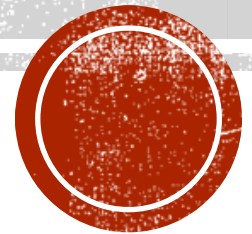


VIX Predicting Modeling

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AGENDA

- Problem Statement
- Process Flow Diagram
 - Data Extraction & Pre-processing
 - Exploratory Data Analysis
- Prediction Result
 - Regression Analysis
 - Stepwise Selection Feature
- Key Insights & Conclusion
- Q & A

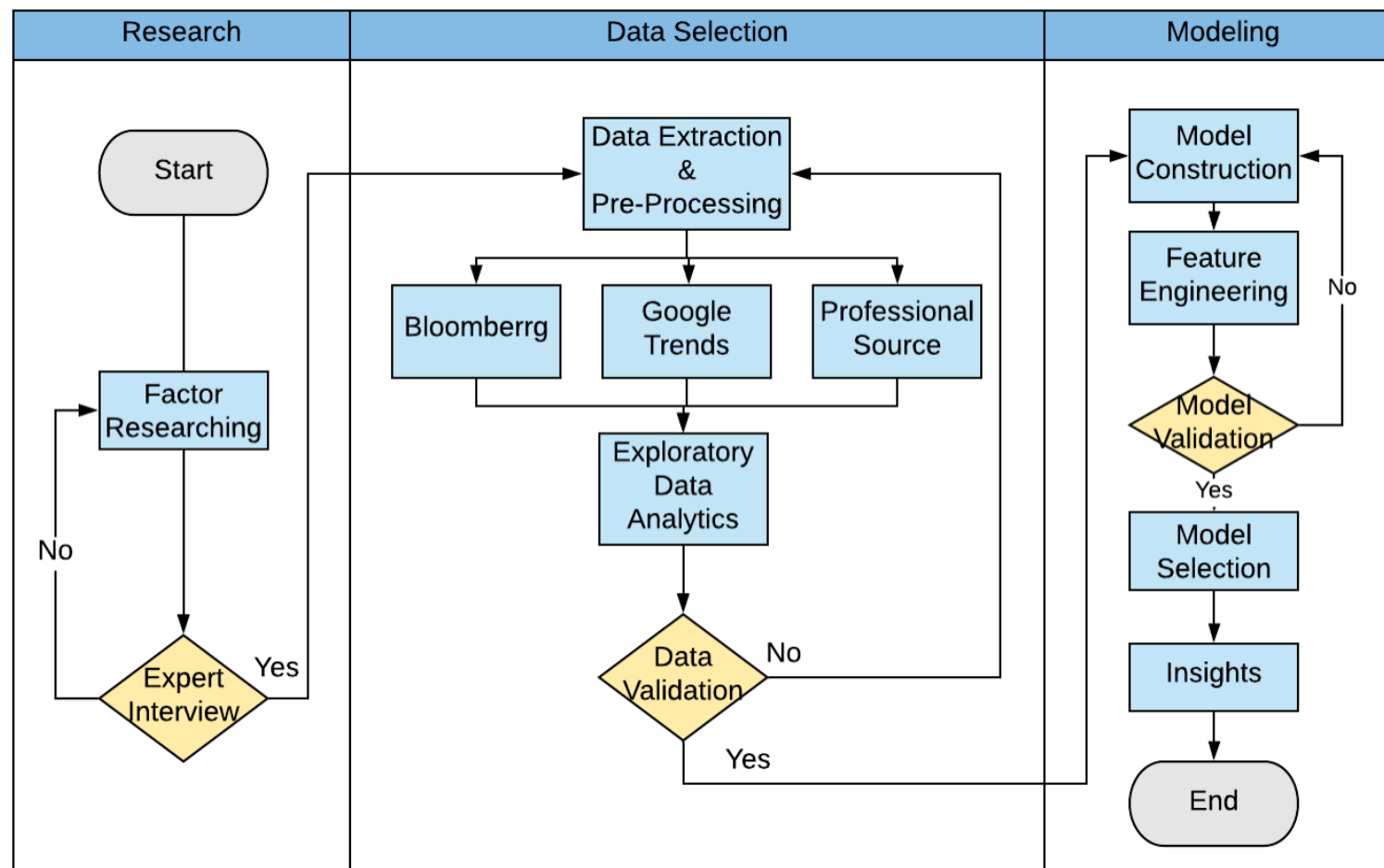


PROBLEM STATEMENT

- VIX: CBOE Volatility Index, a real-time market index representing the market's expectations for volatility over the coming 30 days
- Investors use the VIX to **measure the level of risk, fear, or stress** in the market when *making investment decisions*
- Project Goal:
 - Use predictive modeling to estimate the change in VIX
 - Research additional relevant factors that will affect VIX changes
