

# Script R5: Virome Alpha Diversity

HANNIGAN GD, GRICE EA, ET AL.

## Abstract

This protocol outlines our alpha diversity analyses of the virome (from PHACCS) and whole metagenome (from MetaPhlan OTU table). We start by comparing the virome and whole metagenome alpha diversity values, and then look at the differences in virome and whole metagenome diversity between skin sites. Based on the methods from the following publication:

Hannigan, Geoffrey D., et al. "The Human Skin Double-Stranded DNA Virome: Topographical and Temporal Diversity, Genetic Enrichment, and Dynamic Associations with the Host Microbiome." *mBio* 6.5 (2015): e01578-15.

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dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.eimbcc6

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## Guidelines

sessionInfo()

```
## R version 3.2.0 (2015-04-16)
## Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin13.4.0 (64-bit)
## Running under: OS X 10.10.4 (Yosemite)
## ## locale:
## [1] en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/C/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8
##
## attached base packages:
## [1] stats graphics grDevices utils datasets methods base
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
## [1] magrittr_1.5   formatR_1.2   tools_3.2.0   htmltools_0.2.6
## [5] yaml_2.1.13   stringi_0.4-1 rmarkdown_0.7 knitr_1.10.5
## [9] stringr_1.0.0 digest_0.6.8  evaluate_0.7
```

## Before start

Supplemental information available at:

[https://figshare.com/articles/The\\_Human\\_Skin\\_dsDNA\\_Virome\\_Topographical\\_and\\_Temporal\\_Diversity\\_Genetic\\_Enrichment\\_and\\_Dynamic\\_Associations\\_with\\_the\\_Host\\_Microbiome/1281248](https://figshare.com/articles/The_Human_Skin_dsDNA_Virome_Topographical_and_Temporal_Diversity_Genetic_Enrichment_and_Dynamic_Associations_with_the_Host_Microbiome/1281248)

## Protocol

### Step 1.

Load the required R packages.

```
cmd COMMAND
library(vegan)
packageVersion("vegan")

library(ggplot2)
packageVersion("ggplot2")

library(pgirmess)
packageVersion("pgirmess")

library(plyr)
packageVersion("plyr")

library(Hmisc)

packageVersion("Hmisc")
```

### EXPECTED RESULTS

```
## [1] '2.3.0'
```

```
## [1] '1.0.1'
```

```
## [1] '1.6.0'
```

```
## [1] '1.8.2'
```

```
## Loading required package: grid
## Loading required package: survival
## Loading required package: Formula
##
## Attaching package: 'Hmisc'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:plyr':
##
## is.discrete, summarize
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
## format.pval, round.POSIXt, trunc.POSIXt, units
```

```
## [1] '3.16.0'
```

## Step 2.

Import the whole microbiome OTU table.

cmd **COMMAND**

```
INPUT_WM <-  
  read.delim("../IntermediateOutput/Alpha_diversity/skinmet_metaphlan_formatted.tsv", sep  
  ="\t", header=TRUE)
```

## Step 3.

Check out a summary of the file to see what it looks like.

cmd **COMMAND**

```
head(INPUT_WM)[,c(1:6)]
```

### ✓ EXPECTED RESULTS

##	OTU_ID	MG100128	MG100129	MG100130	MG100131	MG100132
## 1	1	0	0	0	0	0
## 2	2	0	0	0	0	0
## 3	3	0	0	0	0	0
## 4	4	0	0	0	0	10535.1
## 5	5	0	0	0	0	0
## 6	6	0	0	0	0	0

## Step 4.

Import the virome OTU table.

cmd **COMMAND**

```
INPUT_PHACCS <-  
  read.delim("../IntermediateOutput/Alpha_diversity/PHACCS_results_all.txt", header=TRUE,  
  sep="\t")  
head(INPUT_PHACCS)
```

### ✓ EXPECTED RESULTS

##	SampleID	SW_Index
## 1	MG100098	11.48738
## 2	MG100100	11.86418
## 3	MG100101	11.29502
## 4	MG100102	12.33014
## 5	MG100104	12.23747
## 6	MG100107	12.16315

## Step 5.

Import mapping file for whole metagenome and virome.

cmd **COMMAND**

```
MAP <-  
  read.delim("../IntermediateOutput/Mapping_files/SkinMet_and_Virome_001_metadata.tsv", s  
  ep="\t", header=TRUE)  
head(MAP)[,c(1:6)]
```

