```
Merge-Sort(A, p, r)
B, ans = Merge-Sort-Variation(A, p, r)
return ans
```

```
\begin{aligned} &\text{Merge-Sort-Variation}(A,\,p,\,r) \\ &\text{if } p < r \\ &q = piso((p+r)/2) \\ &P1,\,\_ = Merge-Sort-Variation(A,\,p,\,q) \\ &P2,\,\_ = Merge-Sort-Variation(A,\,q+1,\,r) \\ &B,\,ans3 = Merge(A,\,P1,\,P2) \\ &return\,\,B,\,ans3 \end{aligned}
```

```
Merge(A, L, R)
 n1 = L.size
 n2 = R.size
 L[n1+1] = +inf
 R[n2+1] = +inf
 B = []
 i = j = 1
 while i != n1+1 && j != n2+1
    if L[i].first < R[j].first
       B.push_back(L[i])
    else if L[i].first > R[j].first
      B.push_back(R[j])
    else if L[i].first == R[j].first
      B.push_back({ L[i].first, L[i].second+ R.[j].second })
      i++, j++
     if B[B.size] > A.size/2
      ans = 2
 return B, ans
```

```
T(n) = 2 T(piso(n/2)) + n
a = 2, b = 2, k = 1
lg2/lg2 = 1 = k
-> caso 2 MT
theta(n^k lgn) = theta(nlgn)
```

```
Pico(A, I, h)

mid = (I+h)/2

// pico

if A[mid-1] < A[mid] > A[mid+1]

return A[mid]

// crece

else if A[mid-1] < A[mid] < A[mid+1]

return Pico(A, mid+1, h)

// decrece

else if A[mid-1] > A[mid] > A[mid+1]

return Pico(A, I, mid-1)
```

T(n) = T(n/2) + c a=1, b=2, k=0 lg1/lg2=0/1=0=k-> caso 2 theta(n^0 lgn)=theta(lgn)

```
// p y r son los indices de A1..k
Merge-Sort(A1..k, p, r)
  if p < r
    mid = piso((p+r)/2)
    L = Merge-Sort(C, p, mid)
    R = Merge-Sort(C, mid+1, r)
    return Merge(C, L, R)
  if p == r
    return Ap</pre>
```

```
\label{eq:main_size} \begin{split} & \text{n1} = \text{L.size} \\ & \text{n2} = \text{R.size} \\ & \text{L[n1 + 1]} = +\text{inf} \\ & \text{R[n2 + 1]} = +\text{inf} \\ & \text{i = j = 1} \\ & \text{B = []} \\ & \text{while i!= n1+1 &\& j!= n2+1} \\ & \text{if L[i]} <= \text{R[j]} \\ & \text{B.push\_back(L[i]) , i++} \\ & \text{else} \\ & \text{B.push\_back(R[j]) , j++} \\ & \text{return B} \end{split}
```

```
T(n) = 2 T(piso(n/2)) + n
a = 2, b = 2, k = 1
lg2/lg2 = 1 = k
-> caso 2 MT
theta(n^k lgn) = theta(nlgn)
```

```
// indexado desde 1
K-Rotacion(A, B, I, h)
    mid = piso((I+h)/2)
    if A[mid] == B[mid]
        return 0
    else if A[1] == B[mid]
        return mid-1
    else if A[mid] < B[mid]
        return K-Rotacion(A, B, mid+1, h)
    else if A[mid] > B[mid]
        return K-Rotacion(A, b, I, mid-1)
```

T(n) = T(n/2) + c a=1, b=2, k=0 lg1/lg2=0/1=0=k-> caso 2 theta(n^0 lgn)=theta(lgn)