

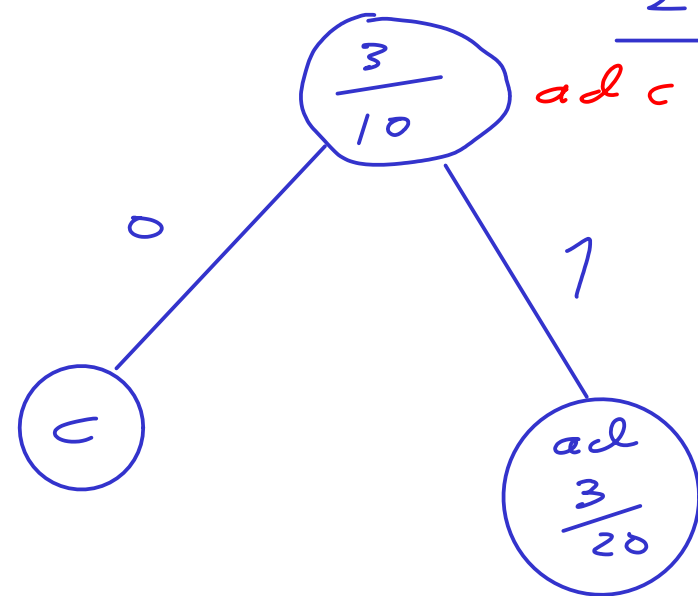




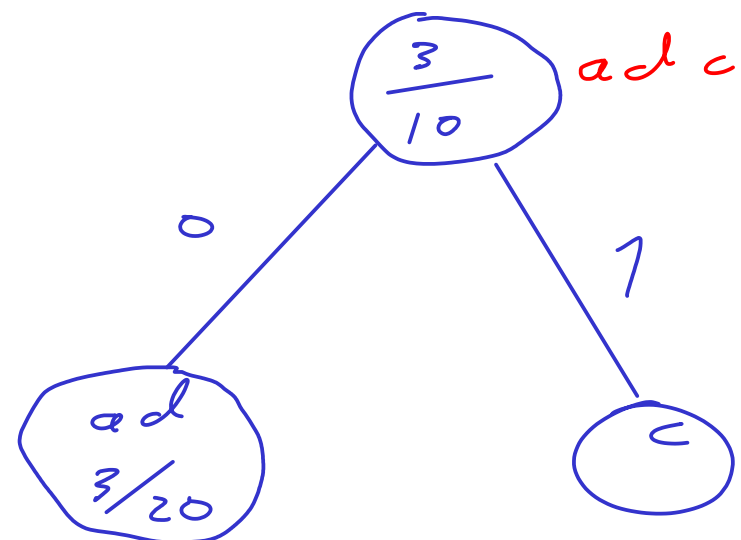


| ad                            | c              | e             | b             |
|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| $\frac{3}{20}$                | $\frac{3}{20}$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| $\frac{6}{20} = \frac{3}{10}$ |                |               |               |

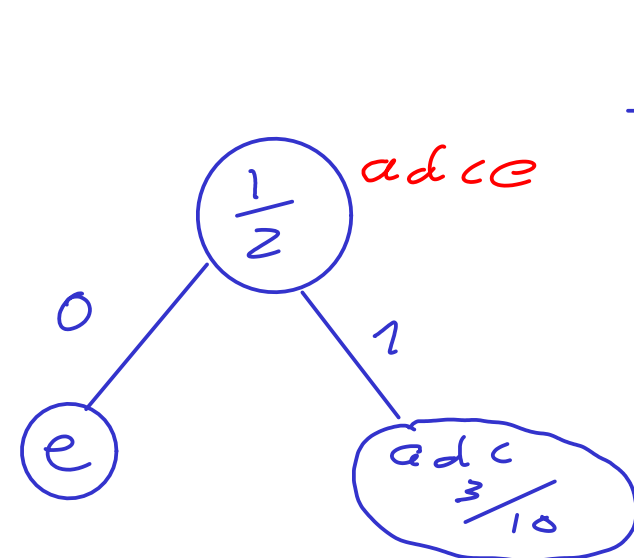
11c



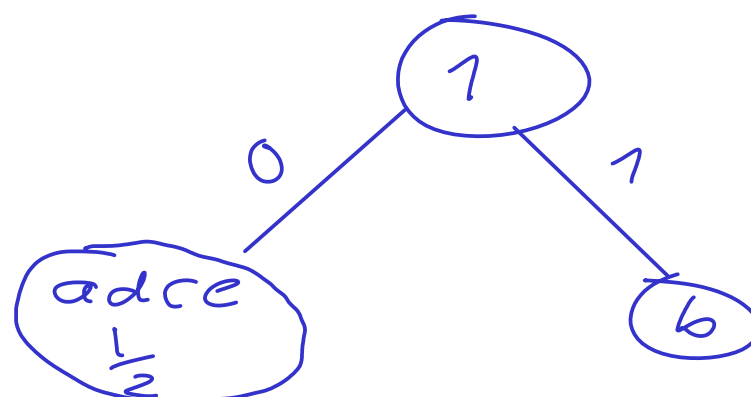
| c              | ad             | e             | b             |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| $\frac{3}{20}$ | $\frac{3}{20}$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ |

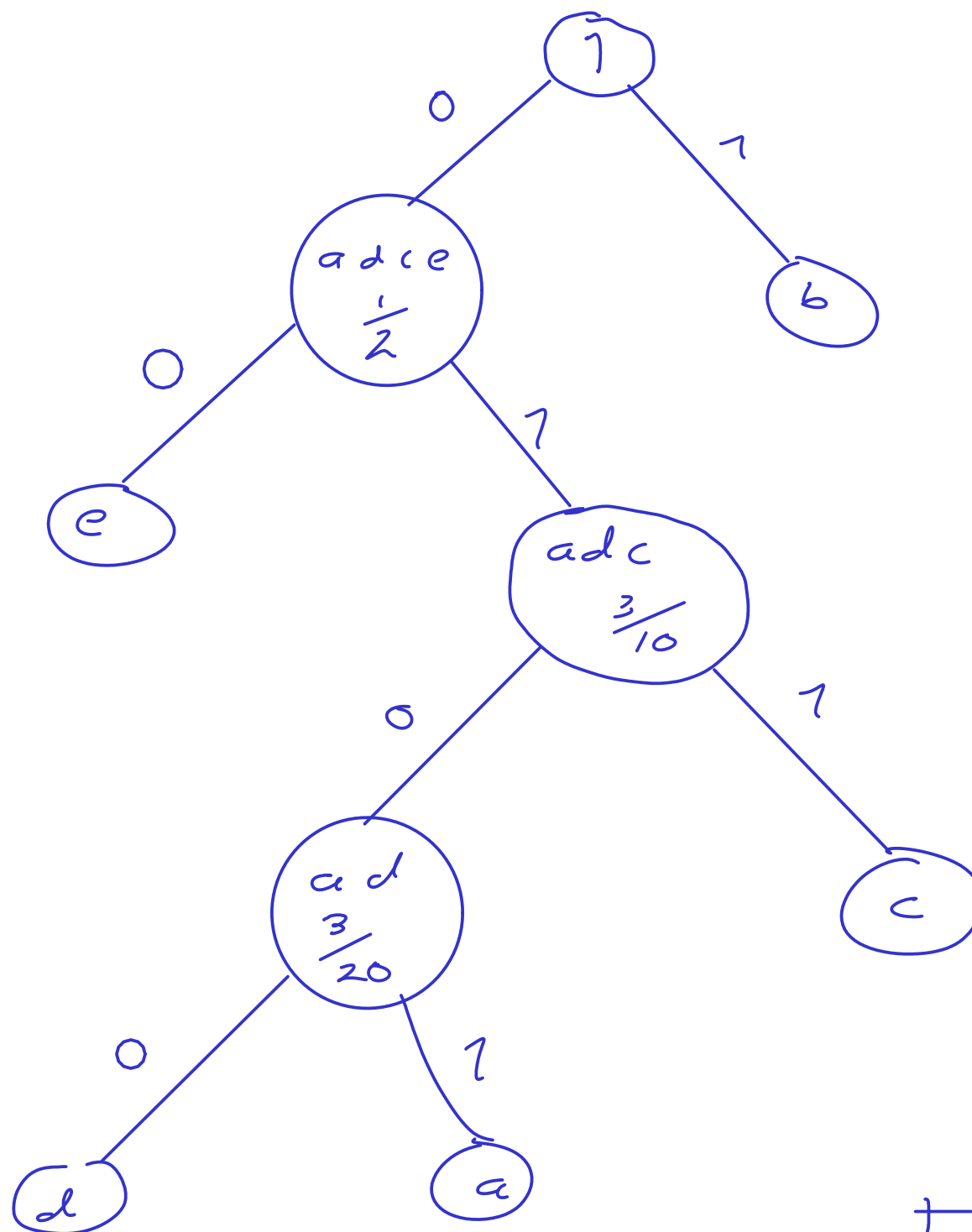


| e                            | adc            | b                            |
|------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|
| $\frac{1}{5} = \frac{2}{10}$ | $\frac{3}{10}$ | $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{10}$ |
| $\frac{5}{10} = \frac{1}{2}$ |                | $\frac{1}{2}$                |



