Modern Beamer Presentations with the **metropolis** package

$\label{lem:commutation} Matthias\ Vogelges ang {\tt @gmail.com}$ ${\tt matthias.vogelges ang {\tt @gmail.com}}$

v1.2 - 2017/01/23

Contents

1	Introduction								
2	Getting Started 4								
	2.1	Installing from CTAN	4						
	2.2	Installing from GitHub	4						
	2.3	A Minimal Example	5						
	2.4	Dependencies	6						
	2.5	Pandoc	6						
3	Cus	stomization	6						
	3.1	Package options	6						
		3.1.1 Main theme	7						
		3.1.2 Inner theme	7						
		3.1.3 Outer theme	8						
		3.1.4 Color theme	8						
		3.1.5 Font theme	8						
	3.2	Color Customization	8						
	3.3	Font Customization	9						
		3.3.1 Old style figures	9						
	3.4		10						
			10						

4	pgfplots integration								
	4.1	Styles		10					
	4.2	Paul 7	Col colors	11					
5	Tip	Tips & Tricks							
	5.1	Backu	p Slides	11					
6	Known Issues 1								
	6.1	Title formats							
	6.2	Intera	ctions with other color themes	12					
	6.3	Notes	on second screen	13					
	6.4	Stando	out frames with labels	13					
	6.5	Stando	out frames with Pandoc	14					
7	Lice	ense		14					
8	Imp	olemen	tation	14					
	8.1	metro	ppolis parent theme	14					
		8.1.1	Package dependencies	15					
		8.1.2	Options	15					
		8.1.3	Component sub-packages	17					
		8.1.4	Custom commands	17					
		8.1.5	Process package options	18					
	8.2	metro	ppolis inner theme	18					
		8.2.1	Package dependencies	18					
		8.2.2	Options	18					
		8.2.3	Title page	19					
		8.2.4	Section page	22					
		8.2.5	Block environments	25					
		8.2.6	Lists and floats	27					
		8.2.7	Footnotes	27					
		8.2.8	Text and spacing settings	27					
		8.2.9	Standout frames	28					
		8.2.10	Process package options	29					
	8.3		opolis outer theme	29					
		8.3.1	Package dependencies	29					
		8.3.2	Options	29					
		8.3.3	Head and footline	31					

	8.3.4	Frametitle	31
	8.3.5	Process package options	33
8.4	metro	opolis font theme	33
	8.4.1	Package dependencies	33
	8.4.2	Load Fira fonts	33
	8.4.3	General font definitions	36
	8.4.4	Title format options	37
	8.4.5	Process package options	42
8.5	metro	opolis color theme	42
	8.5.1	Package dependencies	42
	8.5.2	Options	43
	8.5.3	Base colors	43
	8.5.4	Base styles	44
	8.5.5	Derived colors	44
	8.5.6	Process package options	47
8.6	Tol no	rfplots theme	47

1 Introduction

Beamer is an awesome way to make presentations with LaTeX, but its theme selection is surprisingly sparse. The stock themes share an aesthetic that can be a little cluttered, while the few distinctive custom themes available are often specialized for a particular corporate or institutional brand.

The goal of **metropolis** is to provide a simple, modern Beamer theme suitable for anyone to use. It tries to minimize noise and maximize space for content; the only visual flourish it offers is an (optional) progress bar added to each slide or to the section slides.

By default, **metropolis** uses Fira Sans, a gorgeous typeface commissioned by Mozilla and designed by Carrois. For best results, you will need the Fira typeface installed and use XHATEX to typeset your slides. However, **metropolis** can also be used with other typefaces and LATEX build systems.

metropolis's codebase is maintained on GitHub. If you have issues, find mistakes in the manual or want to help make the theme even better, please get in touch there. The full list of contributors already contains over a dozen names!

2 Getting Started

2.1 Installing from CTAN

For most users, we recommend installing **metropolis** from CTAN. If you keep your T_EX distribution up-to-date, chances are good that **metropolis** is already installed. If it is not, you need to update your packages. If your distribution is T_EX Live (or MacT_EX on OS X), the following command updates all packages.

```
tlmgr update --all
```

If this results in an error, you may need to run it with administrative privileges:

```
sudo tlmgr update --all
```

MacT_EX on OS X also provides a graphical interface for tlmgr called T_EX Live Utility.

For any other distribution please refer to its documentation on how to update your packages.

To get the most out of the theme you should also install the Fira fonts. However, this is not mandatory; **metropolis** also works with the standard fonts.

2.2 Installing from GitHub

If you want to use the cutting-edge development version of **metropolis**, you can install it manually. Like any LATEX package, this involves four easy steps:

Download the source with a git clone of the metropolis repository or as a zip archive of the latest development version.

Compile the style files by running make sty inside the downloaded directory.

(Or run LATEX directly on source/metropolistheme.ins.)

Move the resulting *.sty files to the folder containing your presentation. To use metropolis with many presentations, run make install or move the *.sty files to a folder in your TeX path instead.

Use the theme for your presentation by declaring \usetheme{metropolis} in the preamble of your Beamer document.

metropolis uses the Make build system to offer the following installation options for advanced users:

```
make sty builds the theme style files.

make doc builds this documentation manual.

make demo builds a demo presentation to test the features of metropolis.

make all builds the theme and manual.

make clean removes the files generated by make all.

make install installs the theme into your local texmf folder.

make uninstall removes the theme from your local texmf folder.
```

2.3 A Minimal Example

The following code shows a minimal example of a Beamer presentation using metropolis.

2.4 Dependencies

metropolis depends on the beamer class and the following standard packages:

tikzetoolboxifxetexpgfoptscalcifluatex

For best results, we recommend installing the fonts Fira Sans and Fira Mono and compiling with **metropolis** using XHATEX or LuaTeX. These are optional dependencies; **metropolis** is compatible with (e.g.) pdfIATEX and will fall back to standard fonts if Fira Sans or Fira Mono is not installed.

The packaged name of Fira Sans is Fira Sans OT in some Linux distributions; this case is automatically handled by **metropolis**.

2.5 Pandoc

To use this theme with Pandoc-based presentations, you can run the following command

```
$ pandoc -t beamer --latex-engine=xelatex -V theme:
    metropolis -o output.pdf input.md
```

3 Customization

3.1 Package options

The theme provides a number of options, which can be set using a key=value interface. The primary way to set options is to provide a comma-separated list of option-value pairs when loading **metropolis** in the preamble:

```
\usetheme[option1=value1, option2=value2, ...]{metropolis}
```

Options can be changed at any time — even mid-presentation! — with the \metroset macro.

```
\metroset{option1=newvalue1, option2=newvalue2, ...}
```

	The list of options is structured as shown in the following example.
option key	list of possible values default
	A short description of the option.
	3.1.1 Main theme
titleformat	regular, smallcaps, allsmallcaps, allcaps regular
	Changes the format of titles, subtitles, section titles, frame titles, and the text on "standout" frames. The available options produce Regular, SMALLCAPS, ALLS-MALLCAPS, or ALLCAPS titles. Please refer to Section 6.1 for known issues with these options.
titleformat plain	regular, smallcaps, allsmallcaps, allcaps regular
	Changes the format of "standout" frames (see titleformat, above).
	3.1.2 Inner theme
sectionpage	none, simple, progressbar progressbar
	Adds a slide at the start of each section (simple) with an optional thin progress bar below the section title (progressbar). The none option disables the section page.
subsectionpage	none, simple, progressbar none
	Optionally adds a slide at the start of each subsection. If enabled with the simple or progressbar options, the style of the section page will be updated to match the style of the subsection page. Note that section slides and subsection slides can appear consecutively if both are enabled; you may want to use this option together with sectionpage=none depending on the section structure of your presentation.

3.1.3 Outer theme

numbering	none, counter, fraction counter
	Controls whether the frame number at the bottom right of each slide is omitted (none), shown (counter) or displayed as a fraction of the total number of frames (fraction).
progressbar	none, head, frametitle, footnone
	Optionally adds a progress bar to the top of each frame (head), the bottom of each frame (foot), or directly below each frame title (frametitle).
	3.1.4 Color theme
block	$transparent, fill \dots transparent$
	Optionally adds a light grey background to block environments like ${\tt theorem}$ and ${\tt example}.$
background	$dark,\ light\dots$ light
	Provides the option to have a dark background and light foreground instead of the reverse.
	3.1.5 Font theme
titleformat title	regular, smallcaps, allsmallcaps, allcaps regular
titleformat subtitle titleformat section titleformat frame	Individually controls the format of titles, subtitles, section titles, and frame titles (see titleformat, above).

