



DASH Protocol v2.5

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Working

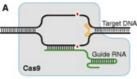


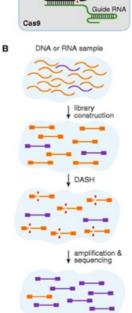


This protocol is for performing Depletion of Abundant Sequences by Hybridization (DASH) after preparing sequencing libraries and pooling together.

DASH is most useful for RNA-seq of human metagenomic samples, where abundant species such as human mitochondrial ribosomal RNAs (rRNAs) occupy a majority of the sequencing space available, leaving a minor fraction for regions of interest.

DASH treatment is performed after ligation of adapters and unique barcoding of the RNA-seq library. It employs CRISPR-Cas9 complexed to a set of guide RNAs (gRNAs) targeted to the abundant regions to be depleted in a given library. These abundant regions in the library are then cleaved, leaving only the fragments with intact adapters on both ends to be further amplified and sequenced.





PROTOCOL STATUS

Working

We use this protocol in our group and it is working

GUIDELINES

This protocol describes DASH for an RNA library prepared using the NEBNext Ultra II RNA Library Prep Kit. Other standard library preparation kits may be used instead, as long as DASH is applied after ligation of adapters.

MATERIALS

NAME > CATALOG # > VENDOR >

NAME ×	CATALOG #		VENDOR ~
USER Enzyme - 250 units	M5505L		New England Biolabs
NEBNext Adaptor for Illumina	E7337 in Kits E7335, E7500, E771		New England Biolabs
Thermocycler			
NEBNext Ultra II RNA Library Prep Kit for Illumina - 96 rxns	E7770L		New England Biolabs
Nuclease-free water	AM9932		Ambion
Qubit dsDNA HS kit	Q32851		Life Technologies
Bioanalyzer chips and reagents (DNA High Sensitivity kit)			Agilent Technologies
TruSeq i7/i5 Indexing Primers - Custom (or NEBNext® Multiplex Oligos for Illumina)	E7500L		New England Biolabs
Cas9 40µM			
Dual guide RNAs (40 μ M - targeted to genes or regions to be depleted - crisprRNA and track RNA - quantified by RNA Qubit)	cr		
10X Cas9 Activity Buffer (500nM Tris pH 8.0 100nM MgCl2 10nM TCEP)			
Proteinase K	P8107S		New England Biolabs
SPRI beads (homemade) or Ampure XP beads	View		
Kapa HiFi Real-Time Amplification Kit	KK2702		Kapa Biosystems
Zymo DNA Clean & Concentrator - 5	D4014		Zymo Research
Magnetic rack for PCR strips	View		
qPCR machine	View		
STEPS MATERIALS			
NAME >		CATALOG #	VENDOR V
NEBNext Ultra II RNA Library Prep Kit for Illumina - 96 rxns		E7770L	New England Biolabs
Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit		Q32851	Thermo Fisher Scientific
Bioanalyzer chips and reagents (DNA High Sensitivity kit)			Agilent Technologies
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Qubit dsDNA HS kit		Q32851	Life Technologies
Kapa HiFi Real-Time Amplification Kit		KK2702	Kapa Biosystems
SPRI beads (homemade) or Ampure XP beads		View	
Qubit dsDNA HS Assay kit		Q32854	Thermo Fisher Scientific
Bioanalyzer chips and reagents (DNA High Sensitivity kit)			Agilent Technologies

BEFORE STARTING

Prepare your sequencing libraries, and make sure you have gRNAs for DASH. We used the *DASHit* software to generate an optimized set of guide RNA sequences based on a dataset of unwanted genes. (For *DASHit* software, visit:

https://github.com/czbiohub/guide_design_tools/blob/master/dashit-reads/dashit-reads.org). You can buy the gRNAs or buy DNA templates and transcribe them. For an IVT protocol for crispr RNA and tracr RNA, please contact emily.crawford@czbiohub.org or amy.lyden@czbiohub.org)

Prepare indexed RNA-seq library

1 Follow all steps using NEB Ultra II RNA library preparation kit. Use an input RNA volume of 25ng if available, or less if not available. Perform 12-18 cycles of indexing PCR.



