## **CITRIX**®

# Common Criteria Evaluated Configuration Guide for Citrix XenApp 6.0 for Windows Server 2008 R2

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## **Contents**

1	Introduction	7
	About this Guide	7
	Common Criteria Target of Evaluation	7
	Citrix XenApp Documentation	9
_		
2	Planning for Citrix XenApp Deployment	
	Overview	
	Common Criteria Evaluated Deployment	
	Domain Configuration	
	FIPS 140 Policies and Security Certificates	
	Authentication	
	System Requirements	
	Evaluated Platforms	
	Operating System Updates	15
	Citrix XenApp System Requirements	
	Installing the Server Roles	17
	Web Interface System Requirements	18
	Installing the Web Server Role	19
	Primary DNS Suffix	20
	Configuring Microsoft IIS to use the Server Certificate	20
	Secure Gateway System Requirements	21
	User Device System Requirements	21
	IPSec Configuration	23
	Policy Settings Per Server	23
	Third Party Components	25
	Firewalls	26
	Firewall 1 (Public Network/DMZ)	26
	Firewall 2 (DMZ/Private Network)	26
	Web Browsers	26
	Virus Protection Software	26
	Environment Assumptions	27

3	Installing the Citrix XenApp Components	29
	Updates to Citrix Products Included in the Common Criteria Evaluated Configuration.	29
	Installing Citrix XenApp	30
	Before Installing XenApp	30
	Before Configuring XenApp	32
	Installing Citrix License Server and Citrix XenApp on the Primary Server	32
	Assigning Farm Administrator Credentials	32
	To install Citrix XenApp on the primary server	32
	To configure Citrix XenApp on the primary server	33
	Securing the Secure Ticket Authority and XML Service	35
	To enable communication between SQL Server Express and the secondary	/
	servers	36
	Installing Citrix XenApp on the Secondary Servers	36
	To install XenApp on secondary servers	37
	To join secondary servers to the XenApp farm	38
	To configure the data store DSN	39
	Installing the Microsoft File Checksum Integrity Verifier Utility	39
	Installing Web Interface	40
	Installation Overview	40
	Installing the Web Interface Management Console	41
	To download and install the Web Interface	41
	To configure the Web Interface	42
	Installing Secure Gateway	43
	Prerequisites	43
	To install the Secure Gateway	44
	To configure the Secure Gateway	45
	To download and install the web plug-in	46
4	Configuring Citrix XenApp	49
	Configuring the Servers Running Citrix XenApp	
	Running Discovery	
	To run Discovery using the Delivery Services Console	51
	Publishing Applications	51
	To publish an application	51
	To remove a published application	53
	Configuring the Web Interface	53
	Enabling Smart Card Authentication	53
	To enable the Windows Directory Service Mapper on IIS	53

	To enable users to authenticate using smart cards	54
	Enabling Explicit Authentication	
	To enable explicit authentication to the Web Interface	54
	Configuring Secure Gateway Support	55
	To configure the Web Interface to support Secure Gateway	55
	Installing Single Sign-on Components	56
5	Securing the Deployment	
	TLS Renegotiation Issue in Microsoft Products	
	Updating the Evaluation Components	58
	To apply the Microsoft security update	58
	To apply the Citrix hotfixes	59
	Windows Server 2008 R2 Security Configuration Wizard	60
	To install and run the Security Configuration wizard	60
	To configure the IIS Admin Service	66
	Setting Policies	66
	Domain Wide Group Policies	66
	To configure the domain policies	66
	Computer Configuration	67
	User Configuration	70
	Disabling XenApp Features with Policies	75
	Securing Executables with AppLocker	78
	Setting Group Policy Priority	80
	Secure Gateway Local Group Policies	80
	To configure the local group policies	80
	Web Plug-in Local Group Policies and Registry Settings	83
	To configure the local group policies	83
	To configure the file security preferences	84
	Removing and Disabling Citrix User Accounts	85
	To remove anonymous users from the XenApp servers	85
	To disable the Citrix user accounts	
	Using FIPS-Compliant Ciphers Between the Web Plug-in and the Web Interface	85
	Securing the User Device	86
	To configure Microsoft Internet Explorer to use TLS 1.0	86
	To disable ActiveX support in Microsoft Internet Explorer	86
	To enable forced downloads of ICA files	
	Testing the Deployment	87
6	Testing the Deployment	89

Updates to Citrix Products Included in the Common Criteria Evaluated Con	figuration89
Overview	90
To log on using explicit credentials	90
To log on using a smart card	90
Making Citrix XenApp Available to Users	90
Verifying Client File Security Settings	91
To check and configure the client file security settings	91
Ensuring Users Close Applications When Logging Off	91
IMA Error Codes	93

## **Chapter 1**

## Introduction

#### **Topics:**

Citrix XenApp Documentation

## **About this Guide**

The Common Criteria Evaluated Configuration Guide for Citrix XenApp 6.0 for Windows Server 2008 R2 describes the requirements and procedures for installing and configuring Citrix XenApp in accordance with the Common Criteria evaluated deployment.

If your security requirements and policies require you to deploy XenApp to match the Common Criteria Target of Evaluation configuration exactly, follow the procedures in this guide.

**Note:** In certain instances, this guide and the *Common Criteria Security Target for Citrix XenApp for Windows Server 2008 R2* document use differing terminology to refer to the same component. Specifically, where this guide refers to "the web plug-in," the *Common Criteria Security Target for Citrix XenApp for Windows Server 2008 R2* document refers to this component as "the online plug-in." Both terms refer to the client software installed on the user device that is used to connect to the farm servers in the evaluated deployment.

# Common Criteria Target of Evaluation

This guide supplements the core documentation and details how to configure XenApp to match the Common Criteria Target of Evaluation configuration. The Target of Evaluation is a XenApp deployment comprising:

- Citrix XenApp 6.0 for Windows Server 2008 R2 (Platinum Edition license)
- Web Interface for Citrix XenApp
- Citrix Secure Gateway (for Citrix XenApp)
- Citrix Online Plug-in Web, included in the Citrix Online Plugin 12.1 for Windows package

Citrix Single Sign-on 4.8 (optional)

This evaluated deployment does not include the following Citrix XenApp Platinum edition components:

- Application Performance Monitoring (Citrix EdgeSight)
- Citrix Access Gateway
- Citrix Provisioning Services
- Profile Management
- Citrix XenApp Power and Capacity Management
- Smart Auditor

For further information concerning the Common Criteria evaluated deployment, see Common Criteria Evaluated Deployment on page 12.

## **Citrix XenApp Documentation**

This guide occasionally refers to Citrix product documentation, including electronic manuals and online help. The product documentation is located on the associated product media; for example, the Citrix XenApp DVD-ROM.

Documents that are essential references when deploying Citrix XenApp in the Target of Evaluation configuration include:

- The Citrix XenApp Administration guide provides conceptual information and procedures for system administrators who install, configure, and maintain Citrix XenApp.
- The *Getting Started with Citrix Licensing* guide explains how to license Citrix XenApp, and describes the tasks related to deploying, maintaining, and using the licensing for Citrix products.
- The Web Interface Administration guide explains how to install, configure, and customize the Web Interface.
- The Secure Gateway for Windows guide explains how to install and configure the Secure Gateway.
- The *Online Plug-in for Windows* guide provides instructions for system administrators who deploy clients to end-users on Windows computing platforms.
- The Citrix Single Sign-on Administration guide provides conceptual, reference, and procedural information for system administrators responsible for installing, configuring, and maintaining Single Sign-on.
- The Common Criteria Security Target for Citrix XenApp for Windows Server 2008 R2 guide describes the Target of Evaluation, which details assumptions such as the physical environment, the password policy used, and the rights and assumptions concerning the administrators. This document is available only on the Citrix Web site.
- The article "Additional security guidance for Citrix Presentation Server deployments" (http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX114938) describes best practices for securing Citrix XenApp environments.

The guides mentioned above are included with this guide in the downloadable archive available from the Citrix Common Criteria Certification Information Web site (http://www.citrix.com/English/SS/supportThird.asp?slID=162512&tlID=162515).

## **Chapter 2**

## Planning for Citrix XenApp Deployment

### **Topics:**

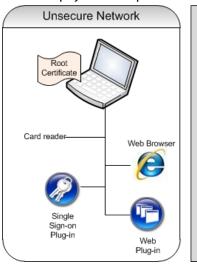
- Common Criteria Evaluated Deployment
- · System Requirements

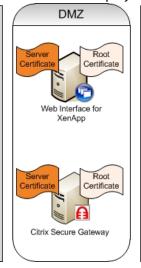
## **Overview**

This chapter describes the Common Criteria evaluated deployment and explains what you must do before installing and deploying Citrix XenApp.

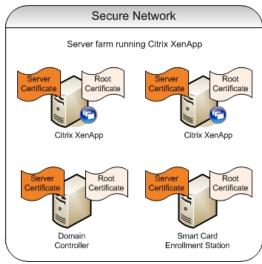
## **Common Criteria Evaluated Deployment**

The overview of the Common Criteria evaluated deployment below illustrates the different physical computers that are used in the deployment.



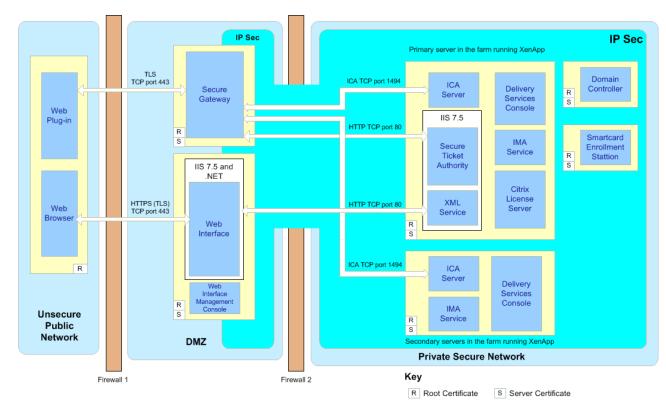


FIREWALL



**Note:** The domain controller and smart card enrollment station are not part of the Target of Evaluation.

A detailed view of the Common Criteria evaluated deployment is shown below. The detailed view summarizes where the server and root certificates are deployed, and the traffic that is allowed to traverse each of the firewalls.



In the detailed view above, only one of the XenApp servers has the Secure Ticket Authority (STA) enabled. This server also hosts the Citrix License Server. For clarity within this document, this server is referred to as the *primary server*.

On all of the other XenApp servers within the server farm, the STA and XML service are disabled. For clarity within this document, these servers are referred to as *secondary* servers.

## **Domain Configuration**

The domain is a Windows Server 2008 R2 Active Directory domain. The domain is a single Active Directory domain with no trust relationship with any other domain. The following servers are located in the domain:

- The server running the Web Interface
- The primary and secondary servers
- The domain controller and smart card enrollment station

The server running the Secure Gateway is not part of the domain.

### **FIPS 140 Policies and Security Certificates**

To ensure only FIPS 140 compliant ciphersuites and cryptographic modules are used within the deployment, you must apply FIPS 140 compliant group policies. For further

details about the deployment of the FIPS 140 compliant group policies, see Setting Policies on page 66.

Both root and server authentication certificates must be installed on all of the computers that use IPSec with certificate authentication, namely:

- The primary and secondary servers
- The server running the Web Interface
- The server running the Secure Gateway service
- The server running the domain controller
- The server running the smart card enrollment station

All of the client devices must have Certificate Authority (CA) root certificates installed that match the server authentication certificates installed on the servers running the Web Interface and Secure Gateway.

**Important:** Citrix recommends that customers verify that the certificate authorities trusted by client devices abide by suitable security practices to minimize the risk of issuing malformed certificates. For additional information, refer to CTX123248 in the Citrix Knowledge Center.

#### **Authentication**

The Common Criteria evaluated deployment can be configured to allow users to log on to XenApp servers using either explicit credentials (user name and password) or smart card.

Do not configure the Common Criteria evaluated deployment to allow a mix of authentication methods. Users must log on using explicit credentials or a smart card.

You set the authentication method (explicit or smart card) using the Web Interface Management console. For further details, see Configuring the Web Interface on page 53.

If the Common Criteria evaluated deployment is configured for explicit logon, note that the following components are redundant: smart card enrollment station and smart card readers and associated software. Also, the server running the Web Interface need not be in the same domain as the XenApp servers if smart card authentication is not required.

## **System Requirements**

#### **Evaluated Platforms**

Citrix XenApp 6.0 supports Windows Server 2008 R2, which requires computers be equipped with 64-bit processors.

## **Operating System Updates**

When installing the operating system on each computer in the evaluated configuration, ensure all applicable patches, security updates, and hotfixes are applied. In particular, ensure the following hotfixes are applied to the specified computers:

Security Bulletin Article Number	Security Bulletin Name	Security Update Name	Component of Evaluated Configuration
KB2416471	MS10-070: Description of the security update for the Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5.1 in Windows 7 and in Windows Server 2008 R2	Security Update for Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5.1, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2 for x64-based Systems (KB2416471)	<ul> <li>Primary and secondary XenApp servers</li> <li>Web Interface server</li> <li>Secure Gateway server</li> <li>User device</li> </ul>
KB2271195	MS10-065: Description of the security update for Internet Information Services CGI in Windows 7 and Windows Server 2008 R2	Security Update for Windows Server 2008 R2 x64 Edition (KB2271195)	<ul> <li>Primary and secondary XenApp servers</li> <li>Web Interface server</li> <li>Secure Gateway server</li> </ul>
KB982666	MS10-040: Vulnerability in Internet Information Services could allow remote code execution	Security Update for Windows Server 2008 R2 x64 Edition (KB982666)	<ul> <li>Primary and secondary XenApp servers</li> <li>Web Interface server</li> <li>Secure Gateway server</li> </ul>
		Security Update for Windows 7 (KB982666)	User device

Chapter 2

Security Bulletin Article Number	Security Bulletin Name	Security Update Name	Component of Evaluated Configuration
		Security Update for Windows Vista for x64- based Systems (KB982666)	
		Security Update for Windows Vista (KB982666)	

To verify these updates have been installed, check the Installed Updates console in Control Panel (Start>Control Panel>Programs>Programs and Features>Installed Updates).

## **Citrix XenApp System Requirements**

For the evaluated deployment, the minimum system requirements for Citrix XenApp on the primary and secondary servers are shown below:

Server Hardware	Server Software
64-bit architecture-based computer with 1.4GHz or faster Intel or compatible processor, 512MB of RAM, and a hard drive with at least 32GB of free space.	Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 Family (either Standard Edition or Enterprise Edition).
drive with at least 320b of free space.	<b>Note:</b> Ensure that the Microsoft operating system is adequately patched and updated.
Additional 32MB of RAM if the XenApp server will also host connections	Internet Information Services (IIS) 7.5 Terminal Services
Additional 550MB of available hard disk space for installing XenApp. Approximately 50MB of available hard disk space for every 100 servers and 25 applications in the farm.	Smart card. If using smart cards: Smart card software including PC/SC software, Crytographic Service Provider (CSP) software, and smart card reader drivers. You may need to attach the smart card reader device to the server during the PC/SC installation. See your smartcard vendor-specific information for details.
On the primary server hosting the data store: Additional 1GB of available hard	SQL Server Express 2008 (installed with XenApp)

Server Hardware	Server Software
disk space for the SQL Server Express 2008 database.	
Network Interface Card (NIC).	

#### **Installing the Server Roles**

You must install the following server roles before you install Citrix XenApp on the primary and secondary servers:

- Application Server
- Remote Desktop Services
- Web Server (IIS)

These roles are not installed with Windows Server 2008 R2 by default. Although the XenApp installer installs some of these roles, the evaluated configuration requires additional role services that the XenApp installer does not include.

- 1. Log on as an administrator.
- 2. Launch the Server Manager (Start>Administrative Tools>Server Manager). The Server Manager screen appears.
- 3. From the Server Manager screen, under Roles Summary, click Add Roles.
- 4. On the Before You Begin page of the Add Roles Wizard, click Next.
- 5. On the **Select Server Roles** page, select the following items:
  - · Application Server
  - Remote Desktop Services
  - Web Server (IIS)

When you select the **Application Server** role, a dialog box appears notifying you that additional features are required for the role. Click **Add Required Features** to ensure the additional services are installed. Click **Next** to proceed to the next page of the Add Roles Wizard.

- 6. On the Remote Desktop Services page, click Next.
- 7. On the Select Role Services page, select the Remote Desktop Session Host check box and click Next.
- 8. On the Uninstall and Reinstall Applications for Compatibility page, click Next.
- 9. On the Specify Authentication Method for Remote Desktop Session Host page, select Require Network Level Authentication and click Next.
- 10. On the Specify Licensing Mode page, select Per Device and click Next.

- 11. On the Select User Groups Allowed Access To This RD Session Host Server page, select the users or groups that will connect to the server and click Next.
- 12. On the Configure Client Experience page, click Next.
- 13. On the Application Server page, click Next.
- 14. On the Select Role Services page, select Web Server (IIS) Support.

**Note:** This role service is required for the primary server only. For the secondary server, no additional role services are required.

A dialog box appears notifying you that additional features are required for the role service.

- 15. Click Add Required Role Services to ensure the additional features are installed.
- 16. Click Next.
- 17. On the Web Server (IIS) page, click Next.
- 18. On the Select Role Services page, click Next to accept the default selections.
- On the Confirm Installation Selections page, verify the services you selected will be installed, and then click Install.
   A progress indicator appears while the services are installed on the server.
- 20. Click Close and then click Yes to let the Add Roles Wizard restart your computer.

After the server restarts, the Resume Configuration Wizard appears and finishes installing the server roles. Afterward, the wizard reports if the roles were installed successfully. Click **Close** to close the wizard.

## Web Interface System Requirements

The minimum system requirements for the Web Interface are shown below:

Server Hardware	Server Software
64-bit architecture-based computer with 1.4GHz or faster Intel or compatible processor, 512MB of RAM, and a hard	Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 Family (either Standard Edition or Enterprise Edition).
drive with at least 32GB of free space.	<b>Note:</b> Ensure the Microsoft operating system is adequately patched and updated.
Two Network Interface Cards (NIC).	<ul> <li>Internet Information Services (IIS) 7.5</li> <li>Visual J# .NET 2.0 Second Edition</li> </ul>

Server Hardware	Server Software	
	Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5 with Service Pack 1	
	<b>Note:</b> The .NET Framework and the Visual J# .NET redistributable files are included on the Citrix XenApp DVD-ROM in the Support folder.	
	Server authentication certificate stored in local computer account. IIS must be configured to use this certificate.	
	<b>Note:</b> A corresponding root certificate must be installed on each client.	
	Smart Card	
	Important: If configuring the deployment toallow users to log on using smart cards, the server running the Web Interface must be in the same domain as the servers running Citrix XenApp.	

#### Installing the Web Server Role

Before you install Web Interface, you must install the Web Server role on the server to host the Web Interface. This role installs services and features required by the Web Interface installation and configuration process.

- 1. Log on as an administrator.
- 2. Launch the Server Manager (Start>Administrative Tools>Server Manager). The Server Manager screen appears.
- 3. From the Server Role Manager screen, under Roles Summary, click Add Roles. The Add Roles Wizard appears.
- 4. On the Before You Begin page of the Add Roles Wizard, click Next.
- 5. On the Select Server Roles page, select the Web Server (IIS) check box.
- 6. On the Web Server (IIS) page, click Next.
- 7. On the **Select Role Services** page, click **Next** to accept the default selections.

- 8. On the Confirm Installation Selections page, verify the Web Server (IIS) role will be installed and click Install.
- 9. After the installation completes, click **Close**.

