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# RNA extractions from de-etiolated Arabidopsis seedlings using CTAB

Akila Wijerathna-Yapa<sup>1</sup>, Andrew Bowerman<sup>2</sup>, Diep Ganguly<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>School of Molecular Sciences - The University of Western Australia, <sup>2</sup>The Australian National University

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Pogson Genomics Group







### ABSTRACT

A CTAB based method for extracting RNA, which is particularly useful for tough tissues. This has been adapted from a protocol that was originally used for pine tree tissue, which is difficult due to the high concentrations of polysaccharides, phenolics, and RNase (Chang, S., Puryear, J. & Cairney, J. Plant Mol Biol Rep (1993) 11: 113. https://doi.org/10.1007/BF02670468). The protocol described herein was an effective alternative to TRIzol based extractions for recovering RNA from juvenile de-etiolated tissues.

### **GUIDELINES**

Ensure that you use RNA friendly practices (e.g. clean surfaces with RNAesy or 80% ethanol, use RNAase-free filter tips, use DEPC-treated water for buffers, adjust RNA buffer pH to be slightly acidic [e.g.  $\sim$ 6] in which RNA is more stable).

### **MATERIALS**

NAME ~	CATALOG #	VENDOR V
Isoamylalcohol		
Beta-mercaptoethanol		
Chloroform		
DEPC		
Hexadecyltrimethylammonium bromide (CTAB)	H9151	Sigma Aldrich
80% Ethanol		
Lithium chloride	793620	Sigma Aldrich
Polyvinylpyrrolidone K 30	81420	Sigma Aldrich

MATERIALS TEXT

# **Extraction buffer**

- 1. 2% CTAB
- 2. 2% PVP K30
- 3. 100 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0)
- 4. 25 mM EDTA (pH 8.0)
- 5. 2 M NaCl
- 6. Autoclave
- 7. 2% 2-mercaptoethanol (add before use = 100 uL per 5 mL buffer)

Perform steps with 2-mercaptoethanol in a fume hood.

- Harvest tissues into liquid nitrogen and grind (under liquid nitrogen) using mortar and pestle to obtain a fine powder. Ground tissue should be kept in safe-lock tubes in liquid nitrogen (or returned to -80C storage) until all samples are processed. This step is critical for efficient extractions so take your time here.
- 2 Add 1 mL of prewarmed (65°C) extraction buffer to each tube, mix well and incubate for 5 mins at 65°C (can be longer if needed e.g. 10-15 mins)
- Add 200 ul of chloroform:IAA (24:1), mix well and spin @ 14,000 rcf for 10 mins. Remove upper aqueous phase to a new tube. Make sure not to disturb or pipette any material from the interface. Repeat chloroform:IAA step twice, being increasingly conservative when recovering the aqueous phase.
- 4 Add equal volume of 5 M LiCl to aqueous layer, mix well and incubate overnight @ -20°C.
- 5 Spin tubes @ 14,000 rcf for 20 mins @ 4°C.
- 6 Remove supernatant with pipette, add 1 mL 80% ethanol and invert tube ~10X. Centrifuge @ 7,500 rcf for 5 minutes @ RT. Remove ethanol and repeat.
- Remove as much ethanol as possible using a pipette. Air-dry tubes with lid open for 1 min. Resuspend in 30 50 ul (depending on expected concentration and purpose, e.g. we aim for ~ 500 ng / ul) DEPC-treated water or low EDTA TE buffer (0.1 mM EDTA, 10 mM Tris base, pH 6.5).
- R Check quality of RNA e.g. visualize ~50 ng RNA on a 1% agarose gel or use BioAnalyser / LabChip GXII.

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