Section 1.1 continued

Set builder notation

Set builder notation is a way to construct sets out of other sets.

$$A = \{x \in \mathbb{Z} : x \ge 0\} \text{ or } A = \{x : x \in \mathbb{Z}, x \ge 0\}$$

▶ A is the set of integers that are greater than or equal to zero

$$E = \{2n : n \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

 \triangleright E is the set of things of the form 2n where n is an integer

Set builder notation continued

More generally, set builder notation looks like this:

$$X = \{\text{expression : rule}\}$$

and it captures all values of the expression that satisfy the rule.

Intervals of $\mathbb R$

Intervals are examples of sets given by set builder notation.

- ▶ $(a, b) = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : x > a \text{ and } x < b\}$ "open"
- $[a, b) = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : x \ge a \text{ and } x < b\} \text{ "half open"}$
- ▶ $(a, b] = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : x > a \text{ and } x \leq b\}$ "half open"
- $[a,b] = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : x \ge a \text{ and } x \le b\} \text{ "closed"}$
- $ightharpoonup [a,\infty)=\{x\in\mathbb{R}:x\geq a\}$ "infinite"
- $(a,\infty) = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : x > a\}$ "infinite"
- \blacktriangleright $(\infty, a) = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : x < a\}$ "infinite"
- ▶ $(\infty, a] = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : x \le a\}$ "infinite"