#### **Primary DNS Suffix**

Ensure the primary DNS suffix (Active Directory domain) or fully qualified DNS domain name (including the Active Directory domain) for the server is defined.

To verify correct configuration, check to see if a valid DNS suffix is present in the following registry key value data:

Caution: Editing the Registry incorrectly can cause serious problems that may require you to reinstall your operating system. Citrix cannot guarantee that problems resulting from the incorrect use of Registry Editor can be solved. Use Registry Editor at your own risk. Be sure to back up the registry before you edit it.

- Key: HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\Tcpip\Parameters
- · Value: Domain

#### To change the primary DNS suffix using Local Area Connection **Properties**

- 1. Select Start>Control Panel>Network and Internet>Network and Sharing Center>Local Area Connection.
- 2. In the General tab, click Properties. The Local Area Connection Properties dialog box appears.
- 3. Select Internet Protocol and then click Properties. The Internet Protocol Version Properties dialog box appears.
- 4. Click Advanced and then click the DNS tab. You can enter the new DNS suffix in the DNS suffix for this connection box.

#### Configuring Microsoft IIS to use the Server Certificate

You must configure Microsoft IIS to use the server certificate created for the Common Criteria evaluated deployment.

- 1. Launch the Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager (Start>All Programs>Administrative Tools>Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager).
- 2. From the Connections pane, expand the computer node, expand the Sites node, and then select Default Web Site.
- 3. Right-click **Default Web Site** and select **Edit Bindings**. The Site Bindings dialog box appears.

- Click Add.
   The Add Site Binding dialog box appears.
- 5. Under **Type**, select **https** and then, under **SSL Certificate**, select the required server certificate.
- 6. At the Add Site Binding dialog box, click OK.
- 7. At the Site Bindings dialog box, click Close.

## **Secure Gateway System Requirements**

The minimum system requirements for the Secure Gateway server are shown below:

Server Hardware	Server Software
Computer with 1.4GHz or faster Intel or compatible processor, 512MB of RAM, and a 10GB hard drive with at least 4GB of free space.	Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2.
	<b>Note:</b> Ensure the Microsoft operating system is adequately patched and updated.
	Server authentication certificate stored in local computer account. IIS must be configured to use this certificate.
	<b>Note:</b> A corresponding root certificate must beinstalled on each client.
Additional 150MB of available hard disk space.	
Two Network Interface Cards (NIC).	

**Note:** If the Secure Gateway cannot resolve the IP address of the primary server running Citrix XenApp using DNS, the hosts file must include an entry (IP address and FQDN) for the primary server.

## **User Device System Requirements**

The minimum system requirements for running the web plug-in on a user device are shown below:

Client Hardware	Client Software
<ul> <li>1GHz Pentium-compatible processor (32-bit or 64-bit)</li> <li>1GB RAM (32-bit) or 2GB RAM (64-bit)</li> <li>16GB of available disk space (32-bit) or 20GB of available disk space (64-bit)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Microsoft Windows 7 Ultimate</li> <li>Microsoft Windows Vista Ultimate</li> <li>Note: Ensure that the Microsoft Windows operating system is adequately patched and updated.</li> </ul>
	Note: Ensure that the Internet Explorer Web browser is adequately patched, including the security updates referenced in Microsoft Security Bulletins MS07-004 and MS07-016. Microsoft Internet Explorer must be configured for TLS 1.0 communication. See Configuring Microsoft Internet Explorer to use TLS 1.0.
Microsoft mouse or 100% compatible mouse.	Trusted root (CA) certificate(s) required to connect to the Web Interface and Secure Gateway servers.  Note: Corresponding server certificates are required on the servers running the Secure Gateway and Web Interface.
SVGA video adapter with color monitor.	Smart card.  If using smart cards: Smart card software including PC/SC software, Crytographic Service Provider (CSP) software, and smart card reader drivers. You may need to attach the smart card reader device to the client device during the PC/SC installation. See your smart card vendor-specific information for details.
Suitable network connection (for example, network interface card,	

Client Hardware	Client Software
modem, and so on). For further details, see section 3 of the <i>Online Plug-in for Windows</i> guide.	

## **IPSec Configuration**

As shown in the deployment diagrams, traffic within the private network and between the private network and the DMZ is secured using IPSec.

This section provides details for the IPSec configuration requirements. For details and procedural information, refer to the Microsoft documentation.

**Note:** Reverse lookup zones must be enabled in Active Directory integrated DNS for all subnets within the IPSec environment.

#### **Policy Settings Per Server**

Domain Controller and Smart Card Enrollment Station

Rule	Source address	Destinati on address	Protocol	Source port	Destinati on port	Action
All IP traffic	Any IP traffic	Any IP address	Any	Any	Any	Require security: AES/ SHA-1, certificat e authentic ation

#### Web Interface Policy

Rule	Source address	Destinati on address	Protocol	Source port	Destinati on port	Action
All TCP/ IP traffic on port 443	Any IP address	My IP Address	ТСР	Any	443	Permit

Rule	Source address	Destinati on address	Protocol	Source port	Destinati on port	Action
All IP traffic	Any IP Address	Any IP Address	Any	Any	Any	Require security: AES/ SHA-1, certificat e authentic ation

#### Secure Gateway Policy

Rule	Source address	Destinati on address	Protocol	Source port	Destinati on port	Action
STA traffic	My IP Address	IP Address of primary server	ТСР	Any	80	Require security: AES/ SHA-1, certificat e authentic ation
ICA traffic on port 1494 to primary server	My IP Address	IP Address of primary server	ТСР	Any	1494	Require security: AES/ SHA-1, certificat e authentic ation
ICA traffic on port 1494 to secondar y servers	My IP Address	IP Address of secondar y server	ТСР	Any	1494	Require security: AES/ SHA-1, certificat e authentic ation
All TCP/ IP traffic on port 443	Any IP address	My IP Address	ТСР	Any	443	Permit

Ru	le	Source address	Destinati on address	Protocol	Source port	Destinati on port	Action
All tra	IP ffic	Any IP address	Any IP address	Any	Any	Any	Block

#### Primary Server Policy

Rule	Source address	Destinati on address	Protocol	Source port	Destinati on port	Action
All IP traffic	Any IP address	Any IP address	Any	Any	Any	Require security: AES/ SHA-1, certificat e authentic ation

#### Secondary Servers Policy

Rule	Source address	Destinati on address	Protocol	Source port	Destinati on port	Action
All IP traffic	Any IP address	Any IP address	Any	Any	Any	Require security: AES/ SHA-1, certificat e authentic ation

## **Third Party Components**

The Common Criteria evaluated deployment comprises various third party components including firewalls, Web browsers, virus protection software, and smart cards.

**Note:** For detailed configuration details, see the relevant manufacturer's documentation.

#### **Firewalls**

As shown in the deployment diagram in Common Criteria Evaluated Deployment on page 12, two firewalls are required. Firewall 1 is located between the public network and the DMZ, Firewall 2 is located between the DMZ and the private network.

**Note:** For details concerning how to configure your firewalls, refer to the manufacturer's documentation.

#### Firewall 1 (Public Network/DMZ)

Firewall 1 must be configured to allow traffic between the user devices and the servers in the DMZ (Web Interface and Secure Gateway) on TCP port 443 only. The procedure to configure the firewall is dependent on your choice of firewall. The requirements are summarized below:

- Network address translation is used to map the external IP address for the Web Interface and external IP address for the Secure Gateway to the corresponding internal IP addresses
- Allow traffic only from the public network to the DMZ servers on TCP port 443
- Allow new connections to be established only from the public network to the DMZ

#### Firewall 2 (DMZ/Private Network)

Firewall 2 must be configured to allow IPSec and UDP traffic between the servers in the DMZ (Web Interface and Secure Gateway) and the primary and secondary servers in the private network.

The procedure to configure the firewall is dependent on your choice of firewall. The requirements are summarized below:

- Enable IPSec IP protocols 50 and 51
- Enable UDP on source port 500 and destination port 500
- Lock down traffic to allow the following connections only:
  - IP address of the Web Interface to/from the IP addresses of the secondary servers
  - IP address of the Web Interface to/from the IP address of the primary server
  - IP address of the Web Interface to/from the IP address of the domain controller
  - IP address of the Secure Gateway to/from the IP addresses of the secondary servers
  - IP address of the Secure Gateway to/from the IP address of the primary server

#### **Web Browsers**

A Web browser is required on the user device. The Web browser within the Common Criteria evaluated deployment is Microsoft Internet Explorer, Version 8.0.

#### **Virus Protection Software**

The computers hosting the following items must be configured with adequate antivirus software:

- Primary and secondary servers
- Web Interface
- Secure Gateway
- Web plug-in

Anti-virus software of your choice must be installed and configured within the evaluated deployment. The choice of anti-virus software may be dependent on your company's security policy.

## **Environment Assumptions**

This Common Criteria evaluated deployment environment assumes:

- Your organization has the following items in place for all components in the evaluated configuration:
  - · Authentication policies
  - · File protection settings
  - Secure configuration of any third-party software
- Your organization has policies in place that prevent users from disclosing their passwords.
- Applications are not streamed.
- Applications are published and configured such that they do not act in a malicious manner. These applications do not interact with other applications or maliciously affect published application data or configuration data. This includes maintaining the security state of the published applications according to the user's risk environment.
- Published applications are configured so that it is not possible to "break out" of applications and gain access to operating system functions or other applications. For instructions on how to prevent users from launching unauthorized applications, see Securing Executables with AppLocker on page 78.
- Only administrators have physical access to the server components included in the evaluated configuration.
- Only administrators have access to configuration data on server components of the evaluated configuration.
- User devices included in the evaluated configuration have only trusted third-party software installed. This software must be configured securely according to the risks in the operational environment.
- Secure cryptographic functions used to provide IPSec and TLS are FIPS 140-2 Level 1 compliant.
- Any keys and other secret data that are generated and stored outside the evaluated configuration are managed in accordance with the level of risk.

For details concerning these and other Common Criteria evaluated deployment environment assumptions, refer to the *Common Criteria Security Target for Citrix XenApp for Windows Server 2008 R2*. This document details assumptions such as the physical environment, the password policy used, and the rights and assumptions concerning the administrators.

## **Chapter 3**

## Installing the Citrix XenApp Components

#### **Topics:**

- Installing Citrix XenApp
- To download and install the web plug-in

This chapter explains how to install and configure XenApp in the Common Criteria evaluated deployment. XenApp and the required components are installed in the following order:

- 1. XenApp on the primary and secondary servers
- 2. The Web Interface
- 3. The Secure Gateway
- 4. The web plug-in

Each component is installed on a separate computer as shown in the deployment diagram in Common Criteria Evaluated Deployment on page 12.

**Important:** To ensure the evaluated configuration cannot be used until all components are ready, the Web Interface and Secure Gateway should not be enabled for use until all other components are in a stable state.

# Updates to Citrix Products Included in the Common Criteria Evaluated Configuration

Citrix will, from time to time, issue product updates which may correct flaws in the underlying software. Administrators should check with Citrix on a regular basis for these updates. Administrators may also opt to subscribe to proactive email alerts about product security vulnerabilities and their associated fixes. These alerts are sent out on a regular basis whenever new fixes are available. Administrators may contact and work with Citrix Support directly if they require additional support in obtaining and deploying any fix. More information about the email alerts system can be found at http://www.citrix.com.

## **Installing Citrix XenApp**

This section explains how to install XenApp on the primary server in the farm.

Review the XenApp Readme for late-breaking issues.

You must be in the Administrators group to install and configure the XenApp software. (Elevating your privilege to local administrator through User Account Control is not a substitute for Administrators group membership.)

Citrix does not recommend installing XenApp on a domain controller.

To ensure availability of the features and functionality of XenApp for Windows Server 2008 R2 to your users, install the most recent version of any plug-ins you use.

When installing roles or role components other than XenApp server, see the role documentation for details about information requested during installation and configuration.

**Note:** To prepare XenApp for server imaging and provisioning, you can use the XenApp Server Configuration Tool included on the XenApp 6 for Windows Server 2008 R2 installation media. However, the preparation process is streamlined and more effective if you use the updated XenApp Server Configuration Tool, which you can install on the server with CTX124981 (http://support.citrix.com/article/ctx124981) before installing the XenApp server role.

## Before Installing XenApp

- Verify the authenticity of the installation media as follows:
  - Compare the shipping details of the Citrix Order Shipment Confirmation email
    notification to the details of the shipped package. Ensure the shipper tracking
    number and the purchase order reference number on the package match the
    emailed details.
  - Upon opening the shipped package, compare the packing list with the materials
    included in the package. Ensure all the items listed are included and that
    component packaging, such as shrinkwrapped product boxes or sealed disk
    envelopes, is intact and free of tampering. Compare the part numbers listed with
    the included items and ensure they match.
- Review the installation process (wizard-based or command-line) to learn what information you must provide.
- Review the system requirements for the XenApp server and for other roles you plan to install.
  - Wizard-based installations include automatic installation of prerequisite software and required Windows roles.

- For command-line installations, you must install the prerequisite software and Windows roles before initiating XenApp installation. Citrix recommends deploying prerequisites using the Microsoft ServerManagerCmd.exe command or Powershell, which Microsoft provides for Windows operating system roles.
- Ensure the Microsoft Windows Server has the latest Microsoft hotfixes and that the operating system clock has the correct time.
- Prepare for Windows Multilingual User Interface (MUI) support, if needed. The Windows MUI Pack is supported only on the English edition of Windows. Users connecting to XenApp from non-English language plug-ins or agents see their environment and applications in the language that corresponds to their setting, provided the server operating system and applications support it, and the corresponding language packs are installed on the server. While XenApp supports Windows MUI, some XenApp components and features do not display in the non-English language. Follow this sequence:
  - a. Before you install XenApp, verify that the Windows Server language option is set to English. (Changing the language option after installing XenApp might cause display issues.) For information, see the Microsoft documentation.
  - b. Install the English version of XenApp.
  - c. Install the Windows MUI language packs you want to deliver to users, and install any applications required, MUI or native.
  - **Important:** By default, the XenApp server installation process creates install logs in the user's temporary directory (%TEMP%). On Windows Server 2008 R2 servers, the session's temporary directory is deleted by default when the server restarts. If you encounter problems during installation or want to preserve those log files, use one of the following options:
    - Copy the logs from the %TEMP% location to a safe place before the server restarts.
    - Before installing the XenApp server role, change your local computer policy to prevent deletion of the temporary directories.
      - i. Go to **Start>Run**, then type **gpedit.msc**.
      - ii. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Administrative
        Templates>Windows Components>Remote Desktop Services>Remote
        Desktop Session Host>Temporary folders.
      - iii. Verify that **Do not delete temp folder upon exit** is set.
      - iv. Restart the server.
    - For a command-line installation, use the /logfile:path option to specify an installation log file in a different directory.

## **Before Configuring XenApp**

- Review the configuration process (wizard-based or command-line) to learn what information you must provide.
  - Decide what to name the server farm.
  - Decide which user account should be initially granted full access to all server farm management tasks.
- If you plan to use the Configuration Logging feature and encrypt the data being logged, you must load the encryption key on servers that join the farm after configuring XenApp but before restarting the server.

When you add subsequent servers to the server farm, you run Setup on the servers and join the existing farm. When you join an existing server farm, you need the name of that server and the logon credentials of a user authorized to access the database.

## Installing Citrix License Server and Citrix XenApp on the Primary Server

In the Common Criteria evaluated deployment, the primary server hosts the Citrix License Server. The Citrix License Server must be installed on the primary server in addition to the XenApp server, and the appropriate license files must be installed.

#### **Assigning Farm Administrator Credentials**

Citrix administrators manage XenApp server farms. When you install the first server in a new server farm, you specify an initial farm administrator. This user account is automatically configured as a Citrix administrator with full administration rights to all farm management tasks in the Delivery Services Console.

To give other user accounts access to the console, an administrator with full administration rights logs on to the console and creates other administrator accounts.

You can create administrator accounts with various permission levels. However, within this guide and the Common Criteria evaluated deployment, it is assumed that all administrators have the same (full) administration rights. For more information about creating administrator accounts and assigning farm permissions, see section 2 of the *Citrix XenApp Administration* guide.

#### To install Citrix XenApp on the primary server

- 1. Ensure you are logged on to the primary server as a domain administrator and exit all applications.
- 2. Insert the Citrix XenApp for Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 DVD in the primary server's DVD-ROM drive. The Citrix XenApp autorun screen appears.

3. Select Install XenApp Server.

The Server Role Manager launches and checks if any prerequisites and roles are already installed.

- 4. From the Server Role Manager screen, click Add server roles.
- 5. Select Platinum Edition.
- 6. Accept the End User License Agreement.
- 7. On the Choose XenApp roles page, select the following roles:
  - · License Server
  - XenApp

Click Next.

The Choose role subcomponents page appears.

8. Under XenApp>Optional Components, select XML Service IIS Integration and then click Next.

The Citrix online plug-in and Citrix offline plug-in are installed automatically when you install the XenApp role. These plug-ins do not appear in the components lists, and you cannot disable these installations during a wizard-based installation.

- 9. Review the prerequisites summary and then click Next.
- 10. Review the **Ready to install** summary, which lists the selected roles and subcomponents to be installed or prepared, and then click **Install**. A display indicates installation progress and the result.

**Important:** When installing the XenApp role, the IMA Service is not started, nor are any configuration options set, such as creating or joining a farm and data store database information.

After the installation result displays and you click **Finish**, the Server Configuration Task list appears. Under **XenApp**, click **Configure** to begin the server configuration process.

#### To configure Citrix XenApp on the primary server

- 1. In the Server Role Manager task list, under **XenApp**, click **Configure**. The Server Configuration Tool launches.
- 2. Choose Create a new server farm.
- 3. On the **Enter basic Information about the new server farm** page, supply the following information:
  - Enter a farm name. Farm names can be up to 32 characters and can include spaces.
  - Specify the domain and username for a user who will be the first Citrix administrator. The administrator has full permissions to the farm and can create additional administrator accounts.

#### Click Next.

- 4. On the Enter Citrix License Server information page, enter the fully qualified address of this server, the one on which you have just installed the license server. Leave the default port at 27000 and click Next.
- 5. On the Choose a database for the new server farm page, select New database. This installs SQL Server Express 2008 as the data store database type.
- On the Enter database credentials and test database connection page, specify
  the database credentials. Specify the user name in the form <DBMACHINE>\<USER>
  or <DOMAIN>\<USER>.

SQL Server Express requires an existing Windows account, but it does not need to be a server or system administrator. The XenApp Server Configuration tool adds two database administrators to SQL Server Express: (local)\administrators and the supplied credentials for the local or domain user.

#### Click Next.

- 7. On the Configure shadowing page, select Prohibit shadowing of user session on this server and click Next.
- 8. On the **Specify advanced server settings** page, click **Next** to accept the default settings for Zone, XML Service, Online plug-in, and Remote Desktop Users.
- 9. On the **Ready to configure** page, review the configuration information you specified and then click **Apply.**
- 10. After configuration completes, click Finish.

Before clicking **Reboot**, configure the License Server.

#### To configure the license server

- 1. Return to Citrix XenApp 6 for Windows Server 2008 R2 autorun screen, and in the Server Configuration Task list, under **License Server**, click **Configure**.
- 2. In the License Server Configuration tool, set your administrator password for your license server. Do not change any of the other default settings. Click **OK**.

After setting the administrator password and completing the remaining Server Configuration tasks, obtain and add your license file to your license server according to section 2.5 of the *Citrix Licensing 11.6.1* guide.

