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## Section\_001

4/20/2021

# Hat Trick: How, When, and Why Hockey Teams Win Games!

## Background and Motivation

The National Hockey League (NHL) is the premiere hockey league for professional hockey in the United States of America and around the world. Consisting of 31 member teams, the league collects certain data on games and the players that play in the league. For my final project, I will use NHL data, including player statistics, team statistics, game goal statistics, and power play (where one team has a player advantage because the other has incurred a penalty data). The data comes from this source: <https://www.kaggle.com/martinieml/nhl-game-data>

I wanted to do a project on analyzing NHL data because I am an avid watcher of the NHL and hockey generally. Ever since I was young, I have been a fan of hockey. Learning to skate at the age of five, I played youth league and then high school hockey after that before entering college. Throughout my time playing hockey and watching hockey games, there are a surprising number of assumptions that are made about why and how teams win games and players score goals. I thought that this analysis project would be a great way to test some of those assumptions with data analysis to see if they are accurate. This leads me to my questions:

- Which NHL Teams Have Won The Most Games?
- What Were The Top Scoring Seasons?
- What Is The Impact of The Power Play on Goal Scoring and Winning Games?
- How many games were won in OT vs. in regulation?
- Is There a Relationship Between Time on Ice and Goal Scoring?
- Is There a Relationship Between Power Play Time and Goal Scoring?
- Is There a Relationship Between Shots On Net And Goal Scoring?
- Is There a Relationship Between Face Off Win Percentage and Goal Scoring?

## Methodology

```
In [1]: # These are the modules that I will use
```

```
import matplotlib inline
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import matplotlib.style as style

style.use('fivethirtyeight') #I will use this style for my graphs
```

The following cells were used to create scatter plots, bar charts, horizontal bar charts, and regressions for various NHL related data. The bar charts compare: the top winning teams in the time period, the top goal scoring seasons, the number of game winning goals on the power play vs not, and the number of games won in regulation vs the power play. The scatter plots compare: goals among goal scoring players vs time on ice, goals among goal scorers vs power play time on ice, and goals among goal scorers vs shots on net, and face off win percentage vs goals scored among goal scoring players. The data is limited to NHL data since 2000.

```
In [2]: # I will be using four datasets for this analysis
# skater statistics, team statistics, goal statistics, and other game data
```

```
game_skater_stats = pd.read_csv("game_skater_stats.csv")

game_teams_stats = pd.read_csv("game_teams_stats.csv")

game_goals = pd.read_csv("game_goals.csv")

game = pd.read_csv("game.csv")
```

```
/Users/jeremyfrazee/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.8/site-packages/IPython/core/interactiveshell.py:3146: DtypeWarning:
  Columns (2) have mixed types.Specify dtype option on import or set low_memory=False.
  has raised = await self.run_ast_node(code, ast_node, cell_name,
```

```
In [26]: print(game_skater_stats)
```

```
   game_id  player_id  team_id  timeOnIce  assists  goals  shots  \
0    2016020045    846051    4      955      11    0    0    1
1    2016020045    8476906    4    1396      1    0    4    1
2    2016020045    8474668    4     915      0    0    1    1
3    2016020045    8473512    4    1367      3    0    0    0
4    2016020045    8471762    4     676    0    0    0    3
```

```
   ... ..
945825  2018030417    8475807      6    501    0    1    0    1
945826  2018030417    8475149      6    1062    0    0    2    2
945827  2018030417    8475745      6     913    0    0    2    0
945828  2018030417    8478443      6    1006    0    0    1    1
945829  2018030417    8478046      6     909    0    0    0    2
```

```
   hits  powerPlayGoals  powerPlayAssists  ... faceoffTaken  takeaways  \
0      2.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    955      11    0    1.0
1      1.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    1396      1    0    2.0
2      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    915      0    0    1.0
3      1.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    1367      3    0    0.0
4      2.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    676      0    0    0.0
```

```
   ... ..
945825  2.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    501      0    1    0.0
945826  0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    1062      0    0    1.0
945827  3.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    913      0    0    2.0
945828  1.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    1006      0    0    1.0
945829  0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    909      0    0    0.0
```

```
   giveaways  shortHandedGoals  shortHandedAssists  blocked  plusMinus  \
0      1.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    955      11    0    1.0
1      2.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    1396      1    0    2.0
2      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    915      0    0    1.0
3      3.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    1367      3    0    0.0
4      1.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    676      0    0    0.0
```

```
   ... ..
945825  0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    501      0    1    0.0
945826  0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    1062      0    0    1.0
945827  0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    913      0    0    2.0
945828  0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    1006      0    0    1.0
945829  0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0    909      0    0    0.0
```

```
   eventTimeOnIce  shortHandedTimeOnIce  powerPlayTimeOnIce
0      858      97      219
1    1177      0      0
2      805      0      110
3    1083      19      265
4      613      63      0
```

```
   ... ..
945825  ...      ...      ...
945826  957      0      105
945827  903      0      265
945828  1006      0      0
945829  909      0      0
```

```
[945830 rows x 22 columns]
```

```
In [29]: print(game_teams_stats)
```

```
   game_id  team_id  HoA  won  settled_in  REG  Dave Hakstol  goals  \
0    2016020045    4      away  False  REG      Joel Quenneville  4.0
1    2016020045    16    home  True  REG      Joel Quenneville  7.0
2    2017020012    24    away  True  OT      Randy Carlyle  2.0
3    2017020012    7      home  False  OT      Phil Housley  3.0
4    2015020314    21    away  True  REG      Patrick Roy  4.0
```

```
   ... ..
52605  2018030416    19    home  False  REG      Craig Berube  1.0
52606  2018030417    19    away  True  REG      Craig Berube  4.0
52607  2018030417    6      home  False  REG      Bruce Cassidy  1.0
52608  2018030417    19    away  True  REG      Craig Berube  4.0
52609  2018030417    6      home  False  REG      Bruce Cassidy  1.0
```

```
   shots  hits  pim  powerPlayOpportunities  powerPlayGoals  \
0    27.0  30.0  6.0      4.0      6.0      2.0
1    28.0  20.0  8.0      3.0      3.0      2.0
2    34.0  16.0  6.0      3.0      3.0      1.0
3    33.0  17.0  8.0      2.0      2.0      1.0
4    29.0  17.0  9.0      3.0      3.0      1.0
```

```
   ... ..
52605  29.0  29.0  20.0      4.0      4.0      0.0
52606  20.0  36.0  2.0      0.0      0.0      0.0
52607  33.0  28.0  0.0      1.0      1.0      0.0
52608  20.0  36.0  2.0      0.0      0.0      0.0
52609  33.0  28.0  0.0      1.0      1.0      0.0
```

```
   faceOffWinPercentage  giveaways  takeaways  blocked  startRinkSide
0      49.1      50.9      12.0      8.0      9.0      left
1      49.1      7.0      8.0      4.0      14.0      right
2      56.2      5.0      6.0      6.0      14.0      right
3      45.7      13.0      5.0      20.0      left
4      ... ..
```

```
52605  58.7      7.0      11.0      9.0      right
52606  49.0      7.0      8.0      21.0      right
52607  51.0      13.0      6.0      7.0      right
52608  49.0      7.0      8.0      21.0      right
52609  51.0      13.0      6.0      7.0      right
```

```
[52610 rows x 17 columns]
```

```
In [24]: print(game_goals)
```

```
   play_id  strength  gameWinningGoal  emptyNet
0    2016020045      Even  False  False
1    2016020045      Even  False  False
2    2016020045    Power Play  False  False
3    2016020045    Power Play  False  False
4    2016020045    Power Play  False  False
```

```
   ... ..
148987  2018030417      Even  False  False
148988  2018030417      Even  True  True
148989  2018030417      Even  False  False
148990  2018030417      Even  False  False
148991  2018030417      Even  False  False
```

```
[148992 rows x 4 columns]
```

```
In [23]: print(game)
```

```
   game_id  season  type  date_time_GMT  away_team_id  \
0    2016020045  20162018  R  2016-10-19T00:30:00Z      4
1    2017020012  20172018  R  2018-02-07T00:00:00Z      24
2    2015020314  20152016  R  2015-11-24T01:00:00Z      21
3    2015020819  20152016  R  2016-02-17T00:00:00Z      52
4    2017020012  20172018  R  2017-12-30T03:00:00Z      20
```

```
   ... ..
26301  2018030416  20182019  F  2019-06-07T00:00:00Z      6
26302  2018030416  20182019  F  2019-06-10T00:00:00Z      6
26303  2018030417  20182019  F  2019-06-13T00:00:00Z      19
26304  2018030417  20182019  F  2019-06-13T00:00:00Z      19
```

```
   home_team_id  away_goals  home_goals  outcome  \
0      16      4      7      home win REG
1      7      4      3      away win OT
2      52      4      1      away win REG
3      24      1      2      home win REG
4      24      1      2      home win REG
```

```
   ... ..
26300  6      ...      ...      away win REG
26301  19      5      1      away win REG
26302  19      5      1      away win REG
26303  6      52      4      away win REG
26304  6      4      1      away win REG
```

```
   home_rink_side  start  venue  venue_link
0      right  United Center  /api/v1/venues/null
1      left  KeyBank Center  /api/v1/venues/null
2      right  MTS Centre  /api/v1/venues/null
3      right  PNC Arena  /api/v1/venues/null
4      left  Honda Center  /api/v1/venues/null
```

```
   ... ..
26300  left  TD Garden  /api/v1/venues/5085
26301  left  Enterprise Center  /api/v1/venues/5076
26302  left  Enterprise Center  /api/v1/venues/5076
26303  left  TD Garden  /api/v1/venues/5085
26304  left  TD Garden  /api/v1/venues/5085
```

```
   venue_time_zone  id  venue_time_zone_offset  venue_time_zone_tz
0  America/Chicago  -5  CDT
1  America/New_York  -4  EDT
2  America/Winnipeg  -5  CST
3  America/New_York  -4  EDT
4  America/Chicago  -7  EDT
```

```
   ... ..
26300  America/Los_Angeles  -5  PST
26301  America/Chicago  -6  CST
26302  America/Chicago  -6  CST
26303  America/New_York  -5  EST
26304  America/New_York  -5  EST
```

```
[26305 rows x 15 columns]
```

