

### Use IPython to run bioconda tools in jupyter

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Metagenomics class 2019





**ABSTRACT** 

Learn how to run shell commands directly in your jupyter notebook using IPython

BEFORE STARTING

For this protocol, you'll need Anaconda/miniconda and jupyter installed on your machine.

### Looking at bioconda

1 Meet Bioconda. Bioconda is a project aiming to integrate bioinformatic tools in the conda package management system. They have over 6000 bioinformatic tools available and a repository of recipe on how to use them.

Yes, Bioconda is your new best friend.

You can browse for your tool of interest in Bioconda through their tool repository. For this tutorial we will install and run Mothur.

## installing Mothur

2 Open Anaconda Navigator and go to your environment manager. Select the class environment and search for the Mothur package in the "not installed" packages list.

Install Mothur in the environment. If you don't remember how to do this. Do not panic and go back to the Anaconda protocol (https://www.protocols.io/view/first-steps-using-a-jupyter-notebook-6uphevn).

The installation will take some time, therefore you can read this very serious paper about Inuit poop knives.

2.1 For Miniconda users, open your terminal and type:

source activate class 2019

You should have your environment correctly loaded. Then type:

conda install Mothur

Confirm the installation by typing "y" and wait patiently for the installation.



- 3 Is Mothur is installed in your conda environment? Great! Now open a Python jupyter notebook in your Document folder.
- Think of IPython as a bridge between Python and shell commands. It's basically allowing you to run shell command lines directly into your Python Notebook! Are you excited? Ok, let's try it!

As you (should) know, in shell you can print a text using the "echo" command. Like this:

```
echo "I love metagenomics"
```

Well, let's say you REALLY want to use the "echo" command in your notebook, then IPython allows you to just type:

```
!echo "I love metagenomics"
```

Now, try it and run the cell! You should see

```
In [10]: echo "I love metagenomics"

I love metagenomics

In [ ]:
```

And the same idea applies to Is, pwd, mkdir... all your favorite commands are there! All? Well, almost all...

5 If you play with IPython long enough, you'll quickly notice that !cd doesn't exactly work as it is supposed to. If you try to run

```
!cd ..
```

You won't see an error, but you won't have changed directory either... This is because each cell from the notebook is run as a temporary sub-shell. It opened a shell, ran the cd .. and then closed it. So you're back to square one.

To run these commands, you need to use a % instead of the!

```
%cd ..
```

Now, it should work! And even better, if you have the "automagic" IPython function installed, you don't need to use the "%". You can simply run:

```
cd ..
```

You have automagic functions for the main shell commands (Is, cd, cat, man, mkdir, mv, pwd, rm and rmdir).

# running Mothur

6 So let's use IPython to run Mothur. To do so, you need to find where conda installs your packages. The path to this folder should look like this:

'/Users/[USERNAME]/anaconda3/envs/class\_2019/bin'

Once you know where is you bin folder, you can run Mothur using the command (here showing the output of the help command in Mothur):

!/Users/[USERNAME]/anaconda3/envs/class 2019/bin/mothur "#help();"

Note that Mothur is by default an interactive tool. You cannot use this feature in a notebook, however, you can use <u>Mothur command line mode</u>.

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