After configuring the license server, restart the primary server and perform the following tasks:

- Secure the Secure Ticket Authority and XML Service.
- Ensure the SQL Server Express database can communicate with the secondary server.
- Disable certain XenApp features using policies. See Disabling XenApp Features with Policies on page 75 for instructions.

#### Securing the Secure Ticket Authority and XML Service

Following the installation and configuration of XenApp on the primary server, you must change the default directory in which the STA logs are stored, so that unauthorized users cannot view STA logs. You must also restrict access to the STA and specify a log directory for the STA.

Before you begin this procedure, you must know the IP addresses for the servers on which you want to install the Secure Gateway and the Web Interface.

#### To change the STA log directory

- 1. Create a new directory, %systemdrive%\stalog.
- 2. Open the file CtxSta.config, which is stored in %systemdrive%\Inetpub\Scripts. Amend the LogDir line in the file to read:

```
LogDir=C:\stalog\
where C:\ = %systemdrive%\
```

3. Save the changes and close the file.

#### To restrict access to the STA and XML service

This procedure requires that the IP Address and Domain Restrictions role service be installed on the primary server. This role service is enabled when the Web Server (IIS) Support service is added, during configuration of the Application Server role. See Installing the Server Roles on page 17 for more information.

- 1. Launch the Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager (Start>Administrative Tools>Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager).
- 2. From the **Connections** pane, expand the primary server computer name (local computer) node and select **Sites>Default Web Site>Scripts**.
- 3. In the middle pane, under IIS, double-click IP Address and Domain Name Restrictions.
  - The IP Address and Domain Name Restrictions page appears in the middle pane.
- From the Actions pane, click Edit Feature Settings.
   The Edit IP and Domain Restrictions Settings dialog box appears.
- 5. In the Access for unspecified clients drop-down list, select Deny and click OK. You are returned to the IP Address and Domain Restrictions page of the Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager.
- 6. From the Actions pane, click Add Allow Entry.
- 7. At the Add Allow Restriction Rule dialog box, select Specific IP address and enter the IP address for the Web Interface server. Click OK. You are returned to the IP Address and Domain Restrictions page of the Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager.
- 8. From the Actions pane, click Add Allow Entry.

- 9. At the Add Allow Restriction Rule dialog box, select Specific IP address and enter the IP address for the Secure Gateway server. Click OK.
- 10. Close the Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager window.

Following the configuration of the STA, you can add more servers to the farm according to the procedures described in Installing Citrix XenApp on the Secondary Servers on page 36.

## To enable communication between SQL Server Express and the secondary servers

- Launch the SQL Server Configuration Manager (Start>Microsoft SQL Server 2008>Configuration Tools>SQL Server Configuration Manager).
   The Sql Server Configuration Manager window appears.
- 2. In the left pane, expand the SQL Server Network Configuration (32bit) node and then select the Protocols for CITRIX\_METAFRAME node.
- 3. In the right pane, right-click TCP/IP and select Properties. The TCP/IP Properties dialog box appears.
- 4. On the **IP Addresses** tab, locate the entry for the static IPv4 Ethernet setting on the server's primary network adapter.
- 5. In **Enabled**, select **Yes**.
- 6. In TCP Dynamic Ports, clear all values.
- 7. In TCP Port, enter 1434.
- 8. Scroll down to the IPAII entry and clear the values in TCP Dynamic Ports.
- 9. In TCP Port, enter 1434.
- 10. Click **OK**.

  A warning message appears. Click **OK**.
- 11. In the left pane of the **Sql Server Configuration Manager** window, select the **SQL Server Services** node.
- 12. In the right pane, right-click SQL Server (CITRIX\_METAFRAME) and select Restart.
- 13. Close the Sql Server Configuration Manager window.

## Installing Citrix XenApp on the Secondary Servers

This section explains how to install Citrix XenApp on the secondary servers in the farm.

In the Common Criteria evaluated deployment, the secondary servers in the farm require XenApp only. The procedure to add more secondary servers to the farm is similar to the procedure to creating the primary server. However, you do not need to enter the farm details, install the License Server, or create the database.

The SQL Server Express database is created when you install the primary server in the farm. Additional servers connect to the first server using TCP port 2512. If you want to use another port, see sections 6.8.1 and 10.11 of the *Citrix XenApp Administration* guide.

When you add subsequent secondary servers to the server farm, you run autorun on the servers and join the existing farm. When you join an existing server farm, you need the FQDN and the farm administrator credentials, as you specified during the installation of the primary server. After you join the farm, you ensure the port used on the secondary servers is static by configuring the file DSN for the datastore.

XenApp autorun installs the Secure Ticket Authority (STA) and the XML Service automatically on all servers. However, the primary server is the only server in the farm with the STA and XML Service enabled. On the secondary servers, the STA and XML Service must be disabled by blocking traffic on port 80. This is achieved by creating a security policy that specifies only the ports required to be opened for the evaluated configuration and closing all others. For information about these ports, see the **Network Security Rules** section of Windows Server 2008 R2 Security Configuration Wizard on page 60.

#### To install XenApp on secondary servers

- 1. Ensure you are logged on to the secondary server as a domain administrator and exit all applications.
- 2. Insert the Citrix XenApp 6 for Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 DVD in the secondary server's DVD-ROM drive. The XenApp setup screen appears.
- 3. Click Install XenApp Server. The Server Role Manager launches and checks if any roles are already installed.
- 4. Click Add server roles.
- 5. Click Platinum Edition.
- 6. Accept the license agreement.
- 7. On the **Choose XenApp roles** page, choose only **XenApp**.
- 8. On the Choose role subcomponents page, ensure XML Service IIS Integration is selected.
- 9. Review the prerequisites summary, which indicates software that is automatically installed for XenApp Management.
- 10. Review the **Ready to install** summary and click **Install**. A display indicates installation progress and the result.

**Important:** When installing the XenApp role, the IMA Service is not started, nor are any configuration options set, such as creating or joining a farm and data store database information.

After the installation result displays, click **Finish**. The Server Configuration Tasks list appears, allowing you to proceed with joining the server to the XenApp farm.

#### To join secondary servers to the XenApp farm

- 1. In the Server Configuration Tasks list, click **Configure**. The Server Configuration Tool launches.
- 2. Click Join an existing farm.
- 3. On the Choose a database page, ensure Existing Microsoft SQL Server Express database is selected, then click Next.
- 4. On the Configure the connection to the existing server farm page, type only the name of your primary XenApp server (not the FQDN) and then click Next. Enter the database credentials you used when you installed the primary XenApp server.
- 5. On the Enter database credentials and test database connection page, click Test Connection.
  - If you see the message Test Completed Successfully, click OK and then click Next.
  - If you do not see the message **Test Completed Successfully**, ensure your primary server is online and test again.
- 6. On the **Shadowing** page, select **Prohibit shadowing of user session on this server** and click **Next**.
- 7. On the Specify advanced server settings page, ensure the Use the global farm settings for the license server setting is selected and then click Next.
- 8. Review the Ready to configure summary page and then click Apply.
- 9. After configuration completes, click **Finish**. You are returned to the Server Configuration Tasks list.
- 10. On the Server Configuration Tasks list, click **Reboot** and restart the server.

After the server restarts, log on as an administrator and perform the following tasks:

- Configure the file DSN for the farm data store. See To configure the data store DSN on page 39 for instructions.
- Ensure the STA and XML Service, installed by default on the secondary servers, are
  disabled by blocking traffic on port 80. This is achieved by creating a security policy
  that specifies only the ports required to be opened for the evaluated configuration
  and closing all others. For information about these ports, see the Network Security
  Rules section of Windows Server 2008 R2 Security Configuration Wizard on page
- Disable certain XenApp features using policies. See Disabling XenApp Features with Policies on page 75 for instructions.

#### To configure the data store DSN

- 1. Launch the ODBC Data Source Administrator (Start>All Programs>Administrative Tools>Data Sources (ODBC)).
  - The **ODBC Data Source Administrator** window appears.
- 2. On the File DSN tab, navigate to the %SYSTEMDRIVE%\Program Files (x86)\Citrix\Independent Management Architecture folder.
- Select the mf20 file and click Configure.
   The Microsoft SQL Server DSN Configuration wizard appears.
- 4. On the first page of the wizard, accept the default values and click Next.
- 5. Click Client Configuration.
  The Add Network Library Configuration window appears
- 6. Clear the **Dynamically determine port** check box and, in the **Port number box**, enter **1434** Click **OK** to return to the wizard.
- 7. Click Next and then click Next again.
- 8. Click Finish.
  - The ODBC Microsoft SQL Server Setup dialog box appears.
- Click Test Data Source.The test completes successfully.
- 10. Click **OK** to close the confirmation message box.
- 11. Click OK to close the ODBC Microsoft SQL Server Setup dialog box.
- 12. Click OK to close the ODBC Data Source Administrator window.
- 13. Launch the Services console (Start>All Programs>Administrative Tools>Services).
- 14. Right-click the Citrix Independent Management Architecture service and select Restart.
- 15. Close the Services console.

# Installing the Microsoft File Checksum Integrity Verifier Utility

Before you install the Web Interface or web plug-in components on computers in the evaluated configuration, download and install the Microsoft File Checksum Integrity Verifier utility according to the instructions in Microsoft KB article 841290 (http://support.microsoft.com/kb/841290). Citrix recommends using this tool to verify the MD5 checksums that accompany these components. Before you install the utility, be sure to check the digital signature of the downloaded file to verify its integrity.

Perform this procedure on the following computers in the evaluated configuration:

Web Interface server

- User device
- 1. Ensure you are logged onto the computer as an administrator and exit all applications.
- In Windows Explorer, create a new folder called FCIV in which to store the downloaded utility.
- Launch Internet Explorer and navigate to Microsoft KB article 841290 (http://support.microsoft.com/kb/841290).
- 4. Scroll down to the Introduction section and, under Installation, click Download the File Checksum Integrity Verifier utility now.

  The File Download dialog box appears, prompting you to run the package installer or save the file.
- 5. Click Save and then select the FCIV folder you created.
- 6. When the download finishes, close the File Download dialog box, if open.
- 7. To verify the digital signature of the downloaded file, perform the following actions:
  - a. In Windows Explorer, in the FCIV folder, right-click the file Windows-KB841290-x86-ENU.exe and then click Properties.
     The Properties dialog box appears.
  - b. Click the **Digital Signatures** tab and then click **Details** to verify the file's digital signature information.
  - c. When you are finished verifying the digital signature, click **OK** and then click **OK** again.
- 8. In Windows Explorer, in the FCIV folder, double-click the Windows-KB841290-x86-ENU.exe file to begin installation.
- Click Run and then click Yes to accept the license agreement.
   The installer prompts you to select a location for the extracted files.
- Click Browse, select the FCIV folder, and then click OK.
   When the installer is finished, a message appears to indicate the extraction is complete. Click OK.

After you install the Microsoft File Checksum Integrity Verifier utility, you can download and install the Web Interface and web plug-in components.

## Installing Web Interface

#### **Installation Overview**

The evaluated configuration includes Web Interface 5.4. This component is available as a secure download from the Citrix Web site. Before installing the Web Interface, note the following prerequisites:

 If smart cards are used, the Web Interface must be in the same domain as the smart card enrollment station

- The server and root certificate must be installed on the server running the Web Interface
- The FQDN of the server running the Web Interface must match the FQDN that appears in the subject box of the server certificate installed on this computer
- Install the Web Server (IIS) server role, which includes Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) and ASP.NET services, on the server running the Web Interface

**Note:** For further information concerning the Web Interface and the installation options, see the *Web Interface Administration* guide.

#### Installing the Web Interface Management Console

The installation of the Web Interface requires installing the Web Interface Management console so that you can administer the sites running under the Web Interface. The Web Interface Management console snaps into the Microsoft Management Console (MMC) and provides a central location to easily manage your deployment. The Web Interface Management console is installed automatically when you install the Web Interface.

#### To download and install the Web Interface

Before you install Citrix Web Interface 5.4, download and install the Microsoft File Checksum Integrity Verifier utility. Citrix recommends using this tool to verify the MD5 checksum that accompanies the Web Interface package. For instructions on downloading and installing the File Checksum Integrity Verifier utility, see Installing the Microsoft File Checksum Integrity Verifier Utility on page 39.

Additionally, Web Interface 5.4 is available as a secure download from the Citrix Web site. To access the secure downloads area, be sure you have your My Citrix credentials handy.

- 1. Ensure you are logged on to the server as an administrator and exit all applications.
- 2. Launch Internet Explorer and navigate to the Citrix Downloads page (http://www.citrix.com/English/ss/downloads/index.asp).
- 3. In the My Citrix panel on the left side of the page, enter your My Citrix credentials and click Log In.
  - The Citrix Downloads page displays the My Tools panel and the address bar displays the HTTPS URL, indicating you have entered a secure area.
- 4. To verify the identity of the Web site, click the lock icon next to the address bar. A security report appears, identifying the Web site and verifying the connection to the server is encrypted.
- 5. Navigate to the download page for the Web Interface 5.4 component (https://www.citrix.com/English/ss/downloads/details.asp?downloadId=2305426).
- 6. Locate the **Web Interface 5.4 for Windows** component and then click **Download**. The **Download Agreement** displays in a separate window.

- 7. Select the checkbox to indicate your acceptance of the agreement and then click **Accept**.
  - The Citrix Download Manager appears. Click **Click to download your file now** to begin the download.
- 8. If the Download Manager browser add-on is not already installed on the server, perform the following actions:
  - a. On the **Download Manager** window, click the Information Bar and then click **Install This Add-on for All Users on This Computer**.
  - b. Click **Click to download your file now** and then click **Install** to install the Download Manager component.
- 9. Select a location (e.g., C:\Downloads) to save the Web Interface package and then click Save.
  - When the download finishes, click **Exit** and then click **Yes** to close the **Download Manager** window.
- 10. To verify the download, perform the following actions:
  - a. Locate the file WebInterface.exe that you just downloaded.
  - b. Open a command prompt and type the following string:

```
C:\FCIV\fciv.exe C:\path\to\WebInterface.exe
```

where  $C: \path \to \$  is the file location of the Web Interface package; for example, C:\Downloads\WebInterface.exe.

The File Checksum Integrity Verifier utility generates an MD5 checksum and displays it in the **Command Prompt** window.

- 11. Compare the generated value with the MD5 checksum posted on the My Citrix download page to verify the integrity of the download.
- 12. After verifying the download, double-click the file to begin installation.

  After the installation finishes, a message appears, indicating the Web Interface has been installed successfully. Click **Finish** to close this message.

### To configure the Web Interface

- 1. From the Start menu, click All Programs>Citrix>Management Consoles>Citrix Web Interface Management Console.
  - The Citrix Web Interface Management console appears.
- 2. In the Actions pane, click **Create Site**. The **Create Site** dialog box appears.
- 3. On the **Select Site Type** page, select **XenApp Web**, and click **Next**.
- 4. On the Specify IIS Location page, leave the default values and click Next.
- 5. On the **Specify Point of Authentication** page, accept the default values and click **Next**.
- 6. On the Confirm Settings for New Site page, click Next.

A progress bar appears as the wizard creates a site.

- 7. When the site is successfully created, ensure the **Configure this site now** check box is selected and click **Next**.
- 8. On the **Specify Server Farm** page, type the name of your farm in the **Farm name** box and click **Add**. The farm name must be the same as the farm name that you specified when you installed XenApp.
- 9. In the Add Server dialog box that appears, type the FQDN of the primary server and click OK.
- 10. On the **Specify Server Farm** page, do not change the values for **XML Service port** or **Transport type**. Click **Next**.
- 11. On the Configure Authentication Methods page, accept the default values and click Next.
- On the Domain Restriction page, ensure Allow any domains is selected and click Next.
- 13. On the Specify Logon Appearance page, select Full and then click Next.
- 14. On the **Select Published Resource Type** page, ensure **Online** is selected and then click **Next.**
- 15. On the **Confirm Settings** page, click **Finish**. The new site is listed in the Site Summary of the Web Interface Management Console.

If you configure the Web Interface site for explicit authentication, ensure that users are not allowed to change their logon passwords through the Web Interface site. For instructions, see Enabling Explicit Authentication on page 54.

# **Installing Secure Gateway**

Installing the Secure Gateway requires performing the following tasks:

- Installing the server prerequisites
- Installing the Secure Gateway
- Configuring the Secure Gateway server after finishing installation

Configuration wizards for each Secure Gateway component are launched when installation is complete. Each configuration wizard guides you through configuration tasks and provides context-sensitive help describing the task and values you need to enter.

### **Prerequisites**

A server authentication and root certificate must be installed on the server.

**Note:** The Secure Gateway is designed to discover and verify the existence of the other Secure Gateway components during configuration. When you configure the Secure Gateway, a check is performed to verify that the primary server running the STA is functional. If a required component is not found, the Secure Gateway Service

may fail to start. It is, therefore, important to follow the recommended installation sequence, as documented in this chapter.

#### To install the Secure Gateway

- 1. Ensure you are logged on to the server as an administrator and exit all applications.
- 2. Insert the Citrix XenApp for Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 DVD into the server's DVD-ROM drive. The Citrix XenApp autorun screen appears.
- 3. Select **Install XenApp Server**. The Server Role Manager launches and checks if any roles are already installed.
- 4. Select Add Server Roles.
- 5. Select Platinum Edition.
- 6. Accept the End User License Agreement.
- 7. On the Choose XenApp Roles page, select Secure Gateway and click Next. The Choose role subcomponents page appears.
- 8. Click Next.
- Review the Ready to install summary and click Install.A display indicates installation progress and the result.
- 10. After the installation result appears, click **Finish**. The Server Configuration Tasks list appears.
- 11. From the Server Configuration Tasks list, under Secure Gateway, click Install.
- 12. On the Welcome to the Secure Gateway 3.2 Setup page, click Next.
- 13. On the License Agreement page, read the agreement, select I accept the license agreement and click Next.
- On the Installation Mode page, ensure that Secure Gateway is selected and click Next.
- 15. On the **Destination Folder** page, accept the default settings (C:\Program Files (x86)\Citrix\Secure Gateway\) and click **Next**.
- 16. On the Service Account page, in the Account box, select NETWORK SERVICE. The Password box becomes unavailable.
- 17. Click Next.
- 18. On the Ready to Install the Secure Gateway page, click Next. An Updating System screen appears while the installation of Secure Gateway finishes.
- 19. On the Secure Gateway has been successfully installed page, click Finish. The Launch Secure Gateway Configuration Wizard dialog box appears.

At the Launch Secure Gateway Configuration Wizard dialog box, click OK to begin the server configuration process.

#### To configure the Secure Gateway

- 1. On the Welcome to the Secure Gateway Configuration wizard page, click OK.
- 2. On the **Secure Gateway configuration level** page, select **Advanced** and click **Next**.
- 3. On the **Select a server certificate** page, select the server certificate to be used by the Secure Gateway and click **Next**.
- 4. On the Configure secure protocol settings page, perform the following actions:
  - a. Select the following options:
    - Transport Layer Security (TLSv1)
    - GOV
  - b. Click Next.
- 5. On the Configure inbound client connections page, perform the following actions:
  - a. Ensure the Monitor all IPv4 addresses box is selected.
  - b. Leave the TCP port box set to 443.
  - c. Click Next.
- 6. On the **Configure outbound connections** page, ensure that **No outbound traffic restrictions** is selected and click **Next**.
- 7. On the Servers running the STA page, click Add.
- 8. At the Secure Ticket Authority (STA) details dialog box, perform the following actions:
  - a. Type the FQDN of the primary server in the FQDN box.
  - b. Leave the Path box value set to /Scripts/CtxSTA.dll.
  - c. Leave the Use default check box selected.
  - d. Click OK.