### ✓ EXPECTED RESULTS

##	NexteraXT_SampleID	NexteraXT_RunName	NexteraXT_Virome_SampleID
## 1	MG100151	NexteraXT_007	MG100102
## 2	MG100150	NexteraXT_007	MG100101
## 3	MG100149	NexteraXT_007	<NA>

## 4	MG100146	NexteraXT_007	MG100098
## 5	MG100157	NexteraXT_007	MG100107
## 6	MG100153	NexteraXT_007	MG100104
##	NexteraXT_Virome_RunName	SubjectID	TimePoint
## 1	NexteraXT_005	1	1
## 2	NexteraXT_005	1	1
## 3	<NA>	1	1
## 4	NexteraXT_005	1	1
## 5	NexteraXT_005	1	1
## 6	NexteraXT_005		1

### Step 6.

While the virome PHACCS diversity is included in the output, MetaPhlan only provides OTU relative abundance information, which means the Shannon diversity must be calculated here with Vegan. We also calculate the median diversity and other information required for graphing. This will all be used for the data visualization.

### Step 7.

Here we also need to reformat the mapping files. This means only looking at the two time points for which we have a complete data set, as well as excluding the sites and subjects for which we only have partial sampling.

### Step 8.

Transpose the whole microbiome matrix.

```
cmd COMMAND
INPUT_WM_NO_FIRST_COL
```

### Step 9.

Calculate alpha diversity for the whole metagenome samples.

```
cmd COMMAND
SHANNON_WM
```

### Step 10.

Merge the mapping file info with the alpha diversity information.

```
cmd COMMAND
MERGE_WM
```

### Step 11.

Calculate median diversity for each individual anatomical location. For error bar calculation, see the boxplot notching formula implemented in ggplot2:

 [LINK:](http://www.inside-r.org/packages/cran/ggplot2/docs/geom_boxplot)  
[http://www.inside-r.org/packages/cran/ggplot2/docs/geom\\_boxplot](http://www.inside-r.org/packages/cran/ggplot2/docs/geom_boxplot)

```
cmd COMMAND
SUMRY_WM_MEDIAN
```

### EXPECTED RESULTS

##	Site_Symbol_WM	mean_WM	IQR_WM	N_WM	se_WM	mean_plus_WM
## 1	Ac	0.7163576	0.8142767	13	0.3568268	1.0731844
## 2	Ax	0.7493853	0.6449232	13	0.2826138	1.0319992
## 3	Fh	0.2219632	0.4138806	13	0.1813679	0.4033311
## 4	Oc	0.3387557	0.4252576	13	0.1863535	0.5251092
## 5	Pa	1.0617160	1.1723905	13	0.5137569	1.5754730

## 6 Ra 0.3428010 0.3872246 13 0.1696869 0.5124879

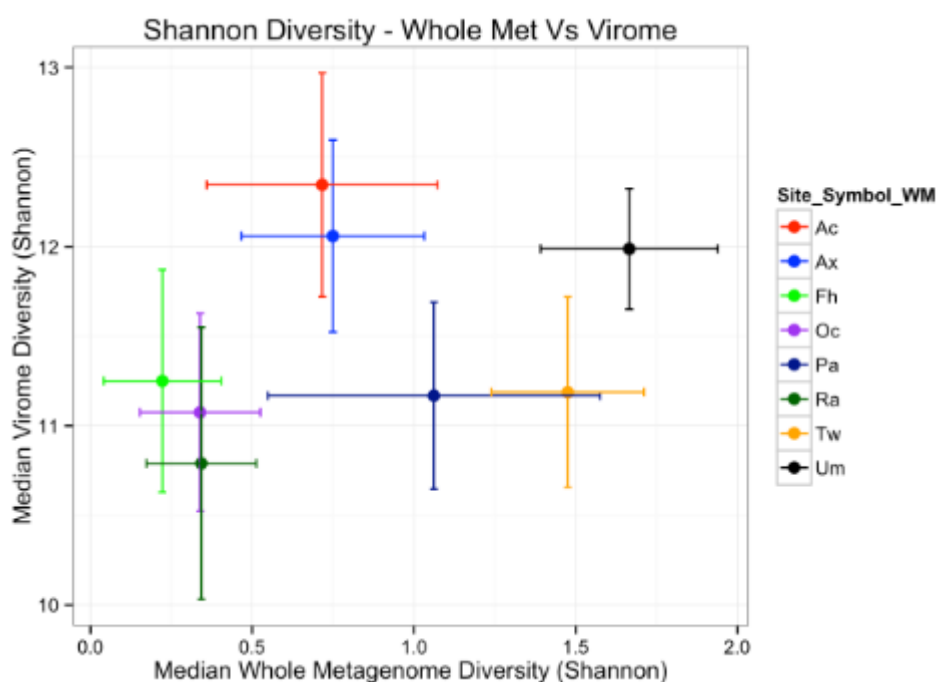
## Step 12.

