

A note on monotonicity of $z \mapsto D_{\alpha,z}$ for $1 < \alpha \leq 2z$

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Assume that $1 < \alpha \leq 2z \leq 2z'$. We will prove that $Q_{\alpha,z}(\psi\|\varphi) \geq Q_{\alpha,z'}(\psi\|\varphi)$. We may clearly assume that $Q_{\alpha,z}(\psi\|\varphi) < \infty$, in which case there is some $y \in L^{2z}(\mathcal{M})$ such that

$$h_{\psi}^{\frac{\alpha}{2z}} = y h_{\varphi}^{\frac{\alpha-1}{2z}}, \quad Q_{\alpha,z}(\psi\|\varphi) = \|y\|_{2z}^{2z}.$$

In particular, $e := s(\psi) \leq s(\varphi)$, so that we may assume that φ is faithful. Let $\sigma \in \mathcal{M}_*^+$ be such that $s(\sigma) = 1 - e$ and put $\psi_0 := \psi + \sigma$, so that ψ_0 is faithful as well. We will use the notation $L_L^p := L^p(\mathcal{M}; \varphi)_L$, $1 \leq p \leq \infty$.

Consider the function

$$f(w) = h_{\psi_0}^{\frac{\alpha}{2z}w} e h_{\varphi}^{1-\frac{\alpha}{2z}w}, \quad w \in S,$$

where $S := \{w \in \mathbb{C}, 0 \leq \operatorname{Re} w \leq 1\}$. Then clearly

$$f(it) = h_{\psi_0}^{\frac{\alpha}{2z}it} e h_{\varphi}^{-\frac{\alpha}{2z}it} h_{\varphi} \in L_L^{\infty}, \quad t \in \mathbb{R},$$

$t \mapsto f(it)$ is continuous in L_L^{∞} and $\|f(it)\|_{L_L^{\infty}} = 1$ for all t . We also have by [1, Lemmas 10.1 and 10.2]

$$f(1+it) = h_{\psi_0}^{\frac{\alpha}{2z}it} h_{\psi}^{\frac{\alpha}{2z}} h_{\varphi}^{1-\frac{\alpha}{2z}} h_{\varphi}^{-\frac{\alpha}{2z}it} = (h_{\psi_0}^{\frac{\alpha}{2z}it} y h_{\varphi}^{-\frac{\alpha}{2z}it}) h_{\varphi}^{\frac{2z-1}{2z}} \in L_L^{2z}, \quad t \in \mathbb{R},$$

$t \mapsto f(1+it)$ is continuous in L_L^{2z} and

$$\|f(1+it)\|_{L_L^{2z}} = \|h_{\psi_0}^{\frac{\alpha}{2z}it} y h_{\varphi}^{-\frac{\alpha}{2z}it}\|_{2z} = \|y\|_{2z}.$$

Therefore $f \in \mathcal{F}(L_L^{\infty}, L_L^{2z})$, so that for any $\theta \in (0, 1)$, $f(\theta) \in C_{\theta}(L_L^{\infty}, L_L^{2z})$ and

$$\|f(\theta)\|_{C_{\theta}} \leq \|y\|_{2z}^{\theta}.$$

By the reiteration theorem, $C_{\theta} = L_L^{2z/\theta}$. Putting $\theta = z/z'$, we get

$$f(z/z') = h_{\psi}^{\frac{\alpha}{2z'}} h_{\varphi}^{1-\frac{\alpha}{2z'}} = y' h_{\varphi}^{\frac{2z'-1}{2z'}}$$

for some $y' \in L^{2z'}(\mathcal{M})$, and $\|y'\|_{2z'} \leq \|y\|_{2z}^{z/z'}$, this proves the result.

References

- [1] H. Kosaki. Applications of the complex interpolation method to a von Neumann algebra: Non-commutative L_p -spaces. *J. Funct. Anal.*, 56:26–78, 1984. doi:[https://doi.org/10.1016/0022-1236\(84\)90025-9](https://doi.org/10.1016/0022-1236(84)90025-9).