A connection is made to the primary server running the STA and the dialog box closes. The **Servers running the STA** page updates with an Identifier and the FQDN of the primary server. Click **Next**.

- 9. On the Connection parameters page, ensure the No connection timeout and Unlimited check boxes are not selected and click Next.
- 10. On the Logging exclusions page, click Next.
- 11. On the **Details of the server running the Web Interface** page, in the **Access options** section, click **Direct** then click **Next**.
- 12. On the **Logging parameters** page, ensure that **Warning, error, and fatal events** is selected and click **Next**.

13. On the Secure Gateway configuration complete page, ensure the Restart Secure Gateway check box is selected and click Finish.

The Secure Gateway configuration complete page closes.

# To download and install the web plug-in

Before you install the web plug-in, download and install the Microsoft File Checksum Integrity Verifier utility. Citrix recommends using this tool to verify the MD5 checksum that accompanies the web plug-in package. For instructions on downloading and installing this utility, see Installing the Microsoft File Checksum Integrity Verifier Utility on page 39.

Additionally, the web plug-in is available as a secure download from the Citrix Web site. To access the secure downloads area, be sure you have your My Citrix credentials handy.

- 1. Ensure you are logged onto the user device as administrator and exit all applications.
- 2. Launch Internet Explorer and navigate to the Citrix Downloads page (http://www.citrix.com/English/ss/downloads/index.asp).
- 3. In the My Citrix panel on the left side of the page, enter your My Citrix credentials and click Log In.
  - The Citrix Downloads page displays the My Tools panel and the address bar displays the HTTPS URL, indicating you have entered a secure area.
- 4. To verify the identity of the Web site, click the lock icon next to the address bar. A security report appears, identifying the Web site and verifying the connection to the server is encrypted.
- 5. Navigate to the download page for the Online Plug-in 12.1 component (http://www.citrix.com/English/ss/downloads/details.asp?downloadId=2305087&productId=186&c1=sot2755).

**Note:** You must be logged in to My Citrix in order to access the download page.

- 6. Locate the Citrix Online plug-in Web component and then click Download. The Download Manager appears in a separate window.
- 7. Click Click to download your file now.
- 8. If the Download Manager browser add-on is not already installed on the user device, perform the following actions:
  - a. On the **Download Manager** window, click the Information Bar and then click **Install This Add-on for All Users on This Computer**.
  - b. Click **Click to download your file now** and then click **Install** to install the Download Manager component.
- 9. Select a location (e.g., C:\Downloads) to save the web plug-in package and then click **Save**.

When the download finishes, click **Exit** and then click **Yes** to close the **Download Manager** window.

- 10. To verify the download, perform the following actions:
  - a. Locate the file CitrixOnlinePluginWeb.exe that you just downloaded.
  - b. Open a command prompt and type the following string:

```
C:\FCIV\fciv.exe C:\path\to\CitrixOnlinePluginWeb.exe
```

where  $C: \path \to \$  is the file location of the web plug-in package; for example, C:\Downloads\CitrixOnlinePluginWeb.exe.

The File Checksum Integrity Verifier utility generates an MD5 checksum and displays it in the **Command Prompt** window.

- 11. Compare the generated value with the MD5 checksum posted on the My Citrix download page to verify the integrity of the download.
- 12. After verifying the download, double-click **CitrixOnlinePluginWeb.exe** to begin installation.
  - When the web plug-in is installed, a message appears, indicating the plug-in has been installed successfully. Click **OK** to close this message.

# **Chapter 4**

# Configuring Citrix XenApp

## **Topics:**

- Configuring the Servers Running Citrix XenApp
- · Configuring the Web Interface
- Installing Single Sign-on Components

This chapter describes how to configure the Common Criteria evaluated deployment. For further details concerning the procedures and products, see the relevant administrator's guides.

# Configuring the Servers Running Citrix XenApp

This section describes how to configure the primary and secondary servers running Citrix XenApp. Configuring these servers requires that you perform the following set up and configuration tasks:

- Configure and run discovery in the Delivery Services Console
- Publish applications
- Remove or disable unnecessary Citrix user accounts
- Prevent users from launching unauthorized applications
- Disable redirection of client devices, audio, COM & LPT ports, virtual channels, and default printing.

The last three configurations are for security purposes. Citrix assumes that you will perform these tasks as part of your Common Criteria evaluated deployment.

This evaluated deployment includes a procedure for Removing and Disabling Citrix User Accounts on page 85. During XenApp installation, several anonymous user accounts and two generic Citrix accounts are created. This deployment requires that the anonymous accounts be removed and the generic Citrix accounts be disabled on both XenApp servers.

This evaluated deployment also includes a procedure for Securing Executables with AppLocker on page 78. This procedure stops users from launching unauthorized applications during a XenApp session. For more information, see the Common Criteria Security Target for Citrix XenApp for Windows Server 2008 R2.

Finally, this evaluated deployment also includes a procedure for Disabling XenApp Features with Policies on page 75. As this procedure involves applying a XenApp policy to the primary and secondary servers through Group Policy, you can perform this procedure as you are configuring the group policy for the deployment.

**Note:** The Common Criteria evaluated deployment covers only the publishing of applications and not the publishing of desktops, content, or streaming applications.

# **Running Discovery**

After you start the Delivery Services Console, but before you can use it to manage the items in your deployment, you must configure and run discovery. Discovery is an important console operation that checks for items (such as devices or applications) that were added to or removed from your Citrix environment. Appropriate changes are then made to the console tree.

You must configure and run discovery on either the primary or secondary server before you can publish applications.

#### To run Discovery using the Delivery Services Console

- 1. Ensure you are logged on to the server as a domain administrator.
- Open the Delivery Services Console (Start > All Programs > Citrix > Management Consoles > Delivery Services Console).
   The Initializing the Citrix Delivery Services Console progress dialog box appears and then the Configure and run discovery wizard appears.
- On the Welcome page, select the Skip this screen in future check box and click Next.
- 4. On the **Select Products or Components** page, ensure only the following products or components selected:
  - Citrix Resources
  - Citrix XenApp

Click Next.

- 5. On the Select Servers page, click Add Local Computer and click Next.
- 6. On the **Preview Discovery** page, click **Next**.

  The **Discovery Progress** wizard screen appears displaying a **Discovering** progress bar.
- 7. When the **Discovery Progress** page displays a **Discovery completed** message, click **Finish**. The **Configure and run discovery** wizard closes.

After running discovery, you can publish applications.

# **Publishing Applications**

This section provides an overview of how to publish applications using default options. For detailed instructions and a description of the options, see section 3.1.2 of the *Citrix XenApp Administration* guide.

### To publish an application

- 1. Verify the location of the application you want to publish.
- 2. In the left pane of the console, select Citrix Delivery Services Console > Citrix Resources > XenApp, then expand and select the node of your farm name.
- 3. Select the **Applications** node and, from the **Actions** pane, select **Publish application**. The **Publish Application** wizard opens.
- 4. On the **Welcome** page, select the **Skip this screen in the future** check box and click **Next**.
- 5. On the Name page, enter the Display name and Application description for the published application and click Next.
- 6. On the **Type** page, perform the following actions:

- a. In the Choose the type of application to publish section, leave the Application option selected.
- In the Application type section, leave the Accessed from a server option selected.
- c. Click Next.
- 7. On the Location page, perform the following actions:
  - a. In the **Command line** area, click **Browse** and then locate the executable file (.exe) for the application you want to publish. Select the executable file and then click **Open**.

The path to the executable appears in the **Command line** box and a path for the default working directory automatically appears in the **Working directory** box. Leave the path that appears in the **Working directory** box unedited.

- b. Click Next.
- 8. On the Servers page, click Add.
- In the Select Servers dialog box, select the server(s) to which you want to publish the application. Click Add and then click OK.
   You are returned to the Servers page. Click Next.
- 10. On the **Users** page, perform the following actions:
  - a. Leave the Allow only configured users option selected.
  - b. Leave the Select directory type drop-down list set to Citrix User Selector.
  - c. Click Add.
    - The **Select Users or Groups** dialog box appears.
  - d. Select your account authority, in this case the Windows Server 2008 Active Directory domain you created for this environment, from the **Look in** dropdown list. If prompted, enter your administrator credentials to connect to the account authority.

**Note:** When you select an account authority, the user accounts that are part of the selected authority appear in the window below the drop-down list. By default, only user groups appear.

- e. Select the Show users check box.
- f. Double-click the **Users** group, select the users you want to add, if applicable, and click **Add**. Click **OK**.

The user accounts you select are listed in the **Configured users** list on the **Users** page.

- 11. On the Users page, click Next.
- 12. On the Shortcut presentation page, click Next.
- 13. On the Publish immediately page, click Finish.
- 14. Close the Citrix Delivery Services Console window.

#### To remove a published application

- 1. In the left pane of the Delivery Services Console, select the **Applications** node.
- 2. In the middle pane of the console, select the published application you want to remove.
- From the Actions pane, click Delete application.
   A warning message appears, asking you to confirm removal of the selected application. Click Yes.
- 4. Close the Citrix Delivery Console window.

# **Configuring the Web Interface**

The Common Criteria evaluated deployment can be configured to allow users to log on to Citrix XenApp using either explicit credentials (user name and password) or smart card.

Do not configure the Common Criteria evaluated deployment to allow a mix of authentication methods. Users must log on using explicit credentials or smart card.

This section describes how to configure both authentication options as well as how to enable support for the Secure Gateway.

## **Enabling Smart Card Authentication**

You must ensure the Windows Directory Service Mapper is enabled on the computer running the Web Interface. Web Interface authentication uses Windows domain accounts; that is, user name and password credentials. However, certificates are stored on smart cards as User Principal Names (UPNs). The Directory Service Mapper uses Windows Active Directory to map a UPN to a Windows domain account.

## To enable the Windows Directory Service Mapper on IIS

Before performing this task, ensure the IIS Client Certificate Mapping Authentication role service is not installed for the Web Server (IIS) role.

- 1. Ensure you are logged on to the server running the Web Interface as a domain administrator.
- Launch the Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager (Start > All Programs >
  Administrative Tools > Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager).
   The Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager window appears.
- 3. From the Connections pane, expand the *computer name* (local computer) node, expand the Sites node, and then select Default Web Site.
- 4. From the middle pane, under the IIS section, double-click Authentication.
- 5. On the **Authentication** page, enable the following authentication methods:
  - Active Directory Client Certificate Authentication

- · Anonymous Authentication
- Windows Authentication
- 6. Close the Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager window.

#### To enable users to authenticate using smart cards

- 1. Ensure you are logged on to the server running the Web Interface as a domain administrator.
- 2. Start the Web Interface Management console (Start > All Programs > Citrix > Management Consoles > Citrix Web Interface Management Console).
- 3. In the middle pane, under Site Summary, select the XenApp Web site (https:// FQDN of Web Interface/Citrix/Name of XenApp Web Site).
- 4. In the Actions pane, click Configure site.
- 5. In the Actions pane, click Authentication Methods.
- 6. At the Configure Authentication Methods dialog box:
  - a. Clear the Explicit check box.
  - b. Click the **Smart card** check box to allow users to authenticate to the Web Interface using a smart card.
  - c. Click OK.
- 7. Close the Citrix Web Interface Management window.

## **Enabling Explicit Authentication**

By default, users are required to log on explicitly to the Web Interface. Users must have a user account and supply a user name and password to log on.

You can change the explicit authentication settings using the Web Interface Management console. For example, you can configure whether or not users are allowed to change their logon passwords within a Web Interface session.

## To enable explicit authentication to the Web Interface

- 1. Ensure you are logged on to the server running the Web Interface as a domain administrator.
- 2. Start the Web Interface Management console (Start > All Programs > Citrix > Management Consoles > Citrix Web Interface Management ).
- 3. In the middle pane, under Site Summary, select the XenApp Web site (https:// FQDN of Web Interface/Citrix/Name of XenApp Web Site).
- 4. In the Actions pane, click Configure site.
- 5. In the Actions pane, click Authentication Methods.
- 6. At the Configure Authentication Methods dialog box, perform the following actions:

- a. Click the **Explicit** check box to force users to supply a user name and password to log on to the Web Interface.
- b. Ensure the **Smart card** check box is cleared.
- 7. At the same **Configure Authentication Methods** dialog box, click **Properties**. The **Properties** dialog box appears.
- 8. In the left pane of the **Properties** dialog box, under **Explicit**, select **Authentication Type**.
- 9. Ensure both of the following options are selected:
  - Windows or NIS (UNIX)
  - · Domain user name and UPN
- 10. In the left pane of the **Properties** dialog box, select **Password Settings** and verify the **Allow users to change passwords** checkbox is cleared.
- Click OK.
  - The **Properties** dialog box closes. You are returned to the **Configure Authentication Methods** dialog box.
- 12. In the Configure Authentication Methods dialog box, click OK. The Configure Authentication Methods dialog box closes.
- 13. Close the Citrix Web Interface Management window.

## **Configuring Secure Gateway Support**

You must configure the Web Interface for Secure Gateway support. This section explains configuring Secure Gateway support using the Web Interface Management console.

### To configure the Web Interface to support Secure Gateway

- 1. Ensure you are logged on to the server running the Web Interface as a domain administrator.
- 2. Start the Web Interface Management console (Start > All Programs > Citrix > Management Consoles > Web Interface Management).
- 3. In the middle pane, under Site Summary, select the XenApp Web site (https:// FQDN of Web Interface/Citrix/XenApp).
- 4. In the Actions pane, click Configure Site.
- In the Actions pane, click Secure Access.
   The Edit Secure Access Settings dialog box appears.
- 6. From the Specify Access Methods page:
  - a. Select the existing **Default** entry.
  - b. Click Edit.

- c. From the **Edit the Default Route for all User Devices** dialog box, in the **Access Method** drop-down list, select **Gateway Direct** and click **OK**.
- d. From the Specify Access Methods page, click Next.
- 7. From the Specify Gateway Settings page:
  - a. Specify the Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) of the Secure Gateway server in the Address (FQDN) box. This must match what is on the certificate installed on the Secure Gateway server.
  - b. Ensure the **Port** box, which contains the Secure Gateway port number, is set to 443.
  - c. Ensure the **Enable session reliability** check box is cleared.
  - d. Click Next.
- 8. From the Specify Secure Ticket Authority Settings page:
  - a. Click Add.
  - b. In the **Add Secure Ticket Authority URL** dialog box that appears, type the STA URL for the primary server. For example: http://FQDNServerName/scripts/ctxsta.dll, where FQDNServerName is the FQDN of the primary server.
  - c. Click OK.
- 9. Click Finish to close the Edit Secure Access Settings dialog box.
- 10. Close the Citrix Web Interface Management window.

# **Installing Single Sign-on Components**

If Citrix Single Sign-on is part of your deployment, install Single Sign-on components before moving on to securing the deployment, which is a requirement of this evaluated deployment. When installing these components, ensure the Single sign-on component of the Delivery Services Console is installed on the primary XenApp server. See the *Citrix Single Sign-on Administration* guide for information about installing and configuring Single Sign-on as part of this evaluated deployment. For information about securing your deployment, see Securing the Deployment on page 57.

**Note:** When smart card authentication is enabled, users might receive an error message when attempting to launch applications that have been configured for management by the Single Sign-on component. This error message advises the user to restart the user device and to restart the XenApp session. In this situation the user can dismiss the error message and the deployment will continue to provide access to applications as in the *Security Target*. To prevent this error from occurring, additional configuration of the Single Sign-on component might be necessary, and this is beyond the scope of this document. For more information about implementing the changes necessary to remove this error, refer to the *Citrix Single Sign-on Administration* guide.

# **Chapter 5**

# Securing the Deployment

#### **Topics:**

- Updating the Evaluation Components
- Windows Server 2008 R2 Security Configuration Wizard
- Setting Policies
- Removing and Disabling Citrix User Accounts
- Using FIPS-Compliant Ciphers Between the Web Plug-in and the Web Interface
- Securing the User Device
- Testing the Deployment

This chapter details the procedures necessary to secure the deployment. It covers the following topics, which must be completed in the order listed:

- Updating the Primary and Secondary XenApp Servers
- Updating the Web Interface Server
- Windows 2008 R2 Security Configuration Wizard
- Setting Policies
- Removing and Disabling Citrix User Accounts
- Using FIPS-compliant Ciphers Between the Web Plug-in and the Web Interface
- Securing the User Device

# TLS Renegotiation Issue in Microsoft Products

There is a known issue with the TLS and SSL protocols implemented in several Microsoft products, both client and server, where a vulnerability in TLS/SSL could allow spoofing to occur. Microsoft has issued a security update that addresses this vulnerability. The security update is available on the Microsoft Web site, as Microsoft Security Bulletin MS10-049.

Administrators should analyze the potential impacts of the vulnerability, the impact of the security update, and apply the update if appropriate.

# **Updating the Evaluation Components**

Apply the following software updates to components in the evaluated configuration:

Apply this software update	to this component in the evaluated configuration
Microsoft Security Update 2264107	<ul> <li>Primary and secondary XenApp servers</li> <li>Web Interface server</li> <li>Secure Gateway server</li> <li>User device</li> </ul>
Citrix Hotfix XA600W2K8R2X64002	Primary and secondary XenApp servers
Citrix Hotfix XA600W2K8R2X64021	Primary and secondary XenApp servers

# To apply the Microsoft security update

This update allows you to control how DLLs are loaded when no fully qualified path is specified. To install the update, you run the Microsoft security update package appropriate for the component's operating system. Afterward, you run the Microsoft Fix it tool which creates the required registry entry.

△ Caution: Editing the Registry incorrectly can cause serious problems that may require you to reinstall your operating system. Citrix cannot guarantee that problems resulting from the incorrect use of Registry Editor can be solved. Use Registry Editor at your own risk. Be sure to back up the registry before you edit it.

Download the Microsoft Fix it tool (MicrosoftFixit50522.msi) and the applicable Microsoft security update packages to removable media such as a flash drive:

- For the primary and secondary XenApp servers, the Web Interface server, and the Secure Gateway server, download the Update for Windows Server 2008 R2 x64 Edition file (Windows6.1-KB2264107-x64.msu)
- For the user device, locate the Update for Windows 7 (32-bit: Windows6.1-KB2264107-x86.msu; 64-bit: Windows6.1-KB2264107-x64.msu) or the Update for Windows Vista (32-bit: Windows6.0-KB2264107-x86.msu; 64-bit: Windows6.0-KB2264107-x64.msu) appropriate for the device's operating system.

You can download these items from http://support.microsoft.com/kb/2264107.

- 1. Ensure you are logged on to the server or user device as a domain administrator.
- 2. Insert the media to which you downloaded the update packages and Fix it tool.
- 3. Locate the appropriate package for the component to which you are applying the update and double-click it to begin the installation.

The Windows Update Standalone Installer appears, confirming you want to install the update. Click **Yes**.

- 4. After the update finishes installing, click Restart Now.
- 5. After the computer restarts, log on as a domain administrator.
- 6. Locate the Microsoft Fix it tool and double-click it to begin the update.

  A security warning message appears, confirming you want to run the Fix it tool.

  Click Run.
- 7. When the Microsoft Fix it tool End User License Agreement appears, select the I agree check box and then click Next.
- 8. After the Microsoft Fix it tool finishes updating, click Close.
- 9. Repeat steps 1-8 for each component in the evaluated configuration

To verify the registry entry has been created, open Registry Editor and locate <code>HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\Session</code> <code>Manager\CWDIllegalInDLLSearch</code>. Note the value is set to 2 which affects how <code>DLLs</code> are loaded system-wide.

# To apply the Citrix hotfixes

Download the Citrix hotfixes from the secure URLs listed below:

Download this Citrix hotfix	from this URL
Citrix Hotfix XA600W2K8R2X64002 (CTX126123)	https://support.citrix.com/servlet/ KbServlet/download/25193-102-648323/ XA600W2K8R2X64002.msp
Citrix Hotfix XA600W2K8R2X64021 (CTX127036)	https://support.citrix.com/servlet/ KbServlet/download/25193-102-648323/ XA600W2K8R2X64021.msp

Be sure to install the hotfixes in sequential order on the primary and secondary servers.

- 1. Ensure you are logged on to the XenApp server as a domain administrator.
- 2. Locate the file XA600W2K8R2X64002.msp and double-click it to begin the installation.
- 3. When the installation finishes, restart the XenApp server.
- 4. Repeat steps 1-3 for the file XA600W2K8R2X64021.msp.
- 5. Repeat steps 1-4 for each XenApp server in the evaluated configuration.

# Windows Server 2008 R2 Security Configuration Wizard

The Windows Server 2008 R2 Security Configuration wizard must be installed and run on the following computers in the Common Criteria deployment:

- Web Interface
- Secure Gateway
- Primary and secondary servers running Citrix XenApp

The Windows Server 2008 R2 Security Configuration wizard allows you to secure the computers in the Common Criteria deployment. It allows you to lock down ports used by various services and disable Windows services that are unnecessary. The options that appear while running the Windows Server 2008 R2 Security Configuration wizard vary according to the choices you make along the way. Because each computer in the Common Criteria deployment requires a different set of available Windows services and open ports (choices), the steps will vary according to the sections below.

# To install and run the Security Configuration wizard

- 1. Log on to the server with administrator credentials.
- 2. Launch the Security Configuration wizard (Start>Administrative Tools>Security Configuration Wizard).
- 3. At the Welcome to the Security Configuration Wizard page, click Next.
- At the Configuration Action page, ensure that Create a new security policy is selected and click Next.
- 5. At the **Select Server** page, leave the default value and click **Next**.
- 6. At the **Processing Security Configuration Database** page, wait for the system scan to complete and click **Next**.
- 7. At the Role-Based Service Configuration page, click Next. The Select Server Roles page appears.
- 8. From the Select Server Roles page onwards, the options you select vary according to the computer to which you are applying the Security Configuration wizard. Each of the subsequent screens require you to select different options according to the table below. The n/a (not applicable) entries either mean that you do not select any options or the screen does not exist.

Screen	Web Interface	Secure Gateway	Primary server in the farm	Secondary servers in the farm
Select Server Roles	Application server  ASP .NET State Service  Middle-tier application server (COM +/DTC)  Web server  Windows Process Activation Service	none	Middle-tier application server (COM +/DTC)  Remote Desktop Session Host  Web server  Windows Process Activation Service	Middle-tier application server(COM+/ DTC) Remote Desktop Session Host
Select Client Features	DNS client  Domain member  Microsoft Networking Client  Time synchronizati on	none	DNS client  Domain member  Microsoft Networking Client  Time synchronizati on	DNS client  Domain member  Microsoft Networking Client  Time synchronizati on
Select Administratio n and Other Options	IPsec Policy Agent	IPsec Policy Agent	IPsec Policy Agent Windows User Mode Driver Framework	IPsec Policy Agent Windows User Mode Driver Framework
Select Additional Services	n/a	Citrix Secure Gateway	Application Identity Citrix 64-bit Virtual Memory Optimization Citrix CPU Utilization	Application Identity Citrix 64-bit Virtual Memory Optimization Citrix CPU Utilization

Screen	Web Interface	Secure Gateway	Primary server in the farm	Secondary servers in the farm
			Mgmt/ Resource Mgmt	Mgmt/ Resource Mgmt
			Citrix Group Policy Engine	Citrix Group Policy Engine
			Citrix Independent Management Architecture	Citrix Independent Management Architecture
			Citrix Licensing	Citrix MFCOM Service
			Citrix Licensing WMI	Citrix Smart Card Service
			Citrix MFCOM Service	Citrix Virtual Memory
			Citrix Smart Card Service	Optimization Citrix WMI
			Citrix Virtual Memory Optimization	Service
			Citrix WMI Service	
			SQL Server(CITRIX _METAFRAME)	
Handling Unspecified Services	Do not change the startup mode of the service			
Confirm Service Changes	Click Next	Click Next	Click <b>Next</b>	Click Next
Network Security	Leave Skip this section	Leave Skip this section	Leave Skip this section	Leave Skip this section

Screen	Web Interface	Secure Gateway	Primary server in the farm	Secondary servers in the farm
	cleared and click <b>Next</b>	cleared and click <b>Next</b>	cleared and click <b>Next</b>	cleared and click <b>Next</b>
Network Security Rules	a. Click Add b. On the Ge c. In Directi d. In Action e. On the Pr select TC	eneral tab, in Na ion, select Inbou , select Allow all rotocols and Port	to the security pome, type a name  nd.  connections.  s tab, in Protoco	licy. To do this:  for the rule.
	443 (HTTPS)	443 (TLS)	All Core Networking settings (selected by default) 80 (HTTP) 2512 27000 7279 1434	All Core Networking settings (selected by default)  2512  1494  Note: Port 80 is disabled on this server in order to disable to the STA and XML Service that XenApp installs by default. The primary

Screen	Web Interface	Secure Gateway	Primary server in the farm	Secondary servers in the farm
			1494	server is the only XenApp server in the farm with the STA and XML Service enabled.
Confirm Port Configuration	Click <b>Next</b>	Click <b>Next</b>	Click <b>Next</b>	Click <b>Next</b>
Registry Settings	Leave Skip this section cleared and click Next			
Require SMB Security Signatures	All computers that connect to it satisfy the following minimum operating system requirements.  It has surplus processor capacity that can be used to sign file and print	All computers that connect to it satisfy the following minimum operating system requirements.  It has surplus processor capacity that can be used to sign file and print	All computers that connect to it satisfy the following minimum operating system requirements.  It has surplus processor capacity that can be used to sign file and print	All computers that connect to it satisfy the following minimum operating system requirements.  It has surplus processor capacity that can be used to sign file and print
	traffic.	traffic.	traffic.	traffic.
Outbound Authenticatio n Methods	Domain Accounts	none	Domain Accounts	Domain Accounts
Outbound Authenticatio	Clocks that are	n/a	Clocks that are	Clocks that are

Screen	Web Interface	Secure Gateway	Primary server in the farm	Secondary servers in the farm
n using Domain Accounts	synchronized with the selected server's clock		synchronized with the selected server's clock	synchronized with the selected server's clock
	Windows NT 4.0 Service Pack 6a or later operating systems		Windows NT 4.0 Service Pack 6a or later operating systems	Windows NT 4.0 Service Pack 6a or later operating systems
Inbound Authenticatio n Methods	Clear all values and click <b>Next</b> .	Clear all values and click <b>Next</b> .	Clear all values and click <b>Next</b> .	Clear all values and click <b>Next</b> .
Registry Settings Summary	Click <b>Next</b>	Click <b>Next</b>	Click <b>Next</b>	Click <b>Next</b>
Audit Policy	Select the Skip this section check box and click Next	Select the Skip this section check box and click Next	Select the Skip this section check box and click Next	Select the Skip this section check box and click Next

- 9. At the Save Security Policy page, click Next.
- 10. At the **Security Policy File Name** page, type an appropriate name in the **Security policy file name** box and click **Next**.
- 11. In the **Apply Security Policy** page, select **Apply Now** and click **Next**. An **Applying Security Policy** screen appears while the security policy is applied. This takes up to two minutes to complete.
- 12. In the dialog box that appears suggesting that a server restart is required, click OK.

**Note:** The dialog box suggesting that a server restart is required does not appear on the server running the Web Interface.

- 13. At the **Applying Security Policy** screen, when the Security Configuration Wizard is finished applying the security policy, click **Next**.
- 14. At the Completing the Security Configuration Wizard page, click Finish.
- 15. Restart the server for the security policies to take effect.

**Note:** It is not necessary to restart the Web Interface server.

After running the Security Configuration wizard, configure the IIS Admin Service to start automatically on server startup.

## To configure the IIS Admin Service

- 1. Launch the Server Manager (Start>All Programs>Administrative Tools>Server Manager).
- 2. In the left pane, expand the **Configuration** node and select the **Services** node.
- Double-click the IIS Admin Service.
   The IIS Admin Service Properties dialog box appears.
- 4. In Startup type, select Automatic.
- 5. Click **OK** to save your selection and close the **IIS Admin Service Properties** dialog box.

# **Setting Policies**

For the Common Criteria evaluated deployment, it is necessary to set various policies to ensure the servers meet the security requirements.

## **Domain Wide Group Policies**

The group policies are configured on the domain controller. These policies are applied to all servers within the domain. Therefore, these policies will apply to:

- The server running the Web Interface
- The primary and secondary servers
- The domain controller
- The smart card enrollment station

### To configure the domain policies

- 1. Log on to the domain controller as a domain administrator and start the MMC (Click **Start > Run**, type **mmc**, and then click **OK**). The **Console1** window appears.
- 2. From the File menu, click Add/Remove Snap-in.
- 3. At the Add/Remove Snap-ins dialog box, under Available snap-ins, select Group Policy Management Editor and then click Add.
- 4. At the **Select Group Policy Object** dialog box, click **Browse**.

- 5. At the Browse for a Group Policy Object dialog box, click the Create New Group Policy Object icon. A policy entry is added to the list. Enter the policy name, for example, CommonCriteriaPolicy and click OK.
- 6. Click Finish. Click OK. The new group policy appears in the Console1 window.
- 7. Right-click the new policy and select **Properties**. At the dialog box, select the **Security** tab.
- 8. Select the **Domain Admins** group and ensure **Apply Group Policy** permission is set to **Deny**. Repeat this step for the enterprise admins group (for example, **Enterprise Admins**).
- 9. You must add the required user groups (for example, **Domain Users**). Click **Add**. The **Select Users**, **Computers**, **or Groups** dialog box appears. Type **Domain Users** in the **Enter the object names to select** box and click **OK**.
- 10. Select the user group (for example, Domain Users) and ensure Apply Group Policy is set to Allow. This ensures the group policy applies to the user group. Click OK. A Security dialog box appears. The dialog box confirms that Deny entries take priority over Allow entries. This is required in the Common Criteria evaluated deployment to ensure the group policy is not applied to the administrator groups. Click Yes.
- 11. Select the new group policy and configure the policy settings as detailed in the steps described in Computer Configuration on page 67 and User Configuration on page 70.

### **Computer Configuration**

Navigate to Computer Configuration>Policies>Windows Settings>Security
Settings>Account Policies>Password Policy. For each of the following settings,
click the Define this policy setting check box and enter the corresponding setting
values:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Enforce password history	5 passwords remembered
Maximum password age	42 days (default)
Minimum password age	0 days
Minimum password length	8 characters
Password must meet complexity requirements	Enabled
Store password using reversible encryption	Disabled (default)

Navigate to Computer Configuration>Policies>Windows Settings>Security
Settings>Account Policies>Account Lockout Policy. For each of the following
settings, click the Define this policy setting check box and enter the
corresponding setting values:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Account lockout duration	0
Account lockout threshold	3
Reset account lockout counter after	99999

3. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Policies>Windows Settings>Security
Settings>Local Policies>Audit Policy. For each of the following settings, click the
Define this policy setting check box and enter the corresponding setting values:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Audit account logon events	Enable Success and Failure
Audit account management	Enable Success and Failure
Audit directory service access	Enable Success and Failure
Audit logon events	Enable Success and Failure
Audit object access	Enable Success and Failure
Audit policy change	Enable Success and Failure
Audit privilege use	Enable Success and Failure
Audit process tracking	Enable Success and Failure
Audit system events	Enable Success and Failure

4. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Policies>Windows Settings>Security Settings>Local Policies>User Rights Assignment. For each of the following settings, click the Define these policy settings check box and enter the corresponding setting values:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Allow log on through Remote Desktop Services	Remote Desktop Users
Change the system time	Administrators
Deny access to this computer from the network	<ul><li>Anonymous Logon</li><li>Guest</li></ul>
Deny log on through Remote Desktop Services	Service
Shut down the system	Administrators (this overrides Local Policy Settings)

5. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Policies>Windows Settings>Security
Settings>Local Policies>Security Options. For each of the following settings, click
the Define this policy setting check box and enter the corresponding setting values:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Accounts: Limit local account use of blank passwords to console logon only	Enabled
Devices: Prevent users from installing printer drivers	Enabled
Devices: Restrict CD-ROM access to locally logged-on user only	Enabled
Devices: Restrict floppy access to locally logged-on user only	Enabled
Network access: Do not allow anonymous enumeration of SAM accounts	Enabled
Network access: Do not allow storage of passwords and credentials for network authentication	Enabled
Shutdown: Allow system to be shut down without having to log on	Disabled
System cryptography: Use FIPS compliant algorithms for encryption, hashing, and signing	Enabled

6. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Policies>Windows Settings>Security
Settings>Event Log. For each of the following settings, click the Define this policy setting check box and enter the corresponding setting values:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Maximum application log size	5120
Maximum security log size	5120
Maximum system log size	5120

7. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Policies>Administrative
Templates>Windows Components>Internet Explorer and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Disable Automatic Install of Internet Explorer components	Enabled

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Disable Periodic Check for Internet Explorer software updates	Enabled
Disable software update shell notifications on program launch	Enabled

8. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Policies>Administrative
Templates>Windows Components>Windows Installer and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Logging	Disabled

9. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Policies>Administrative
Templates>System>Remote Assistance and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Offer Remote Assistance	Disabled
Solicited Remote Assistance	Disabled

10. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Policies>Administrative
Templates>System>Internet Communication Management and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Restrict Internet communication	Enabled

11. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Policies>Administrative Templates>Printers and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Allow printers to be published	Disabled

## **User Configuration**

1. Navigate to User Configuration>Policies>Administrative Templates>Windows Components>AutoPlay Policies and configure the following setting:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Turn off AutoPlay	Enabled, All drives

2. Navigate to User Configuration>Policies>Administrative Templates>Windows Components>Internet Explorer and configure the following setting:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Disable Internet Connection wizard	Enabled

3. Navigate to User Configuration>Policies>Administrative Templates>Windows Components>Internet Explorer>Browser Menus and configure the following setting:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Disable Save this program to disk option	Enabled

4. Navigate to User Configuration>Policies>Administrative Templates>Windows Components>Internet Explorer>Internet Control Panel and configure the following setting:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Disable the Advanced Page	Enabled
Disable the Connections Page	Enabled
Disable the Content Page	Enabled
Disable the General Page	Enabled
Disable the Privacy Page	Enabled
Disable the Programs Page	Enabled
Disable the Security Page	Enabled

5. Navigate to User Configuration>Policies>Administrative Templates>Windows Components>Windows Explorer and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Hide these specified drives in My Computer	Enabled, Restrict A, B, C, and D drives only
Hides the Manage item on the Windows Explorer context menu	Enabled
No Computers Near Me in Network Locations	Enabled
No Entire Network in Network Locations	Enabled
Prevent access to drives from My Computer	Enabled, Restrict A, B, C, and D drives only

Policy Setting	Setting Value
	<b>Note:</b> This assumes that A, B, C and D are all server-side drives, which the client does not need to access.
Remove File menu from Windows Explorer	Enabled
Remove Hardware tab	Enabled
Remove "Map Network Drive" and "Disconnect Network Drive"	Enabled
Remove Search button from Windows Explorer	Enabled
Remove Windows Explorer's default context menu	Enabled
Removes the Folder Options menu item from the Tools menu	Enabled
Common Open File Dialog folder > Hide the common dialog places bar	Enabled

6. Navigate to User Configuration>Policies>Administrative Templates>Windows Components>Windows Explorer>Explorer Frame Page and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Turn off Details Pane	Enabled
Turn off Preview Pane	Enabled

7. Navigate to User Configuration>Policies>Administrative Templates>Windows Components>Microsoft Management Console and configure the following setting:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Restrict the user from entering author mode	Enabled
Restrict users to the explicitly permitted list of snap-ins	Enabled

8. Navigate to User Configuration>Policies>Administrative Templates>Windows Components>Task Scheduler and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Prevent Task Run or End	Enabled
Prohibit New Task Creation	Enabled
Prohibit Task Deletion	Enabled

9. Navigate to User Configuration>Policies>Administrative Templates>Windows Components>Windows Update and configure the following setting:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Remove access to use all Windows Update features	Enabled

10. Navigate to User Configuration>Policies>Administrative Templates>Start Menu and Taskbar and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Add Logoff to the Start Menu	Disabled
Add "Run in Separate Memory Space" check box to Run dialog box	Disabled
Clear history of recently opened documents on exit	Enabled
Do not keep history of recently opened documents	Enabled
Do not use the search-based method when resolving shell shortcuts	Enabled
Do not use the tracking-based method when resolving shell shortcuts	Enabled
Gray unavailable Windows Installer programs Start Menu shortcuts	Disabled
Prevent changes to Taskbar and Start Menu Settings	Enabled
Remove access to the context menus for the taskbar	Enabled
Remove and prevent access to the Shut Down, Restart, Sleep, and Hibernate commands	Enabled
Remove common program groups from Start Menu	Enabled

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Remove Documents icon from Start Menu	Enabled
Remove drag-and-drop and context menus on the Start Menu	Enabled
Remove Favorites menu from Start Menu	Enabled
Remove Help menu from Start Menu	Enabled
Remove links and access to Windows Update	Enabled
Remove Logoff on the Start Menu	Enabled
Remove Network Connections from Start Menu	Enabled
Remove programs on Settings menu	Enabled
Remove Run menu from Start Menu	Enabled
Remove Search link from Start Menu	Enabled
Remove user's folders from the Start Menu	Enabled
Turn off personalized menus	Enabled
Turn off user tracking	Enabled

11. Navigate to User Configuration>Policies>Administrative Templates>Desktop>Desktop and configure the following setting:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Disable Active Desktop	Enabled

12. Navigate to User Configuration>Policies>Administrative Templates>Control Panel and configure the following setting:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Prohibit access to the Control Panel	Enabled

13. Navigate to User Configuration>Policies>Administrative Templates>Control Panel>Printers and configure the following setting:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Prevent addition of printers	Enabled

14. Navigate to **User Configuration>Policies>Administrative Templates>System** and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Download missing COM components	Disabled
Prevent access to registry editing tools	Enabled, set <b>Disable regedit from</b> running silently? to <b>Yes</b> .
Prevent access to the command prompt	Enabled, leave <b>Disable the command</b> prompt script processing also? set to No.

15. Navigate to User Configuration>Policies>Administrative Templates>System>Ctrl +Alt+Del Options and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Remove Change Password	Enabled
Remove Logoff	Enabled
Remove Lock Computer	Enabled
Remove Task Manager	Enabled

16. Navigate to **User Configuration>Policies>Administrative Templates>System>Logon** and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Do not process the legacy run list	Enabled
Do not process the run once list	Enabled

### **Disabling XenApp Features with Policies**

After installing XenApp on primary and secondary servers, configure XenApp policies to disable the following features:

- Redirection of client devices, ports, audio, and printers
- · Client drive and clipboard mapping
- Multimedia and Flash acceleration
- Session reliability and shadowing

To disable these features for all farm servers and user sessions in the evaluated configuration, you add the appropriate policy settings to the Unfiltered computer and user policies that are included in XenApp. For the evaluated configuration, the policy

settings that govern these features are disabled. However, you can enable these features by enabling the settings in each policy.

Policy settings that are not added to a policy are considered "not configured" and are ignored by XenApp when evaluating policies to apply to user sessions. For more information about configuring XenApp policies, see section 4.3 of the *Citrix XenApp Administration* guide.

- 1. Ensure you are logged on to the primary server as a domain administrator.
- 2. Launch the Group Policy Management console (**Start>Administrative Tools>Group Policy Management**).
- 3. In the left pane of the console, under the forest node, select and expand the **Domains** node and then expand the node of *your domain name*.
- 4. Expand the **Group Policy Objects** node and locate the group policy object you created in To configure the domain policies on page 66.
- Right-click the group policy object and select Edit.
   The Group Policy Management Editor window appears.

#### To create the XenApp computer policy

- In the left pane of the editor, under Computer Configuration, expand the Policies node and then select Citrix Policies.
  - The Citrix Computer Policies console appears in the right pane.
- 2. Select the **Unfiltered** policy from the policy list and then click the **Settings** tab near the bottom of the screen.
  - The Settings list appears, with the Active Settings category selected.
- 3. In the Settings list, under **Categories**, click **All Settings**. The Settings section displays the complete list of policy settings.
- 4. Use the following table to select and configure the required policy settings. For each policy setting, click **Add** and select the required setting option.

**Note:** To locate settings quickly, type each setting name in the **Search All Settings** box. XenApp locates the matching settings as you type.

Setting Name	Setting Option
Auto client reconnect	Prohibited
HDX MediaStream Multimedia Acceleration	Prohibited
Multimedia conferencing	Prohibited
Session reliability connections	Prohibited
Shadowing	Prohibited

Note: To enable these policy settings, select Allowed.

To apply your policy changes immediately, at the command prompt, open a command prompt window and run the command **gpupdate /force**.

#### To create the XenApp user policy

- 1. In the left pane of the editor, under **User Configuration**, expand the **Policies** node and then select **Citrix Policies**.
  - The Citrix User Policies console appears in the right pane.
- 2. Select the **Unfiltered** policy from the policy list and then click the **Settings** tab near the bottom of the screen.
  - The Settings list appears, with the Active Settings category selected.
- 3. In the Settings list, under **Categories**, click **All Settings**. The Settings section displays the complete list of policy settings.
- 4. Use the following table to select and configure the required policy settings. For each policy setting, click **Add** and select the required option.

**Note:** To locate settings quickly, type each setting name in the **Search All Settings** box. XenApp locates the matching settings as you type.

Setting Name	Setting Option
Client audio redirection	Prohibited
Client clipboard redirection	Prohibited
Client COM port redirection	Prohibited
Client drive redirection	Prohibited
Client LPT port redirection	Prohibited
Client microphone redirection	Prohibited
Client printer redirection	Prohibited
Client TWAIN device redirection	Prohibited
Client USB device redirection	Prohibited
Client USB Plug and Play device redirection	Prohibited
Flash acceleration	Disabled
OEM channels	Prohibited

**Note:** To enable these policy settings, select **Allowed** or **Enabled** as appropriate.

To apply your policy changes immediately, at the command prompt, open a command prompt window and run the command **gpupdate /force**.

### **Securing Executables with AppLocker**

After installing XenApp, the primary and secondary servers need to be locked down to prevent launching of unauthorized executables. To do this, you use AppLocker to perform the following tasks:

- Create a default rule
- Create rules for non-Administrator users
- Configure the Application Identity service to start automatically on server restart

#### To create the Default Rule

- Ensure you are logged on to the domain controller as a domain administrator.
   Verify the Console1 MMC window you opened in To configure the domain policies on page 66 is still open and that the Group Policy Object you created is still displayed.
- 2. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Policies>Windows Settings>Security Settings>Application Control Policies>AppLocker.
- 3. From the middle pane, click **Configure rule enforcement**. The **AppLocker Properties** dialog box appears.
- 4. Under Executable Rules, select Configured and then select Enforce rules from the drop-down list. Click OK.
- From the tree view of the console, expand the AppLocker node, right-click Executable Rules, and select Create New Rule.
   The Create Executable Rules screen appears. Click Next.
- 6. On the **Permissions** page, perform the following actions:
  - a. Ensure Allow is selected.
  - b. Click **Select** and, in the **Select User or Group** dialog box, add the **Administrators** group.
  - c. Click **OK** to return to the Permissions page and then click Next.
- 7. On the **Conditions** page, select **Path** and click **Next**.
- 8. On the **Path** page, type an asterisk (\*) in the **Path** box and then click **Next**.
- 9. On the Exceptions page, click Next.
- 10. On the Name and Description page, type Default rule (all files) in the Name box and then click Create.
  A message appears prompting you to create additional default rules.
- 11. Click No to close the message without creating additional rules.

After the default rule is created, create additional rules for non-administrator users to securely access other executable files in the evaluated configuration.

#### To create rules for non-Administrator users

Perform the following steps to create rules for non-administrator users to access certain executable files in the evaluated configuration.

- From the tree view of the console, expand the AppLocker node, right-click Executable Rules, and click Create New Rule.
   The Create Executable Rules screen appears. Click Next.
- 2. On the **Permissions** page, perform the following actions:
  - a. Ensure Allow is selected.
  - b. Ensure the **Everyone** group is selected.
  - c. Click Next.
- 3. On the Conditions page, select Path and click Next.
- 4. On the Path page, type the executable path of the published application to which you want to allow access. For example, to allow access to the published Notepad application, type %system32%\notepad.exe. Click Next.
- 5. On the Exceptions page, click Next.
- 6. On the **Name and Description** page, accept the default entry in the **Name** box and then click **Create**.
- 7. In addition to the rules you create for published applications, repeat Steps 1-6 to create rules for each of the following paths:
  - %system32%\atbroker.exe
  - %system32%\conhost.exe
  - %system32%\dwm.exe
  - %system32%\taskhost.exe
  - %system32%\tstheme.exe
  - %system32%\userinit.exe
  - %programfiles%\citrix\ica client\ssonsvr.exe
  - %programfiles%\citrix\system32\cmstart.exe
  - %programfiles%\citrix\system32\ctxhide.exe
  - %programfiles%\citrix\system32\icast.exe
  - %programfiles%\citrix\system32\startssonsvr.exe
  - %programfiles%\citrix\system32\wfshell.exe
  - %windir%\application compatibility scripts\acregl.exe
- 8. Close the Console1 window.

Chapter 5

9. When the Microsoft Management Console dialog box prompts you to save console settings to Console1, click No.

#### To configure the Application Identity service

- 1. Launch the Services console (Start>All Programs>Administrative Tools>Services).
- 2. Right-click the **Application Identity** service and select **Properties**. The **Application Identity Properties** dialog box appears.
- 3. In Startup type, select Automatic. Click Apply.
- 4. Click Start to start the service. Click OK.
- 5. Close the Services console.

### **Setting Group Policy Priority**

After you define the domain wide group policies above, you must ensure the group policy created for the Common Criteria evaluated deployment is set as the primary policy (it must be the first policy in the list of policies). This is necessary to ensure that other group policies do not override the Common Criteria evaluated deployment policy.

#### To set the group policy priority

- Launch the Group Policy Management console (Start > All Programs > Administrative Tools > Group Policy Management).
   The Group Policy Management window appears.
- 2. Select the domain from the tree view.
- On the Linked Group Policy Objects tab, select the Common Criteria evaluated deployment policy and click the Move link to top arrow.
   The policy appears at the top of the list.
- 4. Close the **Group Policy Management** window.

## **Secure Gateway Local Group Policies**

You must configure the following local group policies on the server running the Secure Gateway.

**Note:** Because only administrators are allowed access to the server running the Secure Gateway, there are no user configuration policy settings for the Secure Gateway.

### To configure the local group policies

 Log on to the Secure Gateway as a local administrator and start the Local Group Policy Editor (Click Start>Run > , type gpedit.msc, and then click OK).
 The Local Group Policy Editor window appears.

- 2. In the left pane of the Local Group Policy Editor window, select the Local Computer Policy item and configure the policy settings as detailed in the following steps.
- 3. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Windows Settings>Security
  Settings>Account Policies>Password Policy and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Enforce password history	5 passwords remembered
Maximum password age	42 days
Minimum password age	0 days
Minimum password length	8 characters
Password must meet complexity requirements	Enabled
Store password using reversible encryption	Disabled (default)

4. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Windows Settings>Security
Settings>Account Policies>Account Lockout Policy and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Account lockout duration	0
Account lockout threshold	3
Reset account lockout counter after	99999

5. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Windows Settings>Security Settings>Local Policies>Audit Policy and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Audit account logon events	Enable Success and Failure
Audit account management	Enable Success and Failure
Audit directory service access	Enable Success and Failure
Audit logon events	Enable Success and Failure
Audit object access	Enable Success and Failure
Audit policy change	Enable Success and Failure
Audit privilege use	Enable Success and Failure

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Audit process tracking	Enable Success and Failure
Audit system events	Enable Success and Failure

6. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Windows Settings>Security Settings>Local Policies>User Rights Assignment and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Allow log on through Remote Desktop Services	Leave blank
Change the system time	Administrators
Deny access to this computer from the network	Anonymous Logon     Guest
Shut down the system	Administrators

7. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Windows Settings>Security Settings>Local Policies>Security Options and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Devices: Restrict CD-ROM access to locally logged-on user only	Enabled
Devices: Restrict floppy access to locally logged-on user only	Enabled
Network access: Do not allow storage of passwords and credentials for network authentication	Enabled
System cryptography: Use FIPS compliantalgorithms for encryption, hashing, and signing	Enabled

8. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Administrative Templates>Windows Components>Internet Explorer and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Disable Automatic Install of Internet Explorer Components	Enabled
Disable Periodic Check for Internet Explorer software updates	Enabled

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Disable software update shell notifications on program launch	Enabled

9. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Administrative Templates>System>Remote Assistance and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Solicited Remote Assistance	Disabled
Offer Remote Assistance	Disabled

10. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Administrative Templates>System>Internet Communication Management and configure the following setting:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Restrict Internet communication	Enabled

11. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Administrative Templates>Printers and configure the following setting:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Allow Printers to be published	Disabled

12. Close the Local Group Policy Editor window.

# Web Plug-in Local Group Policies and Registry Settings

On each of the user devices, you must perform the following tasks:

- Configure the local group policies
- Configure the web plug-in's file security preferences

### To configure the local group policies

- 1. Log on to the user device as a local administrator and start the Local Group Policy Editor (Click Start>Run, type gpedit.msc, and then click OK).

  The Local Group Policy Editor window appears.
- 2. In the left pane of the Local Group Policy Editor window, select the Local Computer Policy item and configure the policy settings as detailed in the following steps.
- 3. Navigate to Computer Configuration>Windows Settings>Security Settings>Local Policies>Security Options and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Shutdown: Clear virtual memory page file	Enabled
System cryptography: Use FIPS compliantalgorithms for encryption, hashing, and signing	Enabled

4. Navigate to User Configuration>Administrative Templates>Windows Components>Internet Explorer>Browser Menus and configure the following settings:

Policy Setting	Setting Value
Disable Save this program to disk option	Enabled

5. Close the Local Group Policy Editor window.

### To configure the file security preferences

When you configure the web plug-in's file security preferences, users are prevented from changing the Session Security settings through the Connection Center. Additionally, when users are prompted for explicit permission for remote applications to access local files, the **Remember these settings** check box is not displayed.

You configure these preferences by editing the Registry. To ensure all the required settings are included, use the CC\_Settings.reg file appropriate for the user device's operating system. The CC\_Settings file is available as a secure download from the Citrix Web site.

Caution: Editing the Registry incorrectly can cause serious problems that may require you to reinstall your operating system. Citrix cannot guarantee that problems resulting from the incorrect use of Registry Editor can be solved. Use Registry Editor at your own risk. Be sure to back up the registry before you edit it.

- 1. Log on to the user device as an administrator.
- Launch Internet Explorer and navigate to http://support.citrix.com/article/ CTX127308.
- 3. Click the HTTPS Download link to download the CC\_Settings.zip file.
- 4. Locate one of the following registry files appropriate for the operating system on the user device:
  - CC\_settings\_x86.reg (for 32-bit operating systems)
  - CC\_settings\_x64.reg (for 64-bit operating systems)
- Double-click the file to apply the registry settings.A message appears, confirming that you want to update the registry.
- 6. Click **Yes** to update the registry.

# Removing and Disabling Citrix User Accounts

You can ensure that user accounts not required for your deployment are removed from primary and secondary XenApp servers. For the evaluated configuration, anonymous user accounts are removed, and the Ctx\_ConfigMgr and Ctx\_StreamingSvc accounts are disabled on both servers.

# To remove anonymous users from the XenApp servers

Before you perform this procedure, be sure that:

- You have a copy of the sample script located at http://support.citrix.com/article/ CTX121704
- The script is saved as a .vbs file (for example, deleteusers.vbs)
- 1. Ensure you are logged on to the XenApp server as an administrator.
- 2. Navigate to the location of the sample script and double-click to run it. The Command Prompt window appears and displays progress in deleting the anonymous user accounts.

### To disable the Citrix user accounts

- 1. Ensure you are logged on to the XenApp server as an administrator.
- 2. Launch the Server Manager (Start>Administrative Tools>Server Manager). The Server Manager window appears.
- 3. In the left pane, expand the **Configuration** node, then expand the **Local Users and Groups** node and select **Users**.
- 4. Right-click the Ctx\_ConfigMgr user account and select Properties.
- On the Properties dialog box, select the Account is disabled check box and then click OK.
- 6. Repeat steps 4 and 5 for the Ctx\_StreamingSvc user account.

# Using FIPS-Compliant Ciphers Between the Web Plug-in and the Web Interface

To ensure the web plug-in uses FIPS-compliant ciphers when connecting through the Secure Gateway, you modify the default ICA file template settings on the server running the Web Interface.

- 1. On the server running the Web Interface, ensure you are logged on as an administrator.
- 2. Launch Windows Explorer (Start>Computer). The Windows Explorer window appears.
- 3. Navigate to the C:\Inetpub\wwwroot\Citrix\XenApp\conf folder.
- 4. Right-click on the **default.ica** file and select **Open with**. The **Open with** dialog box appears.
- 5. Select Notepad and clear the Always use the selected program to open this kind of file check box.
  - The **Notepad** window appears, displaying the contents of the default.ica file.
- Locate the [WFClient] section and insert the following line at the end of the section: SSLCIPHERS=GOV
- 7. Save the file and then close the **Notepad** window.
- 8. Close Windows Explorer.

# **Securing the User Device**

To secure the user device in the evaluated configuration, perform the following tasks:

- Configure Microsoft Internet Explorer to use TLS 1.0
- Disable ActiveX support in Microsoft Internet Explorer
- Require the user device to download ICA files

# To configure Microsoft Internet Explorer to use TLS 1.0

On each client device ensure Microsoft Internet Explorer is configured for TLS 1.0 communication.

- 1. Launch Microsoft Internet Explorer. Click Tools>Internet Options. The Internet Options dialog box appears.
- Select the Advanced tab. Under Settings, within the Security section, ensure Use TLS 1.0 is selected and ensure Use SSL 2.0 and Use SSL 3.0 are not selected.
- 3. Click **OK** to accept the changes and close the **Internet Options** dialog box.
- 4. Close Internet Explorer.

# To disable ActiveX support in Microsoft Internet Explorer

On each client device, ensure ActiveX support in Microsoft Internet Explorer is disabled.

- 1. Launch Microsoft Internet Explorer. Click Tools>Internet Options. The Internet Options dialog box appears.
- 2. Select the **Security** tab and then click **Custom Level**. The **Security Settings** dialog box appears.
- 3. Under ActiveX controls and plug-ins, disable the following settings:
  - Binary and script behaviors
  - · Download signed ActiveX controls
  - · Run ActiveX controls and plug-ins
  - Script ActiveX controls marked safe for scripting
- 4. Click **OK** to accept the changes and close the **Security Settings** dialog box.
- 5. Click **OK** to close the Internet Options dialog box.
- 6. Close Internet Explorer.

### To enable forced downloads of ICA files

This procedure ensures the user device is forced to download ICA files.

Caution: Editing the Registry incorrectly can cause serious problems that may require you to reinstall your operating system. Citrix cannot guarantee that problems resulting from the incorrect use of Registry Editor can be solved. Use Registry Editor at your own risk. Be sure to back up the registry before you edit it.

- 1. Log on to the user device as an administrator.
- 2. Open the Command Prompt window (Start>Accessories>Command Prompt).

Note: For Windows Vista and Windows 7 operating systems, click Start>Accessories. Right-click Command Prompt and select Run as administrator. At the User Account Control dialog box, click Yes.

3. Type the following:

reg add "HKLM\Software\Policies\Microsoft\Internet Explorer
\Restrictions" /v AlwaysPromptWhenDownload /t REG\_DWORD /d
00000001

# **Testing the Deployment**

Before making Citrix XenApp available to users, test the deployment as detailed in Testing the Deployment on page 89.

# **Chapter 6**

# Testing the Deployment

### **Topics:**

- Overview
- Making Citrix XenApp Available to Users
- Verifying Client File Security Settings
- Ensuring Users Close
   Applications When Logging
   Off

This section describes how to log on and test the system.

# Updates to Citrix Products Included in the Common Criteria Evaluated Configuration

Citrix will, from time to time, issue product updates which may correct flaws in the underlying software. Administrators should check with Citrix on a regular basis for these updates. Administrators may also opt to subscribe to proactive email alerts about product security vulnerabilities and their associated fixes. These alerts are sent out on a regular basis whenever new fixes are available. Administrators may contact and work with Citrix Support directly if they require additional support in obtaining and deploying any fix. More information about the email alerts system can be found at <a href="http://www.citrix.com">http://www.citrix.com</a>.

### **Overview**

After you complete installation and configuration of the deployment, you need to test that your deployment works and is accessible through the Internet.

### To log on using explicit credentials

- After you log on to the client device, launch Microsoft Internet Explorer and open: https://FQDN of Web Interface/Citrix/XenApp Web Site Name/. The Citrix XenApp - Logon page appears.
- 2. Enter your user credentials and click **Log On**.

  After a brief interval, the **Applications** page containing icons for published applications appears.
- 3. From the **Applications** page, click the appropriate icons to verify that you can launch published applications.

### To log on using a smart card

- 1. After you log on to the user device, insert your smart card. Launch Microsoft Internet Explorer and open: https://FQDN of Web Interface/Citrix/XenApp Web Site Name/.
  - The Choose a digital certificate dialog box appears.
- Select your digital certificate and click OK.
   A dialog box appears prompting you for your smart card PIN.
- 3. Enter your smart card PIN and click **OK**.
  After a brief interval, the **Applications** page containing icons for published applications appears.
- From the Applications page, click an appropriate icon to verify that you can launch a published application.
   The Log On to Windows dialog box appears.
- 5. In the Log On to Windows dialog box, reenter your smart card PIN and click OK.

# Making Citrix XenApp Available to Users

After you test the deployment, inform your users of the URL for the Citrix XenApp Logon page. If users want to bookmark the Logon page in their browsers, Citrix recommends that the bookmark be set to: https://FQDN of Web Interface/Citrix/XenApp Web Site Name/.

