

Homework 3

```
library(ggplot2)
library(tidyverse)

## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.1 --

## v tibble  3.1.6      v dplyr    1.0.8
## v tidyrr   1.2.0      v stringr  1.4.0
## v readr    2.1.2      v forcats  0.5.1
## v purrr   0.3.4

## Warning: package 'tidyrr' was built under R version 4.0.5

## Warning: package 'readr' was built under R version 4.0.5

## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 4.0.5

## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()    masks stats::lag()

library(tidymodels)

## Warning: package 'tidymodels' was built under R version 4.0.5

## -- Attaching packages ----- tidymodels 0.2.0 --

## v broom       0.8.0      v rsample     0.1.1
## v dials       0.1.1      v tune        0.2.0
## v infer       1.0.0      v workflows   0.2.6
## v modeldata   0.1.1      v workflowsets 0.2.1
## v parsnip     0.2.1      v yardstick   0.0.9
## v recipes     0.2.0

## Warning: package 'dials' was built under R version 4.0.5

## Warning: package 'parsnip' was built under R version 4.0.5

## Warning: package 'recipes' was built under R version 4.0.5

## Warning: package 'tune' was built under R version 4.0.5
```

```

## Warning: package 'workflows' was built under R version 4.0.5

## Warning: package 'workflowsets' was built under R version 4.0.5

## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x scales::discard() masks purrr::discard()
## x dplyr::filter()   masks stats::filter()
## x recipes::fixed() masks stringr::fixed()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
## x yardstick::spec() masks readr::spec()
## x recipes::step()  masks stats::step()
## * Use tidyverse_prefer() to resolve common conflicts.

library(corrplot)

## corrplot 0.92 loaded

library(ggthemes)
library(tidyverse)
library(ISLR)
library(ISLR2)

## Warning: package 'ISLR2' was built under R version 4.0.5

##
## Attaching package: 'ISLR2'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:ISLR':
## 
##     Auto, Credit

library(discrim)

## Warning: package 'discrim' was built under R version 4.0.5

##
## Attaching package: 'discrim'

## The following object is masked from 'package:dials':
## 
##     smoothness

library(poissonreg)

## Warning: package 'poissonreg' was built under R version 4.0.5

library(corr)
library(klaR)

```

```

## Warning: package 'klaR' was built under R version 4.0.5

## Loading required package: MASS

## Warning: package 'MASS' was built under R version 4.0.5

## 
## Attaching package: 'MASS'

## The following object is masked from 'package:ISLR2':
## 
##     Boston

## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
## 
##     select

library(yardstick)
titanic <- read.csv('titanic.csv')

titanic$pclass <- as.factor(titanic$pclass)
titanic$survived <- as.factor(titanic$survived)
titanic$survived <- relevel(titanic$survived, ref = 'Yes')
levels(titanic$survived)

## [1] "Yes" "No"

```

Question 1:

```

set.seed(608)
titanicSplit <- initial_split(titanic, prop = 0.80,
                               strata = survived)
titanic_train <- training(titanicSplit)
titanic_test <- testing(titanicSplit)

