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Marchantia high throughput imaging in multiwell plates

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OpenPlant Project



ABSTRACT

This protocol allows high throughput imaging of Marchantia gemmae, using a cheap setup made with broadly available lab equipment. We used a transparent 384 wells plate filled with 1/2 strength Gamborg B5 media with 1.2% agar and placed a single gemma at the centre of the well. Gene frames and coverslips treated with anti-fog spray were used to cover (seal) the wells. This setup can be paired with automated imaging of samples.

GUIDELINES

Work under the flow hood to avoid gemmae contamination, but be aware that this causes the media to evaporate. To avoid it, try to cover the plate with a lid and leave it open for the shortest time possible while placing the gemmae.

MATERIALS

NAME Y	CATALOG #	VENDOR ~
Gamborg B5 medium including vitamins	G0210	Duchefa Biochemie
384 well microplate clear flat bottom	781186	greiner bio-one
Gene Frame 1.7 x 2.8 cm	AB0578	Thermo Scientific
B-clean Anti-fog spray	B250	
Coverslip 22 x 50mm	0101142	
Agar capsule 1g	1302310000	Melford

BEFORE STARTING

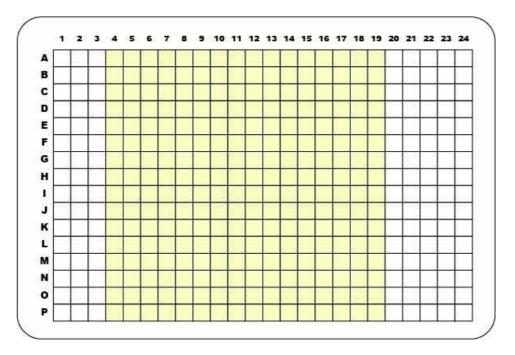
The set up we present in this protocol is optimised for our microscope stage travelling range and the size of available gene frames and coverslip. This does not mean that you cannot use larger areas of the plate.

Media preparation

1 Prepare 1/2 strength Gamborg media plus vitamin with 1.2% agar.

2

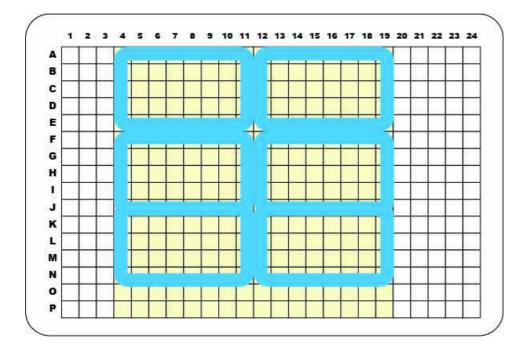
Pour the media into your selected wells, making sure they are filled up to the top and they not contain any air bubble inside.



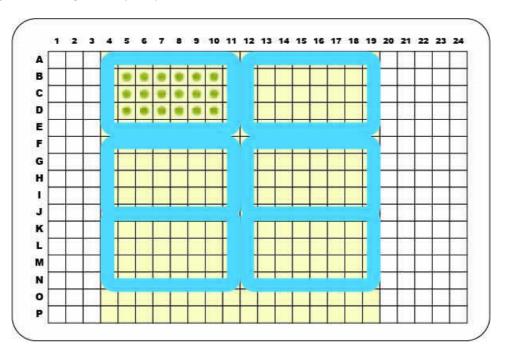
The number of wells to be filled depends on your requirements/ travelling range of the microscope stage. We usually filled one more row/columns of wells around our samples to reduce media evaporation.

3 Let the media solidify and level it with a sterile scalple if it bulges out of the wells.

4 Place the gene frames to delimit the wells you are planning to image



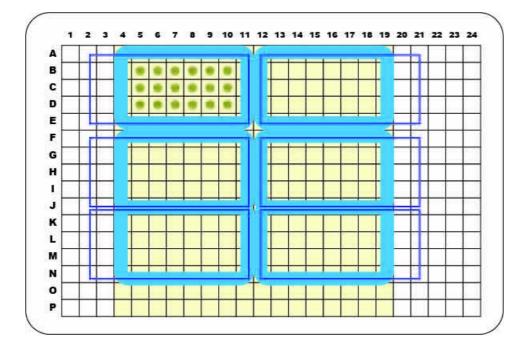
Pick a single gemma from a gemma cup and place it at the centre of a well filled with media.



Cover the plate with a lid to prevent media from evaporating when not adding gemmae.

- 6 Clean the cover glass with 70% EtOH and spray one side with the anti-fog spray.
- 7 Let the anti-fog solution evaporate and remove any residue with a lens tissue moving in one direction to avoid any visual artifacts.

8 Place the coverslip on the gene frame, making sure the anti-fog treated side is facing down.



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The plate is now ready for imaging. Gemmae can be grown inside the plate up to 7 days.

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