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# Pour plating of Thalassiosira pseudonana (Tp) Version 2

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# **Abstract**

Here we present an efficient way to grow Tp colonies inside a 0.25% superclean agar matrix. This protocol could possibly be applicable to other marine microeukaryotes that are problematic to grow on fully solid support.

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#### **Before start**

#### 1. Tp L1

Prepare L1 medium with Aquil salts as described by Karas et al. (2015). After sterile filtration, add 5 mL 30 g/L Na2SiO3 x 9H2O per 1L L1. More details on exact medium preparation can be found <a href="here">here</a>. This medium is referred to as 'Tp L1' in the protocol.

#### Reference:

Karas, B.J. et al. (2015) Designer diatom episomes delivered by bacterial conjugation. Nature Communications. 6, 692-695.

#### 2. Superclean agar

Prepare according to Waterbury & Willey (1988). Excerpt:

'100 g of agar is washed by stirring with 3 liters of double-distilled water in a 4-liter beaker. After 30 min of stirring, the agar is allowed to settle, the wash water is siphoned off, and the agar is filtered onto Whatman F4 filter paper in a Buchner funnel. This procedure is repeated once more or until the filtrate is clear. The agar is then washed with 3 liters of 95% ethanol followed by a final 3-liter wash with analytical grade acetone. The agar is then dried at 50 °C in glass baking dishes for 2-3 days and stored in a tightly covered container.'

Use bacteriological agar from Sigma --> LINK.

#### Reference:

Waterbury, J.B. & Willey, J.M. 1988 Isolation and Growth of Marine Planktonic Cyanobacteria. Methods in Enzymology, vol. 167, pp. 100-105.

#### **Protocol**

# Step 1.

For 300 mL (= 7 plates): heat 225 mL Tp L1 up in 50 °C water bath. Autoclave 75 mL MQ water with 0.75 g superclean agar separately.

## Step 2.

Cool autoclaved agar to 50 °C, mix with Tp L1, add antibiotics if necessary. Swirl/mix well.

# Step 3.

Move to 37 °C bath.

#### Step 4.

Lay out plates and get cell suspensions at desired dilution ready (0.5 mL total volume in 50 mL conical tubes works fine).

#### Step 5.

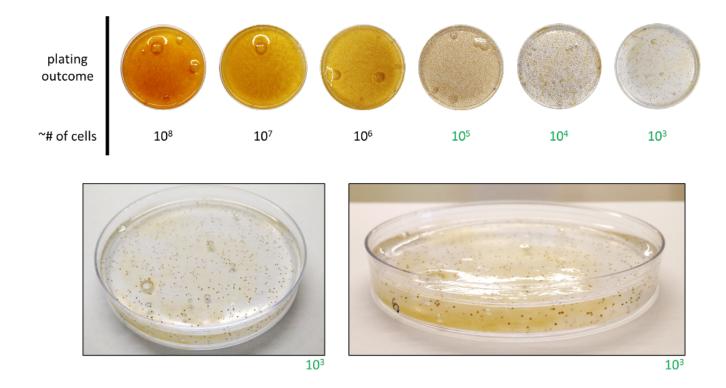
When you are ready, remove Tp L1-agar mix from 37 °C bath and allow to cool a few degrees (shake frequently and use temperature gun to monitor temperature drop --> option). 32-33 °C is a sweet spot. Critical: the mixture will start to solidify at 27-28 °C.

#### Step 6.

Add 40 mL of Tp L1-agar mixture to each cell suspension, then pour into plates. The extra depth from 40 mL is really useful in maintaining the plates.

#### Step 7.

We find plating 10^5 or less cells will give clearly distinguishable colonies. Expect the outcome on the figure below after 2 weeks incubation at 18 °C.



# Step 8.

Plates behave as a liquid so you can simply pipette colonies out of matrix. Use a 20 uL pipette adjusted to 5 uL and narrow tips, carefully approach a desired colony and start pipetting a mm or so above it.

# Step 9.

Dispense into 0.5 mL Tp L1 to grow an inoculum for a larger liquid culture.