Plot the diversity values as a scatter plot with notch deviation bars.

### cmd COMMAND

```
ggplot(SUMRY_MERGE_MEDIAN, aes(x=mean_WM, y=mean_VIR, group=Site_Symbol_WM, colour=Site_Symbol_WM, ymax=mean_plus_VIR, ymin=mean_minus_VIR, xmax=mean_plus_WM, xmin=mean_minus_WM)) +  
  theme_bw() + geom_point(size=3) + geom_errorbar(width=0.025) + geom_errorbarh(height=0.05) +  
  scale_colour_manual(values=c("red", "blue", "green", "purple", "darkblue", "darkgreen", "orange", "black")) +  
  ggtitle("Shannon Diversity - Whole Met Vs Virome") + xlab("Median Whole Metagenome Diversity (Shannon)") + ylab("Median Virome Diversity (Shannon)")
```

### EXPECTED RESULTS



## Step 13.

We can calculate which samples are significantly different from each other here. This way we can see the statistically significant differences between samples based on bacterial and viral alpha diversity.

### cmd COMMAND

```
CUT_LOC_MERGE_VIR
```

### EXPECTED RESULTS

##	SampleID	SW_Index	NexteraXT_SampleID	NexteraXT_RunName
## 1	MG100195	9.134844	MG100171	NexteraXT_008
## 2	MG100199	8.822409	MG100175	NexteraXT_008
## 3	MG100200	9.908941	MG100176	NexteraXT_008
## 4	MG100202	10.327899	MG100178	NexteraXT_008
## 5	MG100204	10.790570	MG100180	NexteraXT_008
## 6	MG100206	12.246742	MG100182	NexteraXT_008
##	NexteraXT_Virome_RunName	SubjectID		

```
## 1  NexteraXT_009      1
## 2  NexteraXT_009      5
## 3  NexteraXT_009      6
## 4  NexteraXT_009      8
## 5  NexteraXT_009     10
## 6  NexteraXT_009     12
```

#### Step 14.

Run Kruskal-Wallis on virome dataset.

cmd **COMMAND**

```
kruskalmc(CUT_LOC_MERGE_VIR$SW_Index, CUT_LOC_MERGE_VIR$Site_Symbol)
```

 **EXPECTED RESULTS**

```
## Multiple comparison test after Kruskal-Wallis
```

```
## p.value: 0.05
```

```
## Comparisons
```

	obs.dif	critical.dif	difference
## Ac-AX	7.210165	52.18821	FALSE
## Ac-Fh	46.603022	52.18821	FALSE
## Ac-Oc	49.900641	54.24178	FALSE
## Ac-Pa	56.049451	52.18821	TRUE
## Ac-Ra	72.081197	52.65148	TRUE
## Ac-Tw	53.299451	52.18821	TRUE
## Ac-Um	2.887960	54.85152	FALSE
## Ax-Fh	39.392857	51.21265	FALSE
## Ax-Oc	42.690476	53.30381	FALSE
## Ax-Pa	48.839286	51.21265	FALSE
## Ax-Ra	64.871032	51.68466	TRUE
## Ax-Tw	46.089286	51.21265	FALSE
## Ax-Um	4.322205	53.92416	FALSE
## Fh-Oc	3.297619	53.30381	FALSE
## Fh-Pa	9.446429	51.21265	FALSE
## Fh-Ra	25.478175	51.68466	FALSE
## Fh-Tw	6.696429	51.21265	FALSE
## Fh-Um	43.715062	53.92416	FALSE
## Oc-Pa	6.148810	53.30381	FALSE
## Oc-Ra	22.180556	53.75747	FALSE
## Oc-Tw	3.398810	53.30381	FALSE
## Oc-Um	47.012681	55.91401	FALSE
## Pa-Ra	16.031746	51.68466	FALSE
## Pa-Tw	2.750000	51.21265	FALSE
## Pa-Um	53.161491	53.92416	FALSE
## Ra-Tw	18.781746	51.68466	FALSE
## Ra-Um	69.193237	54.37264	TRUE
## Tw-Um	50.411491	53.92416	FALSE

