

The method to measure one side surface area of the seaweed

XU MIN

Abstract

Citation: XU MIN The method to measure one side surface area of the seaweed. **protocols.io**

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.m6yc9fw

Published: 10 Feb 2018

Protocol

Collect seaweed samples from the field

Step 1.

During each survey, scuba divers randomly sampled *ca.* 20–40 *S. horneri*.

Keep the samples in -30°C

Step 2.

Thalli collected by the divers were numbered individually and transported to a laboratory where the weight of each of them were determined. Samples were kept at -30°C until analysis.

Measure the weight of the samples

Step 3.

We used a balance (CR-5000WP, Custom) to determine wet weights of the thalli (± 2 g) after absorbing surface water with a paper towel.

Measure one side surface area of the samples

Step 4.

One-sided surface area was measured using ImageJ 6.4 software (National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, MD, USA; <http://imagej.nih.gov/ij>) by converting the pixels corresponding to the thallus on a digital photograph with a 30-cm ruler scaled to an area using a calibration equation obtained from the square of a known area (5 × 5 cm). We prepared five photographs of each individual that were connected horizontally using image processing software (Photoshop CS; Adobe Systems Inc., San Jose, CA, USA). The mean of the five calculated areas was used as the one-sided surface area of a thallus.