

Homework 5

1. Use the Holder's inequality to show

$$\int_0^1 \sqrt{x} (1-x)^{-\frac{1}{3}} dx \leq \frac{2}{\sqrt[3]{5}}.$$

2. Let $E \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ be m'ble with $|E|=1$. Let $h \geq 0$ be m'ble on E . Let $A = \int_E h dx$. Show that

$$\sqrt{HA^2} \leq \int_E \sqrt{1+h^2} dx \leq 1+A.$$

3. Find all nonnegative functions $g \in L^3(0,1)$ such that

$$\left(\int_0^1 x g(x) dx \right)^3 = \frac{4}{25} \int_0^1 g^3(x) dx.$$

4. Let $f \in L^\infty(0,1)$ and $\|f\|_\infty \leq 1$.

(a) show that

$$\int_0^1 \sqrt{1-f^2(x)} dx \leq \sqrt{1-\left(\int_0^1 f(x) dx\right)^2}.$$

(b) Describe the class of functions f for which the equality take place.

5. Prove that $\int_0^\infty e^{-x} \sqrt{x^4 + 3x^2 + 2} \, dx \leq \sqrt{12}$.

Also show that the equality does not hold.

6. Let $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be continuous and bounded.

Show that

$$\|f\|_\infty = \sup \{ |f(x)| : x \in \mathbb{R}^n \}.$$