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Working

# **Cas9 Enrichment for Nanopore Sequencing**

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## ABSTRACT

This protocol is designed to help users achieve targeted enrichment for regions of interest using nanopore sequencing, providing higher coverage for myriad future analysis applications. GuideRNA components (crRNA and tracrRNA) were designed using online tools provided by IDT.

#### MATERIALS

NAME ~	CATALOG # V	VENDOR V
CutSmart Buffer - 5.0 ml	B7204S	New England Biolabs
Taq DNA Polymerase with Standard Taq Buffer - 2,000 units	M0273L	New England Biolabs
Quick Ligation Kit - 150 rxns	M2200L	New England Biolabs
Quick Dephosphorylation Kit - 500 rxns	M0508L	New England Biolabs
TE buffer		Thermo Fisher Scientific
Alt-R® S.p. HiFi Cas9 Nuclease V3	1081060	IDT
Duplex Buffer	11-01-03-01	IDT
100mM ATP	R0441	Thermo Scientific
1D Ligation Sequencing Kit	SQK-LSK109	
AmpureXP beads	A63880	Beckman Coulter

### BEFORE STARTING

Prior to start, users should design and order their own custom crRNAs. Note that there is a strong preference for reads to start on the strand of DNA containing the PAM site (with the sequence matching the crRNA sequence and containing the PAM site)

#### Making Ribonucleoprotein Complex

- 1 Resuspend crRNA(s) and tracrRNA to final concentration of 100uM in TE, pH7.5 (2nmol crRNA in 20uL; 5nmol tracrRNA in 50uL)
- Make equimolar mix of all crRNAs to be used by adding 0.75uL of each to new tube
- 3 Assemble guideRNA duplex: 8uL Nuclease Free Water (NFW)

1uL 100uM tracrRNA 1uL crRNA mix

- 4 Heat guideRNA duplex at +95C for 5min, allowing to cool on bench after incubation (perform steps 5 and 6 during incubation)
- 5 Dilute the 10X CutSmart buffer 1:8 with Nuclease Free Water (NFW) to make 1.25X CutSmart Buffer (14uL NFW + 2uL 10X CutSmart Buffer)
- 6 Dilute the HiFi Cas 9 1:5 using the 1.25X CutSmart made in step 5 (1uL HiFi Cas 9 + 4uL 1.25X CutSmart)
  - \* Cas9 comes in stock of 10ug/uL or 61pM, we dilute 1:5 to add (almost) equimolar amounts (10pmol) of the guideRNA + Cas9 enzyme in next step
- 7 Assemble Ribonucleoprotein Complex:

23.7uL NFW

2.9uL 10X CutSmart Buffer

2.4uL guideRNA duplex (from step 4)

1uL 1:5 dilution of Cas9 (from step 6)

Mix by gentle flicking, then keep on benchtop (room temperature) for 20min After incubation, keep on ice or at +4C for up to a few days before use

## Dephosphorylation of Free DNA Ends

8 \*note: this assumes starting DNA is sufficiently concentrated that 3ug is less than 33uL. Adjust volumes if DNA concentration is too low

Dephosphorylation Reaction:

4uL 10X CutSmart Buffer

3ug of DNA (often in TE)

NFW up to volume of 37uL

\*Mix gently by flicking before adding enzyme\*

Add 3uL QuickCIP enzyme (from Quick dephosphorylation kit) [total volume = 40uL]

\*Mix by gentle flicking\*

Incubate at:

+37C for 10min (dephosphorylation)

+80C for 2min (enzyme inactivation)

hold at +20C

during incubation:

- >> get out AmpureXP to allow to come to room temperature,
- >> thaw 100mM ATP, keep on ice after thawing,

# Cleavage and A-tailing of DNA

9 Make 1:10 dilution of 100mM ATP [5uL 100mM ATP + 45uL NFW]

After allowing dephosphorylated DNA (from step 8) to cool, Add the following components:

10uL Assembled RNP complex (from step 7)

1uL 1:10 (10mM) ATP

1uL Taq polymerase [total volume = 52uL] Incubate at: +37C for 15min (Cas9 cleavage) +72C for 5min (Mono adenylation of 3' ends by Taq/ATP) hold at +12C > During this incubation, get out the following components from SQK-LSK109 reagents to thaw: LNB (keep at room temp) AMX (keeping on ice after thaw) Adaptor Ligation Make "Ligation mix": 10 25uL LNB (ligation buffer from LSK109 kit) 12.5uL T4 Ligase (from NEB quick ligation kit) 5.5ul NFW 5uL AMX\* (sequencing adaptor from LSK109 kit) \* NOTE: AMX will degrade in this solution, add right before use Using pipette, mix ligation mix gently until homogenous (LNB is very viscous) 11 Add half (24uL) of "ligation mix" to DNA\*, mix by gentle flicking Add remaining (~24uL) "ligation mix" to DNA mix by gentle flicking [total volume = 100uL] \* A DNA precipitate may from at this step, adding "ligation mix" in 2-steps helps to reduce this. Formation of DNA precipitate does not appear to interfere with protocol efficiency 12 Rotate ligation for 10min at Room Temperature >During incubation, get out LFB and EB from LSK109 kit, keeping both at room temp After ligation, add equivolume (100uL) amount of TE (pH 8.0) 13 [new final volume = 200uL] Add 0.3X Ampure (60uL if DNA is currently in 200uL) 14 and mix by gentle flicking until homogeneous 15 Rotate for 5 minutes, then keep on benchtop for 5 minutes to allow Ampure beads to bind DNA Place on magnetic tube rack, 16 allow 2.5 minutes for beads to collect on back of tube 17 Remove supernatant with a pipette, taking care not to disturb the beads Add 200uL of LFB to beads Remove tube from magnetic stand and resuspend by gentle flicking

- Return sample to magnetic tube rack , allowing 2.5 minutes for beads to collect
- 19 Repeat steps 17 and 18 for a second bead wash w/ 200uL LFB
- 20 Remove supernatant,

briefly spin tube to collect any excess LFB and carefully remove remaining solution from above the beads

21 Add 16.6uL of elution buffer (EB), and keep at room temperature for 10 minutes to elute

>During this elution, get out the following components from LSK-109 kit to thaw: FLB, LB, SQB (all at room temp) and SQT (on ice after thaw)

Library Prep and Sequencing

22 Return tube with sample to magnetic rack , and allow 2min for beads to collect,

Transfer (and keep!) ~15.8uL supernatant with DNA to a new tube

- 23 Perform initial priming of flow cell by loading 800uL FLB into MinION priming port
- 24 Finish library prep by adding the following components to the DNA eluate:

26uL SOB

9.5uL Loading beads (LB)

0.5uL SQT

25 Perform second flow cell priming with 200uL of a 1:2 dilution of sequencing buffer (100uL SQB + 100uL NFW)

then immediately afterwards load sample dropwise into MinION sample loading port

26 Start sequencing run using MinKNOW software

(We commonly get low pore occupancy with 20-30 pores performing active sequencing by this method. and runs often stop producing data after 24h)

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