelectedCam;
 24
25
      this->cap = rhs.cap;
26
      this->fd = rhs.fd;
27
      this->HDRframes = rhs.HDRframes;
28 }
29
30 Microscope::~Microscope() { delete cap; }
32 Microscope::Arch Microscope::GetCurrentArchitecture() {
33
      struct utsname unameData;
      Arch retVal;
34
35
      uname(&unameData);
      std::string archString = static_cast<std::string>(
36
         unameData.machine);
```

```
if (archString.find("armv71") != string::npos) {
38
       retVal = Arch::ARM;
39
     } else {
40
       retVal = Arch::X64;
41
42
     return retVal;
43 }
44
  std::vector < Microscope::Cam_t > Microscope::GetAvailableCams
       () {
     const string path_ss = "/sys/class/video4linux";
46
47
     const string path_ss_dev = "/dev/video";
     std::vector<Cam_t> retVal;
49
     struct v412_queryctrl queryctrl;
50
     struct v412_control controlctrl;
51
52
     // Check if there're videodevices installed
53
     // Itterate through the cams
54
     for (boost::filesystem::directory_iterator itr(path_ss);
55
           itr != boost::filesystem::directory_iterator(); ++itr
              ) {
56
       string videoln = itr->path().string();
       videoln.append("/name");
57
58
       if (boost::filesystem::exists(videoln)) {
59
         Cam_t currentCam;
60
         std::ifstream camName;
61
         camName.open(videoln);
62
         std::getline(camName, currentCam.Name);
63
         camName.close();
64
         currentCam.ID =
65
              std::atoi(itr->path().string().substr(28, std::
                 string::npos).c_str());
66
67
         // Open Cam
68
         currentCam.devString = path_ss_dev + std::to_string(
             currentCam.ID);
         if ((currentCam.fd = open(currentCam.devString.c_str()
69
             , O_RDWR)) == -1) {
70
            throw Exception::MicroscopeException(
               EXCEPTION_NOCAMS,
71
                                                   EXCEPTION_NOCAMS_NR
                                                       );
         }
72
73
74
         // Get controls
75
         memset(&queryctrl, 0, sizeof(queryctrl));
         {\tt memset(\&controlctrl\,,\,\,0\,,\,\,\,sizeof(controlctrl));}
76
77
         for (queryctrl.id = V4L2_CID_BASE; queryctrl.id <</pre>
             V4L2_CID_LASTP1;
78
               queryctrl.id++) {
79
80
            if (ioctl(currentCam.fd, VIDIOC_QUERYCTRL, &
               queryctrl) == 0) {
81
              if (!(queryctrl.flags & V4L2_CTRL_FLAG_DISABLED))
82
                Control_t currentControl;
```

```
83
                 currentControl.ID = queryctrl.id;
 84
                 currentControl.name = (char *)queryctrl.name;
85
                 currentControl.minimum = queryctrl.minimum;
                 currentControl.maximum = queryctrl.maximum;
86
87
                 currentControl.default_value = queryctrl.
                    default_value;
88
                 currentControl.step = queryctrl.step;
 89
                 controlctrl.id = queryctrl.id;
90
                 if (ioctl(currentCam.fd, VIDIOC_G_CTRL, &
                    controlctrl) == 0) {
91
                   currentControl.current_value = controlctrl.
                      value;
                 }
92
93
                 currentCam.Controls.push_back(currentControl);
 94
               }
95
             } else {
96
               if (errno == EINVAL)
97
                 continue;
98
               throw Exception::MicroscopeException(
                  EXCEPTION_QUERY,
99
                                                       EXCEPTION_QUERY_NR
                                                          );
100
            }
          }
101
102
103
          // Get image formats
104
          struct v412_format format;
105
          memset(&format, 0, sizeof(format));
106
107
          uint32_t width[5] = {640, 800, 1280, 1600, 2048};
          uint32_t height[6] = {480, 600, 960, 1200, 1536};
108
109
110
          uint32_t ResolutionID = 0;
111
112
          // YUYV
          for (uint32_t i = 0; i < 5; i++) {</pre>
113
114
             format.type = V4L2_BUF_TYPE_VIDEO_CAPTURE;
             format.fmt.pix.pixelformat = V4L2_PIX_FMT_YUYV;
115
116
             format.fmt.pix.width = width[i];
117
             format.fmt.pix.height = height[i];
             int ret = ioctl(currentCam.fd, VIDIOC_S_FMT, &format
118
                );
119
             if (ret != -1 && format.fmt.pix.height == height[i]
120
                 format.fmt.pix.width == width[i]) {
121
               Resolution_t res;
122
               res.Width = format.fmt.pix.width;
123
               res.Height = height[i];
124
               res.ID = ResolutionID++;
125
               res.format = PixelFormat::YUYV;
126
               currentCam.Resolutions.push_back(res);
127
            }
128
          }
129
130
          // MJPEG
131
          for (uint32_t i = 0; i < 5; i++) {</pre>
```

```
132
             format.type = V4L2_BUF_TYPE_VIDEO_CAPTURE;
             format.fmt.pix.pixelformat = V4L2_PIX_FMT_MJPEG;
133
134
             format.fmt.pix.width = width[i];
135
             format.fmt.pix.height = height[i];
             int ret = ioctl(currentCam.fd, VIDIOC_S_FMT, &format
136
                );
             if (ret != -1 && format.fmt.pix.height == height[i]
137
138
                 format.fmt.pix.width == width[i]) {
139
               Resolution_t res;
               res.Width = format.fmt.pix.width;
140
141
               res.Height = format.fmt.pix.height;
142
               res.ID = ResolutionID++;
143
               res.format = PixelFormat::MJPG;
144
               currentCam.Resolutions.push_back(res);
145
             }
146
          }
147
148
          close(currentCam.fd);
149
          retVal.push_back(currentCam);
150
        }
      }
151
152
153
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < retVal.size(); i++) {</pre>
154
        if (retVal[i].Resolutions.size() == 0) {
155
          retVal.erase(retVal.begin() + i);
156
157
        }
158
      }
159
160
      return retVal;
161
162
163
    bool Microscope::IsOpened() {
164
      if (cap == nullptr) {
        return false;
165
166
      } else {
167
        return cap->isOpened();
168
169
    }
170
171
    bool Microscope::openCam(Cam_t *cam) {
172
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < AvailableCams.size(); i++) {</pre>
173
        if (AvailableCams[i] == *cam) {
174
          closeCam(SelectedCam);
175
          SelectedCam = cam;
176
          cap = new cv::VideoCapture(SelectedCam->ID);
          if (!cap->isOpened()) {
177
178
             throw Exception::MicroscopeException(
                EXCEPTION_NOCAMS,
179
                                                     EXCEPTION_NOCAMS_NR
                                                        );
180
181
          cap->set(CV_CAP_PROP_FRAME_WIDTH, SelectedCam->
              SelectedResolution -> Width);
182
          cap->set(CV_CAP_PROP_FRAME_HEIGHT,
```

```
183
                     SelectedCam -> SelectedResolution -> Height);
184
           for (Controls_t::iterator it = SelectedCam->Controls.
              begin();
                it != SelectedCam -> Controls.end(); ++it) {
185
186
             SetControl(&*it);
187
           }
188
           return true;
189
190
      }
191
      return false;
192
    }
193
194
    bool Microscope::openCam(std::string &cam) { return openCam(
        FindCam(cam)); }
195
196
    bool Microscope::openCam(int &cam) { return openCam(FindCam(
        cam)); }
197
198
    Microscope::Cam_t *Microscope::FindCam(int cam) {
199
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < AvailableCams.size(); i++) {</pre>
200
        if (cam == AvailableCams[i].ID) {
201
           return &AvailableCams[i];
202
203
      }
204
      return nullptr;
205
    }
206
207
    Microscope::Cam_t *Microscope::FindCam(string cam) {
208
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < AvailableCams.size(); i++) {</pre>
209
        if (cam.compare(AvailableCams[i].Name) == 0) {
210
           return &AvailableCams[i];
211
212
213
      return nullptr;
214
    }
215
    bool Microscope::closeCam(Cam_t *cam) {
216
217
      if (cap != nullptr) {
218
        if (cap->isOpened()) {
219
           cap->release();
220
        }
221
        delete cap;
222
        cap = nullptr;
223
      }
224 }
225
226
    void Microscope::GetFrame(cv::Mat &dst) {
227
      openCam(SelectedCam);
228
      sleep(SelectedCam ->delaytrigger);
229
      if (RunEnv == Arch::ARM) {
230
        for (uint32_t i = 0; i < 2; i++) {</pre>
231
           if (!cap->grab()) {
232
             throw Exception::CouldNotGrabImageException();
           }
233
           sleep(SelectedCam ->delaytrigger);
234
235
```

```
236
        cap -> retrieve(dst);
      } else {
237
238
        for (uint32_t i = 0; i < 2; i++) {</pre>
239
          if (!cap->read(dst)) {
240
             throw Exception::CouldNotGrabImageException();
241
242
        }
243
      }
244 }
245
246
   void Microscope::GetHDRFrame(cv::Mat &dst, uint32_t noframes
247
      // create the brightness steps
248
      Control_t *brightness = GetControl("Brightness");
249
      Control_t *contrast = GetControl("Contrast");
250
251
      uint32_t brightnessStep =
252
          (brightness->maximum - brightness->minimum) / noframes
253
      int8_t currentBrightness = brightness->current_value;
254
      int8_t currentContrast = contrast->current_value;
255
      contrast->current_value = contrast->maximum;
256
257
      cv::Mat currentImg;
258
      // take the shots at different brightness levels
259
      for (uint32_t i = 1; i <= noframes; i++) {</pre>
260
        brightness->current_value = brightness->minimum + (i *
            brightnessStep);
261
        GetFrame(currentImg);
262
        HDRframes.push_back(currentImg);
263
      }
264
265
      // Set the brightness and back to the previous used level
266
      brightness -> current_value = currentBrightness;
267
      contrast -> current_value = currentContrast;
268
269
      // Perform the exposure fusion
270
      cv::Mat fusion;
271
      cv::Ptr<cv::MergeMertens> merge_mertens = cv::
          createMergeMertens();
272
      merge_mertens ->process(HDRframes, fusion);
273
      fusion *= 255;
274
      fusion.convertTo(dst, CV_8UC1);
275 }
276
277
    Microscope::Control_t *Microscope::GetControl(const string
       name) {
278
      for (Controls_t::iterator it = SelectedCam->Controls.begin
          ();
279
           it != SelectedCam -> Controls.end(); ++it) {
280
        if (name.compare(it->name) == 0) {
281
          return &*it;
        }
282
283
      }
284
      return nullptr;
285 }
```

```
286
287
    void Microscope::SetControl(Control_t *control) {
      if ((SelectedCam->fd = open(SelectedCam->devString.c_str()
288
          , O_{RDWR})) == -1) {
289
        throw Exception::MicroscopeException(EXCEPTION_NOCAMS,
            EXCEPTION_NOCAMS_NR);
290
      }
291
292
      struct v412_queryctrl queryctrl;
293
      struct v412_control controlctrl;
294
295
      memset(&queryctrl, 0, sizeof(queryctrl));
296
      queryctrl.id = control->ID;
297
      if (ioctl(SelectedCam->fd, VIDIOC_QUERYCTRL, &queryctrl)
         == -1) {
        if (errno != EINVAL) {
298
299
          close(SelectedCam ->fd);
300
          throw Exception::MicroscopeException(EXCEPTION_QUERY,
              EXCEPTION_QUERY_NR);
301
        } else {
302
          close(SelectedCam ->fd);
303
          throw Exception::MicroscopeException(
              EXCEPTION_CTRL_NOT_FOUND,
304
                                                  EXCEPTION_CTRL_NOT_FOUND_NR
                                                     );
305
        }
306
      } else if (queryctrl.flags & V4L2_CTRL_FLAG_DISABLED) {
307
        close(SelectedCam ->fd);
308
        throw Exception::MicroscopeException(
            EXCEPTION_CTRL_NOT_FOUND,
309
                                                EXCEPTION_CTRL_NOT_FOUND_NR
      } else {
310
311
        memset(&controlctrl, 0, sizeof(controlctrl));
312
        controlctrl.id = control->ID;
313
        controlctrl.value = control->current_value;
314
        if (ioctl(SelectedCam->fd, VIDIOC_S_CTRL, &controlctrl)
315
            == -1) {
316
          // Fails on auto white balance
317
          // throw Exception::MicroscopeException(
              EXCEPTION_CTRL_VALUE,
318
              EXCEPTION_CTRL_VALUE_NR);
319
        }
320
      }
321
      close(SelectedCam ->fd);
322
   }
323
   }
```

D.0.2 Beaglebone Black Class

```
/* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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6
    */
  /*! \class BBB
  The core BeagleBone Black class used for all hardware
      related classes.
   Consisting of universal used method, functions and variables
      . File operations,
11 polling and threading
12
   */
13
14 #pragma once
15
16 #define SLOTS
17
     "/sys/devices/platform/bone_capemgr/slots" /*! < Beaglebone
         capemanager slots file*/
18
19 #include <fstream>
20 #include <sstream>
21 #include <string>
22 #include <sys/stat.h>
23 #include <pthread.h>
24 #include <unistd.h>
25 #include <sys/epoll.h>
26 #include <fcntl.h>
27 #include <regex>
28 #include <stdexcept>
29
30 #include "GPIOReadException.h"
  #include "FailedToCreateGPIOPollingThreadException.h"
32 #include "ValueOutOfBoundsException.h"
33
34 using namespace std;
35
36
  namespace Hardware {
37
   typedef int (*CallbackType)(
38
       int); /*!< CallbackType used to pass a function to a</pre>
          thread*/
39
   class BBB {
40
   public:
     int debounceTime; /*!< debounce time for a button in</pre>
        milliseconds*/
43
44
     BBB();
45
     ~BBB();
```

```
46
47
   protected:
     bool threadRunning;
                                     /*!< used to stop the
        thread*/
49
                                      /*!< The thread*/</pre>
     pthread_t thread;
     CallbackType callbackFunction; /*!< the callbakcfunction*/</pre>
50
51
52
     bool DirectoryExist(const string &path);
53
     bool CapeLoaded(const string &shield);
54
55
     string Read(const string &path);
56
     void Write(const string &path, const string &value);
57
58
     /*! Converts a number to a string
59
     \param Number as typename
60
     \returns the number as a string
61
62
     template <typename T> string NumberToString(T Number) {
63
       ostringstream ss;
64
      ss << Number;
65
       return ss.str();
66
     };
67
68
     /*! Converts a string to a number
69
     \param Text the string that needs to be converted
70
     \return the number as typename
71
72
     template <typename T> T StringToNumber(string Text) {
       stringstream ss(Text);
73
74
       T result;
75
       return ss >> result ? result : 0;
76
     };
77 };
78 }
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    */
7
  #include "BBB.h"
8
10 namespace Hardware {
11 /*! Constructor*/
12 BBB::BBB() {
13
     threadRunning = false;
14
     callbackFunction = NULL;
15
     debounceTime = 0;
16
     thread = (pthread_t)NULL;
17 }
18
19 /*! De-constructor*/
```

```
20 BBB::~BBB() {}
21
  /*! Reads the first line from a file
23 \param path constant string pointing towards the file
24 \returns this first line
25 */
26 string BBB::Read(const string &path) {
27
     ifstream fs;
     fs.open(path.c_str());
29
     if (!fs.is_open()) {
       throw Exception::GPIOReadException(("Can't open: " +
30
          path).c_str());
31
32
     string input;
33
     getline(fs, input);
34
     fs.close();
35
     return input;
36 }
37
38 /*! Writes a value to a file
   \param path a constant string pointing towards the file
  \param value a constant string which should be written in
      the file
41
42 void BBB::Write(const string &path, const string &value) {
     ofstream fs;
44
     fs.open(path.c_str());
45
     if (!fs.is_open()) {
46
       throw Exception::GPIOReadException(("Can't open: " +
          path).c_str());
47
     }
48
     fs << value;
49
     fs.close();
50 }
51
52 /*! Checks if a directory exist
53 \returns true if the directory exists and false if not
54 */
55
  bool BBB::DirectoryExist(const string &path) {
     struct stat st;
57
     if (stat((char *)path.c_str(), &st) != 0) {
58
       return false;
59
     }
60
     return true;
61 }
62
   /*! Checks if a cape is loaded in the file /sys/devices/
      bone_capemgr.9/slots
   \param shield a const search string which is a (part) of the
       shield name
  \return true if the search string is found otherwise false
67 bool BBB::CapeLoaded(const string &shield) {
68
     bool shieldFound = false;
69
70
     ifstream fs;
```

```
71
     fs.open(SLOTS);
72
     if (!fs.is_open()) {
       throw Exception::GPIOReadException("Can't open SLOTS");
73
74
75
76
     string line;
     while (getline(fs, line)) {
77
       if (line.find(shield) != string::npos) {
78
79
         shieldFound = true;
80
         break;
81
       }
     }
82
     fs.close();
83
84
     return shieldFound;
85 }
86 }
```

D.0.3 GPIO Class

```
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   * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
   * This code is based upon:
    * Derek Molloy, "Exploring BeagleBone: Tools and Techniques
        for Building
8
    * with Embedded Linux", Wiley, 2014, ISBN:9781118935125.
9
   * See: www.exploringbeaglebone.com
10
   */
11
12 #pragma once
13 #include "BBB.h"
15 #define EXPORT_PIN "/sys/class/gpio/export"
16 #define UNEXPORT_PIN "/sys/class/gpio/unexport"
17 #define GPIOS "/sys/class/gpio/gpio"
18 #define DIRECTION "/direction"
19 #define VALUE "/value"
20 #define EDGE "/edge"
21
22 using namespace std;
23
24 namespace Hardware {
25 class GPIO : public BBB {
26 public:
27
     enum Direction { Input, Output };
28
     enum Value { Low = 0, High = 1 };
     enum Edge { None, Rising, Falling, Both };
29
30
31
     int number; // Number of the pin
32
33
     int WaitForEdge();
     int WaitForEdge(CallbackType callback);
35
     void WaitForEdgeCancel() { this->threadRunning = false; }
36
37
     Value GetValue();
38
     void SetValue(Value value);
39
40
     Direction GetDirection();
41
     void SetDirection(Direction direction);
42
43
     Edge GetEdge();
44
     void SetEdge(Edge edge);
45
46
     GPIO(int number);
47
     ~GPIO();
48
49
  private:
50
     string gpiopath;
51
     Direction direction;
```

```
52
     Edge edge;
53
     friend void *threadedPollGPIO(void *value);
54
     bool isExported(int number, Direction &dir, Edge &edge);
55
     bool ExportPin(int number);
56
57
     bool UnexportPin(int number);
58
59
     Direction ReadsDirection(const string &gpiopath);
60
     void WritesDirection(const string &gpiopath, Direction
        direction);
61
62
     Edge ReadsEdge(const string &gpiopath);
     void WritesEdge(const string &gpiopath, Edge edge);
63
64
     Value ReadsValue(const string &gpiopath);
65
66
     void WritesValue(const string &gpiopath, Value value);
67 };
68
69 void *threadedPollGPIO(void *value);
70 }
   /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
1
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       strictly prohibited
3
    st and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
4
    * This software is proprietary and confidential
5
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
    */
6
7
8
  #include "GPIO.h"
10 namespace Hardware {
11 GPIO::GPIO(int number) {
12
13
     this->number = number;
14
     gpiopath = GPIOS + NumberToString<int>(number);
15
     if (!isExported(number, direction, edge)) {
16
17
       ExportPin(number);
18
       direction = ReadsDirection(gpiopath);
19
       edge = ReadsEdge(gpiopath);
20
21
     usleep(250000);
   }
22
23
24 GPIO::~GPIO() { UnexportPin(number); }
25
26 int GPIO::WaitForEdge(CallbackType callback) {
27
     threadRunning = true;
     callbackFunction = callback;
28
29
     if (pthread_create(&this->thread, NULL, &threadedPollGPIO,
30
                         static_cast < void *>(this))) {
31
       threadRunning = false;
32
       throw Exception::
           FailedToCreateGPIOPollingThreadException();
```

```
34
     return 0;
35
   }
36
   int GPIO::WaitForEdge() {
38
     if (direction == Output) {
39
       SetDirection(Input);
40
41
     int fd, i, epollfd, count = 0;
42
     struct epoll_event ev;
43
     epollfd = epoll_create(1);
44
     if (epollfd == -1) {
45
       throw Exception::
           {\tt FailedToCreateGPIOPollingThreadException} (
46
            "GPIO: Failed to create epollfd!");
47
     if ((fd = open((gpiopath + VALUE).c_str(), O_RDONLY |
48
         O_NONBLOCK)) == -1) {
49
       throw Exception::GPIOReadException();
50
51
52
     // read operation | edge triggered | urgent data
53
     ev.events = EPOLLIN | EPOLLET | EPOLLPRI;
54
     ev.data.fd = fd;
55
56
     if (epoll_ctl(epollfd, EPOLL_CTL_ADD, fd, &ev) == -1) {
57
       throw Exception::
           FailedToCreateGPIOPollingThreadException(
58
            "GPIO: Failed to add control interface!");
59
60
61
     while (count <= 1) {</pre>
62
       i = epoll_wait(epollfd, &ev, 1, -1);
63
       if (i == -1) {
64
          close(fd);
65
          return -1;
66
       } else {
67
          count++;
68
       }
69
     }
70
     close(fd);
71
     return 0;
72 }
73
74
   GPIO::Value GPIO::GetValue() { return ReadsValue(gpiopath);
   void GPIO::SetValue(GPIO::Value value) { WritesValue(
      gpiopath, value); }
76
77
   GPIO::Direction GPIO::GetDirection() { return direction; }
   void GPIO::SetDirection(Direction direction) {
     this->direction = direction;
80
     WritesDirection(gpiopath, direction);
81
   }
82
83 GPIO::Edge GPIO::GetEdge() { return edge; }
```

```
84 void GPIO::SetEdge(Edge edge) {
85
      this->edge = edge;
86
      WritesEdge(gpiopath, edge);
87
    }
88
89
   bool GPIO::isExported(int number __attribute__((unused)),
       Direction &dir,
90
                            Edge &edge) {
91
      // Checks if directory exist and therefore is exported
92
      if (!DirectoryExist(gpiopath)) {
93
        return false;
94
      }
 95
96
      // Reads the data associated with the pin
97
      dir = ReadsDirection(gpiopath);
98
      edge = ReadsEdge(gpiopath);
99
      return true;
100 }
101
102 bool GPIO::ExportPin(int number) {
103
      switch (number) {
104
      case 7:
105
        system("config-pin P9.42 gpio");
106
        break;
107
      case 116:
108
        system("config-pin P9.91 gpio");
109
        break;
110
      case 112:
111
        system("config-pin P9.30 gpio");
112
        break;
113
      case 115:
114
        system("config-pin P9.27 gpio");
115
        break;
116
      case 14:
117
        system("config-pin P9.26 gpio");
118
        break;
      case 15:
119
120
        system("config-pin P9.24 gpio");
121
        break;
122
      case 49:
123
        system("config-pin P9.23 gpio");
124
        break;
125
      case 2:
        system("config-pin P9.22 gpio");
126
127
        break;
128
      case 3:
129
        system("config-pin P9.21 gpio");
130
        break;
131
      case 4:
132
        system("config-pin P9.18 gpio");
133
        break;
134
      case 5:
135
        system("config-pin P9.17 gpio");
136
        break;
137
      case 51:
138
        system("config-pin P9.16 gpio");
```

```
139
         break;
140
      case 48:
141
         system("config-pin P9.15 gpio");
142
         break;
143
      case 50:
144
         system("config-pin P9.14 gpio");
145
         break;
146
      case 31:
147
         system("config-pin P9.13 gpio");
148
         break;
149
      case 60:
150
         system("config-pin P9.12 gpio");
151
         break:
152
      case 30:
153
         system("config-pin P9.11 gpio");
154
         break;
155
      case 61:
156
         system("config-pin P8.26 gpio");
157
         break;
158
      case 22:
159
         system("config-pin P8.19 gpio");
160
         break;
161
      case 65:
162
         system("config-pin P8.18 gpio");
163
         break;
164
      case 27:
165
         system("config-pin P8.17 gpio");
166
         break;
167
      case 46:
168
         system("config-pin P8.16 gpio");
169
         break;
170
      case 47:
171
         system("config-pin P8.15 gpio");
172
         break;
173
      case 26:
174
         system("config-pin P8.14 gpio");
175
         break;
176
      case 23:
177
         system("config-pin P8.13 gpio");
178
         break;
179
      case 44:
         system("config-pin P8.12 gpio");
180
181
         break;
182
      case 45:
183
         system("config-pin P8.11 gpio");
184
         break;
185
      case 68:
186
         system("config-pin P8.10 gpio");
187
         break;
188
      case 69:
189
         system("config-pin P8.09 gpio");
190
         break;
191
      case 67:
192
         system("config-pin P8.08 gpio");
193
         break:
194
      case 66:
```

```
195
        system("config-pin P8.07 gpio");
196
        break;
197
      }
198
      usleep(250000);
199
200
201 bool GPIO::UnexportPin(int number) {
202
      //Write(UNEXPORT_PIN, NumberToString<int>(number));
203
204
205 GPIO::Direction GPIO::ReadsDirection(const string &gpiopath)
206
      if (Read(gpiopath + DIRECTION) == "in") {
207
        return Input;
208
      } else {
        return Output;
209
210
211 }
212
213 void GPIO::WritesDirection(const string &gpiopath, Direction
        direction) {
214
      switch (direction) {
215
      case Hardware::GPIO::Input:
216
        Write((gpiopath + DIRECTION), "in");
217
        break;
218
      case Hardware::GPIO::Output:
219
        Write((gpiopath + DIRECTION), "out");
220
        break;
221
      }
222 }
223
224 GPIO::Edge GPIO::ReadsEdge(const string &gpiopath) {
225
      string reader = Read(gpiopath + EDGE);
226
      if (reader == "none") {
227
        return None;
228
      } else if (reader == "rising") {
229
        return Rising;
230
      } else if (reader == "falling") {
231
        return Falling;
232
      } else {
233
        return Both;
234
      }
235 }
236
237
   void GPIO::WritesEdge(const string &gpiopath, Edge edge) {
238
      switch (edge) {
239
      case Hardware::GPIO::None:
240
        Write((gpiopath + EDGE), "none");
241
        break;
242
      case Hardware::GPIO::Rising:
243
        Write((gpiopath + EDGE), "rising");
244
        break;
245
      case Hardware::GPIO::Falling:
        Write((gpiopath + EDGE), "falling");
246
247
        break;
248
      case Hardware::GPIO::Both:
```

```
Write((gpiopath + EDGE), "both");
249
250
        break;
251
      default:
252
        break;
253
254 }
255
256 GPIO::Value GPIO::ReadsValue(const string &gpiopath) {
      string path(gpiopath + VALUE);
258
      int res = StringToNumber < int > (Read(path));
259
      return (Value)res;
260 }
261
262 void GPIO::WritesValue(const string &gpiopath, Value value)
      Write(gpiopath + VALUE, NumberToString<int>(value));
263
264
   }
265
266
   void *threadedPollGPIO(void *value) {
      GPIO *gpio = static_cast < GPIO *>(value);
268
      while (gpio->threadRunning) {
269
        gpio->callbackFunction(gpio->WaitForEdge());
270
        usleep(gpio->debounceTime * 1000);
271
272
      return 0;
273 }
274 }
```

D.0.4 PWM Class

```
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5
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
    */
8 #pragma once
9 #include "BBB.h"
10 #include <dirent.h>
11
12 #define OCP_PATH "/sys/class/pwm/"
13 #define PWM_CAPE "Override Board Name, OOAO, Override Manuf,
      cape-universaln"
14
15 namespace Hardware {
16 class PWM : public BBB {
17 public:
18
     enum Pin // Four possible PWM pins
19
     { P8_13,
20
       P8_19,
       P9_14,
21
       P9_16 };
22
     enum Run // Signal generating
23
24
     {0n = 1,}
       Off = 0 };
25
26
     enum Polarity // Inverse duty polarity
     { Normal = 1,
27
       Inverted = 0 };
28
29
30
     Pin pin; // Current pin
31
32
     uint8_t GetPixelValue() { return pixelvalue; }
33
     void SetPixelValue(uint8_t value);
34
35
     float GetIntensity() { return intensity; };
36
     void SetIntensity(float value);
37
38
     int GetPeriod() { return period; };
39
     void SetPeriod(int value);
40
41
     int GetDuty() { return duty; };
42
     void SetDuty(int value);
43
     void SetIntensity();
44
45
     Run GetRun() { return run; };
     void SetRun(Run value);
46
47
48
     Polarity GetPolarity() { return polarity; };
49
     void SetPolarity(Polarity value);
50
51
     PWM(Pin pin);
```

```
52
     ~ PWM();
53
54
   private:
55
                          // current period
     int period;
56
                          // current duty
     int duty;
                         // current intensity
57
     float intensity;
     uint8_t pixelvalue; // current pixelvalue
58
                          // current run state
59
     Run run;
60
     Polarity polarity;
                         // current polaity
61
62
     string basepath;
                           // the basepath ocp
63
     string dutypath;
                           // base + duty path
                           // base + period path
64
     string periodpath;
                           // base + run path
65
     string runpath;
     string polaritypath; // base + polarity path
66
67
68
     void calcIntensity();
69 };
70 }
1
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    st and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
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6
    */
7
   #include "PWM.h"
10 namespace Hardware {
   /// <summary>
11
   /// Constructeur
12
   /// </summary>
   /// <param name="pin">Pin</param>
15 PWM::PWM(Pin pin) {
16
     this->pin = pin;
17
18
     // Check if PWM cape is loaded, if not load it
19
     if (!CapeLoaded(PWM_CAPE)) {
20
       Write(SLOTS, PWM_CAPE);
21
22
23
     // Init the pin
24
     switch (pin) {
25
     case Hardware::PWM::P8_13:
26
       system("config-pin P8.13 pwm");
27
       basepath = OCP_PATH;
28
       basepath.append("pwmchip4/pwm1");
29
       break;
30
     case Hardware::PWM::P8_19:
31
       system("config-pin P8.19 pwm");
32
       basepath = OCP_PATH;
33
       basepath.append("pwmchip4/pwm0");
34
       break;
```

```
35
     case Hardware::PWM::P9_14:
36
        system("config-pin P9.14 pwm");
37
        basepath = OCP_PATH;
38
       basepath.append("pwmchip2/pwm0");
39
       break;
40
     case Hardware::PWM::P9_16:
41
        system("config-pin P9.16 pwm");
42
       basepath.append("pwmchip2/pwm1");
43
       break;
44
     }
45
46
     // Get the working paths
47
     dutypath = basepath + "/duty_cycle";
48
     periodpath = basepath + "/period";
     runpath = basepath + "/run";
49
     polaritypath = basepath + "/polarity";
50
51
52
     // Give Linux time to setup directory structure;
53
     usleep(250000);
54
55
     // Read current values
56
     period = StringToNumber < int > (Read(periodpath));
57
     duty = StringToNumber < int > (Read(dutypath));
58
     run = static_cast <Run > (StringToNumber < int > (Read(runpath)))
59
     polarity = static_cast < Polarity > (StringToNumber < int > (Read(
         polaritypath)));
60
61
     // calculate the current intensity
62
     calcIntensity();
63 }
64
65 PWM::~PWM() {}
66
67 /// <summary>
68 /// Calculate the current intensity
69 /// </summary>
70 void PWM::calcIntensity() {
71
     if (polarity == Normal) {
72
       if (duty == 0) {
73
          intensity = 0.0f;
74
       } else {
75
          intensity = (float)period / (float)duty;
76
       }
77
     } else {
        if (period == 0) {
78
79
          intensity = 0.0f;
       } else {
80
          intensity = (float)duty / (float)period;
81
82
       }
83
     }
84 }
85
86 /// <summary>
87 /// Set the intensity level as percentage
88 /// </summary>
```

```
89 /// <param name="value">floating value multipication factor
       </param>
90
   void PWM::SetIntensity(float value) {
91
      if (polarity == Normal) {
92
        SetDuty(static_cast<int>((value * duty) + 0.5));
93
      } else {
        SetPeriod(static_cast<int>((value * period) + 0.5));
94
95
96 }
97
98 /// <summary>
99 /// Set the output as a corresponding uint8_t value
100 /// </summary>
   /// <param name="value">pixel value 0-255</param>
102 void PWM::SetPixelValue(uint8_t value) {
103
      if (period != 255) {
104
        SetPeriod(255);
105
      }
106
      SetDuty(255 - value);
      pixelvalue = value;
108 }
109
110 /// <summary>
111 /// Set the period of the signal
112 /// </summary>
113 /// <param name="value">period : int</param>
114 void PWM::SetPeriod(int value) {
      string valstr = NumberToString<int>(value);
116
      Write(periodpath, valstr);
117
      period = value;
118
119
      calcIntensity();
120 }
121
122 /// <summary>
123 /// Set the duty of the signal
124 /// </summary>
   /// <param name="value">duty : int</param>
125
126 void PWM::SetDuty(int value) {
127
      string valstr = NumberToString<int>(value);
128
      Write(dutypath, valstr);
129
      duty = value;
130
131
      calcIntensity();
132 }
133
134 /// <summary>
135 /// Run the signal
136 /// </summary>
137
   /// <param name="value">On or Off</param>
   void PWM::SetRun(Run value) {
139
      int valInt = static_cast <int > (value);
140
      string valstr = NumberToString<int>(valInt);
      Write(runpath, valstr);
141
142
      run = value;
143 }
```

```
144
145 /// <summary>
146 /// Set the polarity
147 /// </summary>
148 /// <param name="value">Normal or Inverted signal </param>
149 void PWM::SetPolarity(Polarity value) {
150    int valInt = static_cast <int > (value);
151    string valstr = NumberToString <int > (valInt);
152    Write(runpath, valstr);
153    polarity = value;
154 }
155 }
```

D.0.5 ADC Class

```
/* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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       strictly prohibited
   * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
    * This software is proprietary and confidential
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
   */
  /*! \class ADC
9
  Interaction with the beaglebone analogue pins
10 */
11
12 #pragma once
13
14 #include "BBB.h"
15 #include "ADCReadException.h"
17 #define ADCO_PATH
     "/sys/bus/iio/devices/iio:device0/in_voltage0_raw" /*!
        path to analogue pin \
19
                                                            0*/
20 #define ADC1_PATH
     "/sys/bus/iio/devices/iio:device0/in_voltage1_raw" /*!<
21
        path to analogue pin \
                                                            1*/
23 #define ADC2_PATH
24
     "/sys/bus/iio/devices/iio:device0/in_voltage2_raw" /*!
        path to analogue pin \
25
                                                            2*/
  #define ADC3_PATH
     "/sys/bus/iio/devices/iio:device0/in_voltage3_raw" /*!
        path to analogue pin \
28
                                                            3*/
  #define ADC4_PATH
     "/sys/bus/iio/devices/iio:device0/in_voltage4_raw" /*!
30
        path to analogue pin \
                                                            4*/
31
32 #define ADC5_PATH
     "/sys/bus/iio/devices/iio:device0/in_voltage5_raw" /*!
33
        path to analogue pin \
34
                                                            5*/
```

```
35 #define ADC6_PATH
     "/sys/bus/iio/devices/iio:device0/in_voltage6_raw" /*!<
36
         path to analogue pin \
37
                                                               6*/
38 #define ADC7_PATH
39
     "/sys/bus/iio/devices/iio:device0/in_voltage7_raw" /*!<
         path to analogue pin \
40
                                                               7*/
41
42 namespace Hardware {
43 class ADC : public BBB {
44 public:
45
     /*! Enumerator to indicate the analogue pin*/
     enum ADCPin {
46
47
       ADCO, /*! < AINO pin*/
48
       ADC1, /*! < AIN1 pin*/
49
       ADC2, /*! < AIN2 pin*/
       ADC3, /*! < AIN3 pin*/
50
       ADC4, /*! < AIN4 pin*/
51
       ADC5, /*! < AIN5 pin*/
52
       ADC6, /*! < AIN6 pin*/
53
54
       ADC7 /*! < AIN7 pin*/
55
     };
56
57
     ADCPin Pin; /*! < current pin*/
58
     ADC(ADCPin pin);
59
60
     ~ADC();
61
62
     int GetCurrentValue();
63
     float GetIntensity() { return Intensity; }
     int GetMinIntensity() { return MinIntensity; }
64
     int GetMaxIntensity() { return MaxIntensity; }
65
66
67
     void SetMinIntensity();
68
     void SetMaxIntensity();
69
70
     int WaitForValueChange();
71
     int WaitForValueChange(CallbackType callback);
     void WaitForValueChangeCancel() { this->threadRunning =
        false; }
73
   private:
75
     string adcpath; /*! < Path to analogue write file*/
76
     float Intensity; /*! < Current intensity expressed as
        percentage*/
77
     int MinIntensity; /*!< Voltage level which represent 0</pre>
        percentage*/
     int MaxIntensity; /*!< Voltage level which represent 100</pre>
78
         percentage*/
79
```

```
friend void *threadedPollADC(void *value); /*!< friend</pre>
         polling function*/
81
  };
82
83 void *threadedPollADC(void *value);
84 }
   /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
   * Unauthorized copying of this file, via any medium is
        strictly prohibited
3
    st and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
        Jelle Spijker)
    st This software is proprietary and confidential
4
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
7
8
  #include "ADC.h"
10 namespace Hardware {
   /*! Constructor
11
12 \param pin and ADCPin type indicating which analogue pin to
13
   */
14
   ADC::ADC(ADCPin pin) {
15
     this->Pin = pin;
16
     switch (pin) {
17
     case Hardware::ADC::ADCO:
18
       adcpath = ADCO_PATH;
19
       break;
20
     case Hardware::ADC::ADC1:
21
       adcpath = ADC1_PATH;
22
       break;
23
     case Hardware::ADC::ADC2:
24
       adcpath = ADC2_PATH;
25
       break;
26
     case Hardware::ADC::ADC3:
27
       adcpath = ADC3_PATH;
28
       break;
29
     case Hardware::ADC::ADC4:
       adcpath = ADC4_PATH;
30
31
       break;
32
     case Hardware::ADC::ADC5:
33
       adcpath = ADC5_PATH;
34
       break;
35
     case Hardware::ADC::ADC6:
36
       adcpath = ADC6_PATH;
37
       break;
38
     case Hardware::ADC::ADC7:
39
       adcpath = ADC7_PATH;
40
       break;
41
     }
42
43
     MinIntensity = 0;
44
     MaxIntensity = 4096;
45 }
46
```

```
47 /*! De-constructor*/
48 ADC::~ADC() {}
49
50 /*! Reads the current voltage in the pin
51 \return an integer between 0 and 4096
53 int ADC::GetCurrentValue() {
54
     int retVal = StringToNumber <int > (Read(adcpath));
55
     Intensity = (float)(retVal - MinIntensity) /
56
                  (4096 - (MinIntensity + (4096 - MaxIntensity))
57
     return retVal;
58 }
59
60 /*! Set the current voltage at the pin as the minimum
      voltage*/
61 void ADC::SetMinIntensity() {
     MinIntensity = StringToNumber < int > (Read(adcpath));
63 }
64
65 void ADC::SetMaxIntensity() {
    MaxIntensity = StringToNumber < int > (Read(adcpath));
67 }
68
69 /*! Threading enabled polling of the analogue pin
70 \param callback the function which should be called when
      polling indicates a
71 change CallbackType
72 \return 0
73 */
74 int ADC::WaitForValueChange(CallbackType callback) {
     threadRunning = true;
76
     callbackFunction = callback;
77
     if (pthread_create(&thread, NULL, &threadedPollADC,
78
                         static_cast < void *>(this))) {
79
       threadRunning = false;
80
       throw Exception::
           FailedToCreateGPIOPollingThreadException();
     }
81
82
     return 0;
83 }
85 /*! Polling of the analogue pin
86 \return the current value
87 */
  int ADC::WaitForValueChange() {
89
     int fd, i, epollfd, count = 0;
90
     struct epoll_event ev;
     epollfd = epoll_create(1);
91
92
     if (epollfd == -1) {
93
       throw Exception::
           {\tt Failed To Create GPIOPolling Thread Exception} \ (
94
           "GPIO: Failed to create epollfd!");
95
96
     if ((fd = open(adcpath.c_str(), O_RDONLY | O_NONBLOCK)) ==
          -1) {
```

```
97
        throw Exception::ADCReadException();
98
99
      ev.events = EPOLLIN;
100
      ev.data.fd = fd;
101
      if (epoll_ctl(epollfd, EPOLL_CTL_ADD, fd, &ev) == -1) {
102
103
        throw Exception::
            FailedToCreateGPIOPollingThreadException(
104
             "ADC: Failed to add control interface!");
105
      }
106
      while (count <= 1) {</pre>
107
108
        i = epoll_wait(epollfd, &ev, 1, -1);
        if (i == -1) {
109
110
           close(fd);
111
          return -1;
        } else {
112
113
           count++;
114
        }
115
      }
116
      close(fd);
      return StringToNumber < int > (Read(adcpath));
117
118 }
119
120
   /*! friendly function to start the threading*/
   void *threadedPollADC(void *value) {
122
      ADC *adc = static_cast < ADC *>(value);
      while (adc->threadRunning) {
124
        adc->callbackFunction(adc->WaitForValueChange());
125
        usleep(200000);
126
      }
    }
127
128 }
```

D.0.6 EC12P Class

