DI Why? Getting a Grip on Dependency Injection

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Typical Introduction

```
private void BuildMainWindow()
   var builder = new ContainerBuilder();
   builder.RegisterType<SQLReader>().As<IPersonReader>()
        .SingleInstance();
   builder.RegisterSource(
       new AnyConcreteTypeNotAlreadyRegisteredSource());
    IContainer Container = builder.Build();
   Application.Current.MainWindow =
        Container.Resolve<PeopleViewerWindow>();
```

 Dependency Injection is a software design pattern that allows a choice of component to be made at run-time rather than compile time.

Wikipedia 2012

 Dependency injection is a software design pattern that allows the removal of hard-coded dependencies and makes it possible to change them, whether at run-time or compile-time.

 Dependency injection is a software design pattern that implements inversion of control and allows a program design to follow the dependency inversion principle. The term was coined by Martin Fowler.

In software engineering, dependency injection is a software design pattern that implements inversion of control for software libraries, where the caller delegates to an external framework the control flow of discovering and importing a service or software module.
 Dependency injection allows a program design to follow the dependency inversion principle where modules are loosely coupled. With dependency injection, the client part of a program which uses a module or service doesn't need to know all its details, and typically the module can be replaced by another one of similar characteristics without altering the client.

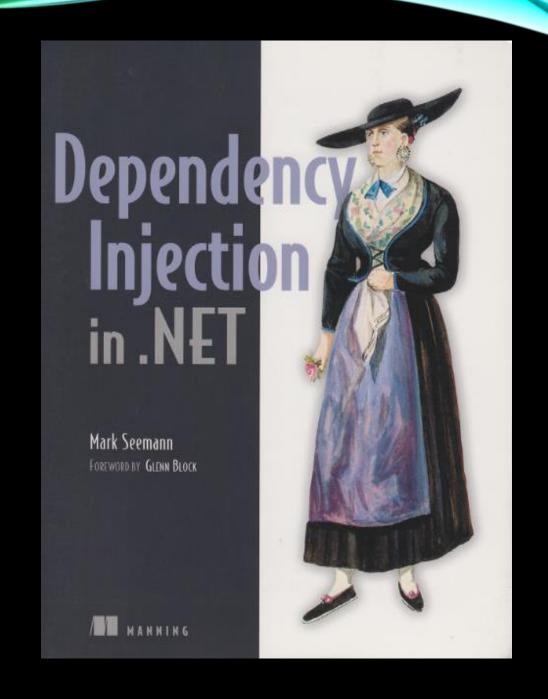
• In software engineering, dependency injection is a software design pattern that implements inversion of control for resolving dependencies. A dependency is an object that can be used (a service). An injection is the passing of a dependency to a dependent object (a client) that would use it. The service is made part of the client's state.[1] Passing the service to the client, rather than allowing a client to build or find the service, is the fundamental requirement of the pattern.

 Dependency Injection is a set of software design principles and patterns that enable us to develop loosely coupled code.

Mark Seeman

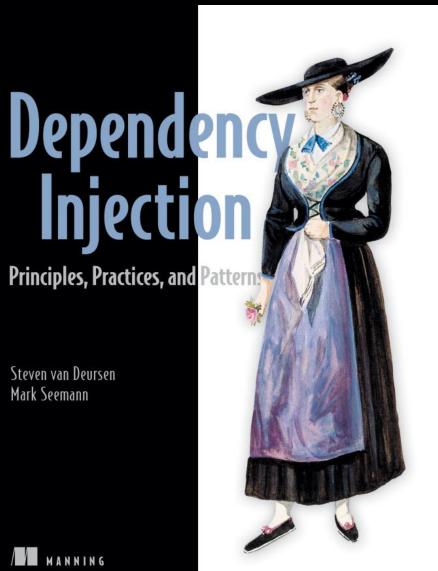
Dependency Injection in .NET

Mark Seeman



Dependency Injection Principles, Practices, and Patterns

- Steven von Deursen
- Mark Seeman





Primary Benefits

- Extensibility*
- Late Binding*
- Parallel Development
- Maintainability
- Testability*

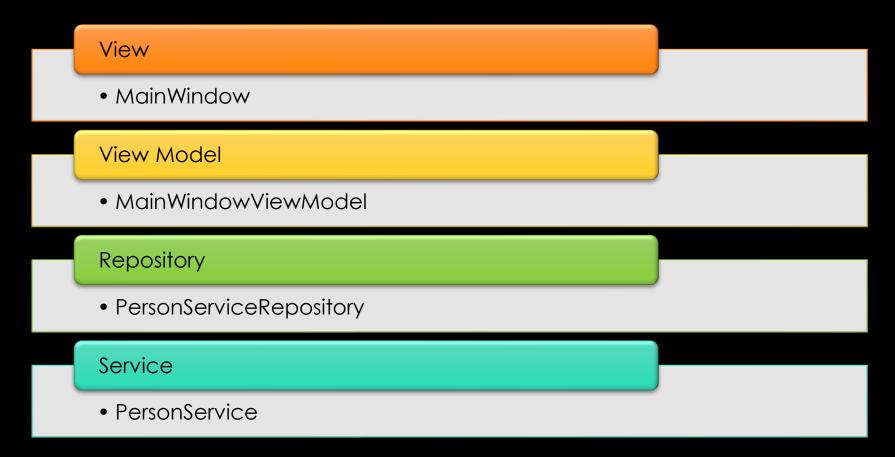
Adherence to S.O.L.I.D. Design Principles.

