



Preparing Reads for Stranded Mapping V.2

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ABSTRACT

This protocol is for preparing long reads for stranded mapping, as an intermediate step for additional protocols:

- Aligning strand-oriented sequences to a transcriptome for transcript / gene counting
- Aligning strand-oriented sequences to a genome for confirmatory QC

Input(s): demultiplexed fastq files (see protocol Demultiplexing Nanopore reads with LAST), adapter file (containing strand-sensitive adapter sequences)

Output(s): oriented read files, as gzipped fastq files

Barcode Demultiplexing

Demultiplex reads as per protocol <u>Demultiplexing Nanopore reads with LAST</u>.

If this has been done, then the following command should produce output without errors:

```
for bc in $(awk '{print $2}' barcode_counts.txt); do ls reads_${bc}.fastq.gz; done
```

Example output:

```
reads BC03.fastq.gz
reads BC04.fastq.gz
reads BC05.fastq.gz
reads BC06.fastq.gz
reads BC07.fastq.gz
reads BC08.fastq.gz
```

If the barcode_counts.txt file is missing, the output will look like this:

```
awk: fatal: cannot open file `barcode counts.txt' for reading (No such file or directory)
```

If one or more of the barcode-demultiplexed files are missing, the output will look something like this:

```
reads BC03.fastq.gz
reads_BC04.fastq.gz
reads_BC05.fastq.gz
ls: cannot access 'reads_BC06.fastq.gz': No such file or directory
ls: cannot access 'reads_BC07.fastq.gz': No such file or directory
reads_BC08.fastq.gz
```

Adapter Mapping

Prepare a FASTA file containing adapter sequences (see attached FASTA file).

```
adapter_seqs.fa
```

3 Prepare the LAST index for the adapter file. This will generate seven additional files of the form <index name>.XXX:

```
lastdb adapter_seqs.fa adapter_seqs.fa
```

Orienting Reads

4 Map the reads to the adapter sequences. In this case it's important that the direction of mapping is also recorded, so the *cut* command selects three fields (query name [7], target name [2], mapping direction [10]):

```
for bc in $(awk '{print $2}' barcode_counts.txt);
  do echo "** ${bc} **";
  lastal -Q 1 -P10 adapter_seqs.fa <(pv reads_${bc}.fastq.gz) | \
     maf-convert -n tab | cut -f 2,7,10 | uniq | \
     gzip > adapter_assignments_${bc}.txt.gz
done
```

The adapter assignments are filtered through *uniq* in order to catch (and exclude) any reads with the strand-switch primer matching multiple times. To unpack the *uniq* pipe a little bit more, it skips the first field (adapter name), then matches up to 36 characters, retaining only lines that don't match any others. This catches a few more chimeric reads that were missed by the unique barcode filter in the previous protocol.

Reads are filtered into two groups (and one group-by-omission) based on the mapped direction of the strand-switch primer, then reverse-complemented (if necessary) to match the orientation of the original RNA strand. I use my <u>fastx-fetch.pl</u> and <u>fastx-rc.pl</u> scripts for this.

fastx-fetch.pl

fastx-rc.pl

```
mkdir -p oriented
for bc in $(awk '{print $2}' barcode_counts.txt);
  do echo "** ${bc} **";
  fastx-fetch.pl -i <(zgrep 'SSP' adapter_assignments_${bc}.txt.gz | \
        sort | uniq -f 1 -w 36 -u | \
        awk '{if($3 == "+"){print $2}}') <(pv reads_${bc}.fastq.gz) | \
        gzip > oriented/${bc}_reads_fwd.fastq.gz
  fastx-fetch.pl -i <(zgrep 'SSP' adapter_assignments_${bc}.txt.gz | \
        sort | uniq -f 1 -w 36 -u | \
        awk '{if($3 == "-"){print $2}}') <(pv reads_${bc}.fastq.gz) | \
        fastx-rc.pl | gzip > oriented/${bc}_reads_rev.fastq.gz
  done
```

6 Forward and reverse-oriented sequences are combined together to form a single group of RNA-oriented reads.

```
for bc in $(awk '{print $2}' barcode_counts.txt);
  do echo "** ${bc} **";
```

pv oriented/\${bc}_reads_fwd.fastq.gz oriented/\${bc}_reads_rev.fastq.gz | \
 zcat | gzip > oriented/\${bc}_reads_dirAdjusted.fastq.gz
done

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