

Instructions for recreating elPrep 4.0.0 WES benchmarks

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ABSTRACT

Instructions for recreating the elPrep4.0.0 WES benchmarks used in the following paper:

Herzeel C, Costanza P, Decap D, Fostier J, Verachtert W. elPrep: A multithreaded framework for sequence analysis. BioRxv https://doi.org/10.1101/492249

EXTERNAL LINK

https://www.biorxiv.org/content/early/2018/12/10/492249

## Working

We use this protocol in our group and it is working

## Configuration

These instructions have been tested with elPrep v. 4.0.0. The following assumes that everything is performed from a working and the state of the sdirectory WORKDIR.

# 1.1 Hardware

- \* 2x18-core Intel Xeon processor E5-2699v3 Haswell @ 2.3GHz
- \* 256 GB RAM
- \* 2x400 GB SSD

# 1.2 Software

- \* Ubuntu 14 04 5 LTS
- \* elPrep 4.0.1

# 2 Installation

elPrep 4.0.0 <sup>GE</sup> source by imed

The following steps are required to run elPrep:

 $1.\ Download\ the\ elPrep\ binary\ distribution\ from\ https://github.com/ExaScience/elprep$ 

 $\label{link:https://github.com/ExaScience/elprep/releases/download/v4.0.0/elprep-v4.0.0.tar.gz$ 

2. mdkir elprep-v4.0.0

- 3. mv elprep-v4.0.1.tar.gz elprep-v4.0.0
- 4. cd elprep-v4.0.0
- 5. tar xvf elprep-v4.0.0.tar.gz
- 6. PATH=\$WORKDIR/elprep-v4.0.0:\$PATH

# 3 Data preparation

Our WES benchmark uses the public data provided by the Genome in a Bottle Consortium (GIAB). This data consists of unaligned FASTQ files, but we offer an aligned BAM file for this data on our demo repository (see https://github.com/ExaScience/elprep/tree/master/demo). Otherwise, the following steps describe how to download and all the following steps describe how to download and the following steps describe how the following steps described howalign the data yourself using BWA mem (version 0.7.17). Similarly, our benchmark requires the reference genome, databases with known SNPs and BED files to be converted into an elPrep-specific format. Again, these files can be downloaded from our demo repository. Otherwise, the following steps describe how to download the data from public repositories and creating the elPrep-specific conversions

# 3.1 Required tools

BWA 0.7.17 <sup>©</sup> source by Hena Li



## NOTE

1. Ensure GCC installed (version 4.8.4 recommended)

2. Download BWA source code from https://github.com/lh3/bwa Direct link:

https://github.com/lh3/bwa/releases/download/v0.7.17/bwa-0.7.17.tar.bz2

3. tar xvf bwa-0.7.17.tar.bz2

4. cd bwa-0.7.17

5. make

6. cd \$WORKDIR

## 3.2 Required data

## FASTO and BED files

\* Download GIAB whole-exome NA12878, FASTQ and BED files from https://github.com/genome-in-a-bottle

## ftp://ftp

trace.ncbi.nih.gov/giab/ftp/data/NA12878/Garvan\_NA12878\_HG001\_HiSeq\_Exome/NIST7035\_TAAGGCGA\_L001\_R1\_001 .fasq.qz

 $trace.ncbi.nih.gov/giab/ftp/data/NA12878/Garvan\_NA12878\_HG001\_HiSeq\_Exome/NIST7035\_TAAGGCGA\_L001\_R2\_001$ .fastq.gz

 $trace.ncbi.nih.gov/giab/ftp/data/NA12878/Garvan\_NA12878\_HG001\_HiSeq\_Exome/nexterarapidcapture\_expanded exome and the contraction of the contract$ \_targetedregions.bed.gz

## Reference files

\* Download the hg19 reference files from https://software.broadinstitute.org/gatk/download/bundle Direct links

ftp://gsapubftp-anonymous@ftp.broadinstitute.org/bundle/hg19/ucsc.hg19.\*

When attempting a download, this may result in an error message that the login is incorrect. This is because the ftp site only allows a maximum of 25 users at the same time. If this happens, try again.

## **Known variants**

\* Download the database with known SNPs from https://software.broadinstitute.org/gatk/download/bundle

ftp://gsapubftp-

anonymous@ftp.broadinstitute.org/bundle/hg19/Mills and 1000G gold standard indels.hg19.sites.vcf.gz

