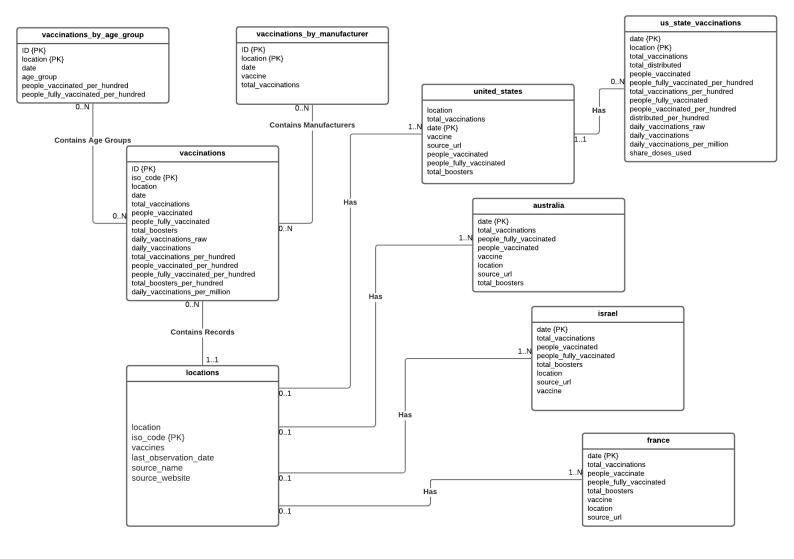
## **ER Diagram**



#### **Assumptions:**

- 1. Not all countries have vaccinations records.
- 2. IDs were created for some relations to allow for identification.
- 3. "us\_state\_vaccinations" relation has "date" and "location" as composite keys because of the dates are only unique across any given state. They are not unique across the board. Therefore, this composite key allows for unique identification.
- 4. Dates are unique for "united\_states", "australia", "Israel" and "france" relations, therefore chosen as primary keys.

#### Part B: Designing the Database

#### Initial schema:

vaccinations\_by\_age\_group(ID, location, date, age\_group, people\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred, people\_fully\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred)

vaccinations\_by\_manufacturer(ID, location, date, vaccine, total\_vaccinations)

vaccinations(ID, iso code, location, date, total\_vaccinations, people\_vaccinated,
people\_fully\_vaccinated, total\_boosters, daily\_vaccinations\_raw, daily\_vaccinations,
total\_vaccinations\_per\_hundred, people\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred,
people\_fully\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred, total\_boosters\_per\_hundred,
daily\_vaccinations\_per\_million)

locations (location, iso code, vaccines, last observation date, source name, source website)

united\_states(location, total\_vaccinations, date, vaccine, source\_url, people\_vaccinated,
people\_fully\_vaccinated, total\_boosters)

us\_state\_vaccinations(date, location, total\_vaccinations, total\_distributed, people\_vaccinated,
people\_fully\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred, total\_vaccinations\_per\_hundred, people\_fully\_vaccinated,
people\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred, distributed\_per\_hundred, daily\_vaccinations\_raw,
daily\_vaccinations, daily\_vaccinations\_per\_million, share\_doses\_used)

australia(date, total\_vaccinations, people\_fully\_vaccinated, people\_vaccinated, vaccine, location,
source url, total boosters)

**israel**(<u>date</u>, total\_vaccinations, people\_vaccinated, people\_fully\_vaccinated, total\_boosters, location, source\_url, vaccine)

**france**(<u>date</u>, total\_vaccinations, people\_vaccinated, people\_fully\_vaccinated, total\_boosters, vaccine, location, source\_url)

#### Step 1: Map Strong Entities

vaccinations\_by\_age\_group(ID, location, date, age\_group, people\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred, people\_fully\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred)

vaccinations\_by\_manufacturer(ID, location, date, vaccine, total\_vaccinations)

vaccinations(ID, iso\_code, location, date, total\_vaccinations, people\_vaccinated,
people\_fully\_vaccinated, total\_boosters, daily\_vaccinations\_raw, daily\_vaccinations,
total\_vaccinations\_per\_hundred, people\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred,
people\_fully\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred, total\_boosters\_per\_hundred,
daily\_vaccinations\_per\_million)

locations (location, iso code, vaccines, last\_observation\_date, source\_name, source\_website)

united\_states(location, total\_vaccinations, date, vaccine, source\_url, people\_vaccinated,
people\_fully\_vaccinated, total\_boosters)

us\_state\_vaccinations(date, location, total\_vaccinations, total\_distributed, people\_vaccinated,
people\_fully\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred, total\_vaccinations\_per\_hundred, people\_fully\_vaccinated,
people\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred, distributed\_per\_hundred, daily\_vaccinations\_raw,
daily\_vaccinations, daily\_vaccinations\_per\_million, share\_doses\_used)

australia(date, total\_vaccinations, people\_fully\_vaccinated, people\_vaccinated, vaccine, location,
source url, total boosters)