```
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5
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
    */
   /*! \class EC12P
9
   Interaction with the sparksfun RGB encoder
10 */
11
12 #pragma once
13
14 #include "eqep.h"
15 #include "GPIO.h"
16 #include "FailedToCreateThreadException.h"
17
18 #include <pthread.h>
19
20 using namespace std;
21
22 namespace Hardware {
23 class EC12P {
24 public:
25
    EC12P();
26
     ~EC12P();
27
     /*! Enumerator indicating the color of the encoder shaft*/
28
29
     enum Color {
30
                /*!< Red*/
       Red,
31
       Pink,
                /*!< Pink*/
       Blue,
32
                /*!< Blue*/
33
       SkyBlue, /*! < SkyBlue*/
                /*!< Green*/
34
       Green,
       Yellow, /*! < Yellow*/
35
       White,
                /*!< White*/
36
                /*!< Off*/
37
       None
     };
38
39
40
     void SetPixelColor(Color value);
41
     Color GetPixelColor() { return PixelColor; };
42
43
     void RainbowLoop(int sleepperiod);
44
     void StopRainbowLoop() { threadRunning = false; };
45
     eQEP Rotary{eQEP2, eQEP::eQEP_Mode_Absolute}; /*!< The
46
        encoder*/
47
     GPIO Button {68};
                                                      /*!< The
        pushbutton*/
48
49 private:
50
     Color PixelColor; /*!< Current shaft color*/</pre>
```

```
51
52
     GPIO R{31}; /*!< Red LED*/</pre>
53
     GPIO B{48}; /*!< Blue LED*/</pre>
54
     GPIO G{51}; /*!< Green LED*/</pre>
55
56
     pthread_t thread;
                         /*!< the thread*/</pre>
     bool threadRunning; /*!< Bool used to stop the thread*/</pre>
57
58
     int sleepperiod;
                        /*!< Sleep period*/
     friend void *colorLoop(void *value);
59
60 };
61 void *colorLoop(void *value);
62 }
   /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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    * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
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    * This software is proprietary and confidential
5
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
7
8 #include "EC12P.h"
10 namespace Hardware {
11
   /*! Constructor*/
   EC12P::EC12P() {
13
     // Init Rotary button
14
     Button.SetDirection(GPIO::Input);
15
     Button.SetEdge(GPIO::Rising);
16
17
     // Init Encoder
18
     Rotary.set_period(10000000L);
19
20
     // Init Encoder color
21
     R.SetDirection(GPIO::Output);
22
     B.SetDirection(GPIO::Output);
23
     G.SetDirection(GPIO::Output);
     SetPixelColor(None);
25
26
     threadRunning = false;
27 }
28
29
   /*! De-constructor*/
30 EC12P::~EC12P() {}
31
32 /*! Set the shaft color
33 \param value as Color enumerator
34 */
35
   void EC12P::SetPixelColor(Color value) {
     switch (value) {
37
     case Hardware::EC12P::Red:
       R.SetValue(GPIO::High);
39
       B.SetValue(GPIO::Low);
40
       G.SetValue(GPIO::Low);
41
       break;
```

```
42
     case Hardware::EC12P::Pink:
43
       R.SetValue(GPIO::High);
44
       B.SetValue(GPIO::High);
45
       G.SetValue(GPIO::Low);
46
       break;
47
     case Hardware::EC12P::Blue:
48
       R.SetValue(GPIO::Low);
49
       B.SetValue(GPIO::High);
50
       G.SetValue(GPIO::Low);
51
       break;
52
     case Hardware::EC12P::SkyBlue:
53
       R. SetValue (GPIO::Low);
       B.SetValue(GPIO::High);
54
       G.SetValue(GPIO::High);
55
56
       break;
57
     case Hardware::EC12P::Green:
58
       R.SetValue(GPIO::Low);
59
       B.SetValue(GPIO::Low);
60
       G.SetValue(GPIO::High);
61
       break;
62
     case Hardware::EC12P::Yellow:
63
       R.SetValue(GPIO::High);
       B.SetValue(GPIO::Low);
64
65
       G.SetValue(GPIO::High);
66
       break:
67
     case Hardware::EC12P::White:
68
       R.SetValue(GPIO::High);
69
       B.SetValue(GPIO::High);
70
       G.SetValue(GPIO::High);
71
       break;
72
     case Hardware::EC12P::None:
73
       R. SetValue (GPIO::Low);
74
       B. SetValue (GPIO::Low);
75
       G.SetValue(GPIO::Low);
76
       break;
77
     }
78
     PixelColor = value;
79
   }
80
  /*! Loops through all the colors except of as a thread */
82 void EC12P::RainbowLoop(int sleepperiod) {
83
     this->sleepperiod = sleepperiod;
84
     this->threadRunning = true;
     if (pthread_create(&thread, NULL, colorLoop, this)) {
86
       throw Exception::FailedToCreateThreadException();
87
     }
88 }
89
90 /*! The thread function that runs trough all the colors*/
  void *colorLoop(void *value) {
92
     int i = 0;
93
     EC12P *ec12p = static_cast < EC12P *>(value);
     EC12P::Color pcolor;
94
95
     while (ec12p->threadRunning) {
96
       pcolor = static_cast < EC12P :: Color > (i);
97
       ec12p -> SetPixelColor(pcolor);
```

D.0.7 eQep Class

```
/*
1
2
  * TI eQEP driver interface API
3
  * Copyright (C) 2013 Nathaniel R. Lewis - http://
      nathanielrlewis.com/
5
6
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      /or modify
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      License
17 * along with this program; if not, write to the Free
      Software
18 * Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.
19 *
20 *
21 * This code is changed by Jelle Spijker (C) 2014.
22 * Introducing polling with threading.
23 *
24 */
25
26 #pragma once
27
28 #include <iostream>
29 #include <stdint.h>
30 #include <string>
31 #include "BBB.h"
32
33 #define eQEPO "/sys/devices/ocp.3/48300000.epwmss/48300180.
34 #define eQEP1 "/sys/devices/ocp.3/48302000.epwmss/48302180.
      eqep"
35 #define eQEP2 "/sys/devices/ocp.3/48304000.epwmss/48304180.
      eqep"
36
37 namespace Hardware {
38 // Class which defines an interface to my eQEP driver
39 class eQEP : public BBB {
40
    // Base path for the eQEP unit
41
     std::string path;
42
```

```
43 public:
44
     // Modes of operation for the eQEP hardware
45
     typedef enum {
46
       // Absolute positioning mode
47
       eQEP_Mode_Absolute = 0,
48
49
       // Relative positioning mode
50
       eQEP_Mode_Relative = 1,
51
52
       // Error flag
53
       eQEP_Mode_Error = 2,
54
     } eQEP_Mode;
55
56
     // Default constructor for the eQEP interface driver
57
     eQEP(std::string _path, eQEP_Mode _mode);
58
59
     // Reset the value of the encoder
60
     void set_position(int32_t position);
61
62
     // Get the position of the encoder, pass poll as true to
        poll the pin, whereas
63
     // passing false reads the immediate value
64
     int32_t get_position(bool _poll = true);
65
66
     // Thread of the poll
     int WaitForPositionChange(CallbackType callback);
67
68
     void WaitForPositionChangeCancel() { this->threadRunning =
         false; }
69
70
     // Set the polling period
71
     void set_period(long long unsigned int period);
72
73
     // Get the polling period of the encoder
74
     uint64_t get_period();
75
     // Set the mode of the eQEP hardware
76
77
     void set_mode(eQEP_Mode mode);
78
79
     // Get the mode of the eQEP hardware
80
     eQEP_Mode get_mode();
81
82 private:
   friend void *threadedPollegep(void *value);
84 };
85
86 void *threadedPolleqep(void *value);
87 }
1
  /*
  * TI eQEP driver interface API
2
4 * Copyright (C) 2013 Nathaniel R. Lewis - http://
      nathanielrlewis.com/
5 *
6 * This program is free software; you can redistribute it and
      /or modify
```

```
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      warranty of
13 * MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See
14 * GNU General Public License for more details.
15 *
16\, * You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public
      License
17 * along with this program; if not, write to the Free
      Software
18 * Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.
19 *
20 * This file is modified by Jelle Spijker 2014
21 * Added polling and threading capabilties
22 *
23 */
24
25 // Pull in our eQEP driver definitions
26 #include "eqep.h"
28 // Language dependencies
29 #include <cstdint>
30 #include <cstdlib>
31 #include <cstdio>
32
33 // POSIX dependencies
34 #include <unistd.h>
35 #include <fcntl.h>
36 #include <poll.h>
37 #include <sys/types.h>
38 #include <sys/stat.h>
39
40 \quad {\tt namespace} \ {\tt Hardware} \ \{
41 // Constructor for eQEP driver interface object
42 eQEP::eQEP(std::string _path, eQEP::eQEP_Mode _mode) : path(
       _path) {
43
     if (_path == eQEP0) {
44
       if (!CapeLoaded("bone_eqep0")) {
45
         Write(SLOTS, "bone_eqep0");
46
47
     } else if (_path == eQEP1) {
48
       if (!CapeLoaded("bone_eqep1")) {
49
         Write(SLOTS, "bone_eqep1");
50
51
     } else if (_path == eQEP2) {
       if (!CapeLoaded("bone_eqep2b")) {
52
53
         Write(SLOTS, "bone_eqep2b");
54
```

```
55
      }
56
57
      // Set the mode of the hardware
58
     this->set_mode(_mode);
59
     // Reset the position
60
61
      this->set_position(0);
62 }
63
   // Set the position of the eQEP hardware
   void eQEP::set_position(int32_t position) {
      // Open the file representing the position
67
      FILE *fp = fopen((this->path + "/position").c_str(), "w");
68
69
      // Check that we opened the file correctly
70
      if (fp == NULL) {
71
        // Error, break out
72
        std::cerr << "[eQEP " << this->path << "] Unable to open
            position for write"
73
                   << std::endl;
74
        return;
75
      }
76
77
      // Write the desired value to the file
78
      fprintf(fp, "%d\n", position);
79
80
     // Commit changes
81
      fclose(fp);
82 }
83
84 // Set the period of the eQEP hardware
   void eQEP::set_period(long long unsigned int period) {
      \ensuremath{//} Open the file representing the position
87
      FILE *fp = fopen((this->path + "/period").c_str(), "w");
88
89
      // Check that we opened the file correctly
90
      if (fp == NULL) {
91
        // Error, break out
        std::cerr << "[eQEP " << this->path << "] Unable to open
92
            period for write"
93
                  << std::endl;
94
        return;
95
96
97
      // Write the desired value to the file
98
      fprintf(fp, "%llu\n", period);
99
100
      // Commit changes
101
      fclose(fp);
102 }
103
104 // Set the mode of the eQEP hardware
105
   void eQEP::set_mode(eQEP::eQEP_Mode _mode) {
      // Open the file representing the position
106
107
      FILE *fp = fopen((this->path + "/mode").c_str(), "w");
108
```

```
109
      // Check that we opened the file correctly
110
      if (fp == NULL) {
111
        // Error, break out
        std::cerr << "[eQEP " << this->path << "] Unable to open
112
             mode for write"
113
                   << std::endl;
114
        return;
115
      }
116
117
      // Write the desired value to the file
      fprintf(fp, "%u\n", _mode);
118
119
120
      // Commit changes
121
      fclose(fp);
122 }
123
124 int eQEP::WaitForPositionChange(CallbackType callback) {
125
      threadRunning = true;
126
      callbackFunction = callback;
127
      if (pthread_create(&this->thread, NULL, &threadedPolleqep,
128
                          static_cast < void *>(this))) {
129
        threadRunning = false;
130
        throw Exception::
            FailedToCreateGPIOPollingThreadException();
131
      }
132
133
      return 0;
134 }
135
136 // Get the position of the hardware
    int32_t eQEP::get_position(bool _poll) {
138
      // Position temporary variable
139
      int32_t position;
140
      char dummy;
141
      struct pollfd ufd;
142
143
      // Do we want to poll?
144
      if (_poll) {
145
        // Open a connection to the attribute file.
146
        if ((ufd.fd = open((this->path + "/position").c_str(),
           O_RDWR)) < 0) {
147
          // Error, break out
          std::cerr << "[eQEP " << this->path
148
149
                     << "] unable to open position for polling"
                         << std::endl;
150
          return 0;
        }
151
152
153
        // Dummy read
154
        read(ufd.fd, &dummy, 1);
155
156
        // Poll the port
157
        ufd.events = (short)EPOLLET;
        if (poll(&ufd, 1, -1) < 0) {</pre>
158
159
          // Error, break out
160
          std::cerr << "[eQEP " << this->path << "] Error
```

```
occurred whilst polling"
                     << std::endl;
161
162
          close(ufd.fd);
163
          return 0;
164
        }
      }
165
166
167
      // Read the position
168
      FILE *fp = fopen((this->path + "/position").c_str(), "r");
169
170
      // Check that we opened the file correctly
171
      if (fp == NULL) {
172
        // Error, break out
        std::cerr << "[eQEP " << this->path << "] Unable to open
173
             position for read"
174
                   << std::endl;
175
        close(ufd.fd);
176
        return 0;
177
      }
178
179
      // Write the desired value to the file
      fscanf(fp, "%d", &position);
180
181
182
      // Commit changes
183
      fclose(fp);
184
185
      // If we were polling, close the polling file
      if (_poll) {
186
187
        close(ufd.fd);
188
189
190
      // Return the position
191
      return position;
192 }
193
   // Get the period of the eQEP hardware
    uint64_t eQEP::get_period() {
196
      // Open the file representing the position
197
      FILE *fp = fopen((this->path + "/period").c_str(), "r");
198
199
      // Check that we opened the file correctly
200
      if (fp == NULL) {
201
        // Error, break out
202
        std::cerr << "[eQEP " << this->path << "] Unable to open
             period for read"
203
                   << std::endl;
204
        return 0;
205
206
207
      // Write the desired value to the file
208
      uint64_t period = 0;
209
      fscanf(fp, "%llu", &period);
210
211
      // Commit changes
212
      fclose(fp);
213
```

```
// Return the period
215
     return period;
216 }
217
218 // Get the mode of the eQEP hardware
219 eQEP::eQEP_Mode eQEP::get_mode() {
      // Open the file representing the position
220
221
      FILE *fp = fopen((this->path + "/mode").c_str(), "r");
222
223
      // Check that we opened the file correctly
224
      if (fp == NULL) {
225
        // Error, break out
        std::cerr << "[eQEP " << this->path << "] Unable to open
226
            mode for read"
227
                   << std::endl;
228
        return eQEP::eQEP_Mode_Error;
229
230
231
      // Write the desired value to the file
232
      eQEP::eQEP_Mode mode;
      fscanf(fp, "%u", (unsigned int *)&mode);
233
234
      // Commit changes
235
236
      fclose(fp);
237
238
      // Return the mode
239
      return mode;
240 }
241
242 void *threadedPolleqep(void *value) {
243
      eQEP *eqep = static_cast<eQEP *>(value);
244
      while (eqep->threadRunning) {
245
        eqep -> callbackFunction(eqep -> get_position(true));
246
        usleep(eqep->debounceTime * 1000);
247
      }
248
      return 0;
249 }
250 }
```

D.0.8 SoilCape Class

```
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       Jelle Spijker)
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    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
7
8 #pragma once
10 #include "EC12P.h"
11 #include "GPIO.h"
12 #include "PWM.h"
13 #include "ADC.h"
14
15 namespace Hardware {
  class SoilCape {
17
  public:
18
    EC12P RGBEncoder;
19
   PWM MicroscopeLEDs{PWM::P9_14};
20
   ADC MicroscopeLDR{ADC::ADCO};
21
22
     SoilCape();
23
     ~SoilCape();
24 };
25 }
1
  /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
2
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       strictly prohibited
3
    * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
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6
    */
7
8 #include "SoilCape.h"
10
  namespace Hardware {
11
   SoilCape::SoilCape() {}
12
13 SoilCape::~SoilCape() {}
14 }
```

D.0.9 USB Class

```
/* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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5
6
7
8 #pragma once
10 #include <stdio.h>
11 #include <unistd.h>
12 #include <fcntl.h>
13 #include <errno.h>
14 #include <sys/ioctl.h>
15
16 #include ux/usbdevice_fs.h>
17
18 namespace Hardware {
19 class USB {
20 public:
21
    USB();
     ~USB();
22
23
    void ResetUSB();
24 };
25 }
  /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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       strictly prohibited
    * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
3
       Jelle Spijker)
4
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5
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
    */
7
  #include "USB.h"
8
10 namespace Hardware {
11 USB::USB() {}
12
13 USB::~USB() {}
14
15 void USB::ResetUSB() {
16
     int fd, rc;
17
     fd = open("/dev/bus/usb/001/002", O_WRONLY);
18
     rc = ioctl(fd, USBDEVFS_RESET, 0);
19
20
     if (rc < 0) {</pre>
21
       throw - 1;
22
     }
23
     close(fd);
24 }
```

25 }

D.0.10 General project files

```
1 #-----
2
3
  # Project created by QtCreator 2015-06-06T10:49:23
4 #
5 #-----
6
7
   QΤ
           -= core gui
8
9 TARGET = SoilHardware
10 TEMPLATE = lib
11 \quad VERSION = 0.9.1
12
13 DEFINES += SOILHARDWARE_LIBRARY
14 QMAKE_CXXFLAGS += -std=c++11 -pthread
15 unix:!macx: QMAKE_RPATHDIR += $$PWD/../../build/install/
16
17 SOURCES += \
18
      USB.cpp \
19
       SoilCape.cpp \
20
      PWM.cpp \
21
      Microscope.cpp \
22
      GPIO.cpp \
       eqep.cpp \
23
24
       EC12P.cpp \
25
       BBB.cpp \
26
       ADC.cpp
27
28 HEADERS += \
29
       ValueOutOfBoundsException.h \
30
      USB.h \
31
      SoilCape.h \
32
      PWM.h \
33
      MicroscopeNotFoundException.h \
34
      Microscope.h \
35
      Hardware.h \
36
      GPIOReadException.h \
37
      GPIO.h \
38
      FailedToCreateThreadException.h \
39
      FailedToCreateGPIOPollingThreadException.h \
40
       eqep.h \
41
       EC12P.h \
42
       CouldNotGrabImageException.h \
43
       BBB.h \
44
       ADCReadException.h \
45
      ADC.h
46
47 #opencv
48 LIBS += -L/usr/local/lib -lopencv_core -lopencv_highgui -
      lopencv_photo -lopencv_imgcodecs -lopencv_videoio
49 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/local/include/opencv
50 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/local/include
51
52 #boost
53 DEFINES += BOOST_ALL_DYN_LINK
```

```
54 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/include/boost
  LIBS += -L/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ -lboost_filesystem -
      lboost_system
56
57
  unix {
58
       target.path = $PWD/../../build/install
59
       INSTALLS += target
60 }
  /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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       strictly prohibited
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    * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
   * This software is proprietary and confidential
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  #pragma once
10 #include "ADC.h"
11
  #include "EC12P.h"
12 #include "eqep.h"
13 #include "GPIO.h"
14 #include "PWM.h"
15 #include "SoilCape.h"
16 #include "Microscope.h"
17 #include "CouldNotGrabImageException.h"
18 #include "ADCReadException.h"
19 #include "FailedToCreateGPIOPollingThreadException.h"
20 #include "FailedToCreateThreadException.h"
21 #include "GPIOReadException.h"
22 #include "MicroscopeNotFoundException.h"
23 #include "ValueOutOfBoundsException.h"
  /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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       strictly prohibited
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    * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
    * This software is proprietary and confidential
5
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
   */
  #pragma once
10 #include <exception>
11
   #include <string>
12
13
  using namespace std;
14
15 namespace Hardware {
16 namespace Exception {
17 class ValueOutOfBoundsException : public std::exception {
18 public:
```

```
19
     ValueOutOfBoundsException(string m = "Value out of bounds!
        ") : msg(m){};
20
     ~ValueOutOfBoundsException() _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT{};
     const char *what() const _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT { return
21
        msg.c_str(); };
22
23 private:
24
     string msg;
25 };
26 }
27 }
   /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
    * Unauthorized copying of this file, via any medium is
       strictly prohibited
3
    * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
4
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5
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
    */
7
8 #pragma once
9 #include <exception>
10 #include <string>
11
12 using namespace std;
13
14 namespace Hardware {
15 namespace Exception {
16 class ADCReadException : public std::exception {
17
  public:
18
     ADCReadException(string m = "Can't read ADC data!") : msg(
     ~ADCReadException() _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT{};
19
     const char *what() const _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT { return
20
        msg.c_str(); };
21
22 private:
23
     string msg;
24 };
25 }
26 }
  /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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       strictly prohibited
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    st and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
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4
5
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
    */
7
8 #pragma once
10 #include <exception>
11 #include <string>
```

```
13
  using namespace std;
14
15 namespace Hardware {
16 namespace Exception {
17
   class FailedToCreateGPIOPollingThreadException : public std
      ::exception {
18
   public:
19
     FailedToCreateGPIOPollingThreadException(
20
         string m = "Failed to create GPIO polling thread!")
         : msg(m){};
21
22
     ~FailedToCreateGPIOPollingThreadException()
        _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT{};
23
     const char *what() const _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT { return
        msg.c_str(); };
24
25
  private:
26
   string msg;
27 };
28 }
29 }
  /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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       strictly prohibited
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    st and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
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5
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
   */
7
8 #pragma once
10 #include <exception>
  #include <string>
12
13 using namespace std;
14
15 namespace Hardware {
16 namespace Exception {
17
   class FailedToCreateThreadException : public std::exception
      {
   public:
     FailedToCreateThreadException(string m = "Couldn't create
        the thread!")
20
         : msg(m){};
     ~FailedToCreateThreadException() _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT{};
22
     const char *what() const _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT { return
        msg.c_str(); };
23
24 private:
25
     string msg;
26 };
27 }
28 }
```

```
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    * This software is proprietary and confidential
4
5
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
    */
6
7 #define EXCEPTION_OPENCAM "Exception could not open cam!"
8 #define EXCEPTION_OPENCAM_NR O
9 #define EXCEPTION_NOCAMS "Exception no cam available!"
10 #define EXCEPTION_NOCAMS_NR 1
11 #define EXCEPTION_QUERY "Exception could not query device!"
12 #define EXCEPTION_QUERY_NR 3
13 #define EXCEPTION_FORMAT_RESOLUTION "Exception No supported
      formats and resolutions!"
14 #define EXCEPTION_FORMAT_RESOLUTION_NR 4
15 #define EXCEPTION_CTRL_NOT_FOUND "Control not found!"
16 #define EXCEPTION_CTRL_NOT_FOUND_NR 5
17 #define EXCEPTION_CTRL_VALUE "Control value not set!"
18 #define EXCEPTION_CTRL_VALUE_NR 5
19
20
21 #pragma once
22 #include <exception>
23 #include <string>
24
25 using namespace std;
26
27 namespace Hardware {
28 namespace Exception {
29 class MicroscopeException : public std::exception {
30 public:
31
     MicroscopeException(string m = EXCEPTION_OPENCAM,
32
                          int n = EXCEPTION_OPENCAM_NR) : msg{m
                             }, nr{n} { }
33
     ~MicroscopeException() _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT {}
     const char *what() const _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT { return
34
        msg.c_str(); }
     const int *id() const _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT { return &nr;
35
        }
36
37
  private:
38
     string msg;
39
     int nr;
40 };
41 }
42 }
  /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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       strictly prohibited
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       Jelle Spijker)
```

* This software is proprietary and confidential

```
5
   * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
   */
7
8
  #pragma once
9 #include <exception>
10 #include <string>
11
12
  using namespace std;
13
14 namespace Hardware {
15 namespace Exception {
  class CouldNotGrabImageException : public std::exception {
17
   public:
18
     CouldNotGrabImageException(string m = "Unable to grab the
        next image!")
19
         : msg(m){};
20
     ~CouldNotGrabImageException() _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT{};
     const char *what() const _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT { return
21
        msg.c_str(); };
22
23
  private:
24
     string msg;
25 };
26 }
27
  }
  /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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6
    */
7
8 #pragma once
9
10 #include <exception>
11
  #include <string>
12
13
  using namespace std;
14
15
  namespace Hardware {
  namespace Exception {
17
   class GPIOReadException : public std::exception {
   public:
     GPIOReadException(string m = "Can't read GPIO data!") :
19
        msg(m){};
     ~GPIOReadException() _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT{};
20
     const char *what() const _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT { return
21
        msg.c_str(); };
22
23 private:
     string msg;
25 };
26 }
```

27 }

```
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    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
    */
8 #pragma once
9
10 #include <exception>
11 #include <string>
12
13 using namespace std;
14
15 namespace Hardware {
16 namespace Exception {
17 class GPIOReadException : public std::exception {
18 public:
     GPIOReadException(string m = "Can't read GPIO data!") :
19
        msg(m){};
     ~GPIOReadException() _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT{};
20
21
     const char *what() const _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT { return
        msg.c_str(); };
22
23 private:
24
    string msg;
25 };
26 }
27 }
```



E.O.1 Image processing Class

```
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6
8 #pragma once
9 /*! Current class version*/
10 #define IMAGEPROCESSING_VERSION 1
11
12 /*! MACRO which sets the original pointer to the original
      image or a clone of
    * the earlier processed image */
14 #define CHAIN_PROCESS(chain, 0, type)
     if (chain) {
15
16
       TempImg = ProcessedImg.clone();
       0 = (type *)TempImg.data;
17
     } else {
18
       0 = (type *)OriginalImg.data;
19
20
     }
```

```
21 /*! MACRO which trows an EmtpyImageException if the matrix
      is empty*/
22 #define EMPTY_CHECK(img)
                                                               \
23
     if (img.empty()) {
24
       throw Exception::EmtpyImageException();
25
     }
26
27 #include <opencv2/core.hpp>
28 #include <opencv2/highgui.hpp>
29 #include <opencv2/imgproc.hpp>
30
31 #include <stdint.h>
32 #include <cmath>
33 #include <vector>
34 #include <string>
35
36 #include <boost/signals2.hpp>
37 #include <boost/bind.hpp>
38
39 #include "EmptyImageException.h"
40 #include "WrongKernelSizeException.h"
41 #include "ChannelMismatchException.h"
42 #include "PixelValueOutOfBoundException.h"
43 #include "VisionDebug.h"
44
45 using namespace cv;
46
47 namespace Vision {
48 class ImageProcessing {
49 public:
50
     typedef boost::signals2::signal<void(float, std::string)>
        Progress_t;
51
     boost::signals2::connection
52
     connect_Progress(const Progress_t::slot_type &subscriber);
53
54 protected:
     uchar *GetNRow(int nData, int hKsize, int nCols, uint32_t
55
        totalRows);
56
     Mat TempImg;
57
58
     Progress_t prog_sig;
59
60 public:
61
     ImageProcessing();
62
     ~ImageProcessing();
63
     Mat OriginalImg;
64
     Mat ProcessedImg;
65
     static void getOrientented(Mat &BW, cv::Point_<double> &
66
        centroid,
67
                                 double &theta, double &
                                     eccentricty);
```

```
68
      static void RotateImg(Mat &src, Mat &dst, double &theta,
         cv::Point_<double> &Centroid, Rect &ROI);
69
70
      double currentProg = 0.;
71
      double ProgStep = 0.;
72
73
      static std::vector<Mat> extractChannel(const Mat &src);
74
75
      /*! Copy a matrix to a new matrix with a LUT mask
76
      \param src the source image
77
      \param *LUT type T with a LUT to filter out unwanted pixel
78
      \param cvType an in where you can pas CV_UC8C1 etc.
79
      \return The new matrix
80
81
      template <typename T1, typename T2>
82
      static Mat CopyMat(const Mat &src, T1 *LUT, int cvType) {
83
        Mat dst(src.size(), cvType);
84
        uint32_t nData = src.rows * src.cols * dst.step[1];
85
        if (cvType == 0 || cvType == 8 || cvType == 16 || cvType
             == 24) {
          for (uint32_t i = 0; i < nData; i += dst.step[1]) {</pre>
86
87
            dst.data[i] =
88
                 static_cast < uint8_t > (LUT[*(T2 *)(src.data + (i *
                     src.step[1]))]);
89
90
        } else if (cvType == 1 || cvType == 9 || cvType == 17 ||
             cvType == 25) {
          for (uint32_t i = 0; i < nData; i += src.step[1]) {</pre>
91
92
            dst.data[i] =
93
                 static_cast < int8_t > (LUT[*(T2 *)(src.data + (i *
                    src.step[1]))]);
94
          }
95
        } else if (cvType == 2 || cvType == 10 || cvType == 18
            | | cvType == 26) {
96
          for (uint32_t i = 0; i < nData; i += src.step[1]) {</pre>
97
            dst.data[i] =
98
                 static_cast < uint16_t > (LUT[*(T2 *)(src.data + (i
                    * src.step[1]))]);
99
100
        } else if (cvType == 3 || cvType == 11 || cvType == 19
            | | cvType == 27) {
101
          for (uint32_t i = 0; i < nData; i += src.step[1]) {</pre>
102
            dst.data[i] =
103
                 static_cast<int16_t>(LUT[*(T2 *)(src.data + (i *
                     src.step[1]))]);
104
105
        } else if (cvType == 4 || cvType == 12 || cvType == 20
            | | cvType == 28 ) {
106
          for (uint32_t i = 0; i < nData; i += src.step[1]) {</pre>
107
            dst.data[i] =
108
                 static_cast < int32_t > (LUT[*(T2 *)(src.data + (i *
                     src.step[1]))]);
109
          }
110
        }
111
        return dst;
```

```
112
      }
113
114
      /*! Copy a matrix to a new matrix with a mask
115
      \param src the source image
116
      \param *LUT type T with a LUT to filter out unwanted pixel
           values
117
      \param cvType an in where you can pas CV_UC8C1 etc.
118
      \return The new matrix
119
120
      template <typename T1>
121
      static Mat CopyMat(const Mat &src, const Mat &mask, int
          cvType) {
        if (src.size != mask.size) {
122
123
          throw Exception::WrongKernelSizeException(
124
               "Mask not the same size as src Exception!");
125
        }
126
        if (mask.channels() != 1) {
127
          throw Exception::WrongKernelSizeException(
128
               "Mask has more then 1 channel Exception!");
129
        }
130
        Mat dst(src.size(), cvType);
131
        vector < Mat > exSrc = Vision::ImageProcessing::
132
            extractChannel(src);
133
        vector < Mat > exDst;
134
135
        int cvBaseType = cvType % 8;
136
        for_each(exSrc.begin(), exSrc.end(), [&](const Mat &
            sItem) {
137
          Mat dItem(src.size(), cvBaseType);
          std::transform(sItem.begin<T1>(), sItem.end<T1>(),
138
              mask.begin<T1>(),
139
                          dItem.begin<T1>(),
140
                           [](const T1 &s, const T1 &m) -> T1 {
                              return s * m; });
141
          exDst.push_back(dItem);
142
        });
143
144
        merge(exDst, dst);
145
146
        return dst;
      }
147
148
149
      static cv::Mat WhiteBackground(const cv::Mat &src) {
150
        cv::Mat dst;
151
        cv::floodFill(src, dst, cv::Point(0, 0), cv::Scalar(255,
             255, 255));
152
        return dst;
153
      }
154
155
      template <typename T1>
156
      static void ShowDebugImg(cv::Mat img, T1 maxVal, std::
          string windowName,
157
                                 bool scale = true) {
158
        if (img.rows > 0 && img.cols > 0) {
159
          cv::Mat tempImg(img.size(), img.type());
```

```
160
           if (scale == true) {
161
             std::vector<cv::Mat> exSrc = extractChannel(img);
162
             std::vector < cv::Mat > exDst;
163
             int cvBaseType = img.type() % 8;
164
             T1 MatMin = std::numeric_limits<T1>::max();
165
             T1 MatMax = std::numeric_limits<T1>::min();
166
167
             // Find the global max and min
168
             for_each(exSrc.begin(), exSrc.end(), [&](const Mat &
                sItem) {
               std::for_each(sItem.begin<T1>(), sItem.end<T1>(),
169
                   [&](const T1 &s) {
                 if (s > MatMax) {
170
171
                   MatMax = s;
172
                 } else if (s < MatMin) {</pre>
                   MatMin = s;
173
174
175
               });
176
             });
177
178
             int Range = MatMax - MatMin;
179
             if (Range < 1)</pre>
180
               Range = maxVal;
181
182
             // Convert the values
183
             for_each(exSrc.begin(), exSrc.end(), [&](const cv::
                Mat &sItem) {
184
               Mat dItem(img.size(), cvBaseType);
185
               std::transform(sItem.begin<T1>(), sItem.end<T1>(),
                   dItem.begin<T1>(),
                               [&](const T1 &s) -> T1 {
186
187
                                 return (T1)round(((s - MatMin) *
                                     maxVal) / Range);
188
                               });
189
               exDst.push_back(dItem);
190
             });
191
192
            merge(exDst, tempImg);
193
           } else {
             tempImg = img;
194
195
           }
196
           cv::namedWindow(windowName, cv::WINDOW_NORMAL);
197
           cv::imshow(windowName, tempImg);
198
           cv::waitKey(0);
199
           cv::destroyWindow(windowName);
200
201
      };
202 };
203
   }
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```

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```
* Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
7
  /*! \class ImageProcessing
8
9 \brief Core class of all the image classes
10 Core class of all the image classes with a few commonly
      shared functions and
11 variables
12
13 #include "ImageProcessing.h"
15 namespace Vision {
16 /*! Constructor of the core class*/
17 ImageProcessing::ImageProcessing() {}
19 /*! De-constructor of the core class*/
20 ImageProcessing::~ImageProcessing() {}
21
22 /*! Create a LUT indicating which iteration variable i is
      the end of an row
23 \param nData an int indicating total pixels
24 \param hKsize int half the size of the kernel, if any. which
       acts as an offset
25 from the border pixels
26 \param nCols int number of columns in a row
27 \return array of uchars where a zero is a middle column and
      a 1 indicates an end
28 of an row minus the offset from half the kernel size
30 uchar *ImageProcessing::GetNRow(int nData, int hKsize, int
      nCols,
31
                                    uint32_t totalRows) {
32
     // Create LUT to determine when there is an new row
33
    uchar *nRow = new uchar[nData + 1]{};
34
     // int i = 0;
     int shift = nCols - hKsize - 1;
35
     for (uint32_t i = 0; i < totalRows; i++) {</pre>
36
37
       nRow[(i * nCols) + shift] = 1;
38
     }
39
     return nRow;
40 }
41
42 std::vector<Mat> ImageProcessing::extractChannel(const Mat &
      src) {
43
     vector < Mat > chans;
44
     split(src, chans);
45
     return chans;
46 }
47
48
  void ImageProcessing::getOrientented(cv::Mat &BW, cv::Point_
      <double > &centroid,
49
                                         double &theta, double &
                                             eccentricty) {
50
     cv::Moments Mu = cv::moments(BW, true);
51
52
     centroid.x = Mu.m10 / Mu.m00;
```

```
53
      centroid.y = Mu.m01 / Mu.m00;
54
55
      theta = 0;
      double muPrime20 = (Mu.m20 / Mu.m00) - pow(centroid.x, 2);
56
57
      double muPrime02 = (Mu.m02 / Mu.m00) - pow(centroid.y, 2);
58
      double diffmuprime2 = muPrime20 - muPrime02;
      double muPrime11 = (Mu.m11 / Mu.m00) - (centroid.x *
59
         centroid.y);
60
61
      if (diffmuprime2 != 0) {
62
        theta = 0.5 * atan((2 * muPrime11) / diffmuprime2);
63
64
65
      double term1 = (muPrime20 + muPrime02) /2;
      double term2 = sqrt(4 * pow(muPrime11, 2) + pow(
66
         diffmuprime2, 2)) / 2;
67
      eccentricty = sqrt(1-(term1 - term2)/ (term1 + term2));
68 }
69
   void ImageProcessing::RotateImg(Mat &src, Mat &dst, double &
       theta,
71
                                      cv::Point_<double> &Centroid
                                         , cv::Rect &ROI) {
72
      cv::Mat temp;
73
      temp.setTo(0);
74
      double alpha = cos(theta);
75
      double beta = sin(theta);
      double cx = src.cols / 2;
77
      double cy = src.rows / 2;
      double dx = cx - Centroid.x;
78
79
      double dy = cy - Centroid.y;
80
      double rotData[2][3]{{alpha, beta, alpha * dx + beta * dy
         + Centroid.x},
81
                            {-beta, alpha, alpha * dy + beta * dx
                                 + Centroid.y}};
82
      cv::Mat totalrot(2, 3, CV_64FC1, rotData);
83
84
      cv::warpAffine(src, temp, totalrot, cv::Size(src.rows *
         2.5, src.cols * 2.5),
85
                      INTER_LINEAR);
86
      // determine the actual ROI
87
      cv::Point minP(0, 0);
88
      if (src.channels() == 1) {
89
        uchar *0 = temp.data;
90
        uint32_t nData = temp.rows * temp.cols;
91
        minP.x = temp.rows;
92
        minP.y = temp.cols;
93
        cv::Point maxP(0, 0);
94
        int X, Y;
95
        for (uint32_t i = 0; i < nData; i++) {</pre>
96
          if (0[i] != 0) {
97
            Y = floor(i / temp.cols);
98
            X = (i \% temp.cols);
            if (X < minP.x) {</pre>
99
100
              minP.x = X;
            }
101
```

```
102
             if (Y < minP.y) {</pre>
103
               minP.y = Y;
104
105
             if (X > maxP.x) {
106
               maxP.x = X;
107
             }
108
             if (Y > maxP.y) {
               maxP.y = Y;
109
110
111
          }
112
        }
113
        ROI = cv::Rect(minP, maxP);
114
115
116
      if (src.channels() > 1) {
117
        Centroid.x -= cx;
118
        Centroid.y -= cy;
119
120
        double xnew = Centroid.x * alpha - Centroid.y * beta;
121
        double ynew = Centroid.x * beta - Centroid.y * alpha;
122
123
        Centroid.x = xnew + cx + minP.x;
124
        Centroid.y = ynew + cy + minP.y;
125
      }
126
      dst = temp(ROI).clone();
127 }
128
129 boost::signals2::connection
    ImageProcessing::connect_Progress(const Progress_t::
       slot_type &subscriber) {
131
      return prog_sig.connect(subscriber);
132 }
133 }
```

E.O.2 Conversion Class

```
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    */
6
  #pragma once
9
   #include "ImageProcessing.h"
10 #include "ConversionNotSupportedException.h"
11
12 namespace Vision {
13 class Conversion : public ImageProcessing {
   public:
     /*! Enumerator which indicates the colorspace used*/
15
16
     enum ColorSpace {
       CIE_lab, /*!< CIE La*b* colorspace */</pre>
17
                   /*!< CIE XYZ colorspace */</pre>
18
       CIE_XYZ,
19
       RI,
                   /*!< Redness Index colorspace */</pre>
20
                   /*!< RGB colorspace */</pre>
       RGB,
21
       Intensity, /*!< Grayscale colorspace */</pre>
22
       None
                   /*!< none */
23
     };
24
     ColorSpace OriginalColorSpace; /*!< The original</pre>
         colorspace*/
25
     ColorSpace ProcessedColorSpace; /*!< The destination</pre>
         colorspace*/
26
27
     Conversion();
28
     Conversion(const Mat &src);
29
     Conversion(const Conversion &rhs);
30
31
     ~Conversion();
32
33
     Conversion & operator = (Conversion rhs);
34
35
     void Convert(ColorSpace convertFrom, ColorSpace convertTo,
36
                   bool chain = false);
37
     void Convert(const Mat &src, Mat &dst, ColorSpace
         convertFrom,
38
                   ColorSpace convertTo, bool chain = false);
39
40
   private:
41
     /*!< Conversion matrix used in the conversion between RGB
         and CIE XYZ*/
42
     float XYZmat[3][3] = {{0.412453, 0.357580, 0.180423},
43
                             \{0.212671, 0.715160, 0.072169\},\
44
                             \{0.019334, 0.119194, 0.950227\}\};
45
46
     float whitePoint[3] = {
47
         0.9504, 1.0000, 1.0889}; /*!< Natural whitepoint in
             XYZ colorspace D65
```

```
48
                                      according to Matlab */
49
     // float whitePoint[3] = { 0.9642, 1.0000, 0.8251 }; /*!<
        Natural whitepoint
50
     // in XYZ colorspace D50 according to Matlab */
51
52
     void Lab2RI(float *0, float *P, int nData);
     void RGB2XYZ(uchar *0, float *P, int nData);
53
54
     void XYZ2Lab(float *0, float *P, int nData);
55
     void RGB2Intensity(uchar *0, uchar *P, int nData);
56
     inline float f_xyz2lab(float t);
57 };
58 }
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6
    * /
7
  /*! \class Conversion
   class which converts a cv::Mat image from one colorspace to
      the next colorspace
10 */
11 #include "Conversion.h"
12 namespace Vision {
13 /*! Constructor of the class
14 Conversion::Conversion() {
    OriginalColorSpace = None;
16
     ProcessedColorSpace = None;
17 }
18
19
   /*! Constructor of the class
20 \param src a cv::Mat object which is the source image
21 */
22 Conversion::Conversion(const Mat &src) {
     OriginalColorSpace = None;
24
     ProcessedColorSpace = None;
25
     OriginalImg = src;
26 }
27
28 /*! Copy constructor*/
29 Conversion::Conversion(const Conversion &rhs) {
     this->OriginalColorSpace = rhs.OriginalColorSpace;
     this->OriginalImg = rhs.OriginalImg;
31
32
     this->ProcessedColorSpace = rhs.ProcessedColorSpace;
33
     this->ProcessedImg = rhs.ProcessedImg;
34
     this->TempImg = rhs.TempImg;
35 }
36
37 /*! De-constructor of the class*/
38 Conversion:: Conversion() {}
39
40 /*! Assignment operator*/
```