## Step 15.

Run stats on whole metagenome dataset.

cmd **COMMAND**

CUT\_LOC\_MERGE\_WM\$Site\_Symbol

 **EXPECTED RESULTS**

##	SampleID	Shannon_div	NexteraXT_RunName	NexteraXT_Virome_SampleID
##	MG100171	0.0000000	NexteraXT_008	MG100195
1				
##	MG100172	0.4522535	NexteraXT_008	MG100196
2				
##	MG100173	0.4903214	NexteraXT_008	MG100197
3				
##	MG100174	0.2945494	NexteraXT_008	MG100198
4				
##	MG100175	0.1339710	NexteraXT_008	MG100199
5				
##	MG100176	1.3291247	NexteraXT_008	MG100200
6				
##	NexteraXT_Virome_RunName	SubjectID		
##	NexteraXT_009	1		
1				
##	NexteraXT_009	2		
2				
##	NexteraXT_009	3		
3				
##	NexteraXT_009	4		
4				
##	NexteraXT_009	5		
5				
##	NexteraXT_009	6		
6				

## Step 16.

Run Kruskal-Wallis on whole metagenome dataset.

 **EXPECTED RESULTS**

## Multiple comparison test after Kruskal-Wallis

## p.value: 0.05

## Comparisons

	obs.dif	critical.dif	difference
## Ac-AX	3.437500	58.72600	FALSE
## Ac-Fh	64.531250	58.72600	TRUE
## Ac-Oc	47.625000	58.72600	FALSE
## Ac-Pa	38.062500	58.72600	FALSE
## Ac-Ra	52.322917	57.07142	FALSE
## Ac-Tw	64.687500	58.72600	TRUE

##	Ac-Um	71.687500	58.72600	TRUE
##	Ax-Fh	67.968750	58.72600	TRUE
##	Ax-Oc	51.062500	58.72600	FALSE
##	Ax-Pa	34.625000	58.72600	FALSE
##	Ax-Ra	55.760417	57.07142	FALSE
##	Ax-Tw	61.250000	58.72600	TRUE
##	Ax-Um	68.250000	58.72600	TRUE
##	Fh-Oc	16.906250	58.72600	FALSE
##	Fh-Pa	102.593750	58.72600	TRUE
##	Fh-Ra	12.208333	57.07142	FALSE
##	Fh-Tw	129.218750	58.72600	TRUE
##	Fh-Um	136.218750	58.72600	TRUE
##	Oc-Pa	85.687500	58.72600	TRUE
##	Oc-Ra	4.697917	57.07142	FALSE
##	Oc-Tw	112.312500	58.72600	TRUE
##	Oc-Um	119.312500	58.72600	TRUE
##	Pa-Ra	90.385417	57.07142	TRUE
##	Pa-Tw	26.625000	58.72600	FALSE
##	Pa-Um	33.625000	58.72600	FALSE
##	Ra-Tw	117.010417	57.07142	TRUE
##	Ra-Um	124.010417	57.07142	TRUE
##	Tw-Um	7.000000	58.72600	FALSE

