



Flex-T™ HLA Class I ELISA Protocol

Kelsey Miller¹

¹BioLegend

Sep 13, 2018 dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.tkaekse

Version 4

BioLegend

Working



Kelsey Knight

BioLegend



ABSTRACT

The HLA class I ELISA is an enzyme immunoassay based on the detection of β 2-microglobulin subunit of HLA class I complexes, after capturing the complex through the conjugated biotin. To this end, biotinylated HLA class I complex is first captured in streptavidin coated microtiter wells. Subsequently, HRP-conjugated anti-human β 2-microglobulin is added to detect intact HLA class I complexes. Only intact HLA class I complexes are recognized. Peptides with high affinity binding will be clearly detected by this ELISA technique, while peptides with a moderate to low binding affinity for HLA class I provide a moderate to non-detectable signal. This protocol is designed to evaluate the efficiency of peptide exchange when using the Flex-T™ system.

PROTOCOL STATUS

Working

GUIDELINES

Reagent Preparation

See Appendix 1 for recipes and recommended reagents. All reagents should be prepared or diluted immediately prior to use. Before use, bring all reagents to room temperature (18-25°C) with the exception of the HRP anti-human β 2-microglobulin antibody and the ELISA positive control which have to be kept on melting ice to ensure stability. Sodium azide inactivates HRP, do not use sodium azide-containing solutions, nor add sodium azide to the supplied materials. Centrifuge all vials before use (1 minute 3000xg at 4°C). Do not allow wells to stand uncovered or dry for extended periods between incubation steps.

Materials

- Coating Buffer 5X concentrate (Cat# 421701)
- Streptavidin solution at 1 mg/ml (BioLegend Cat# 280302)
- Wash Buffer 20X concentrate: PBS with 0.05% (v/v) Tween 20 (BioLegend Cat# 421601)
- Dilution Buffer 10X concentrate (1 M NaCl, 0.5M Tris, 1% BSA, 0.2% Tween 20, pH8.0. See Appendix 1)
- HRP anti-human β 2-microglobulin antibody (Cat# 280303)
- Flex-T™ ELISA Positive Control (BioLegend Cat# 280301)
- Substrate Buffer, 10X concentrate (0.1 M citric acid monohydrate/tri-Sodium citrate dehydrate, pH4.0, See Appendix 1)
- ABTS substrate solution (50X 40mM solution made from e.g. Sigma Cat#A1888, or equivalent. See Appendix 1)
- Hydrogen peroxide solution (e.g. Sigma Cat#H3410, or equivalent. See Appendix 1)
- Stop Solution (2% [w/v] oxalic acid dehydrate, e.g. Sigma Cat#247537. See Appendix 1)
- Nunc™ MaxiSorp™ ELISA Plates, Uncoated (BioLegend Cat# 423501)
- Plate sealers (BioLegend Cat# 423601)
- Deionized (DI) water

Equipment

- Incubator (37°C)
- ELISA plate shaker
- Wash bottle or automated microplate washer
- Microtiter plate reader for measuring absorbance at 414nm
- Adjustable pipettes to measure volumes ranging from 3 μ l to 1 ml
- Multichannel pipetting devices

[Representative Data and Appendix 1.](#)

Plate map example for the HLA class I ELISA:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	H	Duplicate	P1	Duplicate	P2	Duplicate	P3	Duplicate	P4	Duplicate	P5	Duplicate
B	M		P6		P7		P8		P9		P10	
C	L		P11		P12		P13		P14		P15	
D	Blank		P16		P17		P18		P19		P20	
E	Pos		P21		P22		P23		P24		P25	
F	Neg		P26		P27		P28		P29		P30	
G	UV		P31		P32		P33		P34		P35	
H	Blank		P36		P37		P38		P39		P40	

Pos: Positive exchange control peptide (See table in appendix 1)

Neg: Negative exchange control peptide (See table in appendix 1)

UV: UV-illuminated conditional HLA complex in the absence of exchange peptide

Blank: 1X Dilution Buffer

H: HLA control H

M: HLA control M

L: HLA control L

P: peptide of choice

BEFORE STARTING

See our site for [representative data](#).

