



OOD Course Notes

SECTION A

[ANSWER ANY TWO OF THE FOLLOWING]

- 1.(a) What do you understand by **Object Oriented Modelling**? 1-5 1.75
- (b) What is the key difference between **software design** and **software architecture**? solves 2.00
- (c) Explain how **CRC cards** are used in modelling a conceptual design with an example. What are the advantages of using **CRC cards**? 1-17 3+2

- 2.(a) The design principle of **'decomposition'** takes a whole thing and divides it into different parts. There are three types of relationships in decomposition, which define the interaction between the whole and the parts: **association, aggregation, and composition**. Explain those relationships and also draw the **UML** diagram for each of these relationships. 1-41 5.00

- (b) Consider an activity of **"changing TV channel using remote"**. solves 3.75
- When a viewer presses a number on the tv remote, the television changes the channel that the tv viewer can see on the tv screen.
 - The viewer can also press the up/down button on the remote to change the channel

Use the above description to draw a **UML sequence diagram** to model the interaction between the user and TV through the remote.

- 3.(a) What do you understand by **Conceptual Integrity**? 1-68 1.00
- (b) Consider the following Smartphone class 2.75

```
public class SmartPhone {  
    private byte camera;  
    private byte phone;  
  
    public SmartPhone() { ... }  
  
    public void takePhoto() { ... }  
    public void savePhoto() { ... }  
    public void cameraFlash() { ... }  
  
    public void makePhoneCall() { ... }  
    public void encryptOutgoingSound() { ... }  
    public void decipherIncomingSound() { ... }  
}
```

1-61

Explain the problems with the class in terms of coupling and cohesion.

- (c) How can you apply the **separation of concern** principle to overcome the problems associated with the previous example? Draw a **UML** diagram of your proposed solution. 1-63 5.00

SECTION B

[ANSWER ANY TWO OF THE FOLLOWING]

- 4.(a) What are "software design patterns", and why should you use them? 2-7 2.25
- (b) Consider the java class below. Modify the class to convert it to a singleton class. 3.50
Also, show how you can call the `executeSql` method of this singleton class using a demo program. 2-11
- ```

class Database {
 private String dbName, user, password;

 public Database(String dbName, String user, String password) {
 this.dbName = dbName;
 this.user = user;
 this.password = password;
 }

 public void executeSql(String sql){
 System.out.println("Executed query: "+sql);
 }
}

```
- (c) Describe the Adapter pattern and draw its representative class diagram. 2-25 3.00
- 5.(a) Explain how the MVC design pattern can be used to develop a maintainable web application. 2-72 4.25
- (b) What is the underlying principle of the Observer design pattern? Explain with an example. 2-66 4.50
- 6.(a) Present a scenario where you may need to use a façade design pattern. 2-20 1.75
- (b) Explain steps to implement façade design pattern 2-22 4.00
- (c) What are the facilities the façade design pattern provides? 2-25 3.00