## Step 17.

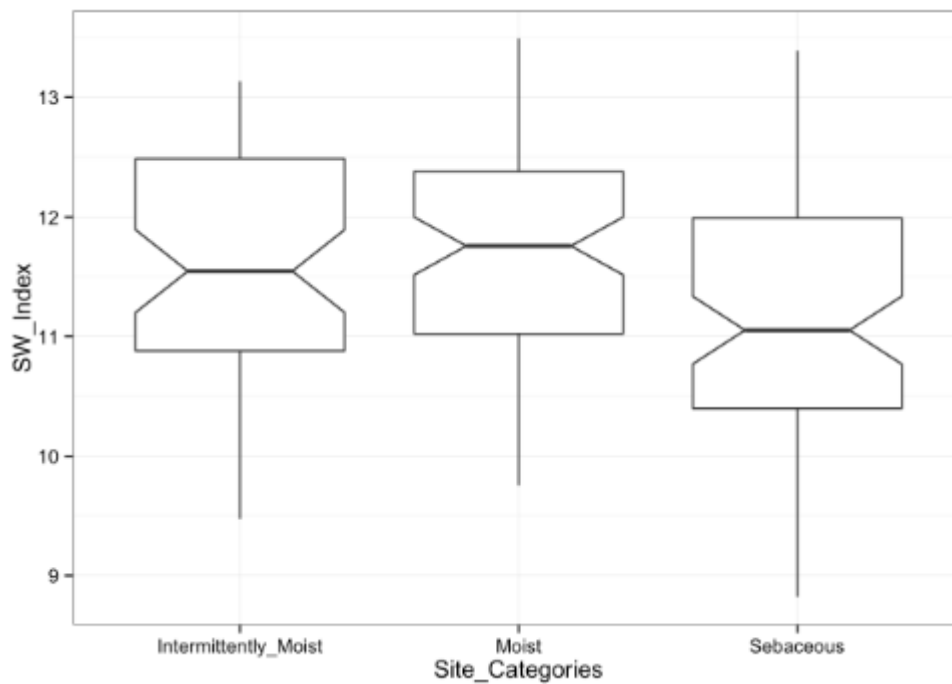
Plot virome diversity by skin location category.

cmd **COMMAND**

```
CUT_LOC_MERGE_VIR <- MERGE_VIR[-
which(MERGE_VIR$Site_Symbol %in% c("Ba", "Ph", "Vf", "Neg")), ]
CUT_LOC_MERGE_VIR$Type <- "Virome"
ggplot(CUT_LOC_MERGE_VIR, aes(x=Site_Categories, y=SW_Index)) + theme_bw() + geom_boxplot(notch=TRUE)
```

 **EXPECTED RESULTS**





### Step 18.

Run Kruskal-Wallis on dataset by site category.

cmd **COMMAND**

```
CUT_LOC_MERGE_VIR$Site_Categories <- factor(CUT_LOC_MERGE_VIR$Site_Categories)
kruskalmc(CUT_LOC_MERGE_VIR$SW_Index, CUT_LOC_MERGE_VIR$Site_Categories)
```

✓ **EXPECTED RESULTS**

## Multiple comparison test after Kruskal-Wallis

## p.value: 0.05

## Comparisons

##	obs.dif	critical.dif	difference
## Intermittently_Moist-Moist	6.775434	25.93003	FALSE
## Intermittently_Moist-Sebaceous	27.249883	25.93003	TRUE
## Moist-Sebaceous	34.025316	23.36625	TRUE

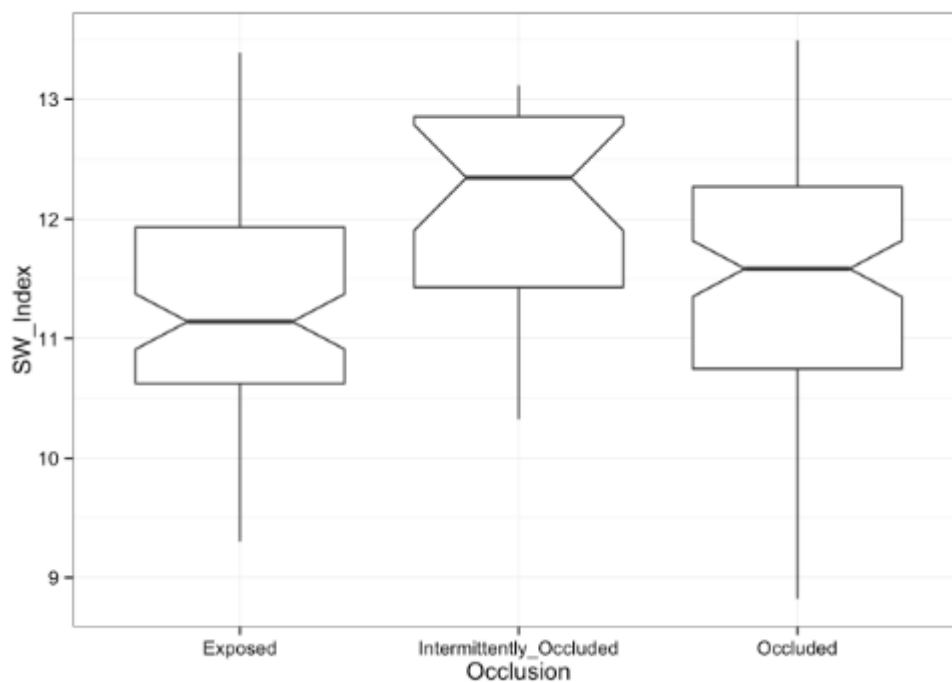
### Step 19.

