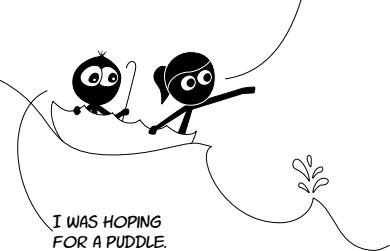


THE WATER'S MOVING
FASTER! LOOKS LIKE
WE'RE IN A RIVER!



SCIENCE MOM

www.science.mom

www.youtube.com/ScienceMom

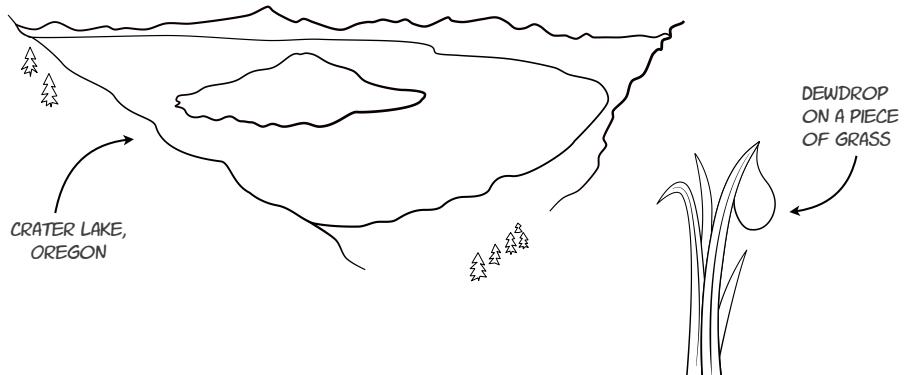
SCIENCE MOM'S Guide to WATER, Part 2

SO WHAT HAPPENS
NOW? WHERE DOES
ALL THE WATER GO
AFTER IT RAINS?

WHO KNOWS? WE
COULD END UP IN A
PUDDLE, GROUND
WATER, OR A RIVER!



Think of a big lake versus a dewdrop. Pretty big difference in size, right?



The dewdrop is SUPER small compared to the lake. But a water molecule (the smallest bit of water you can have) is MUCH smaller than a dewdrop. A single drop of water has more than 1,000,000,000,000,000,000 water molecules! That huge number with 21 zeros is called a sextillion, and it is a TRILLION TIMES BIGGER than one billion.

1

2

- 6
WATER AND WATCH IT GO!
THEN SET THE BOAT IN
ADD SOAP
OF PAPER,
PREFERRABLY
CARDBOARD.
GET A SQUARE
OF PAPER.
CUT THE PAPER
LIKE THIS FOR THE
BACK OF THE BOAT.
THEN FOLD THE
FRONT LIKE THIS.
ADDSOAP
HERE!

- 5
shouts to the edges of the bowl!
One touch of soap, and the pepper
shoots out!
- c) Watch the pepper scatter!
- b) Add a touch of soap to the
surface of the water.
- a) Place water in bowl and sprinkle
with pepper.
- Method:
• Water
• Bowl or plate
• Ground black pepper
• Concentrated dish soap

2. Soap Boat

3. Floating Pin

Materials:

- A small pin or needle
- Bowl or cup
- Concentrated dish soap
- Water

Method:

- a) Fill bowl or cup with water and carefully place pin on surface. Hint: tweezers may help. The pin must be flat with the surface of the water. It will sink if it comes in at an angle.
b) Add a touch of soap.
c) Watch the pin sink!



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4. Floating Paperclip

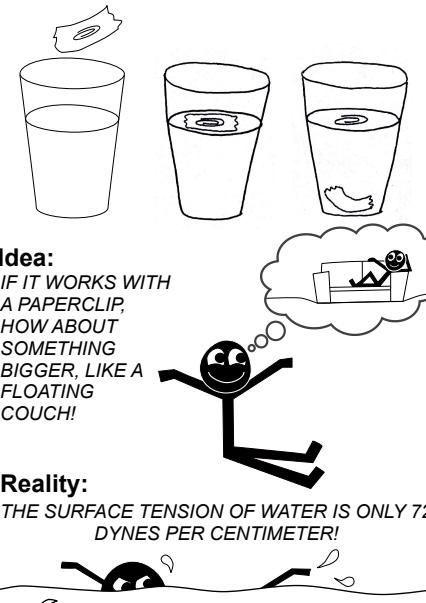
Materials:

- Paper clip
- Tissue paper or paper towel
- Cup or bowl
- Water

Method:

- a) Fill the cup with water and gently place a piece of tissue paper on the surface.
b) Carefully place a dry paperclip on the tissue.
c) The tissue should sink. If it doesn't, give it a gentle push downward.