```
Conversion &Conversion::operator=(Conversion rhs) {
42
     if (&rhs != this) {
43
       this->OriginalColorSpace = rhs.OriginalColorSpace;
44
       this->OriginalImg = rhs.OriginalImg;
45
       this->ProcessedColorSpace = rhs.ProcessedColorSpace;
46
       this->ProcessedImg = rhs.ProcessedImg;
47
       this->TempImg = rhs.TempImg;
48
49
     return *this;
50 }
51
52 /*! Convert the source image from one colorspace to a
      destination colorspace
53 - RGB 2 Intensity
54 - RGB 2 XYZ
55 - RGB 2 Lab
56 - RGB 2 Redness Index
57 - XYZ 2 Lab
58 - XYZ 2 Redness Index
59 - Lab 2 Redness Index
60 \param src a cv::Mat object which is the source image
61 \param dst a cv::Mat object which is the destination image
62 \param convertFrom the starting colorspace
  \param convertTo the destination colorspace
  \param chain use the results from the previous operation
      default value = false;
65
  */
  void Conversion::Convert(const Mat &src, Mat &dst,
66
      ColorSpace convertFrom,
67
                             ColorSpace convertTo, bool chain) {
68
     OriginalImg = src;
69
     Convert(convertFrom, convertTo, chain);
70
     dst = ProcessedImg;
71 }
72
   /*! Convert the source image from one colorspace to a
      destination colorspace
74 posibilities are:
   - RGB 2 Intensity
76 - RGB 2 XYZ
77 - RGB 2 Lab
78 - RGB 2 Redness Index
79 - XYZ 2 Lab
80 - XYZ 2 Redness Index
  - Lab 2 Redness Index
81
   \param convertFrom the starting colorspace
   \param convertTo the destination colorspace
  \param chain use the results from the previous operation
      default value = false;
85
  */
  void Conversion::Convert(ColorSpace convertFrom, ColorSpace
      convertTo,
87
                             bool chain) {
88
     OriginalColorSpace = convertFrom;
89
     ProcessedColorSpace = convertTo;
90
```

```
91
      // Exception handling
92
      EMPTY_CHECK(OriginalImg);
93
      currentProg = 0.;
94
      prog_sig(currentProg, "Converting colorspace");
95
96
      int nData = OriginalImg.rows * OriginalImg.cols;
      // uint32_t i, j;
97
98
99
      if (convertFrom == RGB && convertTo == Intensity) // RGB 2
          Intensity
100
      {
101
        ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_8UC1);
102
        uchar *P = ProcessedImg.data;
103
        uchar *0;
104
        CHAIN_PROCESS(chain, 0, uchar);
105
106
        prog_sig(currentProg, "RGB 2 Intensity conversion");
107
        RGB2Intensity(O, P, nData);
108
        currentProg += ProgStep;
109
        prog_sig(currentProg, "RGB 2 Intensity conversion
           Finished");
110
      } else if (convertFrom == RGB && convertTo == CIE_XYZ) //
         RGB 2 XYZ
111
112
        ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_32FC3);
113
        float *P = (float *)ProcessedImg.data;
114
        uchar *0;
115
        CHAIN_PROCESS(chain, 0, uchar);
116
117
        prog_sig(currentProg, "RGB 2 CIE XYZ conversion");
        RGB2XYZ(O, P, nData);
118
119
        currentProg += ProgStep;
120
        prog_sig(currentProg, "RGB 2 CIE XYZ conversion Finished
121
      } else if (convertFrom == RGB && convertTo == CIE_lab) //
         RGB 2 Lab
122
      {
123
        ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_32FC3);
124
        float *P = (float *)ProcessedImg.data;
125
        uchar *0;
126
        CHAIN_PROCESS(chain, 0, uchar);
127
128
        prog_sig(currentProg, "RGB 2 CIE XYZ conversion");
129
        RGB2XYZ(O, P, nData);
130
        currentProg += ProgStep;
131
        prog_sig(currentProg, "RGB 2 CIE XYZ conversion Finished
        Convert(CIE_XYZ, CIE_lab, true);
132
133
      } else if (convertFrom == RGB && convertTo == RI) // RGB 2
134
135
        ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_32FC3);
136
        float *P = (float *)ProcessedImg.data;
137
        uchar *0;
138
        CHAIN_PROCESS(chain, 0, uchar);
139
```

```
140
        prog_sig(currentProg, "RGB 2 CIE XYZ conversion");
141
        RGB2XYZ(O, P, nData);
142
        currentProg += ProgStep;
143
        prog_sig(currentProg, "RGB 2 CIE XYZ conversion Finished
            ");
144
        Convert(CIE_XYZ, CIE_lab, true);
        Convert(CIE_lab, RI, true);
145
146
      } else if (convertFrom == CIE_XYZ && convertTo == CIE_lab)
          // XYZ 2 Lab
147
148
        ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_32FC3);
149
        float *P = (float *)ProcessedImg.data;
150
        float *0;
151
        CHAIN_PROCESS(chain, 0, float);
152
        prog_sig(currentProg, "CIE XYZ 2 CIE La*b* conversion");
153
154
        XYZ2Lab(O, P, nData);
155
        currentProg += ProgStep;
156
        prog_sig(currentProg, "CIE XYZ 2 CIE La*b* conversion
           Finished");
157
      } else if (convertFrom == CIE_XYZ && convertTo == RI) //
         XYZ 2 RI
158
159
        ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_32FC3);
160
        float *P = (float *)ProcessedImg.data;
161
        float *0;
        CHAIN_PROCESS(chain, 0, float);
162
163
164
        prog_sig(currentProg, "CIE XYZ 2 CIE La*b* conversion");
165
        XYZ2Lab(O, P, nData);
166
        currentProg += ProgStep;
167
        prog_sig(currentProg, "CIE XYZ 2 CIE La*b* conversion
            Finished");
168
        Convert(CIE_lab, RI, true);
169
      } else if (convertFrom == CIE_lab && convertTo == RI) //
         Lab 2 RI
170
      {
171
        ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_32FC1);
172
        float *P = (float *)ProcessedImg.data;
173
        float *0;
174
        CHAIN_PROCESS(chain, 0, float);
175
176
        prog_sig(currentProg, "CIE La*b* 2 Redness Index
           conversion");
        Lab2RI(0, P, nData * 3);
177
178
        currentProg += ProgStep;
179
        prog_sig(currentProg, "CIE La*b* 2 Redness Index
            conversion Finsihed");
180
      } else {
181
        throw Exception::ConversionNotSupportedException();
182
183
   }
184
185
    /*! Conversion from RGB to Intensity
    \param O a uchar pointer to the source image
    \param P a uchar pointer to the destination image
```

```
188 \param nData an int indicating the total number of pixels
189
190 void Conversion::RGB2Intensity(uchar *0, uchar *P, int nData
       ) {
191
      uint32_t i;
      int j;
192
193
      i = 0;
194
      j = 0;
195
      while (j < nData) {</pre>
196
        P[j++] = (*(0 + i + 2) * 0.2126 + *(0 + i + 1) * 0.7152
197
                   *(0 + i) * 0.0722); // Grey value
198
        i += 3;
      }
199
200 }
201
202 /*! Conversion from RGB to CIE XYZ
203 \param O a uchar pointer to the source image
204 \param P a uchar pointer to the destination image
205 \param nData an int indicating the total number of pixels
206 */
207 void Conversion::RGB2XYZ(uchar *0, float *P, int nData) {
208
      uint32_t endData = nData * OriginalImg.step.buf[1];
209
      float R, G, B;
210
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < endData; i += OriginalImg.step.</pre>
         buf[1]) {
        R = static\_cast < float > (*(0 + i + 2) / 255.0f);
211
        B = static_cast < float > (*(0 + i + 1) / 255.0f);
212
213
        G = static_cast < float > (*(0 + i) / 255.0f);
214
        P[i] = (XYZmat[0][0] * R) + (XYZmat[0][1] * B) + (XYZmat[0][1] * B)
            [0][2] * G); // X
215
        P[i + 1] = (XYZmat[1][0] * R) + (XYZmat[1][1] * B) + (
            XYZmat[1][2] * G); // Y
        P[i + 2] = (XYZmat[2][0] * R) + (XYZmat[2][1] * B) + (
216
            XYZmat[2][2] * G); // Z
217
      }
218
    }
219
220 /*! Conversion from CIE XYZ to CIE La*b*
221 \param 0 a uchar pointer to the source image
   \param P a uchar pointer to the destination image
223 \param nData an int indicating the total number of pixels
224 */
225 void Conversion::XYZ2Lab(float *O, float *P, int nData) {
226
      uint32_t endData = nData * 3;
227
      float yy0, xx0, zz0;
228
      for (size_t i = 0; i < endData; i += 3) {</pre>
229
        xx0 = *(0 + i) / whitePoint[0];
        yy0 = *(0 + i + 1) / whitePoint[1];
230
231
        zz0 = *(0 + i + 2) / whitePoint[2];
232
233
        if (yy0 > 0.008856) {
234
         P[i] = (116 * pow(yy0, 0.333f)) - 16; // L
235
        } else {
236
          P[i] = 903.3 * yy0; // L
237
```

```
238
239
        P[i + 1] = 500 * (f_xyz2lab(xx0) - f_xyz2lab(yy0));
240
        P[i + 2] = 200 * (f_xyz2lab(yy0) - f_xyz2lab(zz0));
241
      }
242 }
243
244 inline float Conversion::f_xyz2lab(float t) {
245
      if (t > 0.008856) {
246
       return pow(t, 0.3333333333);
247
248
      return 7.787 * t + 0.137931034482759f;
249 }
250
251 /*! Conversion from CIE La*b* to Redness Index
252 \param O a uchar pointer to the source image
   \param P a uchar pointer to the destination image
254 \param nData an int indicating the total number of pixels
255 */
256 void Conversion::Lab2RI(float *0, float *P, int nData) {
      uint32_t j = 0;
258
      float L, a, b;
      for (int i = 0; i < nData; i += 3) {</pre>
259
260
        L = *(0 + i);
261
        a = *(0 + i + 1);
262
        b = *(0 + i + 2);
263
        P[j++] =
            (L * (pow((pow(a, 2.0f) + pow(b, 2.0f)), 0.5f) * (
264
               pow(10, 8.2f)))) /
            (b * pow(L, 6.0f));
265
266
    }
267
268
   }
```

E.O.3 Enhance Class

```
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8 #pragma once
9 #define ENHANCE_VERSION 1
10
11 #include "ImageProcessing.h"
12 #include "../SoilMath/SoilMath.h"
13
14 using namespace std;
15 using namespace SoilMath;
16
17 namespace Vision {
18 class Enhance : public ImageProcessing {
19 private:
20
     void CalculateSumOfNeighboringPixels(uchar *0, int i, int
        hKsize, int nCols,
21
                                            uint32_t &sum);
22
     float CalculateStdOfNeighboringPixels(uchar *0, int i, int
         hKsize, int nCols,
23
                                             int noNeighboursPix,
                                                  float mean);
24
25 public:
     /*! Enumerator indicating the requested enhancement
26
        operation*/
27
     enum EnhanceOperation {
28
       _AdaptiveContrastStretch, /*! < custom adaptive contrast
           stretch operation*/
29
                                  /*!< Blur operation*/</pre>
       _Blur,
       _{	t H}istogram{	t Equalization}
30
                                 /*! < Histogram equalization */
     };
31
32
33
     Enhance();
     Enhance(const Mat &src);
34
35
     Enhance(const Mat &src, Mat &dst, uint8_t kernelsize = 9,
        float factor = 1.0,
36
              EnhanceOperation operation = _Blur);
37
     Enhance(const Enhance &rhs);
38
39
     ~Enhance();
40
41
     Enhance & operator = (Enhance rhs);
42
43
     void AdaptiveContrastStretch(uint8_t kernelsize, float
        factor,
44
                                    bool chain = false);
```

```
45
     void AdaptiveContrastStretch(const Mat &src, Mat &dst,
        uint8_t kernelsize,
46
                                   float factor);
47
     void Blur(uint8_t kernelsize, bool chain = false);
     void Blur(const Mat &src, Mat &dst, uint8_t kernelsize);
50
51
     void HistogramEqualization(bool chain = false);
     void HistogramEqualization(const Mat &src, Mat &dst);
53 };
54 }
1
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3
    * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
    * This software is proprietary and confidential
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6
    */
8 /*! \class Enhance
9 class which enhances a greyscale cv::Mat image
11 #include "Enhance.h"
12
13
  namespace Vision {
14
  /*! Constructor*/
15 Enhance::Enhance() {}
16
17 /*! Constructor
18 \param src cv::Mat source image
19 */
20 Enhance::Enhance(const Mat &src) {
    OriginalImg = src;
22
     ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_8UC1);
23 }
24
25 Enhance::Enhance(const Enhance &rhs) {
    this->OriginalImg = rhs.OriginalImg;
     this->ProcessedImg = rhs.OriginalImg;
27
28
     this->TempImg = rhs.TempImg;
29 }
30
31
  /*! Constructor
32 \param src cv::Mat source image
33 \param dst cv::Mat destination image
34 \param kernelsize an uchar which represent the kernelsize
      should be an uneven
35 number higher than two
36 \param factor float which indicates the amount the effect
      should take place
  standard value is 1.0 only used in the adaptive contrast
      stretch enhancement
38 \param operation enumerator EnhanceOperation which
      enhancement should be
```

```
performed
40 */
  Enhance::Enhance(const Mat &src, Mat &dst, uchar kernelsize,
       float factor,
42
                     EnhanceOperation operation) {
43
     OriginalImg = src;
44
     ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_8UC1);
45
     switch (operation) {
     {\tt case} \ \ {\tt Vision::Enhance::\_AdaptiveContrastStretch:}
46
47
       AdaptiveContrastStretch(kernelsize, factor);
48
       break;
49
     case Vision::Enhance::_Blur:
50
       Blur(kernelsize);
51
       break:
     case Vision::Enhance::_HistogramEqualization:
52
53
       HistogramEqualization();
54
       break;
55
     }
56
     dst = ProcessedImg;
57 }
58
59 /*! Dec-constructor*/
60 Enhance::~Enhance() {}
62 Enhance & Enhance::operator=(Enhance rhs) {
63
    if (&rhs != this) {
64
       this->OriginalImg = rhs.OriginalImg;
       this->ProcessedImg = rhs.ProcessedImg;
66
       this->TempImg = rhs.ProcessedImg;
67
     }
68
     return *this;
69 }
70
71 /*! Calculate the standard deviation of the neighboring
72 \param O uchar pointer to the current pixel of the original
      image
73 \param i current counter
74 \param hKsize half the kernelsize
75 \param nCols total number of columns
76 \param noNeighboursPix total number of neighboring pixels
77 \param mean mean value of the neighboring pixels
78 \return standard deviation
79 */
80 float Enhance::CalculateStdOfNeighboringPixels(uchar *0, int
       i, int hKsize,
81
                                                     int nCols,
                                                        int
                                                        noNeighboursPix
82
                                                     float mean) {
83
     uint32_t sum_dev = 0.0;
84
     float Std = 0.0;
85
     sum_dev = 0.0;
     Std = 0.0;
86
87
     for (int j = -hKsize; j < hKsize; j++) {</pre>
```

```
for (int k = -hKsize; k < hKsize; k++) {</pre>
          // sum_dev += pow((0[i + j * nCols + k] - mean), 2);
90
          sum_dev += SoilMath::quick_pow2((0[i + j * nCols + k]
              - mean));
91
        }
92
      }
93
      // Std = sqrt(sum_dev / noNeighboursPix);
94
      Std = SoilMath::fastPow((static_cast < double > (sum_dev) /
         noNeighboursPix), 2);
95
      return Std;
96 }
97
98 /*! Calculate the sum of the neighboring pixels
   \param O uchar pointer to the current pixel of the original
       image
100
   \param i current counter
    \param hKsize half the kernelsize
102 \param nCols total number of columns
103 \param sum Total sum of the neighboringpixels
104 */
105 void Enhance::CalculateSumOfNeighboringPixels(uchar *0, int
       i, int hKsize,
106
                                                    int nCols,
                                                        uint32_t &
                                                        sum) {
107
      for (int j = -hKsize; j < hKsize; j++) {</pre>
108
        for (int k = -hKsize; k < hKsize; k++) {</pre>
109
          sum += 0[i + j * nCols + k];
110
        }
111
      }
112 }
113
114 /*! Homebrew AdaptiveContrastStretch function which
       calculate the mean and
115 standard deviation from the neighboring pixels if the
       current pixel is higher
116 then the mean the value is incremented with an given factor
       multiplied with the
117 standard deviation, and decreased if it's lower then the
       mean.
118 \param src cv::Mat source image
119 \param dst cv::Mat destination image
120 \param kernelsize an uchar which represent the kernelsize
       should be an uneven
121 number higher than two
122 \param factor float which indicates the amount the effect
       should take place
    standard value is 1.0 only used in the adaptive contrast
123
       stretch enhancement
124 */
   void Enhance::AdaptiveContrastStretch(const Mat &src, Mat &
       dst,
126
                                            uchar kernelsize,
                                               float factor) {
127
      OriginalImg = src;
128
      ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_8UC1);
```

```
129
      AdaptiveContrastStretch(kernelsize, factor);
130
      dst = ProcessedImg;
131 }
132
133 /*! Homebrew AdaptiveContrastStretch function which
       calculate the mean and
134 standard deviation from the neighboring pixels if the
       current pixel is higher
135 then the mean the value is incremented with an given factor
       multiplied with the
136 standard deviation, and decreased if it's lower then the
137 \param kernelsize an uchar which represent the kernelsize
       should be an uneven
138 number higher than two
139 \param factor float which indicates the amount the effect
       should take place
140 standard value is 1.0 only used in the adaptive contrast
       stretch enhancement
141 \param chain use the results from the previous operation
       default value = false;
142 */
143 void Enhance::AdaptiveContrastStretch(uchar kernelsize,
       float factor,
144
                                            bool chain) {
145
      // Exception handling
      EMPTY_CHECK(OriginalImg);
146
147
      if (kernelsize < 3 || (kernelsize % 2) == 0) {
148
        throw Exception::WrongKernelSizeException();
149
150
      CV_Assert(OriginalImg.depth() != sizeof(uchar));
151
152
      // Make the pointers to the Data
153
      uchar *0;
154
      CHAIN_PROCESS(chain, 0, uchar);
      uchar *P = ProcessedImg.data;
155
156
157
      int i = 0;
158
      int hKsize = kernelsize / 2;
159
      int nCols = OriginalImg.cols;
160
      int pStart = (hKsize * nCols) + hKsize + 1;
161
162
      int nData = OriginalImg.rows * OriginalImg.cols;
      int pEnd = nData - pStart;
163
164
      uint32_t noNeighboursPix = kernelsize * kernelsize;
165
      uint32_t sum;
166
      float mean = 0.0;
167
168
      uchar *nRow = GetNRow(nData, hKsize, nCols, OriginalImg.
         rows);
169
170
      i = pStart;
171
      while (i++ < pEnd) {</pre>
        // Checks if pixel isn't a border pixel and progresses
172
           to the new row
173
        if (nRow[i] == 1) {
```

```
174
          i += kernelsize;
175
176
177
        // Fill the neighboring pixel array
178
        sum = 0;
179
        mean = 0;
180
181
        // Calculate the statistics
182
        CalculateSumOfNeighboringPixels(0, i, hKsize, nCols, sum
183
        mean = (float)(sum / noNeighboursPix);
184
        float Std = CalculateStdOfNeighboringPixels(0, i, hKsize
            , nCols,
185
                                                        noNeighboursPix
                                                            , mean);
186
187
        // Stretch
188
189
        if (0[i] > mean) {
190
           // int addValue = 0[i] + (int)(round(factor * Std));
191
          int addValue = O[i] + static_cast < int > (round (factor *
              Std));
           if (addValue < 255) {</pre>
192
193
            P[i] = addValue;
194
           } else {
195
            P[i] = 255;
196
           }
197
        } else if (0[i] < mean) {</pre>
198
           // int subValue = O[i] - (int)(round(factor * Std));
199
           int subValue = 0[i] - static_cast < int > (round (factor *
              Std));
200
           if (subValue > 0) {
201
            P[i] = subValue;
202
          } else {
203
            P[i] = 0;
204
        } else {
205
206
          P[i] = O[i];
        }
207
208
      }
209
210
      // Stretch the image with an normal histogram equalization
211
      HistogramEqualization(true);
212
213
      delete[] nRow;
214 }
215
216 /*! Blurs the image with a NxN kernel
217 \param src cv::Mat source image
218 \param dst cv::Mat destination image
219 \param kernelsize an uchar which represent the kernelsize
       should be an uneven
220 number higher than two
221 */
222 void Enhance::Blur(const Mat &src, Mat &dst, uchar
       kernelsize) {
```

```
223
      OriginalImg = src;
224
      ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_8UC1);
225
      Blur(kernelsize);
226
      dst = ProcessedImg;
227 }
228
229
   /*! Blurs the image with a NxN kernel
230 \param kernelsize an uchar which represent the kernelsize
       should be an uneven
231 number higher than two
232 \param chain use the results from the previous operation
       default value = false;
233 */
234 void Enhance::Blur(uchar kernelsize, bool chain) {
235
      // Exception handling
236
      EMPTY_CHECK(OriginalImg);
237
      if (kernelsize < 3 || (kernelsize % 2) == 0) {</pre>
238
        throw Exception::WrongKernelSizeException();
239
240
      CV_Assert(OriginalImg.depth() != sizeof(uchar));
241
242
      // Make the pointers to the Data
243
      uchar *0;
244
      CHAIN_PROCESS (chain, 0, uchar);
245
      uchar *P = ProcessedImg.data;
246
      int nData = OriginalImg.rows * OriginalImg.cols;
247
248
      int hKsize = kernelsize / 2;
249
      int nCols = OriginalImg.cols;
250
      int pStart = (hKsize * nCols) + hKsize + 1;
251
      int pEnd = nData - pStart;
252
      int noNeighboursPix = kernelsize * kernelsize;
253
      uint32_t sum;
254
255
      int i;
      uchar *nRow = GetNRow(nData, hKsize, nCols, OriginalImg.
256
         rows);
257
      i = pStart;
258
      while (i++ < pEnd) {</pre>
259
        // Checks if pixel isn't a border pixel and progresses
           to the new row
260
        if (nRow[i] == 1) {
261
          i += kernelsize;
262
        }
263
264
        // Calculate the sum of the kernel
265
266
        CalculateSumOfNeighboringPixels(0, i, hKsize, nCols, sum
            );
267
268
        P[i] = (uchar)(round(sum / noNeighboursPix));
269
270
271
      delete[] nRow;
272
    }
273
```

```
274 /*! Stretches the image using a histogram
275
    \param chain use the results from the previous operation
       default value = false;
276
277
    void Enhance::HistogramEqualization(bool chain) {
278
      // Exception handling
      EMPTY_CHECK(OriginalImg);
279
280
      CV_Assert(OriginalImg.depth() != sizeof(uchar));
281
282
      // Make the pointers to the Data
283
      uchar *0;
284
      CHAIN_PROCESS(chain, 0, uchar);
285
      uchar *P = ProcessedImg.data;
286
287
      // Calculate the statics of the whole image
288
      ucharStat_t imgStats(0, OriginalImg.rows, OriginalImg.cols
         );
289
      float sFact;
290
      if (imgStats.min != imgStats.max) {
291
        sFact = 255.0f / (imgStats.max - imgStats.min);
292
      } else {
293
        sFact = 1.0f;
294
295
296
      uint32_t i = 256;
297
      uchar LUT_changeValue[256];
298
      while (i-- > 0) {
299
        LUT_changeValue[i] = (uchar)(((float)(i)*sFact) + 0.5f);
300
      }
301
302
      0 = OriginalImg.data;
303
304
      i = OriginalImg.cols * OriginalImg.rows + 1;
305
      while (i-- > 0) {
        *P++ = LUT_changeValue[*0++ - imgStats.min];
306
307
308 }
309
    }
```

E.0.4 Morphological filter Class

```
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5
6
7
8 #pragma once
9 #define MORPHOLOGICALFILTER_VERSION 1
10
11 #include "ImageProcessing.h"
12
13 namespace Vision {
  class MorphologicalFilter : public ImageProcessing {
15
   public:
     enum FilterType { OPEN, CLOSE, ERODE, DILATE, NONE };
16
17
18
     MorphologicalFilter();
19
     MorphologicalFilter(FilterType filtertype);
20
     MorphologicalFilter(const Mat &src, FilterType filtertype
        = FilterType::NONE);
21
     MorphologicalFilter(const MorphologicalFilter &rhs);
22
23
     ~MorphologicalFilter();
24
25
     MorphologicalFilter &operator=(MorphologicalFilter &rhs);
26
27
     void Dilation(const Mat &mask, bool chain = false);
28
     void Erosion(const Mat &mask, bool chain = false);
29
30
     void Close(const Mat &mask, bool chain = false);
31
     void Open(const Mat &mask, bool chain = false);
32
33 private:
     void Filter(const Mat &mask, bool chain, uchar startVal,
        uchar newVal,
35
                 uchar switchVal);
36 };
37
  }
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    * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
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4
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
5
6
7
8
  #include "MorphologicalFilter.h"
10 namespace Vision {
```

```
MorphologicalFilter::MorphologicalFilter() {}
11
12
13
   MorphologicalFilter::MorphologicalFilter(FilterType
       filtertype) {
14
     switch (filtertype) {
15
     case FilterType::OPEN:
16
        Open(OriginalImg);
17
        break;
18
     case FilterType::CLOSE:
19
        Close(OriginalImg);
20
        break;
21
     case FilterType::ERODE:
22
        Erosion(OriginalImg);
23
        break;
24
     case FilterType::DILATE:
25
        Dilation(OriginalImg);
26
        break;
27
     case FilterType::NONE:
28
        break;
29
30
   }
31
32
   MorphologicalFilter::MorphologicalFilter(const Mat &src,
33
                                                FilterType
                                                    filtertype) {
34
     OriginalImg = src;
35
     ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_8UC1);
36
     switch (filtertype) {
37
     case FilterType::OPEN:
38
        Open(OriginalImg);
39
        break;
40
     case FilterType::CLOSE:
41
        Close(OriginalImg);
42
        break;
43
     case FilterType::ERODE:
44
        Erosion(OriginalImg);
45
        break;
46
     case FilterType::DILATE:
47
        Dilation(OriginalImg);
48
        break;
49
     case FilterType::NONE:
50
        break;
51
     }
52 }
53
   MorphologicalFilter::MorphologicalFilter(const
       MorphologicalFilter &rhs) {
55
     this->OriginalImg = rhs.OriginalImg;
56
     this->ProcessedImg = rhs.ProcessedImg;
57
     this->TempImg = rhs.ProcessedImg;
58
   }
59
60
   MorphologicalFilter::~MorphologicalFilter() {}
   {\tt MorphologicalFilter} \ \& {\tt MorphologicalFilter} :: {\tt operator} = (
       MorphologicalFilter &rhs) {
```

```
63
      if (&rhs != this) {
64
        this->OriginalImg = rhs.OriginalImg;
65
        this->ProcessedImg = rhs.ProcessedImg;
66
        this->TempImg = rhs.TempImg;
67
68
      return *this;
   }
69
70
71 void MorphologicalFilter::Open(const Mat &mask, bool chain)
72
      Erosion(mask, chain);
73
      Dilation(mask, true);
74 }
75
76 void MorphologicalFilter::Close(const Mat &mask, bool chain)
77
      Dilation(mask, chain);
78
      Erosion(mask, true);
79 }
80
81
   void MorphologicalFilter::Dilation(const Mat &mask, bool
       chain) {
82
      Filter(mask, chain, 0, 1, 1);
   }
83
84
85 void MorphologicalFilter::Erosion(const Mat &mask, bool
       chain) {
      Filter (mask, chain, 1, 0, 0);
87 }
88
   void MorphologicalFilter::Filter(const Mat &mask, bool chain
       , uchar startVal,
                                       uchar newVal, uchar
90
                                          switchVal) {
91
      // Exception handling
      CV_Assert(OriginalImg.depth() != sizeof(uchar));
92
93
      EMPTY_CHECK(OriginalImg);
      if (mask.cols % 2 == 0 || mask.cols < 3) {</pre>
 94
95
        throw Exception::WrongKernelSizeException("Wrong
           Kernelsize columns!");
96
      }
      if (mask.rows % 2 == 0 || mask.rows < 3) {</pre>
97
98
        throw Exception::WrongKernelSizeException("Wrong
           Kernelsize rows!");
99
      }
100
101
      uint32_t hKsizeCol = (mask.cols / 2);
102
      uint32_t hKsizeRow = (mask.rows / 2);
103
104
      // make Pointers
105
      Mat workOrigImg(ProcessedImg.rows + mask.rows,
         ProcessedImg.cols + mask.cols,
106
                       CV_8UC1);
107
      workOrigImg.setTo(0);
108
      if (chain) {
109
        ProcessedImg.copyTo(workOrigImg(
```

```
110
            cv::Rect(hKsizeCol, hKsizeRow, ProcessedImg.cols,
                ProcessedImg.rows)));
111
        // workOrigImg(cv::Rect(hKsizeCol, hKsizeRow,
           ProcessedImg.cols,
112
        // ProcessedImg.rows)) = ProcessedImg.clone();
113
      } else {
114
        OriginalImg.copyTo(workOrigImg(
115
            cv::Rect(hKsizeCol, hKsizeRow, ProcessedImg.cols,
                ProcessedImg.rows)));
116
        // workOrigImg(cv::Rect(hKsizeCol, hKsizeRow,
           ProcessedImg.cols,
117
        // ProcessedImg.rows)) = OriginalImg.clone();
118
119
      uchar *0 = workOrigImg.data;
120
121
      Mat workProcImg(ProcessedImg.rows + mask.rows,
         ProcessedImg.cols + mask.cols,
122
                       CV_8UC1);
123
      uchar *P = workProcImg.data;
124
125
      // Init the relevant data
      //uint32_t nData = OriginalImg.cols * OriginalImg.rows;
126
127
      uint32_t nWData = workProcImg.cols * workProcImg.rows;
128
      uint32_t nWStart = (hKsizeRow * workProcImg.cols) +
         hKsizeRow;
129
      uint32_t nWEnd = nWData - hKsizeCol - hKsizeRow *
         workProcImg.cols - 1;
130
      uchar *nRow = GetNRow(nWData, hKsizeCol, workProcImg.cols,
          workProcImg.rows);
131
      int MaskPixel = 0, OPixel = 0;
132
133
      workProcImg.setTo(0);
134
      if (startVal != 0) {
135
        workProcImg(cv::Rect(hKsizeCol, hKsizeRow, ProcessedImg.
136
                              ProcessedImg.rows)).setTo(startVal)
137
138
      SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(workOrigImg, uchar, 255, "workOrigImg
         Filter!", false);
139
      SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(mask, uchar, 255, "Filter mask", true);
140
141
      for (uint32_t i = nWStart; i < nWEnd; i++) {</pre>
        // Checks if pixel isn't a border pixel and progresses
142
           to the new row
143
        if (nRow[i] == 1) {
144
          i += mask.cols;
145
146
        for (int r = 0; r < mask.rows; r++) {
147
          for (int c = 0; c < mask.cols; c++) {</pre>
148
            MaskPixel = c + r * mask.cols;
149
            OPixel = i - hKsizeCol + c + (r - hKsizeRow) *
                workProcImg.cols;
            if (mask.data[MaskPixel] == 1 && 0[OPixel] ==
150
                switchVal) {
151
              P[i] = newVal;
```

```
152
              c = mask.cols;
153
              r = mask.rows;
154
155
          }
156
        }
157
      }
158
      delete[] nRow;
      SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(workProcImg, uchar, 255, "workProcImg
159
         Filter!", true);
160
      ProcessedImg = workProcImg(Rect(hKsizeCol, hKsizeRow,
         ProcessedImg.cols,
161
                                        ProcessedImg.rows)).clone
                                            ();
162
      SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(ProcessedImg, uchar, 255, "Processed Image
         Filter!", true);
163 }
   }
164
```

E.0.5 Segment Class

```
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    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
    */
6
   #pragma once
10 #include <vector>
11 #include <queue>
12 #include <string>
13 #include <stdint.h>
14 #include <iostream>
15 #include <algorithm>
16 #include <utility>
17
18 #include <boost/range/adaptor/reversed.hpp>
19
20 #include "opencv2/imgproc/imgproc.hpp"
21
22 #include "ImageProcessing.h"
23 #include "MorphologicalFilter.h"
24 #include "../SoilMath/SoilMath.h"
25
26 namespace Vision {
27
   class Segment : public ImageProcessing {
   public:
29
     /*! Coordinates for the region of interest*/
30
     typedef struct Rect {
31
       uint16_t leftX; /*!< Left X coordinate*/</pre>
32
       uint16_t leftY; /*!< Left Y coordinate*/</pre>
33
       uint16_t rightX; /*!< Right X coordinate*/</pre>
34
       uint16_t rightY; /*!< Right Y coordinate*/</pre>
35
       Rect(uint16_t lx, uint16_t ly, uint16_t rx, uint16_t ry)
36
            : leftX(lx), leftY(ly), rightX(rx), rightY(ry){}
37
     } Rect_t;
38
39
     typedef std::vector < Vision::Segment::Rect_t > RectList_t;
40
41
     /*! Individual blob*/
42
     typedef struct Blob {
43
       uint16_t Label; /*!< ID of the blob*/</pre>
44
                      /*!< BW image of the blob all the pixel</pre>
       cv::Mat Img;
           belonging to the blob
45
                          are set to 1 others are 0*/
46
       cv::Rect ROI; /*!< Coordinates for the blob in the</pre>
           original picture as a
47
                           cv::Rect*/
48
       uint32_t Area; /*!< Calculated stats of the blob*/</pre>
49
       cv::Point_<double> Centroid;
50
       double Theta;
```

```
51
       Blob(uint16_t label, uint32_t area) : Label(label), Area
           (area){}
52
     } Blob_t;
53
54
     typedef std::vector < Blob_t > BlobList_t;
55
     BlobList_t BlobList; /*! < vector with all the individual
        blobs*/
56
57
     /*! Enumerator to indicate what kind of object to extract
          */
     enum TypeOfObjects {
58
59
       Bright, /*! < Enum value Bright object */
60
               /*! < Enum value Dark object. */</pre>
61
     };
62
     /*! Enumerator to indicate how the pixel correlate between
63
          each other in a
64
      * blob*/
65
     enum Connected {
66
       Four =
            2, /*! < Enum Four connected, relation between Center
67
               , North, East, South
68
              and West*/
69
       Eight =
70
            4 /*! < Enum Eight connected, relation between Center
               , North, NorthEast,
71
             East, SouthEast, South, SouthWest, West and
                NorthWest */
72
     };
73
     /*! < Enumerator which indicate which Segmentation
74
         technique should be used */
75
     enum SegmentationType {
       Normal, /*!< Segmentation looking at the intensity of an
76
            individual pixel */
77
       LabNeuralNet, /*! < Segmentation looking at the chromatic
            a* and b* of the
78
                          processed pixel and it's surrounding
                             pixels, feeding it in
79
                         an Neural Net */
80
       GraphMinCut /*! < Segmentation using a graph function and
            the minimum cut */
81
     };
82
83
     cv::Mat LabelledImg;
                            /*!< Image with each individual</pre>
        blob labeled with a
84
                                 individual number */
85
     uint16_t MaxLabel = 0; /*!< Maximum labels found in the</pre>
         labelled image */
     uint16_t noOfFilteredBlobs =
86
87
          0; /*! < Total numbers of blobs that where filtered
             beacuse the where
88
                smaller than the minBlobArea*/
89
90
     ucharStat_t OriginalImgStats; /*! < Statistical data from
         the original image*/
```

```
uint8_t ThresholdLevel = 0; /*!< Current calculated</pre>
91
         threshold level*/
92
93
      float sigma = 2;
94
      uint32_t thresholdOffset = 4;
95
96
      Segment();
97
      Segment(const Mat &src);
98
      Segment(const Segment &rhs);
99
100
      ~Segment();
101
102
      Segment & operator = (Segment &rhs);
103
104
      void LoadOriginalImg(const Mat &src);
105
106
      void ConvertToBW(TypeOfObjects Typeobjects);
107
      void ConvertToBW(const Mat &src, Mat &dst, TypeOfObjects
         Typeobjects);
108
109
      void GetEdges(bool chain = false, Connected conn = Eight);
      void GetEdges(const Mat &src, Mat &dst, bool chain = false
110
111
                     Connected conn = Eight);
112
113
      void GetEdgesEroding(bool chain = false);
114
      void GetBlobList(bool chain = false, Connected conn =
115
         Eight);
116
      void Threshold(uchar t, TypeOfObjects Typeobjects);
117
118
119
      void LabelBlobs(bool chain = false, uint16_t minBlobArea =
          25,
120
                       Connected conn = Eight);
121
122
      void RemoveBorderBlobs(uint32_t border = 1, bool chain =
         false);
123
124
      void FillHoles(bool chain = false);
125
126
    private:
127
      uint8_t GetThresholdLevel(TypeOfObjects TypeObject);
      void SetBorder(uchar *P, uchar setValue);
128
129
      void FloodFill(uchar *0, uchar *P, uint16_t x, uint16_t y,
          uchar fillValue,
130
                      uchar OldValue);
131
      void MakeConsecutive(uint16_t *valueArr, uint32_t noElem,
         uint16_t &maxlabel);
132
      void MakeConsecutive(uint16_t *valueArr, uint16_t *keyArr,
          uint16_t noElem,
133
                            uint16_t &maxlabel);
134
      void SortAdjacencyList(std::vector<std::vector<uint16_t>>
         &adi);
135
      void ConnectedBlobs(uchar *0, uint16_t *P,
```

```
136
                           std::vector<std::vector<uint16_t>> &
                              adj, uint32_t nCols,
137
                           uint32_t nRows, Connected conn);
138
      void InvertAdjacencyList(std::vector<std::vector<uint16_t</pre>
         >> &adj,
139
                                std::vector<std::vector<uint16_t
                                   >> &adjInv);
140 };
141 }
   /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
    * Unauthorized copying of this file, via any medium is
        strictly prohibited
 3
     * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
        Jelle Spijker)
     * This software is proprietary and confidential
 4
 5
     * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
 6
 7
 8
   /*! \class Segment
 9 \quad \verb|\brief Segmentation algorithms|\\
 10 With this class, various segmentation routines can be
       applied to a greyscale or
 11 black and white source image.
 12
   */
 13 #include "Segment.h"
 14
 15 namespace Vision {
 16 //! Constructor of the Segmentation class
17 Segment::Segment() {}
18
 19 //! Constructor of the Segmentation class
20 Segment::Segment(const Mat &src) {
21
      OriginalImg = src;
22
      ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_8UC1);
23
      LabelledImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_16UC1);
24 }
25
26 Segment::Segment(const Segment &rhs) {
27
      this->BlobList = rhs.BlobList;
28
      this->LabelledImg = rhs.LabelledImg;
29
      this->MaxLabel = rhs.MaxLabel;
 30
      this->noOfFilteredBlobs = rhs.noOfFilteredBlobs;
31
      this->OriginalImg = rhs.OriginalImg;
32
      this->OriginalImgStats = rhs.OriginalImgStats;
33
      this->ProcessedImg = rhs.ProcessedImg;
34
      this->TempImg = rhs.TempImg;
35
      this->ThresholdLevel = rhs.ThresholdLevel;
 36 }
37
38 //! De-constructor
39 Segment::~Segment() {}
40
41 Segment & Segment::operator = (Segment &rhs) {
42
      if (&rhs != this) {
43
        this->BlobList = rhs.BlobList;
```

```
44
       this->LabelledImg = rhs.LabelledImg;
       this->MaxLabel = rhs.MaxLabel;
45
46
       this->noOfFilteredBlobs = rhs.noOfFilteredBlobs;
47
       this->OriginalImg = rhs.OriginalImg;
48
       this->OriginalImgStats = rhs.OriginalImgStats;
49
       this->ProcessedImg = rhs.ProcessedImg;
50
       this->TempImg = rhs.TempImg;
51
       this->ThresholdLevel = rhs.ThresholdLevel;
52
53
     return *this;
54 }
55
  void Segment::LoadOriginalImg(const Mat &src) {
57
     OriginalImg = src;
58
     ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_8UC1);
59
     LabelledImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_16UC1);
60 }
61
62 /*! Determine the threshold level by iteration, between two
      distribution,
63 presumably back- and foreground. It works towards the
      average of the two
   averages and finally sets the threshold with two time the
      standard deviation
65 from the mean of the set object
66 \param TypeObject is an enumerator indicating if the bright
      or the dark pixels
  are the object and should be set to one
68 \return The threshold level as an uint8_t
   uint8_t Segment::GetThresholdLevel(TypeOfObjects TypeObject)
       {
70
     // Exception handling
71
     EMPTY_CHECK(OriginalImg);
72
     CV_Assert(OriginalImg.depth() != sizeof(uchar));
73
74
     // Calculate the statistics of the whole picture
75
     ucharStat_t OriginalImgStats(OriginalImg.data, OriginalImg
        .rows,
76
                                   OriginalImg.cols);
77
78
     // Sets the initial threshold with the mean of the total
        picture
79
     pair < uchar , uchar > T;
     T.first = (uchar)(OriginalImgStats.Mean + 0.5);
81
     T.second = 0;
82
83
     uchar Rstd = 0;
84
     uchar Lstd = 0;
85
     uchar Rmean = 0;
86
     uchar Lmean = 0;
87
88
     // Iterate till optimum Threshold is found between back- \&
         foreground
89
     while (T.first != T.second) {
90
       // Gets an array of the left part of the histogram
91
       uint32_t i = T.first;
```

```
92
        uint32_t *Left = new uint32_t[i]{};
93
        while (i-- > 0) {
94
          Left[i] = OriginalImgStats.bins[i];
95
96
97
        // Gets an array of the right part of the histogram
98
        uint32_t rightEnd = 256 - T.first;
99
        uint32_t *Right = new uint32_t[rightEnd]{};
100
        i = rightEnd;
101
        while (i-- > 0) {
102
          Right[i] = OriginalImgStats.bins[i + T.first];
103
        }
104
105
        // Calculate the statistics of both histograms,
106
        // taking into account the current threshold
        ucharStat_t sLeft(Left, 0, T.first);
107
108
        ucharStat_t sRight(Right, T.first, 256);
109
110
        // Calculate the new threshold the mean of the means
111
        T.second = T.first;
112
        T.first = (uchar)(((sLeft.Mean + sRight.Mean) / 2) +
            0.5);
113
114
        Rmean = (uchar)(sRight.Mean + 0.5);
115
        Lmean = (uchar)(sLeft.Mean + 0.5);
        Rstd = (uchar)(sRight.Std + 0.5);
116
117
        Lstd = (uchar)(sLeft.Std + 0.5);
118
        delete[] Left;
119
        delete[] Right;
120
      }
121
122
      // Assumes the pixel value of the sought object lies
         between 2 sigma
123
      int val = 0;
124
      switch (TypeObject) {
125
      case Bright:
126
        val = Rmean - (sigma * Rstd) - thresholdOffset;
127
        if (val < 0) {</pre>
128
          val = 0;
129
        } else if (val > 255) {
130
          val = 255;
131
        }
132
        T.first = (uchar)val;
133
        break:
134
      case Dark:
135
        val = Lmean + (sigma * Lstd) + thresholdOffset;
136
        if (val < 0) {</pre>
          val = 0;
137
138
        } else if (val > 255) {
139
          val = 255;
140
141
        T.first = (uchar)val;
142
        break;
143
      }
144
145
      return T.first;
```