Plot virome diversity by occlusion.

cmd **COMMAND**

```
ggplot(CUT_LOC_MERGE_VIR, aes(x=Occlusion, y=SW_Index)) + theme_bw() + geom_boxplot(notch=TRUE)
```

✓ **EXPECTED RESULTS**



## Step 20.

Run Kruskal-Wallis by occlusion on virome dataset.

cmd **COMMAND**

```
CUT_LOC_MERGE_VIR$Occlusion <- factor(CUT_LOC_MERGE_VIR$Occlusion)
kruskalmc(CUT_LOC_MERGE_VIR$SW_Index, CUT_LOC_MERGE_VIR$Occlusion)
```

✓ **EXPECTED RESULTS**

## Multiple comparison test after Kruskal-Wallis

## p.value: 0.05

## Comparisons

##	obs.dif	critical.dif	difference
## Exposed-Intermittently_Occluded	50.89856	33.15193	TRUE
## Exposed_Occluded	15.92795	21.74934	FALSE
## Intermittently_Occluded-Occluded	34.97061	32.13919	TRUE

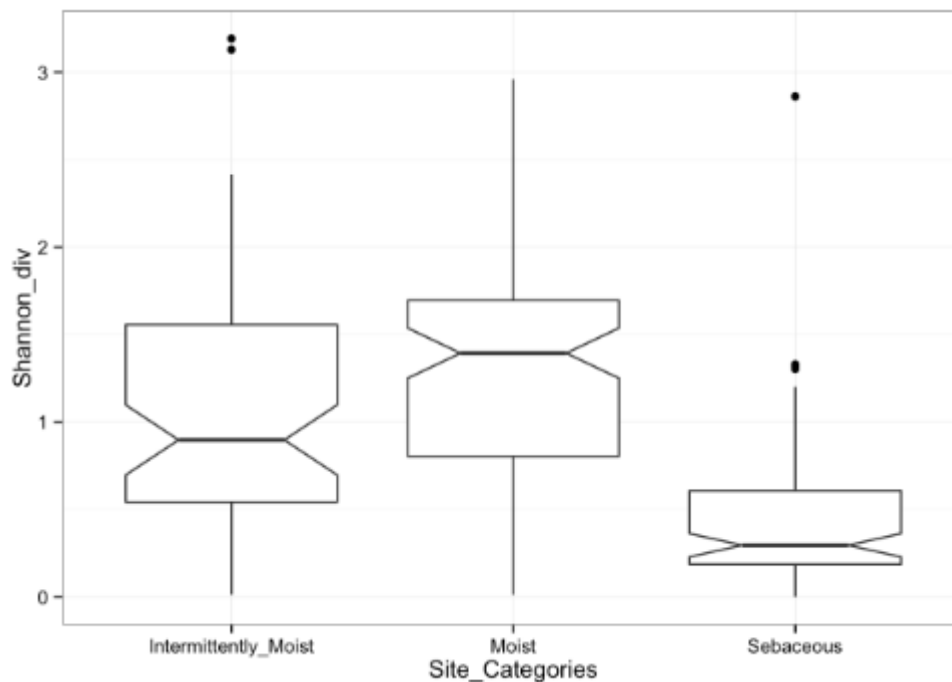
## Step 21.

Plot whole metagenome diversity by site category.

cmd **COMMAND**

```
CUT_LOC_MERGE_WM <- MERGE_WM[-which(MERGE_WM$Site_Symbol %in% c("Ba", "Ph", "Vf", "Neg")), ]
CUT_LOC_MERGE_WM$Type <- "Whole_Metagenome"
CUT_LOC_MERGE_WM$SW_Index <- CUT_LOC_MERGE_WM$Shannon_div
ggplot(CUT_LOC_MERGE_WM, aes(x=Site_Categories, y=Shannon_div)) + theme_bw() + geom_boxplot(
  notch=TRUE)
```

✓ **EXPECTED RESULTS**



## Step 22.

Run Kruskal-Wallis on whole metagenome dataset by site category.

