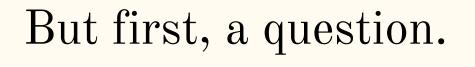
### Machine Learning

(Using JavaScript)

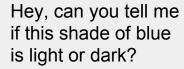


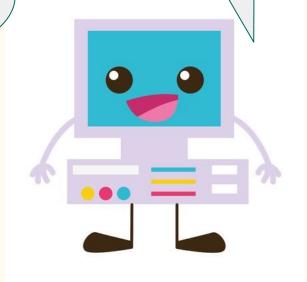
### What is Machine Learning?

Using data to answer questions.



Probably....if you teach me?





#### What is Machine Learning?

Using data to answer questions.

#### Machine Learning Paradigms

- 1. Supervised Learning
- 2. Unsupervised Learning
- 3. Reinforcement Learning

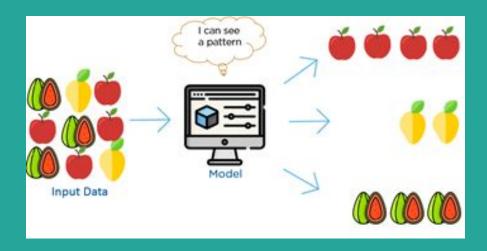
# Supervised Learning

We give the computer historical data in which we know the answer to

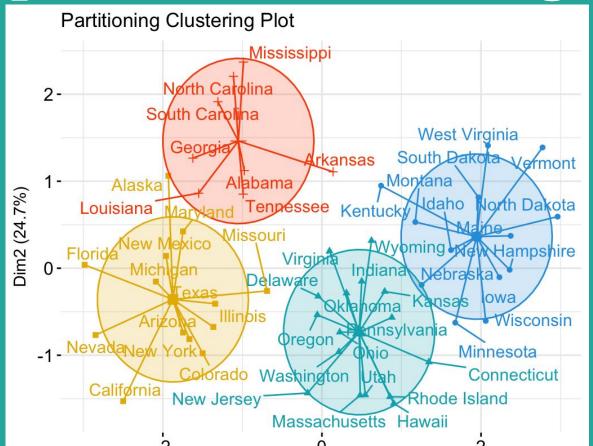
E	xample	e: Cance	r diagno	osis		
23	Patient ID	# of Tumors	Avg Area	Avg Density	Diagnosis	
	1	5	20	118	Malignant	
Ш	2	3	15	130	Benign	Training Set
Ш	3	7	10	52	Benign	
	4	2	30	100	Malignant	

### Unsupervised Learning

No information is given, we see what the computer spits out on it's own! Works well with clustering.

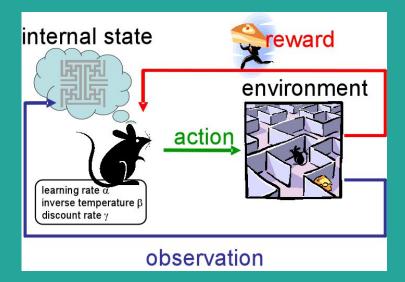


### Unsupervised Learning



### Reinforcement Learning

Based off classical conditioning in psychology.
We let a computer play out and give it rewards based on certain factors.



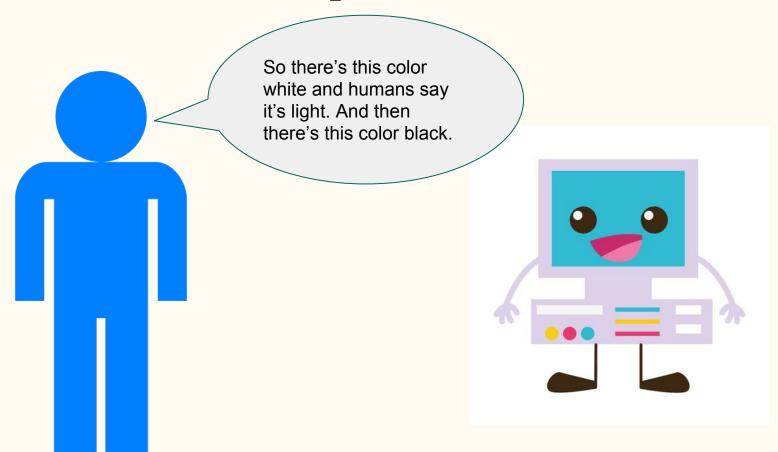
All DeepMind's programmers have done is give the agent a set of virtual sensors (so it can tell whether it's upright or not, for example) and then incentivize to move forward. The computer works the rest out for itself, using trial and error to come up with different ways of moving.