```
146 }
147
148
   /*! Convert a greyscale image to a BW using an automatic
       Threshold
   \param src is the source image as a cv::Mat
   \param dst destination image as a cv::Mat
151 \param TypeObject is an enumerator indicating if the bright
       or the dark pixels
152 are the object and should be set to one */
   void Segment::ConvertToBW(const Mat &src, Mat &dst,
       TypeOfObjects Typeobjects) {
154
      OriginalImg = src;
155
      ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_8UC1);
156
      LabelledImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_16UC1);
157
      ConvertToBW(Typeobjects);
158
      dst = ProcessedImg;
159 }
160
161
   /*! Convert a greyscale image to a BW using an automatic
       Threshold
   \param TypeObject is an enumerator indicating if the bright
       or the dark pixels
   are the object and should be set to one
164 void Segment::ConvertToBW(TypeOfObjects Typeobjects) {
      // Determine the threshold
166
      uchar T = GetThresholdLevel(Typeobjects);
167
      // Threshold the picture
169
      Threshold(T, Typeobjects);
170 }
171
172
   /*! Convert a greyscale image to a BW
   \param t uchar set the value which is the tiping point
    \param TypeObject is an enumerator indicating if the bright
       or the dark pixels
    are the object and should be set to one
    void Segment::Threshold(uchar t, TypeOfObjects Typeobjects)
177
      // Exception handling
178
      EMPTY_CHECK(OriginalImg);
179
      CV_Assert(OriginalImg.depth() != sizeof(uchar) ||
180
                OriginalImg.depth() != sizeof(uint16_t));
181
182
      // Create LUT
      uchar LUT_newValue[256]{0};
183
184
      if (Typeobjects == Bright) {
185
        for (uint32_t i = t; i < 256; i++) {</pre>
186
          LUT_newValue[i] = 1;
187
        }
188
      } else {
189
        for (uint32_t i = 0; i <= t; i++) {</pre>
190
          LUT_newValue[i] = 1;
191
192
      }
193
194
      // Create the pointers to the data
```

```
uchar *P = ProcessedImg.data;
195
196
      uchar *0 = OriginalImg.data;
197
      // Fills the ProcessedImg with either a 0 or 1
198
199
      for (int i = 0; i < OriginalImg.cols * OriginalImg.rows; i</pre>
         ++) {
        P[i] = LUT_newValue[0[i]];
200
201
      }
202 }
203
204 /*! Set all the border pixels to a set value
   \param *P uchar pointer to the Mat.data
    \param setValue uchar the value which is written to the
       border pixels
207 */
208
   void Segment::SetBorder(uchar *P, uchar setValue) {
209
      // Exception handling
210
      EMPTY_CHECK(OriginalImg);
211
      CV_Assert(OriginalImg.depth() != sizeof(uchar) ||
212
                 OriginalImg.depth() != sizeof(uint16_t));
213
214
      uint32_t nData = OriginalImg.cols * OriginalImg.rows;
215
216
      // Set borderPixels to 2
217
      uint32_t i = 0;
218
      uint32_t pEnd = OriginalImg.cols + 1;
219
220
      // Set the top row to value 2
221
      while (i < pEnd) {</pre>
222
        P[i++] = setValue;
223
      }
224
225
      // Set the bottom row to value 2
226
      i = nData + 1;
227
      pEnd = nData - OriginalImg.cols;
228
      while (i-- > pEnd) {
229
        P[i] = setValue;
230
231
232
      // Sets the first and the last Column to 2
233
      i = 1;
234
      pEnd = OriginalImg.rows;
235
      while (i < pEnd) {
        P[(i * OriginalImg.cols) - 1] = setValue;
        P[(i++ * OriginalImg.cols)] = setValue;
237
238
      }
   }
239
240
241
   /*! Remove the blobs that are connected to the border
   \param conn set the pixel connection eight or four
    \param chain use the results from the previous operation
       default value = false;
244
245
   void Segment::RemoveBorderBlobs(uint32_t border, bool chain)
246
      CV_Assert(OriginalImg.depth() != sizeof(uchar));
```

```
247
      EMPTY_CHECK(OriginalImg);
248
      // make Pointers
249
      uchar *0;
250
      CHAIN_PROCESS(chain, 0, uchar);
251
      if (chain) {
252
        ProcessedImg = TempImg.clone();
253
      } else {
254
        ProcessedImg = OriginalImg.clone();
255
256
257
      SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(OriginalImg, uchar, 255, "Original Image
          RemoverBorderBlobs!",
258
                       true);
259
      SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(TempImg, uchar, 255, "Temp Image
          RemoverBorderBlobs!", true);
260
261
      uchar *P = ProcessedImg.data;
262
      uint32_t cols = ProcessedImg.cols;
263
      uint32_t rows = ProcessedImg.rows;
264
      try {
265
        for (uint32_t i = 0; i < border; i++) {</pre>
266
           for (uint32_t j = 0; j < cols; j++) {</pre>
267
268
             if (O[(i * cols) + j] == 1 && P[(i * cols) + j] !=
                2) {
269
               cv::floodFill(ProcessedImg, cv::Point(j, i), (
                  uchar)2);
270
             }
271
          }
272
        }
273
274
        for (uint32_t i = rows - border - 1; i < rows; i++) {</pre>
          for (uint32_t j = 0; j < cols; j++) {</pre>
275
276
             if (O[(i * cols) + j] == 1 \&\& P[(i * cols) + j] !=
                2) {
277
               cv::floodFill(ProcessedImg, cv::Point(j, i), (
                  uchar)2);
278
             }
279
          }
280
281
282
         for (uint32_t i = border; i < rows - border; i++) {</pre>
283
           for (uint32_t j = 0; j < border; j++) {</pre>
             if (0[(i * cols) + j] == 1 && P[(i * cols) + j] !=
284
285
               cv::floodFill(ProcessedImg, cv::Point(j, i), (
                  uchar)2);
286
             }
             if (0[(i * cols) + (cols - j - 1)] == 1 &&
287
288
                 P[(i * cols) + (cols - j - 1)] != 2) {
289
               cv::floodFill(ProcessedImg, cv::Point(cols - j -
                  1, i), (uchar)2);
290
             }
           }
291
292
293
      } catch (cv::Exception &e) {
```

```
294
295
      SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(ProcessedImg, uchar, 255,
296
                      "Processed Image RemoverBorderBlobs before
                         LUT!", true);
297
298
      // Change values 2 -> 0
299
      uchar LUT_newValue[3]{0, 1, 0};
300
      P = ProcessedImg.data;
301
      uint32_t nData = rows * cols;
302
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < nData; i++) {</pre>
303
        P[i] = LUT_newValue[P[i]];
304
      }
305
306
      SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(ProcessedImg, uchar, 255,
307
                      "Processed Image RemoverBorderBlobs!", true
                         );
308 }
309
310 /*! Label all the individual blobs in a BW source image. The
        result are written
311 to the labelledImg as an ushort
   \param conn set the pixel connection eight or four
313 \param chain use the results from the previous operation
       default value = false;
   \param minBlobArea minimum area when an artifact is
       considered a blob
315 */
316 void Segment::LabelBlobs(bool chain, uint16_t minBlobArea,
       Connected conn) {
317
      // Exception handling
      CV_Assert(OriginalImg.depth() != sizeof(uchar));
318
319
      EMPTY_CHECK(OriginalImg);
320
321
      // make the Pointers to the data
322
      uchar *0;
323
      if (chain) {
324
        TempImg = ProcessedImg.clone();
325
        ProcessedImg = cv::Mat(OriginalImg.rows, OriginalImg.
           cols, CV_16UC1);
326
        0 = (uchar *)TempImg.data;
327
      } else {
328
        0 = (uchar *)OriginalImg.data;
329
      }
330
      uint16_t *P = (uint16_t *)LabelledImg.data;
331
332
      uint32_t nCols = OriginalImg.cols;
333
      uint32_t nRows = OriginalImg.rows;
334
      uint32_t nData = nCols * nRows;
335
336
      vector < vector < uint16_t >> CLdownstream;
337
338
      ConnectedBlobs(O, P, CLdownstream, nCols, nRows,
339
                      conn); // First loop through the image
340
      SortAdjacencyList(
341
          CLdownstream); // Sort all the adjacencylists and make
               unique,
```

```
342
343
      // identify all the lowest values in the adjacent list
344
      uint16_t *valueArr = new uint16_t[CLdownstream.size()];
345
      for (int i = CLdownstream.size() - 1; i >= 0; --i) {
346
        std::vector<uint16_t *> route;
347
        uint16_t minVal = i;
348
349
        for (uint32_t j = 0; j < CLdownstream[i].size(); j++) {</pre>
350
351
          // add the first node to the queue;
352
          route.push_back(&CLdownstream[i][j]);
353
354
          // itterate till the last node
355
          bool lastNodeReached = false;
356
          while (!lastNodeReached) {
357
             uint32_t nodesVisited = route.size() - 1;
358
             if (*route[nodesVisited] < minVal) {</pre>
359
               minVal = *route[nodesVisited];
360
            }
361
            route.push_back(&CLdownstream[*route[nodesVisited
                ]][0]):
362
             if (route[nodesVisited] == route[nodesVisited + 1])
363
               route.pop_back();
364
               lastNodeReached = true;
            }
365
          }
366
367
          // Set all values to the lowest value
368
          for (uint32_t k = 0; k < route.size(); k++) {</pre>
369
             *route[k] = minVal;
370
          }
371
372
        valueArr[i] = minVal;
      }
373
374
375
      // Make numbers consecutive
376
      MakeConsecutive(valueArr, CLdownstream.size(), MaxLabel);
377
378
      // Second loop through the pixels to give the values a
          final value
379
      for_each(P, P + nData, [&](uint16_t &V) { V = valueArr[V];
          });
380
      delete[] valueArr;
381
    }
382
    /*! Create a BW image with only edges from a BW image
383
384
    \param src source image as a const cv::Mat
385
    \param dst destination image as a cv::Mat
    \param conn set the pixel connection eight or four
387
    \param chain use the results from the previous operation
       default value = false;
388
389
    void Segment::GetEdges(const Mat &src, Mat &dst, bool chain,
         Connected conn) {
390
      OriginalImg = src;
391
      GetEdges(chain, conn);
```

```
392
      dst = ProcessedImg;
393 }
394
395 /*! Create a BW image with only edges from a BW image
396 \param conn set the pixel connection eight or four
397 \param chain use the results from the previous operation
       default value = false;
398
399
   void Segment::GetEdges(bool chain, Connected conn) {
400
      // Exception handling
401
      CV_Assert(OriginalImg.depth() != sizeof(uchar));
402
      EMPTY_CHECK(OriginalImg);
403
404
      // make Pointers
405
      uchar *0;
      CHAIN_PROCESS(chain, 0, uchar);
406
407
      uchar *P = ProcessedImg.data;
408
409
      uint32_t nCols = OriginalImg.cols;
410
      uint32_t nRows = OriginalImg.rows;
411
      uint32_t nData = nCols * nRows;
      uint32_t pEnd = nData + 1;
412
      uint32_t i = 0;
413
414
415
      // Loop through the image and set each pixel which has a
         zero neighbor set it
416
      // to two.
417
      if (conn == Four) {
        // Loop through the picture
418
419
        while (i < pEnd) {</pre>
          // If current value = zero processed value = zero
420
421
          if (0[i] == 0) {
422
            P[i] = 0;
423
424
          // If current value = 1 check North West, South and
             East and act
          // accordingly
425
426
          else if (0[i] == 1) {
            uchar *nPixels = new uchar[4];
427
428
            nPixels[0] = 0[i - 1];
429
            nPixels[1] = O[i - nCols];
430
            nPixels[2] = 0[i + 1];
431
            nPixels[3] = O[i + nCols];
432
433
            // Sort the neighbors for easier checking
434
            SoilMath::Sort::QuickSort < uchar > (nPixels, 4);
435
            if (nPixels[0] == 0) {
              P[i] = 1;
436
            } else {
437
438
              P[i] = 0;
439
            }
440
            delete[] nPixels;
441
          } else {
            throw Exception::PixelValueOutOfBoundException();
442
443
444
          i++;
```

```
445
        }
446
      } else {
447
        // Loop through the picture
448
        while (i < pEnd) {</pre>
449
           // If current value = zero processed value = zero
450
          if (0[i] == 0) {
            P[i] = 0;
451
452
          }
453
          // If current value = 1 check North West, South and
              East and act
454
          // accordingly
455
          else if (0[i] == 1) {
456
             uchar *nPixels = new uchar[8];
457
             nPixels[0] = 0[i - 1];
458
            nPixels[1] = O[i - nCols];
459
             nPixels[2] = O[i - nCols - 1];
             nPixels[3] = 0[i - nCols + 1];
460
461
             nPixels[4] = 0[i + 1];
462
             nPixels[5] = O[i + nCols + 1];
463
             nPixels[6] = O[i + nCols];
464
             nPixels[7] = 0[i + nCols - 1];
465
466
             // Sort the neighbors for easier checking
467
             SoilMath::Sort::QuickSort < uchar > (nPixels, 8);
468
469
             if (nPixels[0] == 0) {
470
               P[i] = 1;
471
             } else {
               P[i] = 0;
472
473
             }
474
             delete[] nPixels;
475
          } else {
476
             throw Exception::PixelValueOutOfBoundException();
          }
477
478
          i++;
479
        }
480
      }
    }
481
482
483
    void Segment::GetEdgesEroding(bool chain) {
484
      // Exception handling
485
      CV_Assert(OriginalImg.depth() != sizeof(uchar));
486
      EMPTY_CHECK(OriginalImg);
487
488
      // make Pointers
489
      uchar *0;
490
      CHAIN_PROCESS(chain, 0, uchar);
491
      uchar *P = ProcessedImg.data;
492
493
      uint32_t nCols = OriginalImg.cols;
494
      uint32_t nRows = OriginalImg.rows;
495
      uint32_t nData = nCols * nRows;
496
497
      // Setup the erosion
498
      MorphologicalFilter eroder;
499
      if (chain) {
```

```
500
        eroder.OriginalImg = TempImg;
501
      } else {
502
        eroder.OriginalImg = OriginalImg;
503
504
      // Setup the processed image of the eroder
505
      eroder.ProcessedImg.create(OriginalImg.size(), CV_8UC1);
506
      eroder.ProcessedImg.setTo(0);
507
      // Setup the mask
508
      Mat mask(3, 3, CV_8UC1, 1);
509
      // Erode the image
510
      eroder.Erosion(mask, false);
511
      // Loop through the image and set the not eroded pixels to
512
          zero
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < nData; i++) {</pre>
513
514
        if (O[i] != eroder.ProcessedImg.data[i]) {
515
          P[i] = 1;
        } else {
516
517
          P[i] = 0;
518
        }
      }
519
520
      // ProcessedImg = OriginalImg.clone() - eroder.
521
         ProcessedImg.clone();
522
523
      SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(eroder.ProcessedImg, uchar, 255, "Eroded
         img Processed Image!",
524
                      true);
      SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(ProcessedImg, uchar, 255, "GetEdgesEroding
525
         Processed Image!",
526
                      true);
527 }
528
529
   /*! Create a BlobList subtracting each individual blob out
       of a Labelled image.
   If the labelled image is empty build a new one with a BW
       image.
   \param conn set the pixel connection eight or four
532 \param chain use the results from the previous operation
       default value = false;
533 */
534 void Segment::GetBlobList(bool chain, Connected conn) {
535
      // Exception handling
      CV_Assert(OriginalImg.depth() != sizeof(uchar));
536
537
      EMPTY_CHECK(OriginalImg);
538
539
      // If there isn't a labelledImg make one
540
      if (MaxLabel < 1) {</pre>
541
        LabelBlobs(chain, 5, conn);
542
      }
543
544
      // Make an empty BlobList
545
      uint32_t nCols = OriginalImg.cols;
      uint32_t nRows = OriginalImg.rows;
546
547
      uint32_t nData = nCols * nRows;
548
      RectList_t rectList;
```

```
549
550
      // Calculate Stats the statistics
551
      uint16Stat_t LabelStats((uint16_t *)LabelledImg.data,
          LabelledImg.cols,
552
                                LabelledImg.rows, MaxLabel + 1, 0,
                                     MaxLabel);
553
554
      BlobList.reserve(LabelStats.EndBin);
555
      rectList.reserve(LabelStats.EndBin);
556
      BlobList.push_back(Blob_t(0, 0));
557
558
      rectList.push_back(Rect_t(0, 0, 0, 0));
559
560
      for (uint32_t i = 1; i < LabelStats.EndBin; i++) {</pre>
561
        BlobList.push_back(Blob_t(i, LabelStats.bins[i]));
562
        rectList.push_back(Rect_t(nCols, nRows, 0, 0));
563
564
565
      // make Pointers
566
      uint16_t *L = (uint16_t *)LabelledImg.data;
567
568
      uint32_t currentX, currentY;
      // uint16_t leftX, leftY, rightX, rightY;
569
570
      // Loop through the labeled image and extract the Blobs
571
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < nData; i++) {</pre>
572
        if (L[i] != 0) {
573
           /* Determine the current x and y value of the current
              blob and
574
          checks if it is min/max */
575
          currentY = i / nCols;
576
          currentX = i % nCols;
577
578
          // Min value
579
          if (currentX < rectList[L[i]].leftX) {</pre>
580
            rectList[L[i]].leftX = currentX;
581
582
          if (currentY < rectList[L[i]].leftY) {</pre>
583
             rectList[L[i]].leftY = currentY;
584
585
586
           // Max value
587
          if (currentX > rectList[L[i]].rightX) {
588
             rectList[L[i]].rightX = currentX;
589
          }
590
          if (currentY > rectList[L[i]].rightY) {
591
             rectList[L[i]].rightY = currentY;
592
593
        }
594
      }
595
596
      // Loop through the BlobList and finalize it
597
      uint8_t *LUT_filter = new uint8_t[MaxLabel + 1]{};
      for (uint32_t i = 1; i <= MaxLabel; i++) {</pre>
598
599
        LUT_filter[i] = 1;
600
        BlobList[i].ROI.y = rectList[i].leftY;
601
        BlobList[i].ROI.x = rectList[i].leftX;
```

```
602
        BlobList[i].ROI.height = rectList[i].rightY - rectList[i
            ].leftY + 1;
603
        BlobList[i].ROI.width = rectList[i].rightX - rectList[i
            ].leftX + 1;
604
        BlobList[i].Img = CopyMat < uint8_t, uint16_t > (
605
             LabelledImg(BlobList[i].ROI).clone(), LUT_filter,
                CV_8UC1);
        //SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(BlobList[i].Img, uchar, 255, "Blob",
606
            true);
607
        LUT_filter[i] = 0;
      }
608
609
      delete[] LUT_filter;
610
611
      // Remove background blob
612
      BlobList.erase(BlobList.begin());
    }
613
614
    void Segment::FillHoles(bool chain) {
615
616
      // Exception handling
617
      CV_Assert(OriginalImg.depth() != sizeof(uchar));
618
      EMPTY_CHECK(OriginalImg);
619
      // make Pointers
620
621
      uchar *0;
622
      CHAIN_PROCESS(chain, 0, uchar);
623
      if (chain) {
624
        ProcessedImg = TempImg.clone();
625
626
        ProcessedImg = OriginalImg.clone();
627
      }
628
629
      uchar *P = ProcessedImg.data;
630
631
      // Determine the starting point of the floodfill
632
      int itt = -1;
633
      while (P[++itt] != 0)
634
635
      uint16_t row = static_cast < uint16_t > (itt / OriginalImg.
         rows);
636
      uint16_t col = static_cast < uint16_t > (itt % OriginalImg.
         rows);
637
638
      // Fill the outside
639
      try {
640
        cv::floodFill(ProcessedImg, cv::Point(col, row), cv::
            Scalar(2));
641
      } catch (cv::Exception &e) {
642
      }
643
644
      // Set the unreached areas to 1 and the outside to 0;
645
      uchar LUT_newVal[3] = {1, 1, 0};
646
      uint32_t nData = OriginalImg.rows * OriginalImg.cols;
      uint32_t i = 0;
647
      while (i <= nData) {</pre>
648
649
        P[i] = LUT_newVal[P[i]];
650
        i++;
```

```
651
652 }
653
654
    /*!
     * \brief Segment::SortAdjacencyList Sort the the sub
         vectors
     * \param adj std::vector<std::vector<uint16_t>> &adj
656
657
658
    void Segment::SortAdjacencyList(std::vector<std::vector<</pre>
       uint16_t>> &adj) {
659
      uint32_t j = 0;
      for_each(adj.begin(), adj.end(), [&](std::vector<uint16_t>
660
           &L) {
661
        std::sort(L.begin(), L.end());
        std::vector<uint16_t>::iterator it;
662
663
        it = std::unique(L.begin(), L.end());
664
        L.resize(std::distance(L.begin(), it));
665
        if (L.size() > 1) {
666
           for (std::vector<uint16_t>::iterator iter = L.begin();
               iter != L.end();
667
                ++iter) {
             if (*iter == j) {
668
               L.erase(iter);
669
670
               break;
671
             }
672
          }
        }
673
674
        j++;
675
      });
676
    }
677
678
     st \brief Segment::ConnectedBlobs Connect all the blobs and
679
         created the
680
     * adjacency list
681
     * \param 0
     * \param P
682
     * \param adj
683
684
     * \param nCols
685
     * \param nRows
     * \param conn
686
687
688
    void Segment::ConnectedBlobs(uchar *0, uint16_t *P,
                                    std::vector<std::vector<</pre>
689
                                       uint16_t>> &adj,
690
                                    uint32_t nCols, uint32_t nRows,
                                        Connected conn) {
691
      // Determine the size of the array for beginning and
          endrow and middle of a
692
      // row
693
      uint32_t noConn[3] = {static_cast < uint32_t > (conn),
694
                              (static_cast < uint32_t > (conn) / 2),
695
                              (static_cast < uint32_t > (conn) / 2) +
696
      uint32_t lastConn[3] = {noConn[0] - 1, noConn[1] - 1,
          noConn[2] - 1};
```

```
697
      uint32_t nData = nCols * nRows;
698
699
      uint16_t currentlbl = 0;
700
      vector < uint16_t > zeroVector;
701
      zeroVector.push_back(currentlbl);
702
      adj.push_back(zeroVector);
703
704
      // Determine which borderpixels should be handled
          differently
705
      uchar *nRow = new uchar[nData]{};
706
      for (uint32_t i = nCols; i < nData; i += nCols) {</pre>
707
        nRow[i] = 1;
708
        nRow[i - 1] = 2;
      }
709
710
711
      // Set the first pixel
      if (0[0] == 0) {
712
713
        P[0] = 0;
      } else if (0[0] == 1) {
714
715
        P[0] = 1;
716
      } else {
717
        throw Exception::PixelValueOutOfBoundException();
718
719
720
      // Walk through the toprow and determine if it's a new
         blob or it's connected
721
      // with previously determine blob
722
      for (uint32_t i = 1; i < nCols; i++) {</pre>
723
        if (0[i] == 0) {
724
          P[i] = 0;
725
        } else if (0[i] == 1) {
726
          // If West is zero assume this is a new blob
727
          if (P[i - 1] == 0) {
728
            P[i] = ++currentlbl;
729
             vector < uint16_t > cVector;
730
             cVector.push_back(currentlbl);
731
            adj.push_back(cVector);
732
          } else { // set as previous blob
            P[i] = P[i - 1];
733
734
735
        } else { // Value of of bounds
736
          throw Exception::PixelValueOutOfBoundException();
737
      }
738
739
740
      // walk through each pixel and determine if it's a new
         blob or it's connected
741
      // with previously determine blob
742
      for (uint32_t i = OriginalImg.cols; i < nData; i++) {</pre>
743
        if (0[i] == 0) { // Original pixel = 0
744
          P[i] = 0;
745
        } else if (0[i] == 1) {
746
           // Get an array of Neighboring Pixels
747
          uint16_t *nPixels = new uint16_t[noConn[nRow[i]]];
748
          if (nRow[i] != 1) {
            nPixels[0] = P[i - 1];
749
```

```
750
          uint32_t j = i - nCols - ((nRow[i] == 1) ? 0 : ((conn
751
              == Four) ? 0 : 1));
752
          for_each(nPixels + ((nRow[i] != 1) ? 1 : 0), nPixels +
               noConn[nRow[i]],
753
                    [\&](uint16_t \&N) { N = P[j++]; });
754
755
          // Sort the neighbors for easier checking
756
          SoilMath::Sort::QuickSort < uint16_t > (nPixels, noConn[
              nRow[i]]);
757
758
          // If all are zero assume this is a new blob
759
          if (nPixels[lastConn[nRow[i]]] == 0) {
760
            P[i] = ++currentlbl;
761
            vector<uint16_t> cVector;
762
             cVector.push_back(currentlbl);
763
             adj.push_back(cVector);
          } else {
764
765
             /* Sets the processed value to the smallest non-zero
                 value and update
766
              * the connectedLabels */
767
             for (uint32_t j = 0; j < noConn[nRow[i]]; j++) {</pre>
               if (nPixels[j] > 0) {
768
769
                 P[i] = nPixels[j];
770
                 break;
771
               }
            }
772
773
774
             /* If previous blobs belong to different connected
                components set the
775
              * current processed value to the lowest value and
                 remember that the
776
              * other values should be the lowest value*/
777
             if (P[i] != nPixels[lastConn[nRow[i]]]) {
778
               for (int j = lastConn[nRow[i]]; j >= 0; --j) {
779
                 if (nPixels[j] <= P[i]) {</pre>
780
                   break;
781
                 } else {
782
                   adj[nPixels[j]].push_back(P[i]);
783
784
               }
            }
785
          }
786
787
          delete[] nPixels;
788
        } else {
789
          throw Exception::PixelValueOutOfBoundException();
790
791
792
      delete[] nRow;
793 }
794
795
    /*!
796
     * \brief Segment::InvertAdjacencyList invert the
         adjecencylist for upstream
797
     * (unused)
798
     * \param adj
```

```
799
     * \param adjInv
800
     */
801
    void Segment::InvertAdjacencyList(std::vector<std::vector<</pre>
       uint16_t>> &adj,
802
                                         std::vector<std::vector<
                                             uint16_t>> &adjInv) {
803
      // Build the inverted vector
804
      adjInv.resize(adj.size());
805
      uint16_t count = 0;
806
      for_each(adj.begin(), adj.end(), [&](std::vector<uint16_t>
           &V) {
807
        for_each(V.begin(), V.end(),
808
                  [&](uint16_t &C) { adjInv[C].push_back(count);
                      });
809
        count++;
810
      });
   }
811
812
813
     * \brief Segment::MakeConsecutive make the valueArr
         consequative numbers
815
     * \param valueArr
     * \param noElem
816
817
     * \param maxLabel
818
819
    void Segment::MakeConsecutive(uint16_t *valueArr, uint32_t
       noElem,
                                     uint16_t &maxLabel) {
820
821
      std::vector<std::vector<uint16_t>> conseq;
822
      conseq.resize(noElem);
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < noElem; i++) {</pre>
823
824
        conseq[valueArr[i]].push_back(i);
825
      }
826
      uint32_t count = 1;
827
      for (uint32_t i = 1; i < noElem; i++) {</pre>
828
        if (conseq[i].size() > 0) {
829
           for (uint32_t j = 0; j < conseq[i].size(); j++) {</pre>
830
             valueArr[conseq[i][j]] = count;
          }
831
832
          count++;
833
        }
      }
834
835
      maxLabel = count - 1;
836 }
837
838
   /*!
839
     * \brief Segment:: MakeConsecutive probably a fault in this
        function. Don't use
840
     * \param valueArr
841
     * \param keyArr
842
     * \param noElem
843
     * \param maxlabel
844
    void Segment::MakeConsecutive(uint16_t *valueArr, uint16_t *
845
       keyArr,
846
                                     uint16_t noElem, uint16_t &
```

```
maxlabel) {
847
      SoilMath::Sort::QuickSort<uint16_t>(valueArr, keyArr,
         noElem);
848
      uint16_t count = 0;
849
      for (uint32_t i = 1; i < noElem; i++) {</pre>
850
        if (valueArr[i] != valueArr[i - 1]) {
851
          count++;
        }
852
853
        valueArr[i] = count;
854
      }
855
      SoilMath::Sort::QuickSort<uint16_t>(keyArr, valueArr,
         noElem);
856
      delete[] keyArr;
857
      maxlabel = count;
858 }
859 }
```

E.0.6 General project files

```
#-----
1
2
3
  # Project created by QtCreator 2015-06-06T12:07:42
4 #
5 #-----
6
7
           += core concurrent
   greaterThan(QT_MAJOR_VERSION, 4): QT += widgets
8
9
   QMAKE_CXXFLAGS += -std=c++11
10
11 TARGET = SoilVision
12 TEMPLATE = lib
13 \quad VERSION = 0.9.2
14
15 DEFINES += SOILVISION_LIBRARY
16 unix: !macx: QMAKE_RPATHDIR += $$PWD/../../build/install/
17
18 SOURCES += \
19
       Segment.cpp \
20
       MorphologicalFilter.cpp \
21
       ImageProcessing.cpp \
22
       Enhance.cpp \
23
       Conversion.cpp
24
25 HEADERS += \
26
       WrongKernelSizeException.h \
27
       VisionDebug.h \
28
       Vision.h \
29
      Segment.h \
30
      PixelValueOutOfBoundException.h \
31
      MorphologicalFilter.h \
32
       ImageProcessing.h \
33
      Enhance.h \
34
      EmptyImageException.h \
35
       ConversionNotSupportedException.h \
36
       Conversion.h \
37
       ChannelMismatchException.h
38
39 unix {
       target.path = $PWD/../../build/install
40
       INSTALLS += target
41
42 }
43
44 #opencv
45 LIBS += -L/usr/local/lib -lopencv_core -lopencv_highgui -
      lopencv_imgproc
46 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/local/include/opencv
47 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/local/include
48
49 #boost
50 DEFINES += BOOST_ALL_DYN_LINK
51 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/include/boost
52
53 unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -lSoilMath
```

```
54
  INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../SoilMath
56 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../SoilMath
  /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
1
2
   * Unauthorized copying of this file, via any medium is
       strictly prohibited
   * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
   * This software is proprietary and confidential
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
    */
7
  /*! Collection header of all the basic Vision headers*/
10 #pragma once
11 #include "Conversion.h"
12 #include "Enhance.h"
13 #include "Segment.h"
14 #include "MorphologicalFilter.h"
1
  /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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       strictly prohibited
    * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
    * This software is proprietary and confidential
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
   */
8 #pragma once
9 // Debuging helper macros
10 #ifndef DEBUG
11 //#define DEBUG
12 #endif
13
14 #ifdef DEBUG
15 #include <limits>
16 #include <opencv2/highgui/highgui.hpp>
17 #include <vector>
18 #include "ImageProcessing.h"
19 #ifndef SHOW_DEBUG_IMG
20 #define SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(img, T1, maxVal, windowName, scale)
21
     Vision::ImageProcessing::ShowDebugImg<T1>(img, maxVal,
        windowName, scale)
22 #endif // !SHOW_DEBUG_IMG
23 #else
24 #ifndef SHOW_DEBUG_IMG
25 #define SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(img, T1, maxVal, windowName, scale)
26 #endif // !SHOW_DEBUG_IMG
27 #endif
  /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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```

```
* and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
4
    * This software is proprietary and confidential
5
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
  /*! \class ChannelMismatchException
8
  Exception class which is thrown when Extracted channel out
      of bounds exception
10
11
12 #pragma once
13
14 #include <exception>
15 #include <string>
16
17 using namespace std;
18
19 namespace Vision {
20 namespace Exception {
21 class ChannelMismatchException : public std::exception {
22 public:
23
     ChannelMismatchException(
24
         string m = "Extracted channel out of bounds exception!
            ")
25
         : msg(m){};
     ~ChannelMismatchException() _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT{};
26
     const char *what() const _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT { return
        msg.c_str(); };
28
29 private:
30
     string msg;
31 };
32 }
33 }
  /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
    * Unauthorized copying of this file, via any medium is
       strictly prohibited
3
    * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
    * This software is proprietary and confidential
5
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
    */
   /*! \class ConversionNotSupportedException
   Exception class which is thrown when an illegal conversion
      is requested.
10 */
11 #pragma once
12
13 #include <exception>
14 #include <string>
16 using namespace std;
17
```

```
18 namespace Vision {
19
   namespace Exception {
   class ConversionNotSupportedException : public std::
      exception {
21
   public:
22
     ConversionNotSupportedException(
         string m = "Requested conversion is not supported!")
23
24
         : msg(m){};
25
     ~ConversionNotSupportedException() _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT
        {};
     const char *what() const _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT { return
26
        msg.c_str(); };
27
28 private:
29
     string msg;
30 };
31 }
32 }
1
   /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
   * Unauthorized copying of this file, via any medium is
       strictly prohibited
3
   * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
    * This software is proprietary and confidential
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
    */
  /*! \class EmtpyImageException
   Exception class which is thrown when operations are about to
       start on a empty
10
   image.
11
   */
12
13 #pragma once
14
15 #include <exception>
16 #include <string>
17
18
  using namespace std;
19
20 namespace Vision {
21
   namespace Exception {
22 class EmtpyImageException : public std::exception {
23
   public:
24
     EmtpyImageException(string m = "Empty Image!") : msg(m){};
25
     ~EmtpyImageException() _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT{};
26
     const char *what() const _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT { return
        msg.c_str(); };
27
28 private:
29
     string msg;
30 };
31
  }
32 }
```

```
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       Jelle Spijker)
4
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6
    */
8 /*! \class PixelValueOutOfBoundException
  Exception class which is thrown when an unexpected pixel
      value has to be
10 computed
11 */
12 #pragma once
13
14 #include <exception>
15 #include <string>
16
17 using namespace std;
18
19 namespace Vision {
20 namespace Exception {
21 class PixelValueOutOfBoundException : public std::exception
22 public:
23
     PixelValueOutOfBoundException(string m = "Current pixel
        value out of bounds!")
24
         : msg(m){};
25
     ~PixelValueOutOfBoundException() _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT{};
     const char *what() const _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT { return
26
        msg.c_str(); };
27
28 private:
29
     string msg;
30 };
31 }
32 }
  /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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       strictly prohibited
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       Jelle Spijker)
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6
  /*! \class WrongKernelSizeException
   Exception class which is thrown when a wrong kernelsize is
      requested
10 */
11 #pragma once
12
13 #include <exception>
```

```
14 #include <string>
15
16 using namespace std;
17
18 namespace Vision {
19 namespace Exception {
20 \quad {\tt class} \  \, {\tt WrongKernelSizeException} \ : \  \, {\tt public} \  \, {\tt std::exception} \  \, \{
21 public:
22
     WrongKernelSizeException(string m = "Wrong kernel
         dimensions!") : msg(m){};
23
      ~WrongKernelSizeException() _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT{};
24
      const char *what() const _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT { return
         msg.c_str(); };
25
26 private:
27
   string msg;
28 };
29 }
30 }
```