The following dataframe shows the top ten teams that have won games in the aforementioned time period.

```
In [3]: team_id = game_teams_stats["team_id"]

won = game_teams_stats["won"]

frame1 = { 'team_id': team_id, 'won': won }

result1 = pd.DataFrame(frame1)
```

```
result1["won"] = result1["won"].astype(int)

result12 = result1.groupby(['team_id']).count()

result13 = result12.sort_values(by=['won'],ascending=False)

result14 = result13[0:10] #This shows the top ten in the set

print(result14)
```

```
   team_id  won
6    1822    18
14   1804    14
19   1794    19
15   1789    15
28   1787    28
6    1786    6
16   1771    16
3    1768    3
18   1762    18
25   1761    25
```

```
In [4]: # This plot shows goals scored over time
```

```
team_names = ['Bruins','Lightning','Blue','Capitals','Sharks','Penguins','Blackhawks','Rangers','Predators','Stars']

colors = ['aqua','azure','beige','coral','gold','green','indigo','lavender','orange','sienna']

result15 = result14["won"]

frame2 = { 'team_names': team_names, 'result15': result15 }
```

```
result2 = pd.DataFrame(frame2)

lnwon = result2["result15"]

plt.xticks(rotation = 45)

plt.bar(result2["team_names"],lnwon,color=colors)
```

```
plt.title("Top Winning Teams From 2000-2019")

plt.xlabel("Teams")

plt.ylabel("Number of Games Won")
```

```
plt.ylim(1600, 1900) #This limits the y axis to show the change
```



The following dataframe shows the top seasons in which goals were scored among the time period in the data set.

```
In [9]: season = game["season"]

totalgoals = game["away_goals"]+game["home_goals"]

frame3 = { 'season': season, 'totalgoals': totalgoals }
```

```
result3 = pd.DataFrame(frame3)

result31 = result3.groupby(['season']).count()

result32 = result31.sort_values(by=['totalgoals'],ascending=False)

result33 = result32[0:10] #This shows the top ten in the set

print(result33)
```

```
   season  totalgoals
20162019    2720
20102011    2425
20172018    1363
2013014    1323
2015017    1323
2015016    1321
20142015    1319
20102011    1319
20112012    1316
20092010    1230
```

```
In [6]: # This graph shows the most goals scored from season to season
```

```
season_names = ["2018-2019","2019-2020","2017-2018","2013-2014","2016-2017","2015-2016","2014-2015","2010-2011","2011-2012","2009-2010"]

Intotalgoals = np.log10(result33["totalgoals"])

plt.barh(season_names,result33["totalgoals"],color=colors)
```

```
plt.xlabel("Number of Goals Scored")

plt.ylabel("Season")

plt.title("Top Scoring Seasons")
```

```
Out[6]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Top Scoring Seasons')
```



