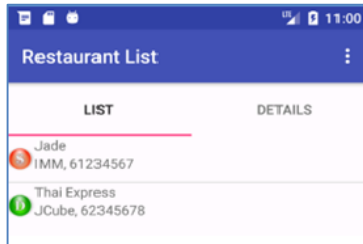


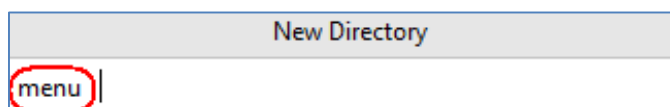
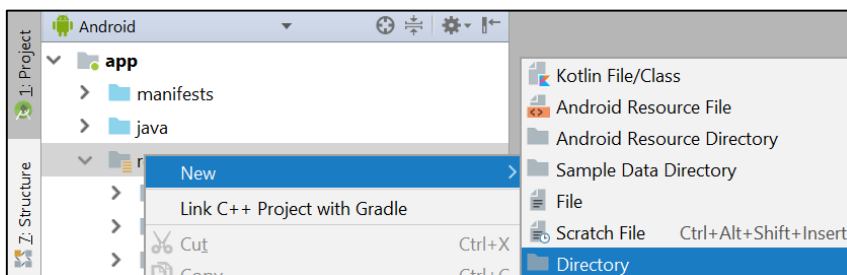
Practical 3: Menu and SQLite Database

In this session, you will learn how to create a Menu to activate a Toast to show information entered in the restaurant detail form. In order to keep the restaurant list data persistent, you will learn how to create a database for the restaurant list using SQLite.

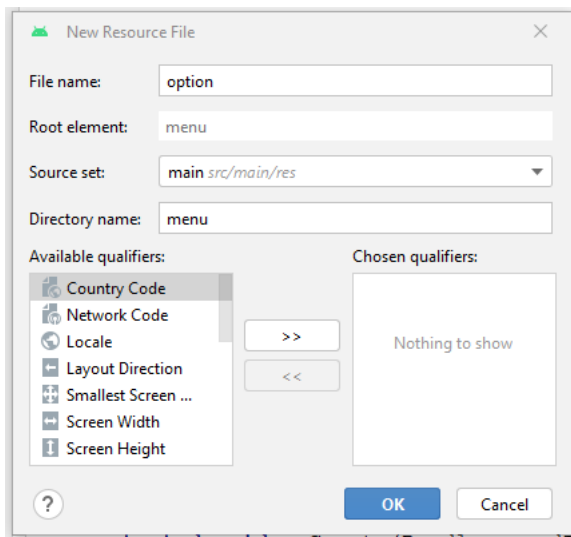
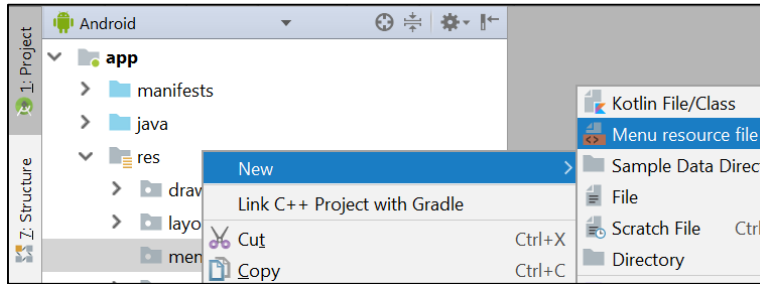


