

# HA tag enables highly efficient detection of heterologous proteins in Phaeodactylum tricornutum (Pt) exconjugants Version 2

# Jernej Turnsek

#### Abstract

Invitrogen's HA tag monoclonal antibody in combination with Western Breeze Anti-Mouse Chemiluminescent Western Blot Immunodetection Kit leads to no background Western blots with Pt lysates. HA tag thus represents a tag of choice for (1) efficient and unambioguous protein expression analysis, (2) immunofluorescence experiments and (3) various IP and pull-down experiments in Pt and possibly other diatoms as well as other marine microeukaryotes.

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# **Guidelines**

Recommended HA tag nucleotide sequence is as follows: 5'-TATCCGTATGATGTCCCCGATTACGCG-3'.

# **Before start**

The starting point of this protocol is a genotype+ genetically engineered *Pt* strain.

#### **Protocol**

#### Cell lysis

# Step 1.

Spin down  $10^7$ - $10^8$  Pt cells for 10 min at 4000 rpm & 10 °C.

#### NOTES

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Keep tubes on ice throughout the protocol.

# Step 2.

Resuspend pellets in 50-200  $\mu$ L cell lysis buffer: 50 mM Tris-HCl, 200 mM NaCl, 1 mM DTT, 1 mM PMSF.

#### Step 3.

Sonicate as follows: 30 sec on / 1 min off for 15 min. We use Bioruptor UCD-200TM.

# Step 4.

Separate supernatants and pellets/insoluble fractions by centrifuging lysates 45 min at 13500 rpm & 10 °C. Resuspend pellets/insoluble fractions in 100  $\mu$ L lysis buffer.

# Quantify total protein content in supernatants

#### Step 5.

Use your favorite protein quantification assay. We use ThermoFischer's Bradford assay.

#### Running SDS-PAGE

#### Step 6.

Prepare supernatants as follows (40  $\mu$ L total): 10  $\mu$ L NuPage LDS Sample Buffer (4x), 4  $\mu$ L NuPAGE Sample Reducing Agent (10x), 40  $\mu$ g protein, MQ.

Prepare pellets/insoluble fractions as follows (40 uL total): 10  $\mu$ L NuPage LDS Sample Buffer (4x), 4  $\mu$ L NuPAGE Sample Reducing Agent (10x), 4  $\mu$ L pellet/insoluble fraction suspension, 22  $\mu$ L MQ.

Incubate at 70 °C for 15 min.

# Step 7.

Load 10  $\mu$ L supernatant sample (10  $\mu$ g protein) and 10  $\mu$ L pellet/insoluble fraction sample (1  $\mu$ L "stock"). Load also 6  $\mu$ L MagicMark protein standard.

#### NOTES

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- 1. Prepare MOPS running buffer as follows: 665 mL MQ + 35 mL 20x MOPS buffer.
- 2. We have had good experience with NuPage 4-12% Bis-Tris 1.5 mm gels with 10 wells.
- 3. Add 500 µL NuPAGE Antioxidant to the inner reservoir.

#### Step 8.

Separate proteins for 50 min at 200 V.

#### Protein transfer

#### Step 9.

Prepare transfer buffer: 40 mL  $\underline{\text{NuPage Transfer Buffer (20x)}}$ , 160 mL methanol, 600 mL MQ, 800  $\mu$ L  $\underline{\text{NuPAGE Antioxidant}}$ .

#### NOTES

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We do a wet transfer using XCell II<sup>™</sup> Blot Module and PVDF membranes.

#### Step 10.

Soak 7 pads in transfer buffer.

# **Step 11.**

Activate PVDF membranes in methanol (1 min is good). Wash in MQ, leave in transfer buffer.