3.2 Color Customization

The included **metropolis** color theme is used by default, but its colors can be easily changed to suit your tastes. All of the theme's styles are defined in terms of three beamer colors:

- normal text (dark fg, light bg)
- alerted text (colored fg, should be visible against dark or light)

• example text (colored fg, should be visible against dark or light)

An easy way to customize the theme is to redefine these colors using

```
\strut = \{fg = \dots, bg = \dots\}
```

in your preamble. For greater customization, you can redefine any of the other stock beamer colors. In addition to the stock colors the theme defines a number of **metropolis** specific colors, which can also be redefined to your liking.

```
\setbeamercolor{progress bar}{ ... }
\setbeamercolor{title separator}{ ... }
\setbeamercolor{progress bar in head/foot}{ ... }
\setbeamercolor{progress bar in section page}{ ... }
```

3.3 Font Customization

The default font for **metropolis** is Fira. This can be easily changed using the standard font selection commands of the fontspec package. So if you prefer, for example, the **Ubuntu** font family, just add the following two commands after loading the **metropolis** theme.

```
\setsansfont{Ubuntu}
\setmonofont{Ubuntu Mono}
```

If you are expecting to present in a large room or with an underpowered projector, you may want to change the font to a heavier weight of Fira to maximize readability.

```
\setsansfont[BoldFont={Fira Sans SemiBold}]{Fira Sans Book}
```

3.3.1 Old style figures

The regular fontspec mechanism for changing glyph appearance applies also to this theme. If you want to have old style figures in the text but regular lined figures for math, you could add the following to your preamble:

3.4 Commands

3.4.1 Standout frames

The **metropolis** inner theme offers a custom frame format with large, centered text and an inverted background — perfect for focusing attention on single sentence or image. To use it, add the key **standout** to the frame:

```
\begin{frame}[standout]
    Thank you!
\end{frame}
```

4 pgfplots integration

metropolis comes with a set of pre-defined pgfplots styles and a color theme based on Paul Tol's color scheme.

4.1 Styles

Pass the following style keys to the axis environment to get the appropriate effect:

mlineplot Plot regular line charts with reduced axis frames, less intrusive legend and subdued grid.

mbarplot Plot vertical bar charts in a similar way as mlineplot but reduce grid usage.

horizontal mbarplot Plot horizontal bar charts.

disable thousands separator Helper style to remove thousands separator.

4.2Paul Tol colors

A good presentation uses colors that are distinct from each other as much as possible as well as from black and white, can be discerned item under different lighting and display environments and by color-blind viewers, while matching well together.

In a technical note for SRON, Paul Tol proposed a palette of colors satisfying these constraints. The sub-package pgfplotsthemetol defines palettes for pgfplots charts based on Tol's work.

Tips & Tricks 5

5.1 Backup Slides

Speakers will often include extra slides at the end of their presentation to refer to during audience questions. One easy way to do this is to include the appendixnumberbeamer package in your preamble and call \appendix before your backup slides.

metropolis will automatically turn off slide numbering and progress bars for slides in the appendix.

Known Issues

Title formats 6.1

Be aware that not every font supports small caps, so the smallcaps or allsmallcaps options may not work if you use a font other than Fira Sans. In particular, the Computer Modern sans-serif typeface, which is used when metropolis is compiled with pdfLATFX, does not have a small-caps variant.

The title format options allsmallcaps and allcaps are quite nice from an aesthetic point of view, but their use of \MakeLowercase and \MakeUppercase can

11

cause unexpected problems. For example:

- Some commands, like $\$ do not work inside $\$ and $\$ MakeUppercase. (See #125)
- Only alphabetic characters are affected by \MakeLowercase, so numerals
 and punctuation remain at full height. This can spoil some of the aesthetic
 benefits of allsmallcaps. (See #33)
- \MakeLowercase and \MakeUppercase apply to math mode and \scshape does not. This can easily introduce mathematical errors that are hard to catch.
- It is impossible to typeset symbols which are encoded as uppercase letters in a different font. In particular, \mathbb and \mathcal letters will be replaced by other math glyphs. (See #153)

The allsmallcaps and allcaps options are safe to use if your titles contain only alphabetic characters and do not require the expansion of any macros.

6.2 Interactions with other color themes

metropolis can be used along with any other Beamer color theme, such as crane or seahorse. If you wish to do this, it is usually best to include the metropolis subpackages individually so the metropolis color theme is never loaded. This will prevent conflicts between the metropolis color theme and your preferred theme.

For example, overriding the color theme as follows may not work as expected because \usetheme{metropolis} loads the metropolis color theme, which defines a relationship between the frametitle background and the primary palette of the theme. Since seahorse assumes a different relationship between its palettes, the result is a grey, rather than periwinkle, frametitle background.

```
\usetheme{metropolis}
\usecolortheme{seahorse}
```

The correct colors are chosen if the **metropolis** outer, inner, and font themes are loaded seperately:

```
\useoutertheme{metropolis}
\useinnertheme{metropolis}
\usefonttheme{metropolis}
```

```
\usecolortheme{seahorse} % or your preferred color theme
```

Please note that **metropolis** may not use all the colors defined in your favourite Beamer color theme. In particular, **metropolis** does not set a background color for the title; this will cause issues when using color themes like **whale** which set a white foreground for the title.

6.3 Notes on second screen

If you use the [show notes on second screen] option built in to Beamer and compile with XHATEX, text on slides following the first section slide may be rendered in white instead of the regular colour. This is due to a bug in Beamer or XHATEX itself. You can work around it either by compiling with LuaTEX or by adding the following code to your preamble to reset the text color on each slide.

$\mbox{\mbox{\tt makeatletter}}$

```
\def\beamer@framenotesbegin{% at beginning of slide
    \usebeamercolor[fg]{normal text}
    \gdef\beamer@noteitems{}%
    \gdef\beamer@notes{}%
}
```

6.4 Standout frames with labels

Because the standout frame option creates a group to restrict the colour change to a single slide, labels defined after calling standout will stay local to the group. In other words, the following may result in a "label undefined" error.

```
\begin{frame}[standout, label=conclusion]{Conclusion}
  Awesome slide
\end{frame}
```

To fix this problem, change the order of the keys in the frame.

```
\begin{frame}[label=conclusion, standout]{Conclusion}
```

```
Awesome slide 
\end{frame}
```

This error can be unwittingly triggered if you export your slides from Emacs Org mode, which automatically adds labels after frame options. Alex Branham offers the following solution for Org mode users, using org-set-property.

```
* Start of a frame
:PROPERTIES:
:BEAMER_opt: label=conclusion, standout
:END:
```

6.5 Standout frames with Pandoc

With Pandoc versions prior 1.17.2 it was not possible to create standout frames because Pandoc only supported a specific list of frame attributes thus ignoring additional attributes such as {.standout}.

7 License

metropolis is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International License. This means that if you change the theme and re-distribute it, you must retain the copyright notice header and license it under the same CC-BY-SA license. This does not affect any presentations that you create with the theme.

8 Implementation

8.1 metropolis parent theme

The primary job of this package is to load the component sub-packages of the **metropolis** theme and route the theme options accordingly. It also provides some custom commands and environments for the user.

8.1.1 Package dependencies

```
1 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
2 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}
```

8.1.2 Options

Most options are passed off to the component sub-packages.

```
3 \pgfkeys{/metropolis/.cd,
4    .search also={
5     /metropolis/inner,
6     /metropolis/outer,
7     /metropolis/color,
8     /metropolis/font,
9  }
10 }
```

titleformat plain Controls the formatting of the text on standout "plain" frames.

```
11 \pgfkeys{
    /metropolis/titleformat plain/.cd,
12
      .is choice,
13
14
      regular/.code={%
        \let\metropolis@plaintitleformat\@empty%
15
        \setbeamerfont{standout}{shape=\normalfont}%
16
17
      },
      smallcaps/.code={%
18
        \let\metropolis@plaintitleformat\@empty%
19
20
        \setbeamerfont{standout}{shape=\scshape}%
      },
21
      allsmallcaps/.code={%
22
        \let\metropolis@plaintitleformat\MakeLowercase%
23
        \setbeamerfont{standout}{shape=\scshape}%
24
        \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
25
26
          Be aware that titleformat plain=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
        }
27
      },
28
29
      allcaps/.code={%
        \let\metropolis@plaintitleformat\MakeUppercase%
30
        \setbeamerfont{standout}{shape=\normalfont}%
31
```

```
32 \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
33 Be aware that titleformat plain=allcaps can lead to problems%
34 }
35 },
36 }
```

titleformat

58 }

Sets a standard format for titles, subtitles, section titles, frame titles, and the text on standout "plain" frames.

```
37 \pgfkeys{
38  /metropolis/titleformat/.code=\pgfkeysalso{
39     font/titleformat title=#1,
40     font/titleformat subtitle=#1,
41     font/titleformat section=#1,
42     font/titleformat frame=#1,
43     titleformat plain=#1,
44    }
45 }
```

