Final Project Design

Airline Search

Jeremy Johnson INEW 2332

Summary

This application is a flight reservation system that allows the user to search for and reserve flights. The flights can be one way or round trip. It provides a registration process and requires a log in to reserve flights. The user can search for flights based on airport codes, departure date and return date. It returns a list of flights based on the search criteria. The user can then reserve the desired flight or flights. Finally, it provides the option to show the users reserved flights.

Requirements

This application will be composed of 6 GUI screens. Buttons will redirect user to the appropriate screen.

- 1. Home Screen
 - a. This screen functions as the home screen for the app
 - b. Buttons
 - i. Register
 - ii. Log In
 - iii. One Way Search
 - iv. Round Trip Search
 - v. Show Reservations
 - vi. Update User
- 2. Register Screen
 - a. This screen allows the user to register and have their data written to the users table of the database.
 - b. Buttons
 - i. Home
 - ii. Register
 - iii. Login
 - iv. Update User
 - c. Input Fields
 - i. Username
 - ii. Password
 - iii. Verify Password
 - iv. First Name
 - v. Last Name
- 3. Log In / Log Out Screen
 - a. This allows the user to log into or out of their account
 - b. Buttons
 - i. Log In
 - ii. Log Out
 - iii. Home
 - iv. Register
 - c. Input Fields
 - i. Username

ii. Password

4. Search One Way

- a. This screen allows the user to search for available one way flights
- b. Currently only searches for direct flights
- c. Requires the use of airport codes
- d. Flights will be searched based on
 - i. Departure Code
 - ii. Destination Code
 - iii. Departure Date
 - iv. Seats Requested
- e. Buttons
 - i. Home
 - ii. Log In
 - iii. Search Flights
 - iv. Clear
- f. Input Fields
 - i. Departure Airport Code
 - ii. Destination Airport Code
 - iii. Date
 - iv. Seats Requested
- g. The Search Flights Button will open the Available Flights screen

5. Available Flights

- a. This screen shows the available flights based on the users search criteria
- b. The user can highlight the desired flight and reserve it
 - i. Reserving a flight will decrease the available seats in the flights table by the number of requested seats and write the data to the reservations table in the database.
- c. Buttons
 - i. Home
 - ii. One Way Search
 - iii. Round Trip Search
 - iv. Reserve Flight
- d. Output Fields
 - i. Airline
 - ii. Flight Number
 - iii. Departure Airport Code
 - iv. Destination Airport Code
 - v. Departure Date
 - vi. Departure Time
 - vii. Cost
 - viii. Number of Seats
 - ix. Number of Available Seats

6. Show Reservations

- a. This screen shows the users reserved flights
- b. Buttons

- i. Home
- ii. Log In
- iii. Cancel Reservation
- iv. One Way Search
- v. Round Trip Search
- c. Output Fields
 - i. First Name
 - ii. Last Name
 - iii. Airline
 - iv. Flight Number
 - v. Departure Airport Code
 - vi. Destination Airport Code
 - vii. Departure Date
 - viii. Departure Time
 - ix. Number of Reserved Seats
- d. Cancel Button
 - Cancel button deletes the highlighted reservation from the reservations table and increases the available seats in the flights table by the number of seats currently reserved

7. Update User

- a. This frame allows the user to update user information or delete their account
- b. Buttons
 - i. Home
 - ii. Login
 - iii. Update User
 - iv. Delete User
- c. Input Fields
 - i. Password
 - ii. Verify Password
 - iii. First Name
 - iv. Last Name
- d. Update User button updates the user information with the new entries
- e. Delete User button deletes the logged in user
- 8. Search Round Trip
 - a. This screen allows the user to search for available round trip flights
 - b. Currently only searches for direct flights
 - c. Requires the use of airport codes
 - d. Flights will be searched based on
 - i. Departure Code
 - ii. Destination Code
 - iii. Departure Date
 - iv. Seats Requested
 - e. Buttons
 - i. Home
 - ii. Log In
 - iii. Search Flights

- iv. Clear
- f. Input Fields
 - i. Departure Airport Code
 - ii. Destination Airport Code
 - iii. Departure Date
 - iv. Return Date
 - v. Seats Requested
- g. The Search Flights Button will open the Available Flights screen
- 9. Available Flights Return Flights
 - a. This screen shows the available return flights for round trip flight search
 - b. The user can highlight the desired flight and reserve it
 - i. Reserving a flight will decrease the available seats in the flights table by the number of requested seats and write the data to the reservations table in the database.
 - c. Buttons
 - i. Home
 - ii. One Way Search
 - iii. Round Trip Search
 - iv. Reserve Flight
 - d. Output Fields
 - i. Airline
 - ii. Flight Number
 - iii. Departure Airport Code
 - iv. Destination Airport Code
 - v. Departure Date
 - vi. Departure Time
 - vii. Cost
 - viii. Number of Seats
 - ix. Number of Available Seats

Application Decisions

Programming Language

Python

Testing

Pytest

GUI Library

• Tkinter

Database

- PostgreSQL
 - Production_db
 - Users Table
 - Flights Table
 - Reservations Table
 - o test_db

- Users Table
- Flights Table
- Reservations Table

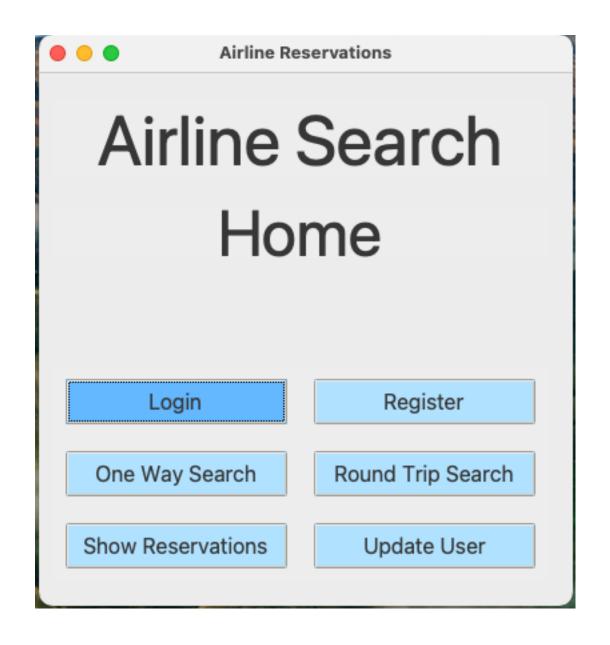
Future Features

Features to be added to project time permitting:

