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DNA Separation and Detection on Agarose Gels/Post-Electrophoresis Staining Protocol 👄

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ABSTRACT

The Odyssey Fc Imager, with 600 channel capabilities, can image agarose gels stained with popular DNA stains, such as ethidium bromide and SYBR Safe DNA stain, with sub-nanogram sensitivity. The Odyssey Fc Imager contains a 532 nm diffuse source with an excitation maximum of 520 nm and a detection maximum of 600 nm. These instrument parameters are within the range of the excitation and emission wavelengths of ethidium bromide (Ex/Em = 302 & 518/605 nm1,2) and other visible fluorescent nucleic acid stains and provide a sensitive gel documentation option.

SYBR Safe DNA stain (Ex/Em = 502/530 nm) has also been tested on the Odyssey Fc Imager (using the 600 channel) with sensitivities exceeding ethidium bromide detection. The maximum fluorescence emission wavelength of SYBR Safe is very close to the maximum excitation wavelength. However, the Odyssey Fc 600 channel collects excitation light at a wavelength 50 nm higher than the maximum excitation wavelength of SYBR Safe. These instrument properties decrease the background and improve the signal-to-noise ratio for nucleic acid detection.

Specific instructions are given in this technical note for ethidium bromide and SYBR Safe use. There are a variety of commercial DNA stains that may be appropriate for fluorescent imaging with the Odyssey Fc 600 channel. SYBR Green I (Life Technologies), GelStar (FMC), Gel Red™ (Biotium), Gel Green™ (Biotium) and Nancy-520 (Sigma) stains have also been tested at LI-COR (see example images on page 7). Other nucleic acid binding stains may also be compatible with the Odyssey Fc Imager. Please check the excitation and emission spectra of each stain.

Developed for: Odyssey Fc Imaging System

EXTERNAL LINK

https://www.licor.com/documents/0u59gr4ongwryacckioty7qxzqgetvkk

THIS PROTOCOL ACCOMPANIES THE FOLLOWING PUBLICATION

- 1. Waring MJ., (1965) J Mol Biol. 13(1):269-82 Complex formation between ethidium bromide and nucleic acids
- 2. LePecq JB, Paoletti C., (1967) J Mol Biol. 27(1):87-106 A fluorescent complex between ethidium bromide and nucleic acids. Physical-chemical characterization

LI-COR Biosciences, (2010) Syto 60 Staining of Nucleic Acids in Gels

LI-COR Biosciences, (2011) How to Adjust the Lookup Tables in Image Studio for an Optimal Image Display

AppNote OdvFc Imagi ngNucleicAcidGels_08 16 988-12443.pdf

PROTOCOL STATUS

Working

We use this protocol in our group and it is working

GUIDELINES

I. Introduction

The Odyssey Fc Imager, with 600 channel capabilities, can image agarose gels stained with popular DNA stains, such as ethidium

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09/29/2018

bromide and SYBR Safe DNA stain, with sub-nanogram sensitivity. The Odyssey Fc Imager contains a 532 nm diffuse source with an excitation maximum of 520 nm and a detection maximum of 600 nm. These instrument parameters are within the range of the excitation and emission wavelengths of ethidium bromide ($Ex/Em = 302 \& 518/605 \text{ nm}^{1,2}$) and other visible fluorescent nucleic acid stains and provide a sensitive gel documentation option.

SYBR Safe DNA stain (Ex/Em = 502/530 nm) has also been tested on the Odyssey Fc Imager (using the 600 channel) with sensitivities exceeding ethidium bromide detection. The maximum fluorescence emission wavelength of SYBR Safe is very close to the maximum excitation wavelength. However, the Odyssey Fc 600 channel collects excitation light at a wavelength 50 nm higher than the maximum excitation wavelength of SYBR Safe. These instrument properties decrease the background and improve the signal-to-noise ratio for nucleic acid detection.