Part I – Create Menu & Detect Menu Item Select

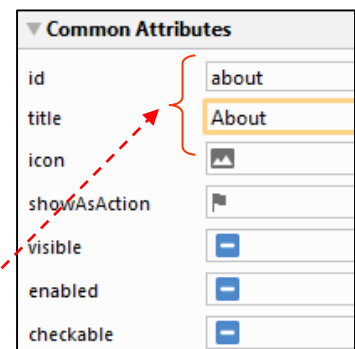
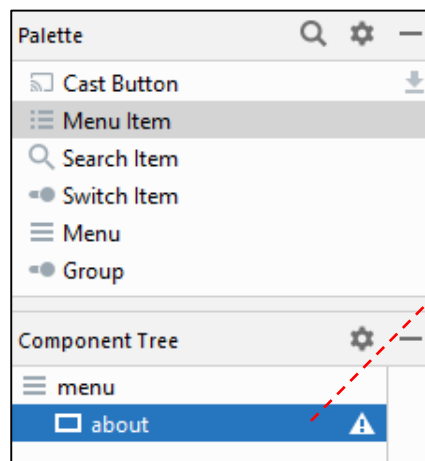
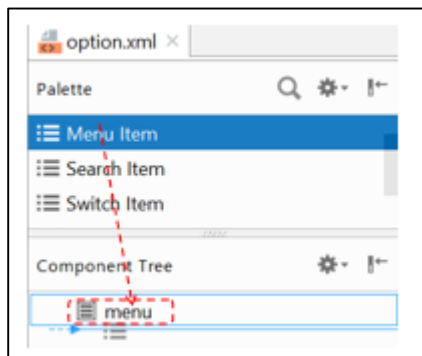
1. In this lab, we will learn how to include an image icon to a **Menu** item and detect the menu item selection.
2. Create a new project with **No Activity** and the following information:
 - **Name:** *Restaurant List*
 - **Package name:** *com.sp.restaurantlist*
 - **Save location:** *C:\MAD\AndroidStudioProjects\Lab3a* or *D:\MAD\AndroidStudioProjects\Lab3a*
 - **Language:** *Java*
 - **Minimum SDK:** *API 27: Android 8.1 (Oreo)*
 - **Source Language:** *Java*
 - **Build configuration language:** *Groovy DSL (build. grade)*
3. Open your **Windows File Explorer** and navigate to your **Android Studio** workspace where all your projects are created
4. Copy *AndroidManifest.xml* file, **java** and **res** folders from **Lab2b\app\src\main** project folder and paste into **Lab3a\app\src\main** folder to overwrite the existing files and folders
5. At this part of the exercise, we will learn how to include an **OPTION MENU** item and limit **MENU** to be shown on 'Details' tab only
6. At Android Studio, right click on the **res** folder and select **New > Directory** to create folder named **menu**. Hit "Enter" key.



7. Right click on the newly created folder **res/menu** and select **New > Menu resource file** to create a menu file named **'option'**



8. At Design Editor (*option.xml*), drag a **Menu Item** from **Palette** and drop into **menu** under Component Tree. Update the **item id** and **title** to **about** and **About** respectively.



9. Open the *RestaurantList.java* file. Update the program with the following **highlighted** codes to create the **option** menu and detect **menu item** selection.

Commonly seen mistakes at this step are the spelling of these 2 methods names. Please take note.

```
public boolean onCreateOptionsMenu(Menu menu)
public boolean onOptionsItemSelected(MenuItem item)
```

