



## Protocol for microCT inspection of Gallium particle accelerator targets

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#### ABSTRACT

This protocol described the steps used to inspect the Gallium targets used in particle accelerators. These targets are metal disks filled with Gallium, and laser welded on the edges. Various production quality issues may be present - the microCT process needs to be a standard, routine methodology for direct comparison among all such data sets. This protocol sets out the exact steps used for this analysis type.

PROTOCOL STATUS

#### Working

We use this protocol in our group and it is working

**GUIDELINES** 

Each target is scanned twice: rotated 90 degrees after the first scan.

### SAFETY WARNINGS

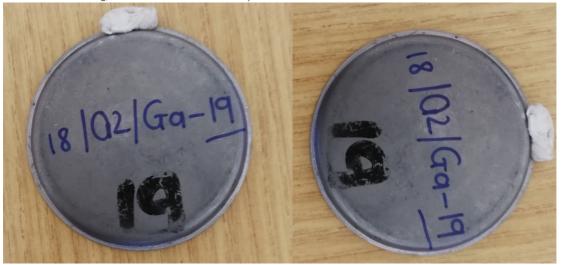
Never apply procedure to used targets. Use safety gloves when handling targets.

BEFORE STARTING

Make sure the targets are unused. Used targets are very radioactive - life threatening.

#### Sample loading

Mark the top of the disk with a small ball of prestik, this is the reference for orientation to check second scan rotation by 90 degrees (eg. in data set after scanning, to ensure the disk was rotated)



Sample Mounting

Load the sample on a foam (e.g. florist oasis) with prestik at top, but angled towards the flat side by up to 10 degrees. This is to reduce

penetration artefacts - perfect vertical is not suggested.





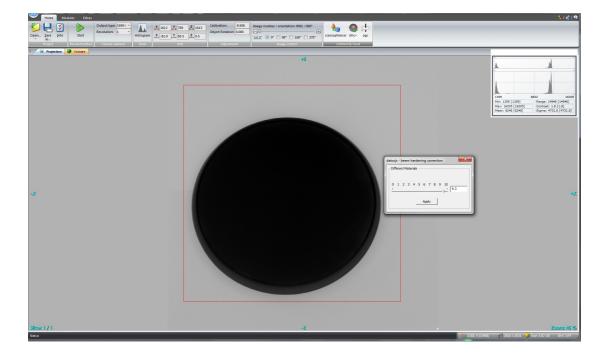
# Scanning settings

3 This is using a General Electric VTomex L240 system, but most microCT systems would work with similar settings.

Voltage	200 kV
Current	150 μΑ
X-ray Sensitivity	4
Beam	0.5 mm copper
Filter	
Detector	0.5 mm copper plate
filter	
Voxel size	30 μm
Timing	333 m/s
Images	2800
Averaging	1

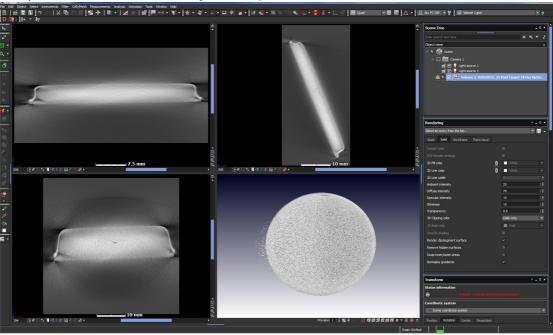
## Reconstruction

4 Reconstruction of the 3D data is done using General Electric Datos 2.2, using specifically beam hardening correction value of 9.3 - this reduces beam hardening artefacts significantly.

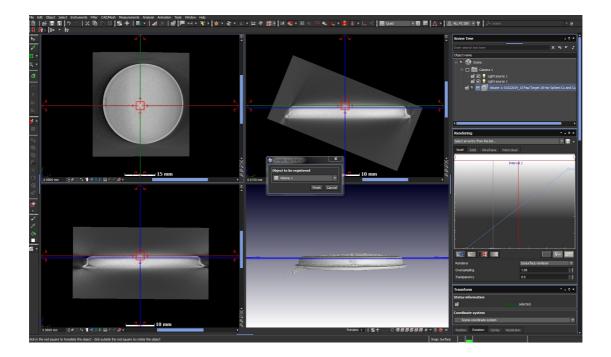


Analysis

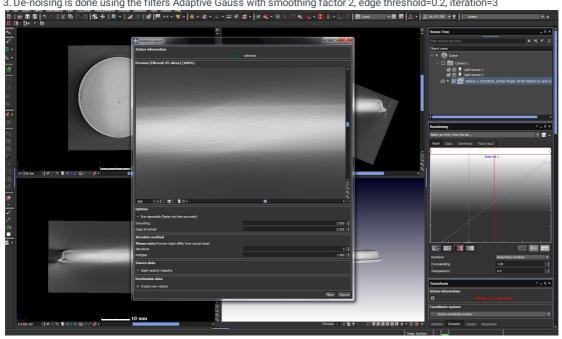
5 1. Analysis of 3D data is described here using Volume Graphics VGSTUDIO MAX 3.2

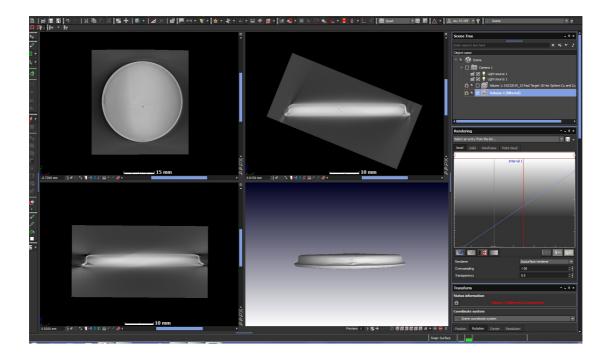


2. Register the sample - use simple registration to turn the sample upright in the software windows



3. De-noising is done using the filters Adaptive Gauss with smoothing factor 2, edge threshold=0.2, iteration=3





### Animation

6 Videos of only front and rotation slice with 5mm per front slice and 0.1 degree per rotational slice.

Video format: .wmv with naming:

Batch # Target # Front slice

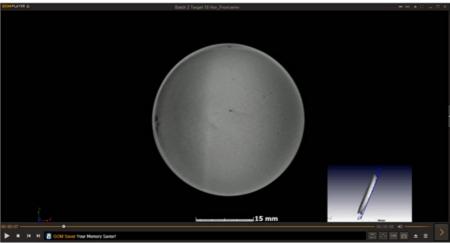
Batch # Target # Front slice 90

Batch # Target # Rotation

Batch # Target # Rotation 90

- Rotation video are started from west (artefacts at North and South) and rotated anticlockise. Capsule is facing up, welded plate is facing down

Top slice video



Rotation video



# Saving

7 The data is saved including the filtered data set, as a image stack (tiff). These can be viewed manually without special software. The analyzed volume can be opened in free myVGL software.

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