

My Notes

A bakery uses the equation $f = 1.5h$ to decide how many tablespoons of honey, h , to add to f cups of flour for bread.

- What does the 1.5 mean in this situation?

- Fill in the missing information for each bread recipe.

		
Honey: 14 tbsp. Flour: 21 cups	Honey: 5 tbsp. Flour: ____ cups	Honey: ____ tbsp. Flour: 18 cups

- A truck is traveling at a constant speed. Its distance, d , in miles after t hours is represented by the equation $d = 45t$.

How long does it take the truck to travel 18 miles?

Summary

- I can connect each part of an equation of the form $y = kx$ to the situation it represents.
- I can use an equation to solve problems involving a proportional relationship.

My Notes

x	y
0	
2	
	27
3.5	

$\frac{x}{2} = y$
$y = 2x + 1$
$y = 1.5x$

1. Use the equation $y = 2x + 3$ to complete the table.
2. Does the equation represent a proportional relationship?
Explain.
3. Circle the equations that represent a proportional relationship.
4. How can you tell if an equation represents a proportional relationship?

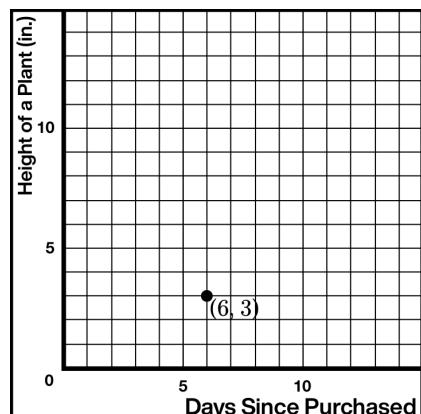
Summary

I can explain why a relationship is proportional or not by looking at the equation.

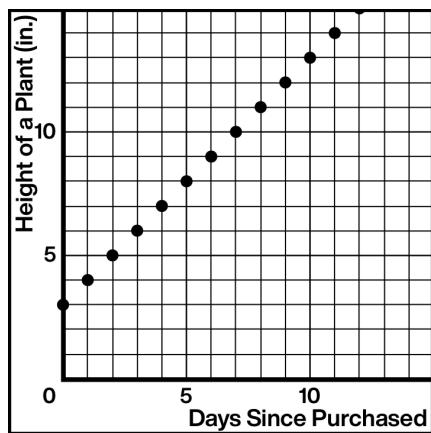
My Notes

A plant's height is proportional to the number of days since it was purchased. On Day 6, it was 3 inches tall.

1. Add more points to the graph to represent the plant's height on other days.



2. Should the origin, $(0, 0)$, be included in this relationship? Why or why not?



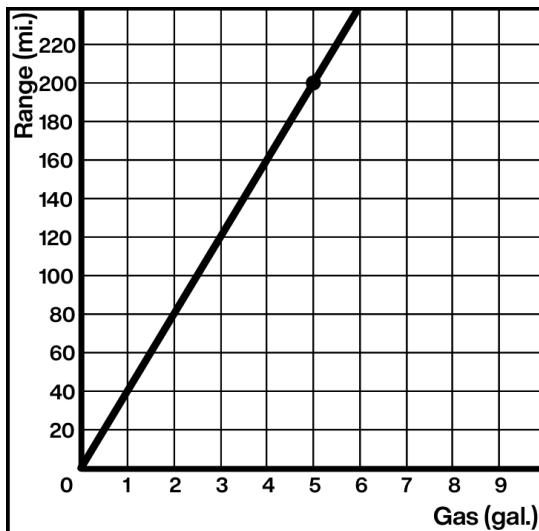
3. This graph shows information about a different plant. Does this represent a proportional relationship? Why or why not?

Summary

- I can explain what a proportional relationship looks like when represented with a graph.
- I can justify if a graph represents a proportional relationship or not.

My Notes

The graph shows how far a car travels using any amount of gas.



1. Determine the constant of proportionality for the relationship between gallons of gas and miles.

2. What does the constant of proportionality mean in this situation?
3. In general, how can you use a graph to find the constant of proportionality for a proportional relationship?

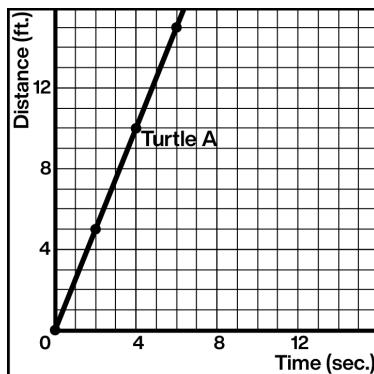
Summary

- I can interpret points on the graph of a proportional relationship.
- I can identify the constant of proportionality from a graph of a proportional relationship.

My Notes

Two turtles went for a walk. They each walked a distance, d , after t seconds.

1. Turtle A's walk is represented in the graph. Write an equation for this relationship.



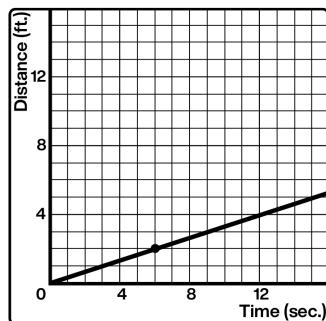
2. Turtle B's walk is represented by the equation $d = 2t$.

Which turtle walked faster?

Explain how you know.

3. Explain how you know the equation

$$d = \frac{1}{3} t$$
 matches the graph.



$$d = \frac{1}{3} t$$

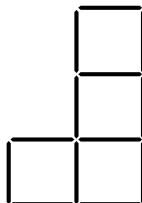
Summary

- I can write an equation of a proportional relationship from a point on a graph.
- I can compare related proportional relationships based on their graphs.

My Notes

1. Here is a shape with a side length of 2 toothpicks. Sketch a scaled copy of this shape with a side length of 4 toothpicks.

Bottom Side Length: 2



Bottom Side Length: 4

2. Complete the table with the number of toothpicks needed to build the perimeter and interior of each shape.

Side Length	Perimeter	Interior
2		
4		

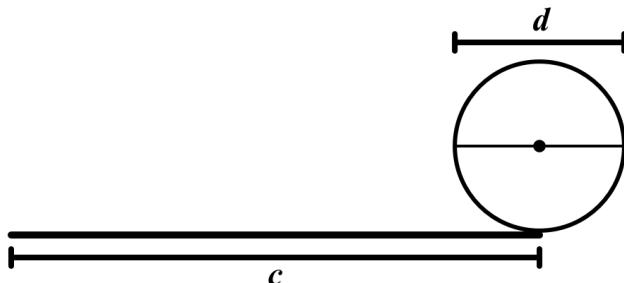
3. Explain which relationships are proportional: side length and perimeter, side length and interior toothpicks, both, or neither.

Summary

- I can explain whether or not the relationship between a side length or a diagonal of a shape and its perimeter is proportional.
- I can use proportional relationships to figure out missing side lengths, diagonals, and perimeters.