### Reinforcement Learning

Reinforcement Learning in JavaScript

#### Back to our question.



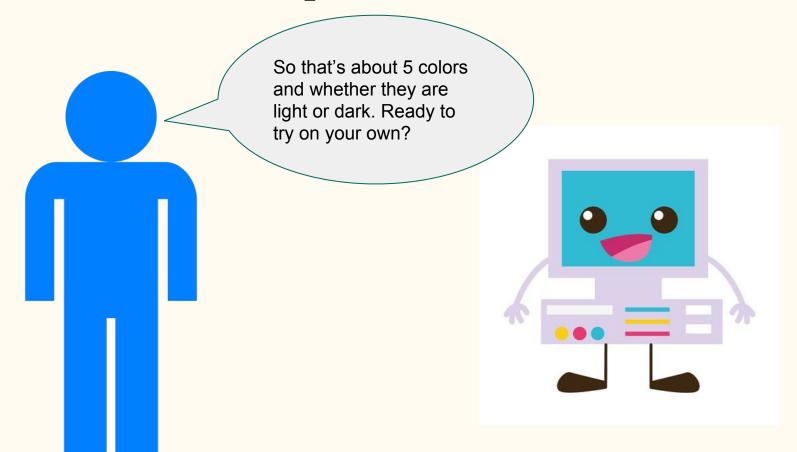
rgb(255, 253, 0)

light

rgb(152, 0, 0) dark

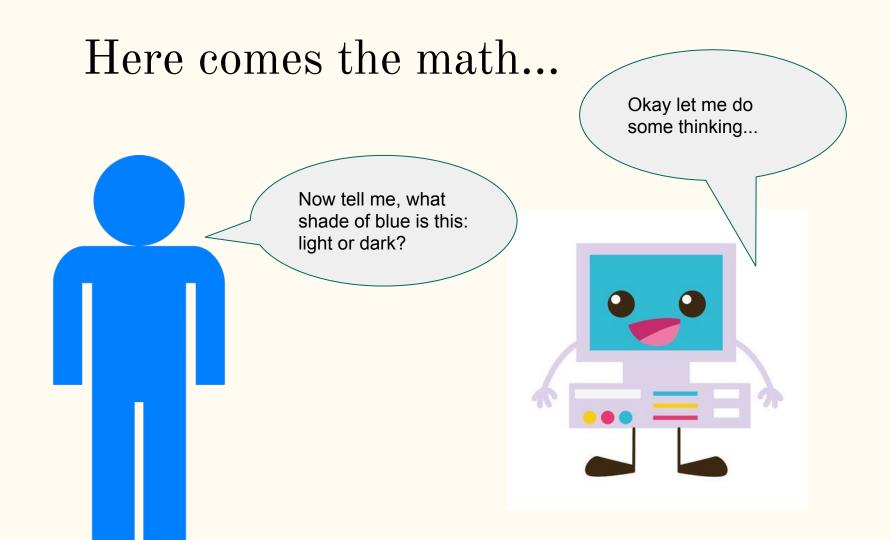
```
COLORS = [
// black
{input: {r: 0, g: 0, b: 0}, output:{dark: 1}},
 // lime green
 {input: {r: 0.8, g: 0.6, b: 0.8}, output:{light: 1}},
 // light pink
 {input: {r: .9, g: 0.8, b: 1}, output:{light: 1}},
 // grey
 {input: {r: 0.6, g: 0.6, b: 0.6}, output:{light: 1}},
 //white
 {input: {r: 1, g: 1, b: 1}, output:{light: 1}}
```

#### So now the computer has data.



### What is Machine Learning?

Using data to answer questions.



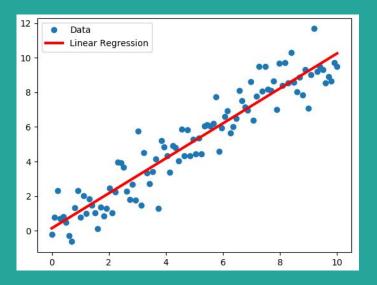
#### Machine Learning Techniques

- 1. Linear regression
- 2. Neural Networking
- 3. Clustering

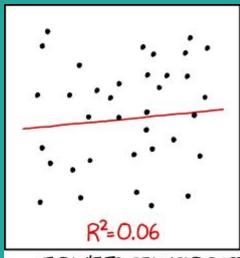
### Linear Regression

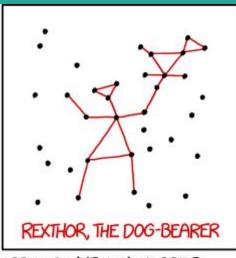
The finding a relationship between an independent and dependent

variable.



