

# Ca<sup>2+</sup> imaging (GCaMP6f) from Yao CK et al. (2017)

Chi-Kuang Yao, Yu-Tzu Liu, I-Chi Lee, You-Tung Wang, Ping-Yen Wu

## Abstract

This protocol is from 'Flower Ca<sup>2+</sup> channel in CME and ADBE' of Yao CK et al.

Please see the manuscript for the full method details.

**Citation:** Chi-Kuang Yao, Yu-Tzu Liu, I-Chi Lee, You-Tung Wang, Ping-Yen Wu Ca<sup>2+</sup> imaging (GCaMP6f) from Yao CK et al. (2017). **protocols.io**

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.hg5b3y6

**Published:** 04 Apr 2017

## Before start

You'll need:

### 0 mM Ca<sup>2+</sup> hemolymph-like (HL)-3 solution:

- 70 mM NaCl
- 5 mM KCl
- 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>
- 10 mM NaHCO<sub>3</sub>
- 5 mM trehalose
- 5 mM HEPES (pH 7.2)
- 115 mM sucrose

### 2 mM Ca<sup>2+</sup>/5 mM K<sup>+</sup>/7 mM glutamate solution:

- 70 mM NaCl
- 5 mM KCl
- 10 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>
- 10 mM NaHCO<sub>3</sub>
- 5 mM trehalose
- 5 mM HEPES (pH 7.2)

- 115 mM sucrose
- 2 mM  $\text{CaCl}_2$
- 7 mM Monosodium glutamate

**4  $\mu\text{M}$  Fluo-4 AM (Invitrogen)/100 mM  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ /HL-3 solution to be loaded with Fluo-4 AM dye**

## Materials

- ✓ 0 mM  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  hemolymph-like (HL)-3 solution by Contributed by users
- ✓ 2 mM  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  /5 mM K /7 mM glutamate solution by Contributed by users
- ✓ 4  $\mu\text{M}$  Fluo-4 AM (Invitrogen)/100 mM  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  /HL-3 solution to be loaded with Fluo-4 AM dye by Contributed by users


## Protocol

### Step 1.

Dissect the third instar larvae in 0 mM  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  HL-3 at room temperature.

### Step 2.

Incubate in 2 mM  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ /5 mM  $\text{K}^+$ /7 mM glutamate solution for 5 min.

 **DURATION**  
00:05:00

 **NOTES**

**Chi-Kuang Yao** 04 Apr 2017

Glutamate treatment desensitizes postsynaptic glutamate receptors, thus reducing muscle contraction upon stimulation.

### Step 3.

Measure GCaMP6f fluorescence to indicate the resting  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  levels.

### Step 4.

To image GCaMP6f in high  $\text{K}^+$  stimulations, stimulate larval fillets subsequently with 90 mM  $\text{K}^+$ /2 mM  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ /7 mM glutamate solution for 10 minutes.

## DURATION

00:10:00

## NOTES

**Chi-Kuang Yao** 29 Mar 2017

High  $K^+$  and  $Ca^{2+}$  lead to bulk  $Ca^{2+}$  influxes into the muscles and cause dramatic contractions.

### **Step 5.**

Manually focus the boutons and simultaneously image in the 6<sup>th</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup> min every one second.

### **Step 6.**

After 10-min stimulation, rinse larval fillets with 2 mM  $Ca^{2+}$ /5 mM  $K^+$ /7 mM glutamate solution.

### **Step 7.**

Image again.

### **Step 8.**

Similarly, focus manually the boutons subjected to 1-min 90 mM  $K^+$ /0.5 mM  $Ca^{2+}$ /7 mM glutamate stimulation and image at the 30<sup>th</sup> to 60<sup>th</sup> s every one second.

## NOTES

**Chi-Kuang Yao** 29 Mar 2017

All images were captured from the muscles 6 and 7 of the abdominal segment 3. Each larva was only used for one recording. The images of clearly focused boutons were further used for data quantifications.

### **Step 9.**

Count the GCaMP6f fluorescence intensity in type Ib boutons and surrounding muscles (served as the fluorescence background).

### **Step 10.**

Calculate final GCaMP6f fluorescence intensity by subtracting background fluorescence intensity in surrounding muscles from GCaMP6f fluorescence intensity in boutons.

## NOTES

**Chi-Kuang Yao** 29 Mar 2017

The GCaMP6f fluorescence intensity of at least 10 type Ib boutons from the same muscles 6 and 7 at given time period was averaged to obtain each data value.

## Electric stimulation

### Step 11.

Dissect the third instar larvae in 0 mM  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  HL-3 at room temperature.

#### Electric stimulation

### Step 12.

Incubate in 2 mM  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ /5 mM  $\text{K}^+$ /7 mM glutamate solution for 5 min.

 DURATION

00:05:00

#### Electric stimulation

### Step 13.

Aspirate larval axonal bundle and deliver with 10-40 Hz stimulations via a glass capillary electrode.

 NOTES

**Chi-Kuang Yao** 29 Mar 2017

The stimulus was fixed at 5 mV and 0.5 ms duration by pClamp 10.6 software (Axon Instruments Inc).

**Chi-Kuang Yao** 04 Apr 2017

The images were captured every 2 s using MetaMorph software and ANDOR iXon3 897 camera. All images were captured from the muscles 6 and 7 of abdominal segment 3. Each larva was only used for one recording.

#### Electric stimulation

### Step 14.

Count the GCaMP6f fluorescence intensity in type Ib boutons and surrounding muscles (served as the fluorescence background).

#### Electric stimulation

### Step 15.

Calculate final GCaMP6f fluorescence intensity by subtracting background fluorescence intensity in surrounding muscles from GCaMP6f fluorescence intensity in boutons.

 NOTES

**Chi-Kuang Yao** 29 Mar 2017

The GCaMP6f fluorescence intensity of at least 5 type Ib boutons from the same muscles 6 and 7 at given time period was averaged to obtain each data value. Images processing was achieved using Image J and LSM Zen.