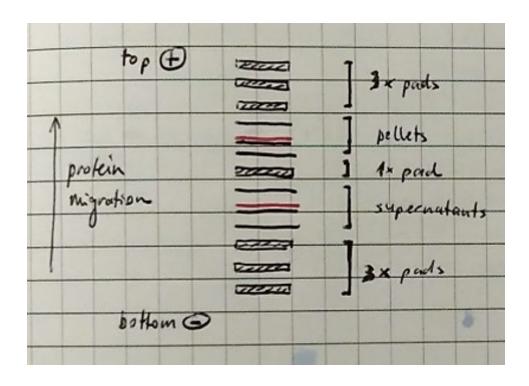
#### NOTES

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Leave filter papers that come with each membrane soaking in transfer buffer while you're activating membranes.

# **Step 12.**

Dissassemble your gels and stack a transfer sandwich. If transferring from 2 gels simultaneously, we recommend assembling your sandwich as follows:



Step 13.

Transfer proteins for 1 h at 30 V.

#### **Blocking**

# **Step 14.**

Cut top right corner of each membrane to track membrane faces containing proteins.

#### **Step 15.**

Wash each membrane twice with 20 mL MQ for 5 min.

#### NOTES

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All washing and incubation steps at RT were performed on a rocking platform set to 1 (very gentle rocking).

#### **Step 16.**

Prapare blocking buffer. For 2 membranes: 10 mL MQ, 4 mL "Part A", 6 mL "Part B".

# **Step 17.**

Block at least 1 h at room temperature. Use 10 mL/membrane.

#### NOTES

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The result in this protocol was obtained after a 2 day blocking step at 4  $^{\circ}$ C followed by another  $\sim$ 1 h 15 min RT incubation period.

# **Step 18.**

Wash each membrane twice with 20 mL MQ for 5 min.

#### Incubation in primary antibodies

# Step 19.

Prepare 1:10000 dilution of <u>HA tag monoclonal antibody</u>: 14 mL MQ, 4 mL "Part A", 2 mL "Part B", 2  $\mu$ L antibody stock.

# Step 20.

Use 10 mL antibody solution per membrane and incubate 3 hr.

# **Step 21.**

Prepare 160 mL wash solution: 150 mL MQ + 10 mL Wash Solution (16x). Wash each membrane 4 times in 20 mL for 5 min.

# Incubation in secondary antibodies

# Step 22.

Incubate each membrane in 10 mL anti-mouse secondary antibody solution for 1 hr.

# Step 23.

Prepare 160 mL wash solution: 150 mL MQ + 10 mL Wash Solution (16x). Wash each membrane 4 times in 20 mL for 5 min.

#### Step 24.

Wash each membrane 3 times in 20 mL MQ for 2 min.

#### Chemiluminescent detection

# Step 25.

Remove excess liquid, place a membrane on transparent plastic foil and cover it evenly with 2 mL Novex CDP-Star alkaline phosphatase substrate.

# Step 26.

Cover with alufoil and incubate 5 min.

# Step 27.

Remove excess liquid and cover with another transparent plastic sheet.

# Visualization

#### **Step 28.**

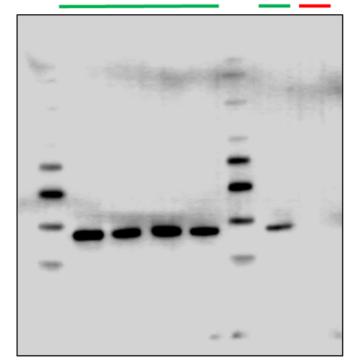
We use LI-COR's C-DiGit Blot Scanner.

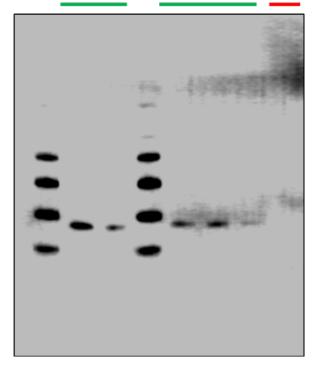
# **Expected result**

# Step 29.

5 genotype+ *Pt* exconjugants were screened for protein-HA expression. The left and right image below were obtained with superntants and insoluble fractions, respectively.

protein-HA WT protein-HA





WT