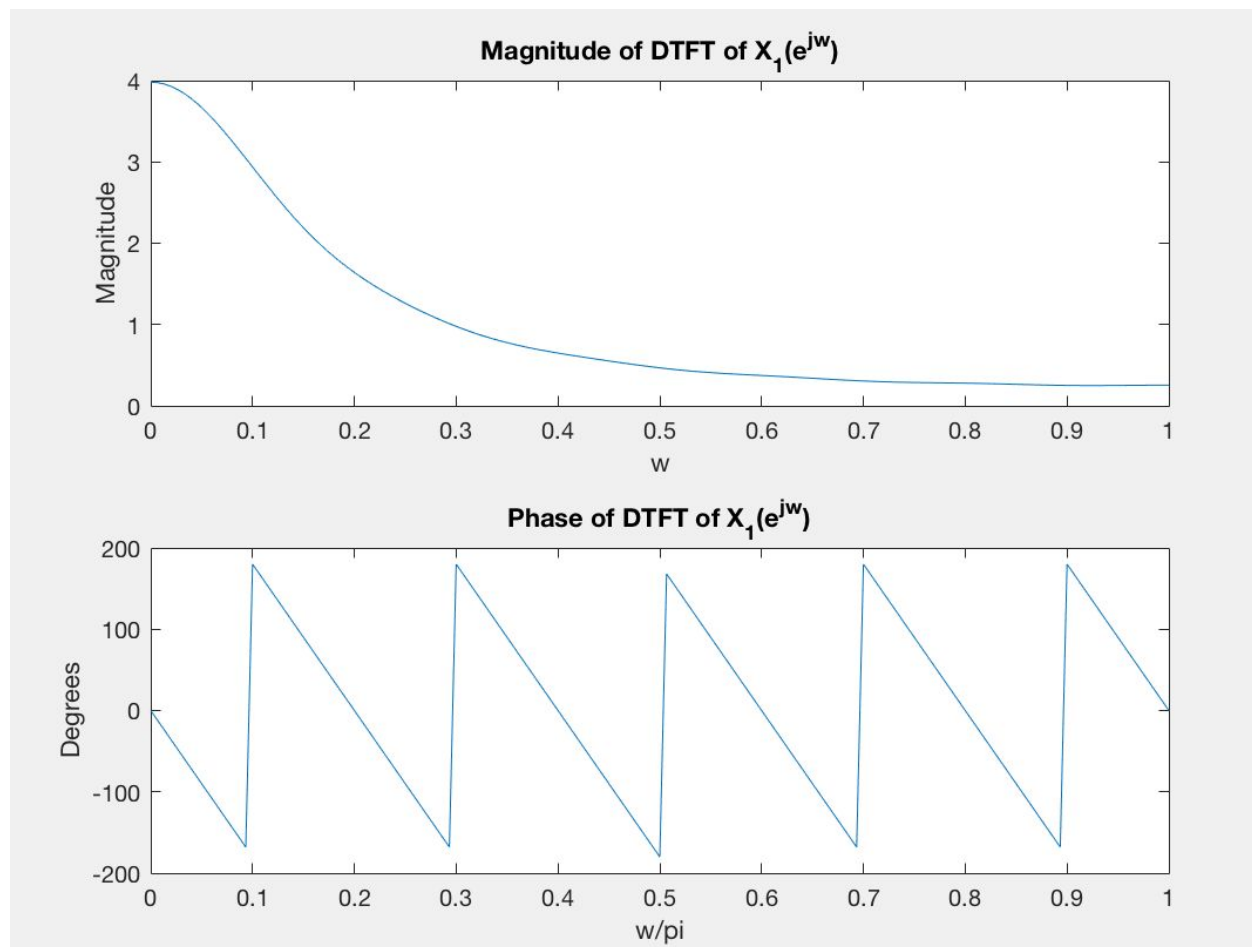


Jeremy Liem

EE 442

Homework 2



Code:

```
%% EE 442 Homework 2 2018
```

```
% Ingle & Proakis
```

```
n1 = -10 : 10;
```

```
x1 = 0.6.^abs(n1);
```

```
N1 = length(n1);
```

```
N = 300;
```

```

x1 = [x1,zeros(1,N-N1)];
X1 = fft(x1, N);
w = (0:N/2)*2*pi/N;
magx1 = abs(X1(1:N/2+1));
phax1 = angle(X1(1:N/2+1))*180/pi;
figure;
subplot(2,1,1);
plot(w/pi,magx1);
title('Magnitude of DTFT of X_1(e^{jw})');
xlabel('w');
ylabel('Magnitude');
subplot(2,1,2);
plot(w/pi, phax1);
title('Phase of DTFT of X_1(e^{jw})');
xlabel('w/pi');
ylabel('Degrees');

```

Jeremy Liem

EE 442

5.30  $x(n) = \{5, -4, 3\}$

$Y(K) = 8$  point DFT

$$y(n) = Y(K) = W_8^{5K} X(-K)_8$$

$$Y(K) = \text{IDFT} (W_8^{5K} X(-K)_8)$$

$$= \text{IDFT} [X((-K)_8)]_{n \rightarrow n-5}$$

$$= [X(5-n)]_{n \rightarrow n-5}$$

$$X(K) = \{3, -4, 5\}$$

$$X[5-n] = \{0, 0, 0, 3, -4, 5, 0, 0\}$$

$$\text{DFT} [X((n-m)_N)_N] = W_N^{km} X(K)$$

5.31

i) N-Point Circular convolution.

$$X_1(n) = \{1, -1, 1, -1\}_{N=5} \rightarrow \{1, -1, 1, -1, 0\}$$

$$X_2(n) = \{1, 0, -1, 0\}_{N=5} \rightarrow \{1, 0, -1, 0, 0\}$$

$N=5$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} & 1 & & \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & & \\ & 1 & & & \end{array} =$$

$n=0 \quad z(n)=2$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} & 1 & & \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & -1 & & \\ & 1 & & & \end{array}$$

$n=1 \quad z(n)=-1$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} & 1 & & \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 & & \\ & 1 & & & \end{array}$$

$n=2 \quad z(n)=0$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} & 1 & & \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & & \\ & 1 & & & \end{array}$$

$n=3 \quad z(n)=-1$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} & 1 & & \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & & \\ & 1 & & & \end{array}$$

$n=4 \quad z(n)=-1$

$$X_3(n) = [2, -1, 0, 0, -1]$$

ii) Linear convolution

$$0 \quad -1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad -1 \quad 1 \quad -1$$

$$x_4[n] = [1, -1, 0, 0, -1, 1, 0]$$

(ii) Error

$$e[n] = x_5 = x_3 - x_4$$

$$= [2, -1, 0, 0, -1]$$

$$[1, -1, 0, 0, -1]$$

$$= [1, 0, 0, 0, 0]$$

This shows that  $e[n]$  is just a shifted version of  $x_4[n+5]$  since  $E(1:2) = x_4(6:7)$

4.

$$x[n] = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n]$$

$$Y(k) = X(e^{j2\pi k/7})$$

using hint

$$\sum_{r=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n-rN] = \sum_{r=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n-rN} \Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n+7} + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n+14} + \dots + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n+\infty}$$

$$= \sum_{r=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n+7r} = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n \sum_{r=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{7r}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^7}$$