

## **Code Documentation**

### **Chromosome 8**

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#### **Overall Schema:**

- 1) Access database for list of genes and gene identifiers.
  - get genes (pymysql data access script)
- 2) Create gene objects and compile list of genes and identifiers (xml file) for front-end.
  - gene\_module
  - getGeneList.py
- 3) Front-end uses accession number to call functions/scripts for details page.
  - seq\_module
  - codon\_usage
- 4) Scripts access database using accession number to:
  - get sequence
  - get exons
- 5) Use sequence and exon list to calculate annotated sequence, coding sequence, translation, enzyme sites, and codon usage. (Codon usage for entire chromosome is pre-calculated and stored in flat file).
  - whole\_genome\_freq

#### **Instructions for front-end:**

Front end should import four modules: gene\_module, seq\_module, codon\_usage and whole\_genome\_freq.

In order to populate list of all genes from Chromosome 8, they will need to run:  
getGeneList

For the gene detail page, they will need to use these functions with the accession number:

annotateSeq	to return sequence with exon boundaries marked
codingSeq	to return coding sequence
translate	to return peptide translation
getEnzymes	to return restriction enzyme information
getCodonusage	to return codon usage statistics
total_usage	to return codon usage for entire chromosome
codon_compare	to list codons with possible codon usage bias

## Module Descriptions:

### I. gene\_module

<u>Class</u>	<u>Method</u>	
Gene	<u>__init__</u>	Create gene object
	Gene.total	Static method for total number of gene objects created
	Gene.number	Assigns id for each gene object
	Gene.acc	Accession number (primary id)
	Gene.genid	Gene name/identifier
	Gene.product	Product name
	Gene.location	Chromosomal location
	Gene._registry.append(self)	Creates registry of gene objects
	<u>__str__</u>	string method for printing attributes of gene object

### II. seq\_module

This module contains the functions for returning various sequences and annotations.

#### Function

getSeq(acc)	Uses pymysql script to return sequence information (sequence, exon boundaries, codon start) for particular gene using accession number.
numSequence (acc)	Returns genomic DNA sequence dictionary using accession number (key=bp number, value=base)
annotateSeq(acc)	Returns genomic sequence with exon boundaries indicated with '*exon/exon*' annotations (string)
codingSeq(acc)	Returns coding sequence for particular gene (string)
translate(acc)	Uses coding sequence to translate into peptide sequence (string)
enz_cut(acc, seq, enzyme)	Returns dictionary of enzyme cleavage sites for any of 6 common enzymes that may cut the genomic sequence, as well as optional custom cleavage sequence (optional enzyme parameter). Sequence is optional and used for testing coding sequence.
getEnzyme(acc, enzyme)	Returns list of enzymes which cut the sequence and includes 'good' or 'bad' indication to show whether it is useful ('good' does not cut in coding region, 'bad' enzymes do), number of cleavage sites and position of cleavage sites (enzyme parameter is optional).

### III. codon\_usage

This module calculates codon usage information for indicated gene.

#### Function

codonFreq(acc, dna)	Analyses the frequency of every possible codon in coding sequence of specified gene
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codonPercent(acc, freq_table)	Uses frequency information to calculate the codon percentage (number of times codon used per 100bp)
codonRatio(acc, freq_table)	Uses frequency information to calculate the relative ratio of codon usage for each amino acid in the peptide product
getCodonusage(acc)	Returns two dictionaries: synonymous codons {amino acid: codons} and usage dictionary {codon: usage ratio, percent(freq/100bp)} for indicated gene.

#### **IV. whole\_genome\_freq**

total_usage()	Calculates relative codon usage ratio and percent across the chromosome. Returns 2 dictionaries.
codon_compare(acc)	Uses rough comparison to determine which codons demonstrate possible codon usage bias for specified gene. Returns list of codons.

#### **Other Programs**

getGenelist.py	Uses gene_module to produce a list of all genes and their identifiers (accession number, gene name, protein product, chromosomal location). Stores list as .xml file.
whole_genome_freq.py	Uses gene_module to get registry of gene objects, seq_module to obtain coding sequence for each gene and codon_usage module to aggregate frequency/percent codon usage. Uses total_usage() function to calculate relative codon usage ratios across the chromosome. Returns 2 dictionaries. Stores this information in a .txt file.