NEBNext Ultra II RNA Library Prep Kit for

Illumina - 96 rxns by New England Biolabs Catalog #: E7770L

Choose one option:

- a. Pooled DASH: If there are multiple samples, you may pool them at normalized concentrations of DNA between 200 1000 bp by Qubit or BioA/Tapestation/Fragment Analyzer, or using a preliminary low-depth sequencing run (such as an iSeq or MiSeq) of an equivolume pool to determine pooling ratios. Alternatively, if you suspect that your samples may vary drastically in DASHable material, you can pool equivolumes of your samples and DASH, then run an iSeq or MiSeq sequencing. Then pool normalized concentrations based on these values. This pooled library will go into a single DASH reaction.
- **b. Single Sample DASH:** Additionally if you suspect your samples may vary in DASHable material or have a high amount of DASHable material, you may DASH each sample individually and pool them after. In this case, each sample will have its own DASH reaction, and the following steps will be performed on each individual library.
- 3 Quantify by HS DNA Qubit.

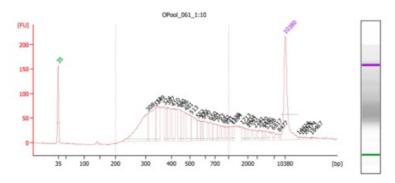


Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit

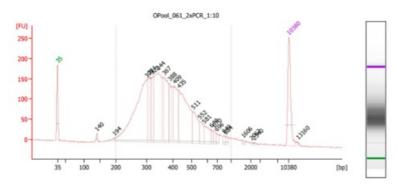
by Thermo Fisher Scientific

Catalog #: Q32851

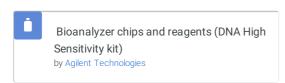
- 4 Perform a HS DNA Bioanalyzer (or other fragment analysis) and ensure for your library(ies):
 - 1) that adapter dimers have been removed. Several SPRI bead clean-ups at a sample:bead volume ratio of 1:1 may be necessary.
 - 2) there is sufficient sample in between the 200 1000 bp range.
 - 3) There is no 'PCR bubble' (appears as secondary bump in fragment analysis trace at higher bp regions, see trace below). PCR bubble will be eliminated with 1-2 extra PCR cycles. We recommend.
 - 100ng of DNA in 23µL H20
 - 25µL Kapa HiFi Real-Time Amplification Master Mix
 - 2μL Illumina primers at 5μM.



Library pre-PCR cycles with DNA in 2000-10000bp region. This library may be overamplified and cannot be used in DASH.



Library post 2xPCR cycles with no DNA in 2000-10000bp region. This confirms library previously had PCR bubble. This library can be used in DASH.



5 Each DASH reaction requires <u>at least 10 μL of 2.8 nM DNA library (approximately 0.83 ng/μL for an average 450 bp library)</u>. You may concentrate your sample by SPRI bead clean-up if necessary.

DASH

Thaw necessary reagents and let come to room temperature before use. If you will not be using for more than 10 minutes, put on ice and take off 5 minutes prior to mixing.







Dual guide RNAs (40µM - targeted to genes or regions to be depleted - crisprRNA and tracr RNA - quantified by RNA Qubit)

7 Prepare master mix (MM) of Cas9 and gRNAs:



Ensure that the dual-guide RNAs have been annealed at 95°C for 30 seconds and then cooled to room temperature. No additional heating is recommended if pairs were annealed prior to storage.



Cas9-gRNAs MM will be replenished once in the protocol. Ensure you have enough reagents for 2X MM for each sample.