For backwards compatibility with earlier betas of the theme, we implement deprecated option names as aliases to the corresponding key=value options.

```
46 \pgfkeys{/metropolis/.cd,
    usetitleprogressbar/.code=\pgfkeysalso{outer/progressbar=frametitle},
47
    noslidenumbers/.code=\pgfkeysalso{outer/numbering=none},
48
    usetotalslideindicator/.code=\pgfkeysalso{outer/numbering=fraction},
49
    nosectionslide/.code=\pgfkeysalso{inner/sectionpage=none},
50
    darkcolors/.code=\pgfkeysalso{color/background=dark},
51
52
    blockbg/.code=\pgfkeysalso{color/block=fill, inner/block=fill},
53 }
Set default values for options.
54 \newcommand{\metropolis@setdefaults}{
    \pgfkeys{/metropolis/.cd,
      titleformat plain=regular,
56
    }
57
```

To avoid generating externalized figures of the progressbar we have to disable them with "tikzexternalenable" and "tikzexternaldisable". However, if the "external"

libray is not loaded we would get undefined control sequence problems, hence we define them as no-ops if they are not defined yet.

```
59 \providecommand{\tikzexternalenable}{}
60 \providecommand{\tikzexternaldisable}{}
```

8.1.3 Component sub-packages

Having processed the options, we can now load the component sub-packages of the theme.

```
61 \useinnertheme{metropolis}
62 \useoutertheme{metropolis}
63 \usecolortheme{metropolis}
64 \usefonttheme{metropolis}

The tol theme for pgfplots is only loaded if pgfplots is used.
65 \AtEndPreamble{%
66 \@ifpackageloaded{pgfplots}{%
67 \RequirePackage{pgfplotsthemetol}
68 }{}
69}
```

8.1.4 Custom commands

The parent theme defines custom commands as their proper usage may depend on multiple sub-packages.

\metroset Allows the user to change options midway through a presentation.

```
70 \newcommand{\metroset}[1]{\pgfkeys{/metropolis/.cd,#1}}
```

\plain Creates a plain frame with dark background, suitable for displaying images or a few words. The format of the text can be set with the titleformat plain option.

```
71 \def\metropolis@plaintitleformat#1{#1}
72 \newcommand{\plain}[2][]{%
73 \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
74 The syntax `\plain' may be deprecated in a future version of Metropolis.
```

```
75 Please use a frame with [standout] instead.
76 }
77 \begin{frame}[standout]{#1}
78 \metropolis@plaintitleformat{#2}
79 \end{frame}
80 }
```

\mreducelistspacing

81 \newcommand{\mreducelistspacing}{\vspace{-\topsep}}

8.1.5 Process package options

```
82 \metropolis@setdefaults
83 \ProcessPgfOptions{/metropolis}
```

8.2 metropolis inner theme

A beamer inner theme dictates the style of the frame elements traditionally set in the "body" of each slide. These include:

- title, part, and section pages;
- itemize, enumerate, and description environments;
- block environments including theorems and proofs;
- figures and tables; and
- footnotes and plain text.

8.2.1 Package dependencies

```
84 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
85 \RequirePackage{keyval}
86 \RequirePackage{calc}
87 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}
88 \RequirePackage{tikz}
```

8.2.2 Options

sectionpage Optionally add a slide marking the beginning of each section.

```
89 \pgfkeys{
90 /metropolis/inner/sectionpage/.cd,
```

```
.is choice,
                                91
                                       none/.code=\metropolis@disablesectionpage,
                                92
                                       simple/.code={\metropolis@enablesectionpage
                                93
                                                      \setbeamertemplate{section page}[simple]},
                                94
                                95
                                       progressbar/.code={\metropolis@enablesectionpage
                                                           \setbeamertemplate{section page}[progressbar]},
                                96
                                97 }
                                Optionally add a slide marking the beginning of each subsection.
               subsectionpage
                                98 \pgfkeys{
                                     /metropolis/inner/subsectionpage/.cd,
                                99
                                       .is choice,
                               100
                                       none/.code=\metropolis@disablesubsectionpage,
                               101
                                       simple/.code={\metropolis@enablesubsectionpage
                               102
                                                      \setbeamertemplate{section page}[simple]},
                               103
                                       progressbar/.code={\metropolis@enablesubsectionpage
                               104
                                                           \setbeamertemplate{section page}[progressbar]},
                               105
                               106 }
\metropolis@inner@setdefaults Set default values for inner theme options.
                               107 \newcommand{\metropolis@inner@setdefaults}{
                                     \pgfkeys{/metropolis/inner/.cd,
                               108
                                       sectionpage=progressbar,
                               109
                                       subsectionpage=none
                               110
                                    }
                               111
                               112 }
                                8.2.3
                                       Title page
                                Template for the title page. Each element is only typset if it is defined by the
                   title page
                                user. If \subtitle is empty, for example, it won't leave a blank space on the title
                                slide.
                               113 \setbeamertemplate{title page}{
                                     \begin{minipage}[b][\paperheight]{\textwidth}
                               114
                                       \ifx\inserttitlegraphic\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{title graphic}\fi
                               115
```

\ifx\inserttitle\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{title}\fi

116 117

```
118 \ifx\insertsubtitle\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{subtitle}\fi
119 \usebeamertemplate*{title separator}
```

Beamer's definition of \insertauthor is always nonempty, so we have to test another macro initialized by \author{...} to see if the user has defined an author. This solution was suggested by Enrico Gregorio in an answer to this Stack Exchange question.

```
120 \ifx\beamer@shortauthor\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{author}\fi
121 \ifx\insertdate\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{date}\fi
122 \ifx\insertinstitute\@empty\else\usebeamertemplate*{institute}\fi
123 \vfill
124 \vspace*{1mm}
125 \end{minipage}
126}
```

Normal people should use \maketitle or \titlepage instead of using the title page beamer template directly. Beamer already defines these macros, but we patch them here to make the title page [plain] by default, remove \@thanks, and ensure the title frame number doesn't count.

\maketitle Inserts the title frame, or causes the current frame to use the title page template.
\titlepage

```
127 \def\maketitle{%
     \ifbeamer@inframe
128
       \titlepage
129
130
     \else
        \frame[plain,noframenumbering]{\titlepage}
131
132
     \fi
133 }
134 \def\titlepage{%
     \usebeamertemplate{title page}
135
136 }
```

title graphic Set the title graphic in a zero-height box, so it doesn't change the position of other elements.

```
137 \setbeamertemplate{title graphic}{
138  \vbox to Opt {
139  \vspace*{2em}}
140  \inserttitlegraphic%
```

```
141
                      }%
                142
                      \nointerlineskip%
                143 }
          title Set the title on the title page.
                144 \setbeamertemplate{title}{
                      \raggedright%
                      \displaystyle \lim spread{1.0}\%
                      \inserttitle%
                147
                      \par%
                148
                      \vspace*{0.5em}
                149
                150 }
       subtitle Set the subtitle on the title page.
                151 \setbeamertemplate{subtitle}{
                      \raggedright%
                152
                      \insertsubtitle%
                153
                      \par%
                154
                      \vspace*{0.5em}
                155
                156 }
title separator Template to set the title graphic in a zero-height box. (It won't change the position
                 of other elements.)
                157 \newlength{\metropolis@titleseparator@linewidth}
                158 \textbf{\endown} \{0.4pt\}
                159 \setbeamertemplate{title separator}{
                      \tikzexternaldisable%
                160
                161
                      \begin{tikzpicture}
                        \fill[fg] (0,0) rectangle (\textwidth, \metropolis@titleseparator@linewidth);
                162
                      \end{tikzpicture}%
                163
                      \tikzexternalenable%
                164
                      \par%
                165
                166 }
         author Set the author on the title page.
                167 \setbeamertemplate{author}{
                168
                     \vspace*{2em}
```

```
\insertauthor%
          169
                \par%
          170
                \vspace*{0.25em}
          171
          172 }
     date Set the date on the title page.
          173 \setbeamertemplate{date}{
                \insertdate%
                \par%
          175
          176 }
institute Set the institute on the title page.
          177 \setbeamertemplate{institute}{
                \vspace*{3mm}
                \insertinstitute%
          179
                \par%
          180
          181 }
```

