

Cumulative Logistic Regression Prediction

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- I use all cases 1,523 (training & testing)
- I scale the height & velocity variables to speed convergence
- The resulting coefficients are:

$$\alpha_0 = .4409$$

$$\alpha_1 = 3.165$$

$$\alpha_2 = 4.8816$$

$$\alpha_3 = 6.766$$

based on
1,523 cases

$$\beta_{\text{Height}} = .1369$$

$$\beta_{\text{Velocity}} = .9182$$

$$\beta_{\text{STP}} = .1052$$

$$\beta_{\text{TDS}} = 1.5345$$

• Scaled variables in red

$$\text{Heights} = \frac{\text{Height} - \text{mean}(\text{Height})}{\text{sd}(\text{Height})}$$

standard deviation

$$\rightarrow \text{sd}(\text{Height}) = \text{scale}, \text{mean}(\text{Height}) = \text{center}$$

$$\text{Heights} \times \text{scale} + \text{center} = \text{Height}$$

Velocitys is done similarly.

• Prediction for a new case i

logit function \rightarrow

$$\log \left[\frac{\text{Pr}(EF \leq 0)}{1 - \text{Pr}(EF \leq 0)} \right] = \alpha_0 - \phi_i \quad (\text{see Eq. 2 Elsner/Schroder})$$

where $\phi_i = \beta_{\text{Heights}} \text{Heights}_i + \beta_{\text{Velocitys}} \text{Velocitys}_i + \beta_{\text{STP}} \cdot \text{STP}_i + \beta_{\text{TDS}} \cdot \text{TDS}_i$

so $\phi_i = .1369 \text{ Heights}_i + .9182 \text{ Velocitys}_i + .1052 \text{ STP}_i + 1.5345 \text{ TDS}_i$

$$\alpha_0 = .4409 \text{ (also from the model fit)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \phi_i = & .1369 \left(\frac{\text{Height}_i - 3875.443}{2294.394} \right) + \\ & .9182 \left(\frac{\text{Velocity}_i - 37.99127}{14.6302} \right) + \\ & .1052 \text{ STP}_i + 1.5345 \text{ TDS}_i \end{aligned}$$


$$\text{Height}_i = 2000$$

$$\text{Velocity}_i = 100$$

$$\text{STP}_i = 10$$

$$\text{TDS}_i = 1$$

As an example
prediction, let



$$\text{then } \phi_i = 6.3663$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{so } z_0 = \log \left[\frac{\Pr(EF \leq 0)}{1 - \Pr(EF \leq 0)} \right] &= .4409 - 6.3663 \\ &= -5.9254 \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} P_r(EF \leq 0) &= 1 / [1 + \exp(-z_0)] \\ &= 1 / [1 + \exp(5.9254)] \\ &= .00266 \quad .266\% \end{aligned}$$

$$z_1 = \underset{(\alpha_1)}{3.165} - 6.3663 = -3.2013$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_r(EF \leq 1) &= 1 / [1 + \exp(3.2013)] \\ &= .03912 \quad 3.9\% \end{aligned}$$

$$z_2 = \underset{(\alpha_2)}{4.8816} - 6.3663 = -1.4847$$

$$P_r(EF \leq 2) = .1847 \quad 18.5\%$$

$$z_3 = \underset{(\alpha_3)}{6.7662} - 6.3663 = +.4$$

$$P_r(EF \leq 3) = .5987 \quad 60\%$$

$$P_r(EF \geq 4) = 1 - .5987$$

what remains

$$= .4 \quad 40\%$$

Another example:

Let $Velocity_i = 10$ and all else the same as before, then

$$\phi_i = .7178$$

$$z_0 = .4409 - .7178 = -.2769$$

$$P_0(EF \leq 0) = 1/[1 + \exp(-.2769)] = 43\%$$

⋮