Connection Among Cities

```
#include<iostream>
#include<vector>
#include<map>
#include<queue>
using namespace std;
int main(){
  int totalTest, testCases;
  cin>>totalTest;//test cases
  for(int testCases = 0; testCases< totalTest; testCases++){</pre>
    int n, m , p, s, t, i, j, k;
    cin >>n;//number of cities
    vector<pair<int, int>>graph[n];
    map<string, int>city;
    string str;
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++){
       cin >> str;// name of city
       city.insert({str, i});
       cin>>m; // number of neighbors of Name str
       for(j = 0; j < m; j++){
         int v, d; // v= nr= index of a city connected to str
         cin>>v>>d; // d= cost of transportation
                 // reduce index by 1
         V--;
         graph[i].push back({v, d});
       }
    cin>>p; //no of paths to find
    while(p--){
       cin>>str; //start city
       s = city[str];
       cin>>str; //end city
       t = city[str];
       int dist[n]; // for storing the distance
       fill(dist, dist+n, INT MAX); // set value to all array space
       dist[s] = 0; //distance of traveling starting from source set to 0
       bool visited[n]; // set if the vertex is visited
       fill(visited, visited+n, 0);// fill with 0
       priority queue<pair<int, int>> q; //store the distance and index of vertex
       q.push({-dist[s], s});// distance, index
       while(!q.empty()){
                pair < int, int > p = q.top();
                int x = -p.first,y = p.second;//x = distance from that index,y = city index
                q.pop();
                visited[y] = 1;
                if(y == t) break;// destination
```

```
for(j = 0;j<graph[y].size();j++){
    int k = graph[y][j].first;
    if(visited[k]) continue;
    int cost = x+graph[y][j].second;
    if(cost<dist[k]){
        dist[k] = cost;
        q.push({-cost, k});
    }}}
    cout<<dist[t]<<endl;
    }
}</pre>
```

Palindrome

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void solve();
int main(){
  int t;
  cin >> t;
  while (t--){
    solve();
  }
  return 0;
void solve(){
  int a;
  cin >> a;
  int arr[a];
  for (int i = 0; i < a; i++){
    cin >> arr[i];
  bool flag = false;
  for (int i = 0; i < a; i++) {
    for (int j = i + 2; j < a; j++) {
       if (arr[i] == arr[j]) {
         flag = true;
     }
  if (a==1 | | flag)cout << "YES" << endl;
    else cout << "NO" << endl;
}
```

Mice Maze problem

```
#include<iostream>
#include<vector>
#include<queue>
using namespace std;
typedef pair < int, int > ii;
#define INF 10000000
vector \langle ii \rangle g[101];
int N, E, T, M;
int dist[101];
int dijkstra(int src ){
  priority queue < ii > pq;
  for( int i = 1; i <= N; i++ ) dist[i] = INF;
  pq.push(ii(src, 0));
  dist[src] =0;
  int from, to, t, cost;
  while(!pq.empty()){
    from = pq.top().first;
     cost = pq.top().second;
     pq.pop();
    for( int i = 0; i < (int) g[from].size(); i++){
       to = g[from][i].first;
       t = g[from][i].second;
       if( dist[from] + t < dist[to]){</pre>
          dist[to] = dist[from] + t;
         pq.push(ii(to, dist[to]));
       }
  int mices = 0;
  for( int i = 1; i \le N; i++){
    if( dist[i] <= T )
       mices += 1;
  }
  return mices;
```

```
int main(){
    int test, from, to, t;
    cin>>test;
    while(test--){
        cin>>N>>E>>T;
        cin>>M;
        for( int i = 0; i < M; i++ ){
            cin>>from>>to>>t;
            g[to].push_back( ii(from, t) );
        }
        cout<<dijkstra(E)<<endl<<endl;
        for( int i = 1; i <= N; i++ ) g[i].clear();
    }
        return 0;
}</pre>
```

The Number Pattern (Cheeky Cheeky)

```
#include<iostream>
#include<vector>
using namespace std;
typedef long long II;
vector<ll>pi;
void preFunc(string s){
  II len=s.size();
  pi.resize(len+5);
  pi[0]=0;
  for(II i=1;i<len;i++){
     II j=pi[i-1];
    while(j>0\&\&s[i]!=s[j])j=pi[j-1];
    if(s[i]==s[j])j++;
    pi[i]=j;
  }
int main(){
  II t;
  cin>>t;
  while(t--){
     string s;
     cin>>s;
     II len=s.size();
    reverse(s.begin(),s.end());
     preFunc(s);
     ll idx;
     for(|| i=|en-1;i>=0;i--){
       if(pi[i]*2==(i+1)){
          idx=pi[i]-1;
          break;
       }
     }
```

```
string ans="";
    for(II i=0;i<=idx;i++)ans+=s[i];
    len=ans.size();
    II rep=0;
    if(len<8){
        rep=(8/len);
        if(8%len!=0)rep++;
    }
    for(II i=0;i<rep;i++){
        ans+=ans;
    }
    reverse(ans.begin(),ans.end());
    for(II i=0;i<8;i++)cout<<ans[i];
        cout<<"...\n";
    }
    return 0;
}</pre>
```