## DI Mhàs

Getting a Grip on Dependency Injection

Jeremy Clark jeremybytes.com github.com/jeremybytes

#### Typical Introduction

```
private void BuildMainWindow()
var builder = new ContainerBuilder();
builder.RegisterType<SQLReader>().As<IPersonReader>()
    .SingleInstance();
builder.RegisterSource(
    new AnyConcreteTypeNotAlreadyRegisteredSource());
IContainer Container = builder.Build();
Application.Current.MainWindow =
    Container.Resolve<PeopleViewerWindow>();
```

 Dependency Injection is a software design pattern that allows a choice of component to be made at run-time rather than compile time.

 Dependency injection is a software design pattern that allows the removal of hard-coded dependencies and makes it possible to change them, whether at run-time or compile-time.

 Dependency injection is a software design pattern that implements inversion of control and allows a program design to follow the dependency inversion principle. The term was coined by Martin Fowler.

In software engineering, dependency injection is a software design pattern that implements inversion of control for software libraries, where the caller delegates to an external framework the control flow of discovering and importing a service or software module.
 Dependency injection allows a program design to follow the dependency inversion principle where modules are loosely coupled. With dependency injection, the client part of a program which uses a module or service doesn't need to know all its details, and typically the module can be replaced by another one of similar characteristics without altering the client.

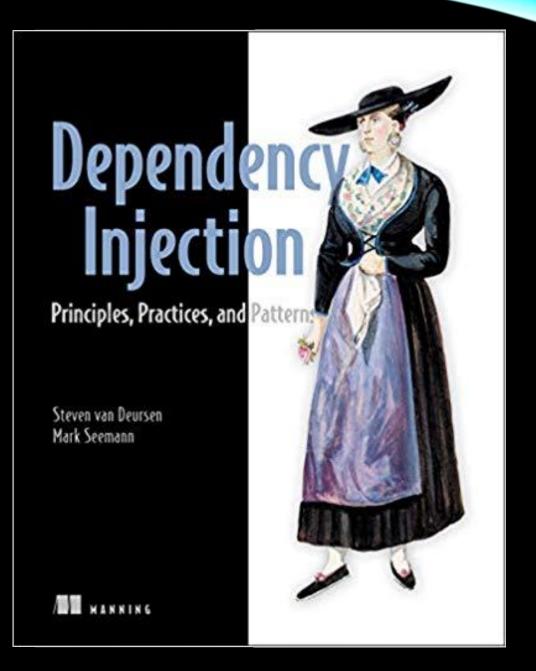
• In software engineering, dependency injection is a software design pattern that implements inversion of control for resolving dependencies. A dependency is an object that can be used (a service). An injection is the passing of a dependency to a dependent object (a client) that would use it. The service is made part of the client's state.[1] Passing the service to the client, rather than allowing a client to build or find the service, is the fundamental requirement of the pattern.

 Dependency Injection is a set of software design principles and patterns that enable us to develop loosely coupled code.

Mark Seemann

## Dependency Injection Principles, Practices, and Patterns

- Mark Seemann
- Steven van Deursen



#### Primary Benefits

- Extensibility
- Parallel Development
- Maintainability
- Testability
- Late Binding

Adherence to S.O.L.I.D. Design Principles.

#### Extensibility

# Code can be extended in ways not explicitly planned for.

#### Parallel Development

# Code can be developed in parallel with less chance of merge conflicts.

#### Maintainability

## Classes with clearly defined responsibilities are easier to maintain.

#### Testability

Classes can be unit tested, i.e., easily isolated from other classes and components for testing.

#### Late Binding

Services can be swapped with other services without recompiling code.

#### SOLID Principles

- Single Responsibility Principle (SRP)
- Open/Closed Principle (OCP)
- Liskov Substitution Principle (LSP)
- Interface Segregation Principle (ISP)
- Dependency Inversion Principle (DIP)

#### Primary Benefits

- Extensibility
- Parallel Development
- Maintainability
- Testability
- Late Binding

Adherence to S.O.L.I.D. Design Principles.

#### Dependency Injection Concepts

- DI Design Patterns
  - Constructor Injection
  - Property Injection
  - Method Injection
  - Ambient Context
  - Service Locator

- Dimensions of DI
  - Object Composition
  - Interception
  - Lifetime Management