F.O.1 Analyzer Class

```
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6
8 #pragma once
9 #define STARTING_ESTIMATE_PROGRESS 300
10 #ifndef DEBUG
11 //#define DEBUG
12 #endif
13
14 #include <opencv2/core.hpp>
15 #include <opencv2/imgproc.hpp>
16 #include <vector>
17 #include <cmath>
18
19 #include "sample.h"
20 #include "soilsettings.h"
21 #include "soilanalyzerexception.h"
22
23 #include "SoilMath.h"
24
25 #include <QtCore/QObject>
26 #include <QThread>
27 #include <QtConcurrent>
28
29 #include "Vision.h"
```

```
30
31
   namespace SoilAnalyzer {
32 class Analyzer : public QObject {
33
     Q_OBJECT
34
35 public:
36
     bool PredictShape = true;
37
     float CurrentSIfactor = 0.0111915;
38
     bool SIfactorDet = false;
39
     struct Image_t {
40
       cv::Mat FrontLight;
41
       cv::Mat BackLight;
42
       float SIPixelFactor = 0.0111915;
43
     }; /*!< */</pre>
44
45
     typedef std::vector<Image_t> Images_t; /*!< */</pre>
46
     Images_t *Snapshots = nullptr;
                                               /*!< */
47
                                               /*!< */
     SoilSettings *Settings = nullptr;
48
49
     Sample *Results; /*!< */</pre>
50
     Analyzer(Images_t *snapshots, Sample *results,
51
         SoilSettings *settings);
52
53
     void Analyse();
54
     void Analyse(Images_t *snapshots, Sample *results,
         SoilSettings *settings);
55
     float CalibrateSI(float SI, cv::Mat &img);
56
57
     uint32_t MaxProgress = STARTING_ESTIMATE_PROGRESS; /*!< */</pre>
58
59
     SoilMath::NN NeuralNet; /*!< */
60
61 signals:
62
     void on_progressUpdate(int value);
     void on_maxProgressUpdate(int value); /*!< */</pre>
63
64
     void on_AnalysisFinished();
                                              /*!< */
65
66 private:
67
     uint32_t currentProgress = 0; /*!< */</pre>
     uint32_t currentParticleID = 0; /*!< */</pre>
68
     double BinRanges[15]{0.0, 0.038, 0.045, 0.063, 0.075,
69
         0.09, 0.125, 0.18,
70
                           0.25, 0.355, 0.5, 0.71, 1.0, 1.4,
                                 2.01:
71
72
     SoilMath::FFT fft; /*!< */
73
74
     void CalcMaxProgress();
75
     void CalcMaxProgressAnalyze();
76
     void PrepImages();
77
     void GetBW(std::vector<cv::Mat> &images, std::vector<cv::</pre>
         Mat > &BWvector);
78
     void GetBW(cv::Mat &img, cv::Mat &BW);
79
80
     void GetEnhancedInt(Images_t *snapshots,
```

```
81
                          std::vector < cv::Mat > &intensityVector)
     void GetEnhancedInt(cv::Mat &img, cv::Mat &intensity);
82
83
84
     void GetParticles(std::vector<cv::Mat> &BW, Images_t *
        snapshots,
85
                          Particle::ParticleVector_t &
                              partPopulation);
86
     void GetParticlesFromBlobList(Vision::Segment::BlobList_t
        &bloblist,
87
                                     Image_t *snapshot,
88
                                     Particle::ParticleVector_t &
                                        partPopulation);
89
90
     void CleanUpMatVector(std::vector < cv::Mat > &mv);
91
     void CleanUpMatVector(Images_t *mv);
92
93
     void GetFFD(Particle::ParticleVector_t &particalPopulation
        );
94
95
     void GetPrediction(Particle::ParticleVector_t &
        particlePopulation);
96 };
97 }
1
   /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
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       strictly prohibited
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    * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
       Jelle Spijker)
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5
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
    */
6
  #include "analyzer.h"
10 namespace SoilAnalyzer {
11
12 /*!
13 *\brief Analyzer::Analyzer
14 * \gamma sams snapshots
15 *\param results
16
   *\param settings
17
   */
18
  Analyzer::Analyzer(Images_t *snapshots, Sample *results,
19
                       SoilSettings *settings = nullptr) {
20
     this->Snapshots = snapshots;
21
     this->Results = results;
22
     if (settings == nullptr) {
23
       Settings = new SoilSettings;
24
     } else {
25
       this->Settings = settings;
26
27
     NeuralNet.LoadState(Settings->NNlocation);
28 }
29
```

```
31
   * \brief Analyzer::PrepImages
32
   */
33 void Analyzer::PrepImages() {
34
     if (Snapshots == nullptr || Snapshots->size() == 0) {
35
       throw Exception::SoilAnalyzerException(
           EXCEPTION_NO_SNAPSHOTS,
36
                                                 EXCEPTION_NO_SNAPSHOTS_NR
                                                    );
37
     }
38
39
     std::vector < cv::Mat > intensityVector;
     GetEnhancedInt(Snapshots, intensityVector);
40
41
42
     std::vector<cv::Mat> BWVector;
43
     GetBW(intensityVector, BWVector);
44
     CleanUpMatVector(intensityVector);
45
46
     GetParticles(BWVector, Snapshots, Results->
         ParticlePopulation);
47
48
     CleanUpMatVector(BWVector);
49
     CleanUpMatVector(Snapshots);
50
51
     Results -> isPreparedForAnalysis = true;
52 }
53
54 void Analyzer::Analyse(Images_t *snapshots, Sample *results,
55
                            SoilSettings *settings) {
56
     Snapshots = snapshots;
57
     Results = results;
58
     Settings = settings;
59
     Analyse();
60 }
61
   * \brief Analyzer::Analyse
63
   */
64
65
  void Analyzer::Analyse() {
66
     CalcMaxProgress();
     if (!Results->isPreparedForAnalysis && !Results->
67
         IsLoadedFromDisk) {
68
       PrepImages();
     }
69
70
     GetFFD(Results->ParticlePopulation);
     if (PredictShape && Settings->PredictTheShape) {
71
72
       GetPrediction(Results->ParticlePopulation);
73
     }
74
75
     Results -> Angularity =
76
          ucharStat_t(Results->GetAngularityVector()->data(),
77
                      Results ->GetAngularityVector() ->size(), 1,
                           7, 0, true);
78
     emit on_progressUpdate(currentProgress++);
79
80
     Results -> Roundness =
```

```
81
          ucharStat_t(Results -> GetRoundnessVector() -> data(),
 82
                       Results -> GetRoundnessVector() -> size(), 1,
                           5, 0, true);
 83
 84
      Results -> PSD =
 85
          SoilMath::PSD(Results->GetPSDVector()->data(),
 86
                         Results ->GetPSDVector() ->size(),
                             BinRanges, 15, 14);
 87
      emit on_progressUpdate(currentProgress++);
 88
 89
      emit on_AnalysisFinished();
 90 }
 91
 92 void Analyzer::CleanUpMatVector(std::vector<Mat> &mv) {
      for_each(mv.begin(), mv.end(), [](cv::Mat &I) { I.release
          (); });
 94
      mv.clear();
 95
    }
 96
 97
 98
     * \brief Analyzer::CleanUpMatVector
     * \param mv
100
101
    void Analyzer::CleanUpMatVector(Images_t *mv) {
102
      for_each(mv->begin(), mv->end(), [](Image_t &I) {
103
        I.BackLight.release();
104
        I.FrontLight.release();
105
      });
106
      mv->clear();
107
   }
108
109
110
     * \brief Analyzer::CalcMaxProgress
     */
111
112
   void Analyzer::CalcMaxProgress() {
113
      // Static processing steps
114
      MaxProgress += Snapshots->size() * 5;
115
116
      // Optional processing steps
117
      if (Settings->useBlur) {
118
        MaxProgress += Snapshots->size();
119
120
      if (Settings->useAdaptiveContrast) {
121
        MaxProgress += Snapshots->size();
122
123
      if (Settings->fillHoles) {
124
        MaxProgress += Snapshots->size();
125
126
      if (Settings->ignorePartialBorderParticles) {
127
        MaxProgress += Snapshots->size();
128
129
      if (Settings->morphFilterType != Vision::
          MorphologicalFilter::NONE) {
        MaxProgress += Snapshots->size();
130
131
132
```

```
133
      emit on_maxProgressUpdate(MaxProgress);
134
    }
135
136 void Analyzer::CalcMaxProgressAnalyze() {
      MaxProgress -= STARTING_ESTIMATE_PROGRESS;
138
      MaxProgress += Results->ParticlePopulation.size() * 2;
139
140
      emit on_maxProgressUpdate(MaxProgress);
141
   }
142
143 /*!
144
    * \brief Analyzer::GetEnhancedInt
     * \param snapshots
146
     * \param intensityVector
147
     */
148
    void Analyzer::GetEnhancedInt(Images_t *snapshots,
149
                                    std::vector<Mat> &
                                       intensityVector) {
150
      if (Settings->useBacklightProjection) {
151
       for_each(snapshots->begin(), snapshots->end(), [&](
          Image_t &I) {
          cv::Mat intensity;
152
153
          GetEnhancedInt(I.BackLight, intensity);
154
          intensityVector.push_back(intensity);
155
        });
156
      } else {
        for_each(snapshots->begin(), snapshots->end(), [&](
157
           Image_t &I) {
158
          cv::Mat intensity;
159
          GetEnhancedInt(I.FrontLight, intensity);
160
          intensityVector.push_back(intensity);
161
        });
162
   }
163
164
165
    * \brief Analyzer::GetEnhancedInt
166
     * \param img
167
168
     * \param intensity
169
170 void Analyzer::GetEnhancedInt(Mat &img, Mat &intensity) {
171
      Vision::Conversion IntConvertor(img.clone());
172
      IntConvertor.Convert(Vision::Conversion::RGB, Vision::
         Conversion::Intensity);
173
      emit on_progressUpdate(currentProgress++);
174
      SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(IntConvertor.ProcessedImg, uchar, 255, "RGB
          2 Int", false);
175
176
      if (Settings->useBlur) {
177
        Vision::Enhance IntBlur(IntConvertor.ProcessedImg.clone
178
        IntBlur.Blur(Settings->blurKernelSize);
179
        emit on_progressUpdate(currentProgress++);
180
        uint32_t HBK = Settings->blurKernelSize / 2;
181
        uint32_t BK = Settings->blurKernelSize - 1;
182
        if (Settings->useAdaptiveContrast) {
```

```
183
          Vision::Enhance IntAdaptContrast(
184
               IntBlur.ProcessedImg(
185
                           cv::Rect(HBK, HBK, IntBlur.
                               ProcessedImg.cols - BK,
186
                                     IntBlur.ProcessedImg.rows -
                                        BK)).clone());
187
          IntAdaptContrast.AdaptiveContrastStretch(
188
               Settings -> adaptContrastKernelSize,
189
               Settings->adaptContrastKernelFactor);
190
          emit on_progressUpdate(currentProgress++);
191
          uint32_t HAK = Settings->adaptContrastKernelSize / 2;
192
          uint32_t AK = Settings->adaptContrastKernelSize - 1;
193
          intensity = IntAdaptContrast.ProcessedImg(
194
               cv::Rect(HAK, HAK, IntAdaptContrast.ProcessedImg.
                  cols - AK,
195
                        IntAdaptContrast.ProcessedImg.rows - AK))
196
        } else {
197
          intensity = IntBlur.ProcessedImg(
198
               cv::Rect(HBK, HBK, IntBlur.ProcessedImg.cols - BK,
199
                        IntBlur.ProcessedImg.rows - BK));
200
201
      } else if (Settings->useAdaptiveContrast) {
202
        Vision:: Enhance IntAdaptContrast(IntConvertor.
            ProcessedImg.clone());
203
        IntAdaptContrast.AdaptiveContrastStretch(
204
            Settings->adaptContrastKernelSize, Settings->
                adaptContrastKernelFactor);
205
        emit on_progressUpdate(currentProgress++);
206
        uint32_t HAK = Settings->adaptContrastKernelSize / 2;
207
        uint32_t AK = Settings->adaptContrastKernelSize - 1;
208
        intensity = IntAdaptContrast.ProcessedImg(
209
             cv::Rect(HAK, HAK, IntAdaptContrast.ProcessedImg.
                cols - AK,
210
                      IntAdaptContrast.ProcessedImg.rows - AK));
211
      } else {
212
        intensity = IntConvertor.ProcessedImg;
213
214
      SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(intensity, uchar, 255, "Enhanced Int",
          false);
215
    }
216
217
     * \brief Analyzer::GetBW
     * \param images
219
220
     * \param BWvector
221
222
    void Analyzer::GetBW(std::vector<cv::Mat> &images,
223
                          std::vector<cv::Mat> &BWvector) {
224
      for_each(images.begin(), images.end(), [&](cv::Mat &I) {
225
        cv::Mat BW;
226
        GetBW(I, BW);
227
        BWvector.push_back(BW);
228
      });
229
    }
230
```

```
231 /*!
232
    * \brief Analyzer::GetBW
233
     * \param img
234
     * \param BW
235
     */
236 void Analyzer::GetBW(cv::Mat &img, cv::Mat &BW) {
237
      Vision::Segment SegBL(img.clone());
238
      SegBL.sigma = Settings->sigmaFactor;
239
      SegBL.thresholdOffset = Settings->thresholdOffsetValue;
240
      SegBL.ConvertToBW(Settings->typeOfObjectsSegmented);
241
      emit on_progressUpdate(currentProgress++);
242
      SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(SegBL.ProcessedImg, uchar, 255, "Segment",
         true);
243
244
      cv::Mat BWholes;
245
      if (Settings->fillHoles) {
246
        Vision::Segment Fillholes(SegBL.ProcessedImg);
247
        Fillholes.FillHoles();
248
        BWholes = Fillholes.ProcessedImg;
249
        emit on_progressUpdate(currentProgress++);
250
        SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(BWholes, uchar, 255, "Fillholes", true);
251
      } else {
252
        BWholes = SegBL.ProcessedImg;
253
      }
254
255
      cv::Mat BWborder;
256
      if (Settings->ignorePartialBorderParticles) {
257
        Vision::Segment RemoveBB(BWholes.clone());
258
        RemoveBB.RemoveBorderBlobs();
259
        BWborder = RemoveBB.ProcessedImg;
260
        emit on_progressUpdate(currentProgress++);
261
        SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(BWborder, uchar, 255, "RemoveBorderBlobs"
            , true);
262
      } else {
263
        BWborder = BWholes;
264
265
266
      if (Settings->morphFilterType != Vision::
         MorphologicalFilter::NONE) {
267
        Vision::MorphologicalFilter Morph(BWborder.clone());
268
        cv::Mat kernel = cv::Mat::zeros(Settings->filterMaskSize
269
                                          Settings ->filterMaskSize
                                              , CV_8UC1);
270
        uint32_t hMaskSize = Settings->filterMaskSize / 2;
271
        cv::circle(kernel, cv::Point(hMaskSize, hMaskSize),
           hMaskSize + 1, 1, -1);
272
        switch (Settings->morphFilterType) {
273
        case Vision::MorphologicalFilter::CLOSE:
274
          Morph.Close(kernel);
275
          break;
276
        case Vision::MorphologicalFilter::OPEN:
277
          Morph.Open(kernel);
278
          break;
279
        case Vision::MorphologicalFilter::DILATE:
280
          Morph.Dilation(kernel);
```

```
281
          break;
282
        case Vision::MorphologicalFilter::ERODE:
283
          Morph. Erosion (kernel);
284
          break;
285
        case Vision::MorphologicalFilter::NONE:
286
          Morph.ProcessedImg = Morph.OriginalImg;
287
        }
288
289
        BW = Morph.ProcessedImg;
290
        emit on_progressUpdate(currentProgress++);
291
        SHOW_DEBUG_IMG(BW, uchar, 255, "Morphological operation"
            , true);
292
      } else {
        BW = BWholes;
293
294
295 }
296
297
    /*!
298
    * \brief Analyzer::GetParticles
     * \param BW
300
     * \param snapshots
301
     * \param partPopulation
302
303
    void Analyzer::GetParticles(std::vector<Mat> &BW, Images_t *
       snapshots,
304
                                  Particle::ParticleVector_t &
                                     partPopulation) {
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < snapshots->size(); i++) {
305
306
        Vision::Segment prepBW(BW[i]);
307
        prepBW.GetBlobList();
308
        emit on_progressUpdate(currentProgress++);
309
        GetParticlesFromBlobList(prepBW.BlobList, &(snapshots->
            at(i)),
310
                                   partPopulation);
311
        emit on_progressUpdate(currentProgress++);
312
313 }
314
315
316
     * \brief Analyzer::GetParticlesFromBlobList
     * \param bloblist
317
318
    * \param snapshot
319
     * \param edge
320
     * \param partPopulation
321
     */
322
    void Analyzer::GetParticlesFromBlobList(
323
        Vision::Segment::BlobList_t &bloblist, Image_t *snapshot
324
        Particle::ParticleVector_t &partPopulation) {
325
      for_each(bloblist.begin(), bloblist.end(), [&](Vision::
          Segment::Blob_t &B) {
326
        Particle part;
327
        part.ID = currentParticleID++;
328
        part.PixelArea = B.Area;
329
        Vision::Segment::getOrientented(B.Img, B.Centroid, B.
            Theta,
```

```
part.Eccentricty);
330
331
        cv::Mat RGB = Vision::Segment::CopyMat<uchar>(snapshot->
            FrontLight (B.ROI),
332
                                                          B. Img,
                                                             CV_8UC3
                                                             ).clone
                                                             ();
333
        cv::Rect ROI;
334
        Vision::Segment::RotateImg(B.Img, part.BW, B.Theta, B.
            Centroid, ROI);
335
        Vision::Segment::RotateImg(RGB, part.RGB, B.Theta, B.
            Centroid, ROI);
336
        Vision::Segment edgeSeg(part.BW);
337
        edgeSeg.GetEdgesEroding();
338
        part.Edge = edgeSeg.ProcessedImg.clone();
339
        part.SIPixelFactor = snapshot->SIPixelFactor;
340
        part.isPreparedForAnalysis = false;
341
        part.SetRoundness();
342
        partPopulation.push_back(part);
343
      });
344
    }
345
346
   /*!
347
     * \brief Analyzer::GetFFD
348
     * \param particalPopulation
349
    void Analyzer::GetFFD(Particle::ParticleVector_t &
350
       particalPopulation) {
351
      //for_each(particalPopulation.begin(), particalPopulation.
          end(), [&](Particle &P) {
352
      QtConcurrent::blockingMap < Particle::ParticleVector_t > (
353
          particalPopulation, [&](Particle &P) {
354
            if (!P.isPreparedForAnalysis) {
355
               try {
356
                 SoilMath::FFT fft;
357
                 P.FFDescriptors = fft.GetDescriptors(P.Edge);
358
                 P.isPreparedForAnalysis = true;
359
               } catch (SoilMath::Exception::MathException &e) {
360
                 if (*e.id() == EXCEPTION_NO_CONTOUR_FOUND_NR) {
361
                   P.isSmall = true;
362
                 }
               }
363
364
               emit on_progressUpdate(currentProgress++);
365
            }
366
          });
367
    }
368
369
    /*!
370
     * \brief Analyzer::GetPrediction
371
     * \param particlePopulation
372
     */
373
   void Analyzer::GetPrediction(Particle::ParticleVector_t &
       particlePopulation) {
374
      for_each(particlePopulation.begin(), particlePopulation.
          end().
375
                [&](Particle &P) {
```

```
376
                  if (P.isPreparedForAnalysis) {
377
                    if (!P.isSmall) {
378
                      ComplexVect_t usedFFDescr(P.FFDescriptors.
                          begin(),
379
                                                  P.FFDescriptors.
                                                      begin() +
380
                                                       NeuralNet.
                                                          GetInputNeurons
381
                      P.Classification = NeuralNet.Predict(
                          usedFFDescr);
382
                      P.isAnalysed = true;
383
                    }
                  }
384
385
                });
386 }
387
388
    float Analyzer::CalibrateSI(float SI, Mat &img) {
389
      Vision::Conversion greyConv(img);
390
      greyConv.Convert(Vision::Conversion::RGB, Vision::
          Conversion::Intensity);
391
      Vision::Segment segment(greyConv.ProcessedImg);
392
      segment.ConvertToBW(Vision::Segment::Dark);
393
      segment.GetBlobList(true);
394
      uint32_t maxCircle = 0;
395
      for_each(segment.BlobList.begin(), segment.BlobList.end(),
396
                [&](Vision::Segment::Blob_t &B) {
397
                  if (B.ROI.height > maxCircle) {
398
                    maxCircle = B.ROI.height;
399
400
                  if (B.ROI.width > maxCircle) {
401
                    maxCircle = B.ROI.width;
402
403
                });
      qDebug() << "Maximum circle in pixels: " << maxCircle;</pre>
404
405
      CurrentSIfactor = SI / maxCircle;
406
      qDebug() << "Current SI factor : " << CurrentSIfactor;</pre>
407
      return CurrentSIfactor;
408 }
409
    }
```

F.O.2 Sample Class

```
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       strictly prohibited
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   * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
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    * This software is proprietary and confidential
5
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
6
    */
7
  #pragma once
10 #include "stdint.h"
11 #include <vector>
12 #include <string>
13 #include "Stats.h"
14 #include "psd.h"
15 #include "particle.h"
16 #include <fstream>
17 #include <boost/archive/binary_iarchive.hpp>
18 #include <boost/archive/binary_oarchive.hpp>
19 #include <boost/serialization/string.hpp>
20 #include <boost/serialization/version.hpp>
21 #include <boost/serialization/vector.hpp>
22 #include <boost/iostreams/filter/zlib.hpp>
23 #include <boost/iostreams/filtering_streambuf.hpp>
24 #include "zlib.h"
25 #include "soilanalyzertypes.h"
26
27 namespace SoilAnalyzer {
28 class Sample {
29 public:
30
     Sample();
31
32
                            /*!< The sample ID*/</pre>
     uint32_t ID;
33
     std::string Location; /*! < The Location where the sample
        was taken*/
     double Longtitude = 4.629618299999947;
34
35
     double Latitude = 51.8849149;
36
     double Depth = 0;
37
     std::string Date = "01-09-2015";
     std::string Name; /*!< The sample name identifier*/</pre>
38
39
40
     Particle::ParticleVector_t
41
         ParticlePopulation; /*! < the individual particles of
             the sample */
42
43
     SoilMath::PSD PSD; /*! < The Particle Size Distribution*/
44
     ucharStat_t Roundness;
45
     ucharStat_t Angularity;
46
     floatStat_t RI; /*!< The statistical Redness Index data*/</pre>
47
48
     void Save(const std::string &filename);
49
     void Load(const std::string &filename);
50
```

```
Particle::PSDVector_t *GetPSDVector();
      Particle::ClassVector_t *GetRoundnessVector();
53
      Particle::ClassVector_t *GetAngularityVector();
54
      Particle::doubleVector_t *GetCIELab_aVector();
55
      Particle::doubleVector_t *GetCIELab_bVector();
56
57
      bool isPreparedForAnalysis =
58
          false; /*!< is the sample ready for analysis, are all
             the particles
59
                     extracted*/
60
      bool isAnalysed = false; /*!< is the sample analyzed*/
61
      bool ChangesSinceLastSave = false;
62
63
      bool ParticleChangedStatePSD = false;
      bool ParticleChangedStateClass = false;
64
65
      bool ParticleChangedStateRoundness = false;
66
      bool ParticleChangedStateAngularity = false;
67
      bool ColorChange = false;
68
69
      bool IsLoadedFromDisk = false;
70
71
   private:
72
      Particle::PSDVector_t Diameter; /*! < The PSD raw data*/
73
      bool PSDGathered = false;
                                        /*!< is the raw data
         gathered*/
74
      Particle::ClassVector_t RoundnessVec;
75
      bool RoundnessGathered = false;
      Particle::ClassVector_t AngularityVec;
77
      bool AngularityGathered = false;
78
      Particle::doubleVector_t CIELab_aVec;
79
      bool CIELab_aGathered = false;
80
      Particle::doubleVector_t CIELab_bVec;
81
      bool CIELab_bGathered = false;
82
83
      friend class boost::serialization::access;
84
      template <class Archive>
85
      void serialize(Archive &ar, const unsigned int version) {
86
        ar &ID;
87
        ar &Location;
88
        ar &Name;
89
        ar &ParticlePopulation;
90
        ar &Diameter;
91
        ar &RoundnessVec;
92
        ar & Angularity Vec;
93
        ar &PSD;
94
        ar &Roundness;
95
        ar &Angularity;
96
        ar &RI;
97
        ar &isPreparedForAnalysis;
98
        ar &isAnalysed;
99
        ar &ChangesSinceLastSave;
100
        ar &ParticleChangedStatePSD;
101
        ar &ParticleChangedStateClass;
102
        ar &ParticleChangedStateAngularity;
103
        ar &ParticleChangedStateRoundness;
104
        ar &PSDGathered;
```

```
105
        ar &RoundnessGathered;
106
        ar & Angularity Gathered;
107
        ar &IsLoadedFromDisk;
108
        if (version > 0) {
109
          ar &Longtitude;
110
          ar &Latitude;
111
          ar &Date;
112
          ar &Depth;
113
          ar &AngularityVec;
114
          ar & Angularity Gathered;
115
          ar &CIELab_aVec;
116
          ar &CIELab_aGathered;
117
          ar &CIELab_bVec;
118
          ar &CIELab_bGathered;
          ar &ColorChange;
119
120
        } else {
121
          Latitude = 51.8849149;
122
          Longtitude = 4.629618299999947;
123
          Date = "01-10-2015";
124
          Depth = 0;
125
          CIELab_aVec = Particle::doubleVector_t();
126
          CIELab_aGathered = false;
127
          CIELab_bVec = Particle::doubleVector_t();
128
          CIELab_bGathered = false;
129
          ColorChange = false;
130
        }
131
      }
132 };
133 }
134 BOOST_CLASS_VERSION(SoilAnalyzer::Sample, 1)
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 4
 5
     * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
 6
     */
 7
 8 #include "sample.h"
 9 #include "particle.h"
 10
 11 namespace SoilAnalyzer {
 12 namespace io = boost::iostreams;
13
 14 /*!
 15
   * \brief Sample::Sample
 16
 17 Sample::Sample() {}
 18
 19 /*!
   * \brief Sample::Save
21
    * \param filename
22
     */
23 void Sample::Save(const std::string &filename) {
```

```
24
     std::ofstream ofs(filename.c_str(), std::ios::out | std::
         ios::binary);
25
     {
26
       io::filtering_streambuf <io::output > out;
27
28
       out.push(io::zlib_compressor(io::zlib::best_compression)
29
       out.push(ofs);
30
       {
31
         boost::archive::binary_oarchive oa(out);
32
         oa << boost::serialization::make_nvp("Sample", *this);</pre>
33
34
     }
35
     ofs.close();
36
   }
37
38
   * \brief Sample::Load
40
   * \param filename
41
    */
42
   void Sample::Load(const std::string &filename) {
     std::ifstream ifs(filename.c_str(), std::ios::in | std::
         ios::binary);
44
     {
45
       io::filtering_streambuf <io::input> in;
46
47
       in.push(io::zlib_decompressor());
48
       in.push(ifs);
49
       {
50
         boost::archive::binary_iarchive ia(in);
51
         ia >> boost::serialization::make_nvp("Sample", *this);
52
53
54
     ifs.close();
55 }
56
57
  /*!
58
   * \brief Sample::GetPSDVector
   * \return
60
61
   Particle::PSDVector_t *Sample::GetPSDVector() {
     if (!PSDGathered || ParticleChangedStatePSD) {
62
63
       Diameter.clear();
       for_each(ParticlePopulation.begin(), ParticlePopulation.
64
           end(),
                 [&](Particle &P) { Diameter.push_back(P.
65
                    GetSiDiameter()); });
66
       PSDGathered = true;
       ParticleChangedStatePSD = false;
67
68
     }
69
     return &Diameter;
70
71
   Particle::ClassVector_t *Sample::GetAngularityVector() {
     if (!AngularityGathered || ParticleChangedStateAngularity)
          {
```

```
74
        AngularityVec.clear();
        for_each(ParticlePopulation.begin(), ParticlePopulation.
75
            end(),
76
                  [&](Particle &P) { AngularityVec.push_back(P.
                     GetAngularity()); });
77
        AngularityGathered = true;
78
        ParticleChangedStateAngularity = false;
79
      }
 80
      return &AngularityVec;
81
   }
82
83
   Particle::ClassVector_t *Sample::GetRoundnessVector() {
      if (!RoundnessGathered || ParticleChangedStateRoundness) {
84
85
        RoundnessVec.clear();
        for_each(ParticlePopulation.begin(), ParticlePopulation.
86
            end(),
                  [&](Particle &P) { RoundnessVec.push_back(P.
87
                     GetRoundness()); });
88
        RoundnessGathered = true;
 89
        ParticleChangedStateRoundness = false;
90
91
      return &RoundnessVec;
   }
92
93
94 Particle::doubleVector_t *Sample::GetCIELab_aVector() {
      if (!CIELab_aGathered || ColorChange) {
95
96
        CIELab_aVec.clear();
97
        for_each(ParticlePopulation.begin(), ParticlePopulation.
            end(),
                  [&](Particle &P) { CIELab_aVec.push_back(P.
98
                     getMeanLab().a); });
99
        CIELab_aGathered = true;
100
101
      return &CIELab_aVec;
102
103
104
    Particle::doubleVector_t *Sample::GetCIELab_bVector() {
105
      if (!CIELab_bGathered || ColorChange) {
106
        CIELab_bVec.clear();
107
        for_each(ParticlePopulation.begin(), ParticlePopulation.
            end(),
108
                  [&](Particle &P) { CIELab_bVec.push_back(P.
                     getMeanLab().b); });
109
        CIELab_bGathered = true;
110
      }
111
      return &CIELab_bVec;
112
    }
113
    }
```

F.O.3 Particle Class

```
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3
    * and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
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   #pragma once
9 #include <opencv2/core.hpp>
10 #include <stdint.h>
11 #include <vector>
12 #include "SoilMath.h"
13 #include <fstream>
14 #include <boost/archive/binary_iarchive.hpp>
15 #include <boost/archive/binary_oarchive.hpp>
16 #include <boost/serialization/string.hpp>
17 #include <boost/serialization/version.hpp>
18 #include <boost/serialization/vector.hpp>
19 #include <boost/iostreams/filter/zlib.hpp>
20 #include <boost/iostreams/filtering_streambuf.hpp>
21 #include "zlib.h"
22 #include "soilanalyzerexception.h"
23 #include "lab_t_archive.h"
24 #include "soilanalyzertypes.h"
25 #include "Vision.h"
26
27 namespace SoilAnalyzer {
28 class Particle {
29
   public:
     typedef std::vector<Particle>
30
31
         ParticleVector_t; /*!< a vector consisting of
            individual particles*/
32
     typedef std::vector<double> PSDVector_t; /*!< a vector</pre>
        used in the PSD*/
33
     typedef std::vector<uint8_t>
34
         ClassVector_t; /*!< a vector used in the
             classification histogram*/
35
     typedef std::vector<float> floatVector_t;
36
     typedef std::vector<double> doubleVector_t;
37
38
     Particle();
39
40
     uint32_t ID; /*!< The particle ID*/</pre>
41
42
     cv::Mat BW;
                    /*!< The binary image of the particle*/</pre>
     cv::Mat Edge; /*!< The binary edge image of the particle*/</pre>
43
44
     cv::Mat RGB; /*!< The RGB image of the particle*/</pre>
45
46
     Point_t Centroid = {0, 0};
47
     std::vector<Complex_t> FFDescriptors; /*!< The Fast</pre>
        Fourier Descriptors
```

```
48
                                                 describing the
                                                     contour in the
49
                                                  Frequency domain
                                                     */
50
     Predict_t Classification;
                                              /*!< The
         classification prediction*/
51
     double SIPixelFactor = 0.0111915; /*!< The conversion</pre>
         factor from pixel to SI*/
52
     uint32_t PixelArea = 0;
                                         /*! < The total area of
         the binary image*/
53
     double Eccentricty = 1;
54
55
     float GetSIVolume();
56
     float GetSiDiameter();
57
     uint8_t GetRoundness();
58
     uint8_t GetAngularity();
59
     float GetMeanRI();
60
     Lab_t getMeanLab();
61
62
     void SetRoundness();
63
64
     void Save(const std::string &filename);
     void Load(const std::string &filename);
65
66
     bool isPreparedForAnalysis = false; /*!< is the particle</pre>
67
         ready for analysis*/
     bool isAnalysed = false;
                                           /*!< is the particle</pre>
68
         analyzed*/
69
     bool isSmall = false;
70
71
  private:
72
     float SIVolume = 0.; /*! < The correspondening SI volume*/
73
     float SIDiameter = 0.;
74
75
     float meanRI = 0;
76
     Lab_t meanLab{0,0,0};
77
     cv::Mat LAB;
78
79
     void getLabImg();
80
81
     friend class boost::serialization::access;
82
     template <class Archive>
83
     void serialize(Archive &ar, const unsigned int version) {
84
85
       ar &ID;
86
       ar &BW;
87
       ar &Edge;
88
       ar &RGB;
89
       ar &FFDescriptors;
90
       ar &Classification;
91
       ar &SIPixelFactor;
92
       ar &PixelArea;
93
       ar &SIVolume;
94
       ar &isPreparedForAnalysis;
95
       ar &isAnalysed;
96
       if (version > 0) {
```

```
97
          ar &isSmall;
 98
          ar &SIDiameter;
99
          ar &Centroid.x;
100
          ar &Centroid.y;
101
          ar &Eccentricty;
        } else {
102
103
          isSmall = false;
104
          SIDiameter = GetSiDiameter();
105
          Centroid.x = 0;
106
          Centroid.y = 0;
107
          Eccentricty = 1;
        }
108
109
        if (version > 1) {
110
             ar &meanLab;
111
             ar &meanRI;
112
          }
113
        else {
114
            meanLab.L = 0;
115
            meanLab.a = 0;
116
            meanLab.b = 0;
117
118
      }
119 };
120 }
121
   BOOST_CLASS_VERSION(SoilAnalyzer::Particle, 2)
   /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
 2
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     */
 6
 7
 8 #include "particle.h"
 9
   namespace SoilAnalyzer {
    namespace io = boost::iostreams;
 11
 12
 13 Particle::Particle() {}
 14
 15
    * \brief Particle::Save
 16
 17
    * \param filename
 18
    */
 19
    void Particle::Save(const std::string &filename) {
 20
      std::ofstream ofs(filename.c_str(), std::ios::out | std::
          ios::binary);
 21
 22
        io::filtering_streambuf <io::output > out;
 23
24
        out.push(io::zlib_compressor(io::zlib::best_compression)
            );
 25
        out.push(ofs);
 26
```

```
27
          boost::archive::binary_oarchive oa(out);
28
          oa << boost::serialization::make_nvp("Particle", *this
             );
29
       }
30
     }
31
     ofs.close();
32
   }
33
34 /*!
35
   * \brief Particle::Load
    * \param filename
36
37
   void Particle::Load(const std::string &filename) {
38
39
     std::ifstream ifs(filename.c_str(), std::ios::in | std::
         ios::binary);
40
41
       io::filtering_streambuf <io::input> in;
42
43
       in.push(io::zlib_decompressor());
44
       in.push(ifs);
45
46
          boost::archive::binary_iarchive ia(in);
47
          ia >> boost::serialization::make_nvp("Particle", *this
48
       }
49
     }
50
     ifs.close();
51
   }
52
53
   /*!
    * \brief Particle::GetSIVolume
54
55
    * \return
56
    */
57
  float Particle::GetSIVolume() {
58
     if (SIVolume == 0.) {
59
       if (PixelArea == 0) {
60
          throw Exception::SoilAnalyzerException(
              EXCEPTION_PARTICLE_NOT_ANALYZED,
61
                 EXCEPTION_PARTICLE_NOT_ANALYZED_NR);
62
63
       SIVolume = SoilMath::calcVolume(PixelArea) *
           SIPixelFactor * (Eccentricty/2 + 0.5);
64
     }
65
     return SIVolume;
  }
66
67
   float Particle::GetSiDiameter() {
68
69
     if (SIDiameter == 0.) {
70
       if (PixelArea == 0) {
71
          throw Exception::SoilAnalyzerException(
72
              EXCEPTION_PARTICLE_NOT_ANALYZED,
                 EXCEPTION_PARTICLE_NOT_ANALYZED_NR);
73
74
       SIDiameter = SoilMath::calcDiameter(PixelArea) *
           SIPixelFactor * (Eccentricty/2 + 0.5);
75
     }
```

```
return SIDiameter;
 77 }
78
 79
    uint8_t Particle::GetAngularity() {
      uint8_t angularity = ((Classification.Category - 1) % 6) +
          1:
 81
      return angularity;
 82
    }
 83
84
   uint8_t Particle::GetRoundness() {
      uint8_t roundness = ((Classification.Category - 1) / 6) +
      return roundness;
 87 }
 88
 89 void Particle::SetRoundness() {
 90
      uint8_t ang = GetAngularity() - 1;
 91
      Classification.Category +=
 92
          ang + (static_cast < uint8_t > (floor(Eccentricty / 0.33))
               * 6);
 93
      Classification.ManualSet = true;
 94 }
 95
 96 Lab_t Particle::getMeanLab() {
 97
      if (BW.empty() || RGB.empty()) {
 98
        throw SoilAnalyzer::Exception::SoilAnalyzerException(
99
             EXCEPTION_NO_IMAGES_PRESENT,
                EXCEPTION_NO_IMAGES_PRESENT_NR);
100
      }
101
      if (meanLab.L == 0 \&\& meanLab.a == 0 \&\& meanLab.b == 0) {
102
        // convert to Lab
103
        if (LAB.empty()) {
104
          getLabImg();
        }
105
106
        std::vector < cv::Mat > LABvect = Vision::Conversion::
            extractChannel(LAB);
107
        std::vector<float> labvect;
108
        for_each(LABvect.begin(), LABvect.end(), [&](cv::Mat &I)
109
          floatStat_t labStat((float *)I.data, I.rows, I.cols, (
              uchar *) BW.data, 1,
110
                                0, true);
111
          labvect.push_back(labStat.Mean);
112
        });
113
        meanLab.L = labvect[0];
        meanLab.a = labvect[1];
114
115
        meanLab.b = labvect[2];
116
      }
117
      return meanLab;
118 }
119
120
   float Particle::GetMeanRI() {
121
      if (BW.empty() || RGB.empty()) {
122
        throw SoilAnalyzer::Exception::SoilAnalyzerException(
123
             EXCEPTION_NO_IMAGES_PRESENT,
                EXCEPTION_NO_IMAGES_PRESENT_NR);
```

```
124
      }
125
      if (meanRI == 0) {
126
        if (LAB.empty()) {
127
          getLabImg();
128
129
        Vision::Conversion convertor(LAB);
130
        convertor.Convert(Vision::Conversion::CIE_lab, Vision::
           Conversion::RI);
131
        floatStat_t RIstat((float *)convertor.ProcessedImg.data,
            LAB.rows, LAB.cols,
132
                            (uchar *)BW.data, 1, 0, true);
133
        meanRI = RIstat.Mean;
      }
134
135
      return meanRI;
136
   }
137
138
   void Particle::getLabImg() {
139
      Vision::Conversion convertor(RGB);
140
      convertor.Convert(Vision::Conversion::RGB, Vision::
         Conversion::CIE_lab);
141
      LAB = convertor.ProcessedImg.clone();
142 }
143 }
```

F.O.4 Settings Class

```
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    * This software is proprietary and confidential
    * Written by Jelle Spijker <spijker.jelle@gmail.com>, 2015
    */
6
  #pragma once
10 #include <string>
11 #include <fstream>
12 #include <boost/archive/xml_iarchive.hpp>
13 #include <boost/archive/xml_oarchive.hpp>
14 #include <boost/serialization/version.hpp>
15 #include "../SoilVision/Vision.h"
17
  namespace SoilAnalyzer {
18
  /*!
   * \brief The SoilSettings class
   * \details A class with which the used settings can easily
       transfered to setup
21
    * the Sample class in one go. This class is also used in
       the GUI. and has a
22
    * possibility to saved to disk as a serialized object
23
   */
24 class SoilSettings {
25
  public:
26
     SoilSettings();
27
28
29
      * \brief SaveSettings a function to save the settings to
         disk
      * \param filename a string with the filename
30
31
     void SaveSettings(std::string filename);
32
33
34
     /*!
      * \brief LoadSettings a function to load the settings
35
         from disk
36
      * \param filename a string with the filename
37
38
     void LoadSettings(std::string filename);
39
40
     bool useAdaptiveContrast =
41
         false; /**< Should adaptive contrast stretch be used</pre>
            default is true */
42
     uint32_t adaptContrastKernelSize =
43
         9; /**< The size of the adaptive contrast kernelsize*/
44
     float adaptContrastKernelFactor = 1.; /**< the factor with</pre>
         which to multiply
45
                                                the effect of the
                                                    adaptive
```

```
contrast
46
                                                  stretch*/
47
48
     bool useBlur = false; /**< Should the mediaan blur be used
          during analsyis*/
49
     uint32_t blurKernelSize = 5; /**< the median blurkernel*/</pre>
50
51
     Vision::Segment::TypeOfObjects typeOfObjectsSegmented =
52
          Vision::Segment::Dark; /**< Which type of object</pre>
             should be segmented*/
     bool ignorePartialBorderParticles =
53
54
          true; /**< Indication of partial border particles
             should be used*/
55
     bool fillHoles = true; /**< should the holes be filled*/
     float sigmaFactor = 2; /**< The sigma factor or the</pre>
56
         bandwidth indicating which
57
                                 pixel intensity values count
                                     belong to an object*/
58
     int thresholdOffsetValue = 0; /**< an tweaking offset</pre>
         value*/
59
60
     Vision::MorphologicalFilter::FilterType morphFilterType =
          Vision::MorphologicalFilter::OPEN; /**< Indicating</pre>
61
             which type of
62
                                                  morhpological
                                                      filter should
                                                       be
63
                                                   used*/
64
     uint32_t filterMaskSize = 5;
                                               /**< the filter
         mask*/
65
     uint32_t HDRframes =
66
67
          5; /**< The number of frames which should be used for
             the HDR image*/
68
     float lightLevel = 0.5; /**< The light level of the
         environmental case*/
69
     bool encInv = false;
                               /**< invert the values gained form
          the encoder*/
70
     bool enableRainbow =
71
          true; /**< run a rainbow loop on the RGB encoder
             during analysis*/
72
     bool useBacklightProjection = true;
                                                      /*!< use
         Projection*/
     bool useHDR = false;
73
                                                       /*!< use HDR
74
     std::string defaultWebcam = "USB Microscope"; /*!< The</pre>
         defaultWebcam string*/
75
     int Brightness_front = 0; /*!< cam brightness setting</pre>
         front light*/
76
     int Brightness_proj = -10; /*!< cam brightness setting</pre>
         projected light*/
77
     int Contrast_front = 36;  /*!< cam contrast setting front</pre>
          light */
78
     int Contrast_proj = 36;
                                  /*! < cam contrast setting
         projected light */
```

```
79
      int Saturation_front = 64; /*!< cam saturation setting</pre>
         front light */
80
      int Saturation_proj = 0;
                                 /*!< cam saturation setting</pre>
         projected light*/
81
      int Hue_front = 0;
                                   /*! < cam hue setting front
         light*/
82
                                   /*!< cam hue setting projected</pre>
      int Hue_proj = -40;
         light */
83
      int Gamma_front = 100;
                                   /*!< cam gamma setting front</pre>
         light*/
84
      int Gamma_proj = 200;
                                   /*!< cam gamma setting</pre>
         projected light */
85
      int PowerLineFrequency_front =
86
          1; /*! < cam powerline freq setting front light*/
87
      int PowerLineFrequency_proj =
88
                                  /*!< cam powerline freq setting</pre>
          1;
              projected light */
89
      int Sharpness_front = 12; /*!< cam sharpness setting front</pre>
          light */
90
      int Sharpness_proj = 25; /*!< cam sharpness setting</pre>
         projected light*/
91
      int BackLightCompensation_front =
92
          1; /*! < cam backlight compensation setting front light
93
      int BackLightCompensation_proj =
94
          1; /*! < cam backlight compensation setting projected
              light*/
95
      std::string NNlocation = "NeuralNet/Default.NN";
96
      bool useCUDA = false; /*!< CUDA enabled*/</pre>
      int selectedResolution = 0;
97
      std::string SampleFolder = "~/Samples";
98
99
      std::string SettingsFolder = "Settings";
100
      std::string NNFolder = "NeuralNet";
101
      std::string StandardSentTo = "j.spijker@ihcmerwede.com";
      std::string StandardPrinter = "PDF printer";
102
103
      uint32_t StandardNumberOfShots = 10;
104
      bool PredictTheShape = true;
105
      bool Revolution = true;
106 private:
107
      friend class boost::serialization::access;
108
      template <class Archive>
109
      void serialize(Archive &ar, const unsigned int version) {
110
        if (version >= 0) {
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(useAdaptiveContrast);
111
112
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(adaptContrastKernelFactor)
113
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(adaptContrastKernelSize);
114
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(useBlur);
115
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(blurKernelSize);
116
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(typeOfObjectsSegmented);
117
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(
              ignorePartialBorderParticles);
118
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(fillHoles);
119
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(sigmaFactor);
120
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(morphFilterType);
121
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(filterMaskSize);
```

```
122
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(thresholdOffsetValue);
123
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(HDRframes);
124
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(lightLevel);
125
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(encInv);
126
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(enableRainbow);
127
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(useBacklightProjection);
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(useHDR);
128
129
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(defaultWebcam);
130
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(Brightness_front);
131
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(Brightness_proj);
132
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(Contrast_front);
133
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(Contrast_proj);
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(Saturation_front);
134
135
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(Saturation_proj);
136
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(Hue_front);
137
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(Hue_proj);
138
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(Gamma_front);
139
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(Gamma_proj);
140
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(PowerLineFrequency_front);
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(PowerLineFrequency_proj);
141
142
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(Sharpness_front);
143
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(Sharpness_proj);
144
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(
             BackLightCompensation_front);
145
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(BackLightCompensation_proj
             );
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(NNlocation);
146
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(useCUDA);
147
148
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(selectedResolution);
149
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(SampleFolder);
150
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(SettingsFolder);
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(NNFolder);
151
152
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(StandardSentTo);
153
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(StandardPrinter);
154
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(StandardNumberOfShots);
155
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(PredictTheShape);
156
          ar &BOOST_SERIALIZATION_NVP(Revolution);
        }
157
158
      }
159
   };
160
   }
   BOOST_CLASS_VERSION(SoilAnalyzer::SoilSettings, 0)
    /* Copyright (C) Jelle Spijker - All Rights Reserved
 1
 2
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        strictly prohibited
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     st and only allowed with the written consent of the author (
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 4
 5
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 6
     */
 7
 8
   #include "soilsettings.h"
 10 namespace SoilAnalyzer {
 11 SoilSettings::SoilSettings() {}
```

```
13 void SoilSettings::LoadSettings(string filename) {
     std::ifstream ifs(filename.c_str());
15
     boost::archive::xml_iarchive ia(ifs);
     ia >> boost::serialization::make_nvp("SoilSettings", *this
        );
   }
17
18
19 void SoilSettings::SaveSettings(string filename) {
20
     std::ofstream ofs(filename.c_str());
21
     boost::archive::xml_oarchive oa(ofs);
22
     oa << boost::serialization::make_nvp("SoilSettings", *this</pre>
23 }
24 }
```