8.2.4 Section page

section page Template for the section title slide at the beginning of each section.

```
\begin{center}
183
184
      \usebeamercolor[fg]{section title}
      \usebeamerfont{section title}
185
186
      \insertsectionhead\par
      \ifx\insertsubsectionhead\@empty\else
187
        \usebeamercolor[fg]{subsection title}
188
        \usebeamerfont{subsection title}
189
        \insertsubsectionhead
190
      \fi
191
192
    \end{center}
193 }
194 \defbeamertemplate{section page}{progressbar}{
195
    \centering
    \begin{minipage}{22em}
196
      \raggedright
197
```

```
\usebeamercolor[fg]{section title}
198
199
       \usebeamerfont{section title}
       \insertsectionhead\\[-1ex]
200
        \usebeamertemplate*{progress bar in section page}
201
202
       \ifx\insertsubsectionhead\@empty\else%
203
         \usebeamercolor[fg]{subsection title}%
204
         \usebeamerfont{subsection title}%
205
         \insertsubsectionhead
206
       \fi
207
     \end{minipage}
208
     \par
209
     \vspace{\baselineskip}
210
211 }
212 \newcommand{\metropolis@disablesectionpage}{
     \AtBeginSection{
       % intentionally empty
214
     }
215
216 }
217 \label{lem:command} $$217 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}_{0}.$
     \AtBeginSection{
219
       \ifbeamer@inframe
         \sectionpage
220
       \else
221
222
         \frame[plain,c,noframenumbering]{\sectionpage}
       \fi
223
224
     }
225 }
Template for the subsection title slide that can optionally be added to at the
 beginning of each subsection.
226 \setbeamertemplate{subsection page}{%
     \usebeamertemplate*{section page}
227
228 }
229 \newcommand{\metropolis@disablesubsectionpage}{
```

subsection page

\AtBeginSubsection{

% intentionally empty

230

231 232 }

233 }

```
234 \newcommand{\metropolis@enablesubsectionpage}{
     \AtBeginSubsection{
235
        \ifbeamer@inframe
236
         \subsectionpage
237
238
       \else
         \frame[plain,c,noframenumbering]{\subsectionpage}
239
       \fi
240
     }
241
242 }
```

progress bar in section page

Template for the progress bar displayed by default on the section page. This code is duplicated in large part in the outer theme's template progress bar in head/foot.

```
243 \newlength{\metropolis@progressonsectionpage}
244 \newlength{\metropolis@progressonsectionpage@linewidth}
246 \setbeamertemplate{progress bar in section page}{
    \setlength{\metropolis@progressonsectionpage}{%
247
      \textwidth * \ratio{\insertframenumber pt}{\inserttotalframenumber pt}%
248
249
    }%
    \tikzexternaldisable%
250
    \begin{tikzpicture}
251
252
      \fill[bg] (0,0) rectangle (\textwidth, \metropolis@progressonsectionpage@linewidth);
      \fill[fg] (0,0) rectangle (\metropolis@progressonsectionpage, \metropolis@progressonsection
253
    \end{tikzpicture}%
254
255
    \tikzexternalenable%
256 }
```

The above code assumes that \insertframenumber is less than or equal to \inserttotalframenumber. However, this is not true on the first compile; in the absence of an .aux file, \inserttotalframenumber defaults to 1. This behaviour could cause fatal errors for long presentations, as \metropolis@progressonsectionpage would exceed TeX's maximum length (16383.99999pt, roughly 5.75 metres or 18.9 feet). To avoid this, we increase the default value for \inserttotalframenumber; presentations with over 4000 slides will still break on first compile, but users in that situation likely have deeper problems to solve.

257 \def\inserttotalframenumber{100}

8.2.5 Block environments

block alerted in block example

The three different block environments differ only in their colours. Rather than repeat the essentially the same template three times, we use the auxiliary macro \metropolis@block to define all three templates.

```
258 \newlength{\metropolis@blocksep}
259 \newlength{\metropolis@blockadjust}
260 \setlength{\metropolis@blocksep}{0.75ex}
261 \setlength{\metropolis@blockadjust}{0.25ex}
262 \providecommand{\metropolis@strut}{%
263 \vphantom{ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz()}%
264 }
265 \newcommand{\metropolis@block}[1]{
266 \par\vskip\medskipamount%
267 \setlength{\parskip}{0pt}
```

If a background color is defined for the block title or body, we need to add a little bit of padding to the corresponding box. Ideally, this would be accomplished by setting colsep=0.75ex, which is intended to add "color separation space" only when the box has a colored background. Unfortunately, colsep also adds this separation if the background color is inherited, even if the inherited color is actually empty. (The technical reason for this boils down to the fact that the \ifx directive does not expand macros.)

To achieve the correct spacing for alertblocks and exampleblocks as well as for normal blocks, we have to begin the beamercolorbox differently based on whether block title has an empty background.

If the block title background is empty, or the user has explicitly removed the background from (e.g.) block title alerted, we just need to set a rightskip for a nice ragged-right block title.

```
268 \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{block title#1}{%
269    \begin{beamercolorbox}[rightskip=0pt plus 4em]{block title#1}}{%
270    \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{block title}{%
271    \begin{beamercolorbox}[rightskip=0pt plus 4em]{block title#1}%
272    }%
273 % \end{macrocode}
274 %
275 % Otherwise, if the |block title| has a background, we set the padding based
```

```
276 %
       on |\metropolis@blockskip|. However, we have to visually compensate for
277 %
       the |\metropolis@strut| added to the block title (see below) by
278 %
       subtracting |\metropolis@blockadjust| from the top and bottom padding.
279 %
280 %
       \begin{macrocode}
     {%
281
       \begin{beamercolorbox}[
282
         sep=\dimexpr\metropolis@blocksep-\metropolis@blockadjust\relax,
283
         leftskip=\metropolis@blockadjust,
284
         rightskip=\dimexpr\metropolis@blockadjust plus 4em\relax
285
       ]{block title#1}%
286
     }}%
287
288 %
       \end{macrocode}
289 %
       We can now set the contents of the |block title|. The zero-width but
290 %
       positive-height box |\metropolis@strut| ensures that the block title box
291 %
292 %
       has a consistent height, even if it lacks punctuation, ascenders, or
       descenders.
293 %
294 %
295 %
       \begin{macrocode}
         \usebeamerfont*{block title#1}%
296
297
         \metropolis@strut%
298
         \insertblocktitle%
         \metropolis@strut%
299
     \end{beamercolorbox}%
300
       \end{macrocode}
301 %
302 %
303 %
       Next, we typeset the |block body|. This the code is similar to, but simpler
304 %
       than, the |block title| code since we don't need to adjust for any struts.
305 %
306 %
       \begin{macrocode}
     \nointerlineskip%
307
308
     \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{block body#1}{%
       \begin{beamercolorbox}[vmode]{block body#1}}{
309
     \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{block body}{%
310
       \begin{beamercolorbox}[vmode]{block body#1}%
311
312
       \begin{beamercolorbox}[sep=\metropolis@blocksep, vmode]{block body#1}%
313
314
       \vspace{-\metropolis@parskip}
315
     }}%
```

```
316 \usebeamerfont{block body#1}%
317 \setlength{\parskip}{\metropolis@parskip}%
318 }
```

This concludes the auxiliary macro \metropolis@block. Finally, we define the block beamer templates using this macro.

```
319 \setbeamertemplate{block begin}{\metropolis@block{ alerted}}
320 \setbeamertemplate{block alerted begin}{\metropolis@block{ alerted}}
321 \setbeamertemplate{block example begin}{\metropolis@block{ example}}
322 \setbeamertemplate{block end}{\end{beamercolorbox}\vspace*{0.2ex}}
323 \setbeamertemplate{block alerted end}{\end{beamercolorbox}\vspace*{0.2ex}}
324 \setbeamertemplate{block example end}{\end{beamercolorbox}\vspace*{0.2ex}}
```

8.2.6 Lists and floats

```
325 \setbeamertemplate{itemize items}{\textbullet}
326 \setbeamertemplate{caption label separator}{: }
327 \setbeamertemplate{caption}[numbered]
```

8.2.7 Footnotes

```
328 \setbeamertemplate{footnote}{%
329 \parindent 0em\noindent%
330 \raggedright
331 \usebeamercolor{footnote}\hbox to 0.8em{\hfil\insertfootnotemark}\insertfootnotetext\par%
332 }
```

8.2.8 Text and spacing settings

```
333 \newlength{\metropolis@parskip}
334 \setlength{\metropolis@parskip}{0.5em}
335 \setlength{\parskip}{\metropolis@parskip}
336 \linespread{1.15}
```

By default, Beamer frames offer the c option to almost vertically center the text, but the placement is a little too high. To fix this, we redefine the c option to equalize \beamer@frametopskip and \beamer@framebottomskip. This solution was suggested by Enrico Gregorio in an answer to this Stack Exchange question.

```
337 \define@key{beamerframe}{c}[true]{% centered
338 \beamer@frametopskip=0pt plus 1fill\relax%
339 \beamer@framebottomskip=0pt plus 1fill\relax%
```

```
340 \beamer@frametopskipautobreak=Opt plus .4\paperheight\relax%

341 \beamer@framebottomskipautobreak=Opt plus .6\paperheight\relax%

342 \def\beamer@initfirstlineunskip{}%

343 }
```

8.2.9 Standout frames

metropolis offers a custom frame format with large, centered text and an inverted background. To use it, add the key standout to the frame: \begin{frame}[standout] ... \end{frame}.

