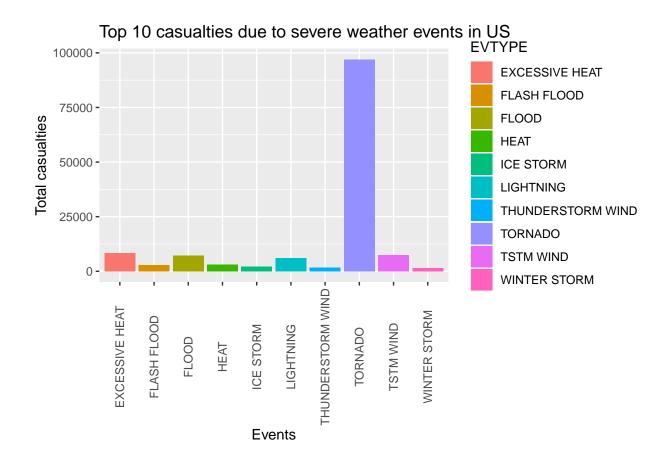
Storm

```
setwd("C:/Users/John/Desktop/ReprdResearch-Week4-STORM-data")
# Storms and other severe weather events can cause both public health and economic problems for communi
# This project involves exploring the U.S. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA) sto
#Data proccessing
tinytex::install_tinytex()
library("data.table")
library("ggplot2")
library(tinytex)
raw_data <- read.csv("/Users/John/Desktop/ReprdResearch-Week4-STORM-data/repdata_data_StormData.csv.bz2
#Questions #1
# For Questions #1, events will be evaluated by which are most harmful with respect to population helth
# Total number of casualties (TOTAL_CAS)
# is estimated as the sum of INJURIES and FATALITIES for all events.
raw_data$TOTAL_CAS <- raw_data$FATALITIES + raw_data$INJURIES</pre>
# Questions #2
# For Question #2, events which have the greatest economic consequences will be evaluated.
# The assumption where the economic consequences is the sum of crop damage and property damage TOTAL_DM
# To construct the TOTAL_DMG variable, PROPDMGEXP and CROPDMGEXP will be transformed in 1000, 1e+06 and
value <- function(x) {</pre>
  x <- tolower(x)
  if (x == "k") res <- 1000
  if (x == "m") res <- 1e+06
  if (x == "b") res <- 1e+09
  else res <- 1
  res
}
raw_data$PROP_DMG <- raw_data$PROPDMG * sapply(raw_data$PROPDMGEXP, value) /1000000</pre>
raw_data$CROP_DMG <- raw_data$CROPDMG * sapply(raw_data$CROPDMGEXP, value) /1000000</pre>
raw_data$TOTAL_DMG <- raw_data$PROP_DMG + raw_data$CROP_DMG</pre>
#Taking only relevant variables, a new data set is constructed. The new data set is aggregated by EVTYP.
proc_data <- raw_data[,c("EVTYPE", "FATALITIES", "INJURIES", "TOTAL_CAS", "PROP_DMG", "CROP_DMG", "TOTAL</pre>
proc_data <- aggregate(proc_data[,2:7], by=list(proc_data$EVTYPE),FUN=sum, na.rm=TRUE)</pre>
colnames(proc_data) <- c("EVTYPE", colnames(proc_data[2:7]))</pre>
#top_data() function takes data frame (df), column number (col) and returns the top results.
```

```
top_data <- function(df, col, top) {</pre>
  df \leftarrow df[,c(1, col)]
  df <- df[order(df[,2], decreasing = T),]</pre>
  df <- df[1:top,]
 rownames(df) <- NULL
  df
}
#Results
# Question 1
# Across the United States, which types of events are most harmful with respect to population health?
# The top 3 events with most FATALITIES are:
top_data(proc_data, 2,3)
##
             EVTYPE FATALITIES
## 1
            TORNADO
                           5633
## 2 EXCESSIVE HEAT
                           1903
## 3
        FLASH FLOOD
                            978
# The top 3 events with most INJURIES are:
top_data(proc_data, 3,3)
##
        EVTYPE INJURIES
## 1
       TORNADO
                  91346
## 2 TSTM WIND
                    6957
## 3
         FLOOD
                    6789
# The top 10 events with most Total casualties are:
cas_data <- top_data(proc_data, 4,10)</pre>
print(cas_data)
##
                 EVTYPE TOTAL CAS
## 1
                             96979
                TORNADO
## 2
         EXCESSIVE HEAT
                              8428
## 3
              TSTM WIND
                              7461
## 4
                  FLOOD
                              7259
## 5
                              6046
              LIGHTNING
## 6
                   HEAT
                              3037
## 7
            FLASH FLOOD
                              2755
## 8
              ICE STORM
                              2064
## 9 THUNDERSTORM WIND
                              1621
## 10
           WINTER STORM
                              1527
# Plot top 10 events with most Total casualties:
ggplot(cas_data, aes(x=EVTYPE, y=TOTAL_CAS, fill=EVTYPE)) +
  geom_bar(stat="identity") +
  ggtitle("Top 10 casualties due to severe weather events in US") +
  xlab("Events") +
  ylab("Total casualties") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, vjust=0.5))
```