```

Training set has 712 obvs and testing set has 179

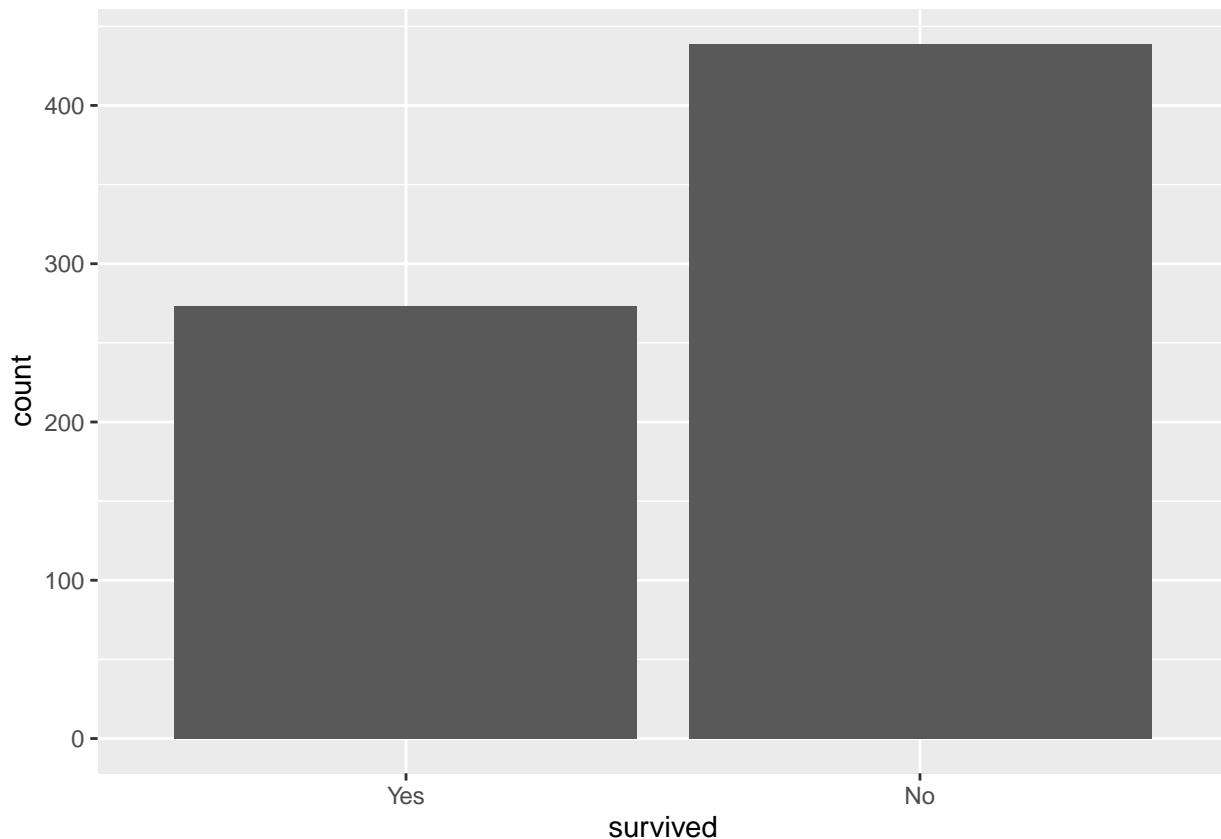
```
head(titanic_train)
```

	passenger_id	survived	pclass	name	sex	age	sib_sp
## 1	1	No	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22	1
## 5	5	No	3	Allen, Mr. William Henry	male	35	0
## 6	6	No	3	Moran, Mr. James	male	NA	0
## 7	7	No	1	McCarthy, Mr. Timothy J	male	54	0
## 13	13	No	3	Saundercock, Mr. William Henry	male	20	0
## 14	14	No	3	Andersson, Mr. Anders Johan	male	39	1
##	parch	ticket	fare	cabin	embarked		
## 1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	<NA>	S		
## 5	0	373450	8.0500	<NA>	S		
## 6	0	330877	8.4583	<NA>	Q		
## 7	0	17463	51.8625	E46	S		
## 13	0	A/5. 2151	8.0500	<NA>	S		
## 14	5	347082	31.2750	<NA>	S		

There is missing data in Cabin and in age for some passengers. It is a good idea to use stratified sampling for this data so it is not skewed towards one survival outcome.

Question 2:

```
titanic_train %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = survived)) +
  geom_bar()
```



Training data contains more obs from passengers who did not survive than those who did.