Optional arguments to Beamer's frames are implemented using \define@key from the keyval package, which will execute code when the defined option is called. For the standout option, we begin a group, change the colors and fonts, and set a alignment.

```
344 \providebool{metropolis@standout}
345 \define@key{beamerframe}{standout}[true]{%
346
     \booltrue{metropolis@standout}
     \begingroup
347
       \setkeys{beamerframe}{c}
348
349
       \setkeys{beamerframe}{noframenumbering}
       \ifbeamercolorempty[bg]{palette primary}{
350
         \setbeamercolor{background canvas}{
351
           use=palette primary,
352
           bg=-palette primary.fg
353
         }
354
355
       }{
         \setbeamercolor{background canvas}{
356
357
           use=palette primary,
           bg=palette primary.bg
358
         }
359
       }
360
361
       \setbeamercolor{local structure}{
         fg=palette primary.fg
362
       }
363
       \centering
364
       \usebeamercolor[fg]{palette primary}
365
       \usebeamerfont{standout}
366
367 }
```

Then we just have to close the group after the standout slide is finished in order

to restore the colours and fonts for the rest of the presentation. Unfortunately, we cannot use or this (see

http://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/226319/). Instead, we add the \endgroup to \beamer@reseteecodes, which is run exactly once at the end of each slide.

```
368 \apptocmd{\beamer@reseteecodes}{%
369 \ifbool{metropolis@standout}{
370 \endgroup
371 \boolfalse{metropolis@standout}
372 }{}
373 }{}{}
```

8.2.10 Process package options

```
374 \metropolis@inner@setdefaults
375 \ProcessPgfPackageOptions{/metropolis/inner}
```

8.3 metropolis outer theme

A beamer outer theme dictates the style of the frame elements traditionally set outside the body of each slide: the head, footline, and frame title.

8.3.1 Package dependencies

```
376 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
377 \RequirePackage{calc}
378 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}
```

8.3.2 Options

numbering Adds slide numbers to the bottom right of each slide.

```
379 \pgfkeys{
380  /metropolis/outer/numbering/.cd,
381   .is choice,
382   none/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame numbering}[none],
383   counter/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame numbering}[counter],
384   fraction/.code=\setbeamertemplate{frame numbering}[fraction],
385}
```

progressbar Adds a progress bar to the top, bottom, or frametitle of each slide.

```
386 \pgfkeys{
     /metropolis/outer/progressbar/.cd,
387
       .is choice,
388
       none/.code={%
389
         \setbeamertemplate{headline}[plain]
390
         \setbeamertemplate{frametitle}[plain]
391
         \setbeamertemplate{footline}[plain]
392
       },
393
       head/.code={\pgfkeys{/metropolis/outer/progressbar=none}
394
         \addtobeamertemplate{headline}{}{%
395
           \usebeamertemplate*{progress bar in head/foot}
396
         }
397
398
       },
       frametitle/.code={\pgfkeys{/metropolis/outer/progressbar=none}
399
         \addtobeamertemplate{frametitle}{}{%
400
           \usebeamertemplate*{progress bar in head/foot}
401
         }
402
403
       },
       foot/.code={\pgfkeys{/metropolis/outer/progressbar=none}
404
         \addtobeamertemplate{footline}{}{%
405
           \usebeamertemplate*{progress bar in head/foot}%
406
         }
407
408
       },
409 }
Sets default values for outer theme options.
```

\metropolis@outer@setdefaults

```
410 \mbox{ } \mbox{metropolis@outer@setdefaults}{
     \pgfkeys{/metropolis/outer/.cd,
411
       numbering=counter,
412
413
       progressbar=none,
     }
414
415 }
```

8.3.3 Head and footline

All good beamer presentations should already remove the navigation symbols, but metropolis removes them automatically (just in case).

416 \setbeamertemplate{navigation symbols}{}

frame numbering Templates for the frame number. Can be omitted, shown or displayed as a fraction of the total frames.

\usebeamertemplate*{frame footer}

\usebeamertemplate*{frame numbering}

```
417 \defbeamertemplate{frame footer}{none}{}
        418 \defbeamertemplate{frame footer}{custom}[1]{ #1 }
        419 \defbeamertemplate{frame numbering}{none}{}
        421 \defbeamertemplate{frame numbering}{fraction}{
            \insertframenumber/\inserttotalframenumber
        423 }
        Templates for the head- and footline at the top and bottom of each frame.
headline
footline
        424 \defbeamertemplate{headline}{plain}{}
        425 \defbeamertemplate{footline}{plain}{%
             \begin{beamercolorbox}[wd=\textwidth, sep=3ex]{footline}%
        426
        427
               \usebeamerfont{page number in head/foot}%
```

8.3.4 Frametitle

\hfill%

\end{beamercolorbox}%

428

429

430

431 432 }

frametitle Templates for the frame title, which is optionally underlined with a progress bar.

```
433 \newlength{\metropolis@frametitle@padding} 

434 \setlength{\metropolis@frametitle@padding}{2.2ex} 

435 \newcommand{\metropolis@frametitlestrut@start}{ 

436 \rule{0pt}{\metropolis@frametitle@padding +% 

437 \totalheightof{% 

438 \ifcsdef{metropolis@frametitleformat}{\metropolis@frametitleformat X}{X}%
```

```
439
       }%
440
     }%
441 }
442 \newcommand{\metropolis@frametitlestrut@end}{
     \rule[-\metropolis@frametitle@padding]{Opt}{\metropolis@frametitle@padding}
444 }
445 \ \texttt{\defbeamertemplate\{frametitle\}\{plain\}\{\%\}}
     \nointerlineskip%
446
     \begin{beamercolorbox}[%
447
          wd=\paperwidth,%
448
449
          sep=Opt,%
          leftskip=\metropolis@frametitle@padding,%
450
          rightskip=\metropolis@frametitle@padding,%
451
       ]{frametitle}%
452
     \metropolis@frametitlestrut@start%
453
     \insertframetitle%
454
     \nolinebreak%
455
     \metropolis@frametitlestrut@end%
456
     \end{beamercolorbox}%
457
458 }
459 \text{ } \text{setbeamertemplate{frametitle continuation}{}\%
     \usebeamerfont{frametitle}
     \romannumeral \insertcontinuationcount
461
462 }
```

progress bar in head/foot

Template for the progress bar optionally displayed below the frame title on each page. Much of this code is duplicated in the inner theme's template progress bar in section page.

```
463 \newlength{\metropolis@progressinheadfoot}
464 \newlength{\metropolis@progressinheadfoot@linewidth}
465 \setlength{\metropolis@progressinheadfoot@linewidth}{0.4pt}
466 \setbeamertemplate{progress bar in head/foot}{
     \nointerlineskip
467
     \setlength{\metropolis@progressinheadfoot}{%
468
       \paperwidth * \ratio{\insertframenumber pt}{\inserttotalframenumber pt}%
469
470
471
     \begin{beamercolorbox}[wd=\paperwidth]{progress bar in head/foot}
       \tikzexternaldisable%
472
       \begin{tikzpicture}
473
```

```
474 \fill[bg] (0,0) rectangle (\paperwidth, \metropolis@progressinheadfoot@linewidth);
475 \fill[fg] (0,0) rectangle (\metropolis@progressinheadfoot, \metropolis@progressinheadfoot
476 \end{tikzpicture}%
477 \tikzexternalenable%
478 \end{beamercolorbox}
479}
```

appendix Removes page numbering and per-slide progress bars when \appendix is called.

