

Adult human kidney tissue cell dissociation (on ice)

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Abstract

This protocol can be used to dissociate adult human kidney "on ice" - maintaining authentic gene expression profiles. It was designed using a mix of Collagenases (Type 4, and A) which provide broad proteolytic activity, but preferentially cleave extracellular bonds, largely leaving cells intact. The total incubation time is 1 hour 20 minutes divided into two layers. At the end of the procedure, RBC lysis is performed. The total yield at the end of the procedure is ~1200 (non-RBC) cells released per mg tissue with 87% viability.

In the digest mix, there is trypsin inhibitor from soybean which is designed to limit the activity of tryptic proteins in the collagenase mix which can damage the integrity of the cell. There is also 5 mM CaCl2, an activator of collagenase activity, in addition to DNAse - which chews up DNA released from dead cells, reducing cell clumping. The dissociation itself it carried out in two layers. The first layer is 30 minutes and includes trituration and shaking. After this layer, tissue clumps are settled for 1 min, and the supernatant containing released cells is removed and filtered using a 30 μ M filter and rinsed with ice-cold PBS-BSA. This helps to preserve the integrity of released cells while continuing the digest clumps of undissociated cells. To the residual clumps, an additional 1 mL of enzyme mix is added and the digestion is continued for 50 additional minutes (1 hr 20 mins total time).

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Guidelines

Collagenase Enzyme Mix: 2 x 1 mL (make two tubes)

75 μ L Collagenase Type A 100 mg/mL (7.5 mg/mL final concentration)

75 µL Collagenase Type 4 100 mg/mL (7.5 mg/mL final)

100 μL of soybean trypsin inhibitor 1 mg/mL (100 μg/mL final)

5 μL DNAse (125 U/mL final)

5 μL of 1 M CaCl2 (5 mM final)

740 µL DPBS (no Ca, no Mg)

Reagents

Enzymes, trypsin inhibitor, BSA and DNAse are made up in DPBS (no Ca, no Mg) from Thermo Fisher (14190).

Bovine Serum Albumin - Sigma (A8806).

DNAse - Applichem (A3778) - 10 µL aliquots in PBS each with 250 U.

soybean trypsin inhibitor - Roche (10109886001) - 100 μL aliquots of 1 mg/mL.

Collagenase A - Roche (10103586001) - 100 µL aliquots of 100 mg/mL - frozen at -80 °C.

Collagenase Type 4 - Worthington (LS004186) - 100 μL aliquots of 100 mg/mL - frozen at -80 °C

Red Blood Cell Lysis Buffer - Sigma (R7757) Trypan Blue Solution 0.4% - Gibco (15250061)

Equipment

Centrifuge for 1.5 mL, 15 mL conicals

Pipettes and pipet tips

15, 50 ml Conicals (MLS)

1.5 mL tubes (MLS)

30 μM filters - Miltenyi (130-098-458)

Petri dishes (MLS)

Razor blades (MLS)

Ice bucket w/ice

Hemocytometers - InCyto Neubauer Improved (DHC-NO1-5)

Protocol

Step 1.

Transport kidney in ice-cold PBS.

Step 2.

Mince biopsy into 1-mm3 pieces using razor blade on petri dish on ice.

Step 3.

Weigh out 10 mg of minced kidney onto petri dish. Transfer to 1.5 mL tube with 1 mL of enzyme mix on ice.

Step 4.

Shake tube every 1 min. Triturate 10x every 3 min (starting at 2 min), using p1000 set to 700 μ L with the end of the tip cut off.

Step 5.

After 30 min of incubating on ice, let tissue chunks settle on ice 1 min.

Step 6.

Remove 80% of supernatant (consisting of released cells) and apply to 30 μ M filter on 50 mL conical. Rinse filter with 5 mL ice-cold PBS/BSA 0.04%

■ AMOUNT

5 ml Additional info: icecold PBS/BSA 0.04%

Step 7.

Transfer flow-through to 15 mL conical. Bring volume to 10 mL with ice-cold PBS/BSA 0.04%.

■ AMOUNT

10 ml Additional info: ice-

Step 8.

Spin flow-through 650 g for 5 min at 4 °C. Remove supernatant. Re-suspend cells in 10 mL PBS/BSA 0.04% and leave on ice.

AMOUNT

10 ml Additional info: resuspend cells in ice-cold PBS/BSA 0.04%

4 °C Additional info: spin

650 g for 5 min

Step 9.

Add additional 1 mL enzyme mix to tube containing tissue chunks. Continue triturating 10x every 3 min and shaking every min while incubating on ice.

■ AMOUNT

1 ml Additional info: add enzyme mix to tissue chunks

Step 10.

After 50 min additional time (1 hr. 20 min total) triturate 10x and transfer entire volume of digest mix to a new 30 μ M filter on a 50 mL conical tube. Rinse filter w/5 mL ice-cold PBS/BSA 0.04%.

■ AMOUNT

5 ml Additional info: ice-cold PBS/BSA 0.04%

Step 11.

Transfer flow-through to 15 mL conical. Bring volume to 10 mL with ice-cold PBS/BSA 0.04%. Spin this tube and the tube from previous layer (two tubes) 650 g for 5 min at 4 °C. Remove supernatant.

■ AMOUNT

10 ml Additional info: ice-cold PBS/BSA 0.04%

▮ TEMPERATURE

4 °C Additional info: spin

650 g for 5 min

Step 12.

Add 2 mL of RBC lysis buffer to the tubes and combine to one 15 mL conical. Triturate 20X using 1 mL pipet. Let sit three min on ice. Add 10 mL ice-cold PBS/BSA 0.04% to dilute RBC lysis buffer.

■ AMOUNT

2 ml Additional info: RBC

lysis buffer

■ AMOUNT

10 ml Additional info: ice-cold PBS/BSA 0.04%

Step 13.

Spin 650 g for 5 min at 4 °C. Remove all but 100 µL of supernatant.

Step 14.

To 100 μ L of cells, repeat RBC lysis: add 900 μ L of RBC lysis buffer. Triturate 10x and let sit one min. on ice. Add 10 mL of ice-cold PBS/BSA 0.04%. Spin 650 g for 5 min at 4 $^{\circ}$ C. Remove as much supernatant as possible.

■ AMOUNT

900 µl Additional info: RBC

lysis buffer

■ AMOUNT

10 ml Additional info: ice-cold PBS/BSA 0.04%

▮ TEMPERATURE

4 °C Additional info: Spin

650 g for 5 min

Step 15.

Re-suspend in 100 μ L ice-cold PBS/BSA 0.04%. Check viability and concentration using hemocytometer with trypan blue.