

שאלה 16 נתון הטקסט גלוי

mynameisbond

והטקסט מוצפן

KAANAEMKWVVC

המתקבל באמצעות צופן היל. מצאו את המפתח של הצופן.

$x \in P$	m	y	n	a	m	e	i	s	b	o	n	d
$x \in \mathbb{Z}_{26}$	12	24	13	0	12	4	8	18	1	14	13	3
$y \in C$	K	A	A	N	A	E	M	K	W	V	V	C
$y \in \mathbb{Z}_{26}$	10	0	0	13	0	4	12	10	22	21	21	2

$$x_1 = 12 \quad x_2 = 24$$

$$x_3 = 13 \quad x_4 = 0$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 & x_2 \\ x_3 & x_4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 12 & 24 \\ 13 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|X| = -24(13) = -312 \mod 26 = 0$$

X אינו הפיך.

← ננסה להשתמש בציפן היל עם מפתח

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. $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} \quad \forall d \in \mathbb{N} \quad a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{R}$

(1.1) : $c \geq d$

$$\underline{ac} + \underline{bd} \geq \underline{ad} + \underline{bc} \quad \text{if } c \geq d \quad ! \quad a \geq b \quad \text{for } c$$

: $\neg \neg (1.1)$

$$a - b \geq 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad a \geq b \quad : \text{f.1.1}$$

$$c - d \geq 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad c \geq d$$

$$ac + bd \geq ad + bc \quad : \text{f.1.1, f.1.2}$$

$$c - d \geq 0 \quad ! \quad a - b \geq 0 \quad : \text{f.1.1, f.1.2}$$

$$(a - b)(c - d) \geq 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow$$

$$ac - bc - ad + bd \geq 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow$$

$$ac + bd \geq bc + ad \quad \Leftrightarrow$$

. $d'' \in \mathbb{N}$

$$X = \{a, b, \dots, g\}$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

''

$$X = \{x_1, \dots, x_k\}$$

x de n_1, n_2, \dots, n_k $n_1 \geq n_2 \geq \dots \geq n_k$

$$p_x(x_1) = p_1, \dots, p_x(x_k) = p_k$$

$$p_x(x_i) = p_i, \quad 0 \leq p_i \leq 1, \quad 1 \leq i \leq k$$

$\therefore n_1 \geq n_2 \geq \dots \geq n_k$

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$$n_1 = 4 \iff l_{\mathcal{Q}}(x_1) = 0010$$

$$n_2 = 2 \iff l_{\mathcal{Q}}(x_2) = 10$$

$$p_1 \geq p_2 \geq \dots \geq p_k \quad \text{for } n_1 \geq n_2 \geq \dots \geq n_k$$

if $n_1 \geq n_2 \geq \dots \geq n_k$ then $p_1 \geq p_2 \geq \dots \geq p_k$

$$n_1 \leq n_2 \leq \dots \leq n_k$$

$$X = \{x_1, x_2, x_3\} \quad \therefore n_1 \geq n_2 \geq n_3$$

$$p_1 \geq p_2 \geq p_3$$

$$p_1 = \frac{1}{2}, p_2 = \frac{3}{8}, p_3 = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$n_1 \leq n_2 \leq n_3$$

$$\iff \begin{cases} n_1 = 1 \\ n_2 = 2 \\ n_3 = 3 \end{cases} \iff \begin{cases} l(x_1) = 0 \\ l(x_2) = 10 \\ l(x_3) = 100 \end{cases}$$

$$E_{\Psi} = n_1 p_1 + n_2 p_2 + n_3 p_3 = 1\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + 2\left(\frac{3}{8}\right) + 3\left(\frac{1}{8}\right) = \frac{13}{8}$$

נסתכל בבעיה הזו כבעיה של מינימום

$$n_1 \leq n_2 \leq n_3 \quad \begin{cases} n_1 = 2 \\ n_2 = 1 \\ n_3 = 3 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} l(x_1) = 10 \\ l'(x_2) = 0 \\ l'(x_3) = 100 \end{cases}$$