My Notes

1. Describe the relationship between the diameter of a circle, d , and its **circumference**, C .



2. List some things you know about π .
3. Complete the table with measurements for each object.

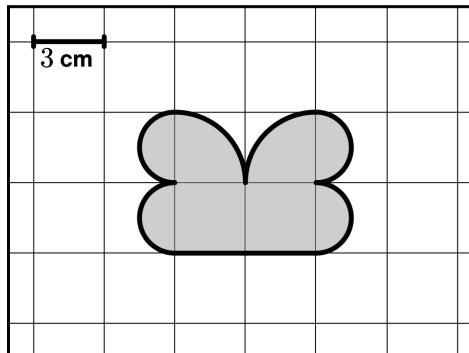
Object	Radius (cm)	Diameter (cm)	Circumference (cm)
Coaster	5		
Ring		2.4	
Hoop			150

Summary

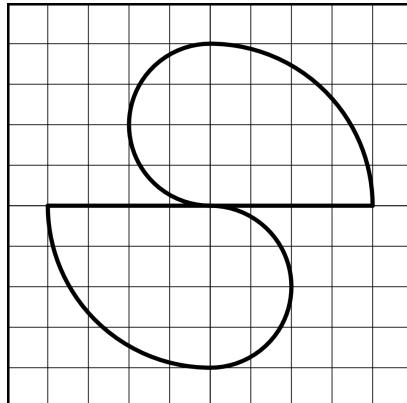
- I can describe the relationship between the radius, diameter, and circumference of a circle.
- Given the radius, diameter, or circumference of a circle, I can calculate the other two measurements.

My Notes

1. Irene calculated the perimeter of the shape below as $9\pi + 6$ centimeters. Explain how you know she is correct.



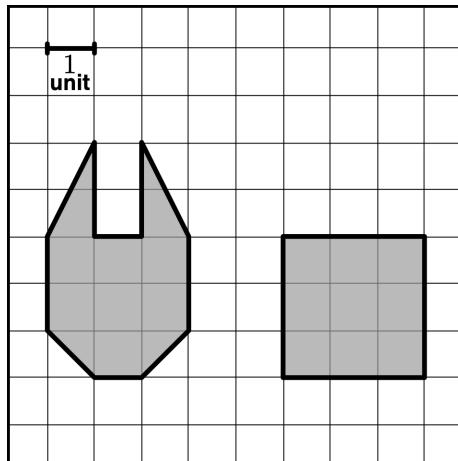
2. Calculate the perimeter of the shape below. Show all of your thinking.

**Summary**

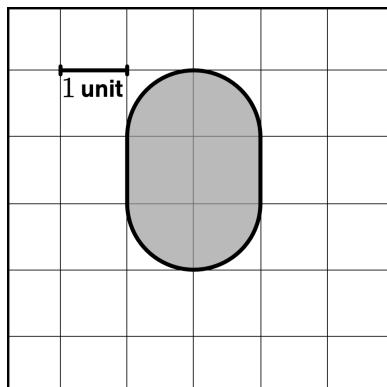
- I can calculate the perimeter of a complex shape that includes parts of circles.
- I can write perimeter as an expression that includes π , such as $20\pi + 50$.

My Notes

1. Tiara says these two figures have the same area. Is Tiara correct? Explain and show your thinking.



2. Do you think the area of this shape is more than 4 square units, less than 4 square units, or exactly 4 square units? Explain your thinking.

**Summary**

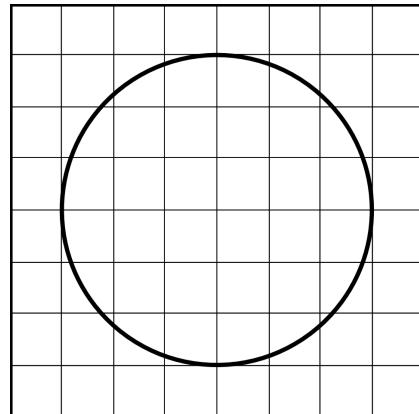
- I can determine the area of a complex shape using a variety of strategies.
- I can estimate the area of a shape with curved edges.

My Notes

1. Draw a radius square for this circle.

What is the area of the radius square?

2. Estimate the area of this circle using radius squares.



3. What is the formula for the relationship between the radius of a circle and its area?

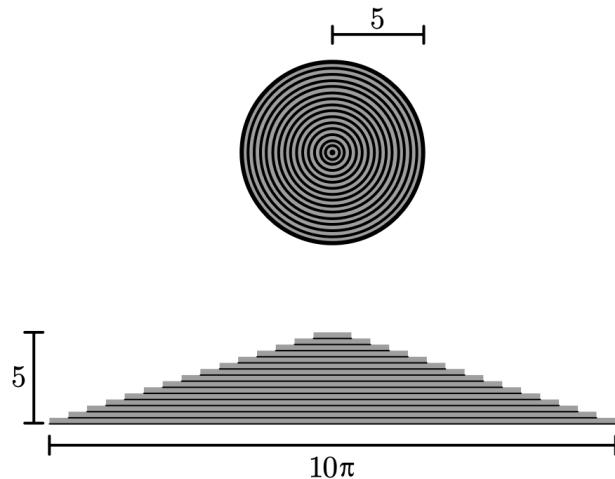
4. Use the formula to calculate the exact area of the circle.

Summary

- I can describe the relationship between the radius of any circle and its area.
- I can calculate the area of a circle.

My Notes

Here is a circle cut into rings and unrolled into a triangle shape.



1. Calculate the area of the circle.

2. Label the base and the height of the triangle.

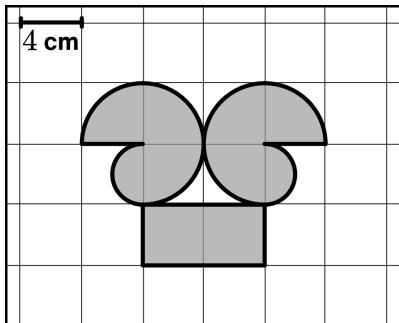
3. Calculate the area of the triangle. How is it related to the area of the circle?

Summary

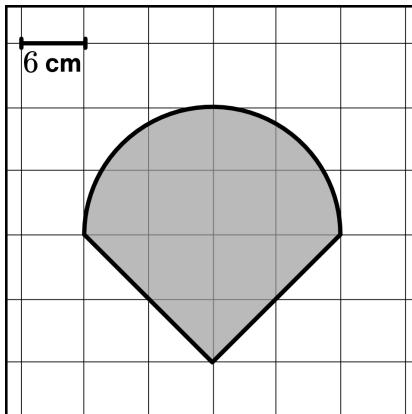
- I can explain whether the relationship between the radius and area of a circle is proportional or not.
- I can explain the formula of a circle's area by rearranging the circle into a triangle of the same area.

My Notes

1. Amari calculated the area of the shape below as $28\pi + 32$ square centimeters. Explain how you know they are correct.



2. Determine the area of the shape below.

**Summary**

- I can calculate the area of a complex shape that includes parts of circles.
- I can write area as an expression that includes π , such as $20\pi + 50$.

My Notes

1. In your own words, explain what 25% of a number means.

Esteban bought a bag of candies that come in different colors. They like the orange candies the least.

2. How many orange candies are in each bag?



3. There are 60 candies in Bag B. 75% of them are red. How many red candies are in Bag B? Explain your thinking.

Summary

- I can use the word *percent* and the symbol % to mean for every 100 .
- I can calculate 10%, 25%, 50%, or 75% of a number.

My Notes

Faaria's goal was to ride her bike 30 kilometers.

1.1 Complete the table.

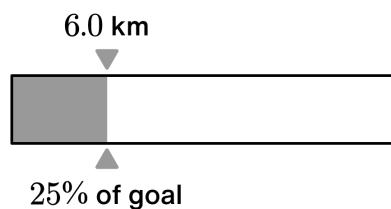
1.2 She rode 40% of her goal.

How far did she ride?