- **Dependent Variable:** the VIX “close” difference from day $t-1$ to day t
- **Predictive Formula:**
$$y = \Delta VIX = VIX_{day1} - VIX_{day0}$$
$$= f(\Delta x_1, \Delta x_2, \dots, \Delta x_n)$$



PROCESS FLOW DIAGRAM



DATA EXTRACTION & PRE-PROCESSING

1 Data Extraction:

- Collected data from multiple sources: Bloomberg, FRED, CBOE, QUANTIL and Google etc.
- The dataset includes **1546** pieces of training data, **387** pieces of testing data over a **10-year** span
- The model incorporates **20** different factors

2 Data Pre-processing:

- Standardize the tables into a single format
- Merge datasets into one data frame using Python (pandas)



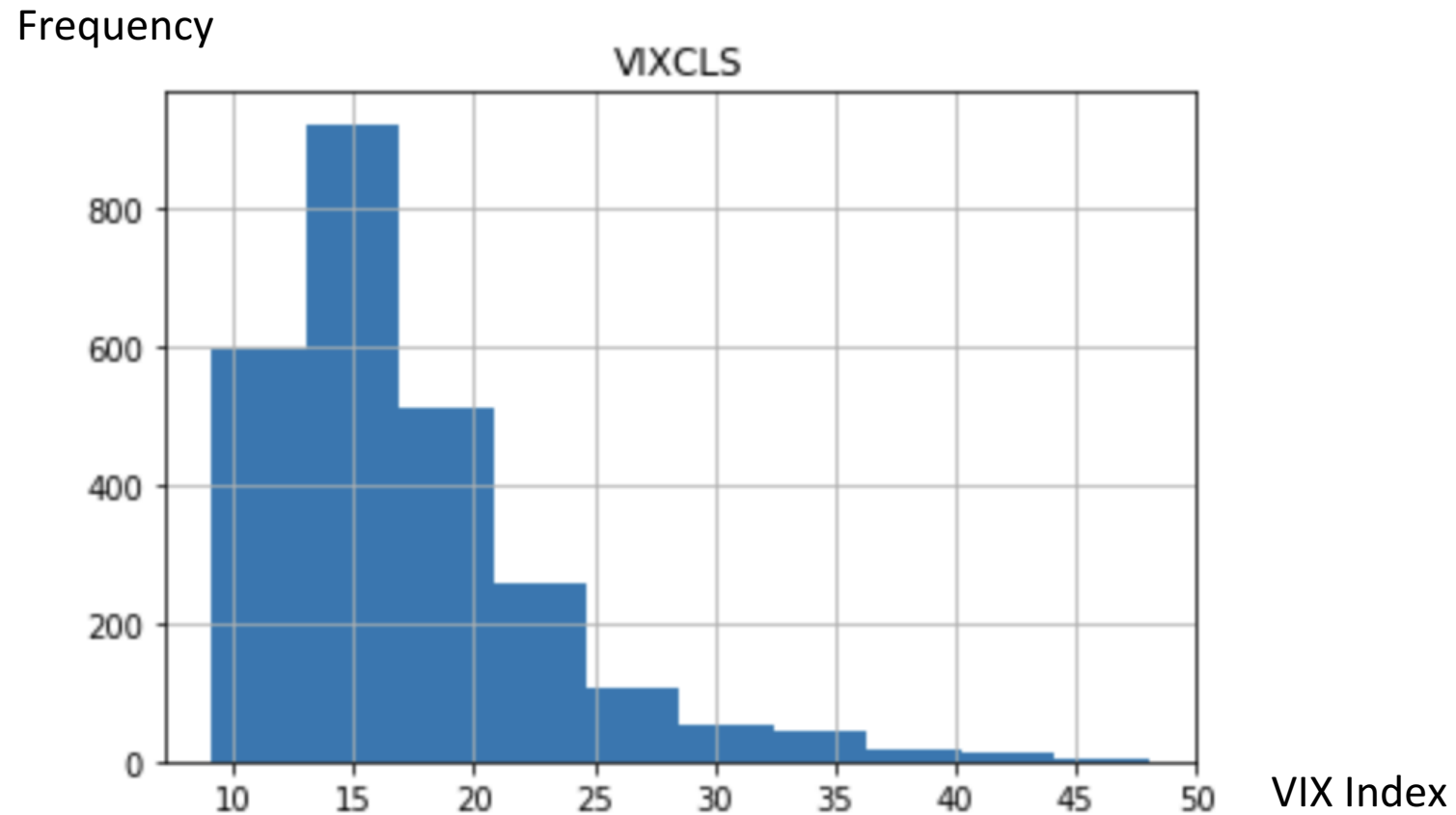
EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS - TIME SERIES ANALYSIS FOR VIX