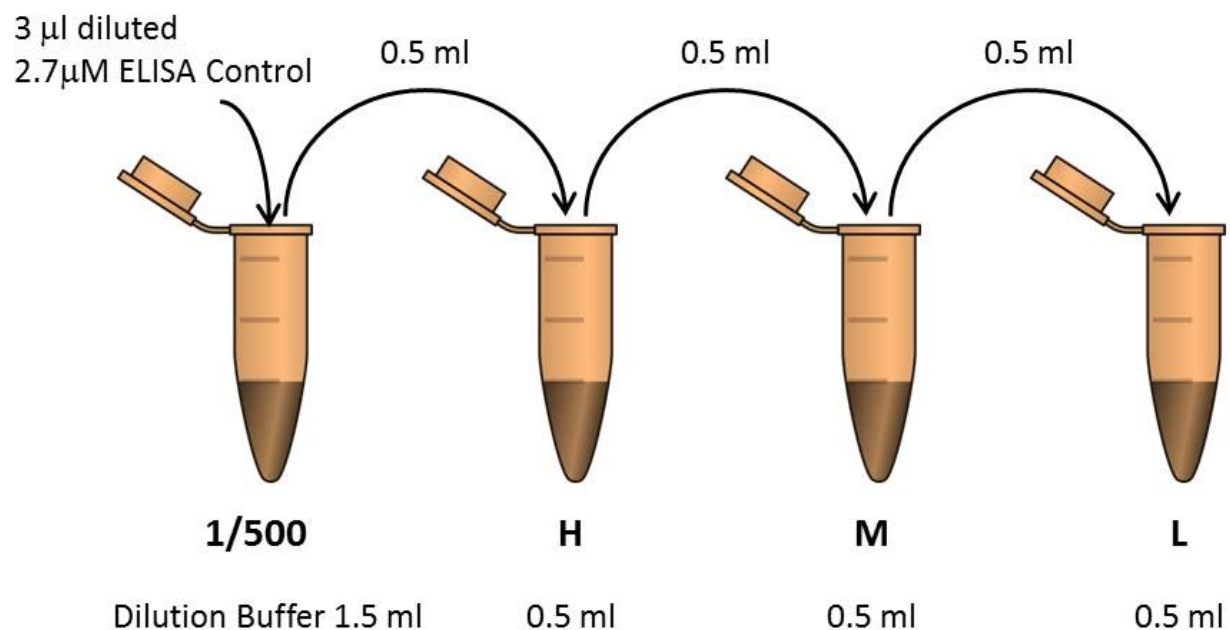
Reagent Preparation

- 1 Dilute the 5X Coating Buffer to 1X with DI water
- 2 Prepare Streptavidin solution to coat the plate:
24µl of Streptavidin solution
11.976 ml 1X Coating Buffer
- 3 Calculate the amount of 1X Dilution Buffer required and prepare the solution by diluting the 10X concentrated buffer 10 times in DI water before use. The 1X Dilution Buffer can be stored for up to one week at 2-8°C.
- 4 Prepare Wash Buffer; dilute the 20X wash buffer with DI water, at least 300ml per plate.
- 5 Dilute concentrated HRP-conjugated antibody to 0.3µg/ml in 1X Dilution Buffer just before use. Prepare 12ml per plate.
- 6 Prepare the substrate solution approximately 10 minutes before use:
10.34ml DI water
1.2ml of Substrate Buffer 10X concentrate
240µl of ABTS stock solution
120µl of Hydrogen peroxide solution
Vortex to mix well
The substrate solution should be at room temperature (18-25°C) for optimal reproducible results.

- 7 Dilute the Flex-T™ ELISA Positive Control to prepare a 2.7μM solution:
5μl of Flex-T™ ELISA Positive Control at 0.2mg/ml
2.9μl of 1X Dilution Buffer

Assay Procedure

- 8 Coat the wells of the plate with Streptavidin. Add 100μl of Streptavidin solution to all wells. Seal the plate and incubate overnight (16-18 hrs) at room temperature (18-25°C).
- 9 Discard the coating solution and wash the plate 3 times with at least 300μl Wash Buffer per well and blot residual buffer by firmly tapping plate upside down on absorbent paper. All subsequent washes should be performed similarly.
- 10 To block non-specific binding and reduce background, add 300μl of 1X Dilution Buffer to all wells.
- 11 Seal the plate and incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature (18-25°C).
- 12 Prepare three dilutions of the HLA control by serial dilution in 1X Dilution Buffer. Prepare the controls fresh and keep them on melting ice until usage.



- 13 To evaluate the outcome of UV-mediated HLA peptide exchange, dilute a small aliquot of the exchange reaction mixture 300-fold in 1X Dilution Buffer (refer to the peptide exchange step in Protocol for fluorescent Flex-T™ generation and antigen-specific CD8+ T cell staining). Mix thoroughly.
- 14 Discard the Dilution Buffer from the plate and blot the residual buffer.

15 Pipette 100µl of 1X Dilution Buffer (blank), diluted ELISA controls (H, M, L, positive, negative, and UV only), or exchange reaction mixture dilutions, into the appropriate wells (recommended in duplicate, see plate map).

16 Seal the plates and incubate for 1 hour at 37°C.

 01:00:00

17 Discard the liquid from the wells and wash 3 times with 300µl of wash buffer per well.

Assay Procedure

18 Add 100µl of diluted HRP-conjugated antibody.

19 Seal the plates and incubate for 1 hour at 37°C.

 01:00:00

20 Discard the liquid from the wells and wash 3 times with 300µl of wash buffer per well.

21 Add 100µl of substrate solution.

22 Incubate for 8 minutes at room temperature (18-25°C) in the dark on a plate shaker at 400-500 rpm.

 00:08:00

23 Add 50µl of Stop Solution to all wells and read at 414nm in an ELISA reader within 30 minutes.

24 View BioLegend website for [Representative Data, and Appendix 1.](#)



This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the [Creative Commons Attribution License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited