

Nov 08, 2019

# Library preparation protocol to sequence full length 16S rRNA gene in Nanopore MinION sequencer

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#### **ABSTRACT**

This protocol was optimised from an existing protocol to achieve maximum pore occupancy in a MinION flow cell. This protocol was performed using Ligation sequencing kit (ONT) in combination with native barcoding kit (ONT). Using this protocol, I was able to achieve  $\sim$ 12 Gbp of data from one MinION run from samples with very low input concentration.

#### GUIDELINES

- Make sure the reagents are always placed on ice except for the ones that are stable at room temperature
- Mix the contents by vortexing for few seconds prior to using them
- Spin down if there are any precipitates in the reagent.

#### MATERIALS TEXT

## **Equipments and Reagents**

- Platinum<sup>™</sup> SuperFi<sup>™</sup> PCR Master Mix
- Native Barcoding Kit 1D (EXP-NBD103)
- Ligation Sequencing Kit 1D (SQK-LSK108)
- Thermal Cycler at 20oC and 60oC
- Microcentrifuge
- Vortex mixer
- 96 well Megnetic rack or equivalent for Stripe PCR tubes
- Megnetic rack for Eppendorf tubes (1.5ml 2ml)
- Heating block at 37oC or equivalent waterbath
- Pipettes P2, P10, P20, P200, P1000 and their corresponding tips
- Multichannel pipette P1-10, P200 and their corresponding tips
- NEBNext End repair / dA-tailing Module (E7546)
- NEB Blunt/TA Ligase Master Mix (M0367)
- Agencourt AMPure XP beads
- Freshly prepared 70% ethanol in nuclease free water
- 1.5ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tubes
- 0.2 ml stripe PCR tubes
- 0.5 ml thin wall PCR tubes (for Qubit)
- nuclease free water
- NEB Next Quick Ligation Module
- Invitrogen Quibit and corresponding reagents

BEFORE STARTING

Run MinION QC to check the number of pores present before adding the library

# PCR amplification

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For a 100  $\mu$ I PCR reaction, use the following setup

Reagents	Volume (µI) for 100 µI reaction
2X Platinum SuperFi PCR Master Mix	50 μl
Water, nuclease-free	upto 100 μl
Template DNA	5 μl (11.5 ng)
10 μM forward primer	5
10 μM reverse primer	5 µl

7 The PCR conditions are:

initial denaturation at  $98\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  for 30~sec

28 cycles of

- 98°C for 10 sec
- 55°C for 15 sec
- 72°C for 40 sec

with final extension at 72°C for 5 min

## PCR product cleanup

- 3 Add 1 volume (100ul) of resuspended beads into each PCR reactions and mix by flicking the tubes
- 4 Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 5 minutes at room temperature
- 5 Prepare 20 ml of fresh 70% ethanol in nuclease-free water.
- 6 Spin down the sample and pellet on a magnet. Keep the tube on the 96 well magnet rack, and pipette off the supernatant.
- 7 Keep on magnet, wash beads with 200 μl of freshly prepared 70% ethanol without disturbing the pellet using the multichannel pipette and 70% ethanol in a trough. Remove the 70% ethanol using a pipette and discard. Repeat.
- 8 Spin down and place the tube back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual ethanol. Briefly allow to dry for 3-5 mins
- Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend pellet in  $15\,\mu l$  nuclease-free water. Incubate for 2 minutes at room temperature.
- 10 Pellet beads on magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless.

- 11 Run 3 µl of the cleaned up DNA product in 1% agarose gel to ensure the cleaned product is free from primers.
- Run 1  $\mu$ l of DNA in qubit using high sensitivity assay kit and 1  $\mu$ l in nanodrop to ensure the cleaned up DNA is free from contamination from RNA and/or protein.
- 13 Based on the qubit reading, take 500 ng of cleaned up DNA in 25 µl of nuclease free water.

## End prep

14 Add the reagents below in the same order in a fresh 0.8 ml PCR strip tube

Reagents	Volume
500 ng input DNA	25 μΙ
Ultra II End-prep reaction buffer	3.5 µl
Ultra II End-prep enzyme mix	1.5 μΙ
Total	30 μΙ

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- 15 Mix gently by flicking the tube, and spin down
- 16 Incubate for 10 minutes at 20 °C and 30 minutes at 65 °C using the thermal cycler with a lid temperature of 70 °C.
- 17 Add 1 volume (30 µl) of resuspended AMPure XP beads to the end-prep reaction and mix by flicking the tube.
- 18 Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 5 minutes at room temperature
- 19 Spin down the sample and pellet on a 96 well magnet rack. Keep the tube on the magnet, and pipette off the supernatant individually
- 20 Keep on magnet, wash beads with 200 μl of freshly prepared 70% ethanol without disturbing the pellet using the multichannel pipette and 70% ethanol in a trough. Remove the 70% ethanol using a pipette and discard. Repeat.
- 21 Spin down and place the tube back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual ethanol. Briefly allow to dry for 3 -5 mins at room temperature.
- 22 Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend pellet in 15 μl nuclease-free water by flicking the tubes. Incubate for 2 minutes at room temperature.
- 23 Pellet beads on magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless.
- 24 Quantify 1 µl of end-prepped DNA using Qubit high sensitivity assay kit

25 For next stage, we need 80 ng per sample and hence, dilute the sample concentration to 80 ng to make a final volume of 9 μl in a new strip tube

