



Extraction of genomic DNA from diatoms by the modified method described in (Jacobs et al., 1992)

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Abstract

A protocol for diatom DNA extraction used in the Limnological Institute SB RAS for freshwater diatoms.

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Protocol

Cells collecting

Step 1

The cells were sedimented on polycarbonate filters (5- μ m pores) (Whatman, USA), briefly rinsed with cold Diatom Medium (DM), harvested by centrifugation for 2 min at 16,100 g at 4 °C and then stored at -70 °C.

Cells Ivsis

Step 2.

A 4.5 mL volume of lysis buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0; 100 mM NaCl; 50 mM Na $_2$ EDTA), 20% SDS (250 μ L) and proteinase K (250 μ L, 10 mg/mL) were added to 1 g of frozen cells, which were then incubated for 2 h at 60 °C with intermittent mixing. Then 250 μ L of proteinase K (10 mg/mL) were added again, and the cells were incubated for 40 min under the same conditions.

Extraction

Step 3.

The lysate was mixed for 10 min with 8 mL of phenol saturated with TE buffer, pH 8.0 using the tube rotator. The extract was centrifuged (10 min, 16,100 g, 20 °C), then the aqueous phase was taken and again mixed with an equal volume of phenol: chloroform: isoamyl alcohol mixture (25:24:1). It was then mixed and centrifuged under the same conditions. The aqueous phase was mixed with a chloroform: isoamyl alcohol mixture (24:1), mixed and centrifuged under the same conditions. Aqueous phase was used for the subsequent stages.

DNA precipitation

Step 4.

DNA was precipitated by adding 1/10 volume of 3 M sodium acetate, pH 5.2, and 1 volume of isopropanol to the aqueous phase. The solution was matured at 0 °C for 1 h and then centrifuged (30 min, 16,100 g, 4

°C). The supernatant was removed, and the precipitate was twice rinsed with 70% ethanol, dried in air and dissolved in sterile TE buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl; 1 mM Na_2EDTA , pH 8.0). ✓ protocols.io