Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 4_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 18

Section 1: MCQ

1. Which operations are performed when deleting an element from an array-based queue?

Answer

Dequeue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. After performing this set of operations, what does the final list look to contain?

InsertFront(10); InsertFront(20);

InsertRear(30);

DeleteFront();

```
InsertRear(40);
  InsertRear(10);
DeleteRear();
  InsertRear(15);
  display();
  Answer
  10 30 40 15
  Status: Correct
                                                                    Marks: 1/1
  3. Insertion and deletion operation in the queue is known as
  Answer
  Enqueue and Dequeue
  Status: Correct
                                                                    Marks: 1/1
  4. What will be the output of the following code?
  #include <stdio.h>
  #include <stdlib.h>
  #define MAX_SIZE 5
  typedef struct {
    int* arr;
    int front;
    int rear;
    int size:
  } Queue;
  Queue* createQueue() {
    Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
    queue->arr = (int*)malloc(MAX_SIZE * sizeof(int));
```

queue->front = -1; queue->rear = -1; queue->size = 0; return queue;

int isEmpty(Queue* queue) {

```
return (queue->size == 0);
lint main() {
    Queue* queue = createQueue();
    printf("Is the queue empty? %d", isEmpty(queue));
    return 0;
  }
  Answer
  Is the queue empty? 1
  Status: Correct
                                                                     Marks: 1/1
     What will the output of the following code?
  #include <stdio.h>
  #include <stdlib.h>
  typedef struct {
    int* arr;
    int front;
    int rear;
    int size;
  } Queue;
  Queue* createQueue() {
    Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
    queue->arr = (int*)malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
    queue->front = 0;
    queue->rear = -1;
    queue->size = 0;
    return queue;
  int main() {
    Queue* queue = createQueue();
    printf("%d", queue->size);
    return 0;
  Answer
```

Marks : 1/1 Status: Correct

Which one of the following is an application of Queue Data Structure?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

7. What is the functionality of the following piece of code?

```
public void function(Object item)
  Node temp=new Node(item,trail);
  if(isEmpty())
    head.setNext(temp);
    temp.setNext(trail);
  else
    Node cur=head.getNext();
    while(cur.getNext()!=trail)
      cur=cur.getNext
    cur.setNext(temp);
  size++;
Answer
```

Insert at the rear end of the dequeue

Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct

A normal queue, if implemented using an array of size MAX_SIZE, gets full when

Answer

Rear = MAX_SIZE - 1

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. When new data has to be inserted into a stack or queue, but there is no available space. This is known as

Answer

overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. Which of the following properties is associated with a queue?

Answer

First In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. What does the front pointer in a linked list implementation of a queue contain?

Answer

The address of the first element

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. In what order will they be removed If the elements "A", "B", "C" and "D" are placed in a queue and are deleted one at a time

Answer

ABCD

Marks: 1/1,012,12 Status: Correct

13. The process of accessing data stored in a serial access memory is similar to manipulating data on a

Answer

Stack

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

14. In a linked list implementation of a queue, front and rear pointers are tracked. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into a non-empty queue?

Answer

Only rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. Front and rear pointers are tracked in the linked list implementation of a queue. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into the EMPTY queue?

Answer

Both front and rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. In linked list implementation of a queue, the important condition for a queue to be empty is?

Answer

FRONT is null

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. What are the applications of dequeue?

Answer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. The essential condition that is checked before insertion in a queue is?

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
typedef struct {
  int arr[MAX_SIZE];
  int front;
  int rear;
  int size:
} Queue;
void enqueue(Queue* queue, int data) {
  if (queue->size == MAX_SIZE) {
   return;
  queue->rear = (queue->rear + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
  queue->arr[queue->rear] = data;
  queue->size++;
int dequeue(Queue* queue) {
  if (queue->size == 0) {
    return -1;
  int data = queue->arr[queue->front];
  queue->front = (queue->front + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
  queue->size--;
return data:
```

```
int main() {
      Queue queue;
      queue.front = 0;
      queue.rear = -1;
      queue.size = 0;
      enqueue(&queue, 1);
      enqueue(&queue, 2);
      enqueue(&queue, 3);
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      enqueue(&queue, 4);
      enqueue(&queue, 5);
    printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
      return 0;
    Answer
    1234
    Status: Correct
```

20. Which of the following can be used to delete an element from the front end of the queue?

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Marks: 1/1

Answer

public Object deleteFront() throws emptyDEQException(if(isEmpty())throw new emptyDEQException("Empty");else{Node temp = head.getNext();Node cur = temp;Object e = temp.getEle();head.setNext(cur);size--;return e;}}

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1