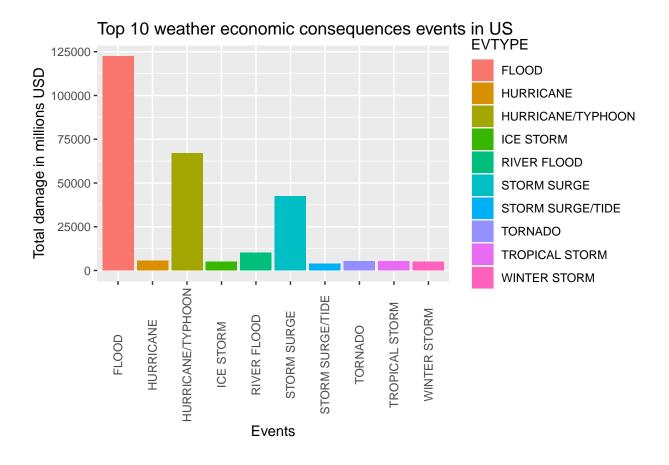
```
# Question 2
# Across the United States, which types of events have the greatest economic consequences?
# The top 3 events causing most property damages are:
top_data(proc_data, 5,3)
##
                EVTYPE PROP_DMG
                 FLOOD 122500.90
## 1
## 2 HURRICANE/TYPHOON 65500.01
           STORM SURGE 42560.02
# The top 3 events causing most crop damages are:
top_data(proc_data, 6,3)
##
                EVTYPE CROP_DMG
## 1
           RIVER FLOOD 5000.003
             ICE STORM 5000.002
## 3 HURRICANE/TYPHOON 1510.005
# The top 10 events with most Total casualties are:
dmg_data <- top_data(proc_data, 7,10)</pre>
print(dmg_data)
##
                 EVTYPE TOTAL_DMG
```

FLOOD 122501.068

1

```
HURRICANE/TYPHOON 67010.011
## 3
            STORM SURGE 42560.019
## 4
            RIVER FLOOD 10000.017
## 5
              HURRICANE
                          5700.021
## 6
                TORNADO
                          5303.312
## 7
         TROPICAL STORM
                          5150.054
## 8
           WINTER STORM
                          5000.135
                          5000.068
## 9
              ICE STORM
       STORM SURGE/TIDE
                          4000.008
```

```
# Plot top 10 events causing most damage:
ggplot(dmg_data, aes(x=EVTYPE, y=TOTAL_DMG, fill=EVTYPE)) +
  geom_bar(stat="identity") +
  ggtitle("Top 10 weather economic consequences events in US") +
  xlab("Events") +
  ylab("Total damage in millions USD") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, vjust=0.5))
```



```
# Results
# Across the United States, which types of events are most harmful with respect to population health?
# Across the United States, which types of events have the greatest economic consequences? - The 5 most
```