The following dataframe shows the amount of game winning goals that have been scored on the power play vs in regulation.

```
In [7]: strength = game_goals["strength"]

gameWinningGoal = game_goals["gameWinningGoal"]

frame4 = { 'strength': strength, 'gameWinningGoal': gameWinningGoal }
```

```
result5 = pd.DataFrame(frame4)

result51 = result5[strength=="Power Play"]

result51["gameWinningGoal"] = result51["gameWinningGoal"].astype(int)
```

```
result52 = result51.groupby(['gameWinningGoal']).count() #Groups by and counts gamewinning goals

print(result52)
```

```
   gameWinningGoal  strength
0      2325
1      5228
```

```
Kipython-input-7-547dca9820b5:16: SettingWithCopyWarning:
  A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
  Try using loc[columns,index] or i.index[i] = value instead.

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
result51["gameWinningGoal"] = result51["gameWinningGoal"].astype(int)
```

```
In [8]: # This graph shows if the game winning goals were on the power play across the various seasons
```

```
gameWinninggoalsnames = ["No","Yes"]

noyescol = ['red','green']

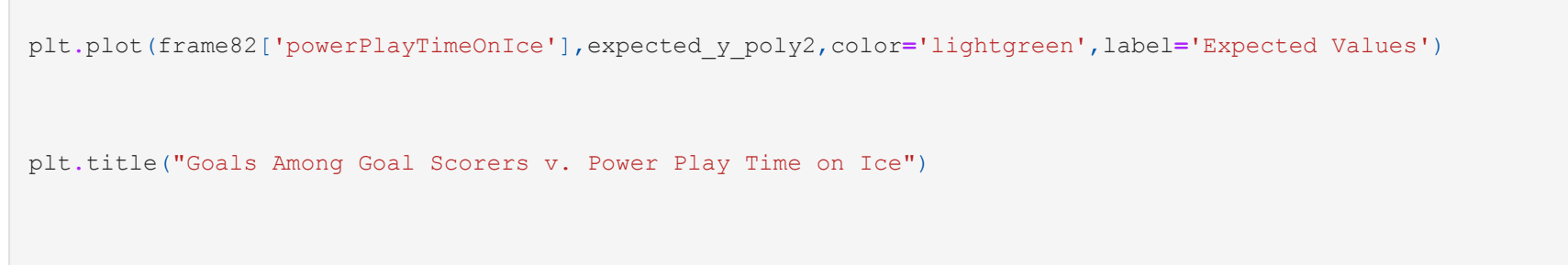
plt.bar(gameWinninggoalsnames,result52["strength"],color=noyescol)
```

```
plt.xlabel("If Goal Was Game Winning")

plt.ylabel("Frequency")

plt.title("Number of Game Winning Goals on PowerPlay From 2000-2019")
```

```
Out[8]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Number of Game Winning Goals on PowerPlay From 2000-2019')
```



The following dataframe shows the number of games won on the power play vs in regulation

```
In [9]: won4 = game_teams_stats["won"]

settled_in = game_teams_stats["settled_in"]

frame5 = { 'won4': won4, 'settled_in': settled_in }
```

```
result6 = pd.DataFrame(frame5)

result6["won4"] = result6["won4"].astype(int)
```

```
result61 = result6.groupby(['settled_in']).count() #This groups by the period the games were won in and counts

result62 = result61[0:2] #This shows OT v. Regulation

print(result62)
```

```
   settled_in  won4
OT      12256
REG     40396
```

```
In [10]: twocol = ['cyan','coral']

final_game_team_resultdfnames = ['OT','Regulation']

plt.bar(final_game_team_resultdfnames,result62["won4"],color=twocol)
```

```
plt.ylabel("Frequency")

plt.xlabel("Period Game Was Won In")

plt.title("Number of Games Won During Regulation v. PowerPlay From 2000-2019")
```

```
Out[10]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Number of Games Won During Regulation v. PowerPlay From 2000-2019')
```



The following dataframe shows the time on ice vs goals scored for each player in the league during this time period.

```
In [11]: timeonice = game_skater_stats["timeOnIce"]

goals = game_skater_stats["goals"]

frame7 = { 'timeonice': timeonice, 'goals': goals }
```

```
result7 = pd.DataFrame(frame7)

result71 = result7[goals>0] #Shows goals among goal scores and time on ice

print(result71)
```

```
   timeonice  goals
12    1092      1
14    1033      1
17    1326      1
18    723      1
20    652      1
... ..
945795  1516      1
945800  828      1
945807  1136      1
945811  983      1
945820  1076      1
```

```
[130814 rows x 2 columns]
```

```
In [12]: # Plots Data and expected values for time on ice and goals scored among goal scorers
```

```
plt.scatter(result71["timeonice"],result71["goals"],label='Data')

poly_parameters = np.polyfit(result71["timeonice"], result71["goals"], 2)

# This uses polyfit to create the expected values
my_poly_function = np.polyd(poly_parameters)

expected_y_poly = my_poly_function(result71["timeonice"])
```

```
plt.plot(result71["timeonice"],expected_y_poly,color='orange',label='Expected Values')

plt.legend()

plt.title("Goals Among Goal Scoring Players v. Time On Ice")

plt.ylabel("Goals")

plt.xlabel("Time On Ice (Seconds)")
```

```
Out[12]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Time On Ice (Seconds)')
```



The following dataframe shows the power play goals scored among goal scorers and players' respective power play time on ice during the time period in the data set.

```
In [13]: pptimeonice = game_skater_stats["powerPlayTimeOnIce"]

goals2 = game_skater_stats["powerPlayGoals"]

frame8 = { 'powerPlayTimeOnIce': pptimeonice, 'powerPlayGoals': goals2 }
```

```
frame81 = pd.DataFrame(frame8)

frame82 = frame81[goals2>0] #This shows power play goals among goal scorers

print(frame82)
```

```
   powerPlayTimeOnIce  powerPlayGoals
14      170      1
17      271      1
18      96      1
32     154      1
48     154      1
... ..
945807  23      1
945820  307      1
945828  203      1
945866  130      1
945722  130      1
```

```
[33741 rows x 2 columns]
```

```
In [14]: # This plots the goals among goal scorers vs power play time on ice
```

```
# This creates the expected values
poly_parameters2 = np.polyfit(frame82["powerPlayTimeOnIce"], frame82["powerPlayGoals"], 3)

my_poly_function2 = np.polyd(poly_parameters2)

expected_y_poly2 = my_poly_function2(frame82["powerPlayTimeOnIce"])
```

```
plt.scatter(frame82["powerPlayTimeOnIce"],frame82["powerPlayGoals"],color='magenta',label='Data')

plt.plot(frame82["powerPlayTimeOnIce"],expected_y_poly2,color='lightgreen',label='Expected Values')

plt.title("Goals Among Goal Scorers v. Power Play Time on Ice")

plt.ylabel("Goals")

plt.xlabel("Power Play Time on Ice (Seconds)")

plt.legend()
```

```
Out[14]: Matplotlib.Legend.Legend at 0x7fce3d6d8910:
```