Tip: be sure that the cup and water are not soapy.

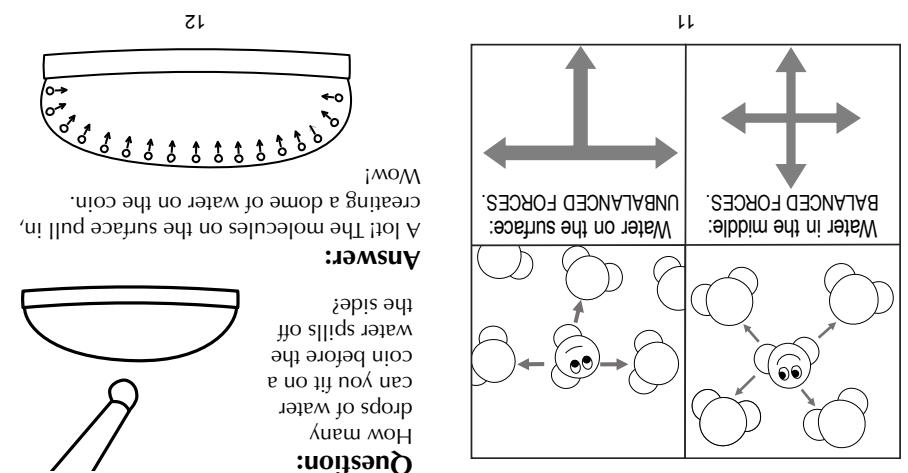
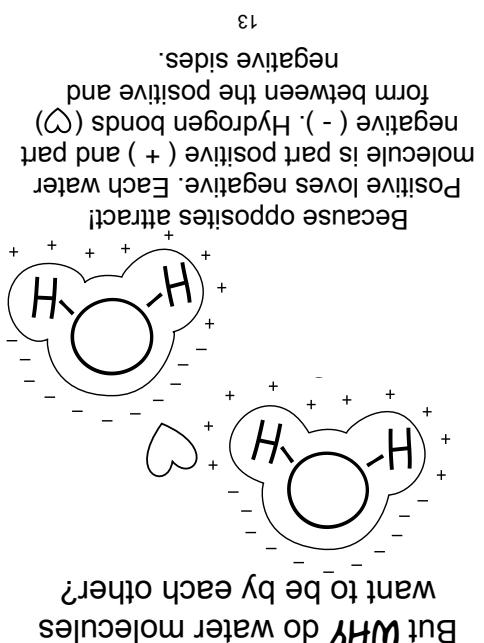


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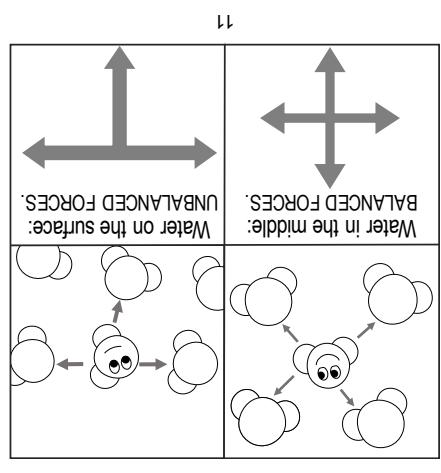


THAT'S SO COOL THAT PART
OF WATER HAS A
NEGATIVE CHARGE. THERE'S
THE OTHER HALF HAS A
POSITIVE CHARGE AND
WANTS TO BE BY EACH OTHER?



Water molecules like each other more than they like air, so the molecules on the surface bind together tightly to their neighbors. This creates surface tension, which helps raindrops stay together and allows us to fill cups above the brim, the surface tension is stronger than gravity. Water on a coin pulls the water above it up, creating a dome of water on the coin.

Surface Tension



Water on the middle of the coin pulls the water above it up, creating a dome of water on the coin.

11

12

HOW DOES IT WORK?

B

A

A

X

B

C

C

D

F

E

E

D

E

G

G

X