This makes it easier to include additional "backup slides" at the end of the presentation, especially in conjunction with the package appendixnumberbeamer.

```
480 \AtBeginDocument{%
481 \apptocmd{\appendix}{%
482 \pgfkeys{%
483 /metropolis/outer/.cd,
484 numbering=none,
485 progressbar=none}
486 }{}{}
487}
```

8.3.5 Process package options

```
488 \metropolis@outer@setdefaults
489 \ProcessPgfPackageOptions{/metropolis/outer}
```

8.4 metropolis font theme

A beamer font theme sets the style of the font used in the document.

8.4.1 Package dependencies

```
490 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
491 \RequirePackage{ifxetex}
492 \RequirePackage{ifluatex}
493 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}
```

8.4.2 Load Fira fonts

If the presentation is compiled with XeLATEX or LuaLATEX, the fontspec package is loaded and we search for the Fira fonts.

```
494 \ifboolexpr{bool {xetex} or bool {luatex}}{
495     \@ifpackageloaded{fontspec}{
496      \PassOptionsToPackage{no-math}{fontspec}
497     }{
498      \RequirePackage[no-math]{fontspec}
499    }
```

\checkfont Checks if a font is installed; if not, fontsnotfound is increased.

```
\newcounter{fontsnotfound}
501
     \newcommand{\checkfont}[1]{%
       \suppressfontnotfounderror=1%
502
       \int \int x = #1 at 10pt
503
       \selectfont
504
       \ifx\x\nullfont%
505
506
         \stepcounter{fontsnotfound}%
507
       \fi%
       \suppressfontnotfounderror=0%
508
     }
509
510
```

\iffontsavailable Resets the fontsnotfound counter and calls \checkfont for each font in the comma separated list in the first argument.

```
\newcommand{\iffontsavailable}[3]{%
511
       \setcounter{fontsnotfound}{0}%
512
       \expandafter\forcsvlist\expandafter%
513
514
       \checkfont\expandafter{#1}%
       \ifnum\value{fontsnotfound}=0%
515
516
         #2%
       \else%
517
         #3%
518
519
       \pi\%
520
     }
```

We search for regular, italic, light, light italic, mono, and mono bold fonts under the default Fira Sans and Fira Mono names. If this fails, the suffix OT — used by some Linux distributions — will be tried. If this also fails, a warning will be displayed and the standard fonts will be used.

```
521 \iffontsavailable{Fira Sans Light,%
```

```
522
                        Fira Sans Light Italic,%
523
                        Fira Sans,%
                        Fira Sans Italic}%
524
525
       \setsansfont[ItalicFont={Fira Sans Light Italic},%
526
                     BoldFont={Fira Sans},%
527
                     BoldItalicFont={Fira Sans Italic}]%
528
529
                    {Fira Sans Light}%
     }{%
530
       \iffontsavailable{Fira Sans Light OT, %
531
                          Fira Sans Light Italic OT,%
532
                          Fira Sans OT,%
533
                          Fira Sans Italic OT}%
534
       {%
535
         \setsansfont[ItalicFont={Fira Sans Light Italic OT},%
536
                       BoldFont={Fira Sans OT},%
537
                       BoldItalicFont={Fira Sans Italic OT}]%
538
                      {Fira Sans Light OT}%
539
       }{%
540
         \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
541
           Could not find Fira Sans fonts%
542
543
         }
       }
544
     }
545
     \iffontsavailable{Fira Mono, Fira Mono Bold}{%
546
       \setmonofont[BoldFont={Fira Mono Medium}]{Fira Mono}%
548
       \iffontsavailable{Fira Mono OT, Fira Mono Bold OT}{%
549
         \setmonofont[BoldFont={Fira Mono Medium OT}]{Fira Mono OT}%
550
       }{%
551
552
         \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
           Could not find Fira Mono fonts%
553
554
         }
       }
555
     }
556
     \AtBeginEnvironment{tabular}{%
557
558
       \addfontfeature{Numbers={Monospaced}}%
     }
559
560 }{%
     \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
561
```

```
You need to compile with XeLaTeX or LuaLaTeX to use the Fira fonts% 563 } 564 }
```

This concludes the portion of the code which is only run when compiled with XeIATEX or LuaIATEX. The remainder of this package applies regardless of the compiling engine.

8.4.3 General font definitions

```
565 \setbeamerfont{title}{size=\Large,%
                         series=\bfseries}
566
567 \setbeamerfont{author}{size=\small}
568 \setbeamerfont{date}{size=\small}
569 \setbeamerfont{section title}{size=\Large,%
                                 series=\bfseries}
570
571 \ensuremath{\mbox{size=\mbox{normalsize},\%}}
                               series=\bfseries}
573 \setbeamerfont{block title alerted}{size=\normalsize,%
                                       series=\bfseries}
574
575 \setbeamerfont*{subtitle}{size=\large}
576 \setbeamerfont{frametitle}{size=\large,%
                              series=\bfseries}
578 \setbeamerfont{caption}{size=\small}
579 \setbeamerfont{caption name}{series=\bfseries}
580 \setbeamerfont{description item}{series=\bfseries}
581 \setbeamerfont{page number in head/foot}{size=\scriptsize}
582 \setbeamerfont{bibliography entry author}{size=\normalsize,%
                                             series=\normalfont}
583
584 \setbeamerfont{bibliography entry title}{size=\normalsize,%
585
                                            series=\bfseries}
586 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc hormalsize}}, \%
                                               series=\normalfont}
587
588 \setbeamerfont{bibliography entry note}{size=\small,%
                                           series=\normalfont}
589
590 \setbeamerfont{standout}{size=\Large,%
                            series=\bfseries}
591
```

8.4.4 Title format options

titleformat title Controls the format of the title.

```
592 \pgfkeys{
                           /metropolis/font/titleformat title/.cd,
                      593
                      594
                              .is choice,
                             regular/.code={%
                      595
                                \let\metropolis@titleformat\@empty%
                      596
                      597
                                \setbeamerfont{title}{shape=\normalfont}%
                             },
                      598
                              smallcaps/.code={%
                      599
                                \let\metropolis@titleformat\@empty%
                      600
                               \setbeamerfont{title}{shape=\scshape}%
                      601
                             },
                      602
                             allsmallcaps/.code={%
                      603
                                \let\metropolis@titleformat\lowercase%
                      604
                               \setbeamerfont{title}{shape=\scshape}%
                      605
                                \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
                      606
                                  Be aware that titleformat title=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
                      607
                               }
                      608
                             },
                      609
                             allcaps/.code={%
                      610
                                \let\metropolis@titleformat\uppercase%
                      611
                                \setbeamerfont{title}{shape=\normalfont}
                      612
                               \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
                      613
                      614
                                  Be aware that titleformat title=allcaps can lead to problems%
                               }
                      615
                             },
                      616
                      617 }
titleformat subtitle Control the format of the subtitle.
                      618 \pgfkeys{
                           /metropolis/font/titleformat subtitle/.cd,
                      619
                              .is choice,
                      620
                             regular/.code={%
                      621
                               \let\metropolis@subtitleformat\@empty%
                      622
                                \setbeamerfont{subtitle}{shape=\normalfont}%
                      623
                             },
                      624
                              smallcaps/.code={%
                      625
```

```
626
         \let\metropolis@subtitleformat\@empty%
627
         \setbeamerfont{subtitle}{shape=\scshape}%
       },
628
       allsmallcaps/.code={%
629
630
         \let\metropolis@subtitleformat\lowercase%
         \setbeamerfont{subtitle}{shape=\scshape}%
631
         \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
632
           Be aware that titleformat subtitle=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
633
         }
634
       },
635
636
       allcaps/.code={%
         \let\metropolis@subtitleformat\uppercase%
637
         \setbeamerfont{subtitle}{shape=\normalfont}%
638
         \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
639
           Be aware that titleformat subtitle=allcaps can lead to problems%
640
         }
641
       },
642
643 }
```

titleformat section Controls the format of the section title.

```
644 \pgfkeys{
     /metropolis/font/titleformat section/.cd,
645
       .is choice,
646
647
       regular/.code={%
         \let\metropolis@sectiontitleformat\@empty%
648
         \setbeamerfont{section title}{shape=\normalfont}%
649
       },
650
       smallcaps/.code={%
651
         \let\metropolis@sectiontitleformat\@empty%
652
         \setbeamerfont{section title}{shape=\scshape}%
653
       },
654
       allsmallcaps/.code={%
655
         \let\metropolis@sectiontitleformat\MakeLowercase%
656
         \setbeamerfont{section title}{shape=\scshape}%
657
         \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
658
           Be aware that titleformat section=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
659
         }
660
       },
661
       allcaps/.code={%
662
```

frametitleformat Control the format of the frame title.

```
670 \pgfkeys{
     /metropolis/font/titleformat frame/.cd,
671
       .is choice,
672
       regular/.code={%
673
         \let\metropolis@frametitleformat\@empty%
674
         \setbeamerfont{frametitle}{shape=\normalfont}%
675
676
       },
677
       smallcaps/.code={%
         \let\metropolis@frametitleformat\@empty%
678
         \setbeamerfont{frametitle}{shape=\scshape}%
679
680
       },
       allsmallcaps/.code={%
681
         \let\metropolis@frametitleformat\MakeLowercase%
682
683
         \setbeamerfont{frametitle}{shape=\scshape}%
         \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
684
           Be aware that titleformat frame=allsmallcaps can lead to problems%
685
686
         }
       },
687
688
       allcaps/.code={%
         \let\metropolis@frametitleformat\MakeUppercase%
689
         \setbeamerfont{frametitle}{shape=\normalfont}
690
         \PackageWarning{beamerthememetropolis}{%
691
           Be aware that titleformat frame=allcaps can lead to problems%
692
         }
693
694
       },
695 }
```