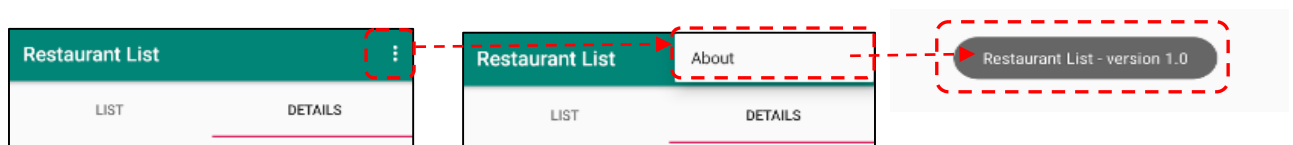
```
1 package com.sp.restaurantlist;
2
3 import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
4 import android.os.Bundle;
5 import android.view.LayoutInflater;
6 import android.view.Menu;
7 import android.view.MenuItem;
8 import android.view.View;
9 import android.view.ViewGroup;
10 import android.widget.AdapterView;
11 import android.widget.AdapterView.OnItemClickListener;
12 import android.widget.ArrayAdapter;
13 import android.widget.Button;
14 import android.widget.EditText;
15 import android.widget.ImageView;
16 import android.widget.ListView;
17 import android.widget.RadioGroup;
18 import android.widget.TabHost;
19 import android.widget.TextView;
20 import android.widget.Toast;
21
22 import java.util.ArrayList;
23 import java.util.List;
24
25 public class RestaurantList extends AppCompatActivity {
26     private EditText restaurantName;
27     private RadioGroup restaurantTypes;
28     private Button buttonSave;
29     private EditText restaurantAddress;
30     private EditText restaurantTel;
31
32     private List<Restaurant> model = new ArrayList<>();
33     private RestaurantAdapter adapter = null;
34     private ListView list;
35     private TabHost host;
36
37     @Override
38     protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
39         super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
40         setContentView(R.layout.main);
41
42         restaurantName = findViewById(R.id.restaurant_name);
43         restaurantTypes = findViewById(R.id.restaurant_types);
44
45         buttonSave = findViewById(R.id.button_save);
46         buttonSave.setOnClickListener(onSave);
47
48         restaurantAddress = findViewById(R.id.restaurant_address);
49         restaurantTel = findViewById(R.id.restaurant_tel);
50
51         list = findViewById(R.id.restaurants);
52         adapter = new RestaurantAdapter();
53         list.setAdapter(adapter);
54
55         host = findViewById(R.id.tabHost);
56         host.setup();
```

```
57 //Tab 1
58 TabHost.TabSpec spec = host.newTabSpec("List");
59 spec.setContent(R.id.restaurants_tab);
60 spec.setIndicator("List");
61 host.addTab(spec);
62
63 //Tab 2
64 spec = host.newTabSpec("Details");
65 spec.setContent(R.id.details_tab);
66 spec.setIndicator("Details");
67 host.addTab(spec);
68 host.setCurrentTab(1);
69 list.setOnItemClickListener(onListClick);
70 }
71
72 @Override
73 public boolean onCreateOptionsMenu(Menu menu) {
74
75     getMenuInflater().inflate(R.menu.option, menu);
76     return super.onCreateOptionsMenu(menu);
77
78 }
79
80 @Override
81 public boolean onOptionsItemSelected(MenuItem item) {
82     if (item.getItemId() == R.id.about) {
83         Toast.makeText(this, "Restaurant List - version 1.0", Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show();
84     }
85     return super.onOptionsItemSelected(item);
86 }
87
88 private View.OnClickListener onSave = new View.OnClickListener() {
89     @Override
90     public void onClick(View v) {
91         // To read data from restaurantName EditText
92         String nameStr = restaurantName.getText().toString();
93         // To read data from restaurantAddress EditText
94         String addressStr = restaurantAddress.getText().toString();
95         // To read data from restaurantTel EditText
96         String telStr = restaurantTel.getText().toString();
97
98         String restType = "";
99         //To read selection of restaurantTypes RadioGroup
100         int radioID = restaurantTypes.getCheckedRadioButtonId();
101         if (radioID == R.id.chinese) {
102             restType = "Chinese";
103         } else
104         if (radioID == R.id.western) {
105             restType = "Western";
106         } else
107         if (radioID == R.id.indian) {
108             restType = "Indian";
109         } else
110         if (radioID == R.id.indonesian) {
111             restType = "Indonesian";
112         } else
113         if (radioID == R.id.korean) {
114             restType = "Korean";
115         } else
```

```
116         if (radioID == R.id.japanese) {
117             restType = "Japanese";
118         } else
119         if (radioID == R.id.thai) {
120             restType = "Thai";
121         }
122     }
123     //String combineStr = nameStr + "\n" + addressStr + "\n" + telStr + "\n" + restType;
124     //Toast.makeText(v.getContext(), combineStr, Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show();
125     Restaurant restaurant = new Restaurant();
126     restaurant.setName(nameStr);
127     restaurant.setAddress(addressStr);
128     restaurant.setTelephone(telStr);
129     restaurant.setRestaurantType(restType);
130     adapter.add(restaurant);
131     host.setCurrentTab(0);
132 }
133 };
134
135 static class RestaurantHolder {
136     private TextView restName = null;
137     private TextView addr = null;
138     private ImageView icon = null;
139     RestaurantHolder(View row) {
140         restName = row.findViewById(R.id.restName);
141         addr = row.findViewById(R.id.restAddr);
142         icon = row.findViewById(R.id.icon);
143     }
144     @
145     void populateFrom(Restaurant r) {
146         restName.setText(r.getName());
147         addr.setText(r.getAddress() + ", " + r.getTelephone());
148         if (r.getRestaurantType().equals("Chinese")) {
149             icon.setImageResource(R.drawable.ball_red);
150         } else if (r.getRestaurantType().equals("Western")) {
151             icon.setImageResource(R.drawable.ball_yellow);
152         } else {
153             icon.setImageResource(R.drawable.ball_green);
154         }
155     }
156 }
157
158 class RestaurantAdapter extends ArrayAdapter<Restaurant> {
159     RestaurantAdapter() { super(RestaurantList.this, R.layout.row, model); }
160
161     @Override
162     public View getView(int position, View convertView, ViewGroup parent) {
163         View row = convertView;
164         RestaurantHolder holder;
165         if (row == null) {
166             LayoutInflater inflater = getLayoutInflater();
167             row = inflater.inflate(R.layout.row, parent, false);
168             holder = new RestaurantHolder(row);
169             row.setTag(holder);
170         } else {
171             holder = (RestaurantHolder) row.getTag();
172         }
173         holder.populateFrom(model.get(position));
174         return row;
175     }
176 }
177 }
```

```
178
179 AdapterView.OnItemClickListener onListClick = new AdapterView.OnItemClickListener() {
180     @Override
181     public void onItemClick(AdapterView<?> parent, View view, int position, long id) {
182         Restaurant r = model.get(position);
183
184         restaurantName.setText(r.getName());
185         restaurantAddress.setText(r.getAddress());
186         restaurantTel.setText(r.getTelephone());
187
188         if (r.getRestaurantType().equals("Chinese")) {
189             restaurantTypes.check(R.id.chinese);
190         } else if (r.getRestaurantType().equals("Western")) {
191             restaurantTypes.check(R.id.western);
192         } else if (r.getRestaurantType().equals("Indian")) {
193             restaurantTypes.check(R.id.indian);
194         } else if (r.getRestaurantType().equals("Indonesian")) {
195             restaurantTypes.check(R.id.indonesian);
196         } else if (r.getRestaurantType().equals("Korean")) {
197             restaurantTypes.check(R.id.korean);
198         } else if (r.getRestaurantType().equals("Japanese")) {
199             restaurantTypes.check(R.id.japanese);
200         } else {
201             restaurantTypes.check(R.id.thai);
202         }
203         host.setCurrentTab(1);
204     }
205 };
206 }
```

