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Working

The Nanopore libraries preparation for the *Scapharca broughtonii*

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ABSTRACT

This protocol is used to outline the process of Nanopore library preparation for *Scapharca broughtonii* genome.

- 1 About 6 µg genomic DNA was fragmented using a Megaruptor (Diagenode, Seraing, Belgium) to obtain ~20kb fragments, and verified with Agilent Bioanalyzer 2100 system (Agilent Technologies, Palo Alto, CA, USA).



The sizes of the main fragments should >17 Kb.

- 2 Fragments with size > 15 Kb were selected using BluePippin Size-Selection system (Sage Science, Beverly, the U.S.), and further purified using AMPure XP beads (Agencourt, Beverly, the U.S.).
- 3 DNA fragments were end-repaired using NEBNext FFPE Repair Mix (NEB, M6630). The procedures was kept at 20°C, 15 min.
- 4 The repaired fragments were purified using AMPure XP beads (Agencourt, Beverly, the U.S.).
- 5 DNA fragments were end-repaired and dA-tailed by using the NEBNext End repair / dA-tailing Module (NEB, E7546). The procedures was kept at 20°C, 30 min, and then at 60°C, 30 min.
- 6 The repaired fragments were purified using AMPure XP beads (Agencourt, Beverly, the U.S.).
- 7 Nanopore adaptors were ligated to the dA-tailed DNA fragment by using Ligation Sequencing Kit 1D R9 Version (Nanopore, SQK-LSK108) and NEB Blunt/TA Ligase Master Mix (NEB, M0367). The procedures was kept at 20°C, 60 min.
- 8 The concentration of the library was detected with Qubit 3.0 (Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc., Carlsbad, CA, USA), and proved to be qualified for sequencing.
- 9 This was carried out with Ligation Loading Bead Kit R9 Version (EXP-LLB001) and MinION Flow Cell (FLO-MIN106) according to the user manual.

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