- 1. Implement feature to search for flights with multiple stops
- 2. Implement feature to show the city and state based on airport codes
 - a. Use it to search for flights based on city and state
 - b. Use it to display city and state in the reservation summary screen
- 3. Add additional User information and transfer all user data to reservation, i.e., address
- 4. Search reservations function that allows user to search current reservations based on date, departure code or destination code.
- 5. Impose password restrictions. i.e., length, special characters
- 6. Multi select on reservations to cancel reservations

Flow Charts, Diagrams, Database Fields, Tests

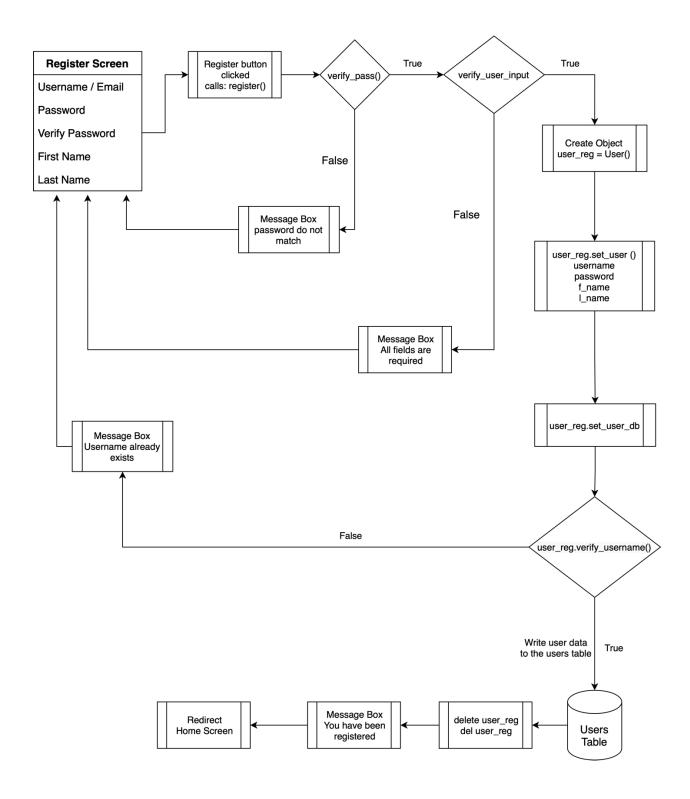
Home Frame



Register Frame

O O Airl	rline Reservations				
Register					
Username					
Password					
Verify Password					
First Name					
Last Name					
Register	Home				
Login	Update User				