10. Run the *Lab3a* project. Click on the MENU button, the **About** option menu item will pop-up. When click on the item from the option menu, a toast will be displayed.



Further Enhancements

11. At the moment, the option menu and its “About” menu item can be activated at the “LIST” tab and “DETAILS” tab. We will now update the `onCreateOptionsMenu(Menu menu)` method to limit the “About” menu to pop-up only when user is at the “DETAILS” tab. The `onCreateOptionsMenu(Menu menu)` method is called every time when `invalidateOptionsMenu()` is called. The `onCreateOptionsMenu(Menu menu)` method must **return true** for the menu to be displayed; and **return false** to hide the menu.

Hint: Open the **RestaurantList** activity and update the program with the following codes:

- i. Declare an extra **boolean** variable named **showMenu**

Declaration

```
private boolean showMenu = false;
```

- ii. Set **TabHost** a `setOnTabChangeListener` which is a listener to detect change of tab view. By calling the method `invalidateOptionsMenu()` we update **showMenu** according to current tab view selected. If the tab is at “LIST” tab, **showMenu** is set to **false**. Otherwise, **showMenu** is set to **true**.

PART I – add **within** `onCreate()` method

The `invalidateOptionsMenu()` method is called when there is a change in the tab selection.

```
host.setOnTabChangeListener(new TabHost.OnTabChangeListener() {  
    @Override  
    public void onTabChanged(String tabId) {  
        invalidateOptionsMenu();  
    }  
});
```

PART II – after the `onCreate()` method add a `invalidateOptionsMenu()` callback method

```
@Override  
public void invalidateOptionsMenu() {  
    if (host.getCurrentTab() == 0) {  
        showMenu = false;  
    } else if (host.getCurrentTab() == 1) {  
        showMenu = true;  
    }  
    super.invalidateOptionsMenu();  
}
```

- iii. The `onCreateOptionsMenu(Menu menu)` method will be called automatically each time the `invalidateOptionMenu()` method is called.

PART III – update `onCreateOptionsMenu()` callback method

```
@Override  
public boolean onCreateOptionsMenu(Menu menu) {  
    if (showMenu == true) {  
        getMenuInflater().inflate(R.menu.option, menu);  
        return true;  
    }  
    else  
        return false;  
}
```

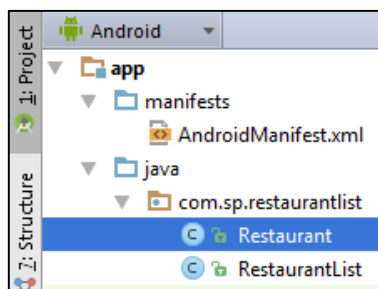
- iv. **After** the `onCreate()` method add a `onStart()` callback method which will call the `invalidateOptionsMenu()` method when the activity is start up.

```
@Override  
protected void onStart() {  
    invalidateOptionsMenu();  
    super.onStart();  
}
```

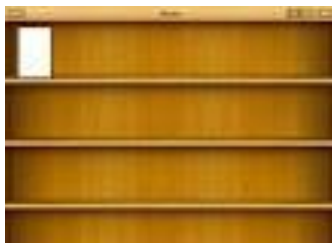
12. Run *Lab3a* project. Test the **MENU** display constraint. **Show to your lecturer after you have completed.**