Km Biked	% of Goal
30	100
	10
	40

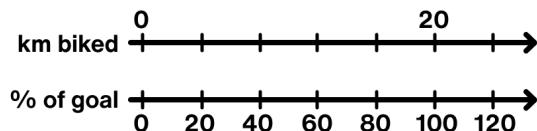
Juliana rode 6 kilometers, which is 25% of her goal.

2. What was her goal distance?



Emmanuel's goal was to ride 20 km. He rode 120% of his goal.

3. How far did he ride?

**Summary**

- I can make connections between percentages and ratios.
- I can use a double number line, tape diagram, or table to determine unknown parts or wholes.

My Notes

Here is the work Anand did to calculate 21% of \$52.

1. Explain Anand's strategy.

Percentage (%)	Cost (dollars)
100	52
1	$\frac{52}{100}$
21	$\frac{52}{100} \cdot 21$

2. Select **all** of the expressions that could be used to calculate 54% of \$22.

$\frac{22}{100} \cdot 54$

$\frac{22}{100}$

$\frac{100}{22} \cdot 54$

$\frac{54}{100} \cdot 22$

$\frac{22}{54} \cdot 100$

A pair of shoes cost \$60. The store's profit is 22% of the cost.

3. How much is the store's profit on a pair of shoes?

**Summary**

- I can calculate any percentage of a number.
- I can explain two different expressions you can use to calculate a percentage of a number.

My Notes

On Thursday, Alejandro rode 21 km. His goal was 25 km. Here is how he calculated the percentage of his goal that he rode.

Distance (km)	Percent of Goal
25	100
1	$\frac{100}{25}$
21	$\frac{100}{25} \cdot 21$



1. 1 kilometer is what percent of Alejandro's goal?
2. What percent of his goal did he ride?
3. Use Alejandro's strategy to calculate 17 out of 25 as a percentage.
4. Write an expression that can be used to calculate 46 out of 40 as a percentage.

Summary

I can calculate an unknown percentage.

I can explain different expressions for calculating an unknown percentage.

My Notes

Here are some facts about the Philippines.

1. How many people in the Philippines have access to the internet?

Population: 110 million people

60% have access to the internet.

81 out of 100 people are Catholic.

2. How many people practice Catholicism?

Imagine the Philippines were a village with just 100 people. How many people would have each of these characteristics?

- 3.1 Have access to the internet?

- 3.2 Practice Catholicism?

4. What are some things that are important to remember when working with percentages?

Summary

I can use rates and percentages to analyze characteristics of a country's population.

My Notes

Kwasi is making banana bread.

1. He only has a $\frac{1}{4}$ cup measuring scoop. How many scoops of sugar and flour does he need?

2. A person Kwasi is planning to share his banana bread with wants to know how much sugar there is per serving in his recipe. What should Kwasi tell them?

3. Kwasi wants to make a larger loaf to serve 10 people. How much of each ingredient will he need?

Kwasi's Recipe

Number of servings: 6

- 2 lb. of bananas
- $\frac{1}{2}$ cup of butter
- $\frac{3}{4}$ cup of sugar
- $2\frac{1}{2}$ cups of flour
- 1 tsp. of baking soda

Summary

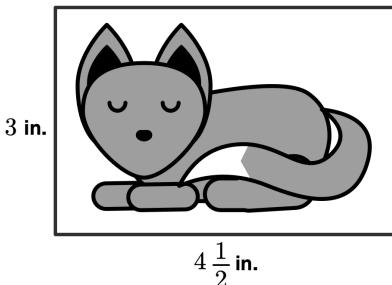
I can use the constant of proportionality to solve problems that involve fractions.

My Notes

StuckStickers makes pins in addition to stickers.

1. Here is Cho's design and thinking for a pin that is $\frac{3}{4}$ inches wide.

Cho's Design

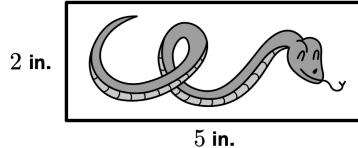


Cho's Thinking

Height (in.)	Width (in.)
3	$\frac{3}{4}$
$\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{1}{2}$	$4 \frac{1}{2}$

Explain how Cho figured out how tall the pins should be.

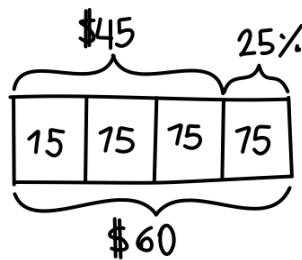
2. Hamza wants to create pins with his design as well. Hamza's pins will be $\frac{4}{5}$ inches tall. What will the width of his pin be?

**Summary**

I can use a table to determine an unknown value in a proportional relationship.

My Notes

Here are two different representations Pablo used to figure out the new price of a pair of headphones after using a coupon.



TAPE DIAGRAM

OLD	NEW
100%	75%
\$60	\$45

$\frac{100\% - 25\%}{75\%}$

TABLE

1. What was the original price of the headphones? Circle where you see it in each representation.
2. What is the **percent increase or percent decrease**? Star where you see it in each representation.
3. Choose one representation and explain how Pablo used it to figure out the new price of the headphones.

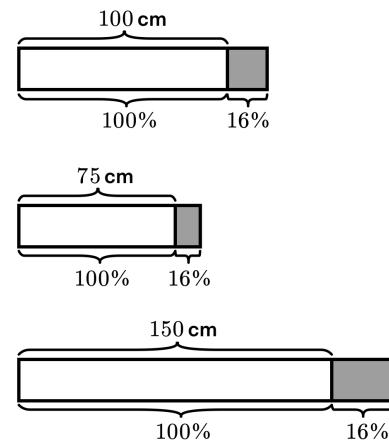
Summary

- I can use tape diagrams and tables to represent adding or subtracting a percentage from 100% .
- I can determine the new amount if I know the original amount and the percent change.

My Notes

1. Each rectangle is 16% longer than the original. Complete the table with the length of each new rectangle.

Original Rectangle Length (cm)	New Rectangle Length (cm)
100	
75	
150	



2. Write at least two different equations that represent the relationship between the length of the original rectangle, b , and the length of new rectangle, c .
3. Write at least one equation for the relationship between the length of an original rectangle and the length of a new rectangle that is 16% **shorter**.

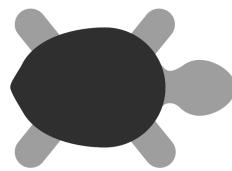
Summary

I can write an equation to represent adding or subtracting a percentage from 100% .

My Notes

At a turtle sanctuary, the number of nesting turtles decreased by 20% compared to last year.

This year, there are 180 nesting turtles.



1. Create each representation to show how many nesting turtles were at the sanctuary last year.

Double Number Line**Table****Equation**

2. How many nesting turtles were at the sanctuary last year?

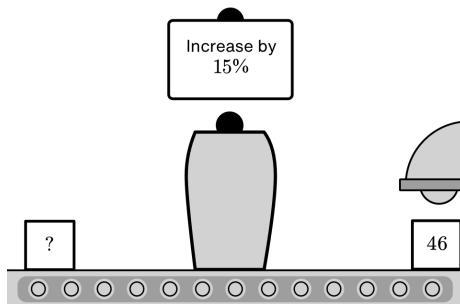
Summary

- I can use double number lines to represent adding or subtracting a percentage from 100%.
- I can determine the original amount if I know the new amount and the percent change.

My Notes

1. A number went into this machine and 46 came out.

What number went in? Explain your strategy.



