

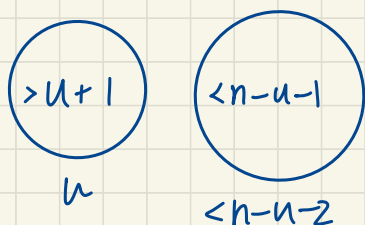
- 6) Suppose we start with n sets, each containing a distinct element.
- Show that if u unions are performed, then no set contains more than $u + 1$ elements.
 - Show that at most $n - 1$ unions can be performed before the number of sets becomes 1.

(b) every time do union, can let the number of set reduce 1

so, do $(n-1)$ time union can let the number of set reduce $(n-1)$

$$\therefore n - (n-1) = 1(\text{set})$$

(a) Assume the do u union and contains a set more than $u+1$ elements



by result (b), a set contain $<n-u-1$ elements need to do at most $(n-u-2)$ times union to become one set

$$\therefore n - u - 2 + u = n - 2 \neq n - 1$$

\Rightarrow the assume is wrong