

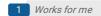


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### STRIPE-seq library construction

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#### ABSTRACT

Accurate mapping of transcription start sites (TSSs) is key for understanding transcriptional regulation; however, current protocols for genome-wide TSS profiling are laborious and expensive. We present Survey of TRanscription Initiation at Promoter Elements with highthroughput sequencing (STRIPE-seq), a simple, rapid, and cost-effective protocol for sequencing capped RNA 5' ends from as little as 50 ng total RNA. Including depletion of uncapped RNA and bead cleanups, a STRIPE-seq library can be constructed in approximately 4 hours.

#### **MATERIALS**

NAME ~	CATALOG #	VENDOR V
Terminator 5-Phosphate-Dependent Exonuclease	TER51020	Lucigen
RNAClean XP	A63987	Beckman Coulter
5M Betain	AAJ77507UCR	Thermo Fisher Scientific
KAPA HiFi HotStart ReadyMix	KK2601	Roche
Sorbitol	DSS23080-500	Dot Scientific
Trehalose	0210309705	MP Biomedicals
dNTPs 10 μM each	97063-232	VWR Scientific
SuperScript II Reverse Transcriptase	18064014	Thermo Fisher Scientific
RNA ScreenTape	5067-5576	Agilent Technologies
High Sensitivity D5000 ScreenTape	5067-5592	Agilent Technologies

# Prepare Total RNA

1 Check RNA quality and concentration on an Agilent TapeStation using an RNA ScreenTape.

15m



You should have at least 50 to 200 ng of total RNA at a concentration of at least 30 to 125 ng/ $\mu$ l. Your total RNA should also not be highly degraded, as measured by the quality of the rRNA peaks.



**TapeStation** 

Agilent G2991AA 👄

## Terminator Exonuclease (TEX) Digestion of Uncapped RNA

2 Prepare TEX Reaction. TEX preferentially degrades uncapped RNA, thus reducing the amount of rRNA and degraded mRNA fragments in the sample.

2.1 Create TEX master mix (per sample).

3m

- 1. **Q0.2** μl Terminator Exonuclease .
- 2. Do.2 µl Terminator Exonuclease Reaction Buffer A.

Vortex and spin down to mix.

2.2 Prepare TEX reactions in 0.2 mL PCR tubes.

5m

- 1. **Q0.3** µl TEX Master Mix .
- 2. Up to **1.6 μl Total RNA** .
- 3. Nuclease free water to 2 µl total reaction volume.

Vortex and spin down to mix.

1h

- Incubate the TEX reactions in thermal cycler.
  - 1. § 30 °C for © 01:00:00.
  - 2. 8 4 °C Hold.



This is a good time to prepare the Reverse Transcription Oligo (RTO) annealing and Template Switching Reverse Transcription (TSRT) reaction mixtures from steps 4.1 and 5.1.

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TSRT.

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4	Anneal reverse transcription oligo (RTO) to RNA. STRIPE-seq primes RT using a random pentamer with the full length TrueSeq R2 adapter (including the barcode) attached to it.
4.1	Prepare one RTO annealing mix per sample.  1.  1.5 µl Sorbitol/Trehalose Solution .
	<ol> <li>2. □1 μl Reverse Transcription Oligo (RTO) [M]10 Micromolar (μM). Each sample should have its own unique barcode.</li> <li>3. □0.5 μl dNTPs [M]10 Micromolar (μM) Each.</li> <li>Vortex and spin down to mix.</li> </ol>
4.2	Add $2\mu$ I TEX Reaction (from step 3) to $3\mu$ I RTO Annealing Mixture (from step 4.1) in 0.2 mL PCR tube. Vortex and spin down to mix.
4.3	Incubate RTO annealing mixture in thermal cycler.  1. § 65 °C © 00:05:00 .  2. § 4 °C © 00:02:00 .
5	3. § 4 °C Hold .  Prepare template switching reverse transcription (TSRT) reactions. The process of template switching reverse transcription enriches for the 5' end of capped RNA in the final library.
5.1	Prepare TSRT reaction master mix (per sample).  1.
	Add reverse transcriptase to master mix just prior to aliquoting to samples.
5.2	Add $\blacksquare 5~\mu l$ TSRT Master Mix (from step 5.1) into the $\blacksquare 5~\mu l$ TSO Annealing Reaction from step 4.3. Vortex and spin down to mix.

