

# Normalizing Flows

$$p(x) \propto \tilde{p}(x)$$

$$x = f_\phi(u) \quad \text{for} \quad u \sim q(u), \quad (1)$$

$$p = f_{\phi\#} q, \quad (2)$$

$$q_\phi(x) = q(f_\phi^{-1}(x)) \left| \det \nabla f_\phi(f_\phi^{-1}(x)) \right|^{-1}, \quad (3)$$

$$f_K \circ \cdots \circ f_1$$

$$\det \nabla (f_K \circ \cdots \circ f_1)(u) = \det \nabla f_K((f_{K-1} \circ \cdots \circ f_1)(u)) \cdots \det \nabla f_1(u). \quad (4)$$

## Kullback-Leibler divergence

$$\begin{aligned}\text{KL}(q_\phi(x)||p(x)) &= \int \log \left( \frac{q_\phi(x)}{p(x)} \right) q_\phi(x) dx \\ &= \int \log \left( \frac{q(u) |\det \nabla f_\phi|^{-1}}{p(f_\phi(u))} \right) q(u) du \\ &= \mathbb{E}_q [\log q(u) - \log |\det \nabla f_\phi| - \log p(f_\phi(u))] \\ &\propto -\mathbb{E}_q [\log |\det \nabla f_\phi| + \log \tilde{p}(f_\phi(u))] ,\end{aligned}\tag{5}$$

$$(\text{KL}(p(x)||q_\phi(x)))$$

## Knothe-Rosenblatt re-arrangement (triangular)

$$x_i = f_{\phi,i}(u_1, \dots, u_i) \quad i = 1, \dots, d. \quad (6)$$

$|\det \nabla f_{\phi}(u)| = |\prod_{i=1}^d \nabla_i f_{\phi,i}(u)|$   
if  $\det \nabla f_{\phi}(u)$  same sign on all  $u$  then monotone.

$$\phi_i = NN(u_1, \dots, u_i) \quad i = 1, \dots, d. \quad (7)$$

# Masked architecture

$$H_0(u) = u$$

$$H_i(u) = g_i(b_i + (W_i \odot M_i)H_{i-1}(u)) \quad i = 1, \dots, h \quad (8)$$

$$\phi = g_{h+1}(b_{h+1} + (W_{h+1} \odot M_{h+1})H_h(u)) \quad (9)$$

# Inverse Autoregressive Flow

$$x_i = \frac{u_i - \mu_i}{\sigma_i} \quad i = 1, \dots, d, \quad (10)$$

$$\phi_i = (\mu_i, \log \sigma_i) \quad (11)$$

# Coupling

$$p = f_{\#} q, \tag{12}$$

$q$  with cdf  $F$  and  $p$  with quantile function  $G^{-1}$ , then

$$f = G^{-1} \circ F \tag{13}$$

## Sum of Squares Polynomial Flow

$$x_i = \int_0^{u_i} \sum_{k=1}^K \left( \sum_{l=0}^r a_{l,r} u^l \right)^2 du + b \quad i = 1, \dots, d, \quad (14)$$

$$\phi_i = (\mathbf{a}, b) \quad (15)$$