



Antidepressant for Symptoms Remission of Gastroesophageal Reflux Disease: A Network Meta-Analysis (protocol)

Xiaobei Si¹, Linyu Huo², Shuai Wang¹, Yu Lan¹, Shuo Zhang³, Xumin Zhang¹

¹Beijing Jishuitan Hospital, ²Beijing Haidian Hospital, ³Fu Wai Hospital, National Center for Cardiovascular Diseases, Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.x9kfr4w



Xiaobei Si



ABSTRACT

Objective To evaluate and compare symptoms remission of antidepressants for gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD). Methods We plan to includ randomized controlled trials (RCTs) that evaluated efficacy of antidepressants for GERD by searching the MEDLINE, EMBASE, Web of Science, China National Knowledge Infrastructure Database (CNKI), Chinese VIP Information (VIP), Chinese Medical Databases (CMB) and Wan-Fang databases from the starting date of database establishment till January 1st, 2019. Database will be searched with the search terms of "gastroesophageal reflux disease", "antidepressant", etc. ADDIS 1.16.8 will be adopted for network meta-analysis. We will complement node split analysis to test inconsistency. Rank probability will also be complemented for comparison among antidepressants. Conclusion Our network analysis may further evaluate and .compare symptoms remission of antidepressants for gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD), which is considered to be more conducive to clinical treatment of GERD.



PROTOCOL STATUS

Working

We use this protocol in our group and it is working

SAFETY WARNINGS

This is an open access protocol distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited