# untitled protocol

# **IGEM-EGYPT 2017**

# **Abstract**

Flow Cytometry

Citation: IGEM-EGYPT 2017 untitled protocol. protocols.io

dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocols.io.m6ic9ce

Published: 09 Feb 2018

# **Protocol**

# Step 1.

☐ Inoculate single colony of freshly transformed DH5☐Pro or TOP10 cells in 4 ml LB medium containing

### Step 2.

50μg/ml chloramphenicol (or appropriate antibiotic).

### Step 3.

☐ Grow the culture overnight at 37 C with shaking (250 rpm).

#### Step 4.

☐ Next day re-inoculate the cultures into 4 ml fresh LB medium having antibiotics and varying inducer

### Step 5.

concentrations. Inducer concentrations can be varied from 0-1mM of IPTG or 0-200 ng/ml aTc.

#### Sten 6

☐ Collect the samples at different time intervals of 3, 6 and 9 hours.

### Step 7.

☐ Monitor the growth rate by measuring optical density at 600 nm.

# Step 8.

☐ Measure the fluorescence in a Becton Dickinson FACS Calibur flow cytometer equipped with a 488 nm argon

### Step 9.

laser and a 515-545 nm emission filter (FL-1) and a 585-610 nm emission filter (FL-2).

### Step 10.

☐ Make sure that machine has settings for E. coli.

### **Step 11.**

 $\square$  To measure the fluorescence, add 3-5  $\mu$ l of the growing culture in 1 ml PBS (phosphate buffer saline, pH-7.5).

# **Step 12.**

Measurement should be done at low flow rate (1000 events/second).

# **Step 13.**

☐ For each sample, collect 50,000 events.

<b>Step 14.</b> [] Analyze the fluorescence in both FL-1 and FL-2 channel using FlowJo software (BD Biosciences).
<b>Step 15.</b> ☐ Determine the background fluorescence by using controls (cells having empty plasmid vector).