The following dataframe shows the shots on net v. goals scored among goal scorers across all the seasons in the data set.

```
In [15]: shots = game_skater_stats["shots"]

goals3 = game_skater_stats["goals"]

frame9 = { 'shots': shots, 'goals3': goals3 }
```

```
result9 = pd.DataFrame(frame9)

result91 = result9[goals3>0] # This shows the shots and goals scored among goal scorers

print(result91)
```

```
   shots  goals3
12      2      1
14      3      1
17      6      1
18      2      1
20      1      1
... ..
945795  49.1      1
945800  2.1      1
945807  2.1      1
945811  3.1      1
945820  2.1      1
```

```
[130814 rows x 2 columns]
```

```
In [16]: # This creates the data and expected values graphs for shots on net and goals scored among goal scorers
```

```
# This creates the expected values using polyfit
poly_parameters3 = np.polyfit(result91["shots"], result91["goals3"], 2)

my_poly_function3 = np.polyd(poly_parameters3)

expected_y_poly3 = my_poly_function3(result91["shots"])
```

```
plt.scatter(result91["shots"],result91["goals3"],color='black',label='Data')

plt.plot(result91["shots"],expected_y_poly3,color='green',label='Expected Values')

plt.title("Goals Among Goal Scorers v. Shots On Net")

plt.ylabel("Goals")

plt.xlabel("Shots On Net")

plt.legend()
```

```
Out[16]: Matplotlib.Legend.Legend at 0x7fce3d6d8910:
```





```
In [18]: # This shows the goals scored among goal scorers v. face off win percentage with expected values with a regression
# This uses polyfit to create the expected values
poly_parameters4 = np.polyfit(result102['faceOffWinPercentage'], result102['goals2'], 1)

my_poly_function4 = np.polyid(poly_parameters4)

expected_y_poly4 = my_poly_function4(result102['faceOffWinPercentage'])

plt.scatter(result102['faceOffWinPercentage'],result102['goals2'],color='teal',label='Data')

plt.plot(result102['faceOffWinPercentage'],expected_y_poly4,color='maroon',label='Expected Values')

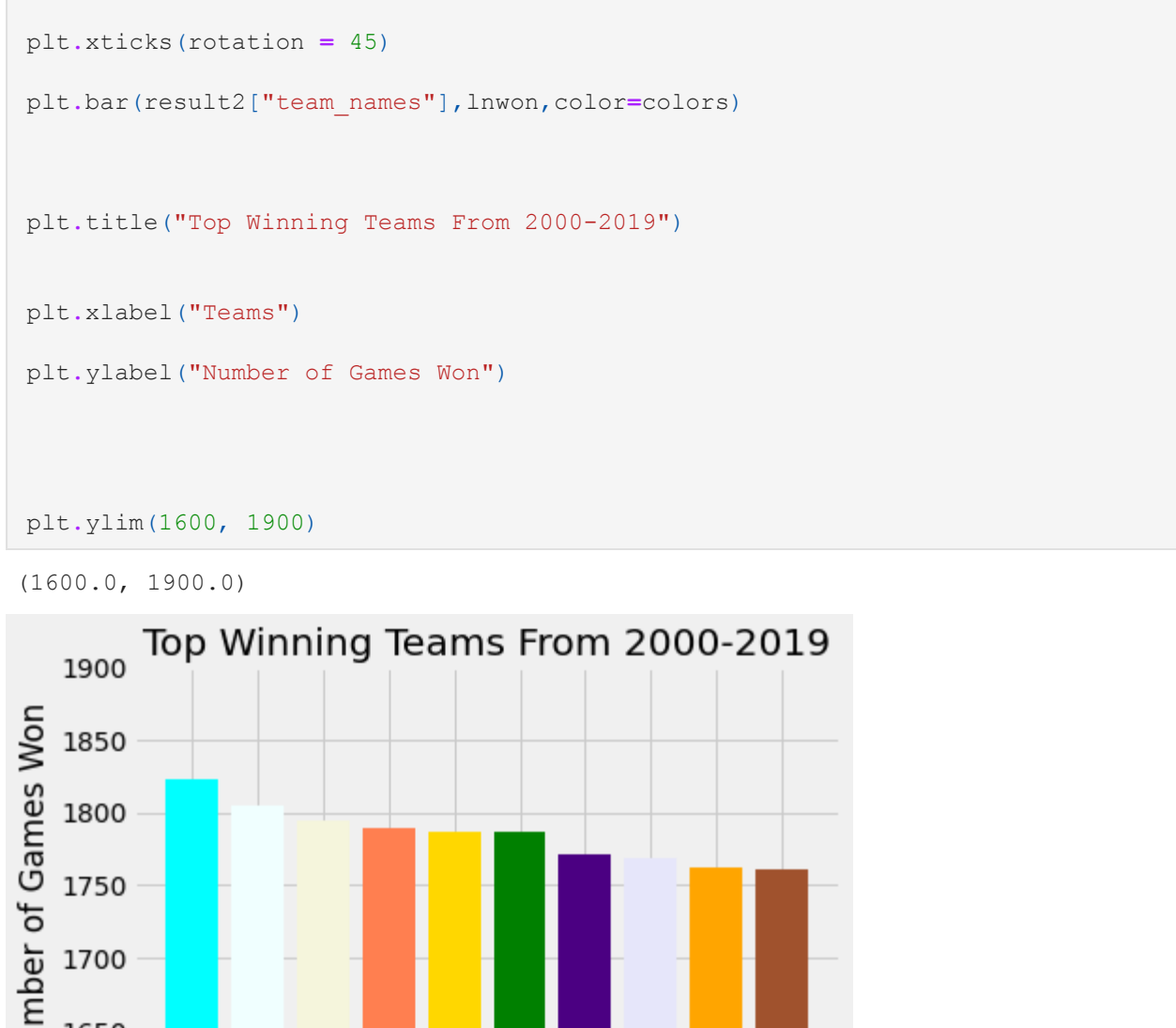
plt.title("Goals Scored Among Goal Scorers v. Face Off Win Percentage")

plt.ylabel("Goals Scored")

plt.xlabel("Face Off Win Percentage")

plt.legend()
```