| adce          | b             |
|---------------|---------------|
| $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ |





$$f: \Sigma^+ \rightarrow \{0,1\}^*$$

| x | f(x) |
|---|------|
| a | 0101 |
| b | 1    |
| c | 011  |
| d | 0100 |
| e | 00   |

$$H[X] = \sum_{x \in X} P_X(x) \underbrace{\log_2(x)}_{\text{sz}(x)}$$

==  $\gamma \cdot \vec{p} \cdot \vec{\sigma} \cdot \vec{n} \cdot \gamma$

$$\begin{aligned} H[X] &= -P_X(a) \log_2 P_X(a) - P_X(b) \log_2 P_X(b) \\ &\quad - P_X(c) \log_2 P_X(c) - P_X(d) \log_2 P_X(d) \\ &\quad - P_X(e) \log_2 P_X(e) \end{aligned}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{10} \log_2 \left( \frac{1}{10} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log_2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) - \frac{3}{20} \log_2 \left( \frac{3}{20} \right) \\ - \frac{1}{20} \log_2 \left( \frac{1}{20} \right) - \frac{1}{5} \log_2 \left( \frac{1}{5} \right)$$

$$= 1.9232.$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9'80 \\ \underline{1d} \end{array}$$







$$\begin{array}{r} 1750 \\ \hline 1750 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$c \equiv d \pmod{m}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} a \equiv b \pmod{m} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$ac \equiv bd \pmod{m}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1750 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

(\*1)

$$a = q_1 m + b \quad \text{for } 0 \leq b < m \iff a \equiv b \pmod{m}$$

(\*2)

$$c = q_2 m + d \quad \text{for } 0 \leq d < m \iff c \equiv d \pmod{m}$$

∴ (\*2) ∴ (\*1)  $\Rightarrow ac \equiv bd \pmod{m}$

$$ac = (q_1 m + b)(q_2 m + d) \quad \text{for } 0 \leq b, d < m$$

$$= (q_1 q_2 m + b q_2 + d q_1) m + bd$$

$$\Rightarrow ac = Qm + bd \quad \text{for } Q = q_1 q_2 + b q_2/m + d q_1/m$$

$$Q = q_1 q_2 + b q_2/m + d q_1/m \quad \text{for } 0 \leq b, d < m$$

$$ac = Qm + bd \quad \text{for } 0 \leq b, d < m \iff ac \equiv bd \pmod{m}$$

$$ac \equiv bd \pmod{m} \quad \text{for } 0 \leq b, d < m$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (2) \quad 1750 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$a \equiv b \pmod{m}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1750 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$a \equiv b \pmod{m} \quad \text{for } 0 \leq b < m$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1750 \\ \hline \end{array}$$



$$\cdot \text{ } \int \text{de } \frac{b}{c} \quad ||c \quad \int \text{de } \frac{a}{c} \quad \Leftarrow$$

$$\int \text{de } \frac{a}{c} \quad | \supset \int \text{de } \text{ " } \int \frac{b}{c} \quad | \supset \text{gcd}(b, c) = 1$$

$$\cdot c | a \quad | \supset \int$$

$$\cdot c = 3 \quad , a = 6 \quad , b = 7 \quad : \text{de } \mathbb{N} \int$$

$$\cdot c | ab \quad \text{gcd} \frac{ab}{c} = 14$$

$$\text{gcd}(b, c) = \text{gcd}(3, 7) = 1,$$

$$\cdot c | a \quad b > 1c \quad c \nmid b \quad , \quad c \cup \mathbb{N} \text{ " } \cup \int \quad , | \supset \int$$

$$\cdot \int \text{ " } \int \wedge \mathbb{N} \quad 3 | 6$$

$$3 \nmid 7$$

$$\frac{(d \quad \Delta' \quad 8 \quad 0)}{\quad}$$

$$\text{gcd}(a+cb, b) = \text{gcd}(a, b) \quad .$$

$$\frac{:\mathbb{N} \text{ " } > 1 \text{ " } \int \quad \gamma \text{ " } > 3}{\quad}$$

$$\frac{:\mathbb{N} \text{ " } > 1 \text{ " } )}{\quad}$$

$a, b$  positive integers,  $d = \gcd(a, b)$  even  
 $\exists s, t \in \mathbb{Z}$  s.t.  $sa + tb = d$

$$sa + tb = d = \gcd(a, b) \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$\Rightarrow$   $d \mid (sa + tb)$   $\Rightarrow d \mid sa + tb$

$$s(a + cb) + tb = d + scb$$

$\Rightarrow d \mid (scb)$

$$s(a + cb) + tb - scb = d$$

$$s(a + cb) + (t - sc)b = d \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$s'(a + cb) + t'b = d$$