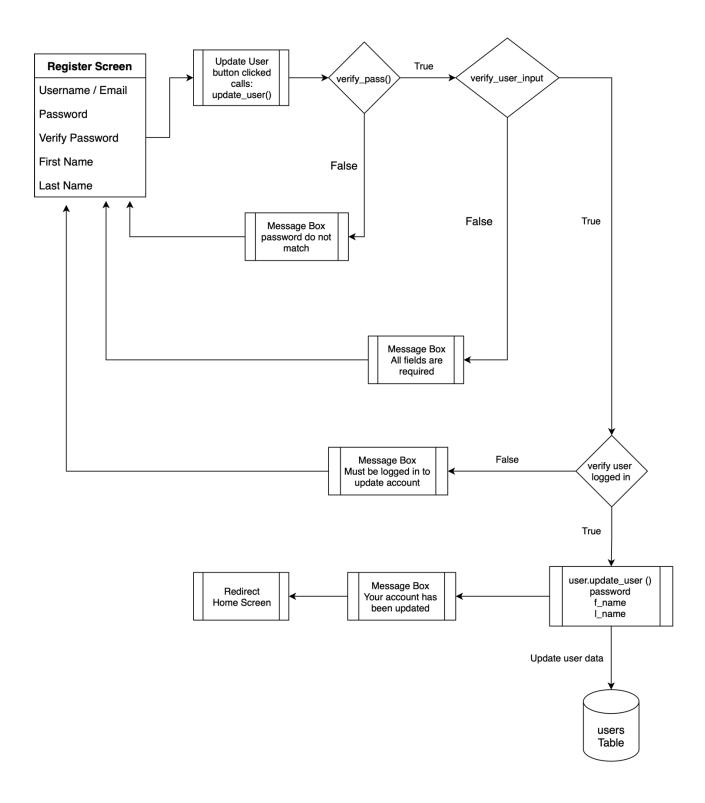
Register Frame Flow Chart



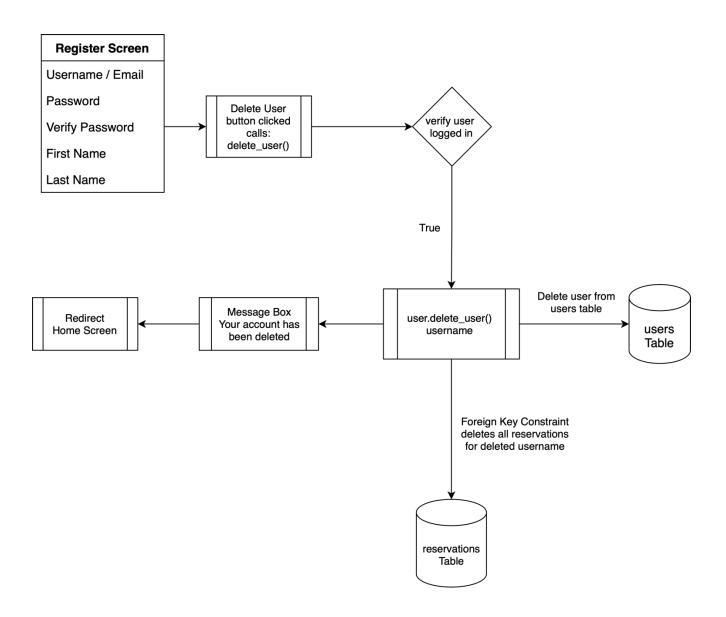
Update User Frame

Airline Reservations					
Update I	User				
Password					
Verify Passwo	ord				
First Name					
Last Name					
Home	Login				
Update User	Delete User				

