Lab 5.1 and 5.2

Lab 5.1

See appendix for codes below

One-gram entropy of letters is estimated to be -7.010627085477864e-05 bits.

Di-gram entropy of letters is estimated to be -6.174101451477135e-06 bits.

Lab 5.2

#2:

Prototypical bird is Falcon with minimum average Euclidean distance vector of 20.71. First ten values of Falcon: [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]

#3 & 4: Average distance from prototype Falcon:

1.eagle	1526.4
2.blackbird	1538.85
3.crow	1540.17
4.sparrow	1561.46
5.sparrow	1561.46
6.peacock	1620.38
7.robin	1622.45
8.woodpecker	1660.9
9.owl	1662.11
10.seagull	1681.89
11.bat	1715.12
12.penguin	1716.11
13.canary	1717.9
14.ostrich	1718.62
15.parrot	1738.5
16.chicken	1772.6
17.swan	1788.98

```
alphabets = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i', 'j', 'k', 'l', 'm', 'n', 'o', 'p', 'q', 'r', 's', 't', 'u', 'v', 'w', 'x', 'y', 'z']
def entropy1(txt, alphabets):
 k, prob i = 0, 0
 lst = collections.Counter(txt)
 length = len(txt)
 while k in range(0,len(alphabets)):
  prob i = lst[alphabets[k]]/length
  k += 1
  H = - \text{ prob } i*((\text{prob } i)**0.5)
 return H #entropy
H = entropy1(lowtext, alphabets)
#-7.010627085477864e-05
print('One-gram entropy of letters is estimated to be ',H,'bits.')
# Your code here
def digram entropy(txt, alphabets):
 k, prob i = 0, 0
 lst = collections.Counter(txt)
 length = len(txt)
 while k in range(0, len(alphabets)):
  prob x = lst[alphabets[k]]/length
  prob y = lst[alphabets[k-1]]/length
  prob\_cond = ((prob\_y)*(prob\_x))/(prob\_x)
  prob_joint = prob_x*prob_cond
  k += 1
  H = - prob_joint*((prob_cond)**0.5)
 return H #entropy
digram H = digram entropy(lowtext,alphabets)
#-6.174101451477135e-06
print('Di-gram entropy of letters is estimated to be ',digram H,'bits.')
#5.2
#2=
def average of all(F): #finding averages of all data/features
         \# sum = 0
         lst = []
         i = 0
         while i in range(0, len(F[0])):
                  a = sum(list(zip(*F))[i])
                  # print(a)
                  i += 1
                  lst.append(a)
         averages = []
         for i in range(0, len(lst)):
                  averages.append(lst[i]/17)
         return averages
averaged = average of all(F)
# print(averaged)
#averaged is the average of all data features
def euclidean distance(F, n): #average distance for nth animal
         lst = []
         for i in range(0, len(F[0])):
```

```
a = (F[n][i] - averaged[i])**2
                 lst.append(a)
         distance = (sum(lst))**0.5
        return distance
def find_prototype():
        minimum = []
        for i in range(0, 17):
                 a = euclidean distance(F, i)
                 minimum.append(a)
        print(minimum)
        return min(minimum)
print("prototypical bird is Falcon with distance: ", + find_prototype()) #returns 20.71 which is equivalent to
distance of Falcon
print(F[5][0:10]) #[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
falcon = F[5]
# print(euclidean distance(F, 0))
def prototype_distance(F, n): #average distance for nth animal
         for i in range(0, len(F[0])):
                 a = (F[n][i] - falcon[i])**2
                 lst1.append(a)
        distance = sum(lst1)**0.5
         return distance
```