



Dengue virus type 2 (DENV-2) capsid-Thai TaqMan assay (no longer in use; see Guidelines)

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Abstract

This protocol was designed and developed at this laboratory and incorporates a previously published oligoprobe (see below).

The protocol specifically aims to amplify DENV02 viruses and not other dengue viruses. The assay targets the capsid region and is designed as a qualitative test for investigating suspected human cases of DENV-2 infections.

This assay has been superseded by the Dengue virus type 2 (DENV-2) MGB TaqMan (DENV2-2016MGB) assay.

Citation: Ian Mackay, Judy Northill, Alyssa Pyke Dengue virus type 2 (DENV-2) capsid-Thai TaqMan assay (no longer in use; see Guidelines). **protocols.io**

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.q4ydyxw

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Guidelines

This was a past assay that we no longer in use.

For the best DENV-2 TaqMan assay, please refer to our recommended protocol:

Dengue virus type 2 (DENV-2) MGB TagMan (DENV2-2016MGB) assay

https://www.protocols.io/view/dengue-virus-type-2-denv-2-mgb-tagman-denv2-2016mg-n7kdhkw

Before start

- If using a different brand or model of real-time thermocycler, check the concentration of ROX is adequate.
- Method assumes the user is familiar with the thermocycler and software used to run the protocol and with PCR in general.

Materials

SuperScript™ III Platinum™ One-Step qRT-PCR Kit 11732088 by Life Technologies

Protocol

Oligonucleotide seguences

Step 1.

Name Sequence 5'-3'

D2TaqC(b)-f¹ TTCATGGCCCT**K**GTGGC

D2Cor05r¹ CCCCATCTYTTYARTATCCCTG

D2TagCor-FAM² FAM - TCCTTCGTTTCCTAACAATCC- TAMRA

Reagents

Step 2.



SuperScript™ III Platinum™ One-Step qRT-PCR Kit 11732088 by Life Technologies

Reaction set-up

Step 3.

The assay has been used on both a Rotor-Gene 6000 and a Rotor-Gene Q real-time thermocycler

Prepare sufficient mix for the number of reactions.

Include a suitable 'dead volume' as necessary if using a robotic dispenser.

MIX PREPARATION

Volume (μl) x1	Final reaction concentration
4.44	N/A
0.04	300nM
0.04	300nM
0.04	150nM
10	1X
0.4	1X
0.04	0.05μΜ
5	N/A
20	
	4.44 0.04 0.04 0.04 10 0.4 0.04 5

¹Superscript™III Platinum™ One-step qRT-PCR kit

- Dispense 15µL to each reaction well.
- Add 5µL of template (extracted RNA, controls or NTC [nuclease-free water]).
- Total reaction volume is 20µL

Amplification

Step 4.

¹ Designed by Alyssa Pyke, Public Health Virology, 2005; ² Previously published, Callahan *et al.* http://jcm.asm.org/content/39/11/4119.abstract

CYCLING CONDITIONS

50°C	5min	1X
95°C	2min	1X
95°C	3sec	40X
60°C	30sec ¹	

¹Florescence acquisition step

Result Analysis

Step 5.

The definition used for a satisfactory positive result from a real-time fluorogenic PCR should include each of the following:

- 1. A **sigmoidal curve** the trace travels horizontally, curves upward, continues in an exponential rise and followed by a curve towards a horizontal plateau phase
- 2. A **suitable level of fluorescence** intensity as measured in comparison to a positive control (y-axis)
- 3. A **defined threshold (C_T) value** which the fluorescent curve has clearly exceeded (Fig.1 arrow), which sits early in the log-linear phase and is <40 cycles
- 4. A flat or non-sigmoidal curve or a curve that crosses the threshold with a $C_T > 40$ cycles is considered a negative result.
- 5. NTCs should not produce a curve

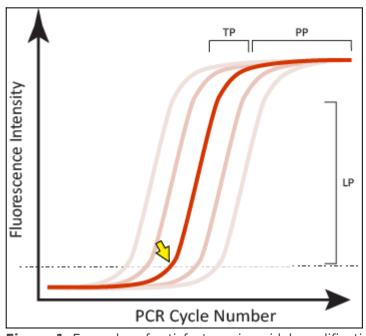


Figure 1. Examples of satisfactory sigmoidal amplification curve shape when considering an assay's fluorescent signal output. The crossing point or threshold cycle (C_T) is indicated (yellow arrow); it is the value at which fluorescence levels surpass a predefined (usually set during validation, or arbitrary) threshold level as shown in this normalized linear scale depiction. LP-log-linear phase of signal generated during the exponential part of the PCR amplification; TP-a slowing of the amplification and accompanying fluorescence signal marks the transition phase; PP-the plateau phase is reached when there is little or no increase in fluorescent signal despite continued cycling.