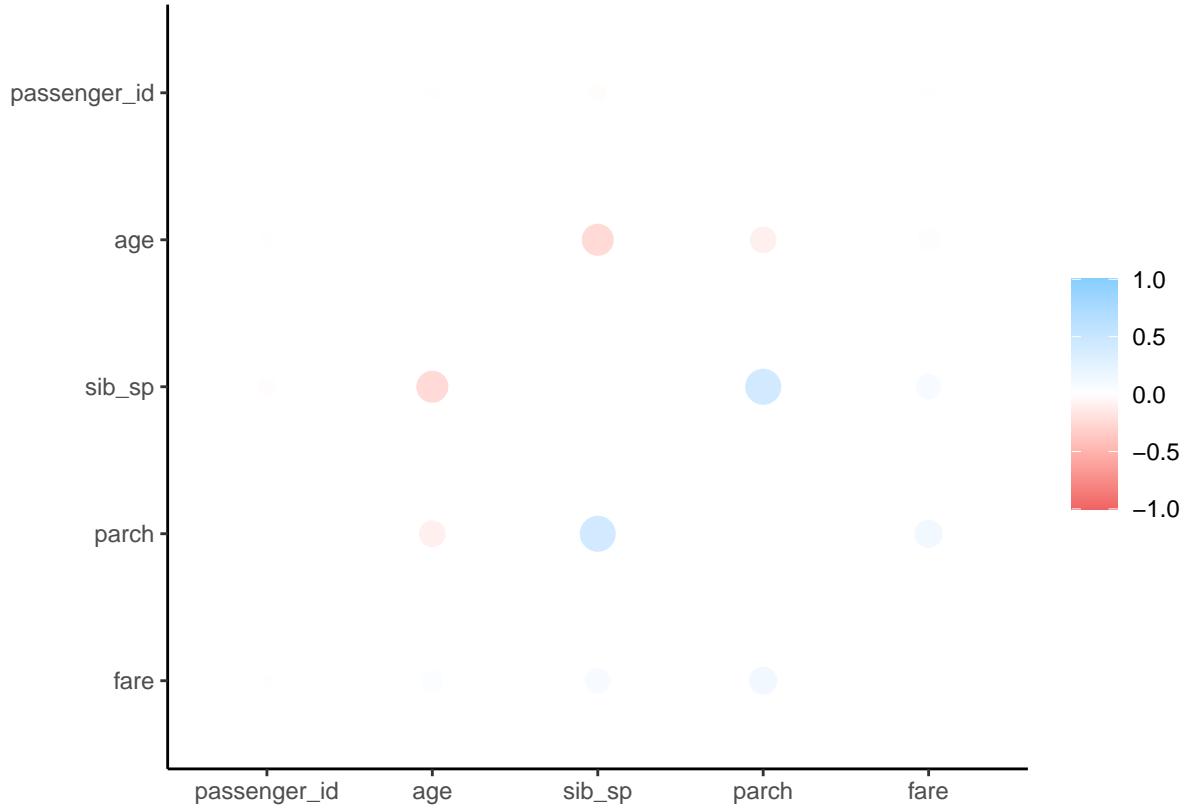
Question 3:

```
cor_titanic <- titanic %>%
  select_if(is.numeric) %>%
  correlate()

## 
## Correlation method: 'pearson'
## Missing treated using: 'pairwise.complete.obs'

rplot(cor_titanic)

## Don't know how to automatically pick scale for object of type noquote. Defaulting to continuous.
```



Negatively Correlated: (Age, Parch), (age, sib_sp) Positively Correlated: (sib_sp, parch), (parch, fare)

Question 4:

```
titanic_recipe <- recipe(survived ~ sex + sib_sp + parch + age + fare + pclass, data = titanic_train) %>%  
  step_impute_linear(age) %>% step_dummy(all_nominal_predictors()) %>% step_interact(terms = ~ age:fare)
```

Question 5:

```
log_reg <- logistic_reg() %>%  
  set_engine("glm") %>%  
  set_mode("classification")  
  
log_wkflow <- workflow() %>%  
  add_model(log_reg) %>%  
  add_recipe(titanic_recipe)  
  
log_fit <- fit(log_wkflow, titanic_train)
```

Question 6:

```
linDisc_mod <- discrim_linear() %>%  
  set_mode("classification") %>%  
  set_engine("MASS")  
  
linDisc_wkflow <- workflow() %>%
```

```

add_model(linDisc_mod) %>%
add_recipe(titanic_recipe)

linDisc_fit <- fit(linDisc_wkflow, titanic_train)

```

Question 7:

```

quadDisc_mod <- discrim_quad() %>%
  set_mode("classification") %>%
  set_engine("MASS")

quadDisc_wkflow <- workflow() %>%
  add_model(quadDisc_mod) %>%
  add_recipe(titanic_recipe)

quadDisc_fit <- fit(quadDisc_wkflow, titanic_train)

