Jennifer Williams



Highlights

- Deep expertise in building Machine Learning (ML) solutions specializing in Natural Language Processing (NLP), encompassing Large Language Models (LLMs), unsupervised, supervised, and deep learning
- Collaborated with cross-functional teams to develop ML models, showcasing versatility in crafting solutions for various data types including audio, images, text, videos, biosignals, and tabular
- Proposed, implemented, and evaluated novel ML frameworks to analyze imaging timeseries data
- Conceptualized and developed causal inference tools (i.e., Bayesian networks) fostering scientific discovery in complex datasets

Education

PhD in Computational Biology, School of Computer Science, Carnegie Mellon University, 2016 - 2022

Advisor: Dr. Leila Wehbe (Machine Learning Department)

Thesis: Modeling individual differences in language processing in the presence and absence of disease

Thesis Committee: Tom Mitchell, Timothy Verstynen, Ashok Panigrahy

Cancer and Systems Biology EU-USA Atlantis Dual Degree Program, 2013 - 2016

MS in Natural Science, Roswell Park, University at Buffalo

MSc in Integrated Systems Biology, University of Luxembourg

BS in Biology, Canisius University, Magna Cum Laude, 2009 - 2013

Publications

- Same cause; different effects in the brain.
 - M. Toneva*, J. Williams* (co-first), A. Bollu, C. Dann, L. Wehbe. Causal Learning and Reasoning (CLeaR) 2022
- Behavior measures are predicted by how information is encoded in an individual's brain.
 J. Williams, L. Wehbe. arXiv 2021 (in submission)
- Discriminative subtyping of lung cancers from histopathology images via contextual deep learning.
 B.J. Lengerich, M. Al-Shedivat, A. Alavi, <u>J. Williams</u>, S. Labbaki, E.P. Xing. medRxiv 2020
- LSD1 dual function in mediating epigenetic corruption of the vitamin D signaling in prostate cancer.
 S. Battaglia, E. Karasik, B. Gillard, <u>J. Williams</u>, T. Winchester, M.T. Moser, D.J. Smiraglia, B.A. Foster. *Clinical Epigenetics 2017*

Experience

Senior Machine Learning Scientist, CVS Health, since April 2023

- Developed internal chatbot utilizing Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG) and a LLM
- Presented technical demonstrations for co-developed products to diverse audiences, ranging from small groups to gatherings of up to 1,600 colleagues, including Senior VPs
- Orchestrated and led a self-organizing Agile team to develop a tool for deploying ranking models, achieving a remarkable reduction in time-to-deployment to 20 minutes

Computing Skills

Python (Scikit-learn, Pandas, NumPy, SciPy, Matplotlib), Java, R, MATLAB, Bash, Cloud Platforms, Git,
 Container Platforms, Database Systems (SQL)

Relevant Courses

- Machine Learning
- ABCDE of Statistical Methods in Machine Learning
- Intermediate Statistics
- Probabilistic Graphical Models
- Cognitive Neuroscience

Leadership and Service

- Co-founder CVS ML Lunch and Learn Series
- Reviewer for Nature Scientific Reports, WiML and Learning from Time Series for Health NeurIPS Workshops, New in ML NeurIPS and ICML Workshops, ML4H Conference, ECCB, IJCAI
- Mentored Undergraduate Computer Science student (currently PhD student at Princeton)

Awards

- International Conference on Machine Learning (ICML) Travel Award
- Top 10 Reviewer Machine Learning for Health (ML4H)
- Invited to attend Machine Learning Summer School (MLSS)
- CMU Provost Conference Award

Selected Research Projects

Deep learning to integrate multimodal data

- Question: Can sample-specific models, similarly to subject matter experts, effectively integrate multi-modal data for accurate classification?
- Method Innovation: Inspired by contextual deep learning, created sample-specific multimodal models for lung cancer classification, by adapting Contextual Explanation Networks (CENs) (Al-Shedivat et al., JMLR 2020). Integrated both imaging and transcriptomic data into the classification models.
- Scientific Discovery: Sample-specific multi-modal models increase classification accuracy and capture the heterogeneity of biological processes underlying lung cancer.
- Paper: medRxiv (DOI: 10.1101/2020.06.25.20140053)

Disambiguating language processing with causality

- Question: Why do neural network derived features of language predict large parts of the brain well? Do these brain zones process the features similarly or differently?
- Method Innovation: Developed a causal inference framework, that includes two new metrics, to
 provide insights beyond current brain mapping techniques. Specifically, the framework enables
 researchers to infer if a complex (multivariate and high dimensional) stimulus, such as
 language, affects two brain zones similarly.
- Scientific Discovery: Real-world language stimuli (i.e., videos) do not affect all parts of the brain's language network similarly.
- Paper: CLeaR 2022 (arXiv 2202.10376)
- · Code: github.com/brainML/stim-effect

Modeling individual differences for personalized insights

- **Modeling individual** Question: Can individual differences in how information is encoded in the brain predict behavior?
 - Method Innovation: Built on insights from two sub-fields of neuroscience (brain mapping and behavioral neuroscience), to create the first machine learning framework to identify individual differences in brain encoding and test if these differences predict behavior.
 - · Scientific Discoveries:
 - · Individual differences in brain encoding can predict behavioral variability.
 - Advised researchers to optimize their choice of neuroimaging task and feature-space for their behavior of interest.
 - Paper: arXiv 2112.06048
 - Code: github.com/brainML/great-apes

Fellowships

- **Digital Health Fellowship** Center for Machine Learning and Health (2020 2021) Full tuition and stipend for 12 months and \$3,000 for research-related expenses
- NIH T32 Training Grant National Institute of Biomedical Imaging and Bioengineering (2017 2019) Full tuition and stipend for 2 years and \$6,000 for research-related expenses
- CanSys MS Scholarship Atlantis EU-USA Training Program (2013 2015)
 Stipend for 12 months