Specific instructions are given in this technical note for ethidium bromide and SYBR Safe use. There are a variety of commercial DNA stains that may be appropriate for fluorescent imaging with the Odyssey Fc 600 channel. SYBR Green I (Life Technologies), GelStar (FMC), Gel RedT M (Biotium), Gel GreenT M (Biotium) and Nancy-520 (Sigma) stains have also been tested at Li-COR. Other nucleic acid binding stains may also be compatible with the Odyssey Fc Imager. Please check the excitation and emission spectra of each stain.

The Odyssey Fc Imager is also equipped with two infrared channels (700 and 800) and a chemiluminescent detection channel. Nucleic acid detection in the 700 channel is achieved with Syto® 60 stain, a cell-permeant cyanine dye. A detailed protocol is available for the use of Syto 60 with the Odyssey and Aerius family of imagers (LI-COR, Syto 60 Staining of Nucleic Acids in Gels).

Note: Any questions regarding specific properties of the DNA binding stains should be directed to the representative vendors listed in this technical guide.

II. DNA Separation and Detection on Agarose Gels

A. Suggested Materials

This section is intended as a guideline; other materials may be substituted.

High Grade or Molecular Biology Grade agarose

(Low melting-point agarose may increase the degree of speckling on the digital image.) **OR**

E-Gel® Pre-cast agarose gels from Life Technologies (Ethidium Bromide, SYBR® Safe, or Clear gel types)

1X TAE or TBE buffer

Ethidium Bromide (Et Br, 10 mg/mL solution) OR

SYBR Safe DNA stain (10,000X concentrate in DMSO)

Gel tank and casting tray for running submersion gels

Power supply

Note: Dispose of all gel and buffer solutions in accordance with the regulations of your facility.

B. In-Gel Pre-Staining Protocol

See 'STEPS'

C. Post-Electrophoresis Staining Protocol

See 'STEPS'

D. E-Gel Pre-Cast Agarose Gels

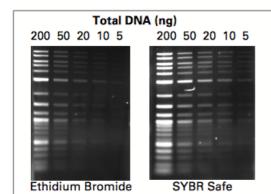
The E-Gel pre-cast agarose gels containing Ethidium Bromide or SYBR Safe are compatible with digital imaging on the Odyssey Fc Imager using the 600 channel. The clear versions of the E-Gel gels allow for post-staining with a DNA binding stain of your

choice. Follow the manufacturer's protocols for sample preparation and gel electrophoresis parameters.

IV. Results - Ethidium Bromide and SYBR Safe

A. Sensitivity of the Odyssey Fc Imager, 600 Channel

The images in Figure 1 were prepared following the post-electrophoresis staining protocol on page 4 with Ethidium Bromide and SYBR® Safe DNA stains. These images show the sensitivity of the Odyssey Fc Imager.



Sensitivity of the Odyssey Fc Imager

Figure 1. Dilutions (200 - 5 ng) of a 2-log DNA ladder (0.1 - 1kb; New England Biolabs) were loaded on a 1% agarose gel. Gels were poststained with 0.5 μg/mL ethidium bromide or 1X SYBR Safe DNA stain in 1X TAE buffer. Images were collected on the Odyssey Fc Imager (600 channel) using a 2 minute acquisition time.

B. DNA Samples - Plasmid Digests and PCR PRoducts

DNA samples were loaded on 1.2% E-Gel® gels (Ethidium Bromide and SYBR Safe), electrophoresed for 30 minutes, and imaged on the Odyssey Fc Imager (2 minutes) in E-Gel cassettes.

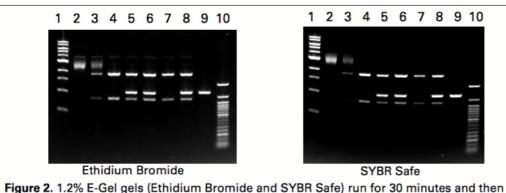


Figure 2. 1.2% E-Gel gels (Ethidium Bromide and SYBR Safe) run for 30 minutes and then imaged on the Odyssey Fc Imager (2 minutes) in E-Gel cassettes. Lane contents shown in the following guide.

