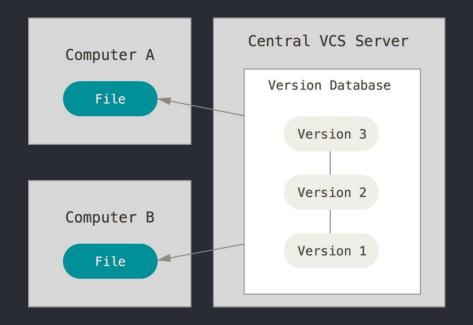
Version Control WEEK 1

Advanced Native Mobile Programming 1604C062

VERSION CONTROL

Version control, also known as revision control or source control, is the management of changes to documents, computer programs, large websites, and other collections of information.



VERSION CONTROL

- Track developments and changes in your files.
- Record the changes you made to your file in a way that you will be able to understand later
- Experiment with different versions of a file while maintaining the original version
- 'Merge' two versions of a file and manage conflicts between versions
- Revert changes, moving 'backward' through your history to previous versions of your file

repository

contain a collection of files of various different versions of a Project.

- There are two kind of repositories:
 - Local repository
 - Remote repository

clone

Create a new repository containing the revisions from another repository.

commit

To write or merge the changes made in the working copy back to the repository.

push

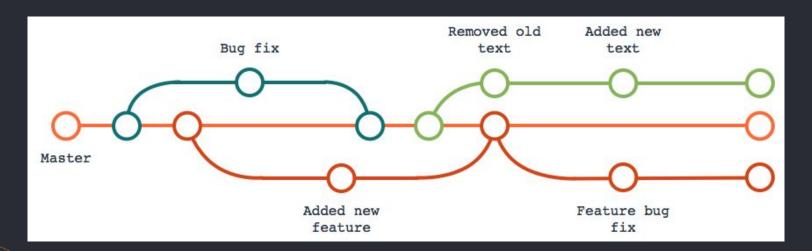
Copy revisions from the current repository to a remote repository.

pull

Copy revisions from a remote repository to the current repository.

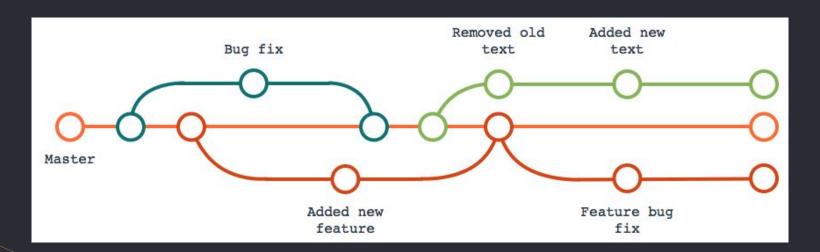
branch

A separate working copy of files under version control which may be developed independently from the origin.



merge

An operation in which two sets of changes are applied to a file or set of files.



VARIOUS VERSION CONTROL SYSTEM



used for source code management in software development. Created by Linus Torvalds in 2005



written in python and intended for software developers

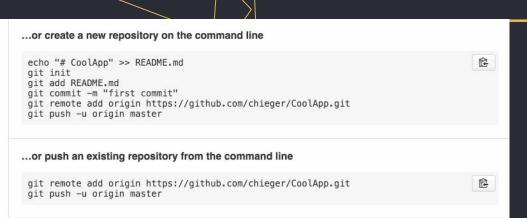


SUBVERSION

abbreviated as SVN.
Founded in 2000 by
CollabNet, distributed
as open source under
the Apache License

