# Spectral Methods

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2024-12-02

#### 1 What?

- 1. high degree of accuracy
- 2. combo of sines + cosines
- 3. complex functions
- 4. solving odes + pdes
- 5. fluid dynamics + turbulence modeling :-O

#### 1.1 Fourier Series (Continuous)

$$f(x) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{f}_k e^{ikx} \tag{1}$$

where 
$$e^{ikx} = \cos kx + i\sin kx$$
 (2)

k is the wave number such that  $k \in \mathbb{N}$  The derivative:

$$f'(x) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} ik\hat{f}_k e^{ikx}$$
(3)

#### 1.2 Discrete Fourier Series

N-1 points vs. N points be the end point is just  $f_0!$  be of periodicity

$$f_j = \sum_{k=1}^{N} -\frac{N^{\frac{N}{2}}}{2} \hat{f}_k e^{ikx_j}, \quad j = 0, 1, 2, \dots, N-1$$
 (4)

N is even

## 1.3 Discrete Orthogonality Property

$$\sum_{j=0}^{N-1} e^{ikx_j} e^{-ik'x_j} = \begin{cases} N, & \text{if } k = k' + mN, m = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots; \\ 0, & \text{if } else. \end{cases}$$
 (5)

### 1.4 Discrete Fourier Transform

$$\hat{f}_k \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} f_j e^{-(ikx)} \tag{6}$$