Lane 1: 380 ng 1 kb Ladder

Lane 2: 100 ng pUC19

Lane 3: 500 ng pUC19 + pUC19/Xmnl/HindIII

Lane 4: 150 ng pUC19/Xmnl/HindIII

Lane 5: 380 ng pUC19/Xmnl/HindIII + 50 ng PCR product Lane 6: 380 ng pUC19/Xmnl/HindIII + 75 ng PCR product

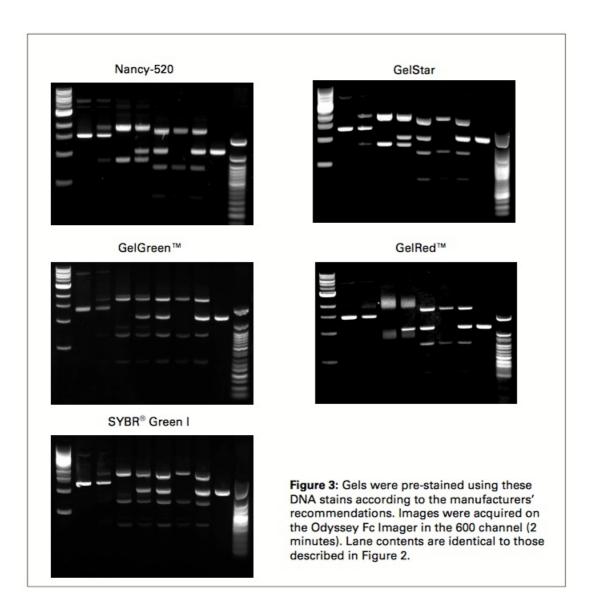
Lane 7: 80 ng pUC19/Xmnl/HindIII

Lane 8: 100 ng pUC19/Xmnl/HindIII + 100 ng PCR product

Lane 9: 125 ng PCR product Lane 10: 400 ng 50 bp Ladder

C. Examples of Other DNA Stains

The same DNA samples from Figure 2 were loaded on 1.2% agarose gels pre-stained with the DNA stains as specified. Images were acquired on the Odyssey Fc Imager using the 600 channel.



V. References

- 1. Waring MJ., (1965) J Mol Biol. 13(1):269-82 Complex formation between ethidium bromide and nucleic acids
- $2.\,LePecq\,JB, Paoletti\,C., (1967)\,J\,Mol\,Biol.\,27 (1):87-106\,A\,fluorescent\,complex\,between\,ethidium\,bromide\,and\,nucleic\,acids.\\ Physical-chemical\,characterization$
- LI-COR Biosciences, (2010) Syto 60 Staining of Nucleic Acids in Gels
- LI-COR Biosciences, (2011) How to Adjust the Lookup Tables in Image Studio for an Optimal Image Display

SAFETY WARNINGS See SDS (Safety Data Sheet) for warnings and safety hazards. Gel Preparation Prepare desired agarose (0.8%, 1.0%, 1.2%, etc.) in 1X TAE or 1X TBE buffer. Heat to dissolve agarose. Cool solution until warm to the touch (60°F) prior to pouring in casting tray. Pour molten agarose solution into casting tray and set comb into place. Allow gel to solidify. Remove comb and place gel in buffer tank. 5 ✓ protocols.io 5

Buffer Preparation

6 Prepare enough buffer (1X TAE or 1X TBE) to fill the apparatus.

Electrophoresis and Destaining

- 7 Prepare samples with loading buffer and load in gel.
- 8 Electrophorese samples at 5-8 V/cm.

Staining Procedure

- Q Prepare enough solution of 1X TAE or water to cover the agarose gel.
 - •Et hidium Bromide Add 5 μl of 10 mg/mL EtBr stock solution to 100 mL of buffer (final concentration: 0.5 μg/mL).
 - •SYBR Safe Add | 10 µl | of 10,000X SYBR Safe stock solution to 100 mL of buffer (final concentration:1X).
- 10 Soak gel for 20 minutes in the prepared solution.

©00:20:00 Soak

11 Destain in water for 20 minutes. Repeat as necessary to remove background from the gel.

७00:20:00 Destain

Imaging

19 Image on the Odyssey Fc Imager using the 600 channel.

NOTE

Refer to the $\underline{\text{Image Acquisition on the Odyssey Fc Imager}}$ protocol for more information.

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