POPULAR GIT REPOSITORY

- github
- gitlab
- bitbucket
- sourceforge



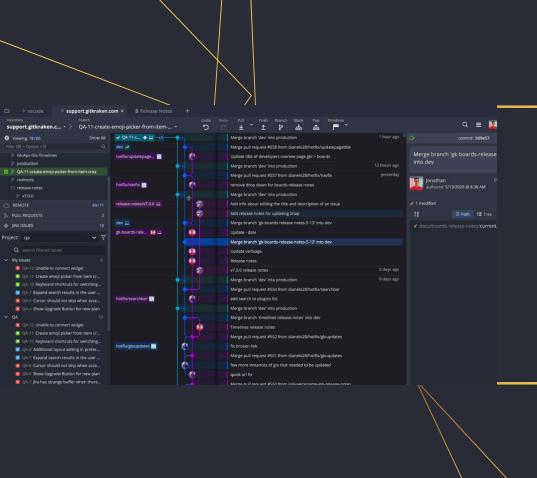
...or import code from another repository

Import code

You can initialize this repository with code from a Subversion, Mercurial, or TFS project.

OPERATING GIT

Using terminal or command prompt



OPERATING GIT

Using GUI

ANDROID STUDIO

Android Studio has an integration with Git for source control management.

It means you can do the different Git operations (commit, push, pull, branch, etc.) from inside Android Studio



GROUP ASSESSMENT

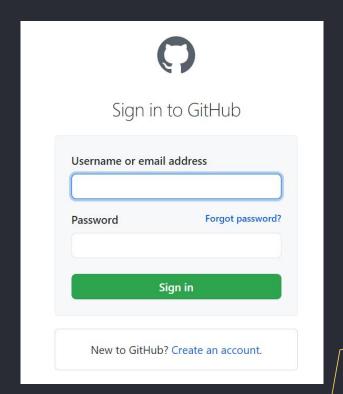
- Make a group of maximum three students
- Follow all steps on the next slides
- Group leader must create a repository
- Practice git operation (pull, push, clone, merge, branch, checkout, and so on) have been executed on one of repositories
- Group leader must submit / writes github repository URL of all member at ULS
- Deadline: next week

CREATE GITHUB ACCOUNT

Go to https://github.com/login, click on "Create an account" link to create a new github account. Follow all steps.

Don't forget to try sign in into github after completing account creation.

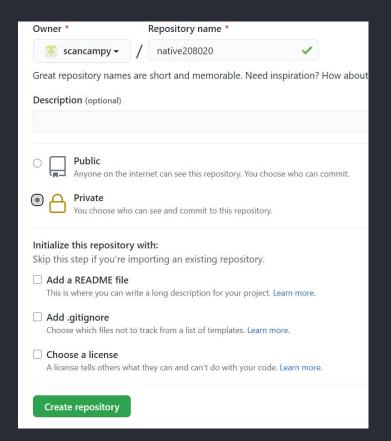
(if you already have github account, you may skip this step)



CREATE NEW REPOSITORY

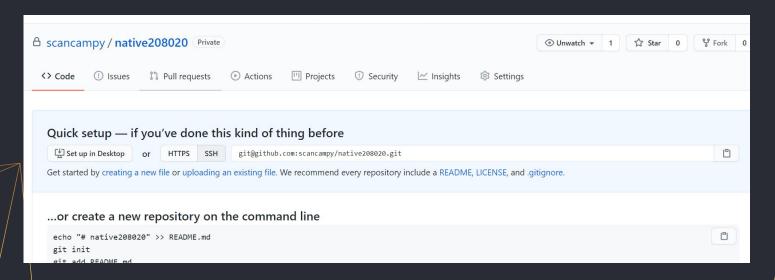
Once sign in into github, click new button to create new repository

- Write repo name (without space)
 native[NRP]
- 2. Choose public repo
- 3. Click create repository



NEW REPOSITORY CREATED

New empty (remote) repository created



Add Collaborator

Open Github website and go to your repository.

Add your friends as collaborator so that your friends could push something. Otherwise, they could pull only.

