

	Determination of flavonoid content 👄	
	PLOS One	
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Working	dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.sfnebme	
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ABSTRACT

Flavonoid content determination using the aluminum chloride method.

EXTERNAL LINK

https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0213493

THIS PROTOCOL ACCOMPANIES THE FOLLOWING PUBLICATION

Dewanto V, Wu X, Adom KK, Liu RH. Thermal processing enhances the nutritional value of tomatoes by increasing total antioxidant activity. J Agric Food Chem. 2002; 50: 3010-3014.

PROTOCOL STATUS

Working

MATERIALS

NAME Y	CATALOG # <	VENDOR ~
Sodium nitrite	View	P212121
water		
aluminun chloride		Sigma Aldrich
sodium carbonates		Sigma Aldrich
catechin		Sigma Aldrich

SAFETY WARNINGS

- 1 An aliquot of sample (0.1 mL) was mixed with 0.4 ml distilled water in a 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube.
- 2 0.03 mL of 5% NaNO₂ was added and the mixture was allowed to react for 5 min.
- 3 Following this, 0.03 mL of 10% AlCl₃ was added and the mixture stood for a further 5 min.
- 4 Finally, the reaction mixture was treated with 0.2 mL of 1 M Na₂CO₃ and 0.24 mL distilled water, and the absorbance at 510 nm.

5 Catechin (Sigma-Aldrich) was used as the standard and the results were expressed as μg/mL of catechin equivalents (CE).

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