Homework2

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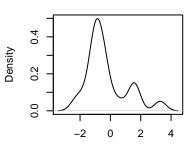
HW 2

```
#problem 1
set.seed(1234)
p=0.1
sigma=1
c1=2
c2=5
c3=10
n=20
beta \leftarrow rep(1,n)
  \#gsenerate two sets of random numbers: one from N(0, sigma) (this is this pool for normal numbers),
   e1=rnorm(n, mean=0, sd=sigma)
   e2=rnorm(n, mean=0, sd=c1*sigma)
   e3=rnorm(n, mean=0, sd=sigma)
   e4=rnorm(n, mean=0, sd=c2*sigma)
   e5=rnorm(n, mean=0, sd=sigma)
   e6=rnorm(n, mean=0, sd=c3*sigma)
   #sample n*(1-p) from e1 and n*p from e2
   e_a=c(sample(e1, n*(1-p)), sample(e2, n*p))
   e_b=c(sample(e3, n*(1-p)), sample(e4, n*p))
   e_c=c(sample(e5, n*(1-p)), sample(e6, n*p))
   #distinguished by different c values
  par(mfrow=c(2,3))
   plot(density(e_a))
  plot(density(e_b))
  plot(density(e_c))
  hist(e_a)
   hist(e_b)
  hist(e_c)
```

density.default(x = e_a)

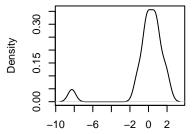
N = 20 Bandwidth = 0.4083

density.default(x = e_b)



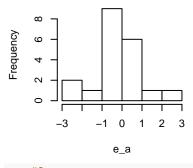
N = 20 Bandwidth = 0.39

density.default(x = e_c)