Dependency Injection Concepts

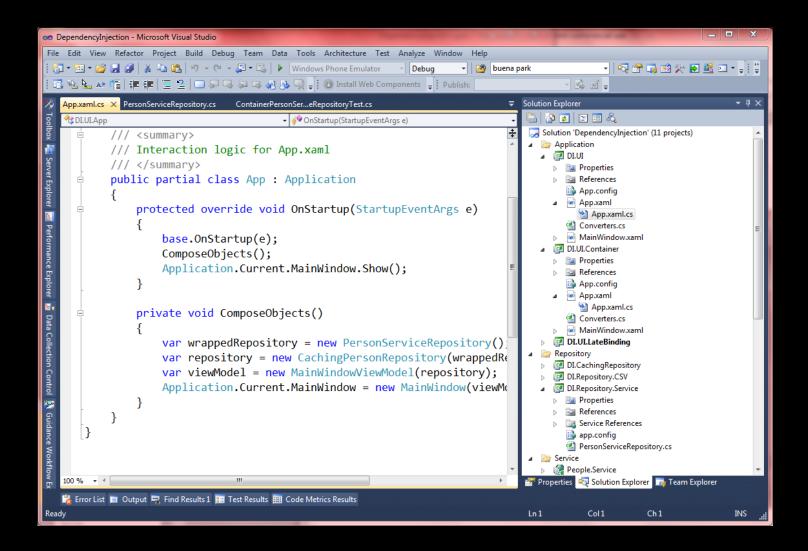
- DI Design Patterns
 - Constructor Injection*
 - Property Injection*
 - Method Injection
 - Ambient Context
 - Service Locator
- Object Composition*

- DI Containers
 - Unity
 - Castle Windsor
 - Ninject*
 - Autofac*
 - StructureMap
 - Spring.NET
 - and others

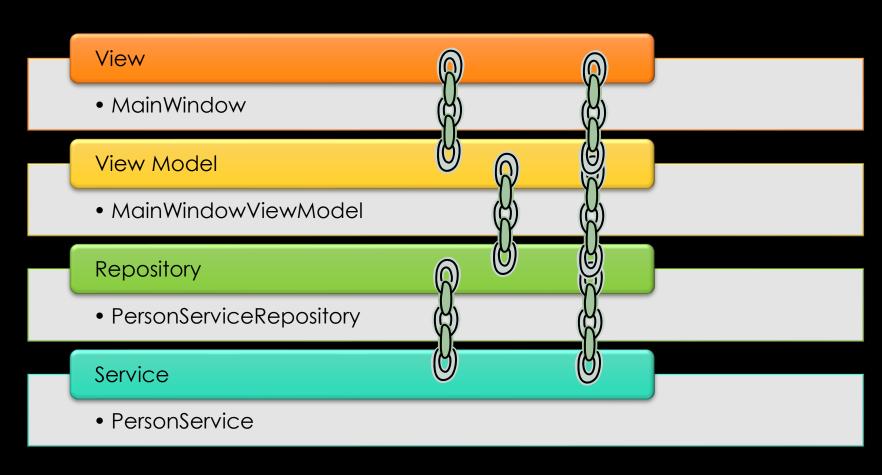
Application Layers



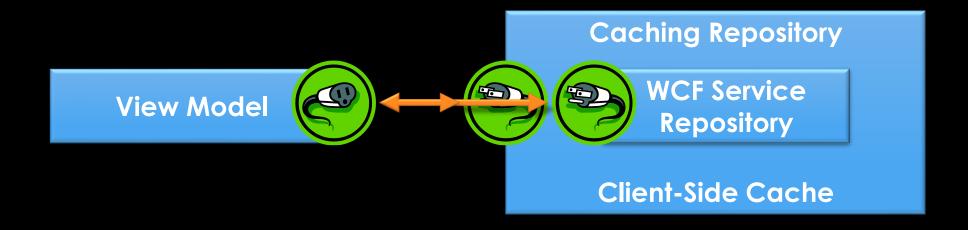
Look At The Code



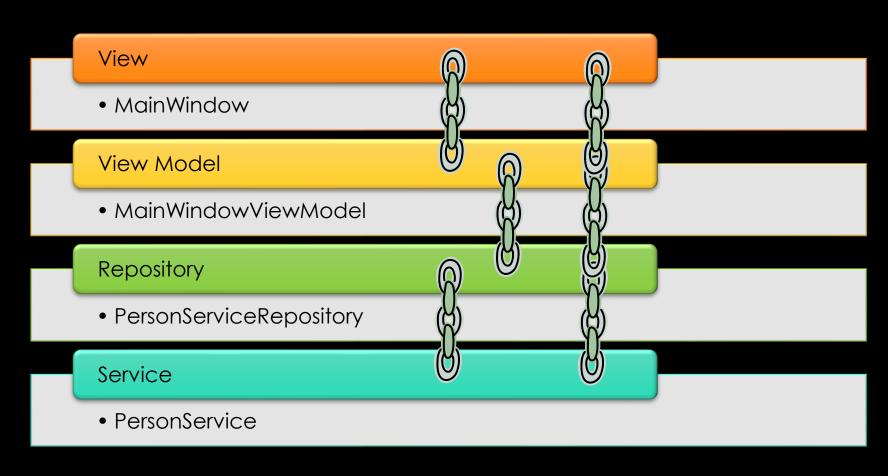
Tight Coupling



Creating a Caching Repository



Loose(r) Coupling



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Thank You!

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