```

Question 8:

```

nb_mod <- naive_Bayes() %>%
  set_mode("classification") %>%
  set_engine("klaR") %>%
  set_args(usekernel = FALSE)

nb_wkflow <- workflow() %>%
  add_model(nb_mod) %>%
  add_recipe(titanic_recipe)

nb_fit <- fit(nb_wkflow, titanic_train)

```

Question 9:

```

predict(log_fit, new_data = titanic_train, type = "prob")

## # A tibble: 712 x 2
##   .pred_Yes .pred_No
##     <dbl>    <dbl>
## 1 0.100    0.900
## 2 0.0731   0.927
## 3 0.104    0.896
## 4 0.317    0.683
## 5 0.167    0.833
## 6 0.0311   0.969
## 7 0.0629   0.937
## 8 0.540    0.460
## 9 0.149    0.851
## 10 0.104   0.896
## # ... with 702 more rows

predict(linDisc_fit, new_data = titanic_train, type = "prob")

```

```

## # A tibble: 712 x 2
##   .pred_Yes .pred_No
##   <dbl>     <dbl>
## 1 0.0637    0.936
## 2 0.0468    0.953
## 3 0.0651    0.935
## 4 0.257     0.743
## 5 0.102     0.898
## 6 0.0199    0.980
## 7 0.0483    0.952
## 8 0.644     0.356
## 9 0.280     0.720
## 10 0.0649   0.935
## # ... with 702 more rows

predict(quadDisc_fit, new_data = titanic_train, type = "prob")

## # A tibble: 712 x 2
##   .pred_Yes .pred_No
##   <dbl>     <dbl>
## 1 0.00340   9.97e- 1
## 2 0.00230   9.98e- 1
## 3 0.00359   9.96e- 1
## 4 0.0447    9.55e- 1
## 5 0.00644   9.94e- 1
## 6 0.196     8.04e- 1
## 7 0.000000215 1.00e+ 0
## 8 0.000693   9.99e- 1
## 9 1.00      7.80e-16
## 10 0.00357   9.96e- 1
## # ... with 702 more rows

predict(nb_fit, new_data = titanic_train, type = "prob")

## # A tibble: 712 x 2
##   .pred_Yes .pred_No
##   <dbl>     <dbl>
## 1 0.00884   9.91e- 1
## 2 0.00801   9.92e- 1
## 3 0.00848   9.92e- 1
## 4 0.489     5.11e- 1
## 5 0.00969   9.90e- 1
## 6 0.0546    9.45e- 1
## 7 0.00000259 1.00e+ 0
## 8 0.00658   9.93e- 1
## 9 1         8.34e-27
## 10 0.00859   9.91e- 1
## # ... with 702 more rows

linDisc_acc <- augment(linDisc_fit, new_data = titanic_train) %>%
  accuracy(truth = survived, estimate = .pred_class)
linDisc_acc

```

```

## # A tibble: 1 x 3
##   .metric  .estimator .estimate
##   <chr>    <chr>        <dbl>
## 1 accuracy binary      0.796

log_acc <- augment(log_fit, new_data = titanic_train) %>%
  accuracy(truth = survived, estimate = .pred_class)

quadDisc_acc <- augment(quadDisc_fit, new_data = titanic_train) %>%
  accuracy(truth = survived, estimate = .pred_class)

nb_acc <- augment(nb_fit, new_data = titanic_train) %>%
  accuracy(truth = survived, estimate = .pred_class)

linDisc_acc

## # A tibble: 1 x 3
##   .metric  .estimator .estimate
##   <chr>    <chr>        <dbl>
## 1 accuracy binary      0.796

log_acc

## # A tibble: 1 x 3
##   .metric  .estimator .estimate
##   <chr>    <chr>        <dbl>
## 1 accuracy binary      0.808

quadDisc_acc

## # A tibble: 1 x 3
##   .metric  .estimator .estimate
##   <chr>    <chr>        <dbl>
## 1 accuracy binary      0.768

nb_acc

## # A tibble: 1 x 3
##   .metric  .estimator .estimate
##   <chr>    <chr>        <dbl>
## 1 accuracy binary      0.756