F.O.5 General project files

```
1 #-----
2
3
  # Project created by QtCreator 2015-08-08T18:57:27
4 #
5 #-----
6
7 QT
           += core gui concurrent
8 QMAKE_CXXFLAGS += -std=c++11
9
10 greaterThan(QT_MAJOR_VERSION, 4): QT += widgets
11 @
12 CONFIG(release, debug|release):DEFINES += QT_NO_DEBUG_OUTPUT
13 @
14
15 TARGET = SoilAnalyzer
16 TEMPLATE = lib
17 \quad VERSION = 0.9.96
18
19 DEFINES += SOILANALYZER_LIBRARY
20
21 SOURCES += \
      soilsettings.cpp \
22
23
      sample.cpp \
24
      particle.cpp \
25
      analyzer.cpp
26
27 HEADERS +=\
28
      soilsettings.h \
29
      sample.h \
30
      particle.h \
31
      analyzer.h \
32
      soilanalyzerexception.h \
33
      soilanalyzer.h \
34
      lab_t_archive.h \
35
       soilanalyzertypes.h
36
37 #opencv
38 LIBS += -L/usr/local/lib -lopencv_core -lopencv_highgui
39 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/local/include/opencv
40 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/local/include
41
42 #boost
43 DEFINES += BOOST_ALL_DYN_LINK
44 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/include/boost
45 LIBS += -L/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ -lboost_serialization -
      lboost_iostreams
46
47 #Zlib
48 LIBS += -L/usr/local/lib -lz
49 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/local/include
50
51 unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -1SoilMath
52 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../SoilMath
53 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../SoilMath
```

```
54
   unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -
      1SoilVision
  INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../SoilVision
  DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../SoilVision
59
  #MainLib
60
61 target.path = $PWD/../../build/install
62 INSTALLS += target
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6
    */
  #pragma once
10 #include <boost/archive/binary_iarchive.hpp>
11 #include <boost/archive/binary_oarchive.hpp>
12 #include <boost/serialization/access.hpp>
13 #include "soilanalyzertypes.h"
14
15 namespace boost {
16 namespace serialization {
17
18
   * \brief serialize Serialize the openCV mat to disk
19
   */
20 template <class Archive>
   inline void serialize(Archive &ar, SoilAnalyzer::Lab_t &P,
      const unsigned int version __attribute__((unused))) {
22
     ar &P.L;
23
     ar &P.a;
24
     ar &P.b;
25 }
26 }
27 }
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7 #define EXCEPTION_PARTICLE_NOT_ANALYZED "Particle not
      analyzed Exception!"
8 #define EXCEPTION_PARTICLE_NOT_ANALYZED_NR 0
9 #define EXCEPTION_NO_SNAPSHOTS "No snapshots Exception!"
10 #define EXCEPTION_NO_SNAPSHOTS_NR 1
```

```
11 #define EXCEPTION_NO_IMAGES_PRESENT "No images to analyse
       exception!"
12 #define EXCEPTION_NO_IMAGES_PRESENT_NR 2
13
14 #pragma once
15 #include <exception>
16 #include <string>
17
18 namespace SoilAnalyzer {
19
     namespace Exception {
20
       class SoilAnalyzerException : public std::exception {
21
       public:
22
         SoilAnalyzerException(std::string m =
             EXCEPTION_PARTICLE_NOT_ANALYZED,
23
                                 int n =
                                    EXCEPTION_PARTICLE_NOT_ANALYZED_NR
                                    ) : msg(m), nr(n) { }
24
         ~SoilAnalyzerException() _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT {}
25
          const char *what() const _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT {
             return msg.c_str(); }
         const int *id() const _GLIBCXX_USE_NOEXCEPT { return &
26
             nr; }
27
28
       private:
29
         std::string msg;
30
         int nr;
31
       };
     }
32
33 }
 1 #ifndef SOILANALYZERTYPES
  #define SOILANALYZERTYPES
 3
 4 namespace SoilAnalyzer {
 5
    struct Point_t {
 6
       double x;
 7
       double y;
 8
     };
 9
10
     struct Lab_t {
11
       float L;
12
       float a;
13
       float b;
14
     };
15 }
16 #endif // SOILANALYZERTYPES
```

G. QOpenCVQT Library

```
1 #-
2 #
3 # Project created by QtCreator 2015-08-08T08:11:34
5
   TARGET = QOpenCVQT
8
   TEMPLATE = lib
9
10 QT += gui
12 DEFINES += QOPENCVQT_LIBRARY
13 VERSION = 1.1.0
14 CONFIG += shared
15
16 SOURCES += qopencvqt.cpp
17
18 HEADERS += qopencvqt.h
19
20 #opencv
21 LIBS += -L/usr/local/lib -lopencv_core
22 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/local/include/opencv
23 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/local/include
24
25 #MainLib
26 unix {
27
       target.path = $PWD/../../build/install
28
       INSTALLS += target
29 }
```

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6
    */
7
8 #ifndef QOPENCVQT_H
9
  #define QOPENCVQT_H
10
11 #include <QImage>
12 #include <opencv2/core.hpp>
13 #include <opencv2/imgproc.hpp>
14 #include <vector>
15
16 class QOpenCVQT
17 {
18 public:
19
     QOpenCVQT();
20
     static cv::Mat WhiteBackground(const cv::Mat &src) {
21
       cv::Mat dst;
       cv::floodFill(src, dst, cv::Point(1,1), cv::Scalar_<</pre>
22
           uchar > (255,255,255));
23
       return dst;
24
     }
25
     static QImage Mat2QImage(const cv::Mat &src) {
26
27
       QImage dest;
28
       if (src.channels() == 1) {
29
         cv::Mat destRGB;
30
         std::vector<cv::Mat> grayRGB(3, src);
31
         cv::merge(grayRGB, destRGB);
32
         dest = QImage((uchar *)destRGB.data, destRGB.cols,
             destRGB.rows,
33
                        destRGB.step, QImage::Format_RGB888);
34
       } else {
35
         dest = QImage((uchar *)src.data, src.cols, src.rows,
             src.step,
36
                        QImage::Format_RGB888);
37
         dest = dest.rgbSwapped();
38
39
       return dest;
     }
40
41 };
42.
43 #endif // QOPENCVQT_H
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6
    */
```

```
8 #include "qopencvqt.h"
9
10
11 QOpenCVQT::QOpenCVQT()
12 {
13 }
```

H. QParticleDisplay Library

```
1
2
3
   # Project created by QtCreator 2015-08-07T22:02:49
5
6
            += core gui concurrent
   QMAKE_CXXFLAGS += -std=c++11
  greaterThan(QT_MAJOR_VERSION, 4): QT += widgets
10
12 TARGET = QParticleDisplay
13 TEMPLATE = lib
14 CONFIG += shared
15 VERSION = 1.3.25
16
17
   SOURCES += qparticledisplay.cpp
19
  HEADERS += qparticledisplay.h
20
21
  FORMS
            += qparticledisplay.ui
22
23 unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -
      lpictureflow - qt
24
25 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../pictureflow-qt
26 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../pictureflow-qt
27
28 #MainLib
29 unix {
       target.path = $PWD/../../build/install
30
31
       INSTALLS += target
```

```
32 }
33
34 unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -
      lSoilAnalyzer
35
36 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../SoilAnalyzer
37 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../SoilAnalyzer
38
39 unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -lSoilMath
40
41 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../SoilMath
42 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../SoilMath
44 unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -lQOpenCVQT
45
46 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../QOpenCVQT
47 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../QOpenCVQT
48
49 unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -
      lSoilVision
50 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../SoilVision
51 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../SoilVision
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6
    */
7
8 #pragma once
9 #include <QWidget>
10 #include <QImage>
11 #include <qopencvqt.h>
12 #include <QColor>
13 #include <QWheelEvent>
15 #include "soilanalyzer.h"
16
17 namespace Ui {
18
     class QParticleDisplay;
19
20
21 class QParticleDisplay : public QWidget
22 {
23
     Q_OBJECT
24
25 public:
     explicit QParticleDisplay(QWidget *parent = 0);
26
27
     ~QParticleDisplay();
     void SetSample(SoilAnalyzer::Sample *sample);
28
29
     SoilAnalyzer::Particle *SelectedParticle;
30
     void wheelEvent( QWheelEvent * event );
31
     void next();
```

```
32
33
   signals:
34
     void particleChanged(int newValue);
35
     void shapeClassificationChanged(int newValue);
36
     void particleDeleted();
37
38
   public slots:
39
     void setSelectedParticle(int newValue);
40
41
   private slots:
42
     void on_selectedParticleChangedWidget(int value);
43
     void on_selectedParticleChangedSlider(int value);
44
     void on_pushButton_delete_clicked();
45
46
   private:
     Ui::QParticleDisplay *ui;
47
48
     SoilAnalyzer::Sample *Sample;
49
     QVector < QImage > images;
50
     QImage ConvertParticleToQImage(SoilAnalyzer::Particle *
        particle);
51
     bool dontDoIt = false;
52 };
1
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8
  #include "qparticledisplay.h"
   #include "ui_qparticledisplay.h"
9
10
   QParticleDisplay::QParticleDisplay(QWidget *parent)
11
12
       : QWidget(parent), ui(new Ui::QParticleDisplay) {
13
     ui->setupUi(this);
     ui->widget->setBackgroundColor(QColor("white"));
15
     ui->widget->setSlideSize(QSize(230, 230));
16
     connect(ui->widget, SIGNAL(centerIndexChanged(int)), this,
17
             SLOT(on_selectedParticleChangedWidget(int)));
18
     connect(ui->horizontalSlider, SIGNAL(valueChanged(int)),
        this,
19
             SLOT(on_selectedParticleChangedSlider(int)));
20
  }
21
22
   QParticleDisplay::~QParticleDisplay() {
23
     for (uint32_t i = 0; i < ui->widget->slideCount(); i++) {
24
       ui->widget->removeSlide(0);
25
26
     delete ui->widget;
27
     delete ui;
28 }
29
30 void QParticleDisplay::setSelectedParticle(int newValue) {
```

```
ui->widget->setCenterIndex(newValue);
32
     ui->horizontalSlider->setValue(newValue);
33
   }
34
35
  void QParticleDisplay::SetSample(SoilAnalyzer::Sample *
       sample) {
36
     this->Sample = sample;
37
     images.clear();
38
     ui->widget->clear();
39
     ui->horizontalSlider->setMaximum(this->Sample->
         ParticlePopulation.size() - 1);
40
     for (uint32_t i = 0; i < this->Sample->ParticlePopulation.
         size(); i++) {
41
       images.push_back(
42
            ConvertParticleToQImage(&Sample ->ParticlePopulation.
               at(i)));
43
       ui->widget->addSlide(images[images.size() - 1]);
44
     }
45
     SelectedParticle = &Sample->ParticlePopulation[ui->widget
         ->centerIndex()];
46
     on_selectedParticleChangedSlider(0);
   }
47
48
49 QImage
50
   QParticleDisplay::ConvertParticleToQImage(SoilAnalyzer::
      Particle *particle) {
51
     QImage dst(particle->BW.cols + 10, particle->BW.rows + 10,
52
                 QImage::Format_RGB32);
53
     uint32_t nData = particle->BW.cols * particle->BW.rows;
54
     uint32_t sData = ((dst.width() - 1) * 5) + 5;
55
     uchar *QDst = dst.bits();
56
     uchar *CVBW = particle->BW.data;
57
     uchar *CVRGB = particle->RGB.data;
     for (uint32_t i = 0; i < sData; i++) {</pre>
58
59
       *(QDst++) = 255;
       *(QDst++) = 255;
60
       *(QDst++) = 255;
61
       *(QDst++) = 0;
62
     }
63
64
     for (uint32_t i = 0; i < nData; i++) {</pre>
       if ((i % particle->BW.cols) == 0) {
65
          for (uint32_t j = 0; j < 10; j++) {</pre>
66
67
            *(QDst++) = 255;
            *(QDst++) = 255;
68
            *(QDst++) = 255;
69
            *(QDst++) = 0;
70
71
72
       }
73
       if (CVBW[i]) {
74
          *(QDst++) = *(CVRGB);
75
          *(QDst++) = *(CVRGB + 1);
76
          *(QDst++) = *(CVRGB + 2);
77
          *(QDst++) = 0;
          CVRGB += 3;
78
79
       } else {
          *(QDst++) = 255;
80
```

```
81
          *(QDst++) = 255;
82
          *(QDst++) = 255;
83
          *(QDst++) = 0;
84
          CVRGB += 3;
85
        }
86
      }
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < sData; i++) {</pre>
87
88
        *(QDst++) = 255;
89
        *(QDst++) = 255;
90
        *(QDst++) = 255;
91
        *(QDst++) = 0;
      }
92
93
      return dst;
94 }
95
    void QParticleDisplay::on_pushButton_delete_clicked() {
      Sample -> ParticlePopulation . erase (Sample ->
         ParticlePopulation.begin() +
98
                                          ui->widget->centerIndex()
                                             );
99
      ui->widget->removeSlide(ui->widget->centerIndex());
100
      ui->horizontalSlider->setMaximum(this->Sample->
          ParticlePopulation.size() - 1);
101
      Sample -> ParticleChangedStatePSD = true;
102
      Sample -> ParticleChangedStateAngularity = true;
103
      Sample -> ParticleChangedStateRoundness = true;
104
      Sample -> ChangesSinceLastSave = true;
105
      Sample -> ColorChange = true;
106
      SelectedParticle = &Sample->ParticlePopulation[ui->widget
          ->centerIndex()];
107
      emit particleDeleted();
108 }
109
110
   void QParticleDisplay::on_selectedParticleChangedWidget(int
       value) {
      if (!dontDoIt) {
111
112
        dontDoIt = true;
113
        ui->horizontalSlider->setValue(value);
114
        SelectedParticle = &Sample -> ParticlePopulation [ui ->
            widget ->centerIndex()];
115
        QString volume;
        volume.sprintf("%+06.2f", SelectedParticle->
116
            GetSiDiameter());
117
        ui->label_Volume->setText(volume);
118
        emit particleChanged(value);
119
        emit shapeClassificationChanged(SelectedParticle->
            Classification.Category);
120
        dontDoIt = false;
121
      }
122 }
123
124
    void QParticleDisplay::on_selectedParticleChangedSlider(int
       value) {
125
      if (!dontDoIt) {
126
        dontDoIt = true;
127
        ui->widget->setCenterIndex(value);
```

```
128
        SelectedParticle = &Sample->ParticlePopulation[ui->
            widget ->centerIndex()];
129
        QString volume;
        volume.sprintf("%+06.2f", SelectedParticle->
130
            GetSiDiameter());
        ui->label_Volume->setText(volume);
131
132
        emit particleChanged(value);
133
        emit shapeClassificationChanged(SelectedParticle->
            Classification.Category);
134
        dontDoIt = false;
135
      }
136 }
137
138
   void QParticleDisplay::wheelEvent(QWheelEvent *event) {
139
      int i = ui->widget->centerIndex();
      i -= event->delta() / 120;
140
141
      if (i < 0) {</pre>
142
        i = ui->widget->slideCount() - abs(i) - 1;
143
      } else if (i >= ui->widget->slideCount()) {
144
        i = 0;
145
146
      ui->widget->setCenterIndex(i);
147
      on_selectedParticleChangedWidget(i);
148
149
150 void QParticleDisplay::next() {
      int i = ui->widget->centerIndex();
151
152
      i++;
153
      if (i < 0) {</pre>
154
        i = ui->widget->slideCount() - abs(i) - 1;
155
      } else if (i >= ui->widget->slideCount()) {
156
        i = 0;
      }
157
158
      ui->widget->setCenterIndex(i);
159
      on_selectedParticleChangedWidget(i);
160
```

I. QParticleSelector Library

```
1
2
   # Project created by QtCreator 2015-08-07T18:56:27
5
            += core gui
   QMAKE_CXXFLAGS += -std=c++11
10 greaterThan(QT_MAJOR_VERSION, 4): QT += widgets
12 TARGET = QParticleSelector
13 TEMPLATE = lib
14 CONFIG += shared
15 VERSION = 0.1.11
16
17
  SOURCES += qparticleselector.cpp
19
  HEADERS += qparticleselector.h
20
21
  FORMS
          += qparticleselector.ui
22
23 RESOURCES += \
24
       qparticleselector.qrc
25
26 #MainLib
27 unix {
28
      target.path = $PWD/../../build/install
29
       INSTALLS += target
30 }
31
32 unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -lSoilMath
```

```
33
34
   INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../SoilMath
35 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../SoilMath
1 #ifndef QPARTICLESELECTOR_H
2 #define QPARTICLESELECTOR_H
3
4 #include <QWidget>
5 #include <QPushButton>
7
   namespace Ui {
8
     class QParticleSelector;
9
10
11
  class QParticleSelector : public QWidget
12 {
13
     Q_OBJECT
14
15
   public:
16
     explicit QParticleSelector(QWidget *parent = 0);
17
     ~QParticleSelector();
18
19
     void setDisabled(bool value, int currentClass = 1);
20
21 signals:
22
     void valueChanged(int newValue);
23
24 public slots:
25
     void setValue(int newValue);
26
27 private slots:
28
     void on_pb_1_clicked(bool checked);
29
30
     void on_pb_2_clicked(bool checked);
31
32
     void on_pb_3_clicked(bool checked);
33
34
     void on_pb_4_clicked(bool checked);
35
36
     void on_pb_5_clicked(bool checked);
37
     void on_pb_6_clicked(bool checked);
38
39
40
     void on_pb_7_clicked(bool checked);
41
42
     void on_pb_8_clicked(bool checked);
43
44
     void on_pb_9_clicked(bool checked);
45
46
     void on_pb_10_clicked(bool checked);
47
48
     void on_pb_11_clicked(bool checked);
49
50
     void on_pb_12_clicked(bool checked);
51
52
     void on_pb_13_clicked(bool checked);
```

```
53
54
     void on_pb_14_clicked(bool checked);
55
56
     void on_pb_15_clicked(bool checked);
57
     void on_pb_16_clicked(bool checked);
58
59
60
     void on_pb_17_clicked(bool checked);
61
62
     void on_pb_18_clicked(bool checked);
63
64
   private:
     QVector < QPushButton *> btns;
65
66
     Ui::QParticleSelector *ui;
67
   };
68
69
   #endif // QPARTICLESELECTOR_H
   #include "gparticleselector.h"
2
   #include "ui_qparticleselector.h"
3
4
   QParticleSelector::QParticleSelector(QWidget *parent)
       : QWidget(parent), ui(new Ui::QParticleSelector) {
6
     ui->setupUi(this);
7
     btns.push_back(ui->pb_1);
8
     btns.push_back(ui->pb_2);
9
     btns.push_back(ui->pb_3);
10
     btns.push_back(ui->pb_4);
11
     btns.push_back(ui->pb_5);
12
     btns.push_back(ui->pb_6);
13
     btns.push_back(ui->pb_7);
14
     btns.push_back(ui->pb_8);
15
     btns.push_back(ui->pb_9);
16
     btns.push_back(ui->pb_10);
17
     btns.push_back(ui->pb_11);
18
     btns.push_back(ui->pb_12);
19
     btns.push_back(ui->pb_13);
20
     btns.push_back(ui->pb_14);
21
     btns.push_back(ui->pb_15);
22
     btns.push_back(ui->pb_16);
23
     btns.push_back(ui->pb_17);
24
     btns.push_back(ui->pb_18);
25
26
27
   QParticleSelector::~QParticleSelector() {
     for (auto b : btns) {
29
       delete b;
30
31
     btns.clear();
32
     delete ui;
33
   }
34
   void QParticleSelector::setValue(int newValue) {
     btns[newValue - 1]->setChecked(true);
37
   }
38
```

```
39 void QParticleSelector::setDisabled(bool value, int
      currentClass) {
40
     for (auto b : btns) {
41
       b->setDisabled(value);
42
43
    if (currentClass > 18 || currentClass < 1) {</pre>
44
      btns[0]->setChecked(true);
45
     } else {
46
       btns[currentClass - 1]->setChecked(true);
47
     }
48 }
49
50 void QParticleSelector::on_pb_1_clicked(bool checked) {
     if (checked) {
       emit valueChanged(1);
52
53
     }
54 }
55
56 void QParticleSelector::on_pb_2_clicked(bool checked) {
    if (checked) {
58
       emit valueChanged(2);
59
     }
60 }
61
62 void QParticleSelector::on_pb_3_clicked(bool checked) {
    if (checked) {
64
       emit valueChanged(3);
65
     }
66 }
67
68 void QParticleSelector::on_pb_4_clicked(bool checked) {
     if (checked) {
70
       emit valueChanged(4);
71
     }
72 }
73
74 void QParticleSelector::on_pb_5_clicked(bool checked) {
75
    if (checked) {
76
       emit valueChanged(5);
77
     }
78 }
79
80 void QParticleSelector::on_pb_6_clicked(bool checked) {
    if (checked) {
       emit valueChanged(6);
82
83
     }
84 }
85
86 void QParticleSelector::on_pb_7_clicked(bool checked) {
    if (checked) {
88
       emit valueChanged(7);
89
     }
90 }
91
92 void QParticleSelector::on_pb_8_clicked(bool checked) {
    if (checked) {
```

```
94
        emit valueChanged(8);
 95
      }
 96 }
97
   void QParticleSelector::on_pb_9_clicked(bool checked) {
      if (checked) {
100
        emit valueChanged(9);
101
      }
102 }
103
104 void QParticleSelector::on_pb_10_clicked(bool checked) {
      if (checked) {
        emit valueChanged(10);
107
      }
108 }
109
110 void QParticleSelector::on_pb_11_clicked(bool checked) {
    if (checked) {
112
        emit valueChanged(11);
113
      }
114 }
115
116 void QParticleSelector::on_pb_12_clicked(bool checked) {
117
     if (checked) {
118
        emit valueChanged(12);
119
      }
120 }
121
122 void QParticleSelector::on_pb_13_clicked(bool checked) {
123
      if (checked) {
124
        emit valueChanged(13);
125
126 }
127
128 void QParticleSelector::on_pb_14_clicked(bool checked) {
      if (checked) {
130
        emit valueChanged(14);
      }
131
132 }
133
134 void QParticleSelector::on_pb_15_clicked(bool checked) {
135
     if (checked) {
136
        emit valueChanged(15);
137
      }
138 }
139
140 void QParticleSelector::on_pb_16_clicked(bool checked) {
141
      if (checked) {
142
        emit valueChanged(16);
143
      }
144 }
145
146 void QParticleSelector::on_pb_17_clicked(bool checked) {
147
      if (checked) {
148
        emit valueChanged(17);
149
```

```
150 }
151
152 void QParticleSelector::on_pb_18_clicked(bool checked) {
153    if (checked) {
154        emit valueChanged(18);
155    }
156 }
```

J. QReportGenerator Library

```
1
2
3
   # Project created by QtCreator 2015-08-20T08:46:42
            += core gui concurrent network
   QMAKE_CXXFLAGS += -std=c++11
10
   greaterThan(QT_MAJOR_VERSION, 4): QT += widgets printsupport
       multimedia multimediawidgets
11
12 @
13 CONFIG(release, debug|release):DEFINES += QT_NO_DEBUG_OUTPUT
15
16 unix:!macx: QMAKE_RPATHDIR += $$PWD/../../build/install/
17
18
  TARGET = QReportGenerator
19
  TEMPLATE = lib
20 CONFIG += shared
21
   VERSION = 0.1.00
22
23 SOURCES += \
24
       qreportgenerator.cpp \
25
       ../qcustomplot/examples/text-document-integration/
          qcpdocumentobject.cpp
26
27
  HEADERS += \
28
       qreportgenerator.h \
29
       ../qcustomplot/examples/text-document-integration/
          qcpdocumentobject.h
```

```
30
31 FORMS
            += \
32
       qreportgenerator.ui
33
34 #MainLib
35 unix {
36
       target.path = $PWD/../../build/install
37
       INSTALLS += target
38 }
39
40 unix: !macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -lSoilMath
41 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../SoilMath
42 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../SoilMath
43
44 DEFINES += QCUSTOMPLOT_USE_LIBRARY
45 unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -
      lqcustomplot
46
47 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../qcustomplot
48 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../qcustomplot
50 unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -
      lSoilAnalyzer
51 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../SoilAnalyzer
52 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../SoilAnalyzer
53
54 unix: !macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -
      1SoilVision
55 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../SoilVision
56 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../SoilVision
57
58 RESOURCES += \
59
       qreportresources.qrc \
60
       ../VSA/vsa_resources.qrc
61
62 #maps
63 Mapstarget.path += $${OUT_PWD}/Maps
64 Mapstarget.files += $${PWD}/Maps/*
65 INSTALLS += Mapstarget
66 bMapstarget.path += $${PWD}/../../build/install/Maps
67 bMapstarget.files += $${PWD}/Maps/*
68 INSTALLS += bMapstarget
1 #ifndef QREPORTGENERATOR_H
2 #define QREPORTGENERATOR_H
3
4 #include < QMainWindow >
5 #include <QTextDocument>
6 #include <QDebug>
7 #include <QTextBlockFormat >
8 #include <QTextCharFormat >
9 #include <QTextBlock>
10 #include <QNetworkAccessManager>
11 #include <QNetworkReply>
12 #include <QTextDocumentWriter>
13 #include <QPrinter>
```

```
15 #include "soilanalyzer.h"
16 #include "SoilMath.h"
17
18 #include <qcustomplot.h>
19 #include "../qcustomplot/examples/text-document-integration/
      qcpdocumentobject.h"
20
21
   namespace Ui {
22
     class QReportGenerator;
23 }
24
25 class QReportGenerator : public QMainWindow
26
27
     Q_OBJECT
28
29
   public:
30
     QTextDocument *Report = nullptr;
31
     SoilAnalyzer::Sample *Sample = nullptr;
32
     SoilAnalyzer::SoilSettings *Settings = nullptr;
33
     QCustomPlot *PSD = nullptr;
34
     QCustomPlot *Roundness = nullptr;
35
     QCustomPlot *Angularity = nullptr;
36
37
     explicit QReportGenerator(QWidget *parent = 0,
         SoilAnalyzer::Sample *sample = nullptr, SoilAnalyzer::
         SoilSettings *settings = nullptr, QCustomPlot *psd =
        nullptr, QCustomPlot *roundness = nullptr, QCustomPlot
         *angularity = nullptr);
38
     ~QReportGenerator();
39
40
   private slots:
     void on_locationImageDownloaded(QNetworkReply *reply);
41
42
43
     void on_actionSave_triggered();
44
45
     void on_actionExport_to_PDF_triggered();
46
47
   private:
48
     Ui::QReportGenerator *ui;
49
     QCustomPlot *CIElabPlot = nullptr;
50
51
     void getLocationMap(double &latitude, double &longtitude);
52
     void SetupCIElabPLot();
53
54
     QImage *mapLocation = nullptr;
55
56
     QTextCursor rCurs;
57
58
     // Layout formats
59
     QTextBlockFormat TitleFormat;
60
     QTextBlockFormat HeaderFormat;
61
     QTextBlockFormat GeneralFormat;
62
     QTextBlockFormat ImageGraphFormat;
63
64
     QTextCharFormat TitleTextFormat;
```

```
65
     QTextCharFormat HeaderTextFormat;
66
     QTextCharFormat GtxtFormat;
67
     QTextCharFormat GFieldtxtFormat;
68
69
     QTextListFormat GeneralSampleList;
70
     QTextTableFormat GeneralTextTableFormat;
71
72
73
     QFont TitleFont;
74
     QFont HeaderFont;
75
     QFont GeneralFont;
76
     QFont FieldFont;
77 };
78
79 #endif // QREPORTGENERATOR_H
1 #include "qreportgenerator.h"
2 #include "ui_qreportgenerator.h"
4
   QReportGenerator::QReportGenerator(QWidget *parent,
5
                                         SoilAnalyzer::Sample *
                                            sample,
6
                                         SoilAnalyzer::
                                            SoilSettings *settings
7
                                         QCustomPlot *psd,
                                            QCustomPlot *roundness
8
                                         QCustomPlot *angularity)
9
       : QMainWindow(parent), ui(new Ui::QReportGenerator) {
10
     ui->setupUi(this);
11
     if (settings == nullptr) {
12
       settings = new SoilAnalyzer::SoilSettings;
13
14
     this->Settings = settings;
15
     if (sample == nullptr) {
16
       sample = new SoilAnalyzer::Sample;
17
     }
18
     this->Sample = sample;
19
20
     if (psd == nullptr) {
21
       psd = new QCustomPlot;
22
23
     this->PSD = psd;
24
25
     if (roundness == nullptr) {
26
       roundness = new QCustomPlot;
27
28
     this->Roundness = roundness;
29
30
     if (angularity == nullptr) {
31
       angularity = new QCustomPlot;
32
     }
33
     this->Angularity = angularity;
34
35
     Report = new QTextDocument(ui->textEdit);
```

```
ui->textEdit->setDocument(Report);
37
     rCurs = QTextCursor(Report);
38
39
     // Setup the layout
40
     TitleFormat.setAlignment(Qt::AlignCenter);
41
     TitleFont.setBold(true);
42
     TitleFont.setPointSize(36);
43
     TitleTextFormat.setFont(TitleFont);
44
45
     HeaderFormat.setAlignment(Qt::AlignCenter);
46
     HeaderFormat.setPageBreakPolicy(QTextFormat::
        PageBreak_AlwaysBefore);
47
     HeaderFormat.setTopMargin(40);
48
     HeaderFormat.setBottomMargin(10);
49
     HeaderFont.setBold(true);
50
     HeaderFont.setPointSize(18);
51
     HeaderTextFormat.setFont(HeaderFont);
52
53
     ImageGraphFormat.setAlignment(Qt::AlignCenter);
54
     ImageGraphFormat.setTopMargin(10);
55
     ImageGraphFormat.setBottomMargin(10);
56
57
     GeneralFormat.setAlignment(Qt::AlignLeft);
58
59
     GeneralFont.setPointSize(12);
60
     GeneralFont.setBold(false);
61
     GtxtFormat.setFont(GeneralFont);
62
63
     FieldFont.setBold(true);
64
     GFieldtxtFormat.setFont(FieldFont);
65
66
     GeneralSampleList.setStyle(QTextListFormat::ListDisc);
67
68
     GeneralTextTableFormat.setHeaderRowCount(1);
69
     GeneralTextTableFormat.setBorderStyle(QTextFrameFormat::
        BorderStyle_None);
70
     GeneralTextTableFormat.setWidth(
71
         QTextLength(QTextLength::PercentageLength, 90));
72
     GeneralTextTableFormat.setAlignment(Qt::AlignCenter);
73
74
     // Setup the Title
75
     rCurs.setBlockFormat(TitleFormat);
76
     rCurs.insertText("Soil Report", TitleTextFormat);
77
     rCurs.insertBlock();
78
79
     // Setup the general Text
80
     rCurs.insertBlock(ImageGraphFormat);
81
     QTextTable *mainTable = rCurs.insertTable(5, 2,
        GeneralTextTableFormat);
82
     rCurs = mainTable -> cellAt(0, 0).firstCursorPosition();
83
     rCurs.insertText("Sample name:", GFieldtxtFormat);
84
     rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
85
     rCurs.insertText(QString::fromStdString(Sample->Name),
        GtxtFormat);
86
     rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
87
```

```
rCurs.insertText("Sample ID:", GFieldtxtFormat);
 88
 89
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
90
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->ID), GtxtFormat);
91
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
92
93
      rCurs.insertText("Date:", GFieldtxtFormat);
94
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
95
      rCurs.insertText(QString::fromStdString(Sample->Date),
         GtxtFormat);
96
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
97
98
      rCurs.insertText("Location:", GFieldtxtFormat);
99
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
100
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->Latitude),
         GtxtFormat);
      rCurs.insertText(", ", GtxtFormat);
101
102
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->Longtitude),
         GtxtFormat);
103
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
104
105
      rCurs.insertText("Sample depth:", GFieldtxtFormat);
106
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
107
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->Depth),
         GtxtFormat);
108
      rCurs.insertText(" [m]", GtxtFormat);
109
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextBlock);
110
      rCurs.insertBlock();
111
112
      // Insert the Google map
113
      getLocationMap(Sample->Latitude, Sample->Longtitude);
114
115
      // Setup the QCustomplot handler
116
      QCPDocumentObject *plotObjectHandler = new
         QCPDocumentObject(this);
117
      ui->textEdit->document()->documentLayout()->
         registerHandler(
118
          QCPDocumentObject::PlotTextFormat, plotObjectHandler);
119
120
      // Setup the Textdata for the PSD
121
      rCurs.insertBlock(HeaderFormat, HeaderTextFormat);
122
      rCurs.insertText("Particle Size Distribution");
123
124
      rCurs.insertBlock(ImageGraphFormat);
      QTextTable *PSDdescr = rCurs.insertTable(6, 2,
125
         GeneralTextTableFormat);
126
      rCurs = PSDdescr->cellAt(0, 0).firstCursorPosition();
127
      rCurs.insertText("No of particles:", GFieldtxtFormat);
128
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
129
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.n),
         GtxtFormat);
130
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
131
      rCurs.insertText("Mean: ", GFieldtxtFormat);
132
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
133
134
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.Mean),
         GtxtFormat);
```

```
135
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
136
137
      rCurs.insertText("Minimum: ", GFieldtxtFormat);
138
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
139
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.min),
         GtxtFormat);
140
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
141
142
      rCurs.insertText("Maximum: ", GFieldtxtFormat);
143
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
144
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.max),
         GtxtFormat);
145
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
146
147
      rCurs.insertText("Range: ", GFieldtxtFormat);
148
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
149
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.Range),
         GtxtFormat);
150
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
151
152
      rCurs.insertText("Standard deviation: ", GFieldtxtFormat);
153
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
154
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.Std),
         GtxtFormat);
155
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextBlock);
156
157
      // Setup the PSD
      rCurs.insertBlock(ImageGraphFormat);
158
159
      rCurs.insertText(QString(QChar::ObjectReplacementCharacter
         ),
160
                        QCPDocumentObject::generatePlotFormat(PSD
                           , 600, 350));
161
162
      rCurs.insertBlock(ImageGraphFormat);
163
      QTextTable *PSDdata = rCurs.insertTable(16, 3,
         GeneralTextTableFormat);
164
      rCurs.insertText("Mesh Size [mm]", GFieldtxtFormat);
165
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
166
      rCurs.insertText("Cummulatief [%]", GFieldtxtFormat);
167
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
168
      rCurs.insertText("Retained [-]", GFieldtxtFormat);
169
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
170
      rCurs.insertText("2", GFieldtxtFormat);
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
171
172
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.CFD[14]),
         GtxtFormat);
173
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
174
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.bins[14]),
         GtxtFormat);
175
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
176
      rCurs.insertText("1.4", GFieldtxtFormat);
177
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
178
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.CFD[13]),
         GtxtFormat);
179
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.bins[13]),
180
```

```
GtxtFormat);
181
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
      rCurs.insertText("1", GFieldtxtFormat);
182
183
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
184
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.CFD[12]),
         GtxtFormat);
185
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
186
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.bins[12]),
         GtxtFormat);
187
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
188
      rCurs.insertText("0.71", GFieldtxtFormat);
189
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
190
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.CFD[11]),
         GtxtFormat);
191
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
192
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.bins[11]),
         GtxtFormat);
193
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
194
      rCurs.insertText("0.5", GFieldtxtFormat);
195
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
196
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.CFD[10]),
         GtxtFormat);
197
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
198
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.bins[10]),
         GtxtFormat):
199
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
      rCurs.insertText("0.355", GFieldtxtFormat);
200
201
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
202
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.CFD[9]),
         GtxtFormat);
203
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
204
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.bins[9]),
         GtxtFormat);
205
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
206
      rCurs.insertText("0.25", GFieldtxtFormat);
207
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
208
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.CFD[8]),
         GtxtFormat);
209
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
210
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.bins[8]),
         GtxtFormat);
211
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
212
      rCurs.insertText("0.18", GFieldtxtFormat);
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
213
214
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.CFD[7]),
         GtxtFormat);
215
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
216
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.bins[7]),
         GtxtFormat);
217
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
218
      rCurs.insertText("0.125", GFieldtxtFormat);
219
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
220
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.CFD[6]),
         GtxtFormat);
221
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
222
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.bins[6]),
```

```
GtxtFormat);
223
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
224
      rCurs.insertText("0.09", GFieldtxtFormat);
225
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
226
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.CFD[5]),
         GtxtFormat);
227
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
228
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.bins[5]),
         GtxtFormat);
229
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
230
      rCurs.insertText("0.075", GFieldtxtFormat);
231
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
232
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.CFD[4]),
         GtxtFormat);
233
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
234
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.bins[4]),
         GtxtFormat);
235
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
236
      rCurs.insertText("0.063", GFieldtxtFormat);
237
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
238
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.CFD[3]),
         GtxtFormat);
239
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
240
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.bins[3]),
         GtxtFormat);
241
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
242
      rCurs.insertText("0.045", GFieldtxtFormat);
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
243
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.CFD[2]),
244
         GtxtFormat);
245
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.bins[2]),
246
         GtxtFormat);
247
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
248
      rCurs.insertText("0.038", GFieldtxtFormat);
249
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
250
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.CFD[1]),
         GtxtFormat);
251
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
252
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.bins[1]),
         GtxtFormat);
253
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
254
      rCurs.insertText("0", GFieldtxtFormat);
255
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
256
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.CFD[0]),
         GtxtFormat);
257
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
258
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->PSD.bins[0]),
         GtxtFormat);
259
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextBlock);
260
261
      // Setup the Textdata for the Roundness
262
      rCurs.insertBlock(HeaderFormat, HeaderTextFormat);
263
      rCurs.insertText("Sphericity Classification");
264
265
      rCurs.insertBlock(ImageGraphFormat);
```

```
266
      QTextTable *Rounddescr = rCurs.insertTable(6, 2,
         GeneralTextTableFormat);
267
      rCurs = Rounddescr->cellAt(0, 0).firstCursorPosition();
      rCurs.insertText("No of particles:", GFieldtxtFormat);
268
269
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
270
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->Roundness.n),
         GtxtFormat);
271
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
272
273
      rCurs.insertText("Mean: ", GFieldtxtFormat);
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
274
275
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->Roundness.Mean),
         GtxtFormat);
276
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
277
      rCurs.insertText("Minimum: ", GFieldtxtFormat);
278
279
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
280
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->Roundness.min),
         GtxtFormat);
281
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
282
283
      rCurs.insertText("Maximum: ", GFieldtxtFormat);
284
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
285
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->Roundness.max),
         GtxtFormat);
286
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
287
288
      rCurs.insertText("Range: ", GFieldtxtFormat);
289
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
290
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->Roundness.Range),
          GtxtFormat);
291
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
292
293
      rCurs.insertText("Standard deviation: ", GFieldtxtFormat);
294
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
295
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->Roundness.Std),
         GtxtFormat);
296
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextBlock);
297
298
      // Setup the Roundness Graph
299
      rCurs.insertBlock(ImageGraphFormat);
      rCurs.insertText(QString(QChar::ObjectReplacementCharacter
300
         ),
301
                        QCPDocumentObject::generatePlotFormat(
                           Roundness, 600, 400));
302
303
      // Setup the Textdata for the Roundness
304
      rCurs.insertBlock(HeaderFormat, HeaderTextFormat);
305
      rCurs.insertText("Angularity Classification");
306
307
      rCurs.insertBlock(ImageGraphFormat);
308
      QTextTable *Angularitydescr = rCurs.insertTable(6, 2,
         GeneralTextTableFormat);
309
      rCurs = Angularitydescr -> cellAt(0, 0).firstCursorPosition
          ();
310
      rCurs.insertText("No of particles:", GFieldtxtFormat);
```

```
311
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
312
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->Angularity.n),
         GtxtFormat);
313
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
314
315
      rCurs.insertText("Mean: ", GFieldtxtFormat);
316
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
317
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->Angularity.Mean),
          GtxtFormat);
318
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
319
320
      rCurs.insertText("Minimum: ", GFieldtxtFormat);
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
321
322
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->Angularity.min),
         GtxtFormat);
323
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
324
325
      rCurs.insertText("Maximum: ", GFieldtxtFormat);
326
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
327
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->Angularity.max),
         GtxtFormat);
328
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
329
330
      rCurs.insertText("Range: ", GFieldtxtFormat);
331
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
332
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->Angularity.Range)
         , GtxtFormat);
333
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
334
335
      rCurs.insertText("Standard deviation: ", GFieldtxtFormat);
336
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextCell);
337
      rCurs.insertText(QString::number(Sample->Angularity.Std),
         GtxtFormat);
      rCurs.movePosition(QTextCursor::NextBlock);
338
339
340
      // Setup the Roundness Graph
341
      rCurs.insertBlock(ImageGraphFormat);
342
      rCurs.insertText(QString(QChar::ObjectReplacementCharacter
         ),
343
                        QCPDocumentObject::generatePlotFormat(
                           Angularity, 600, 400));
344
345
      // Setup the CIE La*b* graph
      // Setup the Textdata for the Roundness
347
      rCurs.insertBlock(HeaderFormat, HeaderTextFormat);
348
      rCurs.insertText("CIE La*b*");
349
350
      SetupCIElabPLot();
351
      rCurs.insertBlock(ImageGraphFormat);
352
      rCurs.insertText(QString(QChar::ObjectReplacementCharacter
         ),
353
                        QCPDocumentObject::generatePlotFormat(
                           CIElabPlot, 600, 400));
354
355 }
356
```

```
void QReportGenerator::getLocationMap(double &latitude,
       double &longtitude) {
      QNetworkAccessManager *manager = new QNetworkAccessManager
358
359
      connect(manager, SIGNAL(finished(QNetworkReply *)), this,
360
              SLOT(on_locationImageDownloaded(QNetworkReply *)))
361
      QString locationURL("http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/
          staticmap?center=");
362
      locationURL.append(QString::number(latitude));
      locationURL.append(",");
363
364
      locationURL.append(QString::number(longtitude));
      locationURL.append("&zoom=17&size=600x750&maptype=hybrid&&
365
         format=png&visual_"
366
                          "refresh=true&markers=size:mid%7Ccolor
                              :0xff0000%7Clabel:S%"
367
                          "7C");
      locationURL.append(QString::number(latitude));
368
369
      locationURL.append(",");
370
      locationURL.append(QString::number(longtitude));
371
      qDebug() << locationURL;</pre>
372
      QUrl googleStaticMapUrl(locationURL);
373
      manager ->get(QNetworkRequest(googleStaticMapUrl));
374
375
376
   void QReportGenerator::on_locationImageDownloaded(
       QNetworkReply *reply) {
377
      if (mapLocation == nullptr) {
378
        mapLocation = new QImage;
379
380
      mapLocation ->loadFromData(reply ->readAll());
381
382
      if (mapLocation->isNull()) {
383
        mapLocation ->load("Maps/SampleLocation.png");
384
      }
385
386
      QTextBlock location = Report->findBlockByNumber(15);
387
      QTextCursor insertMap(location);
388
      insertMap.setBlockFormat(ImageGraphFormat);
389
      insertMap.insertImage(*mapLocation);
390
      insertMap.insertBlock();
391
      insertMap.insertHtml("<br>");
392 }
393
394 QReportGenerator::~QReportGenerator()
395 {
396
      delete CIElabPlot;
397
      delete mapLocation;
398
      delete ui;
399
    }
400
401
    void QReportGenerator::on_actionSave_triggered() {
402
      QString fn = QFileDialog::getSaveFileName(
403
          this, tr("Save Report"), QString::fromStdString(
              Settings -> SampleFolder),
404
          tr("Report (*.odf)"));
```

