

Viruses Purification of Perkinsus spp. Version 2

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Abstract

The purpose of this protocol is to isolate and characterize viruses that infect P.olseni, P.marinus.

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Guidelines

Refs:

Fichorova RN, Lee Y, Yamamoto HS, Takagi Y, Hayes GR, Goodman RP, et al. (2012) Endobiont Viruses Sensed by the Human Host - Beyond Conventional Antiparasitic Therapy. PLoS ONE 7(11): e48418. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0048418

Bessarab IN, Liu H-W, Ip C-F, Tai J-H (2000) The complete cDNA sequence of a Type II Trichomonas vaginalis virus. Virology 267: 350–359.

Hafiz Ahmed, José A. Fernández-Robledo, and Gerardo R. Vasta (unpublished work) Glycosidases from Perkinsus marinus: Purification and Characterization of ß-D-glucosidase

Before start

What you need before you start:

- UV and sterilize the hood with reagent alcohol. Work with gloves to prevent contaminating the hood.
- Your *Perkinsus* spp. grown to exponential phase

Materials

Bottle Assembly, Polypropylene, 500 mL, 69 x 160 mm (qty. 6) <u>355607</u> by <u>Beckman Coulter</u> Avanti J-30I <u>363118</u> by <u>Beckman Coulter</u> Centrifuges 5810 R View by Eppendorf Centrifuge

0.5mm diameter glass beads SI-BG05 by Scientific Industries, Inc.

Disruptor Genie SI-D237 by Scientific Industries, Inc.

PBS - Phosphate-Buffered Saline (10X) pH 7.4 AM9625 by Thermo Fisher Scientific

Phenylmethanesulfonyl fluoride P7626 SIGMA by Sigma Aldrich

Protocol

Step 1.

First, Fill centrifuge bottles with 450mL Perkinsus Culture in the logarithmic growth phase.

Step 2.

Centrifuge bottles at 1500 g; 15 min at room temperature.

Step 3.

Transfer supernatant to a clean tube, and store at 4°C for further analyses.

Step 4.

Resuspend pellet in 10% initial culture volume supernatant in a 50mL Falcon Tube.

Step 5.

Centrifuge tubes at 1500 g; 15 min at room temperature.

NOTES

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During this centrifugation, prepare 2.5X PBS buffer (2.5mL of 10X PBS Buffer in 10mL mQ water QS) with protease inhibitor cocktail (1mM Phenylmethanesulfonyl fluoride = 1.74 mg for 10mL of solution). This solution must be freshly prepared (the half-life of PMSF is short = 55min at pH = 7.5)

Step 6.

Transfer supernatant to a clean tube, and store at 4°C for further analyses.

Step 7.

Resuspend pellet in 4mL PBS/0.35 M NaCl) containing protease inhibitor cocktail.

Sten 8

Transfer the pellet resuspended in 2mL Eppendorf Tubes (1.5mL/tube).

Step 9.

Add 100mL Glass beads.

NOTES

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We tried Sonication at differents times (15sec-->10min) with or without ice --> NOT worked

Step 10.

Disruptor Genie for 15sec.

Step 11.

Verify cell disruption: place a 20mL under light microscope.

NOTES

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No cell disruption was observed after 15sec Disruptor Genie.

Step 12.

Disruptor Genie for 1min.

Step 13.

Verify cell disruption: place a 20mL under light microscope.

NOTES

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No cell disruption was observed after 1min Disruptor Genie.

Step 14.

Disruptor Genie for 3min.

Step 15.

Verify cell disruption: place a 20mL under light microscope.

NOTES

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Cell disruption was observed after 3min Disruptor Genie.

Step 16.

Centrifugation at 10,000 g; 30 min, 4°C

Step 17.

Removed the supernatant to clean 1.5mL Eppendorf tube, discard the pellet (cell debris)

Step 18.

Conserve the tubes at 4°C

Warnings

- Wear gloves and lab coat at all times during this procedure.
- Before high speed centrifuging, make sure that all tubes are perfectly balanced with a scale before loading them into the rotor.
- 2.5X PBS buffer with protease inhibitor cocktail (1mM Phenylmethanesulfonyl fluoride) must be freshly prepared (the half-life of PMSF is short = 55min at pH = 7.5)