Exercise 1:

 $M^{(0)} = Tr(M_{\alpha\beta}) = M^{\alpha}_{\alpha}$   $(ABC)^{\alpha}_{\beta} = A^{\alpha}_{\delta} B^{\delta}_{\delta} C^{\delta}_{\beta}$   $Tr(ABC) = (ABC)^{\alpha}_{\alpha}$   $= A^{\alpha}_{\delta} B^{\delta}_{\lambda} C^{\lambda}_{\alpha}$   $= C^{\lambda}_{\alpha} A^{\alpha}_{\delta} B^{\delta}_{\lambda}$   $= (CAB)^{\lambda}_{\lambda}$  = Tr(CAB)

Since cyclic permutations of ABC have adjacent indicies which get summed over,

Tr(ABC) = Tr(CAB) = Tr(BCA)

Exercise 2:

$$M_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{3} M^{(0)} S_{\alpha\beta} + \frac{1}{4} M_{\mu}^{(1)} \epsilon_{\mu\alpha\beta} + M_{\alpha\beta}^{(2)}$$

$$M_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{3} M_{88} \delta_{\alpha\beta} + \frac{1}{4} \epsilon_{\mu\alpha\beta} \epsilon_{\mu\lambda\sigma} (M_{\lambda\sigma} - M_{\sigma\lambda}) + (\underline{M_{\alpha\beta} + M_{\beta\alpha}}) - \frac{1}{3} M_{\mu\mu} \delta_{\alpha\beta}$$

$$M_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{4} \epsilon_{\mu\alpha\rho} \epsilon_{\mu\lambda\sigma} (M_{\lambda\sigma} - M_{\sigma\lambda}) + \frac{1}{2} (M_{\alpha\beta} + M_{\beta\alpha})$$

$$M_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{4} (8_{\alpha\lambda} 8_{\beta\sigma} - 8_{\alpha\sigma} 8_{\beta\lambda}) (M_{\lambda\sigma} - M_{\sigma\lambda}) + \frac{1}{2} (M_{\alpha\beta} + M_{\beta\alpha})$$

$$M_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{4} \left( M_{\alpha\beta} + M_{\alpha\beta} - M_{\beta\alpha} - M_{\beta\alpha} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( M_{\alpha\beta} + M_{\beta\alpha} \right)$$

Exercise 3:

$$R[\tilde{\alpha}jm] = \prod_{qm'} (RT_{q}^{(M)}R^{\dagger})R[\alpha'j'm') (j'm'; \kappa q|jm)$$

$$But RT_{q}^{(K)}R^{\dagger} = \prod_{q'=-K} T_{q'} d_{q'q}$$

$$and R[j'm') = \sum_{m''} d_{m''m'} |j'm'\rangle$$

$$R[\tilde{\alpha}jm] =$$

$$\prod_{qq'm'm'} T_{q'}^{(K)} |\alpha'j'm''\rangle (j'm'; \kappa q|jm) d_{q'q}^{(K)} d_{m''m}$$

$$R[\tilde{\alpha}jm] = \prod_{q'm''} T_{q'}^{(K)} |\alpha'j'm''\rangle$$

$$\times \prod_{qm'} (j'm''; \kappa q'|R|j'm'') (j'm''; \kappa q'|R|jm)$$

$$R[\tilde{\alpha}jm] = \prod_{q'm''} T_{q'}^{(K)} |\alpha'j'm''\rangle (j'm''; \kappa q'|R|jm)$$

$$R[\tilde{\alpha}jm] = \prod_{q'm''m'} T_{q'}^{(K)} |\alpha'j'm''\rangle (j'm''; \kappa q'|R|jm)$$

$$R[\tilde{\alpha}jm] = \prod_{q'm''m'} T_{q'}^{(K)} |\alpha'j'm''\rangle (j'm''; \kappa q'|R|jm)$$

$$R[\tilde{\alpha}jm] = \prod_{q'm''m'} T_{q'}^{(K)} |\alpha'j'm''\rangle (j'm''; \kappa q'|R|jm)$$

$$R(\alpha j m) = \sum_{q'm'm''} \overline{(q')}(\alpha'j'm'') \langle j'm''; kq'|jm'\rangle$$

$$\times d_{m'm}^{(j)}$$

$$R(\alpha j m) = \sum_{q'm'm''} \overline{(q')}(\alpha'j'm'') \langle jm'|j'm''; kq'\rangle$$

$$\times d_{m'm}^{(j)}$$

$$\times d_{m'm}^{(j)}$$

$$R(\alpha j m) = \sum_{m'} \overline{(\alpha j m'')} d_{m'm}^{(j)}$$

$$\langle \sigma_{x} \rangle = c_{+}^{*}C_{-} + c_{+}c_{-}^{*}$$

$$\langle \sigma_{g} \rangle = -iC_{+}^{*}C_{-} + iC_{+}C_{-}^{*}$$

$$\langle \sigma_{e} \rangle = |C_{+}|^{2} - |C_{-}|^{2}$$

$$\langle \vec{\sigma} \rangle = |C_{+}|^{2} - |C_{-}|^{2}$$

$$\langle \vec{\sigma} \rangle = |C_{+}|^{2} - |C_{-}|^{2}$$

$$|C_{+}|^{2} = |C_{+}|^{2} + |C_{-}|^{2} + |C_{-}|^{2}$$

$$+ |C_{+}|^{2} - |C_{-}|^{2} \rangle^{2}$$

$$|C_{-}|^{2} = |C_{+}|^{2} |C_{-}|^{2} + |C_{-}|^{2} + |C_{-}|^{2}$$

$$+ |C_{+}|^{4} - 2|C_{+}|^{2} |C_{-}|^{2} + |C_{-}|^{4} \rangle^{2}$$

$$|C_{-}|^{2} \rangle^{2} = |C_{+}|^{4} + |C_{-}|^{2} = 1$$