Allows titleformat title et al. to be used in the \usetheme declaration, where LATEX automatically removes all spaces.

```
696 \pgfkeys{
```

```
697 /metropolis/font/.cd,
698 titleformattitle/.code=\pgfkeysalso{titleformat title=#1},
699 titleformatsubtitle/.code=\pgfkeysalso{titleformat subtitle=#1},
700 titleformatsection/.code=\pgfkeysalso{titleformat section=#1},
701 titleformatframe/.code=\pgfkeysalso{titleformat frame=#1},
702}
```

\metropolis@font@setdefaults Sets default values for font theme options.

```
703 \newcommand{\metropolis@font@setdefaults}{
704 \pgfkeys{/metropolis/font/.cd,
705 titleformat title=regular,
706 titleformat subtitle=regular,
707 titleformat section=regular,
708 titleformat frame=regular,
709 }
710 }
```

We first define hooks to change the case format of the titles.

```
711 \def\metropolis@titleformat#1{#1}
712 \def\metropolis@subtitleformat#1{#1}
713 \def\metropolis@sectiontitleformat#1{#1}
714 \def\metropolis@frametitleformat#1{#1}
```

To make the uppercase and lowercase macros work in the title, subtitle, etc., we have to patch the appropriate beamer commands that set their values. This solution was suggested by Enrico Gregorio in an answer to this StackExchange question.

```
715 \patchcmd{\beamer@title}%
     {\def\inserttitle{#2}}%
     {\def\inserttitle{\metropolis@titleformat{#2}}}%
717
     {}%
718
     {\PackageError{beamerfontthememetropolis}{Patching title failed}\@ehc}
719
720 \patchcmd{\beamer@subtitle}%
     {\def\insertsubtitle{#2}}%
722
     {\def\insertsubtitle{\metropolis@subtitleformat{#2}}}%
     {}%
723
     {\PackageError{beamerfontthememetropolis}{Patching subtitle failed}\@ehc}
724
725 \patchcmd{\sectionentry}
```

```
{\def\insertsectionhead{#2}}
                  {\def\insertsectionhead{\metropolis@sectiontitleformat{#2}}}
727
728
                  {\PackageError{beamerfontthememetropolis}{Patching section title failed}\@ehc}
729
730 \@tempswafalse
731 \patchcmd{\beamer@section}
                  {\colored $$ \operatorname{\colored} \operatorname{\colored} \operatorname{\colored} $$ in $$ \colored $$ in $$ \colored $$ in $$ 
732
                  {\edef\insertsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{%
733
                         \noexpand\metropolis@sectiontitleformat{\unexpanded{#1}}}}
734
                 {\@tempswatrue}
735
736
                 {}
737 \patchcmd{\beamer@section}
                  {\c {\tt Navigation \c @page} {\tt \#1}}}
738
                  {\def\insertsectionhead{\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{%
739
                         \metropolis@sectiontitleformat{#1}}}
740
                 {\@tempswatrue}
741
742
743 \patchcmd{\beamer@section}
                  {\protected@edef\insertsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{#1}}}
744
                  {\protected@edef\insertsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{%
745
                         \noexpand\metropolis@sectiontitleformat{#1}}}
746
                 {\@tempswatrue}
747
                 {}
748
749 \if@tempswa\else
                  \PackageError{beamerfontthememetropolis}{Patching section title failed}\Qehc
750
751 \fi
752 \@tempswafalse
753 \patchcmd{\beamer@subsection}
                  {\edef\insertsubsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{\unexpanded{#1}}}}
754
                  {\coloredge} {\c
755
756
                         \noexpand\metropolis@sectiontitleformat{\unexpanded{#1}}}}
                  {\@tempswatrue}
757
758
                 {}
759 \patchcmd{\beamer@subsection}
                  {\def\insertsubsectionhead {\hyperlink{Navigation \the \c@page} { #1}}}
760
                  761
762
                         \metropolis@sectiontitleformat{#1}}}
                 {\@tempswatrue}
763
764
```

765 \patchcmd{\beamer@subsection}

```
766 {\protected@edef\insertsubsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{#1}}}
767 {\protected@edef\insertsubsectionhead{\noexpand\hyperlink{Navigation\the\c@page}{%}
768 \noexpand\metropolis@sectiontitleformat{#1}}}
769 {\dtempswatrue}
770 {}
771 \if@tempswa\else
772 \PackageError{beamerfontthememetropolis}{Patching section title failed}\@ehc
773 \fi
```

Similarly, to make the \MakeLowercase and \MakeUppercase macros work in the frame title we have to patch \beamer@@frametitle.

```
774 \patchcmd{\beamer@@frametitle}
775
     {{%
         \gdef\insertframetitle{{#2\ifnum\beamer@autobreakcount>0\relax{}\space%
776
         \usebeamertemplate*{frametitle continuation}\fi}}%
777
       \gdef\beamer@frametitle{#2}%
778
       \gdef\beamer@shortframetitle{#1}%
779
       }}
780
781
     {{%
         \gdef\insertframetitle{{\metropolis@frametitleformat{#2}\ifnum%
782
         \beamer@autobreakcount>0\relax{}\space%
783
         \usebeamertemplate*{frametitle continuation}\fi}}%
784
       \gdef\beamer@frametitle{#2}%
785
       \gdef\beamer@shortframetitle{#1}%
       }}
787
     {}
788
     {\PackageError{beamerfontthememetropolis}{Patching frame title failed}\@ehc}
789
```

8.4.5 Process package options

```
790 \metropolis@font@setdefaults
791 \ProcessPgfPackageOptions{/metropolis/font}
```

8.5 metropolis color theme

8.5.1 Package dependencies

792 \RequirePackage{pgfopts}

8.5.2 Options

block Optionally adds a light grey background to block environments like theorem and example.

```
793 \pgfkeys{
794  /metropolis/color/block/.cd,
795    .is choice,
796    transparent/.code=\metropolis@block@transparent,
797    fill/.code=\metropolis@block@fill,
798 }
```

colors Provides the option to have a dark background and light foreground instead of the reverse.

```
799 \pgfkeys{
800  /metropolis/color/background/.cd,
801    .is choice,
802    dark/.code=\metropolis@colors@dark,
803    light/.code=\metropolis@colors@light,
804 }
```

\metropolis@color@setdefaults Sets default values for color theme options.

```
805 \newcommand{\metropolis@color@setdefaults}{
806  \pgfkeys{/metropolis/color/.cd,
807   background=light,
808   block=transparent,
809  }
810 }
```

8.5.3 Base colors

```
811 \definecolor{mDarkBrown}{HTML}{604c38}
812 \definecolor{mDarkTeal}{HTML}{23373b}
813 \definecolor{mLightBrown}{HTML}{EB811B}
814 \definecolor{mLightGreen}{HTML}{14B03D}
```

8.5.4 Base styles

All colors in **metropolis** are derived from the definitions of **normal text**, alerted text, and example text.

```
815 \newcommand{\metropolis@colors@dark}{
     \setbeamercolor{normal text}{%
817
       fg=black!2,
       bg=mDarkTeal
818
     }
819
     \usebeamercolor[fg]{normal text}
820
821 }
822 \newcommand{\metropolis@colors@light}{
823
     \setbeamercolor{normal text}{%
       fg=mDarkTeal,
824
       bg=black!2
825
     }
826
827 }
828 \setbeamercolor{alerted text}{%
     fg=mLightBrown
829
830 }
831 \setbeamercolor{example text}{%
     fg=mLightGreen
833 }
```