## Adding barcodes

26 Adding the following reagents in the same order as below

Reagents	Volume
80 ng end prep DNA	9 µl
Native Barcode	1 μΙ
Blunt/TA Ligase Master Mix	10 μΙ
Total	20 μΙ

27	Mix gently by flicking the tube, and spin down
28	Incubate the reaction for 10 minutes at room temperature
29	Incubate the reaction for 10 minutes at room temperature. Add 20 µl of resuspended AMPure XP beads to the reaction and mix by flicking the tube.
30	Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 5 minutes at room temperature
31	Spin down the sample and pellet on a magnet. Keep the tube on the magnet, and pipette off the supernatant.
32	Keep on magnet, wash beads with 200 µl of freshly prepared 70% ethanol without disturbing the pellet using the multichannel pipette and 70% ethanol in a trough. Remove the 70% ethanol using a pipette and discard. Repeat.
33	Spin down and place the tube back on the magnet. Pipette off any residual ethanol. Briefly allow to dry for 3 - 5 minutes at room temperature.
34	Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend pellet in 12 $\mu$ l nuclease-free water. Incubate for 2 minutes at room temperature
35	Pellet beads on magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless.
36	Quantify 1 μl of barcoded DNA in Qubit high sensitivity assay.

than 400 ng. If the volume exceeds 50 µl, perform 2.5 x volume AMPure XP bead cleanup with final elution volume of 52 µl of nuclease free water.

Based on the qubit reading, add 36.4 ng of each barcoded sample in a 1.5 ml eppendorf tube to get a final concentration of more

38 Quantify 1 µl of barcoded DNA in Qubit high sensitivity assay to concentration is greater than 400 ng.

## Adapter ligation

39 Thaw the reagents in ice

40 Add the reagents in following order and flick between addition of each reagents

Reagent	Volume
pooled barcoded DNA ( > 400 ng)	50 μl
Barcode Adapter Mix (BAM)	20 μΙ
NEBNext Quick Ligation Reaction Buffer (5X)	20 μΙ
Quick T4 DNA Ligase	10 μΙ
Total	100 μΙ

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41	Incubate the read	tion for 10 mir	nutes at room to	emperature.
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- 42 Prepare the AMPure XP beads for use; resuspend by vortexing. Prepare another 1ml of fresh 70% Ethanol. Prepare all the tubes and megnetic rack ready.
- 43 Add 40 µl of resuspended AMPure XP beads to the adapter ligation reaction from the previous step and mix by flicking.
- Incubate on a Hula mixer (rotator mixer) for 5 minutes at room temperature. Take out the flowcell from the fridge to let it recover to room temperature.
- 45 Place on magnetic rack, allow beads to pellet and pipette off supernatant.
- Add 140 µl of the Adapter Bead Binding buffer to the beads. Close the tube lid, and resuspend the beads by flicking the tube. Return the tube to the magnetic rack, allow beads to pellet and pipette off the supernatant. Repeat.
- 47 Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend pellet in 15 μl Elution Buffer by flicking. Incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
- Pellet beads on magnet until the eluate is clear and colourless, Remove and retain 15 μl of eluate into a clean 1.5 ml Eppendorf DNA LoBind tube. Store on ice.
- 49 Quantify 1  $\mu$ I of adapter ligated DNA in Qubit high sensitivity assay to ensure concentration is close to 200 ng

#### Priming flowcell

50 prepare the priming mix as follows in a 2 ml Eppendorf tube:

Reagent	Volume
Nuclease-free water	576 µl
RPF	624 µl
Total	1200 μΙ

- Take out the flowcell from the box, flip back the MinION lid and slide the priming port cover clockwise so that the priming port is visible.
- After opening the priming port, check for small bubble under the cover. Draw back a small volume to remove any bubble (a few  $\mu$ ls):

Set a P1000 pipette to 200 µl;

Insert the tip into the priming port;

Turn the wheel until the dial shows 220-230 µl, or until you can see a small volume of buffer entering the pipette tip.

Visually check that there is continuous buffer from the priming port across the sensor array.

53 Load 800 µl of the priming mix into the flow cell via the priming port, avoiding the introduction of air bubbles. Wait for 5 minutes.

Pipette  $\sim$ 830 ul of the priming mix, before putting the tip on the priming port, slightly drop a little of the liquid to cover the port and attach the tip to the port. Slowly pipette the priming mix out but DO NOT pipette out everything. Remaining the last few ( $\sim$ 20ul) of priming mix in the tip and take off the tip straightway. This is to make sure no air goes into the port.

#### Loading library

Thoroughly mix the contents of the RBF and LLB tubes by pipetting, Prepare the library for loading as follows:

Reagent	Volume
RBF	35.0 μΙ
LLB	25.5 μΙ
Nuclease-free water	2.5 μΙ
DNA library	12 µl
Total	75.0 µl

- 55 Complete the flow cell priming:
  - 1.Gently lift the SpotON sample port cover to make the SpotON sample port accessible.
  - 2. Load 200  $\mu$ l of the priming mix into the flow cell via the priming port (not the SpotON sample port), avoiding the introduction of air bubbles. The same idea, pipette ~230ul of the priming mix and be careful as the previous priming step.
- Mix the prepared library gently by pipetting up and down just prior to loading.

- 57 Add  $75 \,\mu$ l of sample to the flow cell via the SpotON sample port in a dropwise fashion. Ensure each drop flows into the port before adding the next.
- After the last drop was absorbed, quickly replace the SpotON sample port cover, making sure the bung enters the SpotON port, close the priming port and replace the MinION lid.
- 59 Run the MinION sequencer

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