

PHYS 631: Quantum Mechanics I (Fall 2020)
Exercises 20 October 2020 (Tuesday, Week 4)
Due Monday, 26 October 2020

Exercise 2. Recall that the position-representation propagator is just a representation of the unitary time-evolution operator:

$$K(x, t; x_0, t_0) := \langle x | U(t, t_0) | x_0 \rangle. \quad (1)$$

Recall also that a common notation is

$$K(x, t; x_0, t_0) := \langle x, t | x_0, t_0 \rangle. \quad (2)$$

(a) Show that this notation works out if

$$|x, t\rangle = e^{+iHt/\hbar} |x\rangle, \quad (3)$$

in the case of a time-independent Hamiltonian.

(b) Note that this is *backwards* from what you expect from ordinary time evolution, because forward time evolution has the form $U(t, 0) = e^{-iHt/\hbar}$. So then what is $|x, t\rangle$? Show that it may be interpreted as the eigenstate of the *Heisenberg-picture* operator $x(t)$. What is the eigenvalue?

You'll want to transform to the Schrödinger picture here; if you don't remember how, try working it out rather than looking it up, remembering that $\langle \psi(t) | Q(0) | \psi(t) \rangle = \langle \psi(0) | Q(t) | \psi(0) \rangle$, and $|\psi(t)\rangle = U(t, 0) |\psi(0)\rangle$. Here, $Q(t)$ and $|\psi(0)\rangle$ are in the Heisenberg picture, while $Q(0)$ and $|\psi(t)\rangle$ are in the Schrödinger picture.