Out [18]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7fce59180640>

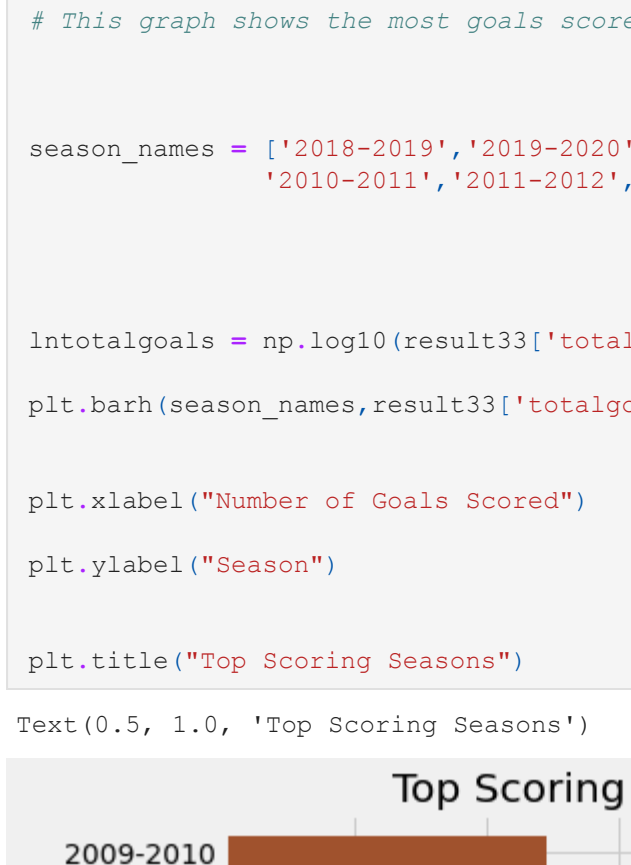


## Results

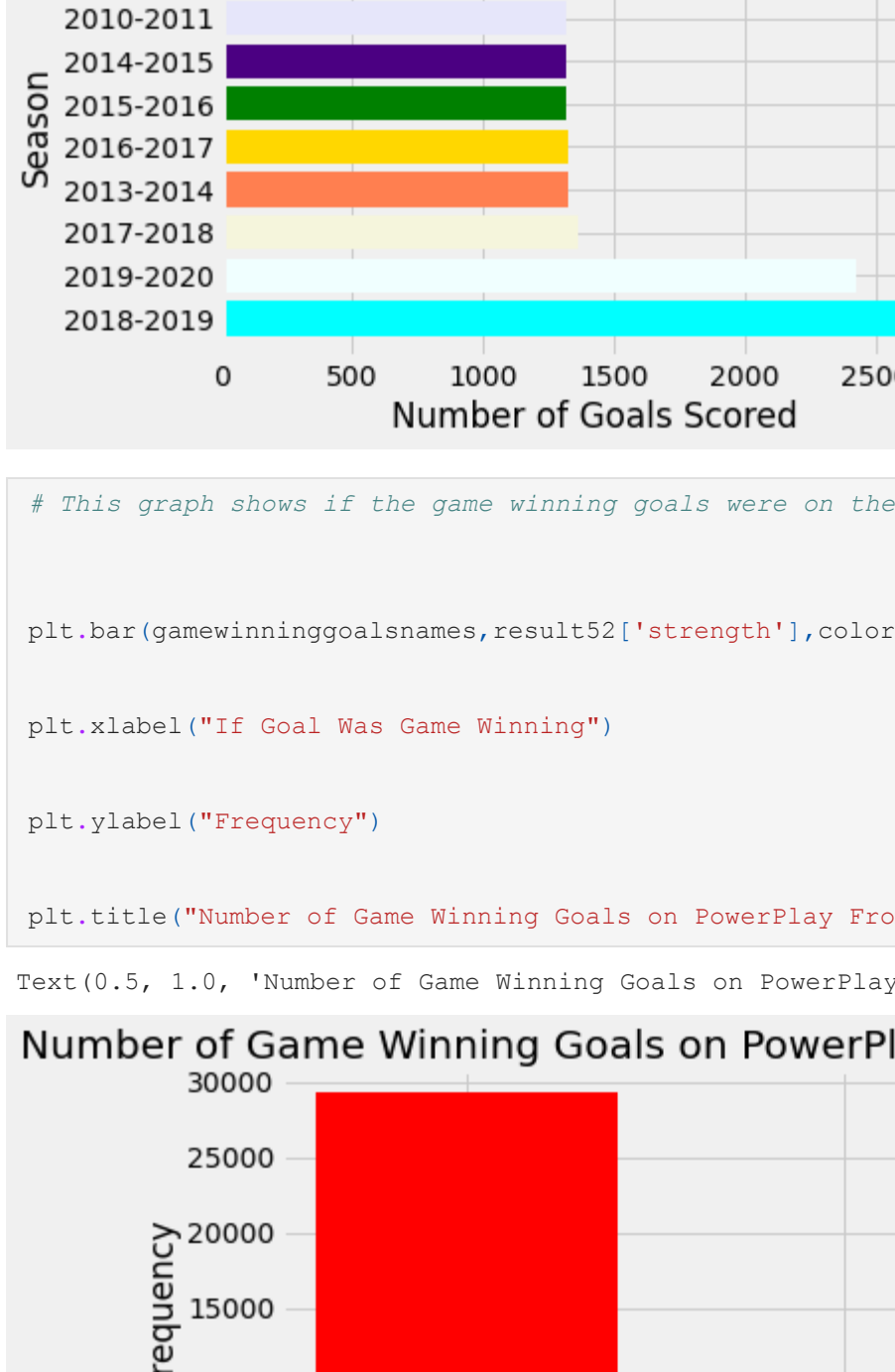
```
In [19]: # This plot shows goals scored over time

plt.xticks(rotation = 45)

plt.bar(result2['team_names'],lnwon,color=colors)
```



Out [19]: (1600.0, 1900.0)

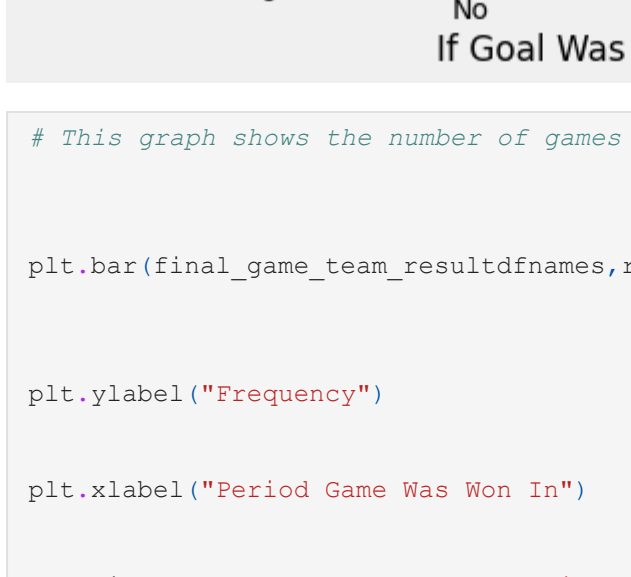


```
In [20]: # This graph shows the most goals scored from season to season

season_names = ['2018-2019','2019-2020','2017-2018','2013-2014','2016-2017','2015-2016','2014-2015',
                '2010-2011','2011-2012','2009-2010']

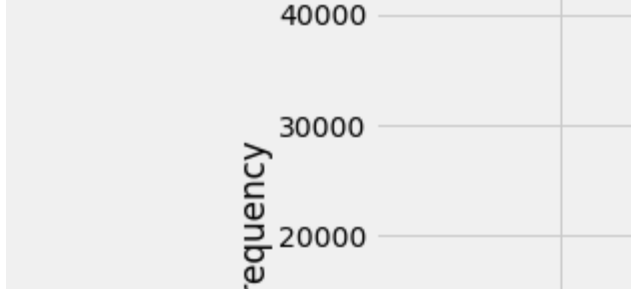
Intotalgoals = np.log10(result33['totalgoals'])

plt.barh(season_names,result33['totalgoals'],color=colors)
```