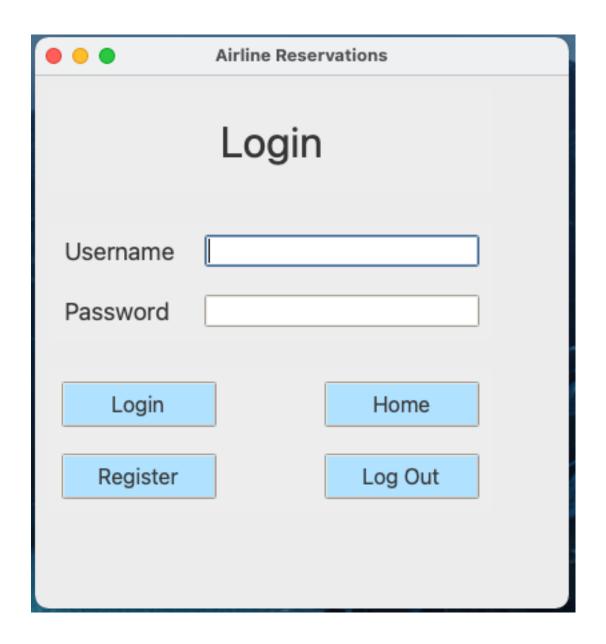
Update User Frame Flowchart



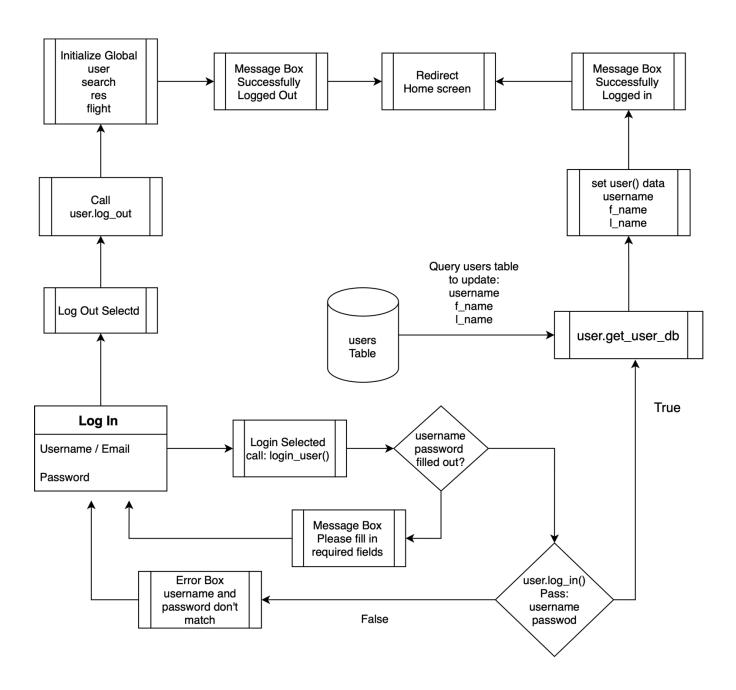
Delete User Flowchart



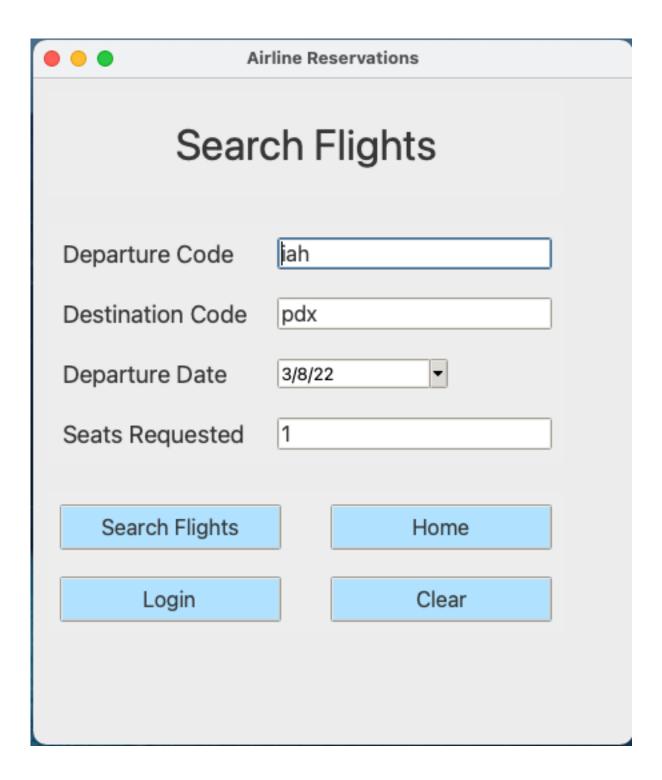
Login Frame



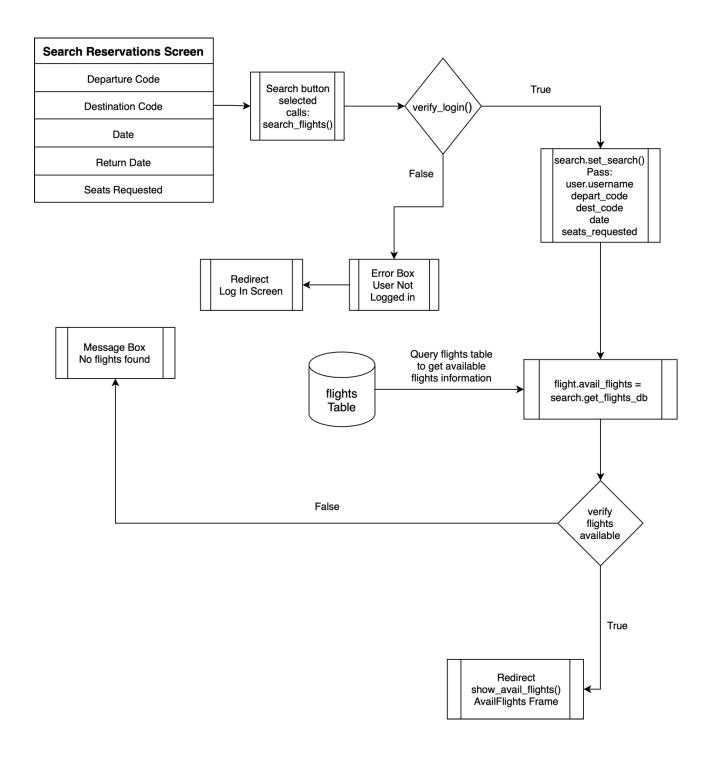
Login Frame Flowchart



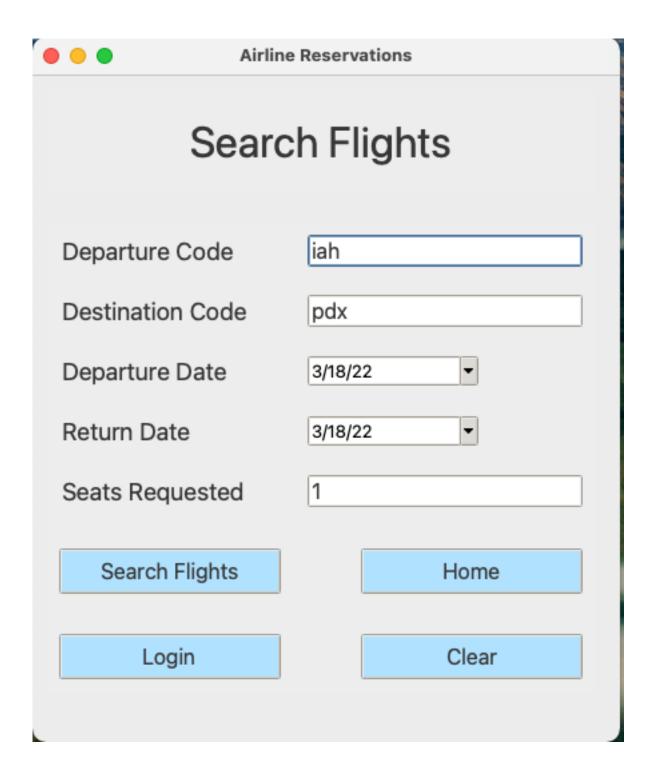
Search One Way Flights Frame



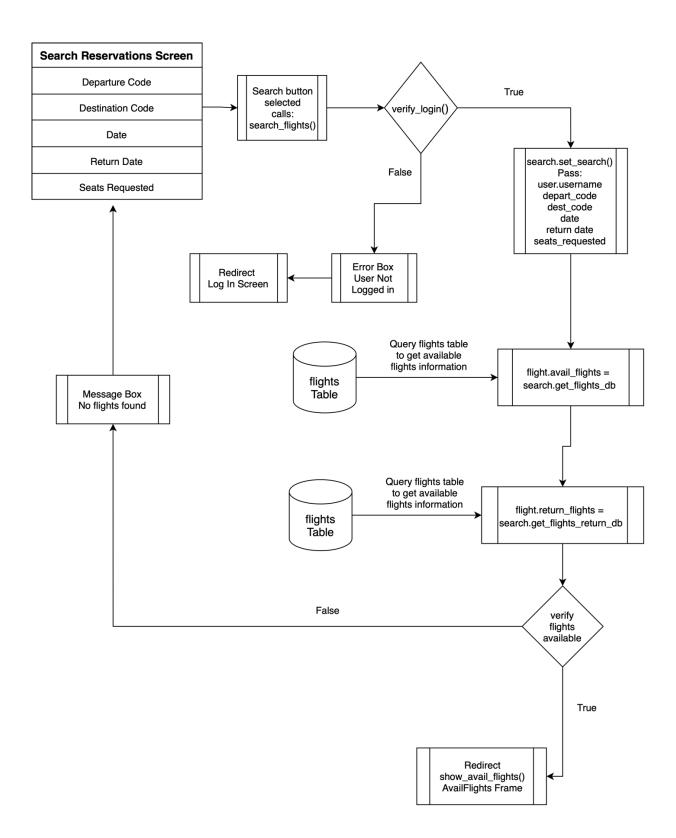
Search One Way Flights Frame Flowchart