Part II – Using Android SQLite Database

13. At the moment, all data saved in the Restaurant List will be lost whenever the app is no more active. In this exercise, Android SQLite database will be used to hold the restaurant data. The data saved will stay persist with the app from run to run
14. Create a new project with **No Activity** and the following information:
 - **Name:** *Restaurant List*
 - **Package name:** *com.sp.restaurantlist*
 - **Save location:** *C:\MAD\AndroidStudioProjects\Lab3b or D:\MAD\AndroidStudioProjects\Lab3b*
 - **Language:** *Java*
 - **Minimum SDK:** *API 27: Android 8.1 (Oreo)*
 - **Source Language:** *Java*
 - **Build configuration language:** *Groovy DSL (build. grade)*
15. Open **Windows File Explorer** and navigate to your Android Studio workspace (*C:\MAD\AndroidStudioProjects* or *D:\MAD\AndroidStudioProjects*) where all you projects are created and saved.
16. Double click to open the *Lab3a* project folder and navigate down to “**app\src\main**” folder. Copy **AndroidManifest.xml** file, **java** and **res** folders
17. Go to newly created project “*Lab3b\app\src\main*” folder and paste into it to overwrite existing folders and files
18. Go back to Android Studio. Open the *RestaurantList.java* and *main.xml* files and they should show the content from *Lab3b*
19. Expand the **java/com.sp.restaurantlist** folder. Right click on the *Restaurant.java* file and select **Delete** to remove the file from the project. *Restaurant.java* will be replaced with ***RestaurantHelper.java*** that deals with the SQLite database operations.



20. SQLite is an Open Source Database which is embedded into Android. SQLite supports standard relational database features like SQL syntax, transactions and prepared statements. More information about SQLite can be found on the SQLite website: <http://www.sqlite.org>.
21. A database is like a bookshelf, a database table is like a file folder and records (database model) saved in database table is like form kept in file folder



(i) Bookshelf → Database



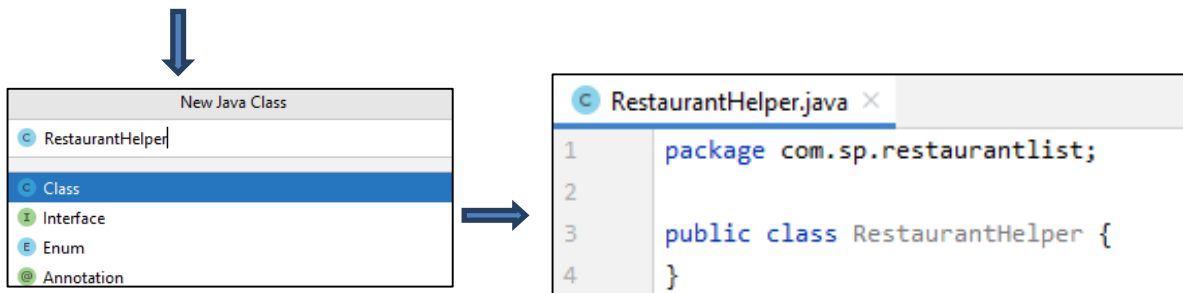
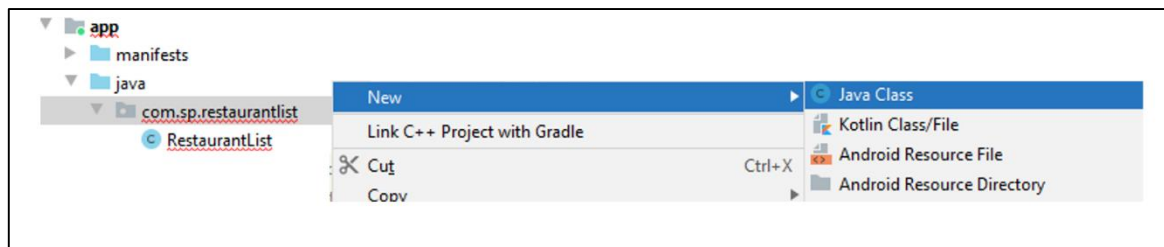
(ii) File folder → Database Table



(iii) Forms → Records in Table

22. With the basic understanding of database functionality, we will first create a class that handles all the operations required to deal with the database such as creating the database, creating tables, inserting and deleting records and so on

23. The first step is to create a class **RestaurantHelper.java** that inherits from **SQLiteOpenHelper** class.



Add "extends SQLiteOpenHelper" to the class header:

```
class RestaurantHelper extends SQLiteOpenHelper {
```

24. This class provides two methods to override to deal with the database:

- **onCreate(SQLiteDatabase db):** invoked when the database is created, this is where we can create tables and columns to them, create views or triggers.

```
@Override
public void onCreate(SQLiteDatabase db) {
    // will be called once when database has not been created
    db.execSQL("CREATE TABLE restaurants_table ( " +
        "_id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT," +
        "restaurantName TEXT, " +
        "restaurantAddress TEXT, " +
        "restaurantTel TEXT, " +
        "restaurantType TEXT);");
}
```

- **onUpgrade(SQLiteDatabase db, int oldVersion, int newVersion):** invoked when we make a modification to the database such as altering, dropping, creating new tables.

```
@Override
public void onUpgrade(SQLiteDatabase db, int oldVersion, int newVersion) {
    // Will not be called until SCHEMA_VERSION increases
    // Here we can upgrade the database e.g. add more tables
}
```

25. The database and table created for the Restaurant List application will have the following name and fields:

Database's Name	restaurentlist.db
Table's Name	restaurants_table

restaurants_table Format:

Field's Name	Type	Key	Description
_id	INTEGER AUTOINCREMENT	PRIMARY	Create a unique integer number for each record
restaurantName	TEXT		
restaurantAddress	TEXT		
restaurantTel	TEXT		
restaurantType	TEXT		

Take note of the **_id**, there should be no space between the underscore (**_**) symbol and "id".