# Verifying Client File Security Settings

If the Citrix XenApp administrator enabled client drive mapping, the client drives are made available to published applications running on the secondary servers in the farm. If an application attempts to use a client drive, then depending upon the client's file security settings, the web plug-in prompts the user to specify the level of access the application can have to the drive.

**Note:** If you have completed the steps described in To configure the file security preferences on page 84, the plug-in prompts the user only to allow remote access to local files.

The client file security settings are stored in the Windows registry. However, for the evaluated configuration, the administrator should not define these settings. In the absence of these settings, users, by default, are prompted to allow access to local files.

After an ICA session is running, the client file security settings are accessible from the Citrix Connection Center.

### To check and configure the client file security settings

- 1. When a published application is launched from the user device, confirm the following items:
  - The File Security dialog box appears, prompting the user to allow remote access to local files.
  - The File Security dialog box does not display the Remember these settings check box. Instead, only the Read files only check box is displayed.
- 2. Right-click the plug-in icon that appears in the Windows notification area and select **Connection Center**.
- 3. In the Connection Center dialog box, verify that the settings under Session Security are disabled.
- 4. Click **OK** to close the **Connection Center** dialog box.

# **Ensuring Users Close Applications When Logging Off**

When users log off from the Web Interface and close the Web browser, the user session is maintained for any published applications that remain open. Other users accessing the client device can use any applications that remain open. Therefore, administrators must warn users to close all published applications when logging off from the Web Interface.

# **IMA Error Codes**

The items in the following table are Citrix IMA Service error codes that can appear in the Event Viewer.

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
00000000h	0	0	IMA_RESULT_SUCCESS
0000001h	1	1	IMA_RESULT_OPERATION_INCOMPLETE
00000002h	2	2	IMA_RESULT_CALL_NEXT_HOOK
00000003h	3	3	IMA_RESULT_DISCARD_MESSAGE
00000004h	4	4	IMA_RESULT_CREATED_NEW
00000005h	5	5	IMA_RESULT_FOUND_EXISTING
00000005h	5	5	IMA_RESULT_FINDEXIST
0000009h	9	9	IMA_RESULT_CONNECTION_IDLE
0000000Ah	10	10	IMA_RESULT_ZONE_OBJECTS_UPDATE_IMC OMPLETE
0000000Bh	11	11	IMA_RESULT_BAD_ZONE_EXISTS
000000Ch	12	12	IMA_RESULT_WSC_RECONNECT_INCOMPLE TE
0000000Dh	13	13	IMA_RESULT_APP_LAUNCH_DISALLOWED
0000000Eh	14	14	IMA_RESULT_ELECTION_IN_PROGRESS
00110202h	1114626	1114626	IMA_LOAD_THROTTLING_DISABLED
00110203h	1114627	1114627	IMA_RULE_LOAD_EXCLUDE
00130001h	1245185	1245185	IMA_RESULT_ADSI_NOT_INSTALLED
00130002h	1245186	1245186	IMA_RESULT_SECURITY_INFO_INCOMPLETE
001C0000h	1835008	1835008	IMA_RESULT_COMSRV_INHERIT_FARM_HCA
0026000Bh	2490379	2490379	IMA_RESULT_PARTIAL_SUCCESS
002D0001h	2949121	2949121	IMA_RESULT_ALREADY_MASTER
00410001h	4259841	4259841	IMA_RESULT_ImaMfRpc_USER_NOT_ADMIN

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
8000001h	-214748364 7	214748364 9	IMA_RESULT_FAILURE
80000001h	-214748364 7	214748364 9	IMA_RESULT_UNKNOWN_FAILURE
80000002h	-214748364 6	214748365 0	IMA_RESULT_NO_MEMORY
80000002h	-214748364 6	214748365 0	IMA_RESULT_OUT_OF_MEMORY
80000002h	-214748364 6	214748365 0	IMA_RESULT_ALLOCBUFFER_FAILURE
80000002h	-214748364 6	214748365 0	IMA_RESULT_OUT_OF_RESOURCES
80000002h	-214748364 6	214748365 0	IMA_RESULT_GROUP_OUT_OF_MEMORY
8000003h	-214748364 5	214748365 1	IMA_RESULT_INVALID_ARG
8000003h	-214748364 5	214748365 1	IMA_RESULT_BAD_PARAM
80000004h	-214748364 4	214748365 2	IMA_RESULT_UNKNOWN_MESSAGE
80000005h	-214748364 3	214748365 3	IMA_RESULT_DESTINATION_UNREACHABLE
80000006h	-214748364 2	214748365 4	IMA_RESULT_REFERENCE_COUNT_NOT_ZE RO
80000007h	-214748364 1	214748365 5	IMA_RESULT_ENTRY_NOT_FOUND
80000008h	-214748364 0	214748365 6	IMA_RESULT_NETWORK_FAILURE
80000009h	-214748363 9	214748365 7	IMA_RESULT_NOT_IMPLEMENTED
80000009h	-214748363 9	214748365 7	IMA_RESULT_NOTIMPLEMENTED

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
8000000Ah	-214748363 8	214748365 8	IMA_RESULT_INVALID_MESSAGE
8000000Bh	-214748363 7	214748365 9	IMA_RESULT_TIMEOUT
800000Ch	-214748363 6	214748366 0	IMA_RESULT_POINTER_IS_NULL
8000000Dh	-214748363 5	214748366 1	IMA_RESULT_UNINITIALIZED
8000000Eh	-214748363 4	214748366 2	IMA_RESULT_FINDITEM_FAILURE
800000Fh	-214748363 3	214748366 3	IMA_RESULT_CREATEPOOL_FAILURE
80000010h	-214748363 2	214748366 4	IMA_RESULT_SUBSYS_NOT_FOUND
80000013h	-214748362 9	214748366 7	IMA_RESULT_PS_UNINITIALIZED
80000014h	-214748362 8	214748366 8	IMA_RESULT_REGMAPFAIL
80000015h	-214748362 7	214748366 9	IMA_RESULT_DEST_TOO_SMALL
80000016h	-214748362 6	214748367 0	IMA_RESULT_ACCESS_DENIED
80000017h	-214748362 5	214748367 1	IMA_RESULT_NOT_SHUTTING_DOWN
80000018h	-214748362 4	214748367 2	IMA_RESULT_MUSTLOAD_FAILURE
80000019h	-214748362 3	214748367 3	IMA_RESULT_CREATELOCK_FAILURE
8000001Ah	-214748362 2	214748367 4	IMA_RESULT_SHUTDOWN_FAILURE
8000001Ch	-214748362 0	214748367 6	IMA_RESULT_SENDWAIT_FAILURE

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
8000001Dh	-214748361 9	214748367 7	IMA_RESULT_NO_COLLECTORS
8000001Eh	-214748361 8	214748367 8	IMA_RESULT_UPDATED
8000001Fh	-214748361 7	214748367 9	IMA_RESULT_NO_CHANGE
80000020h	-214748361 6	214748368 0	IMA_RESULT_LEGACY_NOT_ENABLED
80000021h	-214748361 5	214748368 1	IMA_RESULT_VALUE_ALREADY_CREATED
80000022h	-214748361 4	214748368 2	IMA_RESULT_UID_EXCEEDED_BOUNDS
80000023h	-214748361 3	214748368 3	IMA_RESULT_NO_EVENTS
80000024h	-214748361 2	214748368 4	IMA_RESULT_NOT_FOUND
80000024h	-214748361 2	214748368 4	IMA_RESULT_MEMBER_NOT_FOUND
80000024h	-214748361 2	214748368 4	IMA_RESULT_GROUP_NOT_FOUND
80000025h	-214748361 1	214748368 5	IMA_RESULT_ALREADY_EXISTS
80000025h	-214748361 1	214748368 5	IMA_RESULT_MEMBER_ALREADY_EXISTS
80000026h	-214748361 0	214748368 6	IMA_RESULT_GROUP_ALREADY_EXISTS
80000027h	-214748360 9	214748368 7	IMA_RESULT_NOT_A_GROUP
80000028h	-214748360 8	214748368 8	IMA_RESULT_GROUP_DIR_ACCESS_FAILURE
80000029h	-214748360 7	214748368 9	IMA_RESULT_EOF

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
8000002Ah	-214748360 6	214748369 0	IMA_RESULT_REGISTRY_ERROR
8000002Bh	-214748360 5	214748369 1	IMA_RESULT_DSN_OPEN_FAILURE
8000002Ch	-214748360 4	214748369 2	IMA_RESULT_REMOVING_PSSERVER
8000002Dh	-214748360 3	214748369 3	IMA_RESULT_NO_REPLY_SENT
8000002Eh	-214748360 2	214748369 4	IMA_RESULT_PLUGIN_FAILED_VERIFY
8000002Fh	-214748360 1	214748369 5	IMA_RESULT_FILE_NOT_FOUND
80000030h	-214748360 0	214748369 6	IMA_RESULT_PLUGIN_ENTRY_NOT_FOUND
80000031h	-214748359 9	214748369 7	IMA_RESULT_CLOSED
80000032h	-214748359 8	214748369 8	IMA_RESULT_PATH_NAME_TOO_LONG
80000033h	-214748359 7	214748369 9	IMA_RESULT_CREATEMESSAGEPORT_FAILED
80000034h	-214748359 6	214748370 0	IMA_RESULT_ALTADDRESS_NOT_DEFINED
80000035h	-214748359 5	214748370 1	IMA_RESULT_WOULD_BLOCK
80000036h	-214748359 4	214748370 2	IMA_RESULT_ALREADY_CLOSED
80000037h	-214748359 3	214748370 3	IMA_RESULT_TOO_BUSY
80000038h	-214748359 2	214748370 4	IMA_RESULT_HOST_SHUTTING_DOWN
80000039h	-214748359 1	214748370 5	IMA_RESULT_PORT_IN_USE

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
8000003Ah	-214748359 0	214748370 6	IMA_RESULT_NOT_SUPPORTED
8000003Bh	-214748358 9	214748370 7	IMA_RESULT_NOT_TRUSTED
8000003Ch	-214748358 8	214748370 8	IMA_RESULT_WRITE_TO_LOG_FAILED
8000003Dh	-214748358 7	214748370 9	IMA_RESULT_NOT_AVAILABLE_IN_SR
8000003Eh	-214748358 6	214748371 0	IMA_RESULT_LOG_TESTCONN_FAILED
8000003Fh	-214748358 5	214748371 1	IMA_RESULT_LOG_CLEARLOG_FAILED
80000040h	-214748358 4	214748371 2	IMA_RESULT_IMADS_TO_XML_FAILED
80000041h	-214748358 3	214748371 3	IMA_RESULT_INCONSISTENT_XML_KEY_TYP E
80000042h	-214748358 2	214748371 4	IMA_RESULT_BAD_XML_TAG
80000043h	-214748358 1	214748371 5	IMA_RESULT_BAD_XML_PARAM
80000044h	-214748358 0	214748371 6	IMA_RESULT_INVALID_FARM_TYPE
80000047h	-214748357 7	214748371 9	IMA_RESULT_BAD_FARM_TYPE
80000048h	-214748357 6	214748372 0	IMA_RESULT_INVALID_LICENSE_SERVER
80000049h	-214748357 5	214748372 1	IMA_RESULT_INCOMPATIBLE_LICENSE_SERV ER
8000004Ah	-214748357 4	214748372 2	IMA_RESULT_AUDIT_LICENSE_NOT_FOUND
8000004Bh	-214748357 3	214748372 3	IMA_RESULT_LOG_PARAM_INVALID

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
8000004Ch	-214748357 2	214748372 4	IMA_RESULT_LOG_WRITE_TO_IMADB_FAILE D
8000004Dh	-214748357 1	214748372 5	IMA_RESULT_CLDB_WRITE_FAILED
8000004Eh	-214748357 0	214748372 6	IMA_RESULT_CLDB_FARM_NAME_MISMATCH
8000004Fh	-214748356 9	214748372 7	IMA_RESULT_CLDB_FARM_NOT_CONFIGURE D
80000050h	-214748356 8	214748372 8	IMA_RESULT_CLDB_DATABASE_NOT_SUPPO RTED
80000051h	-214748356 7	214748372 9	IMA_RESULT_CLDB_CONNECTIONPARAM_IN VALID
80000052h	-214748356 6	214748373 0	IMA_RESULT_CLDB_IMPERSONATE_FAILED
80000053h	-214748356 5	214748373 1	IMA_RESULT_CLDB_OPENCONNECTION_FAILED
80000054h	-214748356 4	214748373 2	IMA_RESULT_ARRAY_OUTOFBOUNDS
80000055h	-214748356 3	214748373 3	IMA_RESULT_STRINGSID_CONVERSION_ERR OR
80000056h	-214748356 2	214748373 4	IMA_RESULT_SUBSYSTEM_DISABLED
80040001h	-214722150 3	214774579 3	IMA_RESULT_FILE_OPEN_FAILURE
80040002h	-214722150 2	214774579 4	IMA_RESULT_SESSION_REQUEST_DENIED
80040003h	-214722150 1	214774579 5	IMA_RESULT_JOB_NOT_FOUND
80040004h	-214722150 0	214774579 6	IMA_RESULT_SESSION_NOT_FOUND
80040005h	-214722149 9	214774579 7	IMA_RESULT_FILE_SEEK_FAILURE

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
80040006h	-214722149 8	214774579 8	IMA_RESULT_FILE_READ_FAILURE
80040007h	-214722149 7	214774579 9	IMA_RESULT_FILE_WRITE_FAILURE
80040008h	-214722149 6	214774580 0	IMA_RESULT_JOB_CANNOT_BE_UPDATED
80040009h	-214722149 5	214774580 1	IMA_RESULT_NO_TARGET_HOSTS
8004000Ah	-214722149 4	214774580 2	IMA_RESULT_NO_SOURCE_FILES
80060001h	-214709043 1	214787686 5	IMA_RESULT_ATTR_NOT_FOUND
80060002h	-214709043 0	214787686 6	IMA_RESULT_CONTEXT_NOT_FOUND
80060003h	-214709042 9	214787686 7	IMA_RESULT_VALUE_NOT_FOUND
80060004h	-214709042 8	214787686 8	IMA_RESULT_DATA_NOT_FOUND
80060005h	-214709042 7	214787686 9	IMA_RESULT_ENTRY_LOCKED
80060006h	-214709042 6	214787687 0	IMA_RESULT_SEARCH_HASMORE
80060007h	-214709042 5	214787687 1	IMA_RESULT_INCOMPLETE
80060008h	-214709042 4	214787687 2	IMA_RESULT_READEXCEPTION
80060009h	-214709042 3	214787687 3	IMA_RESULT_WRITEEXCEPTION
8006000Ah	-214709042 2	214787687 4	IMA_RESULT_LDAP_PARTIALINSTALL
8006000Bh	-214709042 1	214787687 5	IMA_RESULT_LDAP_NOTREADY

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
8006000Ch	-214709042 0	214787687 6	IMA_RESULT_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL
8006000Dh	-214709041 9	214787687 7	IMA_RESULT_CONTAINER_NOT_EMPTY
8006000Eh	-214709041 8	214787687 8	IMA_RESULT_CONFIGURATION_ERROR
8006000Fh	-214709041 7	214787687 9	IMA_RESULT_GET_BASEOBJECT
80060010h	-214709041 6	214787688 0	IMA_RESULT_GET_DERIVEDOBJECT
80060011h	-214709041 5	214787688 1	IMA_RESULT_OBJECTCLASS_NOTMATCH
80060012h	-214709041 4	214787688 2	IMA_RESULT_ATTRIBUTE_NOTINDEXED
80060013h	-214709041 3	214787688 3	IMA_RESULT_OBJECTCLASS_VIOLATION
80060014h	-214709041 2	214787688 4	IMA_RESULT_ENUMFAIL
80060015h	-214709041 1	214787688 5	IMA_RESULT_ENUMNODATA
80060016h	-214709041 0	214787688 6	IMA_RESULT_DBCONNECT_FAILURE
80060017h	-214709040 9	214787688 7	IMA_RESULT_TRUNCATE
80060018h	-214709040 8	214787688 8	IMA_RESULT_DUPLICATE
80060019h	-214709040 7	214787688 9	IMA_RESULT_PS_NOTINITIALIZED
8006001Ah	-214709040 6	214787689 0	IMA_RESULT_USING_ORACLE_7
8006001Bh	-214709040 5	214787689 1	IMA_RESULT_USING_ORACLE_8

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
8006001Ch	-214709040 4	214787689 2	IMA_RESULT_USING_ORACLE_UNKNOWN
8006001Dh	-214709040 3	214787689 3	IMA_RESULT_LOAD_DAO_ENGINE_FAILED
8006001Eh	-214709040 2	214787689 4	IMA_RESULT_COMPACT_DB_FAILED
80060033h	-214709038 1	214787691 5	IMA_RESULT_ODBC_NO_CONNECTIONS_AV AILABLE
80060034h	-214709038 0	214787691 6	IMA_RESULT_CREATE_SQL_ENVIRONMENT_ FAILED
80060035h	-214709037 9	214787691 7	IMA_RESULT_SQL_EXECUTE_FAILED
80060036h	-214709037 8	214787691 8	IMA_RESULT_SQL_FETCH_FAILED
80060037h	-214709037 7	214787691 9	IMA_RESULT_SQL_BIND_PARAM_FAILED
80060038h	-214709037 6	214787692 0	IMA_RESULT_SQL_GET_COLUMN_DATA_FAI LED
80060039h	-214709037 5	214787692 1	IMA_RESULT_REPLICATED_DATA_CONTENTI ON
8006003Ah	-214709037 4	214787692 2	IMA_RESULT_DB_TABLE_NOT_FOUND
8006003Bh	-214709037 3	214787692 3	IMA_RESULT_CONNECTION_EXIST
8006003Ch	-214709037 2	214787692 4	IMA_RESULT_QUERY_MAX_NODEID_FAILED
8006003Dh	-214709037 1	214787692 5	IMA_RESULT_SQL_FUNCTION_SEQUENCE_E RROR
8006003Eh	-214709037 0	214787692 6	IMA_RESULT_DB_CONNECTION_TIMEOUT
8006003Fh	-214709036 9	214787692 7	IMA_RESULT_SQL_INVALID_TRANSACTION_ STATE

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
80060040h	-214709036 8	214787692 8	IMA_RESULT_DB_NO_DISK_SPACE
80060041h	-214709036 7	214787692 9	IMA_RESULT_USING_ORACLE_9
80060042h	-214709036 6	214787693 0	IMA_RESULT_TRANSACTION_ROLLEDBACK
80060043h	-214709036 5	214787693 1	IMA_RESULT_OCI_STILL_EXECUTING
80060044h	-214709036 4	214787693 2	IMA_RESULT_DATABASE_READONLY
80060045h	-214709036 3	214787693 3	IMA_RESULT_INVALID_CHANGE_ID
80080001h	-214695935 9	214800793 7	IMA_RESULT_MFS_REGISTRY_ERROR
80080002h	-214695935 8	214800793 8	IMA_RESULT_MFS_LOGONUSER_ERROR
80080003h	-214695935 7	214800793 9	IMA_RESULT_MFS_CREATEPROCESS_ERROR
80080004h	-214695935 6	214800794 0	IMA_RESULT_MFS_WINSTATION_ERROR
80080005h	-214695935 5	214800794 1	IMA_RESULT_MFS_WINCFG_ERROR
80080006h	-214695935 4	214800794 2	IMA_RESULT_MFS_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
80080007h	-214695935 3	214800794 3	IMA_RESULT_MFS_BUSY_TRY_LATER
80080008h	-214695935 2	214800794 4	IMA_RESULT_MFS_UNABLE_RESTART_NFUS E_SERVICE
80080009h	-214695935 1	214800794 5	IMA_RESULT_MFS_SERVER_DOES_NOT_SUP PORT_ACR
8008000Ah	-214695935 0	214800794 6	IMA_RESULT_MFS_SERVER_FR_LEVEL_TOO _LOW