נבנה פונקציה חדשה Ψ' ונראה שהיא קטנה יותר מ- Ψ

$$E_{\Psi'} = n_1' p_1 + n_2' p_2 + n_3' p_3 = 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + 1\left(\frac{3}{8}\right) + 3\left(\frac{1}{8}\right) = \frac{14}{8}$$

$$E_{\Psi} < E_{\Psi'} \quad \text{!?!}$$

$$p_1 \geq p_2 \geq \dots \geq p_k$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \\ \hline 1 \ 2 \ 3 \end{array}$$

$$\text{לכן } n_1 \leq n_2 \leq \dots \leq n_k \quad \text{!?!}$$

$$E_0 = n_1 p_1 + n_2 p_2 + \dots + n_k p_k$$

נראה שיש לנו פונקציה חדשה Ψ' שגודלה קטן יותר מ- Ψ

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \wedge_{i_1} & 1, 1, 1 & \times_1 & \text{רפ} & 1, 1, 1, 3, 2, 1, 1 & \text{ע"ח"ק} & \text{נ} \\ \wedge_{i_2} & 1, 1, 1 & \times_2 & \text{רפ} & 1, 1, 1, 3, 2, 1, 1 & \text{ע"ח"ק} & \\ & & & & & \vdots & \end{array}$$

• "ר"ג, ג'בטו, פ'ט \times (ו) "א; א

א ל-נ ח סל'לו ע ארמיה למ י"ו יק ר'ה צדקה ו נחך קור
 "ח , ר'ה צדקה וי' מ ג'ה נ נחמה

$\{n_{i_1}, n_{i_2}, \dots, n_{i_k}\}$

$$E = n_1 p_1 + \dots + n_i p_i + \dots$$

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• 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

$$n_i = n_1$$

$$r_{i_1, \dots, i_r} \geq r_i \Leftrightarrow r_{i_1, \dots, i_r} = r_i = \min(r_1, \dots, r_r) \Leftrightarrow$$

$$p_{i_1} \geq p_{i_2} \geq \dots \geq p_{i_n} \quad \Leftarrow \quad p_1 \geq p_2 \geq \dots \geq p_n$$

$$(*) \left\{ p_{i_{j-1}} n_{i_{j-1}} + \lambda_1 p_{i_j} \geq p_{i_{j-1}} \lambda_1 + p_{i_j} n_{i_{j-1}} \right\} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \lambda_{i_{j-1}} \geq \lambda_1 \\ p_{i_{j-1}} \geq p_{i_j} \end{cases}$$

$E \rightarrow \gamma \gamma \gamma \gamma \gamma$

$$E = n_{i_1} p_{i_1} + \dots + n_{i_{j-1}} p_{i_{j-1}} + n_{i_j} p_{i_j} + \dots + n_{i_k} p_{i_k}$$

$$E' = n_{i_1} p_{i_1} + \dots + n_{i_{j-1}} p_{i_{j-1}} + n_{i_{j-1}} p_{i_j} + \dots + n_{i_k} p_{i_k}$$

$$E - e \rightarrow \gamma \gamma \gamma \gamma \gamma \geq E \geq E' \quad (*)$$

$$n_{i_{j-1}} p_{i_j} = n_{i_j} p_{i_j}$$

$X=204$ 'ifd 60,7,1) n' 212f n n l e o v l c . : f'271

n n u n ,) f 8 RSA / 013 7 e n n p n 212 .
' 712' 3

$$(p=31, q=17, b=7).$$

'310 1) n n u n ,) n' 1103N (10

. / 031N 60,7,1) n' 1103N (2

: RSA / 013 / 17 n 3

$$\left. \begin{aligned} e_k(x) &= x^b \bmod n \\ d_k(y) &= y^a \bmod n \end{aligned} \right\} n=pq \quad a=b^{-1} \bmod \phi(n)$$