```
405
      if (!fn.isEmpty()) {
406
        if (!fn.contains(tr(".odf"))) {
407
          fn.append(tr(".odf"));
408
409
        QTextDocumentWriter m_write;
410
        m_write.setFileName(fn);
411
        m_write.setFormat("odf");
412
        m_write.write(Report);
413
      }
414 }
415
    void QReportGenerator::on_actionExport_to_PDF_triggered() {
417
      QString fn = QFileDialog::getSaveFileName(
418
          this, tr("Save Report"), QString::fromStdString(
              Settings -> SampleFolder),
419
          tr("Report (*.pdf)"));
420
      if (!fn.isEmpty()) {
421
        if (!fn.contains(tr(".pdf"))) {
422
          fn.append(tr(".pdf"));
423
424
        QPrinter printer;
425
        printer.setOutputFormat(QPrinter::PdfFormat);
426
        printer.setOutputFileName(fn);
427
        Report ->print(&printer);
428
      }
429 }
430
431
    void QReportGenerator::SetupCIElabPLot() {
432
      if (CIElabPlot == nullptr) {
433
           CIElabPlot = new QCustomPlot();
        }
434
435
436
      QPen binPen;
437
      binPen.setColor((QColor("blue")));
438
      binPen.setStyle(Qt::SolidLine);
439
      binPen.setWidthF(1);
440
441
      // Setup the CIElabplot plot
442
      QCPPlotTitle *CIEtitle = new QCPPlotTitle(CIElabPlot);
443
      CIEtitle -> setText("mean CIE Lab - a* vs. b*");
444
      CIEtitle -> setFont(QFont("sans", 8, QFont::Bold));
445
      CIElabPlot ->plotLayout() ->insertRow(0);
446
      CIElabPlot ->plotLayout() ->addElement(0, 0, CIEtitle);
447
448
      CIElabPlot ->addGraph(CIElabPlot ->xAxis, CIElabPlot ->yAxis)
449
      CIElabPlot ->graph(0)
450
           ->setScatterStyle(QCPScatterStyle(QCPScatterStyle::
              ssCircle, 8));
451
      CIElabPlot ->graph(0) ->setPen(binPen);
452
      CIElabPlot ->graph(0) ->setName("a* vs. b*");
453
      CIElabPlot ->graph(0) ->setData(*Sample ->GetCIELab_bVector()
          , *Sample ->GetCIELab_aVector());
454
      CIElabPlot ->graph(0) ->setScatterStyle(QCPScatterStyle::
          ssCross);
455
      CIElabPlot ->graph(0) ->setLineStyle(QCPGraph::lsNone);
```

```
456
457
      CIElabPlot ->xAxis ->setLabel("mean chromatic b*");
458
      CIElabPlot ->xAxis ->setTickLabelFont(QFont("sans", 8, QFont
          ::Normal));
459
      CIElabPlot ->xAxis ->setScaleType(QCPAxis::stLinear);
460
      CIElabPlot ->xAxis ->setRange(-128,128);
461
462
      CIElabPlot ->yAxis ->setLabel("mean chromatic a*");
      CIElabPlot->yAxis->setTickLabelFont(QFont("sans", 8, QFont
463
         ::Normal));
464
      CIElabPlot ->yAxis ->setScaleType(QCPAxis::stLinear);
465
      CIElabPlot ->yAxis ->setRange(-128,128);
466
      CIElabPlot ->replot();
467
468 }
```



K.0.1 General project files

```
2
   # Project created by QtCreator 2015-08-07T16:50:24
3
4
            += core gui concurrent
9 QMAKE_CXXFLAGS += -std=c++11
10
   greaterThan(QT_MAJOR_VERSION, 4): QT += widgets printsupport
       multimedia multimediawidgets
12
13 TARGET = VSA
14 TEMPLATE = app
15 \quad VERSION = 0.9.7
17
   unix:!macx: QMAKE_RPATHDIR += $$PWD/../../build/install/
18
19 @
20 CONFIG(release, debug|release):DEFINES += QT_NO_DEBUG_OUTPUT
21
22
23 SOURCES += main.cpp\
24
           vsamainwindow.cpp \
       dialogsettings.cpp \
25
26
       dialognn.cpp
27
28 HEADERS += vsamainwindow.h \
       dialogsettings.h \
30
       dialognn.h
```

```
31
32 FORMS
            += vsamainwindow.ui \
33
       dialogsettings.ui \
34
       dialognn.ui
35
36 #opencv
37 LIBS += -L/usr/local/lib -lopencv_core -lopencv_highgui -
      lopencv_imgcodecs
38 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/local/include/opencv
39 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/local/include
40
41 #boost
42 DEFINES += BOOST_ALL_DYN_LINK
43 INCLUDEPATH += /usr/include/boost
44 LIBS += -L/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/ -lboost_filesystem -
      lboost_serialization -lboost_system -lboost_iostreams
45
46 #SoilMath lib
47 unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -lSoilMath
48 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../SoilMath
49 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../SoilMath
50
51 #SoilHardware lib
52 unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -
      1SoilHardware
53 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../SoilHardware
54 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../SoilHardware
56 #SoilVision lib
57 unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -
      1SoilVision
58 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../SoilVision
59 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../SoilVision
60
61 #QCustomplot lib
62 DEFINES += QCUSTOMPLOT_USE_LIBRARY
63 unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -
      lqcustomplot
64 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../qcustomplot
65 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../qcustomplot
67 #QParticleSelector
68 unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -
      1QParticleSelector
69 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../QParticleSelector
70 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../QParticleSelector
72 #QParticleDisplay
73 unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -
      lQParticleDisplay
74 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../QParticleDisplay
75 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../QParticleDisplay
76
77 #QOpenCVQT
78 unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -lQOpenCVQT
79 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../QOpenCVQT
```

```
80 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../QOpenCVQT
81
82 #QSoilAnalyzer
83
   unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -
       lSoilAnalyzer
84 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../SoilAnalyzer
85 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../SoilAnalyzer
86
87 #QReportGenerator
88 unix:!macx: LIBS += -L$$PWD/../../build/install/ -
       1QReportGenerator
89 INCLUDEPATH += $$PWD/../QReportGenerator
90 DEPENDPATH += $$PWD/../QReportGenerator
91
92 #NeuralNetFiles
93 NNtarget.path += $${OUT_PWD}/NeuralNet
94 NNtarget.files += $${PWD}/NeuralNet/*.NN
95 INSTALLS += NNtarget
96 bNNtarget.path += $${PWD}/../../build/install/NeuralNet
97 bNNtarget.files += $${PWD}/NeuralNet/*.NN
98 INSTALLS += bNNtarget
99
100 #SettingFiles
101 INItarget.path += $${OUT_PWD}/Settings
102 INItarget.files += $${PWD}/Settings/*.ini
103 INSTALLS += INItarget
104 bINItarget.path += $$PWD/../../build/install/Settings
105 bINItarget.files += $$PWD/Settings/*.ini
106 INSTALLS += bINItarget
107
108 #SoilSamples
109 IMGtarget.path += $${OUT_PWD}/SoilSamples
110 IMGtarget.files += $${PWD}/SoilSamples/*.VSA
111 INSTALLS += IMGtarget
112 bIMGtarget.path += $${PWD}/../../build/install/SoilSamples
113 bIMGtarget.files += $${PWD}/SoilSamples/*.VSA
114 INSTALLS += bIMGtarget
115
116 #Images
117 Imgtarget.path += $${OUT_PWD}/Images
118 Imgtarget.files += $${PWD}/Images/*
119 INSTALLS += Imgtarget
120 bImgtarget.path += $${PWD}/../../build/install/Images
121 bImgtarget.files += $${PWD}/Images/*
122 INSTALLS += bImgtarget
123
124 #TestedSample
125 TestedSamplesTarget.path += $${OUT_PWD}/TestedSamples
126 TestedSamplesTarget.files += $${PWD}/TestedSamples/*
127 INSTALLS += Imgtarget
128 bTestedSamplesTarget.path += $${PWD}/../../build/install/
       TestedSamples
129 bTestedSamplesTarget.files += $${PWD}/TestedSamples/*
130 INSTALLS += bImgtarget
131
132 RESOURCES += \
```

```
133
        vsa_resources.qrc
134
135 #MainProg
136 unix {
        target.path = $PWD/../../build/install
137
138
        INSTALLS += target
139
   }
140
141 DISTFILES += \
142
        Settings/Default.ini \
143
        NeuralNet/Default.NN \
144
        Settings/User.ini \
        SoilSamples/Eurogrit_B3_01__Cat.VSA \
145
146
        SoilSamples/Gran_K1_0.5_2.5__01_Cat.VSA \
147
        TestedSamples/Filterzand_0.2_1.6.csv \
148
        TestedSamples/Magro_dol.csv \
149
        TestedSamples/Gran_K1.csv \
        TestedSamples/GL70.csv \
150
151
        TestedSamples/Gannet_20_40.csv \
152
        TestedSamples/Eurogrit.csv \
153
        TestedSamples/0.8_1.25.csv
 1 #include "vsamainwindow.h"
   #include <QApplication>
 4
   int main(int argc, char *argv[])
 5
   {
 6
      QApplication a(argc, argv);
 7
      VSAMainWindow w;
 8
      w.show();
 9
 10
      return a.exec();
 11
```

K.0.2 Main window Class

```
1 #ifndef VSAMAINWINDOW_H
2 #define VSAMAINWINDOW_H
4 #include <QDebug>
5 #include <QMainWindow>
6 #include <QErrorMessage>
7 #include <QMessageBox >
8 #include <QProgressBar>
9
   #include <QBrush>
10
11
   #include <stdint.h>
12
13 #include <qcustomplot.h>
14
15 #include "soilanalyzer.h"
16 #include "Hardware.h"
17
18 #include "dialognn.h"
19 #include "dialogsettings.h"
20 #include "qparticleselector.h"
21 #include "qreportgenerator.h"
23 namespace Ui {
24
   class VSAMainWindow;
25 }
26
27
   class VSAMainWindow : public QMainWindow {
28
     Q_OBJECT
29
30
   public:
31
     explicit VSAMainWindow(QWidget *parent = 0);
     ~VSAMainWindow();
32
33
34
   private slots:
35
     void on_actionSettings_triggered();
36
37
     void on_analyzer_finished();
38
39
     void on_actionNeuralNet_triggered();
40
41
     void on_actionNewSample_triggered();
42
43
     void on_actionSaveSample_triggered();
44
45
     void on_actionLoadSample_triggered();
46
47
     void on_actionUseLearning_toggled(bool arg1);
48
49
     void on_actionCalibrate_triggered();
50
51
     void on_Classification_changed(int newValue);
52
53
     void on_particle_deleted();
54
```

```
55
      void on_actionAutomatic_Shape_Pediction_triggered(bool
         checked);
56
57
      void on_reset_graph(QMouseEvent * e);
58
59
      void on_actionReport_Generator_triggered();
60
61
      void on_particleChanged(int newPart);
62
63
      void on_PSD_contextMenuRequest(QPoint point);
64
65
      void on_compare_against();
66
67
      void on_restore_PSD();
68
69
    private:
70
      Ui::VSAMainWindow *ui;
71
      DialogSettings *settingsWindow = nullptr;
72
      DialogNN *nnWindow = nullptr;
73
      QProgressBar *Progress;
74
      QErrorMessage *CamError = nullptr;
75
      QMessageBox *SaveMeMessage = nullptr;
76
      QMessageBox *BacklightMessage = nullptr;
77
      QMessageBox *ShakeItBabyMessage = nullptr;
78
      QReportGenerator *ReportGenWindow = nullptr;
79
80
      SoilAnalyzer::SoilSettings *Settings = nullptr;
81
      Hardware::Microscope *Microscope = nullptr;
82
      SoilAnalyzer::Sample *Sample = nullptr;
83
      SoilAnalyzer::Analyzer *Analyzer = nullptr;
      SoilAnalyzer::Analyzer::Images_t *Images = nullptr;
84
85
      QCPBars *RoundnessBars = nullptr;
86
      QCPBars *AngularityBars = nullptr;
      std::vector < double > PSDTicks = {0.0, 0.038, 0.045, 0.063,
87
          0.075,
88
                                   0.09, 0.125, 0.18, 0.25,
                                       0.355,
                                   0.5, 0.71, 1.0,
89
                                                        1.4,
                                       2.0};
90
      QVector<QString> RoundnessCat = {"High", "Medium", "Low"};
91
      std::vector<double> RoundnessTicks = {1, 2, 3};
92
      QVector < QString > AngularityCat = {"Very Angular", "Angular
         ", "Sub Angular",
93
                                          "Sub Rounded". "Rounded
                                             ", "Well Rounded"};
94
      std::vector < double > AngularityTicks = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6};
95
96
      bool ParticleDisplayerFilled = false;
97
98
      void SetPSDgraph();
99
      void setRoundnessHistogram();
100
      void setAngularityHistogram();
101
      void setAmpgraph();
102
      void TakeSnapShots();
103
   };
104
```

105 #endif // VSAMAINWINDOW_H

```
1 #include "vsamainwindow.h"
2 #include "ui_vsamainwindow.h"
4 VSAMainWindow::VSAMainWindow(QWidget *parent)
       : QMainWindow(parent), ui(new Ui::VSAMainWindow) {
     ui->setupUi(this);
6
7
8
     // Load the usersettings
9
     Settings = new SoilAnalyzer::SoilSettings;
10
     Settings -> LoadSettings ("Settings/User.ini");
11
12
     // Set the message windows
13
     CamError = new QErrorMessage(this);
14
     SaveMeMessage = new QMessageBox(this);
15
     SaveMeMessage -> setText(tr("Sample is not saved, Save
         sample?"));
16
     SaveMeMessage -> addButton (QMessageBox::Abort);
17
     SaveMeMessage ->addButton(QMessageBox::Close);
18
19
     BacklightMessage = new QMessageBox(this);
20
     BacklightMessage -> setText("Turn off Frontlight! Turn on
         Backlight!");
21
     ShakeItBabyMessage = new QMessageBox(this);
22
23
     // Load the Microscope
24
     Microscope = new Hardware::Microscope;
25
     try {
26
       Microscope -> FindCam (Settings -> defaultWebcam) ->
           SelectedResolution =
27
           &Microscope ->FindCam(Settings ->defaultWebcam)
28
                 ->Resolutions[Settings->selectedResolution];
29
     } catch (exception &e) {
30
       Microscope -> FindCam(0) -> SelectedResolution =
31
            &Microscope ->FindCam(0) ->Resolutions[Settings ->
               selectedResolution];
32
     }
33
     try {
34
       if (!Microscope->openCam(Settings->defaultWebcam)) {
35
         int defaultCam = 0;
36
         Microscope -> openCam (defaultCam);
         Settings->defaultWebcam = Microscope->SelectedCam->
37
             Name;
38
39
     } catch (Hardware::Exception::MicroscopeException &e) {
40
       if (*e.id() == EXCEPTION_OPENCAM_NR) {
41
         try {
42
            int defaultCam = 0;
43
            Microscope ->openCam(defaultCam);
44
            Settings -> defaultWebcam = Microscope -> SelectedCam ->
               Name;
45
         } catch (Hardware::Exception::MicroscopeException &e)
46
            if (*e.id() == EXCEPTION_NOCAMS_NR) {
47
              CamError -> showMessage(
```

```
48
                  tr("No cams found! Connect the cam and set the
                       default"));
49
              settingsWindow = new DialogSettings(this, Settings
                 , Microscope);
50
51
          }
       }
52
53
     }
54
55
     // Setup the sample
     Sample = new SoilAnalyzer::Sample;
56
57
     Images = new SoilAnalyzer::Analyzer::Images_t;
     Analyzer = new SoilAnalyzer::Analyzer(Images, Sample,
58
         Settings);
59
60
     // Setup the setting Window
     if (settingsWindow == nullptr) {
61
62
       settingsWindow =
63
            new DialogSettings(this, Settings, Microscope, &
               Analyzer -> NeuralNet);
64
     }
65
66
     // Setup the NN window
67
     if (nnWindow == nullptr) {
68
       nnWindow =
69
           new DialogNN(this, &Analyzer->NeuralNet, Settings,
               settingsWindow);
70
     }
71
72
     // Setup the progresbar and connect it to the Analyzer
73
     Progress = new QProgressBar(ui->statusBar);
74
     Progress -> setMaximum (Analyzer -> MaxProgress);
     Progress ->setValue(0);
75
76
     Progress -> setAlignment(Qt::AlignLeft);
77
     Progress -> setMinimumSize (750, 19);
78
     ui->statusBar->addWidget(Progress);
79
     connect(Analyzer, SIGNAL(on_progressUpdate(int)), Progress
80
              SLOT(setValue(int)));
81
     connect(Analyzer, SIGNAL(on_progressUpdate(int)), Progress
82
              SLOT(setMaximum(int)));
83
     connect(Analyzer, SIGNAL(on_AnalysisFinished()), this,
              SLOT(on_analyzer_finished()));
85
     // Setup the plot linestyles;
86
     QPen pdfPen;
87
     pdfPen.setColor(QColor("gray"));
88
     pdfPen.setStyle(Qt::DashDotDotLine);
89
     pdfPen.setWidthF(1);
90
91
     QPen meanPen;
92
     meanPen.setColor(QColor("darkBlue"));
93
     meanPen.setStyle(Qt::DashLine);
94
     meanPen.setWidthF(1);
95
96
     QPen binPen;
```

```
97
      binPen.setColor((QColor("blue")));
98
      binPen.setStyle(Qt::SolidLine);
99
      binPen.setWidthF(2);
100
101
      // Setup the PSD plot
102
      QCPPlotTitle *PSDtitle = new QCPPlotTitle(ui->Qplot_PSD);
103
      PSDtitle ->setText("Particle Size Distribution");
      PSDtitle ->setFont(QFont("sans", 8, QFont::Bold));
104
      ui->Qplot_PSD->plotLayout()->insertRow(0);
105
106
      ui->Qplot_PSD->plotLayout()->addElement(0, 0, PSDtitle);
107
108
      ui->Qplot_PSD->addGraph(ui->Qplot_PSD->xAxis, ui->
         Qplot_PSD ->yAxis);
109
      ui->Qplot_PSD->graph(0)
110
          ->setScatterStyle(QCPScatterStyle(QCPScatterStyle::
              ssCircle, 8));
      ui->Qplot_PSD->graph(0)->setPen(binPen);
111
112
      ui->Qplot_PSD->graph(0)->setName("Particle Size
         Distribution");
113
      ui->Qplot_PSD->graph(0)->addToLegend();
114
115
      ui->Qplot_PSD->xAxis->setLabel("Particle size [mm]");
116
      ui->Qplot_PSD->xAxis->setRange(0.01, 10);
117
      ui->Qplot_PSD->xAxis->setAutoTicks(false);
118
      ui->Qplot_PSD->xAxis->setTickVector(QVector<double>::
         fromStdVector(PSDTicks));
119
      ui->Qplot_PSD->xAxis->setTickLabelRotation(30);
120
      ui->Qplot_PSD->xAxis->setTickLabelFont(QFont("sans", 8,
         QFont::Normal));
121
      ui->Qplot_PSD->xAxis->setScaleType(QCPAxis::stLogarithmic)
122
123
      QFont legendfont;
124
      legendfont.setPointSize(10);
125
      ui->Qplot_PSD->legend->setFont(legendfont);
126
      ui->Qplot_PSD->legend->setSelectedFont(legendfont);
127
      ui->Qplot_PSD->legend->setVisible(true);
128
      ui->Qplot_PSD->axisRect()->insetLayout()->
         setInsetAlignment(
129
          0, Qt::AlignTop | Qt::AlignLeft);
130
131
      ui->Qplot_PSD->yAxis->setLabel("Percentage [%]");
132
      ui->Qplot_PSD->yAxis->setRange(0, 100);
133
      ui->Qplot_PSD->setInteractions(QCP::iRangeDrag | QCP::
         iRangeZoom);
134
      ui->Qplot_PSD->yAxis->grid()->setSubGridVisible(true);
135
136
      connect(ui->Qplot_PSD, SIGNAL(mouseDoubleClick(QMouseEvent
          *)), this,
137
              SLOT(on_reset_graph(QMouseEvent *)));
138
      ui->Qplot_PSD->setContextMenuPolicy(Qt::CustomContextMenu)
139
      connect(ui->Qplot_PSD, SIGNAL(customContextMenuRequested(
         QPoint)), this,
140
              SLOT(on_PSD_contextMenuRequest(QPoint)));
141
```

```
142
      // Setup the Roundness plot
143
      QCPPlotTitle *Roundnesstitle = new QCPPlotTitle(ui->
         QPlot_Roudness);
      Roundnesstitle ->setText("Sphericity Histogram");
144
145
      Roundnesstitle ->setFont(QFont("sans", 8, QFont::Bold));
146
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->plotLayout()->insertRow(0);
147
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->plotLayout()->addElement(0, 0,
         Roundnesstitle);
148
149
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->addGraph(ui->QPlot_Roudness->xAxis,
150
                                     ui->QPlot_Roudness->yAxis2);
151
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->addGraph(ui->QPlot_Roudness->xAxis,
152
                                     ui->QPlot_Roudness->yAxis2);
153
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->graph(0)->setPen(pdfPen);
154
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->graph(1)->setPen(meanPen);
155
156
      RoundnessBars =
157
          new QCPBars(ui->QPlot_Roudness->xAxis, ui->
              QPlot_Roudness->yAxis);
158
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->addPlottable(RoundnessBars);
159
      RoundnessBars ->setPen(binPen);
160
161
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->xAxis->setAutoTicks(false);
162
      ui -> QPlot_Roudness -> xAxis -> setAutoTickLabels(false);
163
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->xAxis->setTickVector(
164
          QVector < double >:: fromStdVector(RoundnessTicks));
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->xAxis->setTickVectorLabels(
165
         RoundnessCat);
166
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->xAxis->setTickLabelRotation(30);
167
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->xAxis->setSubTickCount(0);
168
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->xAxis->setTickLength(0, 4);
169
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->xAxis->grid()->setVisible(true);
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->xAxis->setRange(0, 4);
170
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->xAxis->setLabel("Count [-]");
171
172
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->xAxis->setLabelFont(QFont("sans", 8,
         QFont::Bold));
173
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->xAxis->setTickLabelFont(QFont("sans",
         8, QFont::Normal));
174
      ui -> QPlot_Roudness -> xAxis -> setPadding (25);
175
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->yAxis->setLabel("Sphericity [-]");
176
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->yAxis->setLabelFont(QFont("sans", 8,
         QFont::Bold));
177
      // Setup the angularity plot
178
179
      QCPPlotTitle *Angularitytitle = new QCPPlotTitle(ui->
         QPlot_Angularity);
180
      Angularitytitle ->setText("Angularity Histogram");
      Angularitytitle ->setFont(QFont("sans", 8, QFont::Bold));
181
182
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->plotLayout()->insertRow(0);
183
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->plotLayout()->addElement(0, 0,
         Angularitytitle);
184
185
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->addGraph(ui->QPlot_Angularity->xAxis
186
                                       ui->QPlot_Angularity->
                                          yAxis2);
```

```
187
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->addGraph(ui->QPlot_Angularity->xAxis
188
                                      ui->QPlot_Angularity->
                                          yAxis2);
189
      AngularityBars =
190
          new QCPBars(ui->QPlot_Angularity->xAxis, ui->
              QPlot_Angularity->yAxis);
191
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->addPlottable(AngularityBars);
192
      AngularityBars ->setPen(binPen);
193
194
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->xAxis->setAutoTicks(false);
195
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->xAxis->setAutoTickLabels(false);
196
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->xAxis->setTickVector(
197
          QVector < double > :: from Std Vector (Angularity Ticks));
198
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->xAxis->setTickVectorLabels(
         AngularityCat);
199
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->xAxis->setTickLabelRotation(30);
200
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->xAxis->setSubTickCount(0);
201
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->xAxis->setTickLength(0, 4);
202
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->xAxis->grid()->setVisible(true);
203
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->xAxis->setRange(0, 7);
204
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->xAxis->setLabel("Count [-]");
205
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->xAxis->setLabelFont(QFont("sans", 8,
          QFont::Bold));
206
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->xAxis->setTickLabelFont(
207
          QFont("sans", 8, QFont::Normal));
208
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->yAxis->setLabel("Sphericity [-]");
209
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->yAxis->setLabelFont(QFont("sans", 8,
          QFont::Bold));
210
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->graph(0)->setPen(pdfPen);
211
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->graph(1)->setPen(meanPen);
212
213
      // Setup the Amplitude diagram
214
      QCPPlotTitle *Amptitle = new QCPPlotTitle(ui->QPlot_Amp);
215
      Amptitle->setText("Fast Fourier Amplitude for the current
         particle");
216
      Amptitle -> setFont(QFont("sans", 8, QFont::Bold));
217
      ui->QPlot_Amp->plotLayout()->insertRow(0);
218
      ui->QPlot_Amp->plotLayout()->addElement(0, 0, Amptitle);
219
220
      ui->QPlot_Amp->addGraph(ui->QPlot_Amp->xAxis, ui->
         QPlot_Amp -> yAxis);
221
222
      ui->QPlot_Amp->xAxis->setTickLabelRotation(30);
223
      ui->QPlot_Amp->xAxis->setSubTickCount(0);
224
      ui->QPlot_Amp->xAxis->setTickLength(0, 4);
225
      ui->QPlot_Amp->xAxis->grid()->setVisible(true);
226
      ui->QPlot_Amp->xAxis->setRange(0, 512);
227
      ui->QPlot_Amp->xAxis->setLabel("Frequency [-]");
228
      ui->QPlot_Amp->xAxis->setLabelFont(QFont("sans", 8, QFont
         ::Bold));
229
      ui->QPlot_Amp->xAxis->setTickLabelFont(QFont("sans", 8,
         QFont::Normal));
230
      ui->QPlot_Amp->yAxis->setLabel("Amplitude [-]");
231
      ui->QPlot_Amp->yAxis->setLabelFont(QFont("sans", 8, QFont
          ::Bold));
```

```
232
      ui->QPlot_Amp->yAxis->setScaleType(QCPAxis::stLogarithmic)
233
      ui ->QPlot_Amp ->graph() ->setPen(binPen);
234
      ui->QPlot_Amp->graph()->setLineStyle(QCPGraph::lsLine);
235
      ui->QPlot_Amp->graph()->setBrush(QBrush(QColor
          (50,50,200,40)));
236
237
      // Connect the Particle display and Selector
238
      connect(ui->widget_ParticleSelector, SIGNAL(valueChanged(
         int)), this,
239
              SLOT(on_Classification_changed(int)));
240
      connect(ui->widget_ParticleDisplay, SIGNAL(
          shapeClassificationChanged(int)),
241
               ui->widget_ParticleSelector, SLOT(setValue(int)));
242
      connect(ui->widget_ParticleDisplay, SIGNAL(particleDeleted
          ()), this,
243
               SLOT(on_particle_deleted()));
244
      connect(ui->widget_ParticleDisplay, SIGNAL(particleChanged
          (int)), this,
245
               SLOT(on_particleChanged(int)));
246
247
      // Setup the bar
248
      ui->actionUseLearning->setChecked(Settings->
         PredictTheShape);
249
250
      // Setup the widgets
251
      ui->widget_ParticleSelector->setDisabled(true);
252 }
253
254 VSAMainWindow::~VSAMainWindow() {
255
      delete Settings;
256
      delete Microscope;
257
      delete Analyzer;
258
      delete Sample;
259
      delete Images;
260
261
      delete settingsWindow;
      delete nnWindow;
262
263
      delete CamError;
264
      delete SaveMeMessage;
265
      delete BacklightMessage;
      delete ShakeItBabyMessage;
266
267
      delete ui;
268 }
269
270 void VSAMainWindow::on_actionSettings_triggered() {
271
      settingsWindow ->openTab(0);
272
      settingsWindow ->show();
   }
273
274
275
    void VSAMainWindow::on_analyzer_finished() {
276
      if (!ParticleDisplayerFilled && Sample->ParticlePopulation
          .size() > 0) {
277
        ui->widget_ParticleDisplay->SetSample(Sample);
278
      }
279
      SetPSDgraph();
```

```
setRoundnessHistogram();
281
      setAngularityHistogram();
      ParticleDisplayerFilled = true;
282
283 }
284
285
    void VSAMainWindow::SetPSDgraph() {
      std::vector < double > stdPSDvalue (Sample -> PSD.CFD, Sample ->
286
          PSD.CFD + 15);
287
      ui->Qplot_PSD->graph(0)->setData(PSDTicks, stdPSDvalue);
288
      ui->Qplot_PSD->replot();
289 }
290
291
    void VSAMainWindow::setRoundnessHistogram() {
      // Setup the Histogram bins
293
      std::vector<double> stdValues(Sample->Roundness.bins + 1,
294
                                       Sample -> Roundness.bins + 4);
295
296
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->yAxis->setRange(
297
           0, static_cast < double > (Sample -> Roundness.
              HighestFrequency()));
298
      RoundnessBars->setData(RoundnessTicks, stdValues);
299
300
      // Setup the Prediction Density Function
301
      std::vector<double> stdPDFkey, stdPDFvalues;
302
      Sample -> Roundness. GetPDFfunction(stdPDFkey, stdPDFvalues,
          0.2, 0, 4);
303
      ui -> QPlot_Roudness -> graph (0) -> setData (stdPDFkey,
          stdPDFvalues);
304
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->yAxis2->setRange(0, Sample->Roundness.
          HighestPDF);
305
306
      // Setup the mean Vector
307
      QVector < double > meanKey(2, static_cast < double > (Sample ->
          Roundness.Mean));
308
      QVector < double > mean Value (2);
309
      meanValue[0] = 0;
310
      meanValue[1] = Sample -> Roundness. HighestPDF;
311
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->graph(1)->setData(meanKey, meanValue);
312
      ui->QPlot_Roudness->replot();
313 }
314
315
    void VSAMainWindow::setAngularityHistogram() {
      // Setup the Histogram bins
317
      std::vector < double > stdValues (Sample -> Angularity.bins + 1,
318
                                       Sample -> Angularity.bins + 7)
319
320
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->yAxis->setRange(
321
           0, static_cast < double > (Sample -> Angularity.
              HighestFrequency()));
322
      AngularityBars -> setData(AngularityTicks, stdValues);
323
324
      // Setup the Prediction Density Function
325
      std::vector < double > stdPDFkey, stdPDFvalues;
326
      Sample -> Angularity. GetPDFfunction(stdPDFkey, stdPDFvalues,
           0.2, 0, 7);
```

```
327
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->graph(0)->setData(stdPDFkey,
          stdPDFvalues);
328
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->yAxis2->setRange(0, Sample->
          Angularity. HighestPDF);
329
330
      // Setup the mean Vector
      QVector < double > meanKey(2, static_cast < double > (Sample ->
331
          Angularity.Mean));
332
      QVector < double > mean Value (2);
333
      meanValue[0] = 0;
      meanValue[1] = Sample -> Angularity.HighestPDF;
334
335
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->graph(1)->setData(meanKey, meanValue
336
      ui->QPlot_Angularity->replot();
337
   }
338
339
    void VSAMainWindow::setAmpgraph() {
340
      ui->QPlot_Amp->graph(0)->clearData();
341
      ComplexVect_t *comp =
342
          &ui->widget_ParticleDisplay->SelectedParticle->
              FFDescriptors;
343
      uint32_t count = (comp->size() > 64) ? 64 : comp->size();
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < count; i++) {</pre>
344
345
        ui->QPlot_Amp->graph(0)->addData(i, abs(comp->at(i)));
346
      }
347
      ui->QPlot_Amp->rescaleAxes();
348
      ui->QPlot_Amp->replot();
349 }
350
351
   void VSAMainWindow::on_particleChanged(int newPart) {
       setAmpgraph(); }
352
353 void VSAMainWindow::on_actionNeuralNet_triggered() {
354
      if (nnWindow != nullptr) {
355
        nnWindow =
356
             new DialogNN(this, &Analyzer->NeuralNet, Settings,
                settingsWindow);
357
358
      nnWindow->show();
359
    }
360
361
    void VSAMainWindow::on_actionNewSample_triggered() {
362
      if (Sample -> ChangesSinceLastSave) {
        if (SaveMeMessage->exec() == QMessageBox::Abort) {
363
364
          return;
365
        }
366
      }
367
      delete Sample;
      Sample = nullptr;
368
369
      delete Images;
370
      Images = nullptr;
371
      Sample = new SoilAnalyzer::Sample;
372
      Images = new SoilAnalyzer::Analyzer::Images_t;
373
      TakeSnapShots();
374
      try {
375
        Analyzer->Analyse(Images, Sample, Settings);
```

```
376
      } catch (SoilAnalyzer::Exception::SoilAnalyzerException &e
        if (*e.id() == EXCEPTION_NO_SNAPSHOTS_NR) {
377
378
          CamError -> showMessage(
379
               "No images acquired! Check you microscope settings
                  ");
380
          return;
        }
381
382
      }
383
      Sample -> ChangesSinceLastSave = true;
384
      if (Sample -> Particle Population.size() > 0) {
385
        ui->widget_ParticleSelector->setDisabled(
386
387
            ui->widget_ParticleDisplay->SelectedParticle->
                Classification.Category);
388
389
    }
390
391
    void VSAMainWindow::TakeSnapShots() {
392
      Analyzer->SIfactorDet = true; // remeber to remove
393
      if (!Analyzer->SIfactorDet) {
394
        QMessageBox *DetSIFactor = new QMessageBox(this);
395
        DetSIFactor->setText("Put calibration Disc under the
            microscope");
396
        DetSIFactor ->exec();
397
        on_actionCalibrate_triggered();
398
        DetSIFactor -> setText("Place sample under the microscope"
        DetSIFactor ->exec();
399
400
      }
401
      if (Settings->useBacklightProjection && !Settings->useHDR)
402
        for (uint32_t i = 0; i < Settings->StandardNumberOfShots
            ; i++) {
403
          SoilAnalyzer::Analyzer::Image_t newShot;
404
          newShot.SIPixelFactor = Analyzer->CurrentSIfactor;
405
          Microscope ->GetFrame(newShot.FrontLight);
406
          BacklightMessage ->exec();
407
          Microscope ->GetFrame(newShot.BackLight);
408
          Images ->push_back(newShot);
409
          QString ShakeMsg = "Shake it baby! ";
410
          int number = Settings->StandardNumberOfShots - i;
411
          ShakeMsg.append(QString::number(number));
412
          ShakeMsg.append(" to go!");
413
          ShakeItBabyMessage ->setText(ShakeMsg);
414
          ShakeItBabyMessage ->exec();
415
      } else if (Settings->useBacklightProjection && Settings->
416
          useHDR) {
417
        for (uint32_t i = 0; i < Settings->StandardNumberOfShots
            ; i++) {
418
          SoilAnalyzer::Analyzer::Image_t newShot;
419
          newShot.SIPixelFactor = Analyzer->CurrentSIfactor;
420
          Microscope -> GetHDRFrame (newShot.FrontLight, Settings ->
              HDRframes);
421
          BacklightMessage -> exec();
```

```
422
          Microscope ->GetFrame(newShot.BackLight);
423
          Images ->push_back(newShot);
424
          QString ShakeMsg = "Shake it baby! ";
425
          int number = Settings->StandardNumberOfShots - i - 1;
426
          ShakeMsg.append(QString::number(number));
427
          ShakeMsg.append(" to go!");
428
          ShakeItBabyMessage ->setText(ShakeMsg);
429
          ShakeItBabyMessage ->exec();
430
431
      } else if (!Settings->useBacklightProjection && Settings->
         useHDR) {
432
        for (uint32_t i = 0; i < Settings->StandardNumberOfShots
            ; i++) {
433
          SoilAnalyzer::Analyzer::Image_t newShot;
434
          newShot.SIPixelFactor = Analyzer->CurrentSIfactor;
435
          Microscope -> GetHDRFrame (newShot.FrontLight, Settings ->
              HDRframes);
436
          Images ->push_back(newShot);
437
          QString ShakeMsg = "Shake it baby! ";
438
          int number = Settings->StandardNumberOfShots - i - 1;
439
          ShakeMsg.append(QString::number(number));
440
          ShakeMsg.append(" to go!");
441
          ShakeItBabyMessage ->setText(ShakeMsg);
442
          ShakeItBabyMessage -> exec();
443
444
      } else if (!Settings->useBacklightProjection && !Settings
          ->useHDR) {
445
        for (uint32_t i = 0; i < Settings->StandardNumberOfShots
            ; i++) {
446
          SoilAnalyzer::Analyzer::Image_t newShot;
447
          newShot.SIPixelFactor = Analyzer->CurrentSIfactor;
448
          Microscope ->GetFrame(newShot.FrontLight);
          Images ->push_back(newShot);
449
450
          QString ShakeMsg = "Shake it baby! ";
451
          int number = Settings->StandardNumberOfShots - i - 1;
452
          ShakeMsg.append(QString::number(number));
453
          ShakeMsg.append(" to go!");
454
          ShakeItBabyMessage ->setText(ShakeMsg);
455
          ShakeItBabyMessage -> exec();
456
        }
457
      }
458
   }
459
    void VSAMainWindow::on_actionSaveSample_triggered() {
461
      QString fn = QFileDialog::getSaveFileName(
462
          this, tr("Save Sample"), QString::fromStdString(
              Settings -> SampleFolder),
463
          tr("Sample (*.VSA)"));
464
      if (!fn.isEmpty()) {
        if (!fn.contains(tr(".VSA"))) {
465
466
          fn.append(tr(".VSA"));
467
468
        Sample -> IsLoadedFromDisk = true;
469
        Sample -> ChangesSinceLastSave = false;
470
        Sample -> Save (fn.toStdString());
471
        qDebug() << "Saving finished";</pre>
```

```
472
473 }
474
475
    void VSAMainWindow::on_actionLoadSample_triggered() {
      if (Sample -> ChangesSinceLastSave) {
477
        if (SaveMeMessage->exec() == QMessageBox::Abort) {
478
           return;
479
        }
480
      }
481
482
      QString fn = QFileDialog::getOpenFileName(
483
           this, tr("Open Sample"), QString::fromStdString(
              Settings -> SampleFolder),
          tr("Sample (*.VSA)"));
484
485
      if (!fn.isEmpty()) {
        if (!fn.contains(tr(".VSA"))) {
486
487
           fn.append(tr(".VSA"));
488
        }
489
        delete Sample;
490
        Sample = nullptr;
491
        delete Images;
492
        Images = nullptr;
493
        Sample = new SoilAnalyzer::Sample;
494
        Images = new SoilAnalyzer::Analyzer::Images_t;
495
        try {
496
           Sample ->Load(fn.toStdString());
497
        } catch (boost::archive::archive_exception &e) {
498
           // qDebug() << *e.what();</pre>
499
        }
500
        ParticleDisplayerFilled = false;
501
        Sample -> Angularity.Data = Sample -> GetAngularityVector()
            ->data();
502
        Sample -> Roundness.Data = Sample -> GetRoundnessVector() ->
            data();
503
        Sample -> PSD. Data = Sample -> GetPSDVector() -> data();
504
        Analyzer->Results = Sample;
505
        on_analyzer_finished();
506
        ui->widget_ParticleSelector->setDisabled(
507
             false,
508
             ui->widget_ParticleDisplay->SelectedParticle->
                Classification.Category);
509
      }
510 }
511
512
    void VSAMainWindow::on_actionUseLearning_toggled(bool arg1)
513
      Analyzer -> PredictShape = !arg1;
514
    }
515
516
    void VSAMainWindow::on_actionCalibrate_triggered() {
517
      cv::Mat calib;
518
      Microscope ->GetFrame(calib);
519
      Analyzer -> CalibrateSI(16.25, calib);
520 }
521
522 void VSAMainWindow::on_Classification_changed(int newValue)
```

```
{
523
      uint8_t *Cat =
524
          &ui->widget_ParticleDisplay->SelectedParticle->
              Classification. Category;
525
      if ((*Cat - 1) % 6 != (newValue - 1) % 6) {
526
        Sample -> ParticleChangedStateAngularity = true;
527
      }
528
      if ((*Cat - 1) / 6 != (newValue - 1) / 6) {
529
        Sample -> ParticleChangedStateRoundness = true;
530
      }
531
      ui->widget_ParticleDisplay->SelectedParticle->
         Classification.Category =
532
          newValue;
533
      ui->widget_ParticleDisplay->SelectedParticle->
         Classification.ManualSet = true;
534
      Sample -> ChangesSinceLastSave = true;
535
      Analyzer -> Analyse();
536
      ui->widget_ParticleDisplay->next();
537
    }
538
539
    void VSAMainWindow::on_particle_deleted() { Analyzer->
       Analyse(); }
540
541
    void VSAMainWindow::
       on_actionAutomatic_Shape_Pediction_triggered(bool checked
       ) {
542
      Settings -> PredictTheShape = checked;
543 }
544
545
   void VSAMainWindow::on_reset_graph(QMouseEvent *e) {
546
      ui->Qplot_PSD->xAxis->setRange(0, 10);
547
      ui->Qplot_PSD->yAxis->setRange(0, 100);
548
      ui->Qplot_PSD->setInteractions(QCP::iRangeDrag | QCP::
          iRangeZoom);
549
      ui->Qplot_PSD->replot();
550
   }
551
552
    void VSAMainWindow::on_actionReport_Generator_triggered() {
553
      if (ReportGenWindow == nullptr) {
554
        ReportGenWindow =
555
            new QReportGenerator(this, Sample, Settings, ui->
                Qplot_PSD,
556
                                   ui->QPlot_Roudness, ui->
                                      QPlot_Angularity);
557
      }
558
      ReportGenWindow ->show();
559
560
    void VSAMainWindow::on_PSD_contextMenuRequest(QPoint point)
561
562
      QMenu *menu = new QMenu(this);
563
      menu -> setAttribute(Qt::WA_DeleteOnClose);
564
      menu->addAction("Compare against...", this, SLOT(
565
         on_compare_against()));
566
      menu->addAction("Restore", this, SLOT(on_restore_PSD()));
```

