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```
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% MAE 321 - HW 8.1  
% 03/18/15
```

```
clear all  
close all  
clc
```

Problem 1:

A machine modeled as a linear spring-mass-damper system, is driven at resonance ($\omega_n = \omega = 2.5 \text{ rad/s}$). Design a damper (choose a value of c) so that the maximum deflection at steady state is 0.05 m. The machine is modeled as having a stiffness of 1700 N/m, and the excitation force has a magnitude of 150 N.

Find: Design System, c

Known

$\omega_n, \omega, X, k, F_0$

```
frequencyNatural = 2.5;           % rad/s  
frequencyDriving = frequencyNatural; % rad/s  
amplitudeSS      = 0.05;          % m  
stiffness         = 1700;          % N/m  
forceDriving      = 150;           % N
```

Calculations

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}$$

$$m = \frac{k}{\omega_n^2}$$

Steady State Amplitude:

$$X = \frac{f_0}{\sqrt{(\omega_n^2 - \omega^2)^2 + (2\zeta\omega_n\omega)^2}} = \frac{f_0}{2\zeta\omega^2} = \frac{f_0\sqrt{km}}{c\omega^2}$$

$$c = \frac{f_0\sqrt{km}}{X\omega^2}$$

```
mass            = stiffness / frequencyNatural ^ 2;  
forceDrivingMassStd = forceDriving / mass;  
coefficientDamping = (forceDrivingMassStd * sqrt(stiffness * mass)) / ...  
                    (amplitudeSS * frequencyDriving ^ 2)
```

```
coefficientDamping =
```

```
1200
```

Results

System can be designed using a damper with a damping coefficient $c = 1200$.

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