26. In the **RestaurantHelper** class, **onCreate()** is called by the framework, if the database does not exists. **SQLiteOpenHelper** provides the methods **getReadableDatabase()** and **getWritableDatabase()** to get access to a **SQLiteDatabase** object; either in read or write mode.

```
@Override
public void onCreate(SQLiteDatabase db) {
    // will be called once when database has not been created
    db.execSQL("CREATE TABLE restaurants_table ( " +
        "_id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT," +
        "restaurantName TEXT, " +
        "restaurantAddress TEXT, "+
        "restaurantTel TEXT," +
        "restaurantType TEXT);");
}

10 usages
@Override
public void onUpgrade(SQLiteDatabase db, int oldVersion, int newVersion) {
    // Will not be called until SCHEMA_VERSION increases
    // Here we can upgrade the database e.g. add more tables
}
```

27. Update the *RestaurantHelper.java* file with the following content and save.

- **onCreate()** – creates a database table within the database called **restaurantlist.db**
This has to be done before any insert/select/delete SQL operations
- **getAll()** – triggers an SQL query. The return holds the result of the query
- **insert()** – inserts a new record (with restaurant info) into the database table
- **c.getString(i)** – retrieves data from index i of cursor c

All these methods are housed within the class *RestaurantHelper*.

Hence to use them, first of all a *RestaurantHelper* object must be created.

E.g.

```
RestaurantHelper helper = new RestaurantHelper(this);
helper.getAll();
```

```
1 package com.sp.restaurantlist;
2
3 import android.content.ContentValues;
4 import android.content.Context;
5 import android.database.Cursor;
6 import android.database.sqlite.SQLiteDatabase;
7 import android.database.sqlite.SQLiteOpenHelper;
8
9 public class RestaurantHelper extends SQLiteOpenHelper {
10     private static final String DATABASE_NAME = "restaurantlist.db";
11     private static final int SCHEMA_VERSION = 1;
12
13     public RestaurantHelper(Context context) {
14         super(context, DATABASE_NAME, null, SCHEMA_VERSION);
15     }
16
17     @Override
18     public void onCreate(SQLiteDatabase db) {
19         // Will be called once when the database is not created
20         db.execSQL("CREATE TABLE restaurants_table ( _id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT, " +
21             " restaurantName TEXT, restaurantAddress TEXT, restaurantTel TEXT, restaurantType TEXT);");
22     }
23
24     @Override
25     public void onUpgrade(SQLiteDatabase db, int oldVersion, int newVersion) {
26         // Will not be called until SCHEMA_VERSION increases
27         // Here we can upgrade the database e.g. add more tables
28     }
29
30     /* Read all records from restaurants_table */
31     public Cursor getAll() {
32         return (getReadableDatabase().rawQuery(
33             "SELECT _id, restaurantName, restaurantAddress, restaurantTel, " +
34             " restaurantType FROM restaurants_table ORDER BY restaurantName", null));
35     }
36
37     /* Write a record into restaurants_table */
38     public void insert(String restaurantName, String restaurantAddress,
39         String restaurantTel, String restaurantType) {
40         ContentValues cv = new ContentValues();
41
42         cv.put("restaurantName", restaurantName);
43         cv.put("restaurantAddress", restaurantAddress);
44         cv.put("restaurantTel", restaurantTel);
45         cv.put("restaurantType", restaurantType);
46
47         getWritableDatabase().insert("restaurants_table", "restaurantName", cv);
48     }
49
50     @ public String getRestaurantName(Cursor c) {
51         return (c.getString(1));
52     }
53
54     @ public String getRestaurantAddress(Cursor c) {
55         return (c.getString(2));
56     }
57
58     @ public String getRestaurantTel(Cursor c) {
59         return (c.getString(3));
60     }
61
62     @ public String getRestaurantType(Cursor c) {
63         return (c.getString(4));
64     }
65 }
```