Over the past 10 years, VIX mean: 17.08 standard deviation: 5.69
Using 3 standard deviation, we define the cutoff for outlier at 34.15

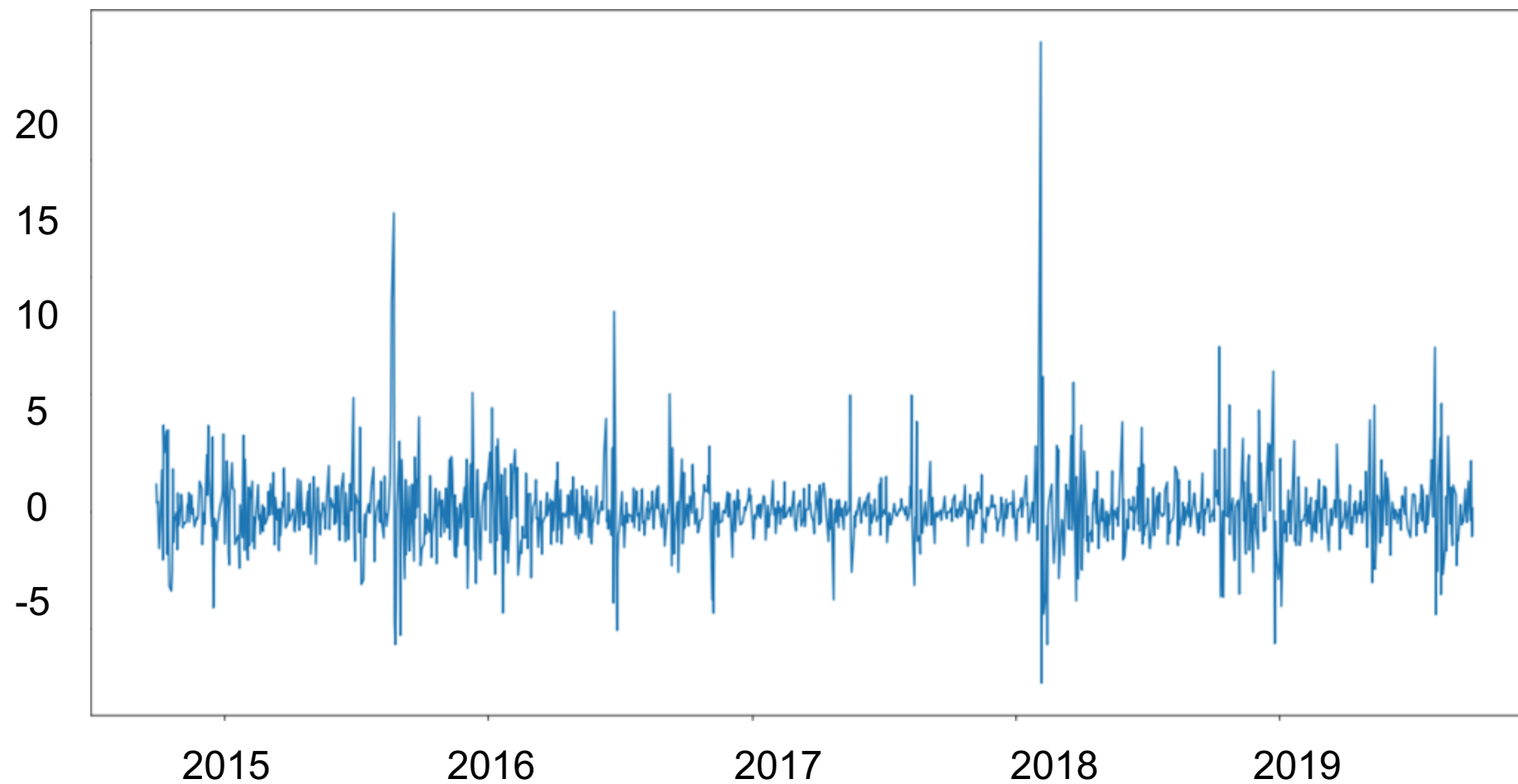


EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS – VIX DISTRIBUTION HISTOGRAM

