HW 1 - Monte Carlo

University of Chicago - Linear Algebra and Python

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Problem 1

In the first problem, I conducted a Monte Carlo simulation to predict the number of times we need to roll a fair 6-sided die to see every number. We can analytically solve this problem in two ways: (1) we can calculate the expected number of trials as $E[X] = n(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \dots + \frac{1}{n}) \Rightarrow 6(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{6})$. (2) we can use a recursive formula, given: $E[X] = 1 + \frac{n-1}{n}E[x_1]$, where $X_1 = \frac{6}{6} + \frac{6}{5} + \frac{6}{4} + \frac{6}{3} + \frac{6}{2} + \frac{6}{1}$. In both ways, E[X] = 14.7.

We could implement the Monte Carlo simulation in Python to computationally solve the problem (see Python code below). I used for and while loops with the random library to find the expected number of rolls. I report the expected number of rolls for three cases:

1. M = 1,000: 14.621

2. M = 10,000: 14.688

3. M = 100,000: 14.70127

I notice that the expected number of rolls approaches the analytical solution (14.7) as the number of trials (M) increases. This is a good sign because the Monte Carlo simulation is converging towards the theoretical expectation.

Problem 2

In the second problem, I attempt to find the number of n-digit phone numbers that doesn't start with 0 or 1 and don't have "911" in them, where $3 \le n \le 8$ and n is an integer. Sample test cases include n = 3 and n = 7; both answers print True (see below for Python code).

Homework M2HW01

```
In [1]:  import sys
    import platform
    import notebook
    import numpy as np
    print(f'Operating System={platform.system()} {platform.release()}')
    print(f'Python={sys.version}')
    print(f'notebook={notebook.__version__}')
    print(f'numpy={np.version.version}')

Operating System=Windows 10
    Python=3.11.3 | packaged by Anaconda, Inc. | (main, Apr 19 2023, 23:46:3
    4) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)]
    notebook=6.5.4
    numpy=1.24.3
```

Problem 1

```
In [2]: ▶ import random
```

```
M: number of trials
             N: number of faces in a die, which should be set to 6 for this problem
             expectation estimate = 0
             ### Fill in here with your Monte Carlo simulation to calculate expected
             #random.seed(32) #to check work; not part of the actual assignment.
             for in range(M):
                 numbers_seen = set()
                 rolls = 0
                 while len(numbers_seen) < N:</pre>
                    roll = random.randint(1,N)
                    numbers_seen.add(roll)
                    rolls += 1
                 expectation_estimate += rolls
             expectation_estimate /= M
             return expectation_estimate
In [4]:
        M %time e = M2HW01P1(100000)
          print(e) # e should be close to 14.7.
          # Call M2HW01P1 for the three cases (case #3 shown above but the number mc
          num trials = [1000, 10000, 100000]
          for M in num_trials:
             expected_rolls = M2HW01P1(M)
             print(f"M = {M}; Expected number of rolls = {expected_rolls}")
          CPU times: total: 391 ms
          Wall time: 572 ms
          14.70674
          M = 1000; Expected number of rolls = 14.621
          M = 10000; Expected number of rolls = 14.688
          M = 100000; Expected number of rolls = 14.70127
```

Problem 2