28. In the previous Labs, we use **ArrayAdapter** to bind the **ArrayList** and **ListView**. Any new restaurant data model added to ArrayAdapter, it will update both ArrayList and ListView automatically. Whereas we cannot use ArrayList and ArrayAdapter any more for using SQLite database. Instead of **ArrayList**, it is **replaced by Cursor** and **ArrayAdapter** is **replaced by CursorAdapter**. Therefore, **CursorAdapter** is now being used to bind the Cursor and ListView for any new restaurant record added
29. Open the *RestaurantList.java* file, remove extraneous code and simplify the code as follows. Save the file when completed.

```
1  package com.sp.restaurantlist;
2
3  import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
4  import android.database.Cursor;
5  import android.os.Bundle;
6  import android.view.LayoutInflater;
7  import android.view.Menu;
8  import android.view.MenuItem;
9  import android.view.View;
10 import android.view.ViewGroup;
11 import android.widget.AdapterView;
12 import android.widget.Button;
13 import android.widget.EditText;
14 import android.widget.ImageView;
15 import android.widget.ListView;
16 import android.widget.RadioGroup;
17 import android.widget.TabHost;
18 import android.widget.TextView;
19 import android.widget.Toast;
20
21 import android.content.Context;
22 import androidx.cursoradapter.widget.CursorAdapter;
23
24 public class RestaurantList extends AppCompatActivity {
25     private EditText restaurantName;
26     private RadioGroup restaurantTypes;
27     private Button buttonSave;
28     private EditText restaurantAddress;
29     private EditText restaurantTel;
30
31     private Cursor model = null;
32     private RestaurantAdapter adapter = null;
33     private ListView list;
34     private RestaurantHelper helper = null;
35     private TabHost host;
36     private boolean showMenu = false;
37
38     @Override
39     protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
40         super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
41         setContentView(R.layout.main);
42
43         restaurantName = findViewById(R.id.restaurant_name);
44         restaurantTypes = findViewById(R.id.restaurant_types);
45
46         buttonSave = findViewById(R.id.button_save);
47         buttonSave.setOnClickListener(onSave);
48
49         restaurantAddress = findViewById(R.id.restaurant_address);
50         restaurantTel = findViewById(R.id.restaurant_tel);
```

```
51
52     helper = new RestaurantHelper(this);
53     list = findViewById(R.id.restaurants);
54     model = helper.getAll();
55     adapter = new RestaurantAdapter(this, model, 0);
56     list.setAdapter(adapter);
57
58     host = findViewById(R.id.tabHost);
59     host.setup();
60
61     //Tab 1
62     TabHost.TabSpec spec = host.newTabSpec("List");
63     spec.setContent(R.id.restaurants_tab);
64     spec.setIndicator("List");
65     host.addTab(spec);
66
67     //Tab 2
68     spec = host.newTabSpec("Details");
69     spec.setContent(R.id.details_tab);
70     spec.setIndicator("Details");
71     host.addTab(spec);
72     host.setCurrentTab(1);
73     list.setOnItemClickListener(onListClick);
74
75     host.setOnTabChangeListener(new TabHost.OnTabChangeListener() {
76         @Override
77         public void onTabChanged(String tabId) {
78             invalidateOptionsMenu();
79         }
80     });
81 }
```

```
82
83
84  @Override
85  protected void onDestroy() {
86      helper.close();
87      super.onDestroy();
88  }
89
90  @Override
91  protected void onStart() {
92      invalidateOptionsMenu();
93      super.onStart();
94  }
95
96  @Override
97  public void invalidateOptionsMenu() {
98      if (host.getCurrentTab() == 0) {
99          showMenu = false;
100      } else if (host.getCurrentTab() == 1) {
101          showMenu = true;
102      }
103      super.invalidateOptionsMenu();
104  }
105
106  @Override
107  public boolean onCreateOptionsMenu(Menu menu) {
108      if (showMenu == true) {
109          getMenuInflater().inflate(R.menu.option, menu);
110          return true;
111      }
112      else
113          return false;
114  }
115
116  @Override
117  public boolean onOptionsItemSelected(MenuItem item) {
118      if (item.getItemId() == R.id.about)
119      {
120          Toast.makeText(this, "Restaurant List - version 1.0", Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show();
121          break;
122      }
123      return super.onOptionsItemSelected(item);
124  }
125
126  private View.OnClickListener onSave = new View.OnClickListener() {
127      @Override
128      public void onClick(View v) {
129          // To read data from restaurantName EditText
130          String nameStr = restaurantName.getText().toString();
131          // To read data from restaurantAddress EditText
132          String addressStr = restaurantAddress.getText().toString();
133          // To read data from restaurantTel EditText
134          String telStr = restaurantTel.getText().toString();
135          String restType = "";
136          //To read selection of restaurantTypes RadioGroup
137          int radioID = restaurantTypes.getCheckedRadioButtonId();
138          if (radioID == R.id.chinese ) {
139              restType = "Chinese";
140          } else
141          if (radioID == R.id.western ) {
142              restType = "Western";
143          } else
```