cmd **COMMAND**

```
CUT_LOC_MERGE_WM$Site_Categories <- factor(CUT_LOC_MERGE_WM$Site_Categories)
kruskalmc(CUT_LOC_MERGE_WM$Shannon_div, CUT_LOC_MERGE_WM$Site_Categories)
```

✓ **EXPECTED RESULTS**

## Multiple comparison test after Kruskal-Wallis

## p.value: 0.05

## Comparisons

##	obs.dif	critical.dif	difference
## Intermittently_Moist-Moist	27.57292	29.05167	FALSE
## Intermittently_Moist-Sebaceous	73.75750	28.81832	TRUE
## Moist-Sebaceous	101.33042	25.72345	TRUE

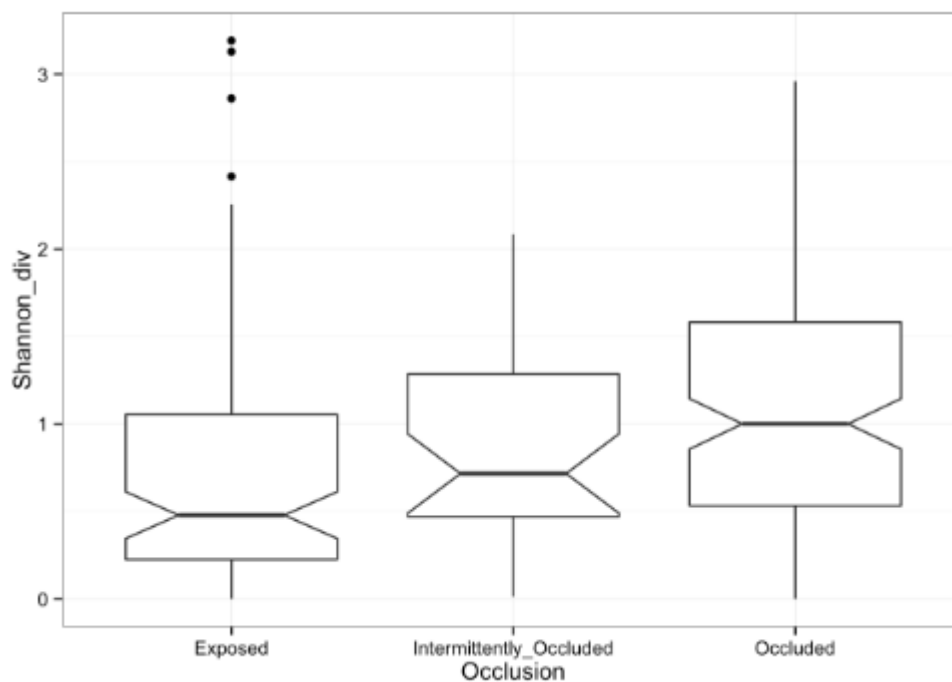
## Step 23.

Plot whole metagenome diversity by occlusion.

cmd **COMMAND**

```
CUT_LOC_MERGE_WM <- MERGE_WM[-which(MERGE_WM$Site_Symbol %in% c("Ba", "Ph", "Vf", "Neg")), ]
CUT_LOC_MERGE_WM$Type <- "Whole_Metagenome"
CUT_LOC_MERGE_WM$SW_Index <- CUT_LOC_MERGE_WM$Shannon_div
ggplot(CUT_LOC_MERGE_WM, aes(x=Occlusion, y=Shannon_div)) + theme_bw() + geom_boxplot(notch=TRUE)
```

✓ **EXPECTED RESULTS**



## Step 24.

Run Kruskal-Wallis on whole metagenome dataset by occlusion.

cmd **COMMAND**

```
CUT_LOC_MERGE_WM$occlusion <- factor(CUT_LOC_MERGE_WM$occlusion)
kruskalmc(CUT_LOC_MERGE_WM$occlusion, CUT_LOC_MERGE_WM$occlusion)
```

## ✓ EXPECTED RESULTS

## Multiple comparison test after Kruskal-Wallis

## p.value: 0.05

## Comparisons

##	obs.dif	critical.dif	difference
## Exposed-Intermittently_Occluded	64	36.74778	TRUE
## Exposed_Occluded	146	24.14803	TRUE
## Intermittently_Occluded-Occluded	82	35.47290	TRUE