Reagent	t Stock		1X cas9-
	Concentrati	Concentrati	gRNA MM
	on	on	
10X cas9 buffer	10X	1.25X	2.5µL
cas9	40μΜ	5µM	2.5µL
dual-guide RNAs	40μΜ	10μM	5µL
			10µL total

DASH Master Mix

- 8 Mix well by gently pipetting and tapping and incubate this mixture at § 37 °C for © 00:05:00.
- 9 Add 10 μl of a 2.8 nM barcoded DNA library (pooled or not) to every 10 μl of the above Cas9-gRNA mix.

 - o Calculator for µg moles: https://www.promega.com/a/apps/biomath/

Reagent	Stock Concentration	Final Concentration	1X cas9-gRNA MM
10X cas9 buffer	10X	1.25X	2.5µL
cas9	40μM	5μΜ	2.5µL
dual-guide RNAs	40μM	10μΜ	5µL
DNA library	2.8nM	1.4nM	10μL
			20μL total

Final DASH reaction (1X, 20µL)

- 10 Incubate the DASH reaction at § 37 °C for © 00:30:00.
- Before your incubation is up, prepare a second batch of 1X Cas9-gRNA MM for all your samples and incubate mixture at 137 °C for

© 00:05:00 . After incubation, perform a column clean up. Use the Zymo DNA Clean & Concentrate - 5 kit to purify your reaction. Follow the kit instructions 12 for PCR product (100 μ l of binding buffer to 20 μ l of DNA in DASH reaction). Elute in 10.5 μ l H20, and then reload all 10.5 µl onto the column, and elute again. Zymo DNA Clean & Concentrator - 5 by Zymo Research Catalog #: D4014 13 Add 10 µl of your eluted DNA to 10 µl of 1X Cas9-gRNA MM and mix by pipette. 14 Incubate the DASH reaction at § 37 °C for © 01:30:00 . Total incubation of DNA library in Cas9-gRNA MM should be & 02:00:00 . Column clean-up timing has not been optimized, and could be split to be § 37 °C for (01:00:00 , column clean, and then § 37 °C for (01:00:00 . 15 Add 11 µl proteinase K to each 20 µl reaction and mix well by gently tapping or pipetting. Proteinase K by New England Biolabs Catalog #: P8107S Incubate at § 50 °C for © 00:15:00 for cas9 inactivation.

This goal of this step is to purify your target library away from the DASH reagents (buffers, Cas9, gRNAs) and the DASH digested fragments. Depending on DASH efficiency and the size of the expected digested fragments, this ratio may be

altered to best remove the fragments.

Prepare to do a SPRI selection of sample:bead 1:0.9 (equivalent to Ampure 0.7X)

Clean up DASH reaction

17

Other magnetic beads such as AmpureXP may be used instead of SPRI. However, please take note of the different size cutoffs for sample:bead ratios, as they may vary from the homebrew SPRI beads used in this protocol. Equilibrate SPRI beads to room temperature and vortex well to mix. 18 SPRI beads (homemade) or Ampure XP beads View 19 Add beads equivalent to 0.9X the sample volume to each sample tube (for 21 µl of sample, add 18.9 µl beads). 20 Mix well by pipetting or tapping the tubes and spin down briefly. 21 Incubate for \bigcirc 00:05:00 at room temperature, then put the tubes on the magnetic rack. Allow beads to separate on the magnet for 3-5 minutes, or until the supernatant is clear. Keeping the tubes on the magnet, carefully remove and discard the supernatant. 22 23 Add 200 µl 80% ethanol (prepared fresh). Incubate beads for 60:01:00 and then remove the ethanol. Repeat the above ethanol wash step. 24 25 Allow the beads to air dry for approximately 00:05:00. Do not over-dry. Dry beads should appear matte (rather than glossy) but should not have a cracked appearance. Overdried beads may not resuspend or elute well. 26 Remove tubes from magnet and add 27μ nuclease-free H2O. Resuspend well by vortexing, tapping the tubes, and spinning down briefly. 27 28 Allow **© 00:02:00** for DNA to elute from beads, then transfer tubes back to magnet

29

Allow the beads to separate on magnet.