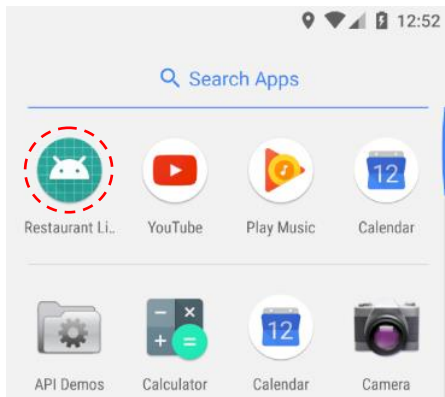


```
142     if (radioID == R.id.indian ) {
143         restType = "Indian";
144     } else
145     if (radioID == R.id.indonesian ) {
146         restType = "Indonesian";
147     } else
148     if (radioID == R.id.korean) {
149         restType = "Korean";
150     } else
151     if (radioID == R.id.japanese) {
152         restType = "Japanese";
153     } else
154     if (radioID == R.id.thai) {
155         restType = "Thai";
156     }
157     //Insert record into SQLite table
158     helper.insert(nameStr, addressStr, telStr, restType);
159
160     model = helper.getAll();    //Update Cursor after new record is added
161     adapter.swapCursor(model);
162     host.setCurrentTab(0);
163 }
164
165 };
166
167 static class RestaurantHolder {
168     private TextView restName = null;
169     private TextView addr = null;
170     private ImageView icon = null;
171
172     RestaurantHolder(View row) {
173         restName = row.findViewById(R.id.restName);
174         addr = row.findViewById(R.id.restAddr);
175         icon = row.findViewById(R.id.icon);
176     }
177
178     void populateFrom(Cursor c, RestaurantHelper helper) {
179         restName.setText(helper.getRestaurantName(c));
180         String temp = helper.getRestaurantAddress(c) + ", " + helper.getRestaurantTel(c);
181         addr.setText(temp);
182
183         if (helper.getRestaurantType(c).equals("Chinese")) {
184             icon.setImageResource(R.drawable.ball_red);
185         } else if (helper.getRestaurantType(c).equals("Western")) {
186             icon.setImageResource(R.drawable.ball_yellow);
187         } else {
188             icon.setImageResource(R.drawable.ball_green);
189         }
190     }
191 }
192
```



```
193 class RestaurantAdapter extends CursorAdapter {
194     RestaurantAdapter(Context context, Cursor cursor, int flags) {
195         super(context, cursor, flags);
196     }
197
198     @Override
199     public void bindView(View view, Context context, Cursor cursor) {
200         RestaurantHolder holder = (RestaurantHolder) view.getTag();
201         holder.populateFrom(cursor, helper);
202     }
203
204     @Override
205     public View newView(Context context, Cursor cursor, ViewGroup parent) {
206         LayoutInflater inflater = getLayoutInflater();
207         View row = inflater.inflate(R.layout.row, parent, false);
208         RestaurantHolder holder = new RestaurantHolder(row);
209         row.setTag(holder);
210         return (row);
211     }
212 }
213
214 AdapterView.OnItemClickListener onListClick = new AdapterView.OnItemClickListener() {
215     @Override
216     public void onItemClick(AdapterView<?> parent, View view, int position, long id) {
217         model.moveToPosition(position);
218         restaurantName.setText(helper.getRestaurantName(model));
219         restaurantAddress.setText(helper.getRestaurantAddress(model));
220         restaurantTel.setText(helper.getRestaurantTel(model));
221
222         if (helper.getRestaurantType(model).equals("Chinese")) {
223             restaurantTypes.check(R.id.chinese);
224         } else if (helper.getRestaurantType(model).equals("Western")) {
225             restaurantTypes.check(R.id.western);
226         } else if (helper.getRestaurantType(model).equals("Indian")) {
227             restaurantTypes.check(R.id.indian);
228         } else if (helper.getRestaurantType(model).equals("Indonesian")) {
229             restaurantTypes.check(R.id.indonesian);
230         } else if (helper.getRestaurantType(model).equals("Korean")) {
231             restaurantTypes.check(R.id.korean);
232         } else if (helper.getRestaurantType(model).equals("Japanese")) {
233             restaurantTypes.check(R.id.japanese);
234         } else {
235             restaurantTypes.check(R.id.thai);
236         }
237         host.setCurrentTab(1);
238     }
239 };
240 }
```

Note: If you have any errors with the SQLite database, you need to uninstall the Restaurant List App before testing again.



30. Run the *Lab3b* project. Enter a restaurant data and save. Click on the back button to exit from the app
31. Click on the **Restaurant List** App to run the app again. The previously saved data will stay on the list
32. **If you have completed the project, demo it to your lecturer**

-END-