 $ftp://gsapubftp-anonymous@ftp.broadinstitute.org/bundle/hg19/dbsnp\_138.hg19.vcf.gzapubftp-anonymous@ftp.broadinstitute.org/bundle/hg19/dbsnp\_138.hg19.vcf.gzapubftp-anonymous@ftp.broadinstitute.org/bundle/hg19/dbsnp\_138.hg19.vcf.gzapubftp-anonymous@ftp.broadinstitute.org/bundle/hg19/dbsnp\_138.hg19.vcf.gzapubftp-anonymous@ftp.broadinstitute.org/bundle/hg19/dbsnp\_138.hg19.vcf.gzapubftp-anonymous@ftp.broadinstitute.org/bundle/hg19/dbsnp\_138.hg19.vcf.gzapubftp-anonymous@ftp.broadinstitute.org/bundle/hg19/dbsnp\_138.hg19.vcf.gzapubftp-anonymous@ftp.broadinstitute.org/bundle/hg19/dbsnp\_138.hg19.vcf.gzapubftp-anonymous@ftp.broadinstitute.org/bundle/hg19/dbsnp\_138.hg19.vcf.gzapubftp-anonymous@ftp.broadinstitute.org/bundle/hg19/dbsnp\_138.hg19.vcf.gzapubftp-anonymous@ftp.broadinstitute.org/bundle/hg19/dbsnp\_138.hg19.vcf.gzapubftp-anonymous@ftp.broadinstitute.org/bundle/hg19/dbsnp\_138.hg19.vcf.gzapubftp-anonymous@ftp.broadinstitute.org/bundle/hg19/dbsnp\_138.hg19.vcf.gzapubftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-anonymous@ftp-an$ 

# 3.3 Data preparation steps

# 3.3.1 Create the reference index:

bwa-0.7.17/bwa index ucsc.hg19.fasta.gz

Result: ucsc.hg19.fasta.gz.\*

# 3.3.2 Align the FASTQ files to create a BAM file

 $bwa-0.7.17/bwa\ mem-t+72-R\ @RG\ tlD:Group1\ tl-B: lib1\ tl-E: l$ 

Required time: ca. 5 minutes Result: NA12878.bam

# 3.3.3 Create hg19 elfasta file:

cp ucsc.hg19.fasta.gz hg19.fasta.gz gunzip hg19.fasta.gz elprep fasta-to-elfasta hg19.fasta ucsc.hg19.elfasta

Result: ucsc.hq19.elfasta

# 3.3.4 Create elsites files from vcf files:

gunzip dbsnp\_138.hg19.vcf.gz elprep vcf-to-elsites dbsnp\_138.hg19.vcf dbsnp\_138.hg19.elsites

Required time: ca. 1 minute Result: dbsnp\_138.hg19.elsites

## COMMAN

gunzip Mills\_and\_1000G\_gold\_standard.indels.hg19.sites.vcf.gz

elprep vcf-to-elsites Mills\_and\_1000G\_gold\_standard.indels.hg19.sites.vcf Mills\_and\_1000G\_gold\_standard.indels.hg19.elsites

Required time: ca. 10 seconds

Result: Mills\_and\_1000G\_gold\_standard.indels.hg19.elsites

## 3.3.5 Unzip the BED file with captured regions:

## COMMAND

gunzip nexterarapidcapture\_expandedexome\_targetedregions.bed.gz

## △ Benchmarking elPrep

## NOT

elPrep provides a lot of filtering options, as well as two modes to execute it. The following benchmark implements a pipeline that executes the following four steps:

1. Sorting by coordinate order (equivalent to, for example

 $https://software.broadinstitute.org/gatk/documentation/tooldocs/current/picard\_sam\_SortSam.php) \\$ 

2. Marking PCR and optical duplicates (equivalent to, for example,

 $https://software.broadinstitute.org/gatk/documentation/tooldocs/current/picard\_sam\_markduplicates\_MarkDuplicates.php)\\$ 

3. Base quality score recalibration (equivalent to, for example,

 $https://software.broad institute.org/gatk/documentation/tooldocs/current/org\_broad institute\_hell bender\_tools\_walkers\_broad institute\_tools\_walkers\_broad institute\_hell bender\_tools\_walkers\_broad institute\_tools\_walkers\_broad institute\_h$ 

4. Applying base quality score recalibration (equivalent to, for example,

 $https://software.broadinstitute.org/gatk/documentation/tooldocs/current/org\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadinstitute\_hellbender\_tools\_walkers\_broadins$ 

Please see the elPrep documentation at https://github.com/ExaScience/elprep for further filtering options.

As for the execution options, elPrep can be run in an in-memory mode (filter) or a mode that first splits the input into smaller chunks, operates on each chunk to produce partial results, and merges the partial results into a final output file (sfm). The filter mode uses significantly more RAM than the sfm mode, but also runs significantly faster.

Each invocation produces the same BAM file as output. See the Statistics section below to double-check whether the BAM file is correctly processed. Please delete the output files before each rerun of elPrep.

# 4.1 elPrep filter mode

# COMMAN

elprep filter NA12878.bam NA12878.filter.bam -mark-duplicates -mark-optical-duplicates NA12878.filter.metrics --sorting-order coordinate --bgsr NA12878.filter.recal -known-sites Mills\_and\_1000G\_gold\_standard.indels.hg19.elsites,dbs

Required time: ca. 5 minutes

Required RAM: 80 GB RAM

Result: NA12878.filter.bam, NA12878.filter.metrics, NA12878.filter.recal

# 4.2 elPrep sfm mode

# COMMANI

elprep sfm NA12878.bam NA12878.sfm.bam -mark-duplicates -mark-optical-duplicates NA12878.sfm.metrics --sorting-order coordinate --bqsr NA12878.sfm.recal --known-sites Mills\_and\_1000G\_gold\_standard.indels.hg19.elsites,dbsnp,

Required time: ca. 11 minutes Required RAM: 22 GB RAM

Result: NA12878.sfm.bam, NA12878.sfm.metrics, NA12878.sfm.recal

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