



CasX GFP-Targeting gRNA IVT

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2019 1 Works for me

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🔔 Meredith Triplet 🕢 🦰



ABSTRACT

This protocol explains how to transcribe gRNA in vitro.

CasX_IVT_Protocol (2).docx

GUIDELINES

It's recommended to perform $8x25\mu L$ PCR reactions per gRNA, which results in 3x1mL IVT reactions.

MATERIALS

NAME V	CATALOG #	VENDOR V
Q5 High-Fidelity DNA Polymerase - 100 units	M0491S	New England Biolabs
APS	BP179-25	Fisher Scientific
100g EDTA, Disodium Salt (Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, disodium dihydrate)	786-050	G-Biosciences
10g Xylene Cyanol	RC-115	G-Biosciences
Bisacrylamide, 25g (N,N'-Methylenebisacrylamide)	V3141	Promega
Bromophenol blue	BB2230.SIZE.25g	Bio Basic Inc.
Sodium acetate	1.06268.1000	Merck Millipore
Acrylamide	A9099	Sigma
Diethyl pyrocarbonate	D5758	Sigma Aldrich
Urea	U5378	Sigma Aldrich
200 Proof Ethanol pure	E7023	Sigma Aldrich
Formamide	17899	Thermo Fisher
TEMED	17919	Thermo Fisher
dNTP Mix (10 mM each)	R0191	Thermo Fisher
T7 RNA Polymerase	2540B	Takara
NTP Mix (10mM)	18109017	Thermo Fisher Scientific
DNase I recombinant RNase-free	04716728001	Sigma Aldrich
JltraPure™ TBE Buffer 10X	15581044	Thermo Fisher Scientific
Corning syringe filters regenerated cellulose membrane diam. 4 mm pore size 0.2 µm	CLS431212	Sigma Aldrich

NAME CATALOG # **VENDOR**

Amicon® Ultra-15 Centrifugal Filter Unit (3kDa NMWL)

UFC900308

Millipore Sigma

SAFETY WARNINGS

For safety warnings and hazard information please refer to the SDS (Safety Data Sheet).

Q5 PCR Amplification



Prepare amplification reactions (x8) (plus 1.1x for pipette error) for each sgRNA.

■8.8 µl Oligo 1 Primer (10µM)

■8.8 µl Oligo 2 Primer (10µM)

■8.8 µl Oligo 3 Primer (10 µM)

■4.4 µl dNTPs (10mM)

■44 µl Q5 Buffer

■2.2 µl Q5 Polymerase

■143 µl DEPC



Amplification reactions of 8.8x are recommended, but the 1x Q5 PCR reaction is as follows (able to scale up or down):

1μL (10μM) Oligo 1 Primer 1μL (10μM) Oligo 2 Primer 1μL (10μM) Oligo 3 Primer 0.5μL (10mM) dNTPs 5μL Q5 Buffer 0.25µL Q5 Polymerase 16.25µL DEPC

Run using PCR conditions as follows:



Reaction can be frozen at -20°C.

3 **(*)**

Run some reaction mix on an agarose gel to check PCR product size.

In Vitro Transcription (IVT)

4

From the 200µL PCR reactions (25µL x 8 tubes), split into 3 tubes of 66.6µL. Each tube will have a final volume of 1mL after IVT.



The PCR product doesn't need to be cleaned before IVT.

5 💢

For each 1mL IVT reaction, add the following:

- ■100 µl 10x IVT buffer
- ■200 µl 5x NTPs
- ■100 µl T7 Polymerase
- ■40 µl RNase Inhibitor
- □66.6 µl DNA template (15ug) (from previous step)
- **■493.4** μl DEPC

6

Incubate in RNase free heat block at § 37 °C , © Overnight .



Take $10\mu L$ sample pre-DNase, mixed with $\frac{10}{2}$ ul 2x formamide dye for analytical gel.



2x Formamide Dye can be made as follows: 20mL formamide 2.2mL of 100mM (10mM final concentration) EDTA A spatula tip-ful of powdered xylenecyanol A spatula tip-ful of powderedbromophenol blue



Add 100 µl 10x DNase Buffer to each 1mL reaction.



Add 50 µl RNase-Free DNase to each 1 ml reaction.



Return samples to RNase-Free heat block and incubate at $\$ 37 °C for $\$ 00:30:00 .



Spin down § 4 °C , ⊚ 00:08:00 , ⊚ 15000 x g to pellet pyrophosphate.



Move 3mL to a new tube. Add 3 ml 2x formamide dye.

13 Keep & On ice until Gel Purification.



Reaction can be frozen at -80°C.

14

Take 10μL sample **post**-DNase, mixed with **10 μl 2x formamide dye** for analytical gel.

Cast large 15% Urea-PAGE gel:

- **250 ml** 15% Urea-PAGE
- ■250 µl TEMED
- **■833 μl 30% APS**
- 16 Pre-run, 25 W for about **© 00:30:00** or until metal plate is warm.
- 17

Heat denature samples at 8 65 °C , © 00:10:00 .

- 18 Load each sample into separate wells.
- 19 Run at 45W for **3:00:00** to **4:00:00**.
- 20 Take gel out and sandwich between saran wrap.
- 21 Use UV shadowing to identify RNA bands.
- 22 Highlight bands with sharpie.
- 23 With clean razor blade, cut out bands and place in 50 ml Falcon tube.
- 24 Crush gel pieces with RNase Free serological pipette.
- 25

Add 14.5 ml DEPC , 500 µl NaOAc .



Want: 5mL of DEPC/NaOAc per 1mL of IVT reaction and 1/30 NaOAc.

Centrifuge § 4 °C, © 00:10:00, © 20000 x g.

27 Rock at § 4 °C, © Overnight.

RNA Elution

- 28 Filter sample through 0.22μm Corning Filter into 50mL tubes and keep 🐧 On ice
- 29 Move samples to 15mL Amicon 3kDa MWCO Concentrators.
- 30

Centrifuge § 4 °C, @4000 rpm, ~ © 01:00:00.



31

Split each into 3 Eppendorf tubes of $=333 \mu I$.

32

Add 0.3 volumes [M]3 Molarity (M) NaOAc (100uL) to each sample.

33

Add 100% EtOH (3 volumes) to each sample.

- 34 Chill in § -80 °C at least © 02:00:00.
- 35

Do Fast Temp before to make sure it's at 8 4 °C as soon as samples go in.

36 Pipette supernatant off. 37 Add 200 µl 70% EtOH to wash pellet. Combine with other pellets of the same sample. 38 39 Centrifuge § 4 °C, © 00:10:00, © 20000 x g. 40 Pipette off supernatant. 41 Repeat wash step: add 200 µl 70% EtOH per pellet in sample. 42 Centrifuge § 4 °C, © 00:10:00, © 20000 x g. 43 Pipette off supernatant. Place eppendorf with pellet on § 37 °C heat block with the lid open and a kim-wipe on top for © 00:30:00 - © 01:00:00 . 45 Resuspend each sample pellet in 200 µl - 300 µl DEPC total . ₩ 46 Nanodrop RNA. 47 Label and put RNA at 8-80 °C.

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