f' 1103 7 p, q 7 e 10 3

$$\phi(n) = \phi(pq) = (p-1)(q-1) = 480.$$

$$a = 7^{-1} \bmod 480 \quad 'y \text{ / } n \text{ } a \quad ; 710, 1) n n u n ,) \quad , / 05$$

$$: x^{-1} \bmod y$$

' 30 1,7,1) 103N d' 30

(y > x 3 n' 11)

$$Sy + tx = d = \gcd(x, y).$$

$$f' 11 \quad x^{-1} \bmod y \quad 510 \quad d=1 \quad e \text{ ' } 1031' \quad f' 10$$

$$4805 + 7k = d$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{ll} r_0 = 480 & r_1 = 7 \\ s_0 = 1 & s_1 = 0 \\ t_0 = 0 & t_1 = 1 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{proof: } k \geq 1 \\ r_{k+1} = r_{k-1} - q_k r_k \\ 0 \leq r_{k+1} < r_k \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} r_2 = r_0 - q_1 r_1 = 480 - (68)7 = 4 & 0 \leq r_2 < r_1 \\ s_2 = s_0 - q_1 s_1 = 1 - 68(0) = 1 & 7 \\ t_2 = t_0 - q_1 t_1 = 0 - 68(1) = -68 & q_1 = 68 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} r_3 = r_1 - q_2 r_2 = 7 - (1)4 = 3 & 0 \leq r_3 < r_2 \\ s_3 = s_1 - q_2 s_2 = 0 - 1(1) = -1 & q_2 = 1 \\ t_3 = t_1 - q_2 t_2 = 1 - 1(-68) = 69 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} r_4 = r_2 - q_3 r_3 = 4 - (1)3 = 1 & 0 \leq r_4 < r_3 \\ s_4 = s_2 - q_3 s_3 = 1 - 1(-1) = 2 & q_3 = 1 \\ t_4 = t_2 - q_3 t_3 = -68 - 1(69) = -137 \end{array}$$

$$r_5 = r_3 - q_4 r_4 = 3 - (3)1 = 0 \quad q_4 = 0$$

$$d = r_4 = 1 \quad S = s_4 = 2 \quad t = t_4 = -137$$

$$Sx + tx = d$$

$$2(480) - \underline{137(7)} = 1$$

$$\therefore 7^{-1} \bmod 480 \text{ exist } \text{p.s.}$$

$$-137(7) = 1 + 2(480)$$

$$-137(7) \equiv 1 \bmod (480)$$

$$7^{-1} \equiv -137 \bmod 480 \equiv 343 \bmod 480$$

. $a = 343$: p.s.

$$\underline{(\geq 9, 80)}$$

$$\cdot 1221 \ 00, 76, 1) \text{ is } \text{within } 00, 76, 1) \text{ and } \geq \text{end}$$

$$\cdot 1232 \ 101, 28 \quad x = 204$$

$$y = e_n(x) = e_n(204) = 204 \bmod n$$

$$= 204^7 \bmod 527$$

$$\cdot 9, 8(7, 2, 1) \text{ and } 16, 2$$

$$7 = 1 + 2 + 4, = 2^0 + 2^1 + 2^2,$$

$$\Rightarrow 204^7 = 204^{1+2+4} = (204)(204)^2(204)^4$$

$$204 \bmod 527 = 204$$

$$(204)^2 \bmod 527 = 510$$

$$(204)^4 \bmod 527 = (510)^2 \bmod 527 \\ = 289.$$

\Rightarrow

$$(204)^7 \bmod 527 = (204)(510)(289) \bmod 527$$

$$= (204 \bmod 527)((510)(289) \bmod 527) \\ = 102.$$

$$y = 102$$

$$y = 102 \text{ is a primitive root mod } 527$$

$$x = 204 \text{ is a primitive root mod } 527$$

$$\frac{102}{102}$$

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$$d_{tc}(y) = d_{tc}(102) = 102^a \bmod n \\ = 102^{343} \bmod 527$$