```
567
      menu ->popup(ui ->Qplot_PSD ->mapToGlobal(point));
568
    }
569
570
    void VSAMainWindow::on_compare_against() {
571
      QString fn = QFileDialog::getOpenFileName(
572
           this, tr("Open CSV"), QString::fromStdString(Settings
              ->SampleFolder),
573
           tr("Comma Seperated Value (*.csv)"));
574
      if (!fn.isEmpty()) {
575
        if (!fn.contains(tr(".csv"))) {
576
           fn.append(tr(".csv"));
577
        }
578
579
        if (ui->Qplot_PSD->graphCount() > 1) {
580
           ui ->Qplot_PSD ->legend ->removeItem(1);
581
           ui->Qplot_PSD->removeGraph(1);
582
583
584
        QStringList rows;
585
        QStringList cellValues;
586
587
        QFile f(fn);
588
        if (f.open(QIODevice::ReadOnly)) {
589
           QString data;
590
          data = f.readAll();
591
           rows = data.split('\n');
592
           f.close();
593
           for (uint32_t i = 0; i < rows.size(); i++) {</pre>
594
             QStringList cols = rows[i].split(',');
595
             for (uint32_t j = 0; j < cols.size(); j++) {</pre>
596
               cellValues.append(cols[j]);
597
598
           }
599
           cellValues.removeLast();
600
601
           std::vector < double > compValues (15);
602
           for (uint32_t i = 0; i < cellValues.size(); i += 4) {</pre>
603
             bool conversionSucces = false;
604
             double binValue = cellValues[i].toDouble(&
                conversionSucces);
605
             qDebug() << cellValues[i + 3];</pre>
606
             if (conversionSucces) {
607
               for (uint32_t j = 0; j < 15; j++) {
                 if (binValue == PSDTicks[j]) {
608
                   compValues[j] = cellValues[i + 3].toDouble();
609
610
611
               }
612
             }
613
           }
614
           ui->Qplot_PSD->addGraph(ui->Qplot_PSD->xAxis, ui->
              Qplot_PSD ->yAxis);
615
           ui->Qplot_PSD->graph(1)->setData(PSDTicks, compValues)
616
           QPen compPen;
           compPen.setColor(QColor("darkBlue"));
617
618
           compPen.setStyle(Qt::DashLine);
```

```
619
          compPen.setWidthF(1);
620
          ui->Qplot_PSD->graph(1)->setPen(compPen);
621
          ui->Qplot_PSD->graph(1)->setName("Compared Particle
              Size Distribution");
622
          ui->Qplot_PSD->graph(1)->addToLegend();
623
          ui->Qplot_PSD->replot();
624
625
      }
   }
626
627
628 void VSAMainWindow::on_restore_PSD() {
629
      if (ui->Qplot_PSD->graphCount() > 1) {
630
        ui->Qplot_PSD->legend->removeItem(1);
631
        ui->Qplot_PSD->removeGraph(1);
      }
632
633
      on_reset_graph(nullptr);
634
    }
```

K.0.3 Dialog window Class

```
1 #ifndef DIALOGSETTINGS_H
2 #define DIALOGSETTINGS_H
4 #include <QDialog>
5 #include <soilsettings.h>
6 #include <QFileDialog>
7 #include <QString>
8 #include <QDir>
9 #include <QSlider>
10 #include "Hardware.h"
11
12 namespace Ui {
13 class DialogSettings;
14 }
15
16 class DialogSettings : public QDialog {
17
     Q_OBJECT
18
19
   public:
20
     SoilAnalyzer::SoilSettings *Settings = nullptr;
21
     explicit DialogSettings(QWidget *parent = 0,
22
                              SoilAnalyzer::SoilSettings *
                                  settings = nullptr,
23
                              Hardware::Microscope *microscope =
                                   nullptr,
24
                              SoilMath::NN *nn = nullptr, bool
                                  openNN = false);
25
     ~DialogSettings();
27
     void openTab(int newValue);
28 private slots:
29
30
     void on_pushButton_RestoreDefault_clicked();
31
32
     void on_pushButton_Open_clicked();
33
     void on_pushButton_Save_clicked();
34
35
36
     void on_checkBox_Backlight_clicked(bool checked);
37
38
     void on_comboBox_Microscopes_currentIndexChanged(const
        QString &arg1);
39
40
     void on_comboBox_Resolution_currentIndexChanged(int index)
        ;
41
     void on_checkBox_useHDR_clicked(bool checked);
42
43
44
     void on_spinBox_NoFrames_editingFinished();
45
     void on_doubleSpinBox_LightLevel_editingFinished();
46
47
48
     void on_checkBox_useRainbow_clicked(bool checked);
49
```

```
50
     void on_checkBox_InvertEncoder_clicked(bool checked);
51
52
     void on_checkBox_useCUDA_clicked(bool checked);
53
54
     void on_horizontalSlider_BrightFront_valueChanged(int
        value);
55
56
     void on_horizontalSlider_ContrastFront_valueChanged(int
         value);
57
     void on_horizontalSlider_SaturationFront_valueChanged(int
58
        value);
59
60
     void on_horizontalSlider_HueFront_valueChanged(int value);
61
62
     void on_horizontalSlider_SharpnessFront_valueChanged(int
        value);
63
64
     void on_horizontalSlider_BrightProj_valueChanged(int value
        );
65
     void on_horizontalSlider_ContrastProj_valueChanged(int
66
         value);
67
68
     void on_horizontalSlider_SaturationProj_valueChanged(int
        value);
69
70
     void on_horizontalSlider_HueProj_valueChanged(int value);
71
72
     void on_horizontalSlider_SharpnessProj_valueChanged(int
        value);
73
74
     void on_cb_use_adaptContrast_3_clicked(bool checked);
75
76
     void on_cb_useBlur_3_clicked(bool checked);
77
78
     void on_rb_useDark_3_toggled(bool checked);
79
80
     void on_cb_ignoreBorder_3_clicked(bool checked);
81
82
     void on_cb_fillHoles_3_clicked(bool checked);
83
84
     void on_sb_sigmaFactor_3_editingFinished();
85
86
     void on_rb_useOpen_3_clicked(bool checked);
87
88
     void on_rb_useClose_3_clicked(bool checked);
89
     void on_rb_useErode_3_clicked(bool checked);
90
91
92
     void on_rb_useDilate_3_clicked(bool checked);
93
94
     void on_sb_morphMask_3_editingFinished();
95
     void on_spinBox_MaxGen_editingFinished();
96
97
```

```
98
      void on_spinBox_PopSize_editingFinished();
99
100
      void on_doubleSpinBox_MutationRate_editingFinished();
101
102
      void on_spinBox_Elitisme_editingFinished();
103
104
      void on_doubleSpinBox_endError_editingFinished();
105
106
      void on_doubleSpinBox_maxWeight_editingFinished();
107
108
      void on_doubleSpinBox_MinWeight_editingFinished();
109
110
      void on_doubleSpinBox_Beta_editingFinished();
111
112
      void on_spinBox_InputNeurons_editingFinished();
113
114
      void on_spinBox_HiddenNeurons_editingFinished();
115
116
      void on_spinBox_OutputNeurons_editingFinished();
117
118
      void on_pushButton_selectSampleFolder_clicked();
119
120
      void on_pushButton_SelectSettingFolder_clicked();
121
122
      void on_pushButton_SelectNNFolder_clicked();
123
      void on_pushButton_SelectNN_clicked();
124
125
126
      void on_spinBox_NoShots_editingFinished();
127
128
      void on_checkBox_PredictShape_clicked(bool checked);
129
130
      void on_checkBox_revolt_clicked(bool checked);
131
132
   private:
133
      Ui::DialogSettings *ui;
134
      Hardware::Microscope *Microscope;
135
      SoilMath::NN *NN;
136
      bool initfase = true;
137
      void SetCamControl(Hardware::Microscope::Cam_t *
         selectedCam,
138
                          QSlider *Brightness, QSlider *Contrast,
139
                          QSlider *Saturation, QSlider *Hue,
                             QSlider *Sharpness);
140 };
141
142 #endif // DIALOGSETTINGS_H
   #include "dialogsettings.h"
    #include "ui_dialogsettings.h"
 3 #include <opencv2/core.hpp>
 4
 5 DialogSettings::DialogSettings(QWidget *parent,
 6
                                     SoilAnalyzer::SoilSettings *
                                        settings,
 7
                                     Hardware::Microscope *
```

```
microscope,
                                     SoilMath::NN *nn, bool openNN
8
                                        )
9
       : QDialog(parent), ui(new Ui::DialogSettings) {
10
     ui->setupUi(this);
     if (settings == nullptr) {
11
       settings = new SoilAnalyzer::SoilSettings;
12
13
14
     Settings = settings;
15
     if (microscope == nullptr) {
16
       microscope = new Hardware::Microscope;
17
     }
18
     if (nn == nullptr) {
19
       nn = new SoilMath::NN;
20
21
22
     // Setup the Hardware tab
23
     Microscope = microscope;
24
     QStringList Cams;
25
     for (uint32_t i = 0; i < Microscope->AvailableCams.size();
          i++) {
26
       Cams << Microscope -> AvailableCams[i].Name.c_str();
     }
27
28
     ui->comboBox_Microscopes->addItems(Cams);
29
     ui->comboBox_Microscopes->setCurrentIndex(Microscope->
         SelectedCam -> ID);
30
     QStringList Resolutions;
31
32
     for (uint32_t i = 0; i < Microscope->SelectedCam->
         Resolutions.size(); i++) {
       Resolutions << Microscope -> SelectedCam -> Resolutions[i].
33
           to_string().c_str();
     }
34
35
     ui->comboBox_Resolution->addItems(Resolutions);
36
     ui->comboBox_Resolution->setCurrentIndex(
37
          Microscope -> SelectedCam -> SelectedResolution -> ID);
38
39
     ui->spinBox_NoShots->setValue(Settings->
         StandardNumberOfShots);
40
41
     ui->spinBox_NoFrames->setValue(Settings->HDRframes);
42.
     ui->spinBox_NoFrames->setDisabled(true);
43
     ui->label_nf->setDisabled(true);
44
45
     ui->checkBox_Backlight->setChecked(Settings->
         useBacklightProjection);
     ui->tabWidget_Hardware->setTabEnabled(2, Settings->
46
         useBacklightProjection);
47
48
     ui -> checkBox_InvertEncoder -> setChecked (Settings -> encInv);
49
     ui->checkBox_useCUDA->setChecked(Settings->useCUDA);
50
51
     Settings -> useCUDA = false;
52
     ui -> checkBox_useCUDA -> setDisabled(true);
53
54
     ui->checkBox_useHDR->setChecked(Settings->useHDR);
```

```
55
     ui->checkBox_useRainbow->setChecked(Settings->
        enableRainbow);
56
57
     // Get system info
     struct utsname unameData;
59
     uname(&unameData);
60
61
     ui->label_machinename->setText(tr(unameData.machine));
62
     ui->label_nodename->setText(tr(unameData.nodename));
63
     ui->label_releasename->setText(tr(unameData.release));
64
     ui->label_systemname->setText(tr(unameData.sysname));
65
     ui->label_versioname->setText(tr(unameData.version));
66
     if (Microscope->RunEnv == Hardware::Microscope::X64) {
67
       ui->checkBox_useRainbow->setDisabled(true);
68
       ui->checkBox_InvertEncoder->setDisabled(true);
69
       ui->doubleSpinBox_LightLevel->setDisabled(true);
70
       ui->label_ll->setDisabled(true);
71
     }
72
73
     SetCamControl(
74
         Microscope -> SelectedCam, ui ->
             horizontalSlider_BrightFront,
75
         ui->horizontalSlider_ContrastFront, ui->
            horizontalSlider_SaturationFront,
76
         ui->horizontalSlider_HueFront, ui->
            horizontalSlider_SharpnessFront);
77
     ui->horizontalSlider_BrightFront->setValue(Settings->
        Brightness_front);
     ui->horizontalSlider_ContrastFront->setValue(Settings->
78
        Contrast_front);
79
     ui->horizontalSlider_HueFront->setValue(Settings->
        Hue_front);
80
     ui->horizontalSlider_SaturationFront->setValue(Settings->
        Saturation_front);
81
     ui->horizontalSlider_SharpnessFront->setValue(Settings->
        Sharpness_front);
82
83
     SetCamControl(
84
         Microscope -> SelectedCam, ui ->
             horizontalSlider_BrightProj,
85
         ui->horizontalSlider_ContrastProj, ui->
            horizontalSlider_SaturationProj,
86
         ui->horizontalSlider_HueProj, ui->
            horizontalSlider_SharpnessProj);
87
     ui->horizontalSlider_BrightProj->setValue(Settings->
        Brightness_proj);
     ui->horizontalSlider_ContrastProj->setValue(Settings->
        Contrast_proj);
89
     ui->horizontalSlider_HueProj->setValue(Settings->Hue_proj)
90
     ui->horizontalSlider_SaturationProj->setValue(Settings->
        Saturation_proj);
91
     ui->horizontalSlider_SharpnessProj->setValue(Settings->
        Sharpness_proj);
92
93
     // Setup the Vision tab
```

```
94
      ui->cb_fillHoles_3->setChecked(Settings->fillHoles);
95
      ui->cb_ignoreBorder_3->setChecked(Settings->
          ignorePartialBorderParticles);
96
      ui->cb_useBlur_3->setChecked(Settings->useBlur);
 97
      if (!Settings->useBlur) {
98
        ui->sb_blurMask_3->setEnabled(false);
99
      }
100
      ui->cb_use_adaptContrast_3->setChecked(Settings->
         useAdaptiveContrast);
101
      if (!Settings->useAdaptiveContrast) {
102
        ui->sb_adaptContrastFactor_3->setEnabled(false);
103
        ui->sb_adaptContrKernel_3->setEnabled(false);
      }
104
105
      switch (Settings->typeOfObjectsSegmented) {
106
      case Vision::Segment::Bright:
107
        ui->rb_useDark_3->setChecked(false);
108
        ui->rb_useLight_3->setChecked(true);
109
        break;
110
      case Vision::Segment::Dark:
        ui->rb_useDark_3->setChecked(true);
111
112
        ui->rb_useLight_3->setChecked(false);
113
        break;
      }
114
115
      switch (Settings->morphFilterType) {
116
      case Vision::MorphologicalFilter::CLOSE:
117
        ui->rb_useClose_3->setChecked(true);
118
        ui->rb_useDilate_3->setChecked(false);
119
        ui->rb_useErode_3->setChecked(false);
120
        ui->rb_useOpen_3->setChecked(false);
121
        break;
122
      case Vision::MorphologicalFilter::OPEN:
123
        ui->rb_useClose_3->setChecked(false);
124
        ui->rb_useDilate_3->setChecked(false);
        ui->rb_useErode_3->setChecked(false);
125
126
        ui->rb_useOpen_3->setChecked(true);
127
        break;
128
      case Vision::MorphologicalFilter::ERODE:
129
        ui->rb_useClose_3->setChecked(false);
130
        ui->rb_useDilate_3->setChecked(false);
131
        ui->rb_useErode_3->setChecked(true);
132
        ui->rb_useOpen_3->setChecked(false);
133
        break;
134
      case Vision::MorphologicalFilter::DILATE:
135
        ui->rb_useClose_3->setChecked(false);
136
        ui->rb_useDilate_3->setChecked(true);
        ui->rb_useErode_3->setChecked(false);
137
138
        ui->rb_useOpen_3->setChecked(false);
139
        break;
140
      }
141
142
      ui->sb_adaptContrastFactor_3->setValue(Settings->
          adaptContrastKernelFactor);
143
      ui->sb_adaptContrKernel_3->setValue(Settings->
          adaptContrastKernelSize);
144
      ui->sb_blurMask_3->setValue(Settings->blurKernelSize);
145
      ui->sb_morphMask_3->setValue(Settings->filterMaskSize);
```

```
146
      ui->sb_sigmaFactor_3->setValue(Settings->sigmaFactor);
147
148
      // Setup the neural Network tab
149
      NN = nn;
150
      QPixmap NNpix("Images/feedforwardnetwork2.png");
151
      ui->label_NNimage->setPixmap(NNpix);
152
      ui->label_NNimage->setScaledContents(true);
153
154
      ui->spinBox_InputNeurons->setValue(NN->GetInputNeurons());
155
      ui->spinBox_HiddenNeurons->setValue(NN->GetHiddenNeurons()
         );
156
      ui->spinBox_OutputNeurons->setValue(NN->GetOutputNeurons()
         );
157
      ui->spinBox_Elitisme->setValue(NN->ElitismeUsedByGA);
158
      ui->spinBox_MaxGen->setValue(NN->MaxGenUsedByGA);
159
      ui->spinBox_PopSize->setValue(NN->PopulationSizeUsedByGA);
160
      ui->doubleSpinBox_endError->setValue(NN->EndErrorUsedByGA)
161
      ui->doubleSpinBox_MutationRate->setValue(NN->
         MutationrateUsedByGA);
162
      ui->doubleSpinBox_Beta->setValue(NN->GetBeta());
163
      ui->doubleSpinBox_maxWeight->setValue(NN->
         MaxWeightUsedByGA);
164
      ui->doubleSpinBox_MinWeight->setValue(NN->
         MinWeightUSedByGa);
165
      ui->checkBox_PredictShape->setChecked(Settings->
         PredictTheShape);
166
      ui->checkBox_revolt->setChecked(Settings->Revolution);
167
168
      // Setup the preference tab
169
      ui->lineEdit_NeuralNetFolder->setText(
170
          QString::fromStdString(Settings->NNFolder));
171
      ui->lineEdit_Printer->setText(
172
          QString::fromStdString(Settings->StandardPrinter));
173
      ui->lineEdit_Samplefolder->setText(
174
          QString::fromStdString(Settings->SampleFolder));
175
      ui->lineEdit_SendTo->setText(
176
          (QString::fromStdString(Settings->StandardSentTo)));
177
      ui->lineEdit_SettingFolder->setText(
178
          QString::fromStdString(Settings->SettingsFolder));
179
      ui->lineEdit__NeuralNet->setText(
180
          QString::fromStdString(Settings->NNlocation));
181
182
      if (openNN) {
183
        ui->tabWidget->setCurrentIndex(3);
184
185
      initfase = false;
186 }
187
188
   DialogSettings::~DialogSettings() { delete ui; }
189
190
   void DialogSettings::openTab(int newValue) {
191
      if (newValue > ui->tabWidget->count()) {
192
        ui -> tabWidget -> setCurrentIndex (newValue);
193
      }
194 }
```

```
195
196
    void DialogSettings::on_pushButton_RestoreDefault_clicked()
197
      Settings -> LoadSettings ("Settings/Default.ini");
198
    }
199
    void DialogSettings::on_pushButton_Open_clicked() {
200
201
      QString fn = QFileDialog::getOpenFileName(
202
          this, tr("Open Settings"), QDir::homePath(), tr("
              Settings (*.ini)"));
203
      if (!fn.isEmpty()) {
204
        if (!fn.contains(tr(".ini"))) {
205
          fn.append(tr(".ini"));
206
        }
207
        Settings -> LoadSettings (fn.toStdString());
208
      }
209
    }
210
211
    void DialogSettings::on_pushButton_Save_clicked() {
      QString fn = QFileDialog::getSaveFileName(
213
          this, tr("Save Settings"), QDir::homePath(), tr("
              Settings (*.ini)"));
214
      if (!fn.isEmpty()) {
215
        if (!fn.contains(tr(".ini"))) {
216
          fn.append(tr(".ini"));
217
        }
218
        Settings -> SaveSettings(fn.toStdString());
219
      }
220 }
221
222 void DialogSettings::on_checkBox_Backlight_clicked(bool
       checked) {
223
      ui->tabWidget_Hardware->setTabEnabled(2, checked);
224
      Settings -> useBacklightProjection = checked;
225
   }
226
227
   void DialogSettings::
       on_comboBox_Microscopes_currentIndexChanged(
228
        const QString &arg1) {
229
230
      if (!initfase) {
231
        std::string selectedCam = arg1.toStdString();
232
        Microscope ->openCam(selectedCam);
233
        Settings -> defaultWebcam = selectedCam;
234
235
        ui->comboBox_Resolution->clear();
236
        QStringList Resolutions;
237
        for (uint32_t i = 0; i < Microscope->SelectedCam->
            Resolutions.size(); i++) {
238
          Resolutions
239
               << Microscope -> SelectedCam -> Resolutions[i].
                  to_string().c_str();
240
241
        ui->comboBox_Resolution->addItems(Resolutions);
242
        ui->comboBox_Resolution->setCurrentIndex(
243
             Microscope -> SelectedCam -> SelectedResolution -> ID);
```

```
244
245 }
246
247
    void DialogSettings::
       on_comboBox_Resolution_currentIndexChanged(int index) {
248
      if (!initfase) {
249
        Microscope -> SelectedCam -> SelectedResolution =
250
             &Microscope -> SelectedCam -> Resolutions [index];
251
        Settings->selectedResolution = index;
252
      }
253 }
254
255
    void DialogSettings::on_checkBox_useHDR_clicked(bool checked
       ) {
256
      ui->spinBox_NoFrames->setDisabled(!checked);
257
      ui->label_nf->setDisabled(!checked);
258
      Settings -> useHDR = checked;
259 }
260
    void DialogSettings::SetCamControl(Hardware::Microscope::
261
       Cam_t *selectedCam,
262
                                          QSlider *Brightness,
                                             QSlider *Contrast,
263
                                          QSlider *Saturation,
                                             QSlider *Hue,
264
                                          QSlider *Sharpness) {
265
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < selectedCam -> Controls.size(); i
          ++) {
266
        if (selectedCam ->Controls[i].name.compare("Brightness")
            == 0) {
267
           Brightness -> setMinimum (selectedCam -> Controls[i].
              minimum);
268
           Brightness -> setMaximum (selectedCam -> Controls[i].
              maximum);
269
        } else if (selectedCam->Controls[i].name.compare("
            Contrast") == 0) {
270
           Contrast -> setMinimum (selectedCam -> Controls[i].minimum)
271
           Contrast -> setMaximum (selectedCam -> Controls[i].maximum)
272
        } else if (selectedCam->Controls[i].name.compare("
            Saturation") == 0) {
273
           Saturation -> setMinimum (selectedCam -> Controls[i].
              minimum):
274
           Saturation -> setMaximum (selectedCam -> Controls[i].
              maximum);
275
        } else if (selectedCam -> Controls[i].name.compare("Hue")
            == 0) {
276
           Hue -> setMinimum (selectedCam -> Controls[i].minimum);
277
           Hue->setMaximum(selectedCam->Controls[i].maximum);
278
        } else if (selectedCam->Controls[i].name.compare("
            Sharpness") == 0) {
279
           Sharpness -> setMinimum (selectedCam -> Controls[i].minimum
280
           Sharpness -> setMaximum (selectedCam -> Controls[i].maximum
              );
```

```
281
        }
282
      }
   }
283
284
285 void DialogSettings::on_spinBox_NoFrames_editingFinished() {
286
      Settings->HDRframes = ui->spinBox_NoFrames->value();
287
288
289
   void DialogSettings::
       on_doubleSpinBox_LightLevel_editingFinished() {
290
      Settings -> lightLevel =
291
          static_cast < float > (ui -> double SpinBox_LightLevel -> value
              ());
292 }
293
294 void DialogSettings::on_checkBox_useRainbow_clicked(bool
       checked) {
295
      Settings -> enableRainbow = checked;
296 }
297
298 void DialogSettings::on_checkBox_InvertEncoder_clicked(bool
       checked) {
299
      Settings -> encInv = checked;
300 }
301
302 void DialogSettings::on_checkBox_useCUDA_clicked(bool
       checked) {
303
      Settings -> useCUDA = checked;
304 }
305
306 void DialogSettings::
       on_horizontalSlider_BrightFront_valueChanged(int value) {
      if (!initfase) {
307
        Settings->Brightness_front = value;
308
309
310 }
311
312
   void DialogSettings::
       on_horizontalSlider_ContrastFront_valueChanged(int value)
        {
313
      if (!initfase) {
314
        Settings -> Contrast_front = value;
315
      }
316 }
317
318 void DialogSettings::
       on_horizontalSlider_SaturationFront_valueChanged(
319
        int value) {
320
      if (!initfase) {
321
        Settings -> Saturation_front = value;
322
323 }
324
325 void DialogSettings::
       on_horizontalSlider_HueFront_valueChanged(int value) {
326
      if (!initfase) {
```

```
327
        Settings -> Hue_front = value;
328
      }
329 }
330
   void DialogSettings::
       on_horizontalSlider_SharpnessFront_valueChanged(
332
        int value) {
333
      if (!initfase) {
334
        Settings -> Sharpness_front = value;
335
      }
336 }
337
338
   void DialogSettings::
       on_horizontalSlider_BrightProj_valueChanged(int value) {
339
      if (!initfase) {
340
        Settings -> Brightness_proj = value;
341
342 }
343
   void DialogSettings::
       on_horizontalSlider_ContrastProj_valueChanged(int value)
345
      if (!initfase) {
346
        Settings -> Contrast_proj = value;
347
      }
348 }
349
350
   void DialogSettings::
       on_horizontalSlider_SaturationProj_valueChanged(
351
        int value) {
352
      if (!initfase) {
353
        Settings -> Saturation_proj = value;
354
355 }
356
357
    void DialogSettings::
       on_horizontalSlider_HueProj_valueChanged(int value) {
358
      if (!initfase) {
        Settings -> Hue_proj = value;
359
360
      }
361
   }
362
363
    void DialogSettings::
       on_horizontalSlider_SharpnessProj_valueChanged(int value)
      if (!initfase) {
364
365
        Settings -> Sharpness_proj = value;
366
367 }
368
369
    void DialogSettings::on_cb_use_adaptContrast_3_clicked(bool
       checked) {
370
      Settings -> useAdaptiveContrast = checked;
371
      ui->sb_adaptContrastFactor_3->setDisabled(!checked);
372
      ui->sb_adaptContrKernel_3->setDisabled(!checked);
373 }
```

```
374
375
    void DialogSettings::on_cb_useBlur_3_clicked(bool checked) {
376
      Settings->useBlur = checked;
377
      ui->sb_blurMask_3->setDisabled(!checked);
378
   }
379
380
   void DialogSettings::on_rb_useDark_3_toggled(bool checked) {
381
      if (checked) {
382
        Settings -> typeOfObjectsSegmented = Vision::Segment::Dark
383
      } else {
384
        Settings->typeOfObjectsSegmented = Vision::Segment::
            Bright;
385
      }
386
   }
387
388
   void DialogSettings::on_cb_ignoreBorder_3_clicked(bool
       checked) {
389
      Settings -> ignorePartialBorderParticles = checked;
390
391
   void DialogSettings::on_cb_fillHoles_3_clicked(bool checked)
392
393
      Settings->fillHoles = checked;
394
    }
395
396
   void DialogSettings::on_sb_sigmaFactor_3_editingFinished() {
397
      Settings->sigmaFactor = ui->sb_sigmaFactor_3->value();
398 }
399
400 void DialogSettings::on_rb_useOpen_3_clicked(bool checked) {
401
      Settings->morphFilterType = Vision::MorphologicalFilter::
         OPEN;
402
    }
403
    void DialogSettings::on_rb_useClose_3_clicked(bool checked)
404
405
      Settings->morphFilterType = Vision::MorphologicalFilter::
         CLOSE;
406
    }
407
408
    void DialogSettings::on_rb_useErode_3_clicked(bool checked)
409
      Settings->morphFilterType = Vision::MorphologicalFilter::
         ERODE:
410 }
411
412 void DialogSettings::on_rb_useDilate_3_clicked(bool checked)
413
      Settings->morphFilterType = Vision::MorphologicalFilter::
         DILATE;
414
   }
415
416
   void DialogSettings::on_sb_morphMask_3_editingFinished() {
      Settings -> filterMaskSize = ui -> sb_morphMask_3 -> value();
417
418 }
```

```
419
420
    void DialogSettings::on_spinBox_MaxGen_editingFinished() {
421
      NN->MaxGenUsedByGA = ui->spinBox_MaxGen->value();
422 }
423
424
    void DialogSettings::on_spinBox_PopSize_editingFinished() {
425
      NN->PopulationSizeUsedByGA = ui->spinBox_PopSize->value();
426 }
427
428
    void DialogSettings::
       on_doubleSpinBox_MutationRate_editingFinished() {
429
      NN->MutationrateUsedByGA = ui->doubleSpinBox_MutationRate
         ->value();
430
    }
431
    void DialogSettings::on_spinBox_Elitisme_editingFinished() {
433
      NN->ElitismeUsedByGA = ui->spinBox_Elitisme->value();
434 }
435
    void DialogSettings::
       on_doubleSpinBox_endError_editingFinished() {
437
      NN->EndErrorUsedByGA = ui->doubleSpinBox_endError->value()
438
    }
439
440
    void DialogSettings::
       on_doubleSpinBox_maxWeight_editingFinished() {
      NN->MaxWeightUsedByGA = ui->doubleSpinBox_maxWeight->value
441
         ();
442 }
443
    void DialogSettings::
444
       on_doubleSpinBox_MinWeight_editingFinished() {
445
      NN->MinWeightUSedByGa = ui->doubleSpinBox_MinWeight->value
         ();
446
    }
447
    void DialogSettings::on_doubleSpinBox_Beta_editingFinished()
448
449
      NN->SetBeta(ui->doubleSpinBox_Beta->value());
450
   }
451
452
    void DialogSettings::on_spinBox_InputNeurons_editingFinished
       () {
453
      NN->SetInputNeurons(ui->spinBox_InputNeurons->value());
454 }
455
456
   void DialogSettings::
       on_spinBox_HiddenNeurons_editingFinished() {
457
      NN -> SetHiddenNeurons (ui -> spinBox_HiddenNeurons -> value());
458
    }
459
460
    void DialogSettings::
       on_spinBox_OutputNeurons_editingFinished() {
      NN->SetOutputNeurons(ui->spinBox_OutputNeurons->value());
461
462 }
```

```
463
464
    void DialogSettings::
       on_pushButton_selectSampleFolder_clicked() {
465
      QString fn = QFileDialog::getExistingDirectory(
466
          this, tr("Select the Sample Directory"),
467
          QString::fromStdString(Settings->SampleFolder),
          QFileDialog::ShowDirsOnly | QFileDialog::
468
              DontResolveSymlinks);
469
      if (!fn.isEmpty()) {
470
        ui->lineEdit_Samplefolder->setText(fn);
471
        Settings -> SampleFolder = fn.toStdString();
472
      }
473 }
474
475
   void DialogSettings::
       on_pushButton_SelectSettingFolder_clicked() {
476
      QString fn = QFileDialog::getExistingDirectory(
477
          this, tr("Select the Setting Directory"),
478
          QString::fromStdString(Settings->SettingsFolder),
479
          QFileDialog::ShowDirsOnly | QFileDialog::
              DontResolveSymlinks);
480
      if (!fn.isEmpty()) {
481
        ui->lineEdit_SettingFolder->setText(fn);
482
        Settings -> SettingsFolder = fn.toStdString();
483
      }
484
   }
485
486
    void DialogSettings::on_pushButton_SelectNNFolder_clicked()
487
      QString fn = QFileDialog::getExistingDirectory(
488
          this, tr("Select the NeuralNet Directory"),
489
          QString::fromStdString(Settings->NNFolder),
490
          QFileDialog::ShowDirsOnly | QFileDialog::
              DontResolveSymlinks);
491
      if (!fn.isEmpty()) {
492
        ui->lineEdit_NeuralNetFolder->setText(fn);
493
        Settings -> NNFolder = fn.toStdString();
494
      }
495
    }
496
497
    void DialogSettings::on_pushButton_SelectNN_clicked() {
498
      QString fn =
499
          QFileDialog::getOpenFileName(this, tr("Select the
              standard Neural Net"),
500
                                         QDir::homePath(), tr("
                                             NeuralNet (*.NN)"));
501
      if (!fn.isEmpty()) {
502
        if (!fn.contains(tr(".NN"))) {
503
          fn.append(tr(".NN"));
504
        }
505
        Settings -> NNlocation = fn.toStdString();
506
        ui->lineEdit__NeuralNet->setText(fn);
      }
507
    }
508
509
510 void DialogSettings::on_spinBox_NoShots_editingFinished() {
```

```
511
      Settings->StandardNumberOfShots = ui->spinBox_NoShots->
          value();
512 }
513
514 \quad \verb"void DialogSettings::on\_checkBox\_PredictShape\_clicked(bool) \\
       checked) {
515
      Settings->PredictTheShape = checked;
516 }
517
518 void DialogSettings::on_checkBox_revolt_clicked(bool checked
519 {
        Settings -> Revolution = checked;
520
521 }
```

K.0.4 Dialog Neural Network Class

```
1 #ifndef DIALOGNN_H
2 #define DIALOGNN_H
3
4 #include <QDialog>
5 #include "SoilMath.h"
6 #include "soilanalyzer.h"
7 #include "dialogsettings.h"
8 #include <qcustomplot.h>
9 #include <QDebug>
10
11 namespace Ui {
12
   class DialogNN;
13 }
14
15 class DialogNN : public QDialog
16 {
17
     Q_OBJECT
18
19 public:
     explicit DialogNN(QWidget *parent = 0, SoilMath::NN *
20
        neuralnet = nullptr, SoilAnalyzer::SoilSettings *
         settings = nullptr, DialogSettings *settingWindow =
        nullptr);
21
     ~DialogNN();
22
23 private slots:
24
25
     void on_pushButton_Settings_clicked();
26
27
     void on_learnErrorUpdate(double newError);
28
29
     void on_pushButton_SelectSamples_clicked();
30
31
     void on_pushButton_Learn_clicked();
32
33
     void on_pushButton_SaveNN_clicked();
34
35
     void on_pushButton_OpenNN_clicked();
36
37
     void on_actionAbort_triggered();
38
39
  private:
40
     Ui::DialogNN *ui;
41
     DialogSettings *SettingsWindow = nullptr;
42
     SoilMath::NN *NeuralNet = nullptr;
43
     SoilAnalyzer::SoilSettings *Settings = nullptr;
44
45
     void setupErrorGraph();
46
     void makeLearnVectors(InputLearnVector_t &input,
        OutputLearnVector_t &output);
47
48
     QVector < double > currentError;
49
     QVector < double > errorTicks;
50
     double currentGeneration = 0;
```

```
51
     QStringList fn;
52 };
53
54
  #endif // DIALOGNN_H
1 #include "dialognn.h"
2 #include "ui_dialognn.h"
   DialogNN::DialogNN(QWidget *parent, SoilMath::NN *neuralnet,
5
                       SoilAnalyzer::SoilSettings *settings,
                       DialogSettings *settingsWindow)
       : QDialog(parent), ui(new Ui::DialogNN) {
7
     ui->setupUi(this);
8
9
10
     if (neuralnet == nullptr) {
11
       neuralnet = new SoilMath::NN;
12
13
     NeuralNet = neuralnet;
14
     if (settings == nullptr) {
15
       settings = new SoilAnalyzer::SoilSettings;
16
17
     Settings = settings;
18
     if (settingsWindow == nullptr) {
19
       settingsWindow = new DialogSettings;
20
21
     SettingsWindow = settingsWindow;
22
23
     // Setup the Qplots
24
     ui->widget_NNError->addGraph();
25
     ui->widget_NNError->addGraph();
26
27
     ui->widget_NNError->xAxis->setLabel("Generation [-]");
28
     ui->widget_NNError->yAxis->setLabel("Error [%]");
29
     QCPPlotTitle *widget_NNErrorTitle = new QCPPlotTitle(ui->
         widget_NNError);
30
     widget_NNErrorTitle ->setText("Learning error");
31
     widget_NNErrorTitle->setFont(QFont("sans", 10, QFont::Bold
         ));
32
     ui->widget_NNError->plotLayout()->insertRow(0);
33
     ui->widget_NNError->plotLayout()->addElement(0, 0,
         widget_NNErrorTitle);
34
35
     setupErrorGraph();
36
37
     // Connect the NN learn error
38
     connect(NeuralNet, SIGNAL(learnErrorUpdate(double)), this,
39
             SLOT(on_learnErrorUpdate(double)));
40
   }
41
42
   DialogNN::~DialogNN() { delete ui; }
43
44
   void DialogNN::on_pushButton_Settings_clicked() {
45
     SettingsWindow -> openTab(2);
46
     SettingsWindow ->show();
47
     setupErrorGraph();
48 }
```

```
49
50
   void DialogNN::on_learnErrorUpdate(double newError) {
     ui->widget_NNError->graph(0)->addData(currentGeneration,
51
         newError);
52
     currentGeneration += 1;
     ui->widget_NNError->yAxis->rescale();
53
54
     //ui->widget_NNError->yAxis->setRange(0, 20);
55
     ui->widget_NNError->replot();
56 }
57
58 void DialogNN::setupErrorGraph() {
59
     errorTicks.clear();
     for (uint32_t i = 0; i < NeuralNet->MaxGenUsedByGA; i++) {
60
61
        errorTicks.push_back(i);
62
     ui->widget_NNError->xAxis->setRange(0, NeuralNet->
63
         MaxGenUsedByGA);
64
     QVector < double > endErrorValue(2, NeuralNet ->
         EndErrorUsedByGA);
65
     QVector < double > endErrorKey(2, 0);
66
     endErrorKey[1] = NeuralNet -> MaxGenUsedByGA;
     ui->widget_NNError->graph(1)->setData(endErrorKey,
67
         endErrorValue);
68
     ui->widget_NNError->xAxis->setAutoTicks(false);
69
     ui->widget_NNError->xAxis->setTickVector(errorTicks);
70
     ui->widget_NNError->xAxis->setTickLabels(false);
71
     //ui->widget_NNError->yAxis->setScaleType(QCPAxis::
         stLogarithmic);
72
     ui->widget_NNError->replot();
73 }
74
75
   void DialogNN::on_pushButton_SelectSamples_clicked() {
     fn = QFileDialog::getOpenFileNames(
76
          this, tr("Open Samples"), QString::fromStdString(
77
             Settings -> SampleFolder),
78
         tr("Samples (*.VSA)"));
79
     for_each(fn.begin(), fn.end(), [](QString &f) {
80
       if (!f.contains(tr(".VSA"))) {
81
         f.append(tr(".VSA"));
82
83
     });
  }
84
85
   void DialogNN::on_pushButton_Learn_clicked() {
87
     if (fn.size() < 1) {</pre>
88
       return;
89
90
     InputLearnVector_t InputVec;
91
     OutputLearnVector_t OutputVec;
92
     makeLearnVectors(InputVec, OutputVec);
93
     NeuralNet ->Learn(InputVec, OutputVec, NeuralNet ->
         GetInputNeurons());
94
     setupErrorGraph();
95 }
96
97 void DialogNN::makeLearnVectors(InputLearnVector_t &input,
```

```
98
                                       OutputLearnVector_t &output)
99
      for (uint32_t i = 0; i < fn.size(); i++) {</pre>
100
        SoilAnalyzer::Sample sample;
101
        sample.Load(fn[i].toStdString());
102
        for_each(sample.ParticlePopulation.begin(), sample.
            ParticlePopulation.end(),
103
                  [&](SoilAnalyzer::Particle &P) {
104
                    if (P.FFDescriptors.size() >= NeuralNet->
                        GetInputNeurons()) {
105
                      ComplexVect_t ffdesc;
106
                      for (uint32_t j = 0; j < NeuralNet->
                          GetInputNeurons(); j++) {
107
                        ffdesc.push_back(P.FFDescriptors[j]);
                      }
108
109
                      input.push_back(ffdesc);
110
                      Predict_t predict = P.Classification;
111
                      predict.OutputNeurons = SoilMath::
                          makeOutput(P.GetAngularity(), NeuralNet
                          ->GetOutputNeurons());
112
                      output.push_back(predict);
                    ጉ
113
114
                  });
115
      }
116
    }
117
    void DialogNN::on_pushButton_SaveNN_clicked() {
      QString fn = QFileDialog::getSaveFileName(
120
          this, tr("Save NeuralNet"), QString::fromStdString(
              Settings -> NNFolder),
121
          tr("NeuralNet (*.NN)"));
122
      if (!fn.isEmpty()) {
123
        if (!fn.contains(tr(".NN"))) {
124
          fn.append(tr(".NN"));
125
126
        NeuralNet ->SaveState(fn.toStdString());
127
      }
    }
128
129
130
    void DialogNN::on_pushButton_OpenNN_clicked() {
131
      QString fn = QFileDialog::getOpenFileName(
132
          this, tr("Open NeuralNet"),
133
          QString::fromStdString(Settings->SampleFolder), tr("
              NeuralNet (*.NN)"));
134
      if (!fn.isEmpty()) {
135
        if (!fn.contains(tr(".NN"))) {
136
          fn.append(tr(".NN"));
137
138
        if (NeuralNet != nullptr) {
139
          delete NeuralNet;
140
141
        NeuralNet ->LoadState(fn.toStdString());
142
        connect(NeuralNet, SIGNAL(learnErrorUpdate(double)),
            this,
143
                 SLOT(on_learnErrorUpdate(double)));
144
      }
```