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
8008000Bh	-214695934 9	214800794 7	IMA_RESULT_MFS_SERVER_DOES_NOT_SUP PORT_ICAKEEPALIVE
8008000Ch	-214695934 8	214800794 8	IMA_RESULT_MFS_SERVER_DOES_NOT_SUP PORT_SPEEDBROWSE
8008000Dh	-214695934 7	214800794 9	IMA_RESULT_MFS_SERVER_DOES_NOT_SUP PORT_CONNECT_TO_CONSOLE
8008000Eh	-214695934 6	214800795 0	IMA_RESULT_MFS_SERVER_DOES_NOT_SUP PORT_RAVE
8008000Fh	-214695934 5	214800795 1	IMA_RESULT_MFS_SERVER_DOES_NOT_SUP PORT_SPEEDFLASH
80080010h	-214695934 4	214800795 2	IMA_RESULT_MFS_VIP_RANGE_OVERLAP
80080011h	-214695934 3	214800795 3	IMA_RESULT_MFS_VIP_RANGE_TOOSMALL
80080012h	-214695934 2	214800795 4	IMA_RESULT_MFS_VIP_END_ADDRESS_SMAL LER_THAN_START
80080013h	-214695934 1	214800795 5	IMA_RESULT_MFS_VIP_INVALID_ADDRESS
80080014h	-214695934 0	214800795 6	IMA_RESULT_MFS_VIP_ADDRESS_NOT_ON_ SAME_SUBNET
80080015h	-214695933 9	214800795 7	IMA_RESULT_MFS_VIP_ERROR_SAVING
80080016h	-214695933 8	214800795 8	IMA_RESULT_MFS_NO_ADAPTERS_CONFIGU RED
80080017h	-214695933 7	214800795 9	IMA_RESULT_MFS_NO_ADAPTERS_ENABLED
800D0000h	-214663168 0	214833561 6	IMA_RESULT_CAPPSUB_UNKNOWN_APPTYP E
800D0001h	-214663167 9	214833561 7	IMA_RESULT_CAPPSUB_INSUFFICIENT_VER SION
800D0002h	-214663167 8	214833561 8	IMA_RESULT_CAPPSUB_NON_UNIQUE_FRIE NDLYNAME

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
800D0003h	-214663167 7	214833561 9	IMA_RESULT_CAPPSUB_NON_UNIQUE_BRO WSERNAME
800D0006h	-214663167 4	214833562 2	IMA_RESULT_CAPPSUB_APPLICATION_IS_DI SABLED
800D000Bh	-214663166 9	214833562 7	IMA_RESULT_CAPPSUB_ILLEGAL_BROWSER NAME_CHARACTERS
800D000Ch	-214663166 8	214833562 8	IMA_RESULT_CAPPSUB_BROWSERNAME_TO O_LONG
800D000Eh	-214663166 6	214833563 0	IMA_RESULT_CAPPSUB_ILLEGAL_FRIENDLY NAME_CHARACTERS
800D000Fh	-214663166 5	214833563 1	IMA_RESULT_CAPPSUB_FRIENDLYNAME_TO O_LONG
80100001h	-214643507 1	214853222 5	IMA_BROWSER_RESULT_ERROR_IO_ERROR
80100002h	-214643507 0	214853222 6	IMA_BROWSER_RESULT_ERROR_WINSOCK_ STARTUP
80100003h	-214643506 9	214853222 7	IMA_BROWSER_RESULT_ERROR_TIMER_CRE ATE
80100004h	-214643506 8	214853222 8	IMA_BROWSER_RESULT_INVALID_PARAMET ER
80100005h	-214643506 7	214853222 9	IMA_BROWSER_RESULT_ERROR_NOT_ENOU GH_MEMORY
80100006h	-214643506 6	214853223 0	IMA_BROWSER_RESULT_ERROR_DATABASE_ LOCATE
80100007h	-214643506 5	214853223 1	IMA_BROWSER_RESULT_ERROR_APPLICATI ON_LOCATE
80100008h	-214643506 4	214853223 2	IMA_BROWSER_RESULT_ERROR_NEIGHBOR HOOD_LOCATE
80110101h	-214636927 9	214859801 7	LMS_RESULT_APP_NOT_FOUND
80110102h	-214636927 8	214859801 8	LMS_RESULT_SERVER_NOT_FOUND

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
80110103h	-214636927 7	214859801 9	LMS_RESULT_COLLECTORDB_NOT_FOUND
80110104h	-214636927 6	214859802 0	LMS_RESULT_NO_SERVER_AVAILABLE
80110105h	-214636927 5	214859802 1	LMS_RESULT_LOADEVALNAME_ERROR
80110106h	-214636927 5	214859802 2	LMS_RESULT_CANNOT_DELETE_DEFAULTLE
80110106h	-214636927 3	214859802 3	LMS_RESULT_CANNOT_DELETE_LE_IN_USE
80110200h	-214636902 4	214859827 2	IMA_RESULT_FULL_SERVER_OR_APP_LOAD _REACHED
80110201h	-214636902 3	214859827 3	IMA_RESULT_MAX_SERVERS_LM_DISABLED_ HCA
80130001h	-214623846 3	214872883 3	IMA_RESULT_MORE_ITEMS
80130002h	-214623846 2	214872883 4	IMA_RESULT_INVALID_ACCOUNT
80130003h	-214623846 1	214872883 5	IMA_RESULT_INVALID_PASSWORD
80130004h	-214623846 0	214872883 6	IMA_RESULT_EXPIRED_PASSWORD
80130005h	-214623845 9	214872883 7	IMA_RESULT_GROUP_IGNORED
80130006h	-214623845 8	214872883 8	IMA_RESULT_BUILTIN_GROUP
80130007h	-214623845 7	214872883 9	IMA_RESULT_DC_NOT_AVAILABLE
80130008h	-214623845 6	214872884 0	IMA_RESULT_NW_CLIENT_NOT_INSTALLED
80130009h	-214623845 5	214872884 1	IMA_RESULT_ACCOUNT_LOCKED_OUT

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
8013000Ah	-214623845 4	214872884 2	IMA_RESULT_INVALID_LOGON_HOURS
8013000Bh	-214623845 3	214872884 3	IMA_RESULT_ACCOUNT_DISABLED
8013000Ch	-214623845 2	214872884 4	IMA_RESULT_PREFERRED_TREE_NOT_SET
8013000Dh	-214623845 1	214872884 5	IMA_RESULT_EXPIRED_ACCOUNT
8013000Eh	-214623845 0	214872884 5	IMA_RESULT_ADSOPEN_FAILED
8013000Fh	-214623844 9	214872884 7	IMA_RESULT_ADSOPEN_FAILED_NOTREG
80160001h	-214604185 5	214892544 1	IMA_RESULT_NODE_NOT_FOUND
80160002h	-214604185 4	214892544 2	IMA_RESULT_NODE_NAME_INVALID
80160003h	-214604185 3	214892544 3	IMA_RESULT_NODE_NOT_EMPTY
80160004h	-214604185 2	214892544 4	IMA_RESULT_NODE_MOVE_DENIED
80160005h	-214604185 1	214892544 5	IMA_RESULT_NODE_NAME_NOT_UNIQUE
80160006h	-214604185 0	214892544 6	IMA_RESULT_NODE_RENAME_DENIED
80160007h	-214604184 9	214892544 7	IMA_RESULT_CONSTRAINT_VIOLATION
80160008h	-214604184 8	214892544 8	IMA_RESULT_LDAP_PROTOCOL_ERROR
80160009h	-214604184 7	214892544 9	IMA_RESULT_LDAP_SERVER_DOWN
8016000Ch	-214604184 4	214892545 2	IMA_RESULT_NODE_DELETE_DENIED

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
8016000Fh	-214604184 1	214892545 5	IMA_RESULT_CANNOTCHANGE_PASSWORD
80160010h	-214604184 0	214892545 6	IMA_RESULT_CANNOTCHANGE_LAST_RW
80160011h	-214604183 9	214892545 7	IMA_RESULT_LOGON_USER_DISABLED
80160012h	-214604183 8	214892545 8	IMA_RESULT_CMC_CONNECTION_DISABLED
80160013h	-214604183 7	214892545 9	IMA_RESULT_INSUFFICIENT_SERVER_SEC_F OR_USER
80160014h	-214604183 6	214892546 0	IMA_RESULT_FEATURE_LICENSE_NOT_FOU ND
80160015h	-214604183 5	214892546 1	IMA_RESULT_DISALLOW_CMC_LOGON
801C0000h	-214564864 0	214931865 6	IMA_RESULT_COMSRV_UNKNOWN_TYPE
801C0001h	-214564863 9	214931865 7	IMA_RESULT_COMSRV_INSUFFICIENT_VERSION
801C0003h	-214564863 7	214931865 9	IMA_RESULT_COMSRV_UNDEFINED_PARENT FOLDER
801C0004h	-214564863 6	214931866 0	IMA_RESULT_COMSRV_NON_UNIQUE_SERVE RNAME
801C0005h	-214564863 5	214931866 1	IMA_RESULT_COMSRV_SERVERNAME_NOT_ FOUND
801C0008h	-214564863 2	214931866 4	IMA_RESULT_COMSRV_NO_NAMES_FOUND
801C000Bh	-214564862 9	214931866 7	IMA_RESULT_COMSRV_REGISTRY_ERROR
801C000Ch	-214564862 8	214931866 8	IMA_RESULT_COMSRV_LOWER_VERSION
801C000Dh	-214564862 7	214931866 9	IMA_RESULT_COMSRV_ILLEGAL_BROWSERN AME_CHARACTERS

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
801C000Eh	-214564862 6	214931867 0	IMA_RESULT_COMSRV_BROWSERNAME_TO O_LONG
801C000Fh	-214564862 5	214931867 1	IMA_RESULT_COMSRV_REMOVE_SERVER_N OT_OFFLINE
801D1100h	-214557875 2	214938854 4	IMA_RESULT_MFAPP_DATASIZE_TOO_LARGE
801D1101h	-214557875 1	214938854 5	IMA_RESULT_MFAPP_ENUM_COMPLETE
801D1102h	-214557875 0	214938854 6	IMA_RESULT_MFAPP_VERSION_TOO_LARGE
801D1103h	-214557874 9	214938854 7	IMA_RESULT_MFAPP_READONLY
801D1104h	-214557874 8	214938854 8	IMA_RESULT_MFAPP_INVALID_CONFIG
801D1105h	-214557874 7	214938854 9	IMA_RESULT_MFAPP_UNABLE_RESET_APP
801D1106h	-214557874 6	214938855 0	IMA_RESULT_MFAPP_BRNAME_ILLEGAL_CH ARS
801D1107h	-214557874 5	214938855 1	IMA_RESULT_MFAPP_ENUM_HAS_NOT_STA RTED
801D1108h	-214557874 4	214938855 2	IMA_RESULT_MFAPP_ALREADY_IN_ENUM
801D1109h	-214557874 3	214938855 3	IMA_RESULT_MFAPPSS_MIGRATION_UNABL E_CREATE_LOG_FILE
801D110Ah	-214557874 2	214938855 4	IMA_RESULT_MFAPP_WORK_DIRECTORY_IL LEGAL_CHARS
801D110Bh	-214557874 1	214938855 5	IMA_RESULT_MFAPP_CACHE_IRRELEVANT_ APP
801D110Ch	-214557874 0	214938855 6	IMA_RESULT_MFAPP_IRRELEVANT_IMS_INF O
801D110Dh	-214557873 9	214938855 7	IMA_RESULT_MFAPP_NOT_ALL_SERVERS_E NT

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
80240001h	-214512435 1	214984294 5	IMA_RESULT_IMS_NO_CONFIG_INFO
80240002h	-214512435 0	214984294 6	IMA_RESULT_IMS_INSTALLER_FAILURE
80240003h	-214512434 9	214984294 7	IMA_RESULT_IMS_LOGON_FAILED
80240004h	-214512434 8	214984294 8	IMA_RESULT_IMS_DUPLICATED_PKGS
80240005h	-214512434 7	214984294 9	IMA_RESULTS_IMS_PACKAGE_IN_USE
80240006h	-214512434 6	214984295 0	IMA_RESULT_IMS_OP_NOT_ALLOWED
80240007h	-214512434 5	214984295 1	IMA_RESULT_IMS_NOT_A_PACKAGE
80240008h	-214512434 4	214984295 2	IMA_RESULT_IMS_NETWORK_BROWSER_ER ROR
80260001h	-214499327 9	214997401 7	IMA_RESULT_NW_PRINT_SERVER_ALREADY _PRESENT
80260002h	-214499327 8	214997401 8	IMA_RESULT_SERVER_ALREADY_PRESENT
8026000Ah	-214499327 0	214997402 6	IMA_RESULT_PRINT_SPOOLER_NOT_AVAILA BLE
802D0001h	-214453452 7	215043276 9	IMA_RESULT_TABLE_NOT_FOUND
802D0002h	-214453452 6	215043277 0	IMA_RESULT_NOT_TABLE_OWNER
802D0003h	-214453452 5	215043277 1	IMA_RESULT_INVALID_QUERY
802D0004h	-214453452 4	215043277 2	IMA_RESULT_TABLE_OWNER_HAS_CHANGE D
802D0005h	-214453452 3	215043277 3	IMA_RESULT_SERVICE_NOT_AVAILABLE

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
802D0006h	-214453452 2	215043277 4	IMA_RESULT_ZONE_MASTER_UNKNOWN
802D0007h	-214453452 1	215043277 5	IMA_RESULT_NON_UNIQUE_HOSTID
802D0008h	-214453452 0	215043277 6	IMA_RESULT_REG_VALUE_NOT_FOUND
802D0009h	-214453451 9	215043277 7	IMA_RESULT_PARTIAL_LOAD
802D000Ah	-214453451 8	215043277 8	IMA_RESULT_GATEWAY_NOT_ESTABLISHED
802D000Bh	-214453451 7	215043277 9	IMA_RESULT_INVALID_GATEWAY
802D000Ch	-214453451 6	215043278 0	IMA_RESULT_SERVER_NOT_AVAILABLE
802D000Dh	-214453451 5	215043278 1	IMA_RESULT_MAGIC_NUMBER_MISMATCH
802D000Eh	-214453451 4	215043278 2	IMA_RESULT_NOT_ZONE_MASTER
802D000Fh	-214453451 3	215043278 3	IMA_RESULT_IMA_ENCRYPTION_ERROR
802D0010h	-214453451 2	215043278 4	IMA_RESULT_INVALID_RANK
802D0010h	-214453451 1	215043278 5	IMA_RESULT_NO_CONTROLLERS_AVAILABL E
80300001h	-214433791 9	215062937 7	IMA_RESULT_SERVICE_NOT_SUPPORTED
80300002h	-214433792 0	215062937 8	IMA_RESULT_BUILD_SD_FAILED
80300003h	-214433792 1	215062937 9	IMA_RESULT_RPC_USE_ENDPOINT_FAILED
80300004h	-214433792 2	215062938 0	IMA_RESULT_RPC_REG_INTERFACE_FAILED

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
80300005h	-214433792 3	215062938 1	IMA_RESULT_RPC_LISTEN_FAILED
80300006h	-214433792 4	215062938 2	IMA_RESULT_BUILD_FILTER_FAILED
80300007h	-214433792 5	215062938 3	IMA_RESULT_RPC_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL
80300008h	-214433792 6	215062938 4	IMA_RESULT_REQUEST_TICKET_FAILED
80300009h	-214433792 7	215062938 5	IMA_RESULT_INVALID_TICKET
8030000Ah	-214433791 0	215062938 6	IMA_RESULT_LOAD_TICKETDLL_FAILED
80370064h	-214387906 8	215108822 8	IMA_RESULT_EVENT_QUEUE_FULL
80401100h	-214328499 2	215168230 4	IMA_RESULT_CONTENT_DATASIZE_TOO_LA RGE
80401100h	-214328499 2	214168230 4	IMA_RESULT_RADEAPP_DATASIZE_TOO_LAR GE
80401101h	-214328499 1	215168230 5	IMA_RESULT_CONTENT_ENUM_COMPLETE
80401101h	-214328499 1	215168230 5	IMA_RESULT_RADEAPP_ENUM_COMPLETE
80401102h	-214328499 0	215168230 6	IMA_RESULT_CONTENT_VERSION_TOO_LAR GE
80401102h	-214328499 0	215168230 6	IMA_RESULT_RADEAPP_VERSION_TOO_LAR GE
80401103h	-214328498 9	215168230 7	IMA_RESULT_CONTENT_READONLY
80401103h	-214328498 9	215168230 7	IMA_RESULT_RADEAPP_READONLY
80401104h	-214328498 8	215168230 8	IMA_RESULT_CONTENT_INVALID_CONFIG

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
80401104h	-214328498 8	215168230 8	IMA_RESULT_RADEAPP_INVALID_CONFIG
80401105h	-214328498 7	215168230 9	IMA_RESULT_UNABLE_RESET_APP
80401105h	-214328498 7	215168230 9	IMA_RESULT_UNABLE_RESET_APP
80401106h	-214328498 6	215168231 0	IMA_RESULT_CONTENT_BRNAME_ILLEGAL_ CHARS
80401106h	-214328498 6	215168231 0	IMA_RESULT_RADEAPP_BRNAME_ILLEGAL_ CHARS
80401107h	-214328498 5	215168231 1	IMA_RESULT_CONTENT_ENUM_HAS_NOT_S TARTED
80401107h	-214328498 5	215168231 1	IMA_RESULT_RADEAPP_ENUM_HAS_NOT_S TARTED
80401108h	-214328498 4	215168231 2	IMA_RESULT_CONTENT_ALREADY_IN_ENU M
80401108h	-214328498 4	215168231 2	IMA_RESULT_RADEAPP_ALREADY_IN_ENUM
80401109h	-214328498 3	215168231 3	IMA_RESULT_CONTENT_VERSION_MISMATC H
80401109h	-214328498 3	215168231 3	IMA_RESULT_RADEAPP_VERSION_MISMATC H
80480001h	-214276505 5	215220224 1	IMA_RESULT_SESSION_GUID_CREATION_FAILED
80480002h	-214276505 4	215220224 2	IMA_RESULT_INVALID_SESSION_GUID
80480003h	-214276505 3	215220224 3	IMA_RESULT_MISMATCHED_INPUT_SESSION S
80480004h	-214276505 2	215220224 4	IMA_RESULT_DISALLOWED_SESSION_OPERA TION
80480005h	-214276505 1	215220224 5	IMA_RESULT_FAILED_TO_LOAD_DLL

Hex value	Signed value	Unsigned value	Mnemonic
80480006h	-214276505 0	215220224 6	IMA_RESULT_FAILED_TO_LOCATE_FUNCTION
80480007h	-214276504 9	215220224 7	IMA_RESULT_WRONG_TARGET_RADE_SERV ER
80480008h	-214276504 8	215220224 8	IMA_RESULT_FAILED_TO_ACQUIRE_LICENSE
80480009h	-214276504 7	215220224 9	IMA_RESULT_NO_ADDON_LICENSE
8048000Ah	-214276504 6	215220225 0	IMA_RESULT_EVENT_NOT_SUPPORTED