$\exists s' = t - sc, t' = s$  s.t.  $s'(a + cb) + t'b = d$

$$s'(a + cb) + t'b = d$$

$d = \gcd(a, b) \mid d \mid (a + cb)$

$d \mid a + cb$   $\Rightarrow d \mid \gcd(a, b)$

$$\gcd(a, b) = d = \gcd(a + cb, b)$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{d'11 } \int 013 \text{ de } K = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 7 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \wedge \wedge \vee \vee \vee \quad \int 1 \vee \vee \vee \\
 \text{GIBO } \int 031N \quad 60, 61 \quad \int 1 \vee \vee \vee \vee \\
 \text{ide } 152 \quad 60, 61 \quad \wedge \vee \vee \vee \vee \vee \vee
 \end{array}$$

$$\int 1 \vee \vee \vee$$

| $\gamma \in C$               | G | I | B | O  |
|------------------------------|---|---|---|----|
| $\gamma \in \mathbb{Z}_{26}$ | 6 | 8 | 1 | 14 |
| $\gamma$                     |   |   |   |    |

$\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_n$      $\lambda_1$      $\lambda_2 \geq \lambda_3$      $e'$      $\rho \delta$      $k \in \sum_{26}^{2 \times 2}$

$\wedge 11 \wedge 110$     2     $\int \rho$      $\wedge 13127 \geq$      $\int 031N$      $6076.7$      $\int \rho$   
 $\therefore \wedge 11 \gamma \cup N$      $N \cup 11$      $\sim \int$      $\int \rho \gamma \cup$      $\int \rho$

$$d_k(y_1, y_2) = (y_1, y_2) k^{-1} \pmod{26}.$$

$$\therefore K^{-1} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \sim K \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$h^{-1} = |h|^{-1} C^T$$

$$|K| = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 7 & 11 \end{vmatrix} = 5 \pmod{26}.$$

$$1 = \gcd(5, 26) = \gcd(11, 26)$$

[illegible]

$$11^{-1} \bmod 26 = 5 \bmod 26 \quad \text{Plaintext} \quad 21$$

$$\therefore p' \cap C \cap A \neq \emptyset \quad \text{for } A \in \mathcal{N}.$$

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} C_{11} & C_{12} \\ C_{21} & C_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$K = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 7 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$k = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 7 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C_{11} = (-1)^{1+1} |11| = 11$$

$$k = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 7 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C_{12} = (-1)^{1+2} |17| = -7$$

$$k = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 7 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C_{21} = (-1)^{2+1} |4| = -4$$

$$k = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 7 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C_{22} = (-1)^{2+2} |3| = 3$$

$$C^E = \begin{pmatrix} 11 & -4 \\ -7 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \Leftrightarrow C = \begin{pmatrix} 11 & -7 \\ -4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad | \Rightarrow$$

$$k^{-1} = |k|^{-1} C^E = 21 \begin{pmatrix} 11 & -4 \\ -7 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \pmod{26}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 23 & -84 \\ -147 & 63 \end{pmatrix} \bmod 26$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 23 & 20 \\ 9 & 11 \end{pmatrix}.$$

| $\gamma \in C$               | G | I | B  | O  |
|------------------------------|---|---|----|----|
| $\gamma \in \mathbb{Z}_{26}$ | 6 | 8 | 1  | 14 |
| $x$                          | 2 | 6 | 12 | 18 |

$$(6 \ 8) K^{-1} \bmod 26 = (6 \ 8) \begin{pmatrix} 23 & 20 \\ 9 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \bmod 26$$

$$= (210 \ 208) \bmod 26$$

$$= (2 \ 0)$$

$$(1 \ 14) K^{-1} = (1 \ 14) \begin{pmatrix} 23 & 20 \\ 9 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \bmod 26$$

$$= (149 \ 174) \bmod 26$$

$$= (19 \ 18)$$



| $Y \in C$               | G | I | B  | O  |
|-------------------------|---|---|----|----|
| $y \in \mathbb{Z}_{26}$ | 6 | 8 | 1  | 14 |
| $x \in \mathbb{Z}_{26}$ | 2 | 6 | 12 | 18 |
| x                       | c | a | t  | s  |

$$\begin{array}{r}
 : \wedge \vee 10 \quad 11 \geq 10 \wedge \\
 \hline
 \text{cats} = \cdot 15 \wedge 60 \geq 6
 \end{array}$$