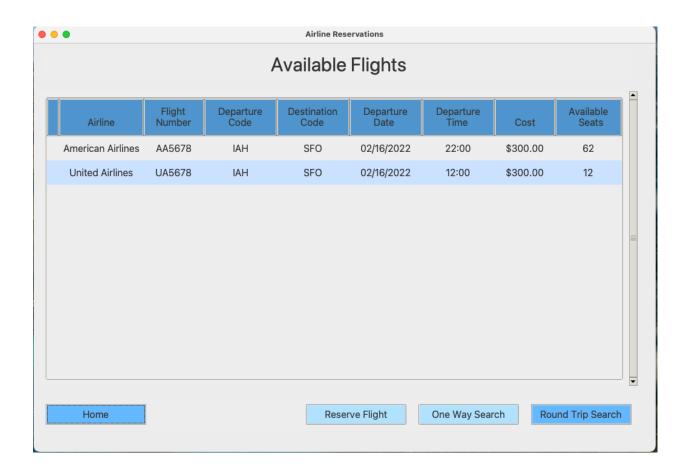
Search Round Trip Flights Frame



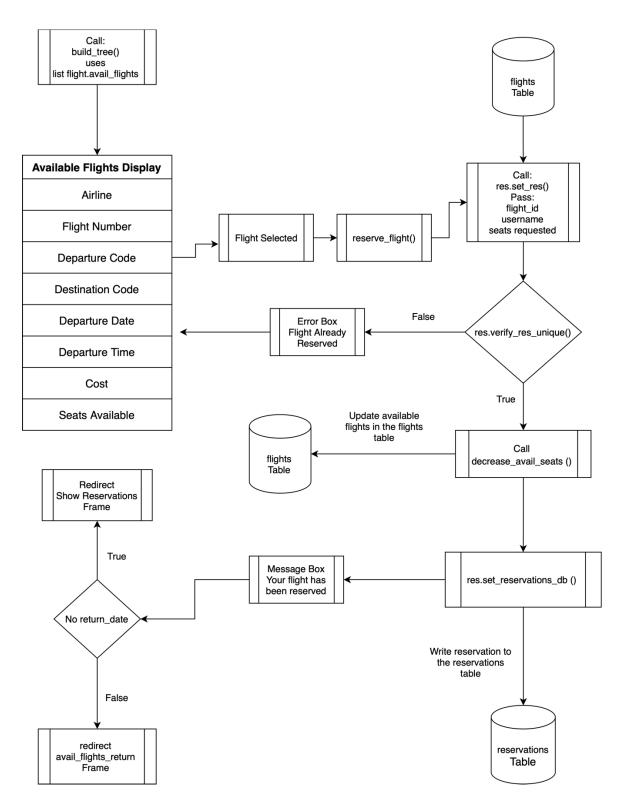
Search Round Trip Flights Frame Flowchart



Available Flights Frame



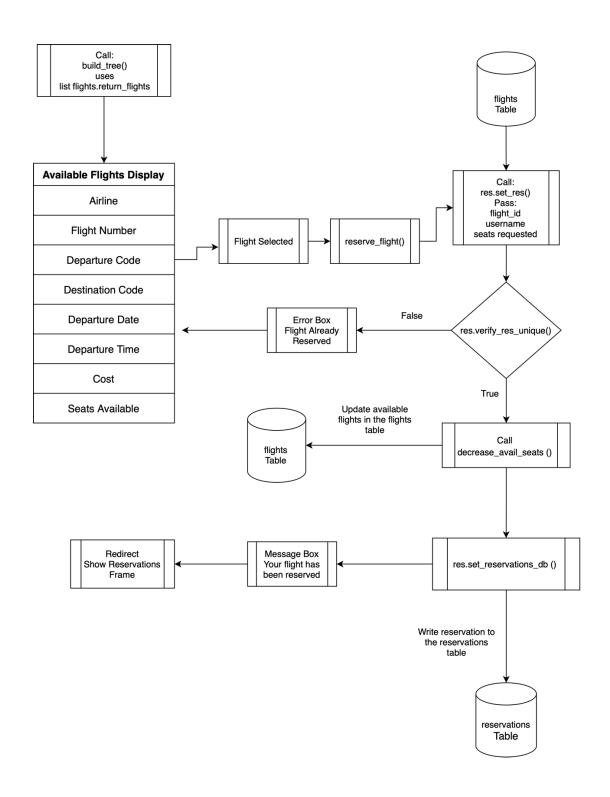
Available Flights Frame Flowchart



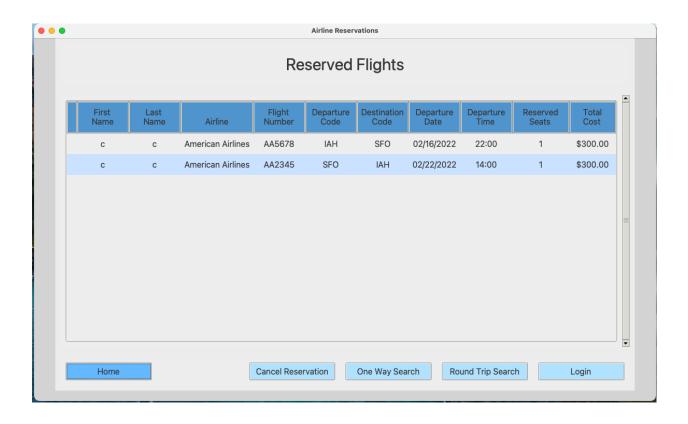
Available Flights Return Flight Frame



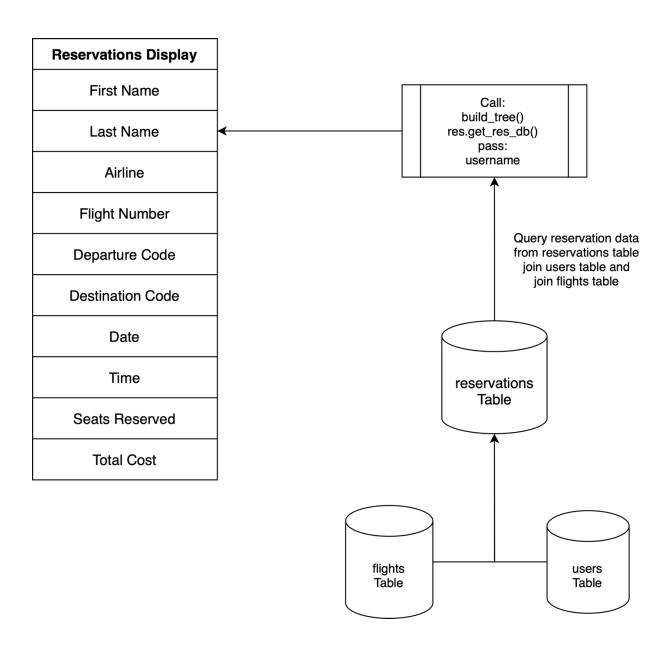
Available Flights Return Flight Frame Flowchart