8.5.5 Derived colors

The titles and structural elements (e.g. itemize bullets) are set in the same color as normal text. This would ideally done by setting normal text as a parent style, which we do to set titlelike, but this doesn't work for structure as its foreground is set explicitly in beamercolorthemedefault.sty.

```
834 \setbeamercolor{titlelike}{use=normal text, parent=normal text}

835 \setbeamercolor{author}{use=normal text, parent=normal text}

836 \setbeamercolor{date}{use=normal text, parent=normal text}

837 \setbeamercolor{institute}{use=normal text, parent=normal text}

838 \setbeamercolor{structure}{use=normal text, fg=normal text.fg}
```

The "primary" palette should be used for the most important navigational elements, and possibly of other elements. **metropolis** uses it for frame titles and

slides.

```
839 \setbeamercolor{palette primary}{%
840    use=normal text,
841    fg=normal text.bg,
842    bg=normal text.fg
843 }
844 \setbeamercolor{frametitle}{%
845    use=palette primary,
846    parent=palette primary
```

The **metropolis** inner or outer themes optionally display progress bars in various locations. Their color is set by **progress** bar but the two different kinds can be customized separately. The horizontal rule on the title page is also set based on the progress bar color and can be customized with title **separator**.

```
848 \setbeamercolor{progress bar}{%
     use=alerted text,
849
     fg=alerted text.fg,
850
     bg=alerted text.fg!50!black!30
851
852 }
853 \setbeamercolor{title separator}{
854
     use=progress bar,
     parent=progress bar
855
856 }
857 \setbeamercolor{progress bar in head/foot}{%
     use=progress bar,
858
     parent=progress bar
859
860 }
861 \setbeamercolor{progress bar in section page}{
     use=progress bar,
862
863
     parent=progress bar
864 }
```

Block environments such as theorem and example have no background color by default. The option block=fill sets a background color based on the background and foreground of normal text. The option block=transparent reverts the block environments to an empty background, which can be useful if changing colors midpresentation.

```
865 \newcommand{\metropolis@block@transparent}{
866
     \setbeamercolor{block title}{%
       use=normal text,
867
       fg=normal text.fg,
868
869
       bg=
     }
870
     \setbeamercolor{block body}{
871
872
     }
873
874 }
875 \newcommand{\metropolis@block@fill}{
     \setbeamercolor{block title}{%
876
       use=normal text,
877
       fg=normal text.fg,
878
       bg=normal text.bg!80!fg
879
880
     \setbeamercolor{block body}{
881
       use={block title, normal text},
882
       bg=block title.bg!50!normal text.bg
883
     }
884
885 }
886 \setbeamercolor{block title alerted}{%
       use={block title, alerted text},
887
       bg=block title.bg,
888
       fg=alerted text.fg
889
890 }
891 \setbeamercolor{block title example}{%
892
       use={block title, example text},
       bg=block title.bg,
893
       fg=example text.fg
894
895 }
896 \setbeamercolor{block body alerted}{use=block body, parent=block body}
897 \setbeamercolor{block body example}{use=block body, parent=block body}
 Footnotes
898 \setbeamercolor{footnote}{fg=normal text.fg!90}
899 \setbeamercolor{footnote mark}{fg=.}
```

We also reset the bibliography colors in order to pick up the surrounding colors at the time of use. This prevents us having to set the correct color in normal and standout mode.

```
900 \setbeamercolor{bibliography entry author}{fg=, bg=}
901 \setbeamercolor{bibliography entry title}{fg=, bg=}
902 \setbeamercolor{bibliography entry location}{fg=, bg=}
903 \setbeamercolor{bibliography entry note}{fg=, bg=}
```

8.5.6 Process package options

```
904 \metropolis@color@setdefaults
905 \ProcessPgfPackageOptions{/metropolis/color}
906 \mode<all>
```

8.6 Tol pgfplots theme

Paul Tol's 12-color palette¹ is as follows:

```
907 \definecolor{TolDarkPurple}{HTML}{332288}
908 \definecolor{TolDarkBlue}{HTML}{6699CC}
909 \definecolor{TolLightBlue}{HTML}{88CCEE}
910 \definecolor{TolLightGreen}{HTML}{44AA99}
911 \definecolor{TolDarkGreen}{HTML}{117733}
912 \definecolor{TolDarkBrown}{HTML}{999933}
913 \definecolor{TolLightBrown}{HTML}{DDCC77}
914 \definecolor{TolDarkRed}{HTML}{661100}
915 \definecolor{TolLightRed}{HTML}{CC6677}
916 \definecolor{TolLightPink}{HTML}{AA4466}
917 \definecolor{TolDarkPink}{HTML}{882255}
918 \definecolor{TolLightPurple}{HTML}{AA44499}
```

To use these colors, we describe "cycle lists" from which PGF chooses styles for the different series in a chart.

mbarplot cycle Colors and styles intended for bar charts with up to 12 series.

 $^{^{1}}$ Tol actually describes several palettes; these colours are taken from the bottom row of Figure 3 in his technical note.

```
923
     {draw=TolDarkPink,
                            fill=TolDarkPink!70},
     {draw=TolDarkPurple,
                            fill=TolDarkPurple!70},
924
     {draw=TolDarkRed,
                            fill=TolDarkRed!70},
925
     {draw=TolDarkBrown,
                            fill=TolDarkBrown!70},
926
927
     {draw=TolLightRed,
                            fill=TolLightRed!70},
     {draw=TolLightPink,
                            fill=TolLightPink!70},
928
     {draw=TolLightPurple, fill=TolLightPurple!70},
929
     {draw=TolLightBlue,
                            fill=TolLightBlue!70},
930
     {draw=TolDarkGreen,
                            fill=TolDarkGreen!70},
931
932 }
```

mlineplot cycle Colors and styles intended for line charts with up to 4 series.

```
933 \pgfplotscreateplotcyclelist{mlineplot cycle}{%
934 {TolDarkBlue, mark=*, mark size=1.5pt},
935 {TolLightBrown, mark=square*, mark size=1.3pt},
936 {TolLightGreen, mark=triangle*, mark size=1.5pt},
937 {TolDarkBrown, mark=diamond*, mark size=1.5pt},
938 }
```

However, the above cycle lists are not applied automatically. We still need to define styles — mlineplot and mbarplot — that the user can apply to the axis of a pgfplots chart to use the colors. We'll also take the opportunity to adjust the display of chart axes when these styles are used.

```
939 \pgfplotsset{
940 compat=1.9,
```

mlineplot A style to apply to the axis of a PGF line plot.

```
mlineplot/.style={
941
942
       mbaseplot,
       xmajorgrids=true,
943
       ymajorgrids=true,
944
       major grid style={dotted},
945
       axis x line=bottom,
946
       axis y line=left,
947
       legend style={
948
          cells={anchor=west},
949
         draw=none
950
       },
951
```

```
952 cycle list name=mlineplot cycle,
953 },
```

mbarplot A style to apply to the axis of a PGF bar chart. mbarplot uses vertical bars horizontal mbarplot by default, while horizontal mbarplot has horizontal bars as the name implies.

Their shared properties are factored out into the internal style mbarplot base.

```
mbarplot base/.style={
954
       mbaseplot,
955
       bar width=6pt,
956
       axis y line*=none,
957
958
     },
     mbarplot/.style={
959
960
       mbarplot base,
       ybar,
961
       xmajorgrids=false,
962
       ymajorgrids=true,
963
964
       area legend,
       legend image code/.code={%
965
         \draw[#1] (0cm,-0.1cm) rectangle (0.15cm,0.1cm);
966
       },
967
       cycle list name=mbarplot cycle,
968
969
     },
970
     horizontal mbarplot/.style={
971
       mbarplot base,
       xmajorgrids=true,
972
       ymajorgrids=false,
973
       xbar stacked,
974
       area legend,
975
       legend image code/.code={%
976
         \draw[#1] (0cm,-0.1cm) rectangle (0.15cm,0.1cm);
977
       },
978
       cycle list name=mbarplot cycle,
979
980
     },
```

mbaseplot Adjusts the appearance of the axes in a PGF chart.

```
981 mbaseplot/.style={
982 legend style={
983 draw=none,
984 fill=none,
```

```
cells={anchor=west},
985
986
        },
        x tick label style={
987
          font=\footnotesize
988
        },
989
        y tick label style={
990
991
          font=\footnotesize
        },
992
        legend style={
993
          font=\footnotesize
994
995
        major grid style={
996
997
          dotted,
        },
998
        axis x line*=bottom,
999
1000
      {\tt disable\ thousands\ separator/.style=}\{
1001
        /pgf/number format/.cd,
1002
1003
          1000 sep={}
1004
     },
1005 }
```