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RNA Extraction from Drosophila Tissues using TRIzol Reagent

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Abstract

This protocol is adapted from the Invitrogen Life Technologies Trizol manual.

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Before start

- 1. Prepare an **RNase-free** working area, wipe down barrels of micropipettes, use **filter tips** and RNase-free microcentrifuge tubes, and always wear **gloves**.
- 2. **Snap-freeze tissue** as it is collected by adding tissue to a microfuge tube on dry ice.
- This protocol calls for 50-100 mg of tissue to be homogenized in a microcentrifuge tube in 1 mL of TRIzol Reagent. *Use caution here homogenization with a motorized homogenizer may result in overflow.

Materials

- ✓ Isopropanol by Contributed by users.
- Chloroform by Contributed by users

TRIzol Reagent <u>15596026</u> by <u>Thermo Fisher Scientific</u>

Bio Plas Disposable Homogenization Pestles <u>BPI-4040-PB</u> by <u>Capitol Scientific</u>

- Microcentrifuge Tubes by Contributed by users
- ✓ Temperature-regulated centrifuge by Contributed by users
- Ultrapure Distilled, Nuclease Free Water by Contributed by users
- ✓ Filter Tips by Contributed by users
- Dry Ice by Contributed by users

Protocol

Step 1.

Add 1 mL TRIzol Reagent to 50-100 mg of frozen *Drosophila* tissue in a 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube, and homogenize immediately with a disposable plastic pestle.

■ AMOUNT

1 ml Additional info:



TRIzol Reagent 15596026 by Thermo Fisher Scientific

Step 2.

Centifuge the sample at 12,000 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C.

*Pellet contains ECM, polysaccharides, and high molecular weight DNA; **supernatant contains the RNA**. In high fat samples, a layer of fat collects above the supernatant.

O DURATION

00:10:00

Step 3.

Remove and discard the fatty layer.

Step 4.

Transfer the cleared supernatant to a new tube.

Step 5.

Incubate the sample for 5 minutes at room temperature.

Step 6.

Add 0.2 mL of chloroform, and cap the tube securely.



Chloroform by Contributed by users

Step 7.

Shake the tube vigorously by hand for 15 seconds.

© DURATION

00:00:15

Step 8.

Incubate for 2-3 minutes at room temperature.

© DURATION 00:03:00

Step 9.

Centrifuge the sample at 12,000 x q for **15** minutes at **4°C**.

*The mixture separates into a lower red phenol-chloroform phase, an interphase, and a colorless upper aqueous phase. **RNA remains in colorless aqueous phase** (50% of the total volume).

© DURATION

00:15:00

Step 10.

Remove the aqueous phase of the sample by angling the tube at 45° and pipetting the solution out.

Place the aqueous phase into a **new tube**.

*Avoid drawing any of the interphase or organic layer into the pipette.

*The interphase and organic phenol-chloroform phases can be saved for DNA or protein isolation if desired (saved overnight at 4°C); however, the protocols for these procedures will not be discussed here. Please refer to the manufacturer's TRIzol Reagent manual.



Microcentrifuge Tubes by Contributed by users

Step 11.

Add **0.5 mL** of 100% isopropanol to the aqueous phase.



✓ Isopropanol by Contributed by users

Step 12.

Incubate sample at room temperature for 10 minutes.

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Step 13.

Centrifuge at 12,000 x q for **10 minutes** at 4°C.

*RNA is often visible prior to centrifugation, and forms a gel-like pellet on the side and bottom of tube.

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Step 14.

Remove all supernatant from the tube, leaving the RNA pellet.

Step 15.

Wash the pellet with 1 mL 75% ethanol.

*RNA can be stored in 75% ethanol at least 1 year at -20°C, or at least 1 week at 4°C.



1 ml Additional info:



Step 16.

- 1. Briefly vortex the sample.
- 2. **Centrifuge** the tube at 7,500 x g for 5 minutes at 4°C.
- 3. Discard the wash.

O DURATION

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Step 17.

Vacuum or air **dry** the **RNA pelle**t for 5-10 minutes.

*Do not dry the pellet by vacuum centrifuge.

*Do not allow the RNA to dry completely.

O DURATION

00:10:00

Step 18.

Resuspend the RNA pellet in RNase-free water by passing the solution up and down several times through a pipette tip.

Step 19.

Incubate in a water bath or heat block set at 55-60°C for **10-15 minutes**.

© DURATION 00:15:00

Step 20.

Proceed to downstream applications, such as DNase treatment or cDNA synthesis, or store at -70°C

Warnings

TRIzol Reagent and Chloroform are toxic (inhalation, contact, and ingestion). Always use a fume hood, and wear protective clothing, eyeware, and gloves.