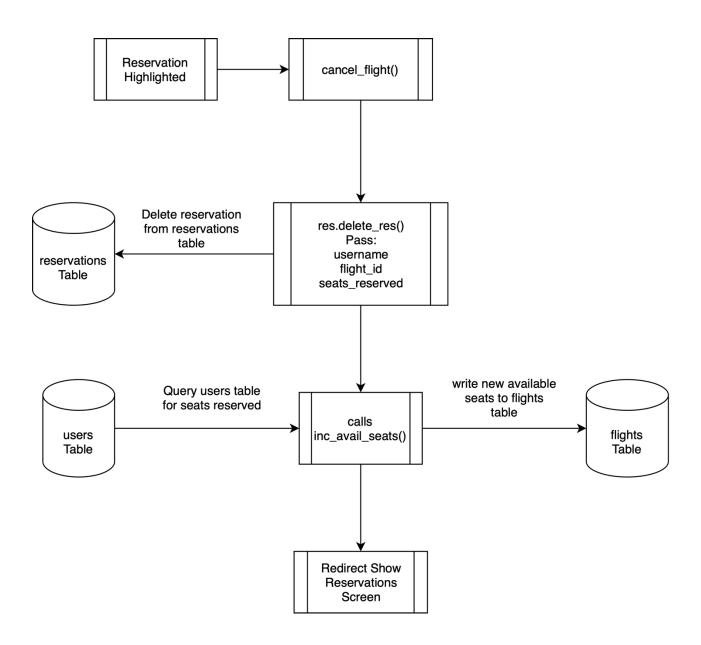
Show Reservations Frame



Show Reservations Frame Flowchart



Cancel Reservation Flowchart



Database Fields

Flights Table

Table Fields	Datatype			
flight_id	Serial Primary Key			
Airline	Varchar – Not Null			
Flight_number	Varchar – Not Null			
Depart_code	Varchar – Not Null			
Dest_code	Varchar – Not Null			
Depart_Date	Date – Not Null			
Depart_Time	Time – Not Null			
Cost	int – Not Null			
Avail_seats	Int – Not Null			

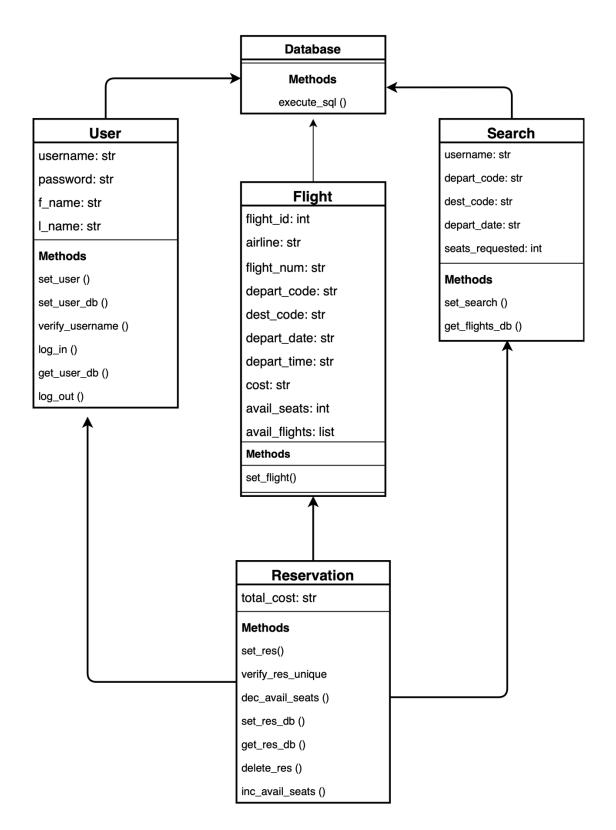
Users Table

Table Fields	Datatype		
username	Varchar - Primary Key		
Pass	Varchar – Not Null		
F_Name	Varchar – Not Null		
L_Name	Varchar – Not Null		

Reservations Table

Table Fields	Datatype			
Flight_id	Int – Primary Key			
Username	Varchar – Foreign Key			
Total_Cost	Int			
Seats_reserved	Int – Not Null			

UML Diagrams



Global Variable

- 1. Global user
 - a. User = User ()
- 2. Global search
 - a. Search = Search ()
- 3. Global res
 - a. res = Reservation ()
- 4. Global flight
 - a. Flight = Flight ()

Class Summary

- 1. Database()
- 2. User():
 - a. Inherits Database()
- 3. Flight():
 - a. Inherits Database()
- 4. Search():
 - a. Inherits Database()
- 5. Reservation():
 - a. Inherits User()
 - b. Inherits Flight()
 - c. Inherits Search()

Method Summaries

Database ()

- 1. Connect db
 - a. Input: sql, update=False
 - b. Creates a connection to test db
 - c. If update is True INSERT of UPDATE
 - i. Runs SQL
 - ii. Returns None
 - d. If update is False -- SELECT
 - i. Runs SQL
 - ii. Returns results of SQL query
 - e. Closes connection with test db

User ()