DOWNLOAD AND INSTALL GIT

Go to https://git-scm.com/downloads to download Git system to your computer

Install and follow the default settings

You may follow installation tutorial here:
https://phoenixnap.com/kb/ho
w-to-install-git-windows



CONFIGURE GIT TO WORK WITH PROXY

Open Git CMD from windows search

Enter configuration command below:

- git config --global http.proxy http://proxy3.ubaya.ac.id:8080
- git config --global https.proxy https://proxy3.ubaya.ac.id:8080

To view current git config, please enter the following commands:

```
git config --global --get http.proxy
or
git config --global --get https.proxy
```

To clear current git config:

git config --global --unset http.proxy

or

git config --global --unset https.proxy

```
GitCMD

C:\Users\tc4a83\git config --global http.proxy http://proxy3.ubaya.ac.id:8080

C:\Users\tc4a83\git config --global --get http.proxy
http://proxy3.ubaya.ac.id:8080

C:\Users\tc4a83\git config --global https.proxy https://proxy3.ubaya.ac.id:8080

C:\Users\tc4a83\git config --global --get http.proxy
http://proxy3.ubaya.ac.id:8080

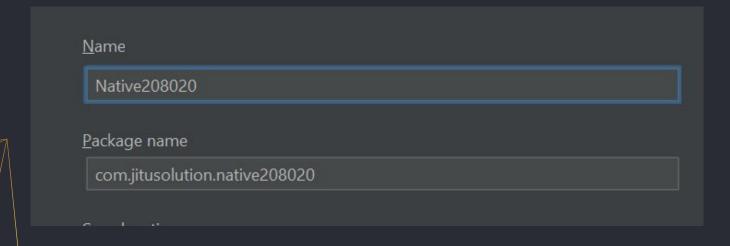
C:\Users\tc4a83\git config --global --get https.proxy
https://proxy3.ubaya.ac.id:8080

C:\Users\tc4a83\git config --global --get https.proxy
https://proxy3.ubaya.ac.id:8080

C:\Users\tc4a83\git config --global --get https.proxy
https://proxy3.ubaya.ac.id:8080
```

CREATE NEW ANDROID STUDIO PROJECT

Create new project, use empty activity, and name project as **Native[NRP]**



CHECK GIT INTEGRATION

Next, we need to test whether Git is configured in Android Studio

- 1. Click file > settings
- 2. Type git in search bar
- 3. Click "test" button
- 4. If you can see git version, means that android studio is configured properly with Git

Test

C:\Program Files\Git\bin\git.

Set this path only for the

Git version is 2.28.0

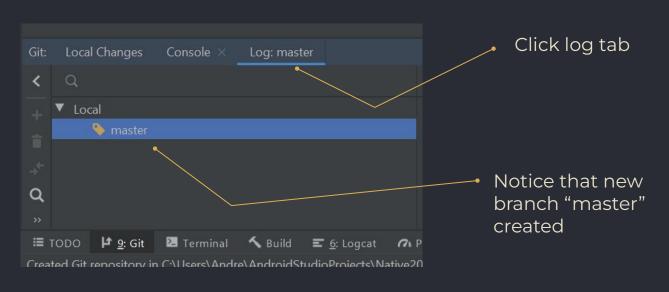
INTEGRATED GIT INTO PROJECT

Close setting dialog. Next, we need to enable VCS integration into our current project

- 1. Click VCS > Enable Version Control Integration
- 2. Popup dialog shown, choose git and press OK
- 3. Now a new repository with "master" branch have been created on your local drive