**israel**(<u>date</u>, total\_vaccinations, people\_vaccinated, people\_fully\_vaccinated, total\_boosters, location, source\_url, vaccine)

**france**(<u>date</u>, total\_vaccinations, people\_vaccinated, people\_fully\_vaccinated, total\_boosters, vaccine, location, source\_url)

Step 2: Map Weak Entities

None

Step 3: Map 1:1 Relationships

None

#### Step 4: Map 1:N Relationships

united\_states(location, total\_vaccinations, date, vaccine, source\_url, people\_vaccinated,
people\_fully\_vaccinated, total\_boosters, iso\_code\*)

us\_state\_vaccinations(date, location\_state, total\_vaccinations, total\_distributed,
people\_vaccinated, people\_fully\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred, total\_vaccinations\_per\_hundred,
people\_fully\_vaccinated, people\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred, distributed\_per\_hundred,
daily\_vaccinations\_raw, daily\_vaccinations, daily\_vaccinations\_per\_million, share\_doses\_used,
location\_country\*)

australia(date, total\_vaccinations, people\_fully\_vaccinated, people\_vaccinated, vaccine, location, source\_url, total\_boosters, iso\_code\*)

**israel**(<u>date</u>, total\_vaccinations, people\_vaccinated, people\_fully\_vaccinated, total\_boosters, location, source\_url, vaccine, iso\_code\*)

france(date, total\_vaccinations, people\_vaccinated, people\_fully\_vaccinated, total\_boosters,
vaccine, location, source\_url, iso\_code\*)

#### Step 5: Map M:N Relationships

contains\_age\_groups(location\*, iso code\*)

contains\_manufacturers(location\*, iso\_code\*)

Combining into one relation ->

contains\_age\_groups\_manufacturers(location\*, iso\_code\*)

#### Step 6: Multi-valued Attributes

None

## Step 7: Map higher-degree relationships

None

#### Final Schema:

vaccinations\_by\_age\_group(ID, location, date, age\_group, people\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred, people\_fully\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred)

vaccinations\_by\_manufacturer(ID, location, date, vaccine, total\_vaccinations)

vaccinations(ID, iso\_code, location, date, total\_vaccinations, people\_vaccinated,
people\_fully\_vaccinated, total\_boosters, daily\_vaccinations\_raw, daily\_vaccinations,
total\_vaccinations\_per\_hundred, people\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred,
people\_fully\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred, total\_boosters\_per\_hundred,
daily\_vaccinations\_per\_million)

locations (location, iso code, vaccines, last\_observation\_date, source\_name, source\_website)

united\_states(location, total\_vaccinations, date, vaccine, source\_url, people\_vaccinated,
people\_fully\_vaccinated, total\_boosters, iso\_code\*)

us\_state\_vaccinations(date, location\_state, total\_vaccinations, total\_distributed,
people\_vaccinated, people\_fully\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred, total\_vaccinations\_per\_hundred,
people\_fully\_vaccinated, people\_vaccinated\_per\_hundred, distributed\_per\_hundred,
daily\_vaccinations\_raw, daily\_vaccinations, daily\_vaccinations\_per\_million, share\_doses\_used,
location\_country\*)

australia(date, total\_vaccinations, people\_fully\_vaccinated, people\_vaccinated, vaccine, location, source\_url, total\_boosters, iso\_code\*)

**israel**(<u>date</u>, total\_vaccinations, people\_vaccinated, people\_fully\_vaccinated, total\_boosters, location, source\_url, vaccine, iso\_code\*)

france(date, total\_vaccinations, people\_vaccinated, people\_fully\_vaccinated, total\_boosters,
vaccine, location, source\_url, iso\_code\*)

contains\_age\_groups\_manufacturers(location\*, iso\_code\*)

## **Normalisation**

#### First Normal Form (1NF)

All the relations satisfy the 1NF as every value within each tuple component is atomic.

# Second Normal Form (2NF)

The relations with only a single primary key that are in 1NF are also in 2NF. This is because all non-primary key attributes are entirely dependent on the single primary key of their respective relations.

The relations that contain a composite key are also in 2NF. This is because all attributes are functionally dependent on the entire composite key.

## Third Normal Form (3NF)

All relations are in 3NF as no non-primary key attributes are functionally dependent on any non-primary key attributes.

A relation named "contains\_age\_groups\_manufacturers" is created to store each country's official names and ISO codes so that other relations can refer to this relation for country names or ISO codes if required.