

## **Pollen metabarcoding**

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#### **Abstract**

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#### **Guidelines**

Perform reactions in small batches until you are confident that there is no cross-contamination among the samples. Including isolation blanks and PCR blanks is crucial for the quality control.

#### **Before start**

Prepare 5 µM primer solutions:

ITS2 primers used in the 1st PCR:

ITS2-4R GTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGCTCTTCCGATCTNNNNNNTCCTCCGCTTATTGATATGC ITS2-S2F ACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGCTCTTCCGATCTNNNNNNATGCGATACTTGGTGTGAAT

Indexing primers used in the 2nd PCR (xxxxxxxx - index):

AATGATACGGCGACCACCGAGATCTACACxxxxxxxACACTCTTTCCCTACACGACGC
CAAGCAGAAGACGGCATACGAGATxxxxxxxxGTGACTGGAGTTCAGACGTGTGC

#### **Materials**



- ✓ Water, nuclease free by Contributed by users
- $\checkmark$  dNTP mix (25 mM of each) by Contributed by users
- Phire Plant Direct PCR Kit F130WH by Thermo Fisher Scientific

#### **Protocol**

### Step 1.

Vortex the butterfly in 50 uL of water with 0.1% SDS.



**A** SAFETY INFORMATION

Add blank sample at this step (= "isolation blank") 🗵

#### Step 2.

Evaporate water in speedvac.

#### Step 3.

Add 5 uL of the Phire Plant Direct sample buffer.

#### Step 4.

Spin max speed for 2 min.

### 1st PCR

#### Step 5.

Prepare the mix:



14 µl Additional info:

molecular grade water



25 μl Additional info: Phire

Plant Direct PCR mix

**■** AMOUNT

5 μl Additional info: ITS2-

S2F primer

**■** AMOUNT

5 μl Additional info:

ITS2-4R primer

### 1st PCR

#### Step 6.

Add 1 uL of the sample to the mix. Use water for the blanks.

**▲** SAFETY INFORMATION

Add another blank sample at this step (= "PCR blank")

### 1st PCR

#### Step 7.

Run the PCR program: initial denaturation at 98°C for 5 min; 20 cycles of denaturation at 98°C for 40 s, annealing at 49°C for 40 s and elongation at 72°C for 40 s; followed by a final extension step at 72°C for 5 min.

#### Purification

#### Step 8.

Perform AMPure purification with ratio 1x. Elute in 10 μl.



#### . AMPure purification protocol

**CONTACT: Tomasz Suchan** 

#### Step 8.1.

Remove beads from the fridge, equilibrate to the room temperature, mix thoroughly but do not vortex.

#### Step 8.2.

Add desired ratio of AMPure beads to the purified sample and mix well by pipetting.

#### Step 8.3.

Incubate 5 minutes.

#### Step 8.4.

Place on the magnetic rack.

#### Step 8.5.

Let it stand for 5 minutes on the rack, aspirate and discard supernatant.

#### Step 8.6.

Add 200 µl of freshly prepared 70% EtOH, incubate 30 seconds, aspirate and discard EtOH.

#### Step 8.7.

Repeat the wash: add 200  $\mu$ l of freshly prepared 70% EtOH, incubate 30 seconds, aspirate and discard EtOH.

#### Step 8.8.

Wait until the pellet dries out completely. DO NOT remove the plate/tubes from the magnetic rack, as the dried AMPure might pop out from the tubes!

#### Step 8.9.

Add desired volume of Tris 10 mM or water, wetting the dried AMPure pellets (add 1  $\mu$ l to the final volume to avoid pipetting out the beads)

#### Step 8.10.

Remove from the magnetic rack.

#### Step 8.11.

Resuspend by pipetting or vortexing.

#### Step 8.12.

Incubate 10 minutes, incubating in 37°C can improve DNA yield.

#### Step 8.13.

Place on the magnetic rack.

#### Step 8.14.

Let it stand for 5 minutes, pippete out and save supernatant. The eluted DNA is in the supernatant, do not discard it!

#### 2nd PCR

#### Step 9.

8volume: 7.0 336.0Mix 1 uL of the template with 7 uL of the mix.Add 2 uL of each 5 uM primer (forward and reverse).

- **AMOUNT**
- 4.82 μl Additional info:
- molecular grade water
- **AMOUNT**
- 2 μl Additional info: Q5
- reaction buffer
- **AMOUNT**
- 0.08 µl Additional info: dNTPs (25 mM each)
- AMOUNT
- $0.1~\mu l$  Additional info: Q5 Hot Start polymerase
- **▲** SAFETY INFORMATION

# Use different pair of indexed primers for each sample

### 2nd PCR

#### Step 10.

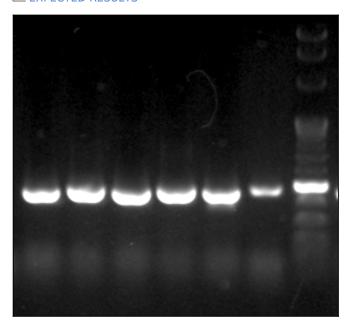
Run the PCR program: 30 s denaturation at 98°C; 12 cycles of denaturation at 98 °C for 10 s, combined annealing and extension at 72°C for 30 s (shuttle PCR); the final extension at 72°C for 5 min.

### 2nd PCR

#### Step 11.

Check profiles on a gel.

#### **EXPECTED RESULTS**



#### **Pooling**

### Step 12.

Pool all the samples together.

#### **Pooling**

#### Step 13.

IPerform AMPure purification with ratio 1x. Elute in 100  $\mu$ l.



. AMPure purification protocol

**CONTACT: Tomasz Suchan** 

#### Step 13.1.

Remove beads from the fridge, equilibrate to the room temperature, mix thoroughly but do not vortex.

#### Step 13.2.

Add desired ratio of AMPure beads to the purified sample and mix well by pipetting.

#### Step 13.3.

Incubate 5 minutes.

#### Step 13.4.

Place on the magnetic rack.

#### Step 13.5.

Let it stand for 5 minutes on the rack, aspirate and discard supernatant.

#### Step 13.6.

Add 200 µl of freshly prepared 70% EtOH, incubate 30 seconds, aspirate and discard EtOH.

#### Step 13.7.

Repeat the wash: add 200  $\mu$ l of freshly prepared 70% EtOH, incubate 30 seconds, aspirate and discard EtOH.

#### Step 13.8.

Wait until the pellet dries out completely. DO NOT remove the plate/tubes from the magnetic rack, as the dried AMPure might pop out from the tubes!

#### Step 13.9.

Add desired volume of Tris 10 mM or water, wetting the dried AMPure pellets (add 1  $\mu$ l to the final volume to avoid pipetting out the beads)

#### Step 13.10.

Remove from the magnetic rack.

#### Step 13.11.

Resuspend by pipetting or vortexing.

#### Step 13.12.

Incubate 10 minutes, incubating in 37°C can improve DNA yield.

#### Step 13.13.

Place on the magnetic rack.

### Step 13.14.

Let it stand for 5 minutes, pippete out and save supernatant. The eluted DNA is in the supernatant, do not discard it!

### **Pooling**

### Step 14.

Check the concentration using Qubit and the profile using Tapestation/Fragment Analyzer. Calculate molarity from that and proceed to the sequencing. Add 15% PhiX to the sequencing run.