

13.2 ( 4, 12, 14 ) 13.3 ( 1, R2 ) 13.4 ( 2, 3, R4 )

<b>13.2.4</b> Determine the degree over $\mathbb{Q}$ of $2 + \sqrt{3}$ and of $1 + \sqrt[3]{2} + \sqrt[3]{4}$ .
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**13.2.12** Suppose the degree of the extension  $K/F$  is a prime  $p$ . Show that any subfield  $E$  of  $K$  containing  $F$  is either  $K$  or  $F$ .

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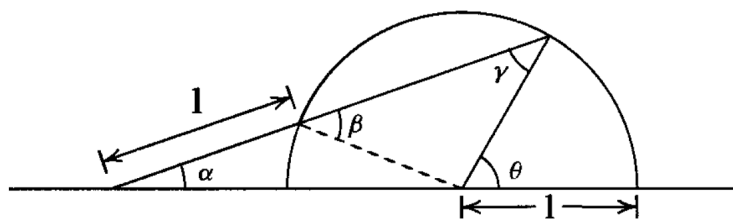
**13.2.14** Prove that if  $[F(\alpha) : F]$  is odd then  $F(\alpha) = F(\alpha^2)$ .

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**13.3.1** Prove that it is impossible to construct the regular 9-gon.

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**READ ONLY 13.3.2** Prove that Archimedes' construction actually trisects the angle  $\theta$ . [Note the isosceles triangles in Figure 5 to prove that  $\beta = \gamma = 2\alpha$ .]



**Fig. 5**

**13.4.2** Determine the splitting field and its degree over  $\mathbb{Q}$  for  $x^4 + 2$ .

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**13.4.3** Determine the splitting field and its degree over  $\mathbb{Q}$  for  $x^4 + x^2 + 1$ .

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**READ ONLY 13.4.4** Determine the splitting field and its degree over  $\mathbb{Q}$  for  $x^6 - 4$ .