



Adult human small intestine cell dissociation (on ice) Version 7

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Abstract

Protocol for human small intestine cell dissociation, performed on ice to reduce artifact gene expression.

Citation: Andrew Potter Adult human small intestine cell dissociation (on ice). protocols.io

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Guidelines

Reagent	Storage Condition
DPBS (Thermofisher, 14190144)	4°C
0.5 M EDTA (Ambion, AM9260G)	room temp.
BSA (Sigma, A8806)	4°C
Protease from <i>Bacillus Licheniformis</i> (Sigma, P5380)	Store 100 μ L aliquots (100 mg/mL) in DPBS at -80°C

Before start

Checklist prior to beginning:

- -Centrifuges, large and small, set to 4 °C
- -Make enzyme stock; thaw two aliquots of *Bacillus Licheniformis* enzyme on ice.
- -Make 0.04% BSA/PBS (50 mL)
- -Things you need: petri dishes, clean forceps, razor blade, pipets, 30 µM filters, timer.

Stock solution for enzyme

- 895 μL DPBS
- 5 µL 0.5 M EDTA (2.5 mM final)
- \rightarrow Add 100 μ L enzyme (100 mg/mL) to 900 μ L of enzyme stock to make 1X enzyme mix. Add 28 mg of tissue to each 900 μ L of enzyme mix.

Materials

✓ Please see Guidelines for required materials by Contributed by users

Protocol

Step 1.

While excluding as much PBS as possible, **weigh out tissue** using Mettler.

Step 2.

After weighing out tissue, **transfer to petri dish** on ice and **mince tissue** using grinding motion with razorblade for 2-3 minutes.

Step 3.

After tissue is minced finely, **add 1 mL enzyme mix per 28 mg of tissue** to the petri dish and pipet minced tissue + enzyme into 1.5 mL tube (on ice).



1 ml Additional info: enzyme mix per 28 mg of tissue

Step 4.

Start timer. Leave tube on ice - **initially shake vigorously to break up the tissue**, 3-5x every 30-45 seconds for 5 minutes.

Step 5.

Now, when big chunks are broken up, shake every 1 minute while leaving on ice for **5 additional minutes** (10 minutes total time).

Step 6.

After 10 minutes total digest time, triturate the digest mix 10X using p1000 set to 700 µL.

Step 7.

Continue shaking every minute for 5 additional minutes (15 minutes total time).

Step 8.

After 15 minutes digest time, triturate digest mix again 10X and spin digest mix at 90 G for 30 seconds at 4 °C.

- **■** TEMPERATURE
- 4 °C Additional info:

Step 9.

Remove supernatant (80%) containing single cells and filter using 30 μ M filter while leaving chucks on bottom; rinse filter with 10 mL PBS/BSA into 50 mL conical (on ice) to save single cells.



10 ml Additional info:

PBS/BSA

Step 10.

To residual chunks of tissue add additional 1 mL of enzyme (per 28 mg tissue).

AMOUNT

1 ml Additional info: enzyme (per 28 mg tissue)

Step 11.

Shake vigorously 3-4X every minute for 10 additional minutes (25 minutes total time).

Step 12.

Triturate again 10X using 1 mL pipet set to 700 µL.

Step 13.

Continue to shake vigorously every minute for 5 minutes additional time (30 minutes total time).

Step 14.

Triturate again 10X and filter using the same 30 μ M filter and rinse with 10 mL PBS/BSA into the same 50 mL conical (on ice).



10 ml Additional info:

PBS/BSA

Step 15.

Divide flow-through into 2 15 mL tubes.

Step 16.

Spin 600 g for 5 minutes at 4 °C.

▮ TEMPERATURE

4 °C Additional info:

Spinning

Step 17.

Carefully remove supernatant - re-suspend both pellets in 100 μ L total PBS/BSA in one of the 15 mL conicals.

AMOUNT

100 µl Additional info:

PBS/BSA

Step 18.

Add 700 μL RBC lysis buffer to 100 μL PBS/BSA (800 μL total). Triturate 20X using 1 mL pipet.



700 µl Additional info: RBC

lysis buffer

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100 μl Additional info:

PBS/BSA

Step 19.

Incubate for 3 minutes on ice.

Step 20.

Add 10 mL of PBS/BSA to 15 mL conical to dilute the RBC lysis buffer.



10 ml Additional info:

PBS/BSA

Step 21.

Spin 600 G for 5 minutes at 4 °C.

↓ TEMPERATURE

4 °C Additional info:

Step 22.

Remove supernatant.

Step 23.

Briefly re-suspend cells in a small volume of PBS/BSA and check to ensure that there are no more RBCs present.

Step 24.

Re-suspend in 10 mL total PBS/BSA in the same 15 mL conical.



10 ml Additional info:

PBS/BSA

Step 25.

Spin 600 g for 5 minutes at 4 °C.

■ TEMPERATURE

4 °C Additional info:

Spinning

Step 26.

Remove supernatant and re-suspend in a small volume of PBS/BSA to check cell concentration.

Step 27.

Analyze quantity and viability of cells using a hemocytometer with trypan blue: add 10 µL of trypan blue to

10 μ L of cell suspension, mix by pipeting and pipet into hemocytometer; for Chromium, make concentration to 1 million cells per mL. For DropSeq, make concentration to 100,000 cells/mL.