2. 50 went into a different machine and 46.5 came out. What percent increase or decrease did this machine use?

3. What are some important things to remember about figuring out the original value given the new value and a percent increase or decrease?

Summary

- I can determine the original amount if I know the new amount and the percent change for one-step and multistep problems.

My Notes

1. What are **sales tax** and **tip**?

2. Use this receipt to figure out the total amount this customer paid for their \$20 meal after an 18% off coupon and 7.5% sales tax.

Original Cost	\$20.00
18% Off Coupon	\$0.00
Subtotal	\$20.00
7.5% Tax	\$0.00
Total	\$?.??

3. Which would result in the greatest total amount?

- Tax first, then coupon.
- Coupon first, then tax.
- They are the same.
- Not enough information.

Explain your thinking.

Summary

- I can solve multistep problems about sales tax and tip.

My Notes

Adrian is a 25-year-old who plays in a band and works 30 hours per week as a server. He makes minimum wage, which is \$5.45 per hour in his town. Adrian also collects tips. The average tip he receives is 15% of the bill. The typical bill is \$25 per table, and he serves 70 tables in an average week.

1. How much money does Adrian make in a typical week?

Imagine that the average tip Adrian receives is 20% instead of 15%.

- 2.1 How much money would he make now?

- 2.2 By what percent would his pay increase?

Summary

I can use proportional relationships and percent change to analyze an issue in society.

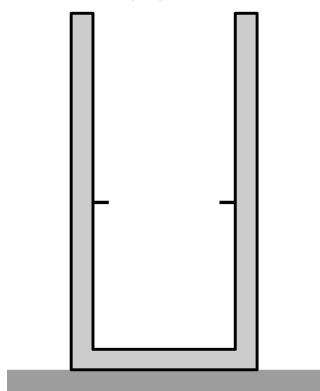
My Notes

1. What is **percent error**? Create your own example.

2. Diamond is making a bookshelf with shelves that are supposed to be 17.6 centimeters long. Complete the table with the percent error of each shelf that Diamond builds.

Shelf Width (cm)	Percent Error
17.1	
18.25	
16.5	

Desired shelf length:
17.6 cm



3. The acceptable percent error is 5% for a shelf to fit. Will all of the shelves fit? Why or why not?

Summary

- I can explain what percent error is and how to calculate it.
- I can decide whether a value is within an acceptable percent error.

My Notes

Here is information about the wage gap.

In 1963, when the Equal Pay Act was passed, women were paid 41% less than what men were paid on average, which was about \$5 978 per year. By 2004, women were paid \$29 900 per year on average, which is about 23% less than what men were paid.

Source: National Organization for Women

1. Write at least two questions that you could figure out using this information and whose answer is not already given.

2. Answer one of the questions that you asked.

3. What are some characteristics of a good question you could ask using a set of information?

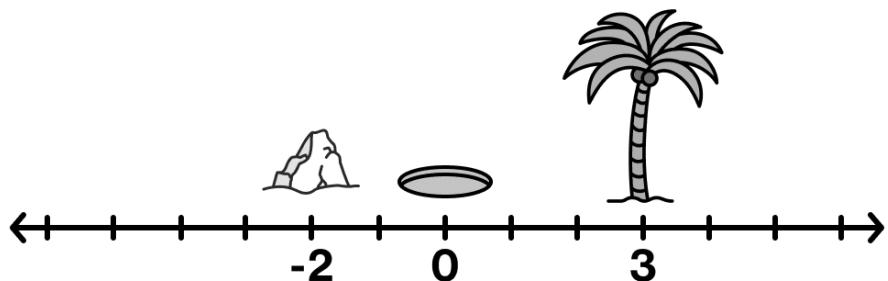
Summary

- I can write a question about a real-world situation that involves percent increase or decrease.
- I can use what I know to answer questions about the world we live in.

My Notes

1. Explain what *negative numbers* are in your own words. Give at least one example.

- 2.1 Draw a star at -3 on the number line below.
Explain your thinking.



- 2.2 Label each of the remaining tick marks on the number line.
2.3 A sand dollar is 3 units away from the rock.
Where could it be? Explain your thinking.

Summary

- I can explain what positive and negative numbers are.
- I can use the symbol $(-)$ and the word *negative* to describe numbers that are less than 0 .

My Notes

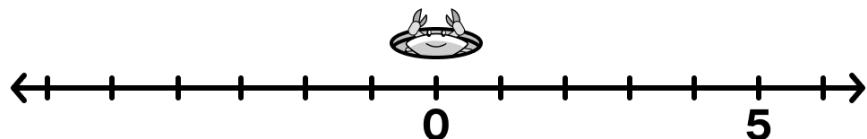
1. What does it mean for two numbers to be *opposites*? Give at least one example.

2.1 Plot and label each number on the number line.

2.5

$-\frac{3}{4}$

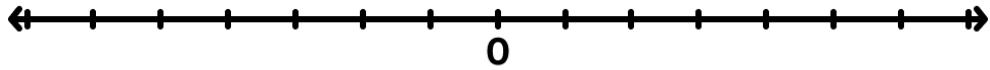
$-\frac{7}{3}$



2.2 What is the opposite of 2.5? _____

2.3 What is the opposite of $-\frac{3}{4}$? _____

3. Draw a star at $-(-2)$. Explain your thinking.

**Summary**

- I can identify and plot positive and negative numbers on the number line.
- I know what opposite numbers are and can use the symbol $(-)$ to represent them.
- I know what the opposite of the opposite of a number is.

My Notes

Here are some numbers from the lesson.

-0.4

$-\frac{5}{4}$

$-2\frac{2}{3}$

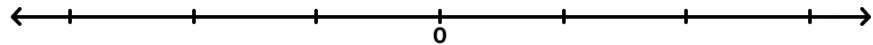
2.5

- 1.1 Use these numbers to create true sentences. You can use numbers more than once.

_____ is greater than _____. _____ is less than _____.

_____ > _____ _____ < _____ _____ > _____

- 1.2 Plot and label these numbers on the number line.



- 1.3 Order these numbers from least to greatest.

Least _____ _____ _____ _____ **Greatest**

2. What advice would you give another student about ordering positive and negative numbers?

Summary

- I can compare positive and negative numbers using words and symbols.
- I can use a number line to order positive and negative numbers.

My Notes

The record low temperature in Damascus, Syria, is -11.1°C .

1.1 Write two temperatures that are warmer than -11.1°C .

1.2 Write two temperatures that are colder than -11.1°C .

1.3 Imagine the temperature is -11°C .

Is that a new record low? Explain your thinking.

2. Order these cities in California from lowest to highest elevation.

City	Coachella	El Centro	Imperial	Niland
Elevation (ft.)	-72	-39	-59	-141

Lowest _____ **Highest** _____

3. What concepts besides temperature and elevation include both positive and negative numbers?

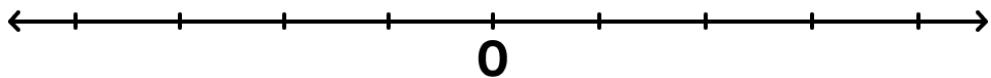
Summary

- I can explain what positive numbers, negative numbers, and 0 mean in a context.
- I can compare negative numbers in context using words and symbols.

My Notes

1. What does *absolute value* mean? Give at least one example of a number and its absolute value.
2. Determine the value of each expression. Use the number line if it helps you with your thinking.

Expression	Value
$ -4 $	
$ 2.5 $	
$ \frac{-7}{20} $	



Decide if each statement is true or false.