```

log model has the highest accuracy at 0.8075843

Question 10:

```
predict(log_fit, new_data = titanic_test, type = "prob")
```

```

## # A tibble: 179 x 2
##   .pred_Yes .pred_No
##   <dbl>     <dbl>
## 1 0.106    0.894
## 2 0.787    0.213
## 3 0.469    0.531
## 4 0.239    0.761
## 5 0.104    0.896
## 6 0.633    0.367
## 7 0.159    0.841
## 8 0.536    0.464
## 9 0.698    0.302
## 10 0.104   0.896
## # ... with 169 more rows

mod_acc <- augment(log_fit, new_data = titanic_test) %>%
  accuracy(truth = survived, estimate = .pred_class)

mod_acc

## # A tibble: 1 x 3
##   .metric  .estimator .estimate
##   <chr>    <chr>        <dbl>
## 1 accuracy binary      0.827

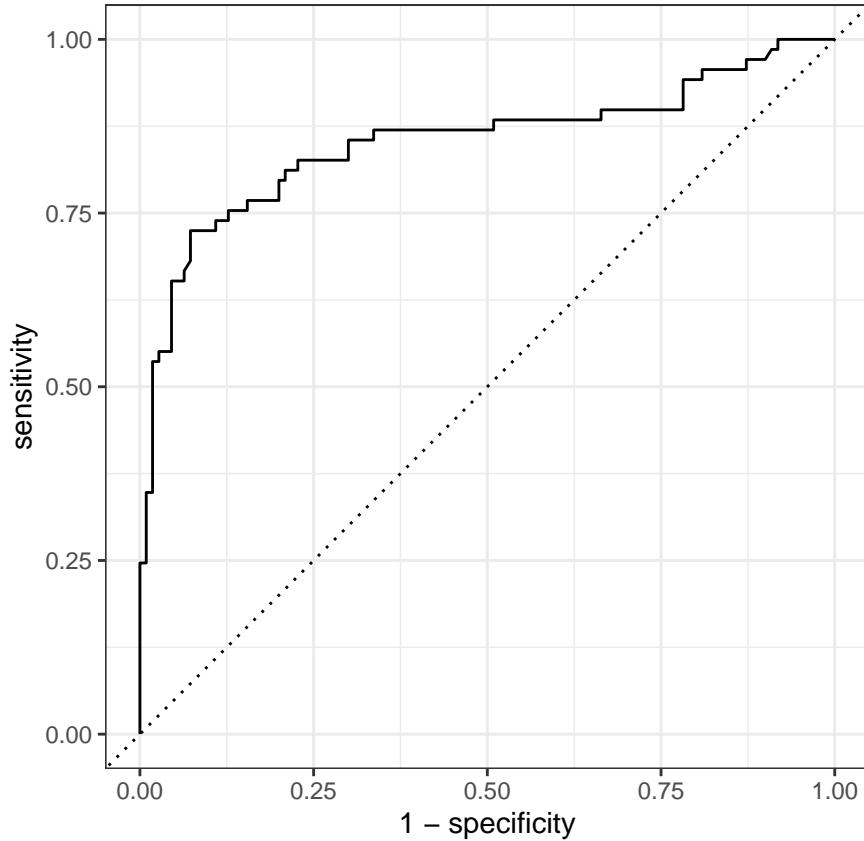
augment(log_fit, new_data = titanic_test) %>%
  conf_mat(truth = survived, estimate = .pred_class)

##           Truth
## Prediction Yes No
##       Yes 52 14
##       No 17 96

.8268156 accuracy on the testing data

augment(log_fit, new_data = titanic_test) %>%
  roc_curve(survived, .pred_Yes)  %>%
  autoplot()

```



```
augment(log_fit, new_data = titanic_test) %>%
  roc_auc(survived, .pred_Yes)
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 3
##   .metric .estimator .estimate
##   <chr>   <chr>       <dbl>
## 1 roc_auc binary     0.852
```

the area under the curve is 0.8524374 The model performed pretty well. Around 85% accuracy. The testing accuracy is about 0.02 higher than the training which I assume is a result of underfitting the model to the training data.