$$343 = 256 + 64 + 16 + 4 + 2 + 1$$

El-Gamal $p=3$ de $1/2, 3$ $n=23$ $(1, 2, 3)$: 1, 2, 3

$$K = (q = 8, a = 25, p = 23, d = 2)$$

$$x = 10 \quad (1, 2, 3) \text{ } (0, 1) \text{ } (1, 0)$$

$$y_1 = 18, y_2 = 15 \quad (1, 2, 3) \text{ } (0, 1) \text{ } (1, 0)$$

$$(y_1 = 18, y_2 = 15) \text{ de } (1, 2, 3) \text{ } (0, 1) \text{ } (1, 0)$$

$$x = 10 \quad (1, 2, 3)$$

$$\text{ } (1, 2, 3)$$

: El-Gamal $p=3$ $n=23$ $d=2$

$$e_K(x, d) = (y_1, y_2)$$

$$y_1 = q^d \text{ mod } p$$

$$y_2 = \beta^d x \text{ mod } p.$$

$$\beta = q^a \text{ mod } p.$$

$$\beta = 8^{25} \text{ mod } 23 = 8^3 8^{22} \text{ mod } 23$$

$$x^{p-1} \equiv 1 \text{ mod } p$$

$$x^{p-1} \equiv 1 \text{ mod } p$$

$$\beta = (8^3 \bmod 23) (8^{22} \bmod 23)$$

$$\underline{\underline{\text{mod}}} (512 \bmod 23) (1)$$

$$= 6.$$

$$e_k(x, d) = (y_1, y_2)$$

$$y_1 = 8^d \bmod p = 8^2 \bmod 23$$

$$= 64 \bmod 23 = 18$$

$$y_2 = \beta^d x \bmod p = 6^2 (10) \bmod 23$$

$$= 360 \bmod 23$$

$$= 15$$

$$\Rightarrow e_k(x, d) = (18, 15).$$

$$: \text{El-Gamal} \quad \text{for } n = 23 \quad \text{so} \quad \underline{\underline{(\geq 180)}}$$

$$d_k(y_1, y_2) = (y_1^a)^{-1} y_2 \bmod p.$$

$$: (y_1^a)^{-1} \bmod p \quad \text{and}$$

$$(y_1^a)^{-1} \bmod p = 18^{-25} \bmod 23.$$

$$18^{22} \equiv 1 \bmod 23 \quad (18^{22} \equiv 1 \bmod 23) \quad \text{of}$$

$$18^{-25} \bmod 23 = (18^{22})(18^{-25}) \bmod 23 \quad \text{c/p}$$

$$= 18^{-3} \bmod 23.$$

$$= (18^{22})(18^{-3}) \bmod 23$$

$$= 18^{19} \bmod 23$$

$$= 18^{16+2+1} \bmod 23$$

$$17 = 16 + 2 + 1.$$

$$18 \bmod 23 = 18$$

$$18^2 \bmod 23 = 324 \bmod 23 = 2$$

$$18^4 \bmod 23 = 2^2 \bmod 23 = 4$$

$$18^8 \bmod 23 = 4^2 \bmod 23 = 16$$

$$18^{16} \bmod 23 = 16^2 \bmod 23 = 3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 18^{12} \bmod 23 &= (3)(2)(18) \bmod 23 \\
 &= 108 \bmod 23 \\
 &= 16.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(y, a)^{-1} \bmod p = 18^{-25} \bmod 23 = 16 \quad \checkmark^8$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (y, a)^{-1} y_2 \bmod p &= (18^{-25} \bmod 23)(15 \bmod 23) \\
 &= (16 \times 15) \bmod 23 \\
 &= 10.
 \end{aligned}$$

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