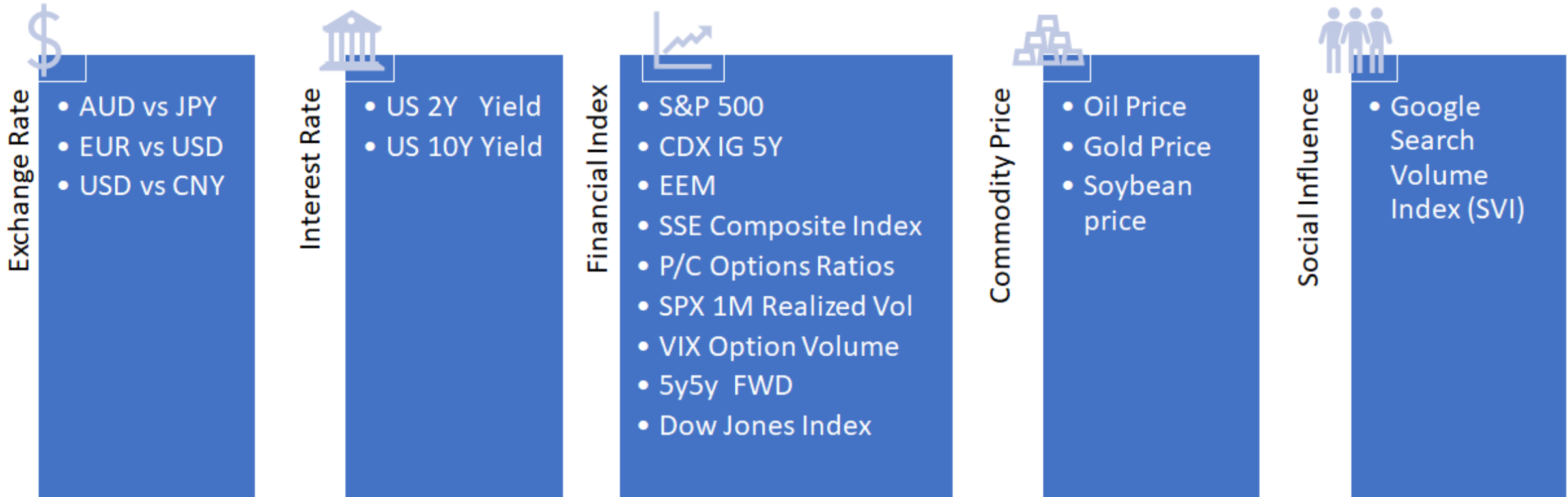


EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS - DELTA VIX

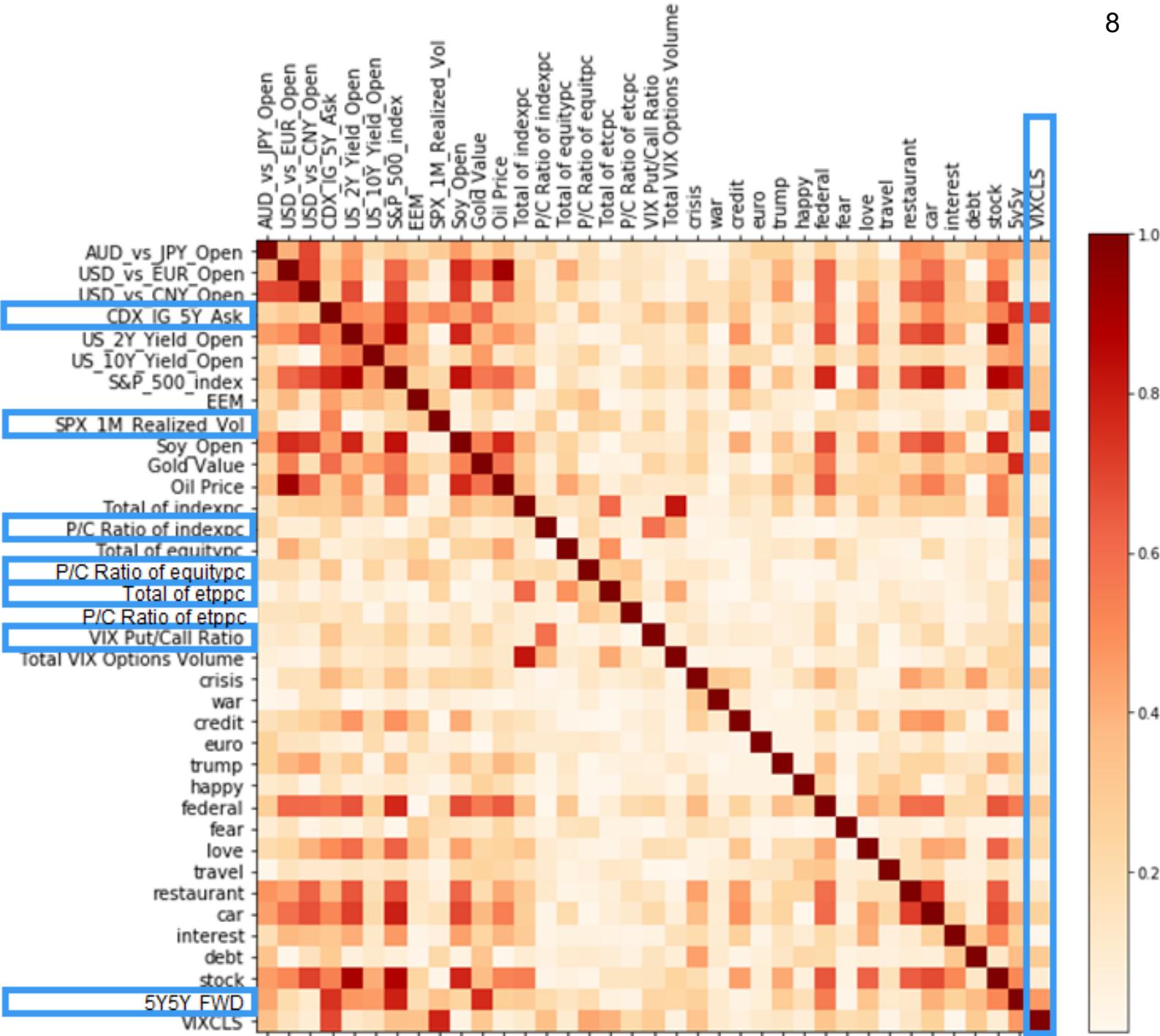
Delta
VIX
Index



RELEVANT FACTORS THAT AFFECT VIX CHANGES



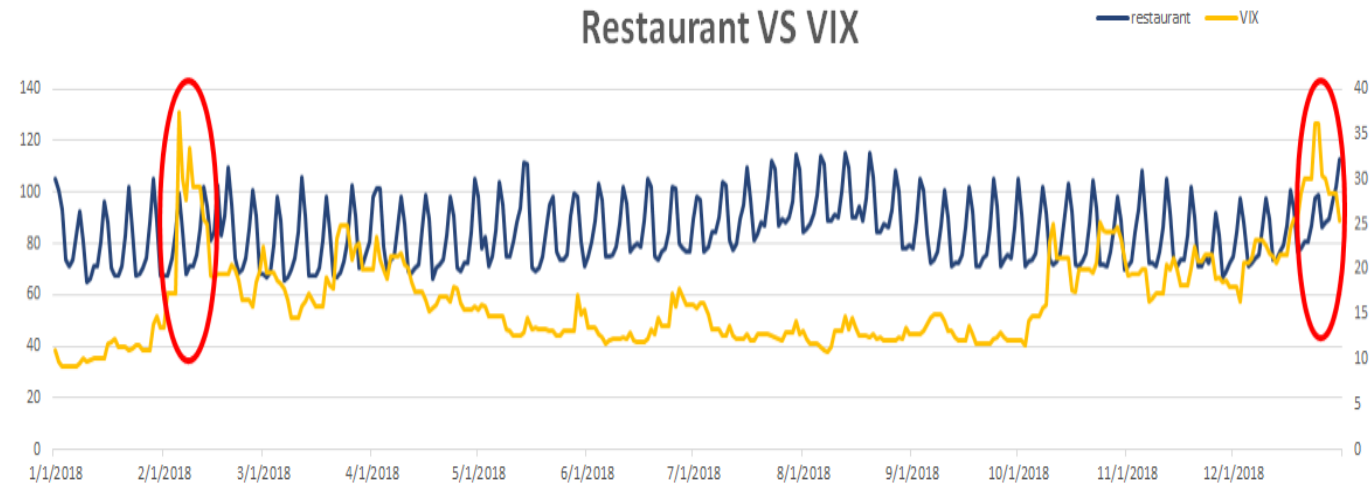
RELEVANT FACTORS' CORRELATIONS



GOOGLE SEARCH VOLUME INDEX

Google Search Volume Index (SVI)		
Category	Keyword	Assumed Correlation
Economic	debt, interest, stock, salary, credit, crisis	↑
Emotion	happy, fear, depress, love, angry, sad	↑ ↓
Consumer	flight, car, restaurant, travel, weather	↓
Political	trump, war, police, euro, federal	↑

