



## PFA fixation and Percoll prep of sediments

Version 2

Kat Dawson<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Rutgers University

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.ix9cfr6

Orphan Lab



ABSTRACT

Protocol for PFA fixation of sediment or culture samples and Percoll prep of sediments.

PROTOCOL STATUS

## Working

We use this protocol in our group and it is working

**MATERIALS** 

NAME CATALOG # VENDOR

2 mM Ca2 /5 mM K/7 mM glutamate solution

2 N NaOH

Paraformaldehyde powder (MW 90.1)

10X PBS

100% Ethanol

1M TE buffer (1M Tris-HCl, 0.1M EDTA, pH 8.0)

100 µM Pyrophosphate

## 4% PFA in PBS

1 Heat 33 mL MQ water to 60°C in a 50 mL Falcon style tube.



2 In the fume hood, add 2 g paraformaldehyde powder (MW 90.1) and a few drops of 2 N NaOH (1-4).



- 3 Close and mix by gently shaking tube to dissolve. Add an additional drop of 2 N NaOH if this takes more than 5 minutes.
- 4 Add 15 ml 10X PBS to bring to yield 4% PFA in 3X PBS (best for seawater samples), or 5 ml 10X PBS to yield 4% PFA in 1X PBS (best for freshwater samples).

Cool solution to room temperature and bring the final volume to 50 mL with MQ water. Sterilize through a 0.2  $\mu m$  syringer filter, and the store in 2-5 ml aliquots at -20°. Some precipitate will likely be observed as the aliquots thaw. Place them in a beaker of room temperature water and give 10-15 minutes, and invert tubes to fully resuspend the solution. Fixing sediment or culture samples (lab based) Transfer ~0.1 g of wet sediment, crushed carbonate, or 0.5 to 1 ml of a culture to a 2 ml centrifuge tube. Centrifgue at 10000g for 2 min to pellet sample and decant the liquid. ©00:02:00 Centrifugation at 10000g If the sample was taken from a stable isotope incubation, before fixation wash three times with PBS by resuspending and centrifuging 10 to pellet. Fully resuspend sample in 250 µl 3X PBS. (Use an alternate PBS concentration if desired). 11 **250 µl 3X PBS** Add 750  $\mu$ I 4% PFA, invert tube to mix, and then incubate at 4°C for 1-3h. 12 (Alternatively, resuspend sample in 500 µl 3X PBS, add 500 µl 4% PFA and incubate at 4°C overnight.) **□750 μl 4% PFA © 03:00:00 Incubation at 4°C** Centrifuge at 10000-16000g for 3 min to pellet. 13 **© 00:03:00** Centrifugation at 10000-16000g Decant the supernatant, and wash by fully resuspending the sediment in any volume of 3X PBS. 14 Centrifuge at 10000-160000g for 3 min to pellet, and decant the supernatant. 15 **© 00:03:00** Centrifugatio at 10000-16000g Resuspend in 1:1 3X PBS and 100% ethanol. Add PBS first, then add a complementary volume of ethanol and mix well. 16

11/01/2018

2

✓ protocols.io

Store samples indefinitely at -20 °C. 17 Fixing sediment samples (shipboard) 18 Add 0.5 of sediment to a 2 ml screw top tube, Bring the volume to 1 ml with 3X PBS. Invert to suspend sediment in a slurry. 19 20 Add 1 ml of 4% PFA and invert to mix well. **■1 ml 4% PFA** 21 Incubate at 4°C for 12 hours. **© 12:00:00** Incubation at 4°C 22 Centrifuge at 10000g for 2 min to pellet. **© 00:02:00** Centrifugation at 10000g Decant the supernatant, and wash by fully resuspending the sediment in any volume of 3X PBS. 23 Centrifuge at 10000g for 3 min to pellet, and decant the supernatant. 24  $\bigcirc$  00:03:00 Centrifugation at 10000g Resuspend in 1:1 3X PBS and 100% ethanol. Add PBS first, then add a complementary volume of ethanol and mix well. 25 Store samples indefinitely at -20 °C. 26 **NOTE** If a -20 °C is not available, store at 4 °C until returning to the lab. Mini Percoll prep for microscopy For 200  $\mu$ l of sediment slurry, add 600  $\mu$ l 1M TE buffer (1M Tris-HCl, 0.1M EDTA, pH 8.0) and 100  $\mu$ l 100  $\mu$ M pyrophosphate to a 2 ml 27 tube.

**□**600 μl 1M TE buffer (1M Tris-HCl, 0.1M EDTA, pH 8.0)

🔲 100 μl 100 μM pyrophosphate Heat the mixture in the hybridization microwave (or heat block) at 60°C for 3 min. 28 Allow the tubes to cool on ice, and then sonicate on ice for 10 sec at power setting 3 (Branson Sonifier 150 with serial#C4333 wand 29 style probe). (1/3) © 00:00:10 Sonicate on ice Sonicate on ice for 10 sec at power setting 3 (Branson Sonifier 150 with serial#C4333 wand style probe). (2/3) 30 **©00:00:10** Sonicate on ice Sonicate on ice for 10 sec at power setting 3 (Branson Sonifier 150 with serial #C4333 wand style probe). (3/3) 31 © 00:00:10 Sonicate on ice Add, ~1 ml percoll (filter sterilized with a 0.2 µm syringe filter) to the bottom of the sediment slurry with a pipette or needle. 32 Centrifuge at maximum speed (~16,000g) for 20 min at 4°C. 33 **© 00:20:00** Centrifugation at ~16,000g **NOTE** After 20 min, the mixture will be separated by density, with the sediment in a pellet at the bottom and two distinct liquid layers. The bottom layer is primarily percoll and the top is TE/PBS/ethanol. At the interface, expect to see a brown, "fluffy" band of organic material including single cells and aggregates. Remove the upper layer and the organic material, transferring to a new tube and leaving as much of the percoll behind as possible. 34 35 Concentrate the cell layer by centrifuging at maximum speed for 3 min. ○ 00:03:00 Centrifugation at maximum speed Remove the supernatant and resuspend in an appropriate volume of 1:1 3X PBS:100% Ethanol. Depending upon cell density 100-300 36 μl. The mixture can now be stored at -20°C for subsequent FISH hybridization after spotting on slides or filter preparation. 37

This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which

permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited