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Isolation of ribosome-associated nascent chains of soluble proteins produced in Escherichia coli

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Working

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ABSTRACT

Isolation of ribosome-nascent chains of co-translationally folded domains. Detailed description of protocol published in <https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1810523115>. The arrest sequence used for stalling was TnaC (the leader peptide of the tryptophanase operon).

THIS PROTOCOL ACCOMPANIES THE FOLLOWING PUBLICATION

<https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1810523115>

GUIDELINES

Protocol can be scaled up to obtain higher yields for biochemical experiments. It can also be adapted for isolating nascent chains of membrane proteins in complex with translocons. Please get in touch with the authors if needed.

I recommend performing expression tests to pick clones that give the best yields.

MATERIALS

NAME	CATALOG #	VENDOR
Difco Bacto peptone	View	Fisher Scientific
Magnesium acetate, tetrahydrate	MB0326.SIZE.500g	Bio Basic Inc.
BD Bacto™ Yeast Extract	212750	BD Biosciences
Acetic acid	695092	Sigma Aldrich
Sodium chloride	S3014	Sigma Aldrich
Imidazole	I5513	Sigma Aldrich
Dodecyl-β-D-maltoside	CN26.5	Carl Roth
NuPAGE 4-12% Bis-Tris gel 1.0 mm 10 well	NP0321BOX	Thermo Fisher Scientific
TALON Metal affinity resin	635502	Takarabio
tRNA from E.coli MRE600	10109541001	Sigma Aldrich
cOmplete mini EDTA free protease inhibitor cocktail	4693159001	Sigma Aldrich
HEPES Sodium salt	H7006	Sigma – Aldrich
potassium acetate	P1190	Sigma Aldrich
sucrose	84097	Sigma Aldrich
L-tryptophan	T0254	Sigma Aldrich
L-arabinose	A3256	Sigma Aldrich

MATERIALS TEXT

Wash all flasks with milliQ water.

Lysogeny broth (LB)

5 g/l BD Bacto Yeast extract

10 g/l BD Bacto tryptone

10 g/l NaCl

autoclave.

Use flasks without baffles and keep a headspace to culture ratio of 4:1

For example 2 litres distributed into four 2.5 l flasks with 500 ml each for the growth cultures. 100 ml for the overnight culture.

Prepare stock solutions of (Adjust all chemical to room temperature before opening)

1M HEPES-KOH pH 7.2 (store at room temp) filter through 0.2 or 0.45 µm filter and protect from light.

1M Magnesium acetate (store at room temp) autoclave or filter through 0.2 or 0.45 µm filter

4M Potassium acetate (store at room temp) autoclave or filter through 0.2 or 0.45 µm filter

100 mM Trp (store at -20°C long-term) filter through 0.2 or 0.45 µm filter

10% DDM (store at -20°C long-term)

1M Imidazole pH 8.0 adjust with acetic acid (store at -20°C, store in the dark), filter through 0.2 or 0.45 µm filter

20% Arabinose (prepare prior to use, filter sterilise) (inducer)

Buffer A (pH adjusted to 7.5 with KOH):

50 mM HEPES-KOH

150 mM Potassium acetate

10 mM Magnesium acetate

1 mM Tryptophan

0.025x cOmplete protease inhibitor pill (or 5 mM PMSF)

add PMSF just before use of the buffer.

Buffer B (pH adjusted to 7.5 with KOH):

50 mM HEPES-KOH

150 mM Potassium acetate

10 mM Magnesium acetate

1 mM Tryptophan

0.025x cOmplete protease inhibitor (or 5 mM PMSF)

750 mM sucrose (use a higher concentration to completely separate ribosomes from membranes 1.5 M)

0.1% DDM

Add PMSF directly before use.

Buffer C (pH adjusted to 7.5 with KOH)

20 mM HEPES-KOH

50 mM potassium acetate

5 mM magnesium acetate

125 mM sucrose

2 mM tryptophan

0.03% DDM

Wash Buffer (pH adjusted to 7.5)

50 mM HEPES-KOH

10 mM magnesium acetate

0.025x cOmplete or 5 mM PMSF

250 mM sucrose

Elution buffer (pH adjusted to 7.5)
50 mM HEPES-KOH
150 mM potassium acetate
10 mM magnesium acetate
0.025X cOmplete
150 mM imidazole
250 mM sucrose

SAFETY WARNINGS

Use appropriate personal protective equipment at all times. Assure that you are trained in the handling of all equipment and adhere to local and national waste disposal regulations.

Handle ultra-centrifuges safely.

Wear a face-mask while weighing yeast extract and tryptone for the growth medium, and while weighing DDM. Follow safety instructions during autoclaving.

Take precautions while handling acids for titration.

Handle liquid nitrogen with cryo-protective gear, use eye goggles.

Use safe-seal reaction tubes.

BEFORE STARTING

Use a tuned-expression system for production. This study uses a plasmid under the control of an arabinose promotor, but any expression system (e.g. lac operon) may be used. The inducer needs to be adapted according to the expression vector used.

Engineering of the construct and the vector has not been included in this protocol.

Use the Escherichia coli KC6 strain to efficiently arrest translation of TnaC.

1 Expression tests (perform after transformation of constructs into KC6 cells)



Day 1

Pick 5 single clones from plates and seed into 2 ml LB supplemented with antibiotic of choice. Grow overnight at 37°C by shaking at 200 rpm. Prepare a master plate seeded with each of the clones used.

Day 2

1. Sub-culture the overnight cultures into 50 ml of LB supplemented with antibiotics to an A600 of 0.1. Culture at 37°C till it reaches an A600 of 0.5. (Check A600 every 30 min).
2. After cell growth to an A600 of 0.5, add 0.2% Arabinose (final concentration) to the cultures to induce expression and culture at **37 °C** for **01:00:00**
3. Cool cultures on ice for **00:15:00**
4. Collect cells by centrifugation **3400 x g** **00:10:00** at **4 °C**
5. Resuspend each cell pellet in **5 ml** buffer A.
6. Transfer the **5 ml** of cell suspensions into several 2 ml reaction tubes. Supplement with 10mg/ml lysozyme and 10 mg/ml DNase1.
7. Lyse cells by repeated cycles of freezing and thawing. (Plunge reaction tubes into liquid nitrogen to freeze and transfer tubes to a thermoblock at 42°C to thaw. Repeat 10 times and mix the lysate well between cycles of freezing and thawing.
8. Spin down lysate for **00:30:00** at **15000 x g** in a cooled table-top centrifuge at **4 °C**.
9. Transfer the lysate to ultracentrifuge tubes (polycarbonate tubes suited for the Beckman TLA 100.3 ultracentrifuge), underlie with Buffer

B using a syringe and needle carefully to avoid bubbles. (1 ml of lysate and 1 ml of Buffer B per tube).

10. Centrifuge at  **90000 rpm** for  **01:00:00** in a TLA 100.3 rotor.
11. Discard supernatant after centrifugation the ribosome go into the pellet.
12. Resuspend ribosomal pellet in 30 ul buffer C. Measure concentration on a nanodrop/spectrophotometer at A260.
13. Load different dilutions on SDS-PAGE (A260 of 7 for coomassie and A260 of 14 for Western blotting).
14. Check for differences in expression and make a reserach cell bank (glycerol stocks) of the best expressing clone.












If expression is not sufficient, check more clones or improve expression conditions.

2 Purification of ribosome-associated nascent chains of soluble proteins






Day 1




1. Prepare 2.1 litres of lysogeny broth (use high purity yeast extract and tryptone as described in the Methods section). I divided the medium into four flasks of 500 ml each. Prepare one flask with 100 ml for the seed culture. Autoclave.
2. Prepare buffers.
3. Seed the best expressing clone into 100 ml LB supplemented with antibiotic.
4. Grow overnight at 37°C.

Day 2

1. Dilute the overnight cultures into the flasks containing 500 ml of LB (supplemented with antibiotic for selection) to an A600 of 0.1. Culture at 37°C to an A600 of 0.5. Check for growth every  **00:30:00**
2. Induce expression of plasmid with 0.2% arabinose for 1 hour.
3. Chill cultures on ice for 30 min.
4. Collect cells by centrifugation  **6500 x g** for  **00:10:00** at  **4 °C** in a JLA 8.1000 rotor.
5. Measure cell mass (wet weight of the pellet).
6. Resuspend cells in 2 ml BufferA/g cell mass.
7. Lyse cells with an emulsifex (3 passes at 8000 psi).
8. Clarify the cell lysate by centrifugation ( **30000 x g** for  **00:30:00** at  **4 °C**) in a JA25-50 rotor.
9. Distribute the cell lysate into Ti70 ultracentrifuge tubes (Beckman Coulter) (fill to around  **12 ml**) and underlie with  **12 ml** of buffer B with a needle and syringe.
10. Centrifuge at  **24000 rpm** for  **20:00:00** at 4°C in a Ti70 rotor.

Day 3

1. Discard supernatant and gently resuspend the ribosome pellet in Buffer A ( **5 ml**). Keep on ice and shake gently till the pellet goes into solution.
2. While the pellet is on ice, prepare the Talon resin. Swirl the bottle to resuspend the resin, pipette out 1 ml in a 15 ml tube and wash thrice with 10 bed volumes of buffer A. Supplement the last wash with 10 ug/ml total E.coli tRNA.
3. Transfer the ribosomal suspension to a dounce homogeniser and use the loose piston to homogenise.
4. Transfer the homogenate to the washed Talon resin and incubate for  **01:00:00** for binding (rotate the tube on a roller).
5. Centrifuge at  **700 x g** for 2 min, discard supernatant.
6. Wash with 5x 10 bed volumes of wash buffer.
7. Elute with 2 bed volumes of elution buffer (incubate for  **00:10:00** to  **00:15:00** min with elution buffer) before collecting the elution.

8. Transfer eluant to polycarbonate ultracentrifuge tubes suited for the Beckman Coulter TLA 100.3 rotor, and spin at  **40000 rpm** for  **02:00:00** . Discard the supernatant by pipetting out immediately, and resuspend the 70S pellet obtained in  **20 µl** buffer C. (I recommend a small volume to have a concentrated sample that can be easily diluted for further use. Make small aliquots since it's best to avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles). Resuspension to be carried out by adding requisite volume to the pellet and letting the pellet go into solution.
9. Plunge freeze in liquid nitrogen and store at -80 °C long-term.



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