

## Lab 1: Intro to Physical Computing

### Description

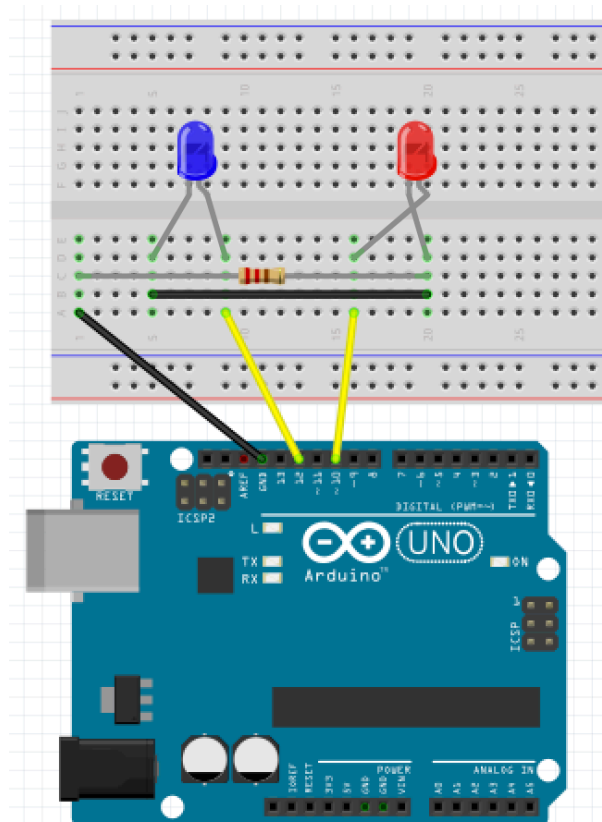
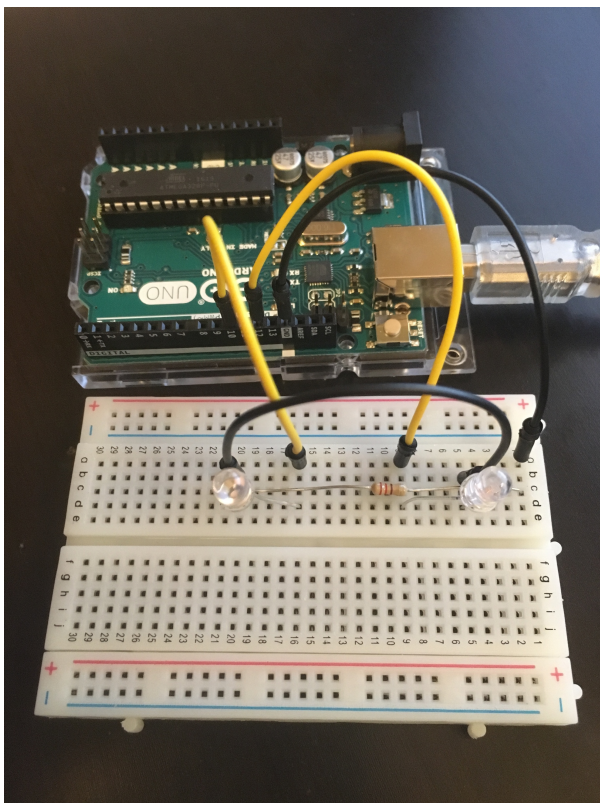
I used Arduino with blue and red LED. While it was my first time learning circuit boards and Arduino, I wanted to be more creative and try new ways. After making a single LED blink, I tried to create two blinking LEDs. After the two blinking LEDs, I wanted these LEDs to blink according to a certain song. Because my skills are currently limited, I only hardcoded the time delay to match the beat of a certain song.

The major difficulty I encountered was hardcoding the specific delay time to smoothly match with the song. Because I love EDM songs, I first tried to match the lights to EDM beats, which was very difficult to synchronize. I decided to use a K-pop song called *Playing with Fire* by BlackPink instead because it had a relatively slow beat. Even though it is a short video, here is the link to the work. Please keep the sound loud!

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=H1\\_3BGOWVPc](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=H1_3BGOWVPc)

### Components

- 1 Arduino
- 2 LED (blue and red)
- 1 Resistor (220  $\Omega$ )
- 1 Breadboard
- 3 Jumper wires



## Code

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Blink

Turns an LED on for one second, then off for one second, repeatedly.

Most Arduinos have an on-board LED you can control. On the UNO, MEGA and ZERO it is attached to digital pin 13, on MKR1000 on pin 6. LED\_BUILTIN is set to the correct LED pin independent of which board is used.

If you want to know what pin the on-board LED is connected to on your Arduino model, check the Technical Specs of your board at:

<https://www.arduino.cc/en/Main/Products>

modified 8 May 2014

by Scott Fitzgerald

modified 2 Sep 2016

by Arturo Guadalupi

modified 8 Sep 2016

by Colby Newman

This example code is in the public domain.

<http://www.arduino.cc/en/Tutorial/Blink>

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// the setup function runs once when you press reset or power the board

```
void setup() {  
  // initialize digital pin LED_BUILTIN as an output.  
  pinMode(12, OUTPUT); //blue  
  pinMode(10, OUTPUT); //red  
}
```

// the loop function runs over and over again forever

```
void loop() {  
  digitalWrite(12, HIGH);  
  delay(600);  
  digitalWrite(12, LOW);  
  delay(0);  
  digitalWrite(10, HIGH);  
  delay(600);  
  digitalWrite(10, LOW);  
  delay(0);  
  digitalWrite(12, HIGH);  
  delay(600);  
  digitalWrite(12, LOW);  
  delay(0);  
  digitalWrite(10, HIGH);  
  delay(600);  
  digitalWrite(10, LOW);  
  delay(0);  
  digitalWrite(12, HIGH);  
  delay(300);  
  digitalWrite(12, LOW);  
  delay(0);  
  digitalWrite(10, HIGH);  
  delay(300);  
  digitalWrite(10, LOW);  
  delay(0);  
  digitalWrite(12, HIGH);  
  delay(300);  
  digitalWrite(12, LOW);  
  delay(300);  
  digitalWrite(12, HIGH);  
}
```

```
delay(300);
digitalWrite(12, LOW);
delay(300);
digitalWrite(10, HIGH);
delay(300);
digitalWrite(10, LOW);
delay(0);
digitalWrite(12, HIGH);
delay(300);
digitalWrite(12, LOW);
delay(0);
digitalWrite(10, HIGH);
delay(300);
digitalWrite(10, LOW);
delay(0);
digitalWrite(10, HIGH);
delay(300);
digitalWrite(10, LOW);
delay(0);
digitalWrite(10, HIGH);
delay(300);
digitalWrite(10, LOW);
delay(0);
}
```