3.1 $|-3| < |-2.5|$ True False

3.2 $-3 < -2.5$ True False

3.3 $|5| = -5$ True False

3.4 Choose one of the statements above. Explain your thinking.

Summary

I understand what absolute value is and how to write it in symbols.

I can compare numbers and absolute values.

My Notes

This submarine's position is controlled by floats and anchors.

- Enter the missing information in the table.

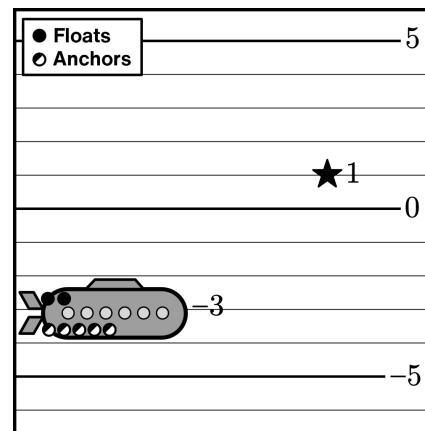
Start	Action	Final
-3	Add 2 floats	-1
-3	Remove 2 anchors	
-3	Add 11 floats	
-3		-7

- The submarine starts at -3 units. List three different actions that would move it to 1 unit.

Action 1:

Action 2:

Action 3:

**Summary**

- I can use floats and anchors to solve problems.
- I can identify different ways to represent the same change.

My Notes

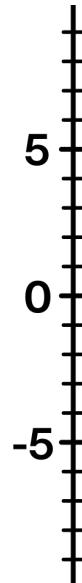
1. Complete the table for these four submarine scenarios.

Start	Action	Final Expression	Final Value
-2	Add 6 floats	$-2 + 6$	4
	Remove 5 anchors	$1 - (-5)$	
3		$3 - 7$	
		$-1 + (-4)$	

Describe your strategy for calculating the value of each expression.
Use the number line if it helps you with your thinking.

2.1 $-4 - (-2)$

2.2 $-4 + (-2)$

**Summary**

- I can connect adding and removing floats and anchors to adding and subtracting integers.
- I can identify different expressions that have the same value.

My Notes

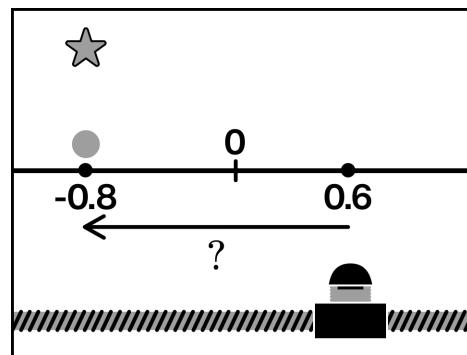
1.1 Select all the equations that represent this challenge.

$0.6 + x = -0.8$

$-0.8 + x = 0.6$

$x = -0.8 - 0.6$

$x - 0.6 = -0.8$



1.2 What is the value of x that makes this equation true? Explain your strategy.

Determine the value of the variable that makes each equation true.

2.1 $-1.3 + x = 7.2$

2.2 $\frac{3}{4} - \left(-\frac{5}{4} \right) = x$

Summary

- I can add and subtract integers, decimals, and fractions on a number line.
- I can determine the value of a variable that makes an equation true.

My Notes

For each expression, draw a number line diagram and determine its value.

1.1 $(-5) - (2) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



1.2 $(2) - (-5) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



1.3 What is similar and different about your diagrams?

2. The statement below is (always / sometimes / never) true.

$x - 1$ is greater than $x - 4$.

My reasoning:

Summary

- I can draw a number line to add and subtract positive and negative numbers.
- I can compare and contrast similar expressions (e.g., $2.5 - 3.5$ and $3.5 - 2.5$).
- I can make arguments about addition and subtraction with variables.

My Notes

- Fill in the blanks using these numbers to make the equations true.

<input type="text"/>	-	<input type="text"/>	=	<input checked="" type="text"/> 11
<input type="text"/>	+	<input checked="" type="text"/> 9	=	<input type="text"/>

-1 -2 -3 -4

5 6 7 8

- Imagine adding a pair of numbers. Describe how you can tell whether its value will be positive, negative, or zero.

<input type="text"/>	+	<input type="text"/>	=	<input checked="" type="text"/> ?
----------------------	---	----------------------	---	-----------------------------------

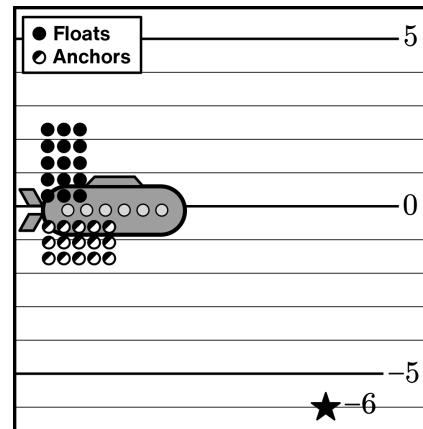
Summary

I can add and subtract positive and negative numbers in complicated expressions.

My Notes

This submarine is controlled by groups of 5 floats and groups of 3 anchors. The submarine starts at 0 units.

- 1.1 Explain why adding 2 groups of 3 anchors moves the submarine to -6 units.



- 1.2 Where will the submarine end up after . . .

. . . removing 3 groups of 5 floats? _____

. . . removing 3 groups of 3 anchors? _____

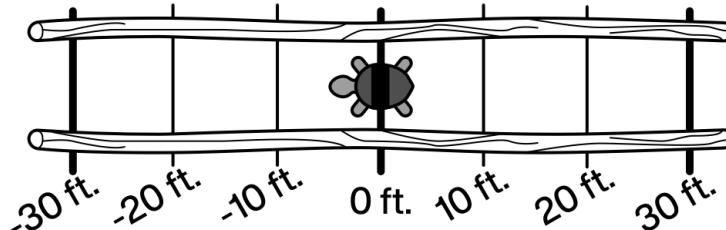
3. Calculate the value of $(-2)(-7)$. Explain your strategy.

Summary

- I can use floats and anchors to represent multiplying positive and negative numbers.
- I can explain why the product of two numbers will be positive or negative.

My Notes

This is Mat, Tam's twin turtle. Assume Mat walks at a constant rate.



1.1 Complete the table.

Time (min.)	Position (ft.)
0	0
1	-4
5	
	-28

1.2 What is Mat's rate of change?

1.3 Where was Mat 5 minutes ago?

2. Use the turtle scenario to explain why it makes sense that $(-5)(-4)$ is positive.

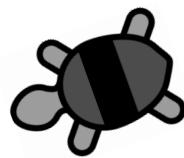
Summary

- I can use position, rate, and time to represent multiplying positive and negative numbers.
- I can explain why multiplying two negative numbers has a positive value.

My Notes

The table shows three different turtle scenarios.

Each turtle is traveling at a constant rate.



1.1 Complete the table.

Turtle	Rate (ft./min.)	Time (min.)	Position (ft.)
A	-3	2.5	
B	-2		-23
C		-2	11

1.2 Describe your strategy for calculating Turtle B's time.

2. Do $-\frac{8}{2}$ and $\frac{-8}{-2}$ have the same value? Why or why not?

Summary

- I can multiply and divide positive and negative numbers.
- I can identify different expressions that have the same value.

My Notes

1. What is the value of this expression? Show all of your thinking.

$$\frac{3 + \boxed{-5} \times \boxed{-3}}{\boxed{4} - \boxed{-2}} = \boxed{?}$$

- 2.1 Fill in the blanks to make an expression with a negative value.

$$\boxed{} \times \boxed{} + \boxed{} = \boxed{?}$$

- 2.2 What is the value of your expression?

1	-2	-3	4
5	-6	-7	8

3. Use the numbers from Problem 2 to make a new expression. Write the value of your expression.

Summary

I can add, subtract, multiply, and divide integers in complicated expressions.

Unit 7.5, Lesson 11: Notes

Name _____

My Notes

- 1.1 This table shows how the average temperature in different places around the world have changed from 1900 to 2014.

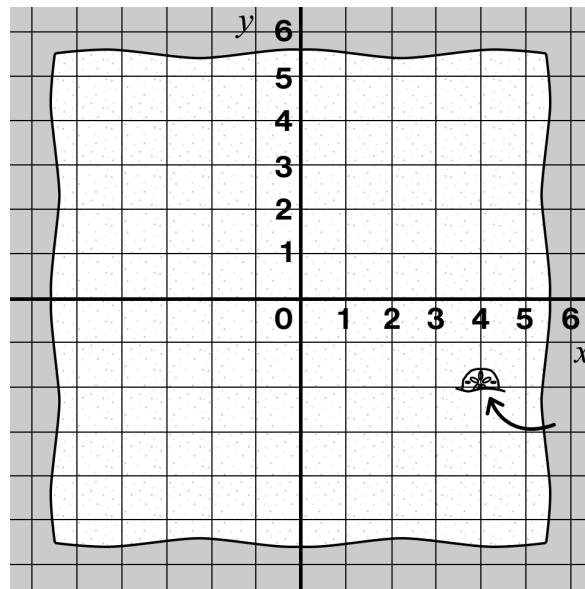
Enter the missing values.

Location	Average Temperature in 1900 (°C)	Average Temperature in 2014 (°C)	Change From 1900 to 2014 (°C)
Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia	-3.16	-1.71	
Khabarovsk, Russia		1.35	1.57
Punta Arenas, Chile	6.03		0.96
Greenland	-21.64	-19.26	

- 1.2 Describe a strategy you used for deciding whether a missing value was positive or negative.
- 1.3 Which location had the largest change in temperature from 1900 to 2014? What might the impact of this change be?

Summary

I can apply what I've learned to solve problems about changing temperatures.

My Notes

1. What are the coordinates of the sand dollar? _____

Explain how you know.

2. A new sand dollar is also buried in the bottom-right quarter of the graph. What do we know about its coordinates?

3. Plot and label each point in the coordinate plane above.

($-4, 1$)

($-1, -2$)

($0, -3$)

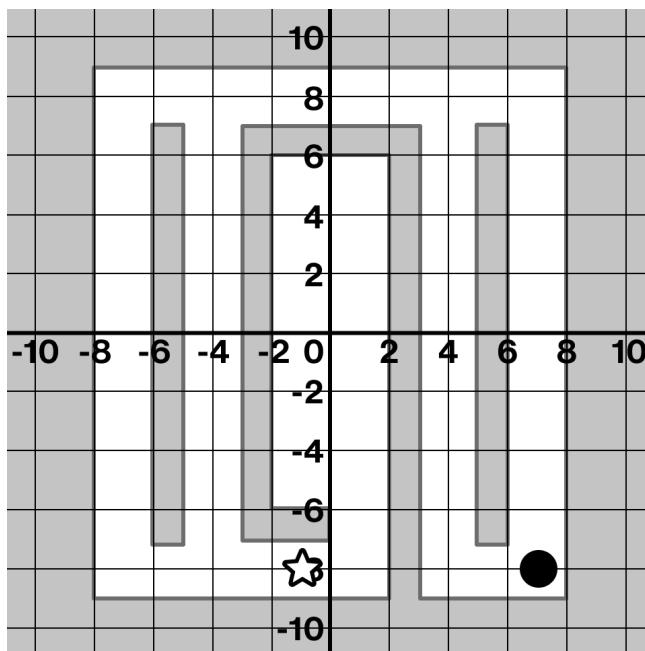
($-5, 0$)

Summary

- I can explain what the coordinate plane looks like with positive and negative numbers.
- I can write coordinates for points in the coordinate plane.
- I can estimate the location of a point in the coordinate plane using the signs of its coordinates.

My Notes

1. What are the coordinates of the star? _____
2. Sketch a path to get from the ball to the star.
3. Write coordinates for each stop the ball makes on the path.

**Your Path**

(7, -8)

4. Abdel included the point $(-3, 4)$ on his path.
Will that hit a barrier? _____ Explain how you know.
5. Diamond included both $(7, 8)$ and $(-7, 8)$ on her path. How are the positions of these points related?

Summary

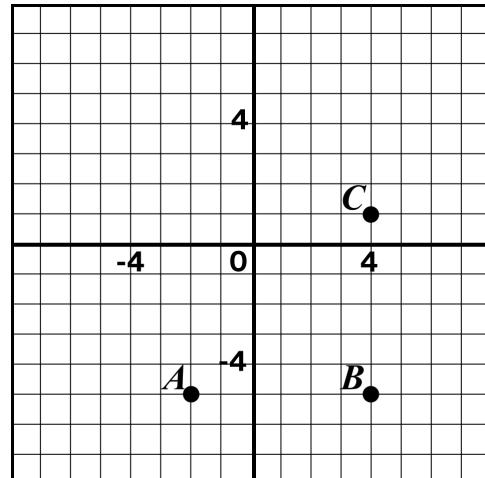
- I can plot points in coordinate planes with different scales.
- I can explain how the locations of points that differ only by one sign are related.

My Notes

Here are three of the four coordinates that make a square.

- 1.1 Write the coordinates of point D .

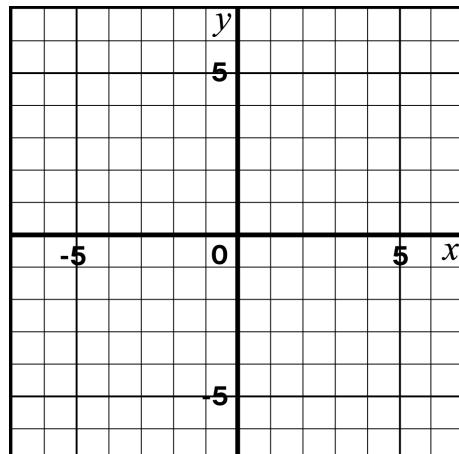
Point	Coordinates
A	(-2, -5)
B	(4, -5)
C	(4, 1)
D	



- 1.2 What is the side length of the square? _____

Explain how you know.

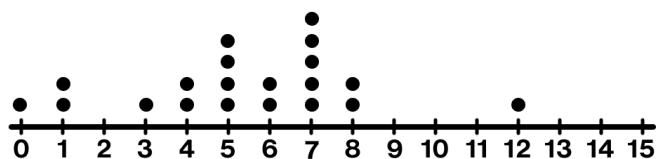
- 2.1 Plot and label the coordinates of a polygon that looks like a house.
- 2.2 How long is the longest horizontal or vertical segment in your polygon?

**Summary**

- I can draw a polygon in the coordinate plane.
- I can determine horizontal and vertical side lengths of a polygon in a coordinate plane.

My Notes

This dot plot shows the number of books that students in a sixth-grade class read in one month.



Number of Books Read This Month

- 1.1 There are 2 dots plotted at 4. What does this tell us about the situation?