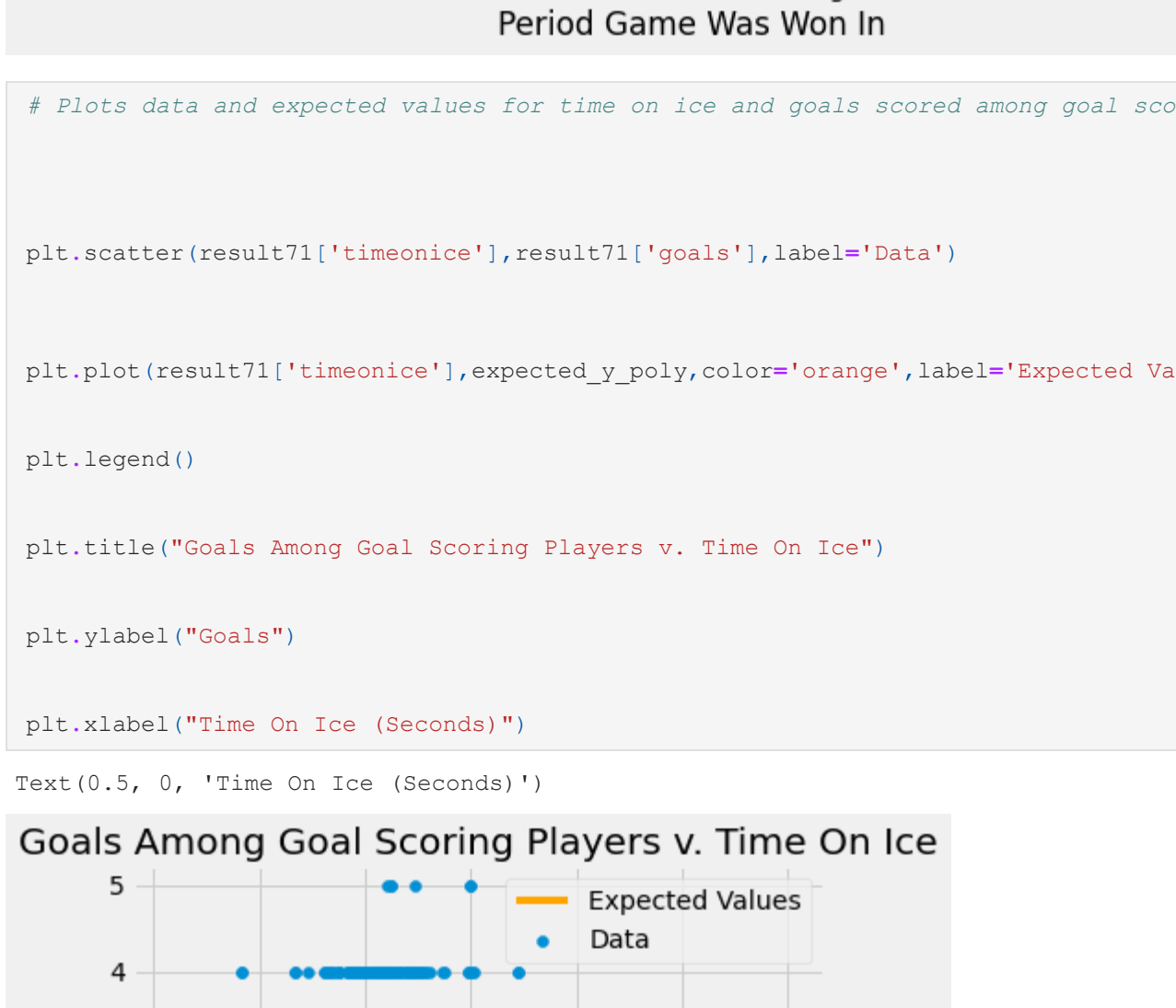


```
In [21]: # This graph shows if the game winning goals were on the power play across the various seasons

plt.bar(gamewinninggoalsnames,result52['strength'],color=noyescol)
```

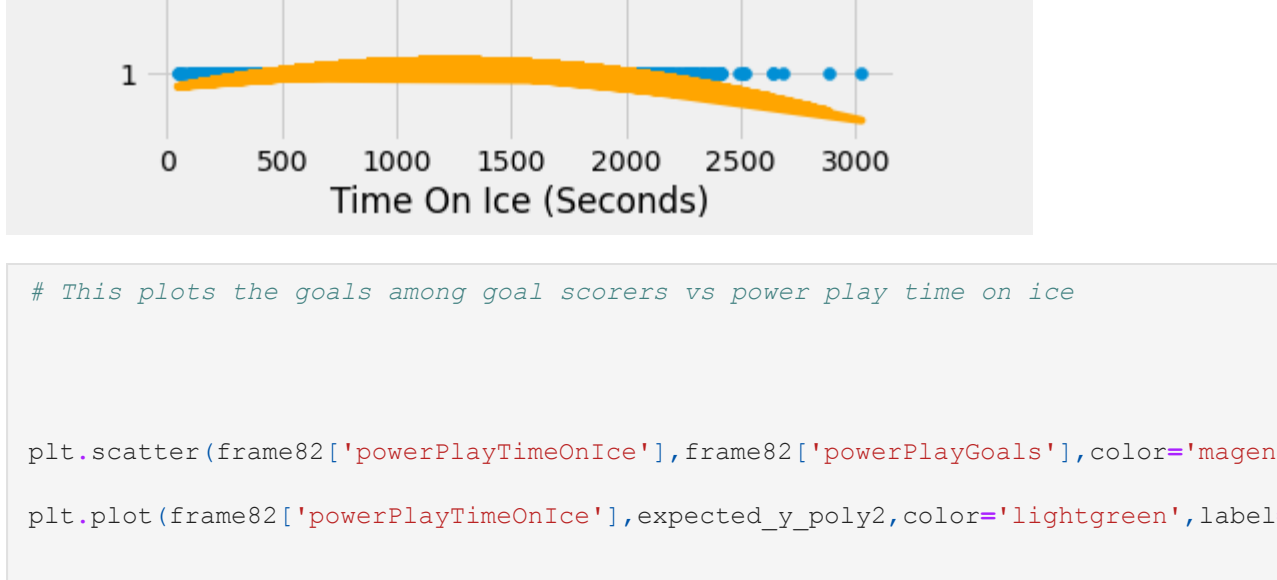


```
Out [21]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Number of Game Winning Goals on PowerPlay From 2000-2019')
```



```
In [22]: # This graph shows the number of games won during the Powerplay vs during regulation in the time period

plt.bar(final_game_team_resultdfnames,result62['won4'],color=tocco1)
```



```
Out [22]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Number of Games Won During Regulation v. PowerPlay From 2000-2019')
```