Tobias Preis, Helen Susannah Moat, & H. Eugene Stanley. (2013). Quantifying Trading Behavior in Financial Markets Using Google Trends. Scientific Reports, 3(1), 1684. <https://doi.org/10.1038/srep01684>



TEST METHOD

- accuracy of 0.5:
 $\text{count}(\text{abs}(\text{predict} - \text{real}) \leq 0.5) / \text{total}$
- accuracy of 1:
 $\text{count}(\text{abs}(\text{predict} - \text{real}) \leq 1) / \text{total}$

Stepwise

- Feature Selection method



COMPARISON ACROSS MODELS

	Accuracy of 0.5	Accuracy of 1	Factors
# 22 data factors	47.80%	72.35%	AUD vs JPY, USD vs EUR, USD vs CNY, CDX IG 5Y Ask, US 2Y Yield, US 10Y Yield, S&P 500 index, EEM, SPX 1M Realized Volume, Soy Bean, Gold Value, Oil Price, Total of indexpc, P/C Ratio of indexpc, Total of equitypc, P/C Ratio of equitypc, Total of etcpc, P/C Ratio of etcpc, VIX Put/Call Ratio, Total VIX Options Volume, 5y5y, Dow Jones
# 22 data factors + # 15 google search words with stepwise selection	44.96%	72.61%	Dow Jones, CDX IG 5Y Ask, <i>Fear</i> , SPX 1M Realized Volume, <i>Restaurant</i> , Total etcpc, <i>Trump</i> , <i>Stock</i> , <i>Euro</i> , SPX 1M Realized Volume, USD vs CNY

