

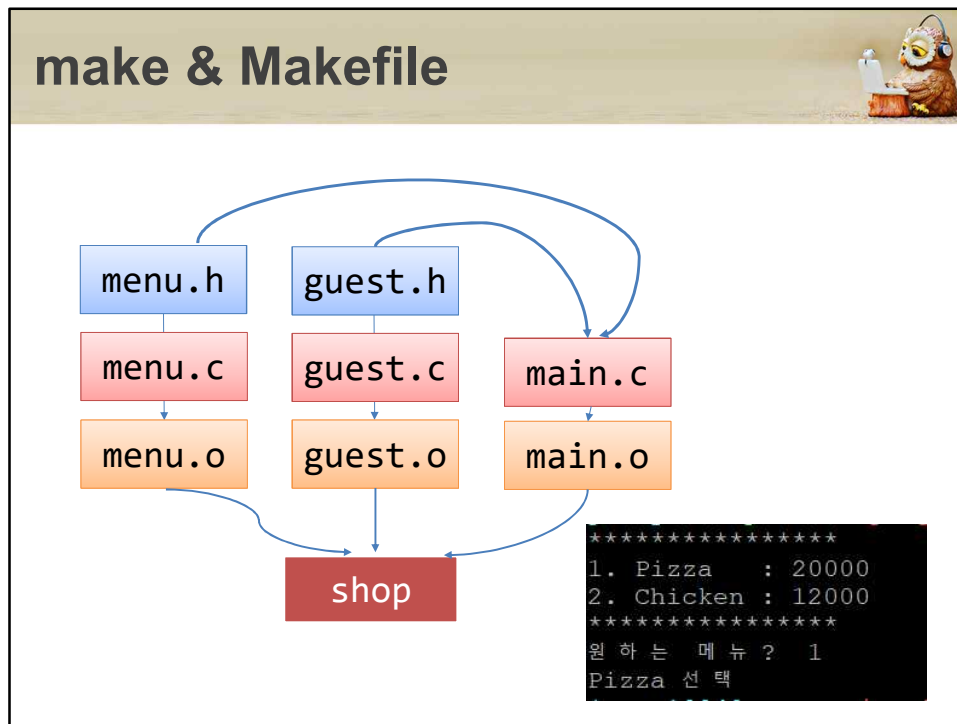


1

## make vs Makefile

- **make** : 컴파일을 실행하기 위해 사용하는 파일 관리 유틸리티
- **Makefile** : make를 실행하면 Makefile 을 실행하게 됨
- **make를 사용할 때 장점**
  - ✓ 파일에 대한 반복적 명령 자동화로 인한 시간 절약
  - ✓ 프로그램의 종속 구조를 빠르게 파악하며 관리가 용이
  - ✓ 단순 반복 작업 및 재 작성을 최소화

2



3

## make & Makefile

- Create header files

menu.h

```

1 //menu.h
2
3 #include <stdio.h>
4
5 void displayMenu();
6
      
```

guest.h

```

// guest.h
#include <stdio.h>

int addGuest();
void displayGuest(int menu);
      
```

4

## make & makefile



- Create C files

menu.c

```
// menu.c
#include "menu.h"

void displayMenu() {
    printf("*****\n");
    printf("1. Pizza : 20000\n");
    printf("2. Chicken : 12000\n");
    printf("*****\n");
}
```

guest.c

```
// guest.c
#include "guest.h"

int addGuest() {
    int menu;
    printf("원하는 메뉴? ");
    scanf("%d", &menu);
    return menu;
}

void displayGuest(int menu) {
    if (menu == 1)
        printf("Pizza 선택 ");
    else
        printf("Chicken 선택 ");
}
```

main.c

```
#include "menu.h"
#include "guest.h"

int main() {
    int menu;

    displayMenu();
    menu = addGuest();
    displayGuest(menu);
    return 0;
}
```

5

## make & makefile



- ls

```
jerry1004@peace:~/project/shop:> ls
guest.c guest.h main.c menu.c menu.h
```

- 각 파일 Compile

```
jerry1004@peace:~/project/shop:> gcc -c -o guest.o guest.c
jerry1004@peace:~/project/shop:> gcc -c -o menu.o menu.c
jerry1004@peace:~/project/shop:> gcc -c -o main.o main.c
```

- 하나의 실행파일 생성

```
jerry1004@peace:~/project/shop:> gcc -o shop main.o guest.o menu.o
jerry1004@peace:~/project/shop:> ls
guest.c guest.h guest.o main.c main.o menu.c menu.h menu.o shop
```

6

## make & makefile



### • Makefile

- ✓ 목적파일(target): 명령어가 수행되어 나온 결과 저장 파일(예외, dummy target)
- ✓ 의존성(Dependency): 목적파일을 만들기 위해 필요한 파일
- ✓ 명령어 (Command): 실행해야 할 명령어
- ✓ 매크로 (Macro): 코드를 단순화하기 위한 방법

```
CC = gcc

target1 : dependency1 dependency2
    command1
    command2
    ...
```

7

## make & makefile



### • Makefile 만들기 (Makefile)

- Makefile 생성 : vi Makefile

```
shop : menu.o guest.o main.o
    gcc -o shop menu.o guest.o main.o

menu.o : menu.c
    gcc -c -o menu.o menu.c

guest.o : guest.c
    gcc -c -o guest.o guest.c

main.o : main.c
    gcc -c -o main.o main.c

clean :
    rm *.o shop
```

```
make [enter]
ls [enter]
make clean[enter]
```

8

## make & makefile



### • Makefile2 만들기(with macro)

```
CC = gcc
CFlags = -W -Wall
TARGET = shop
OBJECTS = menu.o guest.o main.o

all : $(TARGET)

$(TARGET) : $(OBJECTS)
    $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ $^

clean :
    rm *.o shop
```

```
/shop:> make -f Makefile2
```

9

## Lab1 : clone a project in Github



1. Sign up/ Sign in "Github" : <http://www.github.com>
2. Search "calculator"
3. Select C language.

Languages	
Java	38,976
JavaScript	28,888
HTML	16,271
Python	11,306
Swift	10,660
C#	10,611
C++	6,471
CSS	3,876
Ruby	3,539
C	

4. Click on selected Project.  
<https://github.com/btmills/calculator>

[btmills/calculator](https://github.com/btmills/calculator)  
Command-line calculator  
MIT license Updated on 3 Jan

5. Clone

```
$git clone https://github.com/btmills/calculator
```

10

## Lab1 : Makefile(1/2)



1. Sign up/ Sign in "Github" : <http://www.github.com>
2. Search "calculator"
3. Select C language.

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4. Click on selected Project.  
<https://github.com/btmills/calculator>

**btmills/calculator**  
Command-line calculator  
MIT license Updated on 3 Jan

5. Clone (위치 : `cd ~/project/` )

`$git clone https://github.com/btmills/calculator`

11

## Lab1 : Makefile(2/2)



1. tree calculator

```
jerry1004@peace:~/project:> tree cal*
calculator
├── calculator.c
├── LICENSE
├── Makefile
├── README.md
├── stack.c
├── stack.h
└── stack_test.c
```

2. 실행파일 만들기
3. Makefile 각 라인별 comment 작성

12