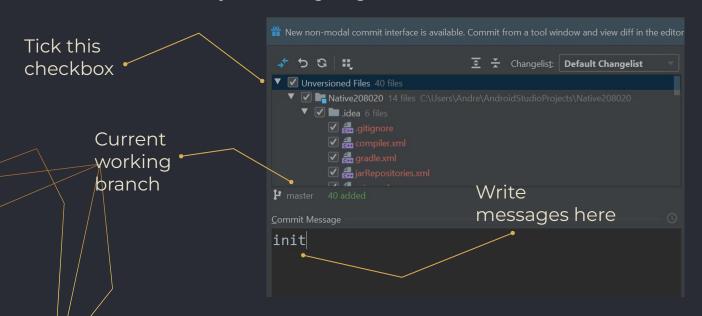
GIT TAB

New git tab shown on the bottom part of android studio



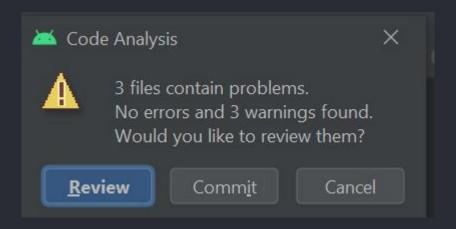
STAGE & COMMIT

The project is ready to use with Git version control. To stage and commit your changes, go to **VCS > Commit**.



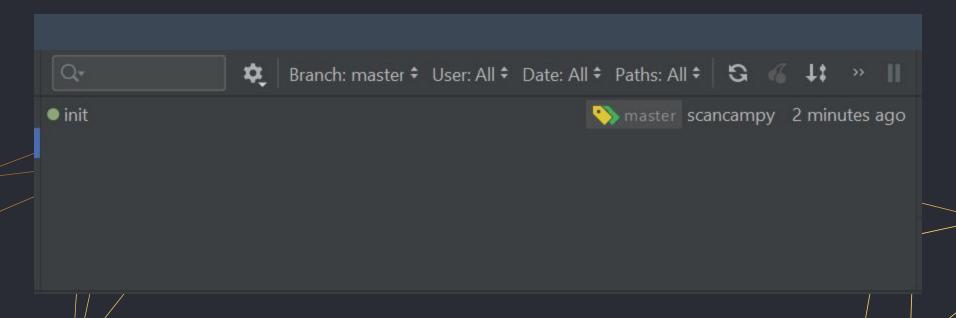
STAGE & COMMIT

Press commit button. Code analysis will show warning dialog like this. Warnings usually related with unfinished TODO, warning on UI or others. For now just press **Commit**



STAGE & COMMIT

Notice in git tab log, a new commit shown

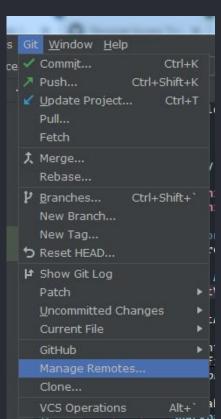


SETUP REMOTE CONNECTION

Previously we only staged and committed files into our own local repository

We need to push our commit to remote repository

To configure remote repository click **Git > Manage Remotes**



SETUP REMOTE CONNECTION

Click on + button, enter URL of your github repository that you created previously. Press OK

If authentication dialog shows up, you may need to provide github

username and password.

▲ Define I	Remote	×	
Name:	origin		
URL:	https://github.com/scancampy/native208020		
	OK Cancel		

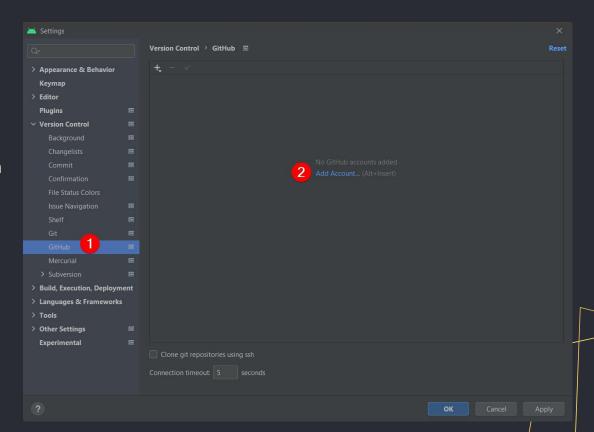
Log In to github.com	×		
Enter credentials			
Username: scancampy			
Password:			
Remember			
Use credentials helper			
Log In with GitHub Log In	Cancel		

GITHUB TOKEN

Latest github policy requires you to login with github generated token. In that case you must generate a token to enable authentication.