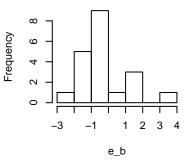


N = 20 Bandwidth = 0.4229

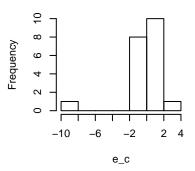
Histogram of e_a



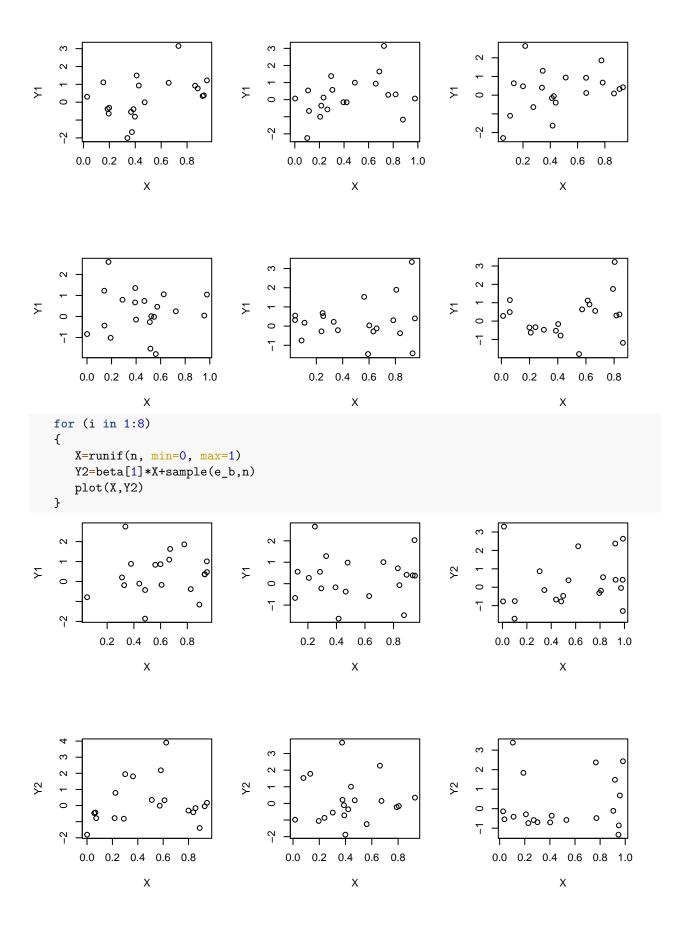
Histogram of e_b

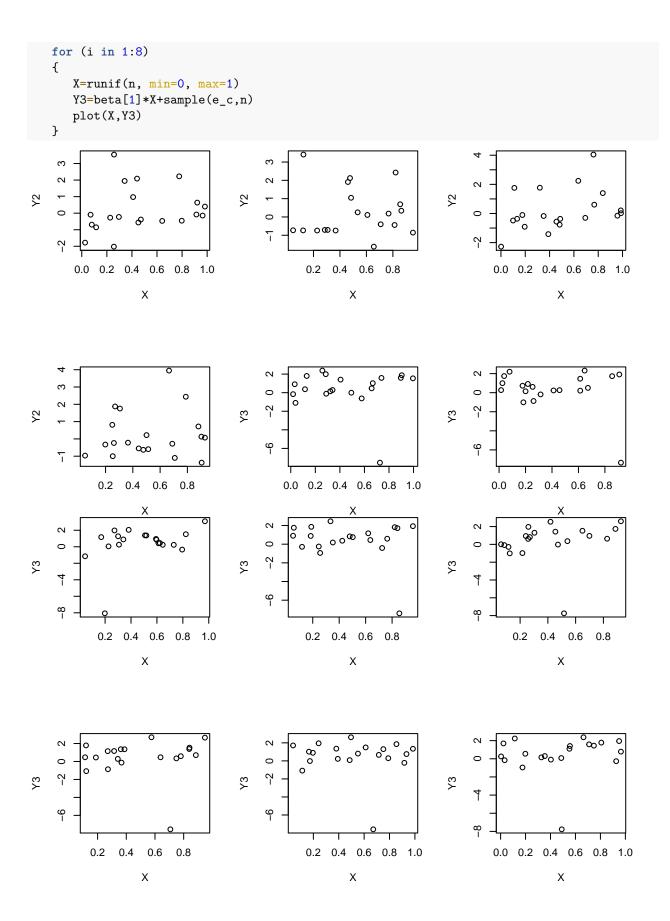


Histogram of e_c



```
for (i in 1:8)
{
    X=runif(n, min=0, max=1)
    Y1=beta[1]*X+sample(e_a,n)
    plot(X,Y1)
}
```





```
#3,#4
  beta_hat_0=c()
   sigma_hat_0=c()
  beta_hat1=c()
   sigma_hat1=c()
  beta_hat2=c()
   sigma_hat2=c()
   #taking beta_0 to be the origin
  for (j in 1:n)
  X=runif(n, min=0, max=1)
  Y1=beta[1] *X+sample(e_a,n)
  LM1=summary(lm(Y1~X))
  beta_hat_0[j]=LM1$coefficients[2, 1] #LM stores a lot of info
   sigma_hat_0[j]=LM1$sigma
   }
  for (j in 1:n)
   {
      X=runif(n, min=0, max=1)
      Y2=beta[1] *X+sample(e_b,n)
      LM2=summary(lm(Y2~X))
      beta_hat1[j]=LM2$coefficients[2, 1] #LM stores a lot of info
      sigma_hat1[j]=LM2$sigma
  }
  for (j in 1:n)
      X=runif(n, min=0, max=1)
      Y3=beta[1]*X+sample(e_c,n)
      LM3=summary(lm(Y3~X))
      beta_hat2[j]=LM3$coefficients[2, 1] #LM stores a lot of info
      sigma_hat2[j]=LM3$sigma
  }
  hist(beta_hat_0)
  hist(sigma_hat_0)
   BETA=c(beta_hat_0,beta_hat1,beta_hat2)
   SIGMA=c(sigma_hat_0,sigma_hat1,sigma_hat2)
  print(sd(BETA))
## [1] 1.342188
  print(sd(SIGMA))
## [1] 0.4529026
   beta=0.1
   W=c()
```

```
res=c()
 for (j in 1:n)
    X=runif(n, min=0, max=1)
    Y3=beta[1] *X+sample(e_c,n)
    LM3=summary(lm(Y3~X))
    beta_hat2[j]=LM3$coefficients[2, 1] #LM stores a lot of info
    sigma_hat2[j]=LM3$sigma
}
for (i in 1:n)
 W[i]=X[i]/sum(X^2)
 s=sum(abs(Y3-LM3$fitted.values))/n
CV=2*s*sqrt(sum(W^2)) # critical value
for (j in 1:n)
res[j]=beta_hat2[j]>CV
alpha.hat=mean(res)
# proportion of rejection when HO is true
 print(alpha.hat)
```

[1] 0.65

```
beta=seq(0.2,1,length=10)
W=NULL
res=c()
n=10

for (j in 1:n)
{
    X=runif(n, min=0, max=1)
    Y=beta[j]*X+sample(e_c,n)
    LM=summary(lm(Y~X))
    beta_hat2[j]=LM$coefficients[2, 1] #LM stores a lot of info

s=sum(abs(Y-LM$fitted.values))/n
for (i in 1:n)
{
    W[i]=X[i]/sum(X^2)
}

CV=2*s*sqrt(sum(W^2)) # critical value
```

```
res[j]=beta_hat2[j]>CV
alpha.hat[j]=mean(res) #power[m]
    # proportion of rejection when HO is true
}

plot(beta~alpha.hat)
```

Histogram of beta_hat_0

-1 0 1 2 3 beta_hat_0

Histogram of sigma_hat_0