- 1. User_reg.Set_users (username, password, f_name, l_name)
 - a. Sets data for a user object
 - b. Sets object values
 - c. Returns None
- 2. User reg.set users db()
 - a. Updates user table with user registration information
 - b. Calls verify username
 - c. If username unique returns True
 - d. If username not unique returns False
- 3. User reg. Verify username ()
 - a. Verifies requested username is unique
 - b. Queries the users table to determine if username has been used
 - c. If username unique returns True
 - d. If username not unique returns False
- 4. User.Log in (username, password)
 - a. Verifies username and password match
 - b. Uses global variable user
 - c. Queries users table
 - d. If username and password match returns True
 - e. If username and password don't match or username doesn't exist returns False
- User.Get_user_db ()
 - a. Uses global variable user
 - b. Query users table for user information
 - c. Updates object value
 - i. User.username

- ii. User.f name
- iii. User.l name
- 6. User.Log_out ()
 - a. Initializes all global variables at log out
 - b. Uses global variable user
- 7. Update user (username, f name, I name)
 - a. Allows the user to update password, f name and I name
 - b. Must be logged in to update user
- 8. Delete user (username)
 - a. Allows the user to delete their account
 - b. Must be logged in to delete user
- 9. Get password(username)
 - a. Returns the password for the selected username

Flight ()

- 1. Flight.Set_flight(flight_id, airline, flight_num, depart_code, dest_code, depart_date, depart_time, cost, avail_seats, avail_flights)
 - a. Set flight data

Search ()

- 1. Search.set_search (depart_code, dest_code, depart_date, seats_requestes)
 - a. sets data for the search object
- 2. search.get flights db ()
 - a. queries flights table to determine available flights
 - b. applies SQL logic to ensure there are enough available seats
 - c. returns False if there are no seats
 - d. returns list flight.avail_flights if there are flights available
- 3. search.get return flights db()
 - a. queries flight table for return flights from round trip search
 - b. applies SQL logic to ensure there are enough available seats
 - c. returns False if there are no seats
 - d. returns list flight.return flights if there are flights available

Reservations ()

- 1. res.set res (flight id, username, seats requested)
 - a. sets values of reservation
 - b. calls verify_res_unique()
 - c. if reservation is not unique returns False
 - d. if reservation is unique updates:
 - i. res username
 - ii. res flight_id

- iii. res seats reserved
- iv. res total cost
- v. call dec_avail.seats()
- 2. self.Dec avail seats
 - a. Decreases the available seats field in the flights table by the number of seats to be reserved
 - b. Called by res.create res ()
 - UPDATES flights table to the correct number of avail_seats based on seats requested
- 3. Res.Set res db ()
 - a. Updates reservations table with the reserved flight information
 - b. UPDATE operation on reservations table
 - c. If reservation was successfully created returns True
 - d. If reservation was not successfully created returns False
- 4. Res.Get res db (username)
 - a. Gets the reservation from the user, flights and users table to display on the Show Reservations screen
 - b. Queries 3 tables to get all reservation information
 - c. Returns a list of reserved flights
- 5. Res.Delete_res (username, flight_id, seats_reserved)
 - a. Deletes a reservation from the reservations table
 - b. Calls inc avail seats (flight id, seats reserved)
- 6. Self.Inc avail seats (flight id, seats reserved)
 - a. Increases avail_seats in the flights table by the number of seats_reserved in the reservations table
 - b. Queries flights table to get avail seats
 - c. Calculates new avail seats
 - d. UPDATE flights table avail seats by new value, queries by flight id

GUI Frames

Home Frame

1. Load from for the application

Login Frame

- 1. Allows the user to login or logout of the system
 - a. Login required to search flights or show reservations
- 2. Methods
 - a. Login_user()
 - i. Calls verify entry()
 - ii. Calls user.login()
 - iii. Calls clear_text()
 - b. Verify_entry() verifies all fields are fill out
 - c. Clear text()
 - d. Logout user()
 - i. Calls user.logout()

Register Frame

- 1. Allows the user to register information
- 2. Methods
 - a. Register()
 - i. Calls verify_pass_match()
 - ii. Calls verify_entry()
 - iii. Calls user_reg.set_user()
 - iv. Calls user reg.set user db()
 - v. Deletes user_reg
 - b. Verify pass match()
 - c. Verify fields()
 - d. Clear text()

Search One Way Flights Frame

- 1. User searches for available one way flights
- 2. Methods
 - a. Search flights()
 - i. Calls verify login()
 - ii. Calls search.set search()
 - iii. Calls search.get_flights_db
 - iv. Flight.avail_flights gets search.get flights db
 - b. Verify_login()
 - c. Clear text()

Search Round Trip Flights Frame

- 1. User searches for available round trip flights
- 2. Methods
 - a. Search_flights()
 - i. Calls verify login()
 - ii. Calls search.set search()
 - iii. Calls search.get flights db()
 - iv. Flight.avail_flights = search.get_flights_db()
 - v. Calls search.get return flights db()
 - vi. Flight.return flights = search.get return flights db()
 - b. Verify login()
 - c. Clear_text()

Show Res Frame

- 1. Shows reservations for logged in user
- 2. Methods
 - a. Build_tree() builds the tree for the reservation information
 - i. Calls res.get res db()
 - ii. Res = res.get res db()
 - b. Cancel flight()
 - i. Calls res.delete(res)

Avail Flights Frame

- 1. Shows the results of the available flights search
- 2. Methods
 - a. Build tree() builds the tree to show available flights
 - i. Accesses flight.avail flights
 - b. Reserve_flight() reserves the selected flight
 - i. Calls res.set res()
 - ii. Calls res.set res db
 - c. Calls avail flights return frame if round trip search
 - d. Else calls show res frame