**i** protocols.io 3 01/13/2020

Library PCR

8 Prepare library PCR reaction.

9. Transfer **11 μl Supernatant** into new 0.2 mL PCR tube.

- 8.1 Create library PCR master mix (per sample).
  - 1. 12.5 µl 2X KAPA HiFi HotStart ReadyMix.
  - 2. 

    O.75 μl Forward Library Oligo (FLO) [M]10 Micromolar (μM).
  - 3. **Q**0.75 μl Reverse Library Oligo (RLO) [M]10 Micromolar (μM).

Vortex and spin down to mix.

8.2 Add **14 μl Library PCR Master Mix** (from step 8.1) into **11 μl Cleaned TSRT Product** (from step 7). Vortex and spin down to mix.

9 Run library PCR reaction.

45m

Initial Denaturation:

■ 895 °C © 00:03:00

16-20 cycles:

- 898°C ©00:00:20
- 863 °C © 00:00:15
- 872°C © 00:00:45

Final Extension:

- § 72 °C ⑤ 00:02:00
- § 4 °C Hold
- 10 **Size selection of final library.** SPRI bead size selection is used to remove fragments that are outside the ideal size for illumina sequencing.
- 10.1 Removal of small fragments.

20m

- 1. Transfer library PCR product from step 9 into 0.5 mL tube.
- 2. Pipette 16.3 µl RNAClean XP Beads up and down 10 times into 25 µl Library PCR Product from step 9.
- 3. Incubate for **© 00:05:00** at **§ Room temperature**.
- 4. Place tubes on magnetic rack and incubate for © 00:05:00 at § Room temperature.
- 5. Discard supernatant. Leave  $\sim 2 \mu l$  in tube to avoid sucking up beads.
- 6. While tube is still on rack, wash beads with  $\Box$ 175  $\mu$ I 70% EthanoI , and immediately discard wash without incubation.
- 7. Air dry beads for © 00:05:00 at & Room temperature.
- 8. Resuspend beads in  $\Box 17~\mu l$  Nuclease Free Water, and incubate on magnetic rack for  $\odot 00:01:00$  at 8 Room temperature.
- 9. Transfer **15 μl Supernatant** to new 0.5 mL tube.
- 10. **Optional**: Reserve **11 μl Remaining Supernatant** from beads if you would like to see library size distribution after removing small fragments.

40m

- 10.2 Removal of large fragments.
  - 1. Pipette 38.3 µl RNAClean XP Beads up and down 10 times into 115 µl Cleaned Product from step 10.1.
  - 2. Incubate for **© 00:10:00** at § Room temperature.
  - 3. Place tubes on magnetic rack and incubate for **© 00:10:00** at **§ Room temperature**.
  - 4. Transfer **22 μl Supernatant** to new tube.
  - 5. Pipette 22 μl RNAClean XP Beads up and down 10 times into 22 μl Supernatant from previous step.
  - 6. Incubate for **© 00:05:00** at **§ Room temperature**.
  - 7. Place tubes on magnetic rack and incubate for © 00:05:00 at & Room temperature.
  - 8. Discard supernatant. Leave ~ **□2** µI in tube to avoid sucking up beads.
  - 9. While tube is still on rack, wash beads with 170% Ethanol, and immediately discard wash without incubation.
  - 10. Air dry beads for © 00:05:00 at & Room temperature.
  - 11. Resuspend beads in  $\Box$ 16  $\mu$ l Nuclease Free Water , and incubate on magnetic rack for  $\bigcirc$ 00:01:00 at & Room temperature .
  - 12. Transfer **15 μl Supernatant** to new tube.

# Library Quality Control

Run final libraries on the Agilent TapeStation using a High Sensitivity D5000 ScreenTape.

15m



Final libraries should be dsitributed between 250 to 750 bp with a total library amount of 25 to 100 ng.

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