

Singleton Pattern

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Concept

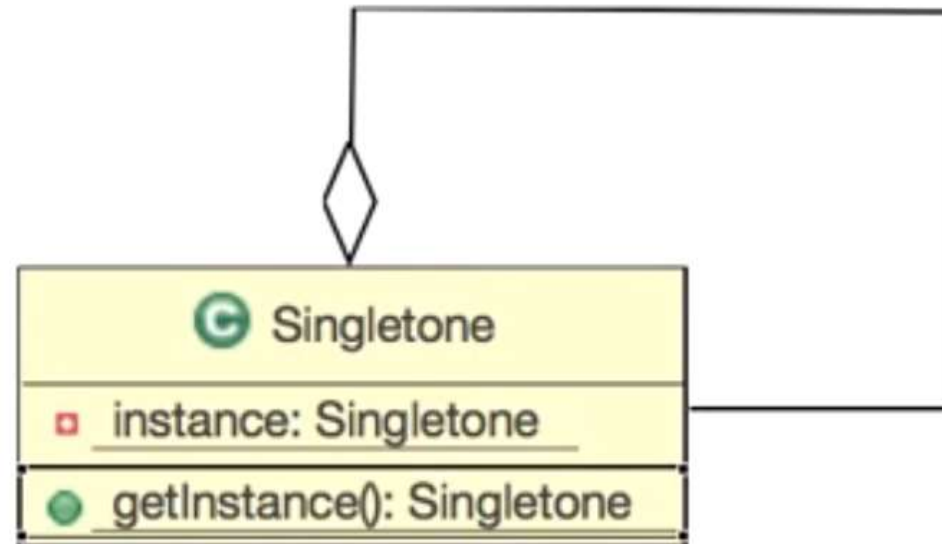
Object: With attributes and functions.

Class: Was defined attributes and functions

Instance: Having properties and functions that are real.

Goal of Lecture

Implement to create only one instance through Singleton Pattern



Requirement

Make a class that can access the speaker in developing system.

SystemSpeaker.java

```
1 public class SystemSpeaker {
2     static private SystemSpeaker instance; //static for only one.
3     private int volume; //Don't want external calling
4
5     public SystemSpeaker(){
6         volume = 5;
7     }
8     public static SystemSpeaker getInstance(){ //static
9         if(instance == null){// Check null
10             //System Speaker
11             instance = new SystemSpeaker();
12             System.out.println("새로 생성");
13         }else{
14             System.out.println("이미 생성");
15         }
16         return instance;
17     }
18     public int getVolume{
19         return volume;
20     }
21     public void setVolume(int volume){
22         this.volume = volume;
23     }
24 }
```

→ For log

Main.java

Remember features of Singleton

```
1  public class Main{
2      public static void main(String[] args){
3          SystemSpeaker speaker1 = SystemSpeaker.getInstance();
4          SystemSpeaker speaker2 = SystemSpeaker.getInstance();
5
6
7          speaker1. setVolume(11);
8          System.out.println(Speaker1.getVolume());
9          System.out.println(Speaker2.getVolume());
10
11         speaker2. setVolume(22);
12         System.out.println(Speaker1.getVolume());
13         System.out.println(Speaker1.getVolume());
14
15         //Can see that it is the same instance
16     }
17 }
```