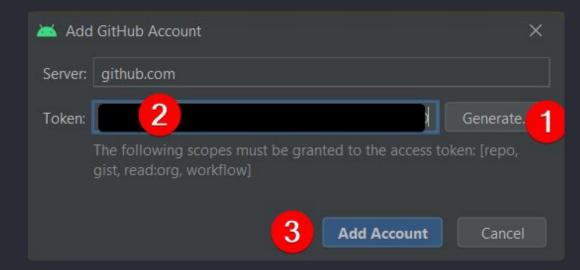
Add from File > Settings, search for GitHub, then click Add account

Make sure you have logged in to GitHub on your browser



GITHUB TOKEN

- Click Generate. Your browser window will open. Leave all settings, then just click Generate Token.
- Copy the generated token you see on the browser to Android Studio,
- then click Add Account.

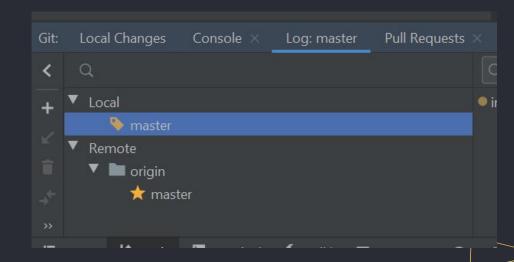


PUSH THE CHANGES TO REMOTE

To push your local changes to the remote repository, go to **VCS > Git > Push**

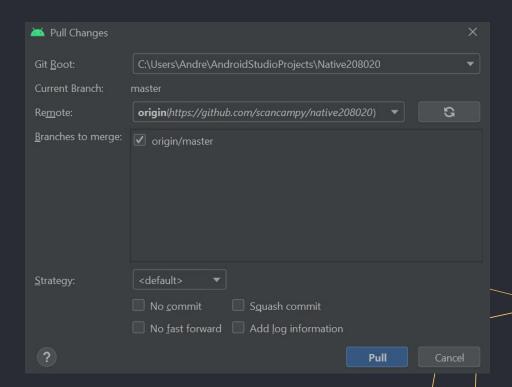
And then press push button again to begin push operation

If success, you can see two repositories (local and remote) shown on git log tab



FETCH THE CHANGES FROM REMOTE

To download the latest changes from remote, go to **VCS > Git > Pull**



CLONE EXISTING PROJECT

First close all project in android studio

On the Android Studio
Welcome screen, click on "Get from Version Control" menu



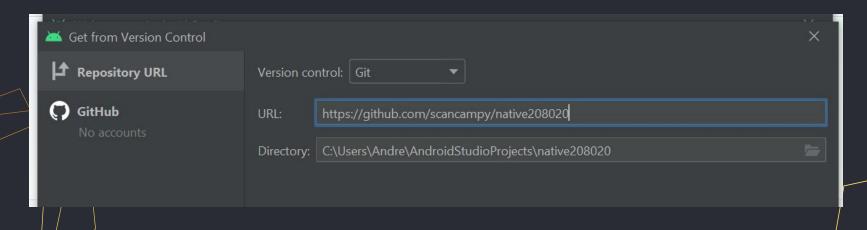
Android Studio

Version 4.1.1

- + Create New Project
- Dopen an Existing Project
- ✓ Get from Version Control

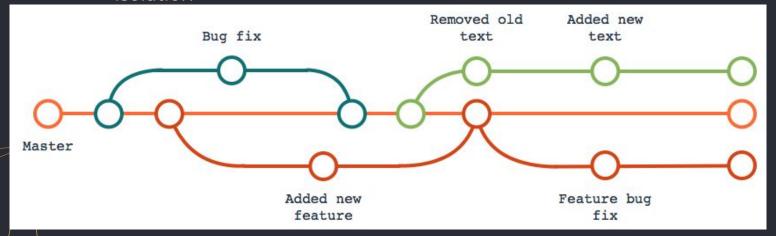
CLONE EXISTING PROJECT

Copy paste your friend repository URL into URL textbox. Make sure your account already have access.



