

Galactoglucomannan fibres promote a beneficial porcine gut microbiome

Jenny Merkesvik ^a, Lars J. Lindstad ^a, Antton Alberdi ^b, Anders Miki Bojesen ^c, Marta Contreras-Serrano ^d, Jorge E. Langa ^{be}, Carlotta Pietroni ^b, Louise L. Poulsen ^c, Torgeir R. Hvidsten ^a, Phillip B. Pope ^{af}, and Bjørge Westereng ^a

- a Faculty of Chemistry, Biotechnology, and Food Science, Norwegian University of Life Sciences
- b Centre for Evolutionary Hologenomics, University of Copenhagen
- c Department of Veterinary and Animal Science, University of Copenhagen
- d Centre for Volatile Interactions, University of Copenhagen
- e Faculty of Science and Technology, University of the Basque Country
- f Faculty of Biosciences, Norwegian University of Life Sciences



MOTIVATION

Most mammals and their microbiomes are codependent, forming a functional unit known as a **holobiont**. Exchanging metabolites, regulating gene expression, and combating pathogens are vital to the **health** and **performance** of the holobiont. By understanding the interactions occurring within this system, we can more effectively improve **animal** and **feed production**, favouring both animal welfare, production efficiency, and the **growing**

human population.

Mannan fibres made from spruce can be broken down into host-accessible compounds by microbes with carbohydrate-active enzymes. These microbes can also ease piglets' transition from milk to solid feed. Can we

jump-start the porcine microbiome by mannan fibre supplementation?



We used **three groups** of 10-day old piglets and gave **fibres** in addition to the basal feed to two groups; one starting **before** and one **after weaning**.



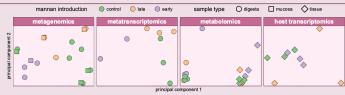




After **one month**, we sampled their caeca and generated **four omic data layers**: metagenomics, meta-transcriptomics, metabolomics, and host transcriptomics. The resulting data were analysed both as **individual omics** layers and jointly through a **holo-omic** approach.

REFERENCES 1 ... 2 ... 3 ... 4 ... 5 ... 6 .





Individual principal component analyses show **gradients** corresponding to **mannan exposure** duration. Among

the populations ...