- 1.2 Julian said that most students read 6 books or less this month. Do you agree with him? Explain your thinking.

A statistical question is a question that requires more than one piece of data to answer it.

Question A	Question B
What is the typical height of a building in NYC?	How tall is the Empire State Building?

2. Explain why Question A is a statistical question but Question B is not.

Summary

- | |
|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> I can describe and interpret a dot plot to help answer a statistical question. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> I can describe the advantages and disadvantages of using a dot plot to visualize data. |

My Notes

Here is a histogram of minimum wages in the western United States.



- 1.1 How many states have a minimum wage **less** than \$10. 00?

- 1.2 Michigan has a minimum wage of \$9. 65.
Which bin should it go into? Put a star on that rectangle.

- 1.3 Adriana says that this histogram represents the minimum wages of 4 different states.
What advice would you give Adriana to better understand the histogram?

Summary

- I can describe and interpret a histogram that represents a data set.
- I can compare and contrast dot plots and histograms to visualize data.

My Notes

1. In your own words, explain what the *mean* tells you about a data set.

Six friends played games together at the arcade.

Here are the number of tickets that each friend won.

7	3	4	6	8	2
---	---	---	---	---	---

- 2.1 Calculate the mean number of tickets for this data.
Show your calculations.

- 2.2 What does the mean tell us about this situation?

3. Describe how to determine the mean of any data set.

Summary

- I can describe what the *mean* of a data set is.
- I can calculate the mean of a data set.

My Notes

1. Does the *mean absolute deviation (MAD)* tell us about the **center** of a data set or the **spread** of a data set.
Circle your answer.

Center

Spread

Here is Marco's work for calculating the MAD of a data set.

Data Values	5	7	7	9	12
Absolute Deviation (distance from <u>8</u>) mean	3	1	1	1	4

2. Explain what Marco did to calculate the MAD.

$$3+1+1+1+4=10$$

$$10 \div 5 = 2$$

$$\text{MAD: } 2$$

3. Calculate the mean and MAD of this data set.
Use the table to help you organize your thinking.

Data Values	1	4	5	6
Absolute Deviation (distance from <u> </u>) mean				

Mean:

MAD:

Summary

- I can describe what the *mean absolute deviation (MAD)* is.
- I can calculate the mean absolute deviation of a data set.

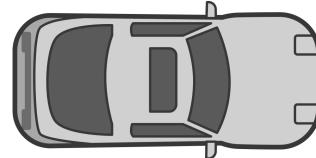
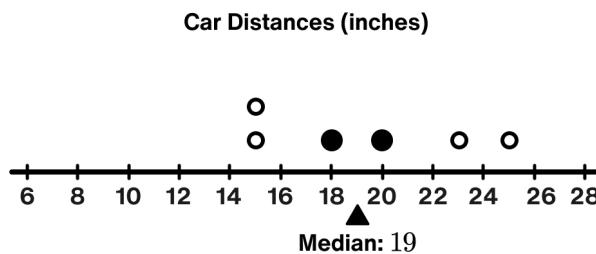
My Notes

1. In your own words, what is the *median* of a data set?

2. What is the median of this data set?

○	14, 19, 15, 20, 17
---	--------------------

3. Explain why the median of Amoli's car distances is 19 inches.



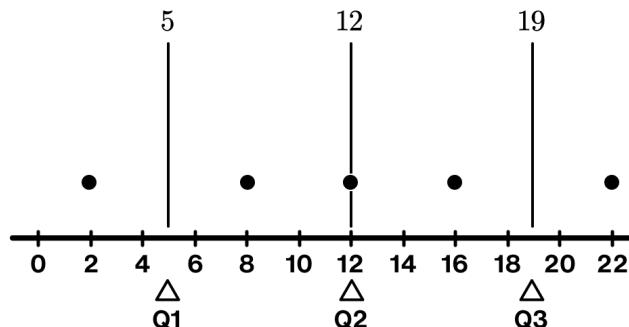
4. Write your own set of at least 6 distances that have a median of 18 inches.

Summary

- I can describe what the median is.
- I can determine and interpret the median of a data set.

My Notes

This dot plot shows the weight in pounds of 5 pumpkins.



1.1 Explain why the median is 12.

1.2 Explain why Q1 is 5.

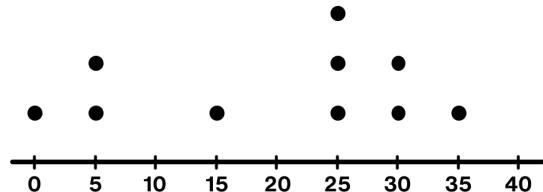
1.3 Explain why Q3 is 19.

2. Here is a data set with 10 data points. Determine the value of each of the following statistics.

Q1:

Median:

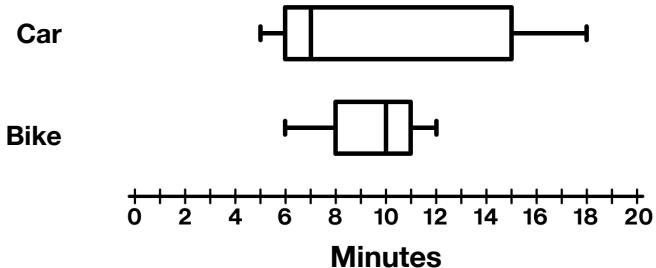
Q3:

**Summary**

I can determine and interpret the quartiles of a data set.

My Notes

Here are box plots that show how long it takes for Jacy to get to school by car and by bike.



1. For each box plot, determine these statistics.

Car

Q1	
Median	
Q3	
Range	
IQR	

Bike

Q1	
Median	
Q3	
Range	
IQR	

2. If Jacy prefers a mode of transportation that's more predictable, should they go by car or by bike? Explain your reasoning.

Summary

- I can create a box plot to visualize a data set.
- I can describe what *range* and *interquartile range (IQR)* are.
- I can determine the range and IQR of a data set.

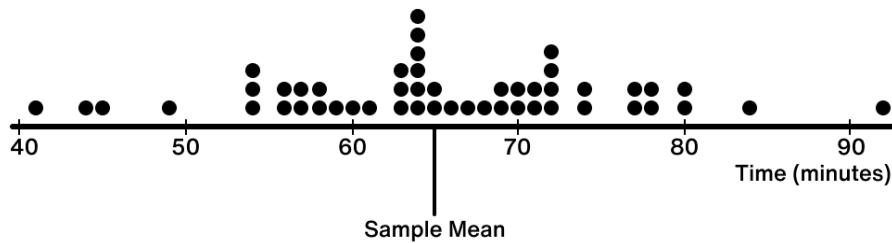
My Notes

Alisha wants to know how many minutes 7th graders at her school spend on their cell phone each day.

1. What is the **population** for Alisha's question?

2. What is a **sample** Alisha could use to help answer this question?

Alisha asked 50 random 7th graders how many minutes they spend on their phone per day and calculated a sample mean of 65 minutes.



3. Why would Alisha decide to collect a sample to answer her question rather than use the population?

Summary

- I can explain what a sample is and when it is useful.
- I can compare the means of samples to the mean of the population.

My Notes

1. In your own words, explain what it means for a sample to be *representative* of a population.

2. Match each headline with the sampling method that most likely produced it.

**Headline**

___ One Quarter of Working Americans Spend Time Working From Home!

___ Most Americans Spend Time Working From Home!

___ Almost No One Works From Home!

Sampling Method

- A. Ask all 100 employees at one technology company.
- B. Ask all the employees at 100 random grocery stores.
- C. Call random phone numbers until you ask 100 people.

