Machine Learning in iOS

Using Core ML & Create ML



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Introducing Apple's Machine Learning



Integrating a trained model into your app



Create ML

Training your own model to be used in your app via Core ML

How much machine learning do I need to know?

- Practically
 - Cleaning a dataset
- Conceptually
 - High-level approach of machine learning
 - Common ML vocabulary
 - Types of ML algorithms

Short Answer: Not much

Most work is done under the hood by Apple

Overview: What can Core ML do?

- Audio Classification
- Computer Vision
 - Image Classification
 - Object Detection
- Natural Language Processing
- Tabular Data Analysis
 - Regression
 - Classification
 - Recommendations



Package a model into .mlmodel file

Drag it into your Xcode project

Getting a model - What are my options?

```
import Foundation
import CreateML

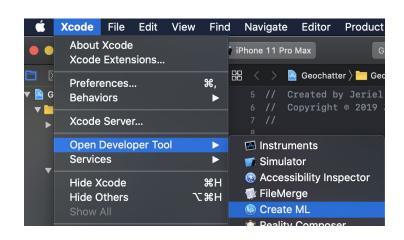
let trainingDataUrl = Bundle.main.url(forResource: "MOCK_DATA", withExtension: "csv")!
let trainingDataTable = try MLDataTable(contentsOf: trainingDataUrl)

let testingDataUrl = Bundle.main.url(forResource: "MOCK_DATA-2", withExtension: "csv")!
let testingDataTable = try MLDataTable(contentsOf: testingDataUrl)

if #available(OSX 10.15, *) {
    let recommender = try MLRecommender.init(trainingData: trainingDataTable, userColumn:
    let | = recommender.evaluation(on: testingDataTable, userColumn: "id", itemColumn: "it
    print("Success")
} else {
    print("Failure")
}
```

1. Use Create ML in Xcode playground

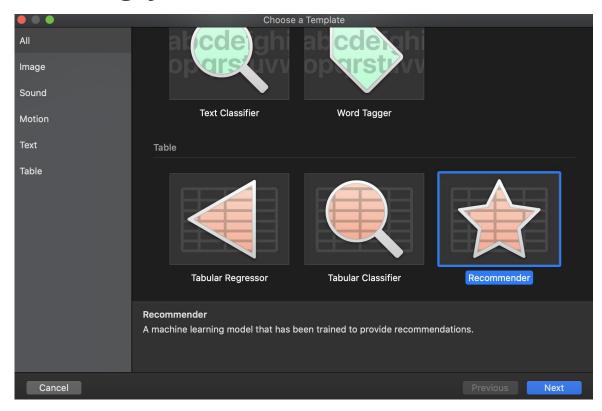
3. Generate using **CoreMLTools** in Python



2. Use **Create ML app** (Introduced 2019)

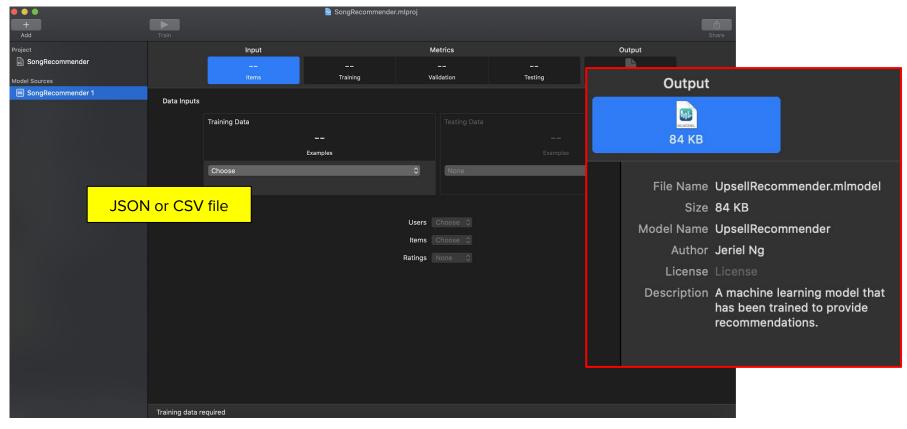
4. Download a pre-trained model

Creating your own model with Create ML



Today, we'll build a recommendation engine in the **Create ML app**

Creating your own model with Create ML



Creating your own model with Create ML



C UpsellRecommender_1

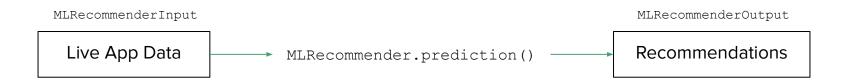
Model class can be viewed by adding model to a workspace and target.