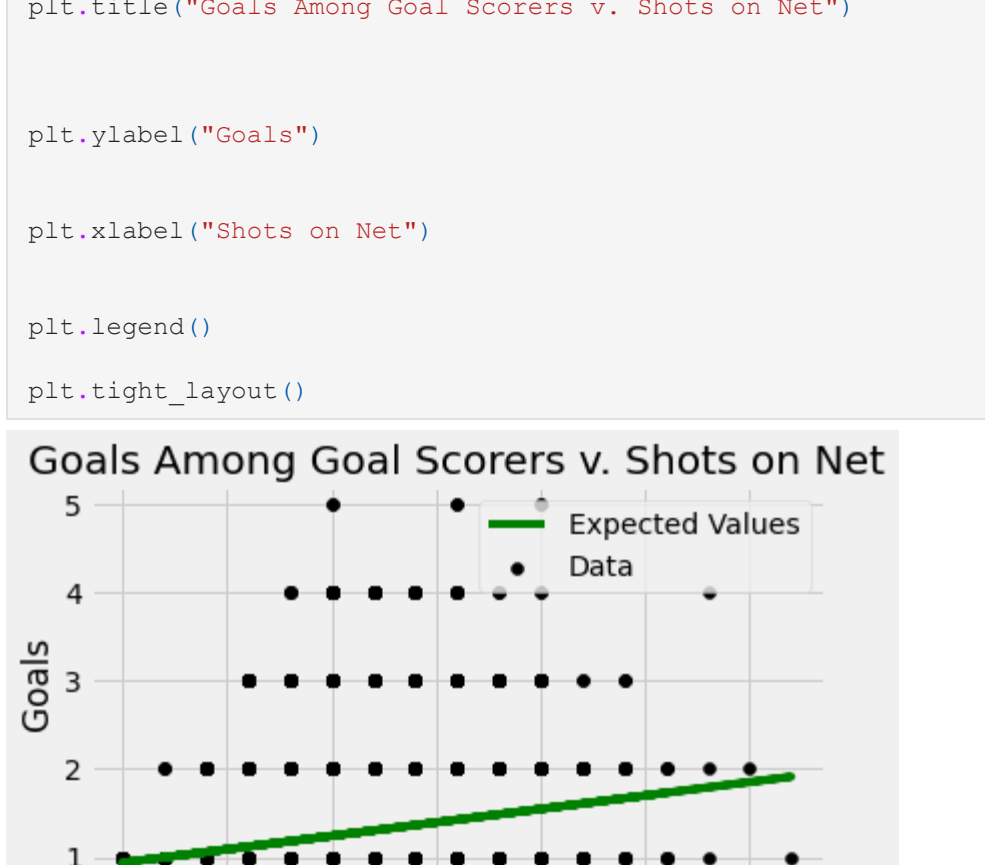


```
In [23]: # Plots data and expected values for time on ice and goals scored among goal scorers

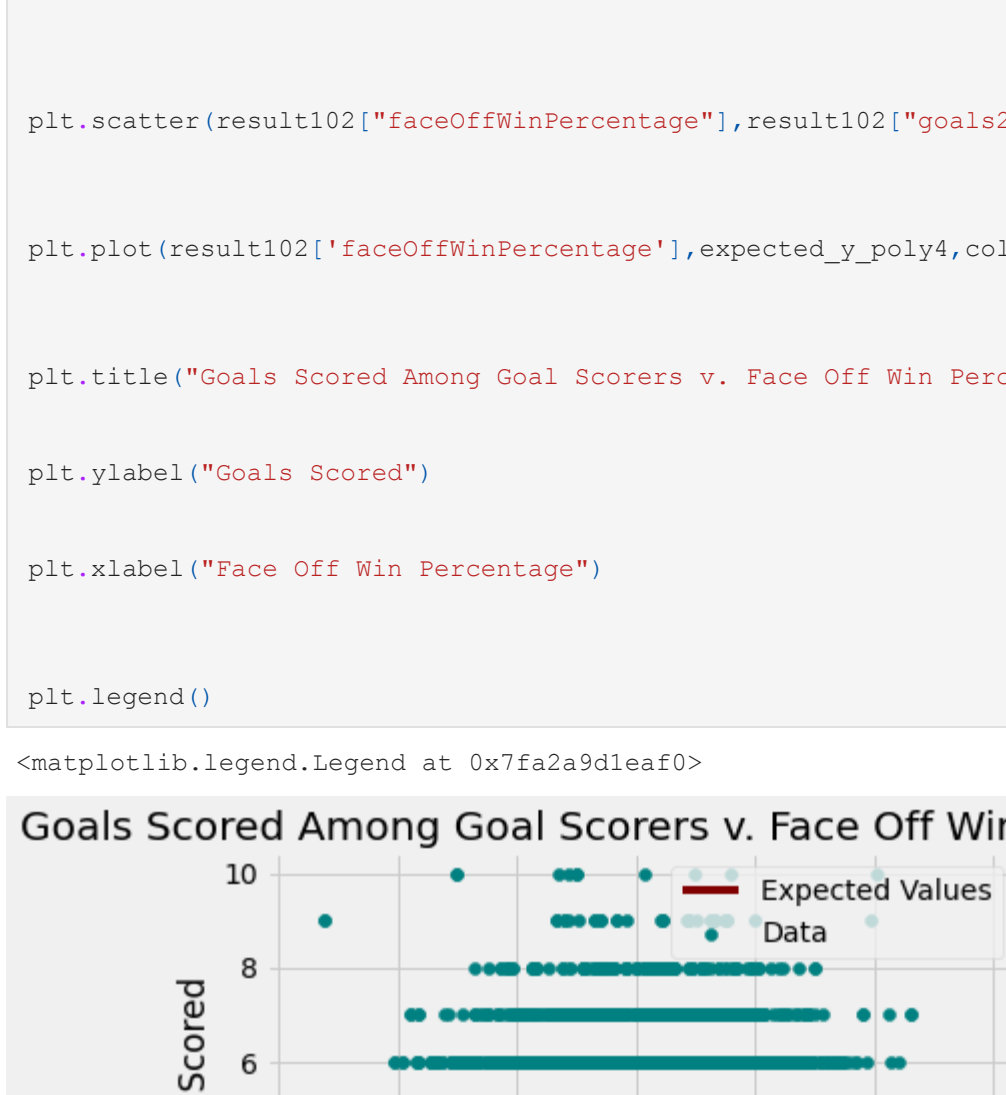
plt.scatter(result71['timeonice'],result71['goals'],label='Data')

plt.plot(result71['timeonice'],expected_y_poly,color='orange',label='Expected Values')

plt.legend()
```



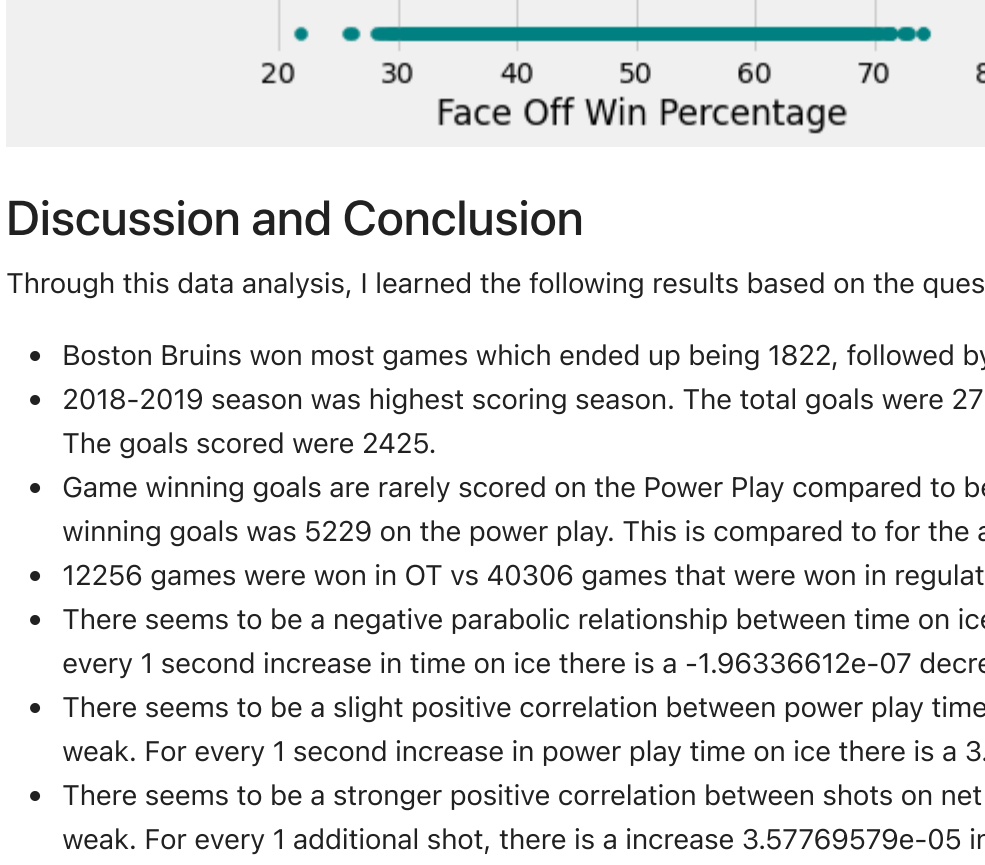
```
Out [23]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Time On Ice (Seconds)')
```