- 30 Collect 25 µl of supernatant from each sample and transfer it to a clean PCR tube.
- 31 Run a fragment analysis, such as with the HS dsDNA Bioanalyzer kit or the Agilent HS D5000 Tapestation kit.

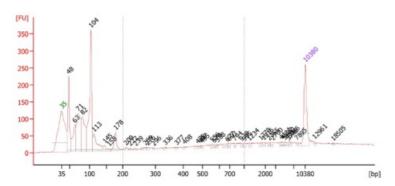


Bioanalyzer chips and reagents (DNA High Sensitivity kit)

by Agilent Technologies

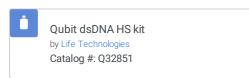
⋈

If DASH is successful, the trace may be characterized by the presence of small peaks between 30 - 100 bp. The size of these peaks will depend on the proportion of expected depleted product over target product, and how closely spaced together the target guide RNAs were designed.



DASHed sample showing the digested fragments and gRNAs (30-140), an adapter dimer (178), and low concentration of target library (sloping from 300 – 1000+). Bioanalyzer internal markers in green (35) and purple (10380). This sample needs additional cleanup and amplification.

32 If desired, also quantify by HS DNA Qubit.



As needed, perform additional clean-up steps to remove the digested fragments and adapter dimers in your sample. Proceed to amplification of target library if your concentration in the 200-1000bp region is very low, or looks nonexistent.

Amplification of Target Library

34 Perform this Real-Time PCR amplification step if after cleaning out the digested fragments and adapter dimers your library concentration is too low for loading onto a sequencer.



This step could be optional, if your DASHable material is low and your concentration after DASH is high. However, we have found it to be almost always necessary.

35 Thaw Kapa HiFi Real-Time Amplification Master Mix and Standard 2 on ice



36 Prepare the following reaction for each library:

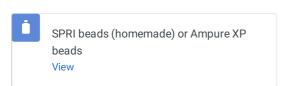
Reagent	Volume (1X)
2X Kapa HiFi Real-time Amplification Master Mix	25µL
5μM Universal Illumina Primers (5sol-20&21)	2µL
DNA (bring up volume with H20 if needed)	23µL
	50μL

- 37 Place each sample in a tube or strip of tubes that is physically separated from the others, so that they can be removed one at a time.
- 38 Put $\sqrt{50} \mu$ of Standard 2 in a PCR tube
- 39 Cycle with the following conditions in an RT-PCR machine. Make sure that if your machine does a baseline correction, that you remove it.

Temperature	Time	Cycles
98C	45 sec	1
98C	15 sec	
63C	30 sec	
72C	1m 45 sec	25
Plate read		
72C		

Cycling conditions for PCR

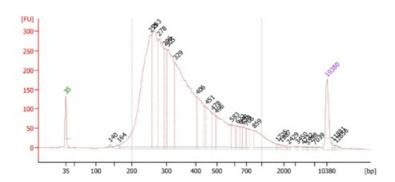
- Watch the qPCR graph during the plate read. When a sample reaches the fluorescence threshold given by standard 2, remove that sample **DURING the 72°C for 20 second timeframe** after the plate read.
- Perform a SPRI cleanup as described in `Clean up DASH reaction` section above at a sample:bead ratio of 1:0.9 to remove amplification reagents, and elute in a suitable volume of water.



42 Quantify and analyze your library by HS DNA Qubit and HS dsDNA Bioanalyzer.



- Bioanalyzer chips and reagents (DNA High Sensitivity kit)
 by Agilent Technologies
- This trace should resemble a regular library with a majority of the library sized between 200 1000bp:



Same DASHed sample from above.SPRI cleaned at sample:bead ratio 1:0.7, 2 amplification cycles. Small primer dimer at $140 \, \mathrm{bp}$.

- 43 Perform more SPRI clean-ups or amplification if necessary.
- 44 Submit your library for sequencing!

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