Avail_Flights Return Flights Frame

- 1. Shows the results of the return flights for a round trip search
- 2. Methods
 - a. Build tree() builds the tree to show available flights
 - i. Accesses flight.return flights
 - b. Reserve flight() reserves the selected flight
 - i. Calls res.set res()
 - ii. Calls res.set res db
 - c. Calls show res frame

Flights Table Data Set

Flight		Flight	Depat	Dest	Depart	Depart		Available
ID	Airline	Number	Code	Code	Date	Time	Cost	Seats
	United						\$	
33	Airlines	UA1234	IAH	PDX	2/16/22	9:00:00	200.00	10
	United						\$	
34	Airlines	UA5678	IAH	SFO	2/16/22	12:00:00	300.00	20
	United						\$	
35	Airlines	UA9876	IAH	PDX	2/16/22	18:00:00	200.00	30
	United						\$	
36	Airlines	UA9123	IAH	LAX	2/16/22	14:00:00	400.00	40
	American						\$	
37	Airlines	AA1234	IAH	PDX	2/16/22	11:00:00	200.00	50
20	American	440076		DDV	2/46/22	20.00.00	\$	60
38	Airlines	AA9876	IAH	PDX	2/16/22	20:00:00	200.00	60
39	American	AA5678	1411	CEO	2/16/22	22.00.00	\$ 300.00	70
39	Airlines American	AA3078	IAH	SFO	2/16/22	22:00:00	\$	70
40	Airlines	AA9123	IAH	LAX	2/16/22	8:00:00	۶ 400.00	80
40	United	AAJIZJ	IAH	LAX	2/10/22	8.00.00	\$	80
41	Airlines	UA2345	SFO	IAH	2/22/22	14:00:00	300.00	90
	United	07.120.10	0.0		_, _,,		\$	
42	Airlines	UA3456	LAX	IAH	2/22/22	14:00:00	400.00	100
	United				, ,		\$	
43	Airlines	UA4567	PDX	IAH	2/22/22	14:00:00	200.00	0
	American						\$	
44	Airlines	AA2345	SFO	IAH	2/22/22	14:00:00	300.00	100
	American						\$	
45	Airlines	AA3456	LAX	IAH	2/22/22	14:00:00	400.00	1
	American						\$	
46	Airlines	AA4567	PDX	IAH	2/2/22	14:00:00	200.00	0
							\$	
47	ABC	ABC1234	IAH	SEA	2/22/22	14:00:00	400.00	100
	5	DEE: 00:			0/05/55	44.00.00	\$	465
48	DEF	DEF1234	IAH	WAS	2/22/22	14:00:00	400.00	100

Unit Testing

1) User Class Tests

- 1. Test initialize user()
- 2. Test set user()
- 3. Test set user db (global user1)
 - a. Tests that the system can write to the database with no errors
 - b. Calls verify username()
- 4. Test set user db user already registered (global user1)
 - a. Tests to see if a repeat user can be written to the database
- 5. Test_verify_username_user_already_registered (global_user2)
 - a. Tests to see if a username can be used more than once
- Test_verify_username_user_does_not_exist()
 - a. Test to see if a unique username can be registered
- 7. Test_login_username_password_match(global_user1)
 - a. Tests to see if a user can login with a matching username and password
- 8. Test_login_username_and_password_do_not_match(global_user1)
 - a. Tests to see if a registered user can login with the wrong password
- 9. Test login username does not exist()
 - a. Tests to see if an unregistered user can login
- 10. Test logout(global user1, global search)
 - a. Tests to see if logout() initializes all global objects
 - i. User
 - ii. Search
 - iii. Res
 - iv. Flight
- 11. Test delete existing user()
- 12. Test update user existing user()

2) Search Class Tests

- 1. Test initialize search()
- 2. Test set search()
- 3. Test_get_flights_db_no_seats_available(global_user1)
 - a. Tests if a user can find any flight on a search that has 0 available seats
- 4. Test get flights db not enough seats available(global user1)
 - a. Tests that one flight is returned when a user searches for 2 seats. One flight has enough available seats the other flight has 1 available seat.
- 5. Test get flights db incorrect-flight data(global user1)

- a. Tests if any flights are returned with a search that does not exist in the flights table
- 6. Test_get_flights_db_1_flight_available(global_user1)
 - a. Tests one flight is returned for a search that only has one available flight
- 7. Test get flghts db 2 flights available(global user1)
 - a. Tests 2 flights are returned for a search that has 2 available flights
- 8. Test get flights return db no return flight(global user1)
 - a. Tests get_flights_return_db method returns false when no round trip flights are found
- 9. Test get flights return db return flight available(global user1)
 - a. Tests the return flight for the get_flights_return_db method

3) Reservation Class Tests

- 1. Test initialize reservatio()
- 2. Test set res()
 - a. Also tests decrease avail seats()
 - b. Resest avail seats resets seat number for subsequent testing
- Test set res_db_and_get_res_db()
 - a. Tests that a reservation is written to the database and can be gueried
 - b. Resest avail seats resets seat number for subsequent testing
- 4. Test verify res unique reservation already exists(global user1, global search)
 - a. Tests to see if a reservation can be made for the same flight number more than once
- 5. Test verify res unique no reservation exits(global user1)
 - a. Tests that a reservation is unique when no reservation exists
- 6. Test increase avail seats()
 - a. Tests that the seat number is increased by the number of seats reserved
 - b. Resest avail seats resets seat number for subsequent testing
- 7. Test_only_logged_in_user_name_returns_in_query(global_user1, global_user2, global_search)
 - a. Set up reservations under 2 usernames and verify the only flights returned by get user db are for the username queried. Not both of the usernames
 - b. Delete the reservations
 - c. Resest avail seats resets seat number for subsequent testing
- 8. Test multiple reserved flights are queried(global user1, global user2, global search)
 - a. Tests that multiple reservations can be returned by get user db
 - b. Delete reservations
 - c. Resest_avail_seats resets seat number for subsequent testing