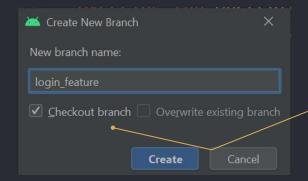
CREATE BRANCHES

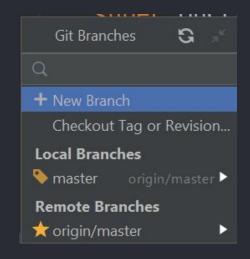
- Branching is used to maintain stability while isolated changes.
- Usually branch used for working on bug fixes, develop new features, integrate new versions after they have been tested in isolation



CREATE NEW BRANCH

- Go to VCS > Git > Branches.
- Choose + New Branch
- Name new branch
- Press create



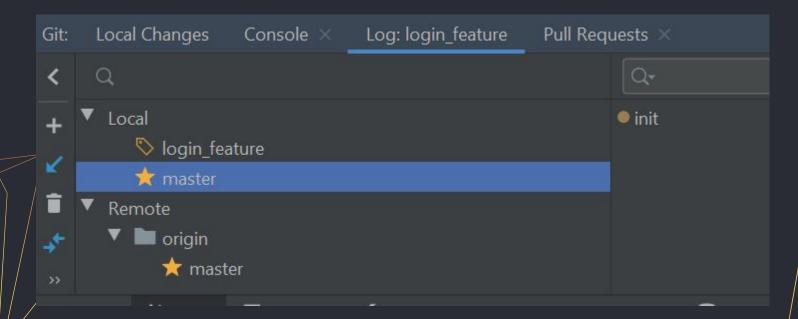


Checking out a branch updates the files in the working directory to match the version stored in that branch, and it tells Git to record all new commits on that branch

NEW BRANCH CREATED

Notice that now in local repository, there are a new branch "login feature"

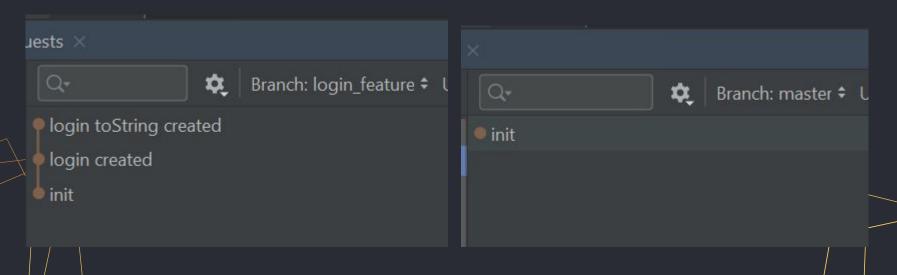
Any commit and push will affect this new branch



BRANCH

Below images are example of new "login_feature" branch already had two commit.

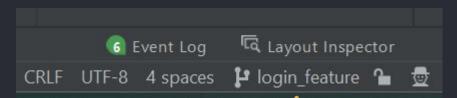
Master branch still only have I commit "init"

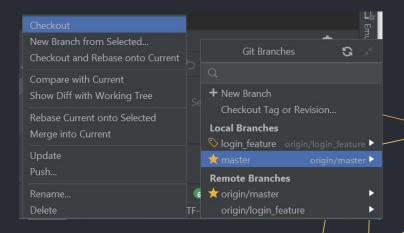


SWITCH/CHECKOUT BETWEEN BRANCH

Its very easy to switch between branch.