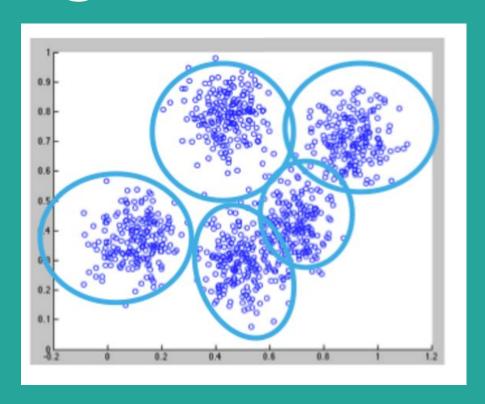
# Linear Regression





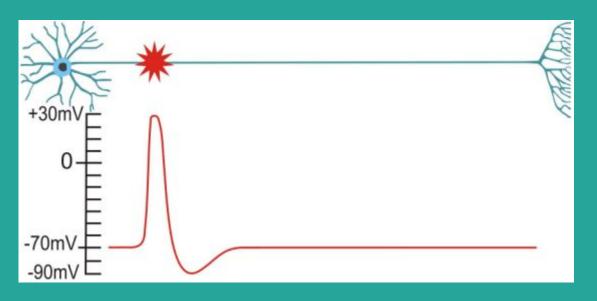
I DON'T TRUST LINEAR REGRESSIONS WHEN IT'S HARDER TO GUESS THE DIRECTION OF THE CORRELATION FROM THE SCATTER PLOT THAN TO FIND NEW CONSTELLATIONS ON IT.

# Clustering



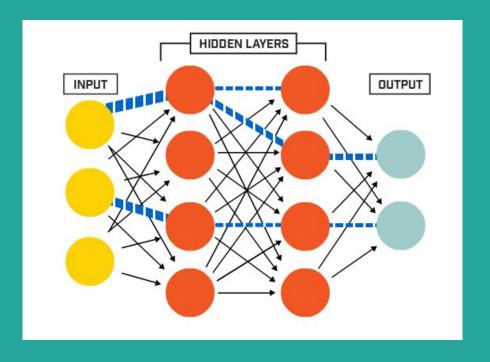
### Neural Networking

Modeled off the human brain!



### Neural Networking

We try to model the idea of hitting a threshold to fire in computers.



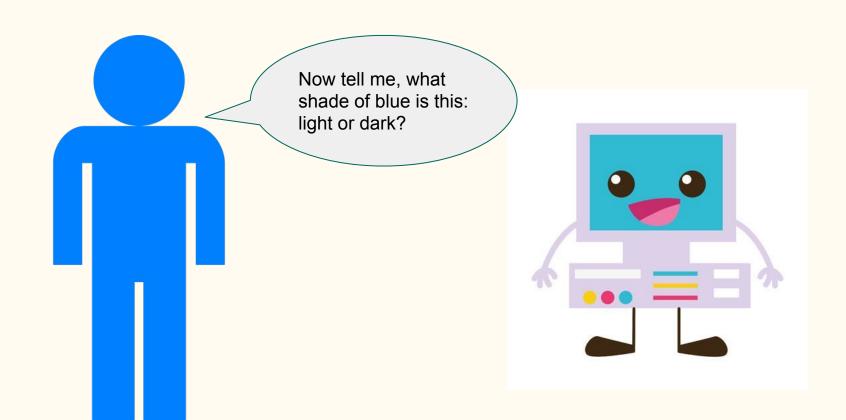
#### Brain.js for Neural Networking in JavaScript

```
const brain = require("brain.js")
const network = new brain.NeuralNetwork()
const calculate = require('./calculate_rgb.js')
const colors = require('./colors.js')

network.train(colors)

const result = network.run(OUR COLOR)
console.log(result)
```

### Whatcha say?



Ask a Question	Give it Data	Math!	Ask it to predict	
	Typically supervised learning.	Typically neural networking.	The computer will often spit out a percentage telling us how likely it is that the answer it has provided is true.	