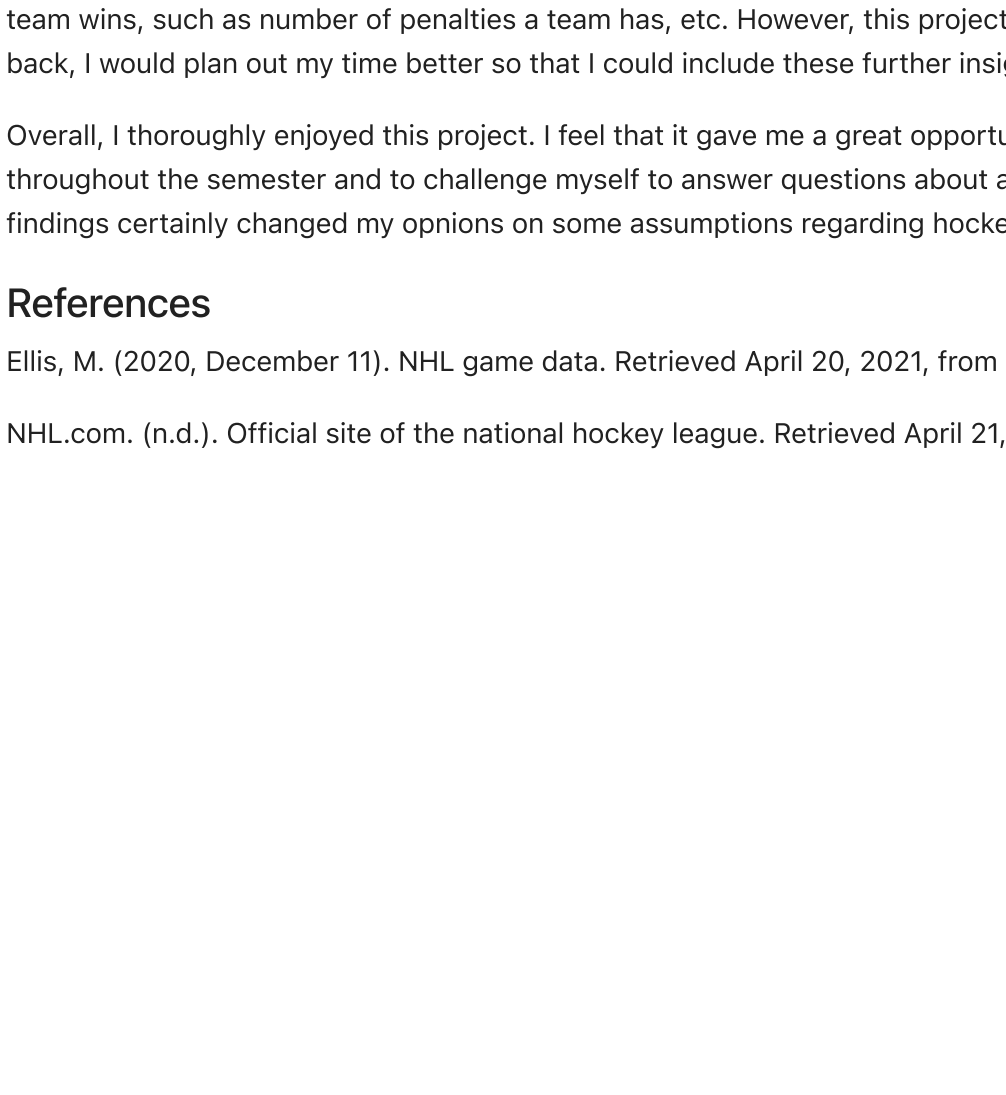
```
In [40]: # This plots the goals among goal scorers vs power play time on ice

plt.scatter(frame82['powerPlayTimeOnIce'],frame82['powerPlayGoals'],color='magenta',label='Data')

plt.plot(frame82['powerPlayTimeOnIce'],expected_y_poly2,color='lightgreen',label='Expected Values')
```



```
Out [40]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7fa2a9a25c10>
```



```
In [24]: # This creates the data and expected values graphs for shots on net and goals scored among goal scorers

plt.scatter(result91['shots'],result91['goals3'],color='black',label='Data')

plt.plot(result91['shots'],expected_y_poly3,color='green',label='Expected Values')
```



```
Out [24]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7fa2a9d4eaf0>
```



```
In [42]: # This shows the goals scored among goal scorers v. face off win percentage with expected values with a regression

plt.scatter(result102['faceOffWinPercentage'],result102['goals2'],color='teal',label='Data')

plt.plot(result102['faceOffWinPercentage'],expected_y_poly4,color='maroon',label='Expected Values')
```



```
Out [42]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7fa2a9d4eaf0>
```



## Discussion and Conclusion

Through this data analysis, I learned the following results based on the questions that I asked:

- Boston Bruins won most games which ended up being 1822, followed by the Tampa Bay Lightning which was 1804.
- 2018-2019 season was highest scoring season. The total goals were 2720. The next highest scoring season was 2019-2020. The goals scored were 2425.
- Game winning goals are rarely scored on the Power Play compared to being scored when teams are even. The amount of game winning goals was 5220 on the power play. This is compared to for the alternative which is 29295 games.
- 12256 games were won in OT vs 40306 games that were won in regulation.
- There seems to be a negative parabolic relationship between time on ice and goal scoring. However, the relationship is weak. For every 1 second increase in time on ice there is a  $-1.96336612 \times 10^{-7}$  decrease in goals scored.
- There seems to be a slight positive correlation between power play time on ice and goal scoring. However, the relationship is weak. For every 1 second increase in power play time on ice there is a  $3.78469208 \times 10^{-10}$  increase in goals scored.
- There seems to be a stronger positive correlation between shots on net and goal scoring. However, the relationship is relatively weak. For every 1 additional shot, there is an increase  $3.57769579 \times 10^{-5}$  in goals scored.
- There seems to be a slight positive correlation between face off win percentages and goal scoring. However, the relationship is weak. For every additional increase in win face off win percentage, there is a  $0.00561519$  increase in goal scoring.

If I were to do this project over, I think that I would try to further subset the data to see if I could get more insights into goal scoring and wins based on each individual season. I would also seek additional data so that I could test other impacts on goal scoring and team wins, such as number of penalties a team has, etc. However, this project was much larger than I initially planned. If I could go back, I would plan out my time better so that I could include these further insights.

Overall, I thoroughly enjoyed this project. I feel that it gave me a great opportunity to use the data analysis skills I have honed throughout the semester and to challenge myself to answer questions about a topic that I am extremely fond of. I know that my findings certainly changed my opinions on some assumptions regarding hockey and I hope that it does the same for others.

## References

Ellis, M. (2020, December 11). NHL game data. Retrieved April 20, 2021, from <https://www.kaggle.com/martinellis/nhl-game-data>

NHL.com. (n.d.). Official site of the national hockey league. Retrieved April 21, 2021, from <https://www.nhl.com/>