- Look at the bottom right corner and you'll see the current working branch
- Click on it to reveal all branches.
- 3. Click on branch that you want to switch/checkout
- 4. Choose checkout





MERGE BRANCH

Merging is Git's way of putting a forked history back together again

Login_feature branch Merged

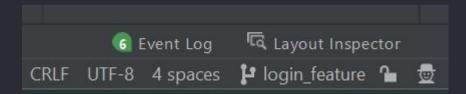
Master branch

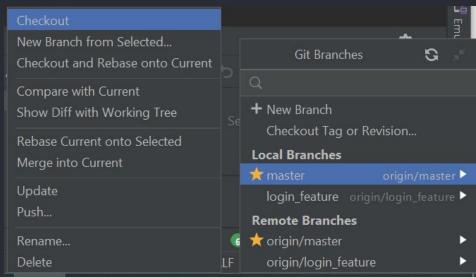
MERGE BRANCH

Let's say we want to merge login_feature branch into master branch

To do that look at the bottom right corner, click on the branch name

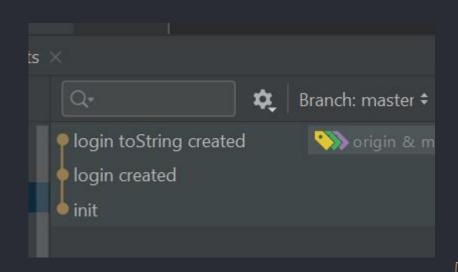
Choose master branch and click on "Checkout and Rebase onto Current"





BRANCH HAVE BEEN MERGED

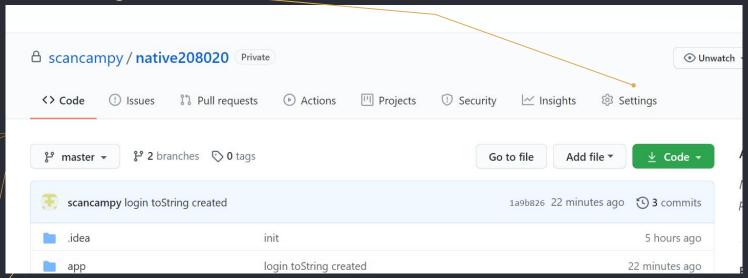
If you look on git log tab, you will see that "master" branch have been merged with "login_feature"



ALLOW ACCESS FOR OTHER TEAM MEMBER

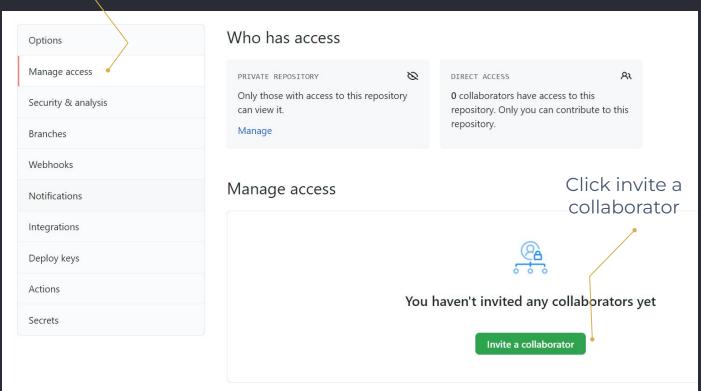
Since your repository is private, you must manually add other github account to give access privilege

To manage user access, open your repository from browser and click on "Settings"



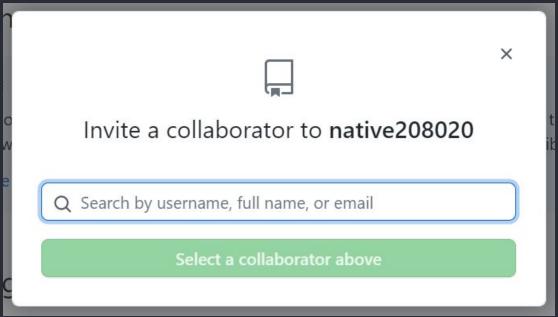
ALLOW ACCESS FOR OTHER TEAM MEMBER

Click menu Manage access



ALLOW ACCESS FOR OTHER TEAM MEMBER

Write your friend email or github username. If success, your friend will have access to run git operation on this repository.



CLONE EXISTING PROJECT

There are tons of available github project on the internet.

Using android studio you can easily clone github project and start work on it

In this case lets clone your friend repository





DO YOU HAVE ANY QUESTION?

andre@staff.ubaya.ac.id







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