Each MLModel comes with a generated
Swift class

▼ Prediction

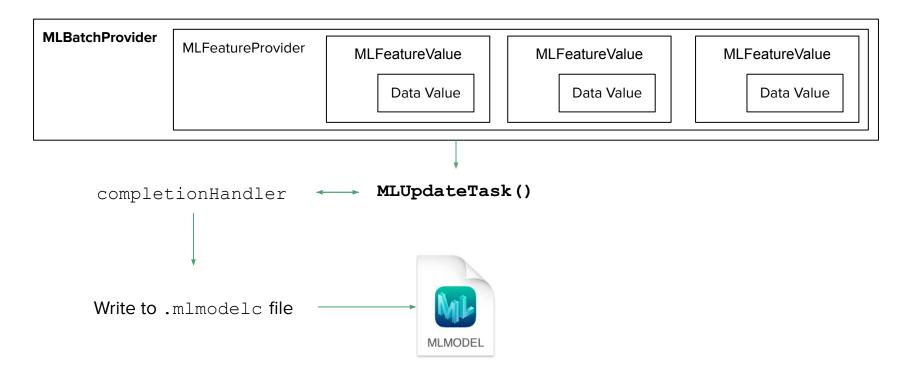
Name		Туре	Description
▼ Inputs			
	items	Dictionary (Int64 → Double)	The list of items used to generate the recommendations.
	k	Int64	The number of items to return on a recommendation.
	restrict	Sequence (Int64 0)	A sequence of items from which to generate recommendations.
	exclude	Sequence (Int64 0)	A sequence of items to exclude from recommendations. Defaults to the input item list if not given.
▼ Outputs			
	recommendations	Sequence (Int64 0)	The recommended items in order from most relevant to least relevant.
	scores	Dictionary (Int64 → Double)	The scores for the recommended items, given as a dictionary of items and the corresponding scores.

Core ML: Integrating your model



```
private func createSuggestionsMapFromRecommender() -> [Int: [Int64]] {
    var suggestionsMap = [Int: [Int64]]()
    if #available(iOS 13.0, *) {
        var itemsInCart: [Int64: Double] = [:]
        var itemsToExclude: [Int64] = []
        for itemId in cartButler.salesItemIds {
            itemsInCart.updateValue(0, forKey: itemId)
            itemsToExclude.append(itemId)
        }
        let modelInput = UpsellRecommender_1Input(items: itemsInCart, k: 4, restrict_: [], exclude: itemsToExclude)
        guard let output: UpsellRecommender_1Output = try? upsellRecommender.prediction(input: modelInput) else { return [:] }
        suggestionsMap.updateValue(output.recommendations, forKey: 0)
    }
    return suggestionsMap
}
```

Core ML: Updating your model



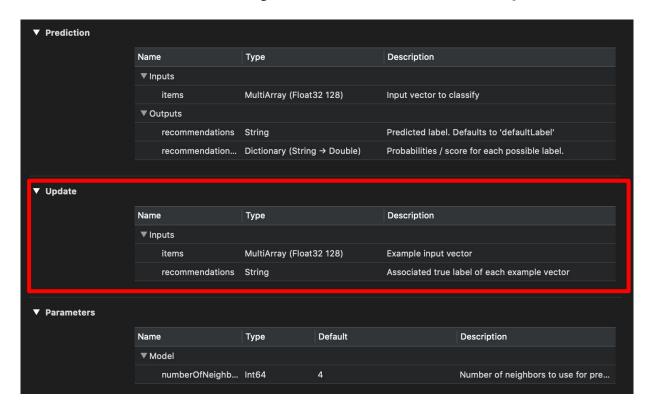
Core ML: Updating your model

```
private func updateRecommenderModel() {
   guard #available(iOS 13.0, *),
       let order = self.order else { return }
   var orderItemsDictionary: [AnyHashable: NSNumber] = [:]
   for orderItem in order.lineItems {
        orderItemsDictionary.updateValue(0, forKey: orderItem.menuItemId)
   guard let updateValues = try? MLFeatureValue(dictionary: orderItemsDictionary) else { return }
   let dataPointFeatures: [String: MLFeatureValue] = ["items": updateValues]
   guard let featureProvider = try? MLDictionaryFeatureProvider(dictionary: dataPointFeatures) else { return }
   let trainingData = MLArrayBatchProvider(array: [featureProvider])
   guard let updateTask = try? MLUpdateTask(forModelAt: UpsellRecommender_1.urlOfModelInThisBundle, trainingData: trainingData, configuration: nil,
        completionHandler: { context in
       let updatedModel = context.model
       do {
            = try updatedModel.write(to: UpsellRecommender 1.urlOfModelInThisBundle)
       } catch { return }
   }) else { return }
    updateTask.resume()
```

Restrictions:

- MLModel must have isUpdatable = true
- Only on k-Nearest Neighbors and Neural Network models (Not available through Create ML)

Core ML: How to tell if your model is updatable?



Drawbacks: Framework is still very new

- Core ML features limited to certain devices and iOS versions
- Some features limited to only certain types of models
- Structure of data can be highly specific
 - Must follow specific columns
 - Must follow specific data types
- Create ML tooling limited to certain versions of macOS

Further Resources

- Pre-trained open source models
- <u>CoreMLTools</u>: Train a model using Python
- Core ML Tutorials
 - Using your model to make predictions
 - Updating your existing model

Questions