3. Which sampling method above is most likely to produce a representative sample? Explain your thinking.

Summary

I can explain why a sampling method is or is not likely to produce a biased sample.

My Notes

Cameron bought a bag of White Flower Seed Mix and is curious how many flowers of each type there are. Cameron planted 25 seeds, and these were the results.

Flower Type	Count	Percentage
Daisy	14	
White Zinnia	5	
Aster	6	
Total	25	



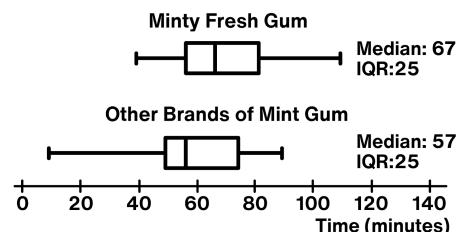
1. Complete the table with the percentage of each flower type.
- 2.1 Estimate how many of the 600 seeds in the bag will be asters. Organize your calculations so others can follow them.
- 2.2 What could you do to be more confident in your estimate?

Summary

I can use proportional reasoning and a sample to estimate information about a population.

My Notes

The Minty Fresh company collects data to see how many minutes it takes for their mint gum to lose flavor compared to other brands.



Based on this data . . .

- 1.1 Why might someone believe this headline?
- 1.2 Why might someone not believe this headline?

2. How many IQRs is the difference between the medians?

3. Do your calculations make you believe the headline more or less? Explain your thinking.

Summary

- I can use measures of center and the variability of two samples to decide if two populations are very different.
- I can use a measure of variability to explain the difference between measures of center.

My Notes

The letters PROBABILITY are in a bag. In an experiment, one letter is picked at a time and returned to the bag.

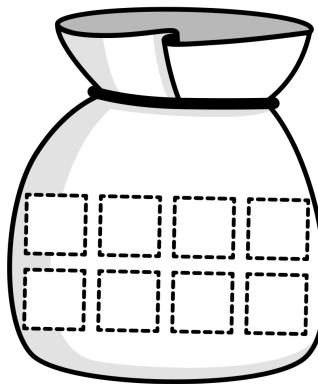
1. What is the sample space for this experiment?

2. Describe how to determine the probability of picking a Y from the bag on the next pick.

Write the probability of each event happening on the next pick.

3. Picking the letter P from the bag. _____
4. Picking the letter B from the bag. _____
5. Picking the letters B or I from the bag. _____
6. Picking the letter S from the bag. _____

7.



Label the pieces in the bag so that it has these probabilities on the next pick:

- The probability of picking a P is $\frac{1}{4}$.
- The probability of picking a B is 0.
- The probability of picking a G is equal to the probability of picking an R.

Summary

- I can determine the probability of an event using its sample space.
- I can compare probabilities written as fractions, decimals, and percentages.

My Notes

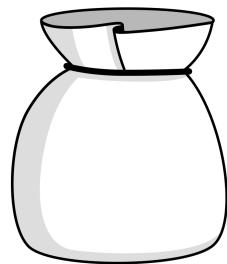
There are 6 blocks in a bag. The table shows results from 100 picks.

Block Color	Number of Picks
Purple	32
Red	68

1. Based on these results, how many of the 6 blocks are red?

Explain your thinking.

- 2.1 Design a bag where the probability of picking a green block is 60%.



- 2.2 About how many times out of 50 picks do you expect to pick a green block?

Explain how you know.

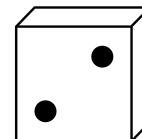
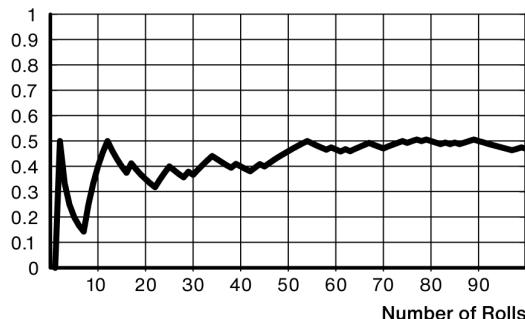
Summary

- I know that sometimes outcomes of an experiment are not equally likely.
- I can use proportional reasoning with data from a repeated experiment to make predictions.

My Notes

Here is a graph of the results of 100 rolls of a number cube.

Fraction of Rolls That Are Twos (So Far)



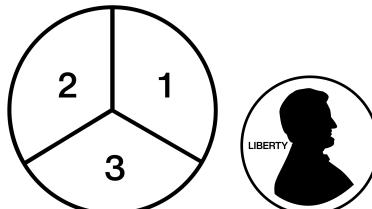
1. What is the probability of rolling a 2 with a **standard number cube**?
2. Based on these results, what is the probability of rolling a 2 with **this number cube**?
3. Explain how you know this number cube is unfair.
4. Describe or draw what this number cube could look like.

Summary

- I can decide whether or not something is fair based on the results of a repeated experiment.
- I can use the results from a repeated experiment to approximate the probability of an event.

My Notes

Here is a game involving a spinner and a fair coin.

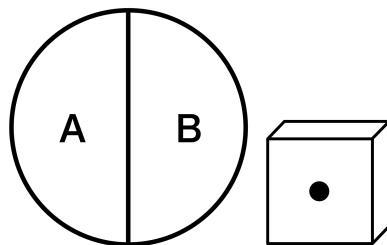


- 1.1 How many outcomes are in the sample space?

- 1.2 What is the probability of getting an odd number and tails?

- 1.3 Describe your strategy.

A new game is played with a spinner and a number cube.



- 2.1 Make a tree, table, or list to represent the sample space.

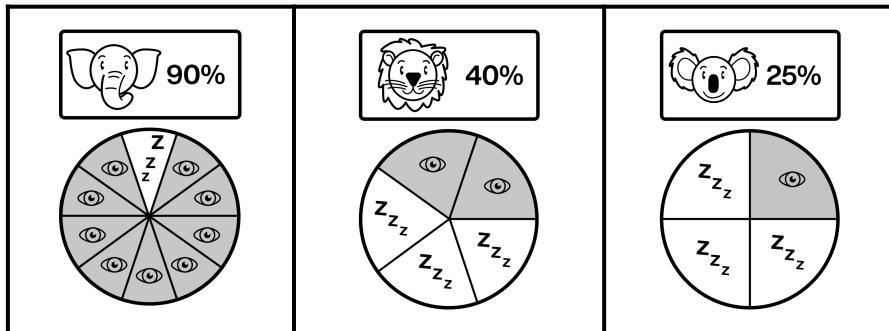
- 2.2 What is the probability of getting an “A” and an even number?

Summary

- I can write out the sample space for a multistep experiment using a list, table, or tree diagram.
- I can calculate the probability of a multistep event.

My Notes

Brianna designed a simulation to help her estimate the probability of seeing her three favorite animals awake when she visits the zoo.



1. Describe how Brianna could use these spinners to estimate the probability that at least two of her favorite animals will be awake when she visits the zoo.

The table shows the results of 300 experiments with the spinners.

Experiments with ...	Count	Percentage
No animals awake	12	4%
1 animal awake	171	57%
2 animals awake	105	35%
3 animals awake	12	4%

2. Estimate the probability that at least 2 of Brianna's favorite animals will be awake when she visits the zoo.

Summary

- I can use a simulation to estimate the probability of a multistep real-world event.
- I can connect real-world situations and the probability tools I could use to simulate those situations.