# **Selection of Ampicillin Resistant Bacteria**

#### **Sean Seaver**

### **Abstract**

Ampicillin is a  $\beta$ -lactam antibiotic routinely used in bacterial selection procedures to select for bacteria (usually E. coli) that have been transformed with an ampicillin resistance plasmid (pUC19, others). Ampicillin resistance is usually due to production of beta-lactamase enzymes which cleave the beta - lactam ring rendering the antibiotic inactive.

The information below will outline preparation, storage, and a general selection procedure for ampicillin resistant bacteria.

Citation: Sean Seaver Selection of Ampicillin Resistant Bacteria. protocols.io

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.cixufm

Published: 01 Nov 2014

### **Materials**

Ampicillin Sodium Salt TWA-A-301 by P212121

### **Protocol**

### Step 1.

An ampicillin stock solution can be prepared at a concentration of 100 mg/mL and should be stored at -20°C.

Add 1 g (1000 mg) of ampicillin to 10 mL of dH2O



Ampicillin Sodium Salt <u>TWA-A-301</u> by <u>P212121</u>

© DURATION

00:03:00

### Step 2.

Sterilize the solution using a <u>0.22 µm filter</u>

Store solution in different aliquots at -20°C

REAGENTS

Syringe Filter LI-PES-0/22-13-S by P212121

© DURATION

00:02:00

### Step 3.

LB-ampicillin agar preparation:

Dissolve the following in 500 mL dH20: 5g tryptone 2.5 g yeast extract 5.0 g NaCl 7.5 g agar 25 mg ampicillin Or 25 mg ampicillin

20 g pre-mixed LB agar powder (or LB agar capsules)

**REAGENTS** 

LB Miller Agar Capsules RP by P212121

**O DURATION** 00:15:00

## Step 4.

Boil solution on stirring hot plate for 1 - 2 min.

**REAGENTS** 

Hot plate and stirrer BM-H4000 by P212121

**O DURATION** 

00:02:00

### Step 5.

Autoclave for 20 minutes and let cool to 50-60°C.

**O DURATION** 

00:20:00

### Step 6.

Pour approximately 10 mL of molten LB agar into each plate.

**REAGENTS** 

Petri Dish <u>LI-PD01100</u> by <u>P212121</u>

**O DURATION** 

00:03:00

### Step 7.

Allow plates to solidify for approx. 20 min.

**O DURATION** 

00:20:00

### Step 8.

Selection of ampicillin resistant bacteria:

Using a sterile loop, take a sample of suspected ampicillin resistant bacteria from a colony or broth suspension and streak for isolation (using preferred method) on LB-ampicillin plates.

**REAGENTS** 

Inoculating loop EM-65 by P212121

**O DURATION** 

00:02:00

### Step 9.

Incubate plates inverted overnight (24 hrs.) at 37°C.

© DURATION

24:00:00

### Step 10.

Any resulting colonies should represent ampicillin resistant isolates.