#### Dependency Injection Containers

- C# Containers
  - Autofac
  - Ninject

- Frameworks w/ Containers
  - ASP.NET Core
  - Angular
  - Prism

and many others

### Application Layers

#### View

• PeopleViewerWindow

#### Presentation

• PeopleViewModel

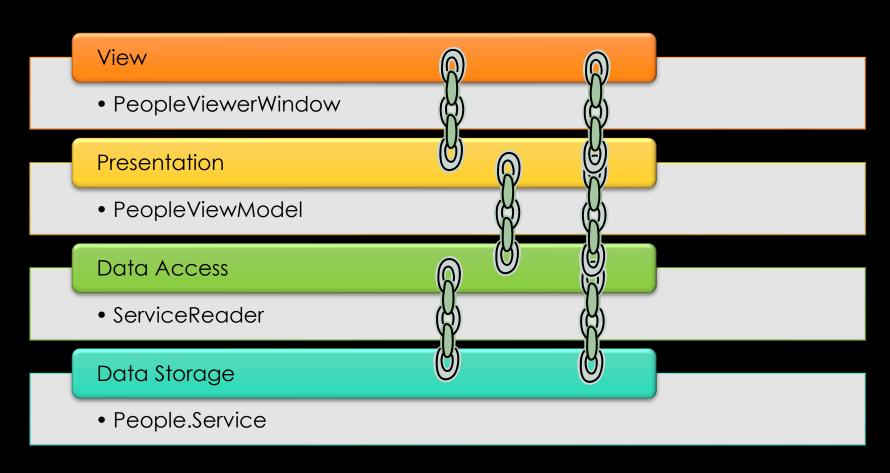
#### Data Access

• ServiceReader

#### Data Storage

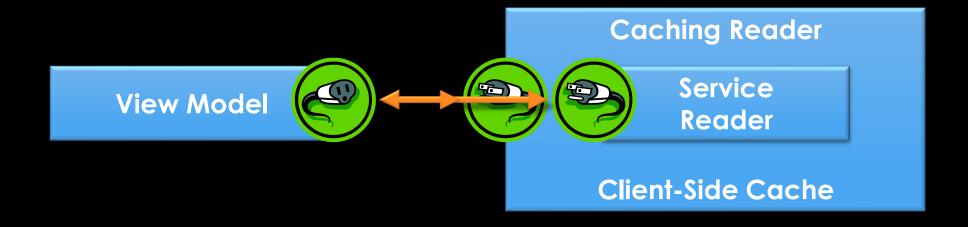
• People.Service

### Tight Coupling

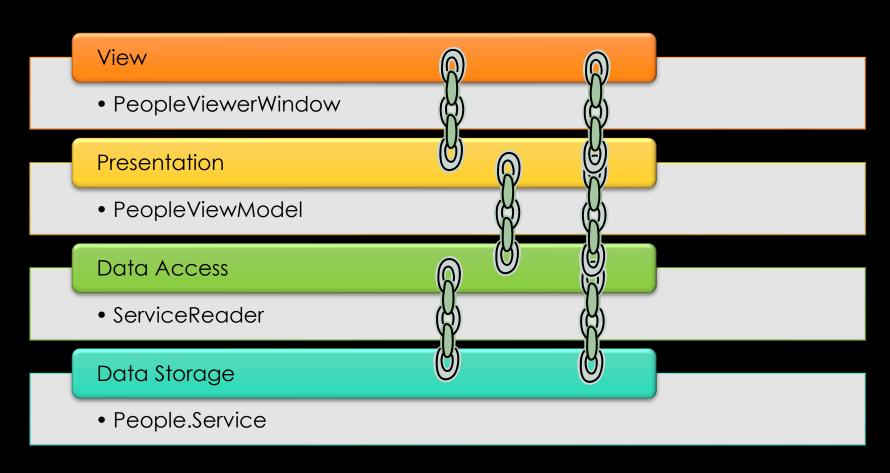


#### Creating a Caching Reader

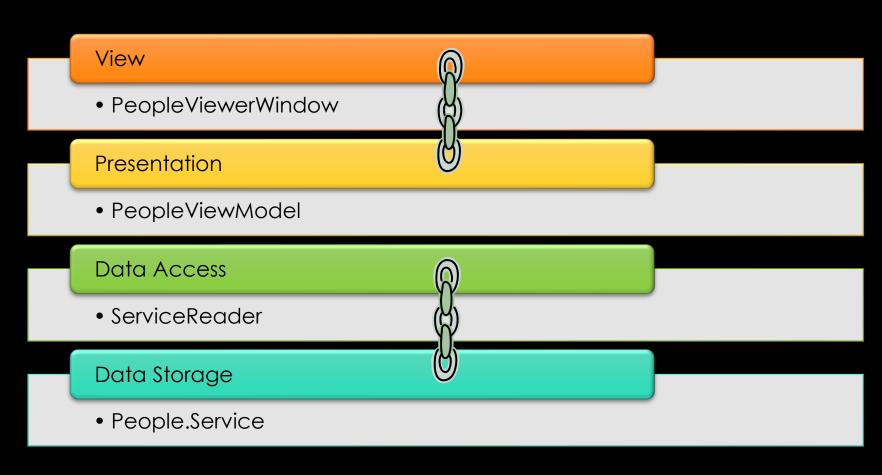
#### The Decorator Pattern



### Loose(r) Coupling



## Loose(r) Coupling



#### Primary Benefits

- Extensibility
- Parallel Development
- Maintainability
- Testability
- Late Binding

Adherence to S.O.L.I.D. Design Principles.

#### Dependency Injection Concepts

- DI Design Patterns
  - Constructor Injection
  - Property Injection
  - Method Injection
  - Ambient Context
  - Service Locator

- Dimensions of DI
  - Object Composition
  - Interception
  - Lifetime Management

#### Thank You!

#### Jeremy Clark

- jeremybytes.com
- jeremy@jeremybytes.com
- github.com/jeremybytes

https://github.com/jeremybytes/dependency-injection-net9